

REX THEATRE

Friday and Saturday.
"ROLL ALONG" (Comedy.)
"HUMAN WRECKAGE"
A Story of the Drug Peril
(8 Reels.)
Every night—8.30 o'clock.
Matinee Sunday at 2.30.

The Watchman.

And Ottawa Valley Advocate.

REX THEATRE

Thursday—Tonight
Charles Ray in "R. S. V. P."
"THE 3-GUN MAN"
(William Fox Sunshine Comedy)
Admission Sundays and Weekdays
25 cts. (unless Special Pro-
grams are previously announced)

VOL. XLIX.

LACHUTE, QUE., JUNE 6, 1924.

NO. 20.

COAL! COAL!

Lyken's Valley Red Ash
at \$16.50

PLACE YOUR ORDERS AT ONCE
WITH US.

T. McOUAT & SON

Founders & Machinists, Lachute Mills.

Buy your Men's Suits at
W. BANFORD & SON.

OVERLAND CAR FOR SALE.
MODEL 90.—New overhauled
painted and varnished, self-starter.
No reasonable offer refused. Ap-
ply to Watchman Office.

Buy your Boy's Suits at
W. BANFORD & SON.

FOR SALE AND TO RENT.
For Sale.—Summer camp at Clear
Lake, also Summer cottage to rent
furnished, and a 100 gallon Gal-
vanized Iron Gasoline Tank, for
Sale. Apply to J. W. GALL, La-
chute.

WOOL! WOOL!

"WE BUY WOOL"—Please write,
stating quantity of washed or un-
washed white or black wool you
have for sale, and approximate
date of delivery, and will quote
best prices.

AYERS LIMITED,

6-27-6. Lachute, Que.

RANGE FOR SALE.—The under-
signed has one McClary Kootenay
range, that he will sell at a rea-
sonable price. Any one wanting a
good range for cooking will do well
to buy from WM. CRESWELL,
Lachute.

GARAGE TO RENT.—A spacious
garage on Main Street, immediate
possession. Apply to M. Ducloux,
Rex Theatre, Lachute.

FOR SALE.—Ayrshire bull calf, born
April 3rd. Backed by Imported
breeding. Good stock fully regis-
tered. First cheque \$25.00 takes
him. STEWART WALKER, R.
R. No. 1, Lachute. Tel. 102 r 3-1.

NOTICE.

A meeting of the Laurentian Ayr-
shire Club will be held in the Rod-
rigue Hotel, Lachute, on Saturday,
June 14, at 2.00 p.m., standard time.
The annual picnic, advertising and
other important business to be dealt
with.

C. R. RODGER, Pres.
6-13-2. ALEX. CROSWELL, Sec.

WOOL.

The Argeteul Wool Growers As-
sociation, will load wool for co-opera-
tive shipment to Lennoxville, on the
following dates:—Argeteul June 5,
Morin Heights June 7, Grenville
C.P.R. June 9, Lachute, C.P.R. June
10 and 11. Last season the average
price received by shippers was 26
cents per pound; this year prices
look better. Sacks and twine may
be had by applying to the undersig-
ned.

6-6-1. WM. HAY, Pres.
ALEX. F. BOWWELL, acting Sec.

FOR SALE.—2 second-hand Dodge
Touring Cars in first class condi-
tion. T. McOUAT & SON.

—Ladies needing Furs renovated,
altered, etc., will do well to call and
see Mrs. MATHIEU, at her home in
the East Ward. Prices reasonable.

Watch and Clock Specialist.

Bring your repairs to Mr. Belan-
ger, who will do all your work in
prompt order. He carries a big as-
sortment of Diamonds, for gifts and
Engagement Rings, at a very low
price, and will be in his store for busi-
ness on Thursday, Friday and Sat-
urday of each week.

Jos. Belanger, near Hill's Store,
East Ward. Lachute, Que.
Phone No. 116 r 2-3.

CRESWELL'S

Canada Cement

Prices Right

R. Creswell Regist'd

LOCAL NEWS.

Miss Mima Morrison is visiting
friends in Montreal this week.

Mrs. Jas. C. Cullen, of Montreal,
was a recent guest of Mrs. G. Hills.

Mrs. Alex. Beers returned on Sat-
urday from a pleasant visit to Mabel.

Miss A. L. Moore left on Wednes-
day to spend a few weeks in Mont-
real.

Mrs. Wm. Lewis, of Montreal, was
the week-end guest of Miss E. Cres-
well.

Mr. Jack Hume, of Saranac Lake,
N. Y., spent the week-end with his
parents.

Mr. Sterling Pollock, of Montreal,
spent the holiday in town with his
parents.

Miss Farmer, of Dunany, was the
guest of Mrs. Hugh Pollock over the
week-end.

Mrs. Archie McGibbon and Miss C.
McGibbon spent the week-end at
Quebec.

Miss Edna Cook, of Montreal, was
the week-end guest of her aunt Mrs.
MacDougall.

Mr. Arthur White, of Montreal,
was a week-end visitor at his sum-
mer home in Dalesville.

Dr. Edgar Bruneau of Montreal,
was the guest of his sister Mrs. E.
Jousse over the week-end.

Mr. Laurence Cruise left last Fri-
day for Buffalo, N. Y., where he is
visiting his sister, Mrs. R. Carpenter.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Deacon and
daughter, and Miss Olive Seale
spent the week-end at Morin Heights.

Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Giles and Mr.
J. S. Giles are in Toronto this week,
attending the Press Association an-
nual meetings.

Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Taylor of Vank-
leek Hill, were in town this week,
attending the funeral of the late
Wm. Quinton Black.

Mr. and Mrs. J. P. McKimmie and
daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Mc-
Kimmie and sons spent the week-
end at Russell, Ont.

Mrs. Bert King and son, Mrs.
Isard and son, left last Saturday by
S. S. Canada to spend the summer
with relatives in England.

Mr. and Mrs. Wesley Doran, of
Montreal, were the guests of her
parents, Mr. and Mrs. Malcolm Mc-
Leod, of Brownsburg, before taking
up their residence in Pembroke.

Mrs. Hutchinson and daughter
Helen spent the week-end in Mont-
real, and Tuesday in St. Lambert,
being present there at the unveiling
of the trees in memorial for the sol-
diers.

Miss J. Lavigne and Miss Pauline
Paquette were in Montreal over the
week-end, attending the wedding of
their cousin, Mr. F. Lavigne, which
took place in St. Denis Church on
Saturday last.

Mr. and Mrs. W. K. McArthur,
Rev. John Stark and Rev. A. Mat-
hews motored to Gananoque this
week where they are attending the
sessions of the Montreal Conference
of the Methodist Church.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Faulkner, return-
ed recently from their honeymoon
trip to Toronto, Niagara, New York
and Buffalo. They are taking up
residence at Mr. W. H. Ayer's Or-
chard, on the Brownsburg Road, La-
chute.

Mr. and Mrs. Duncan Paul, of Sa-
ranac Lake, were in town this week,
and also at their summer home in
Lake Louise. On their return they
were accompanied by Mrs. W. H.
Hume and Mrs. Hugh Pollock, who
will be there guests for the next
week.

Mr. and Mrs. P. Dobbie and fam-
ily motored to Montreal on Friday
last, to attend convocation at Mc-
Gill University. Miss Lena Dobbie,
of Cushing, and Mr. John Dobbie of
Harrington, were their week-end
guests. Miss Jessie Dobbie of Mont-
real was also a recent guest.

Mrs. Alex. McAllister of Browns-
burg met with a very painful ac-
cident on Monday last. While empty-
ing a boiler containing boiling water
a plank in the gallery gave way and
she was badly scalded about her
arms and legs. From latest re-
ports she is progressing favorably.

A very pleasant afternoon was
spent at the Lachute Baptist Church,
on Friday last, when the ladies of
the Mission Circle held their Annual
Thank-Offering. Mrs. Ramsay, of
Montreal, gave an inspiring address
on the work in Foreign Lands, and
several pieces were sung by the mem-
bers of the Mission Band. Refresh-
ments were served and Mrs. Mac-
Ewen was welcomed by the ladies of
the town. Proceeds amounted to
\$21.00.

"HUMAN WRECKAGE," an eight
reel film, showing on Friday and
Saturday at the Rex Theatre, is a
thrill that should not be missed. The
story depicts life among drug traf-
fickers and addicts. The play is staged
and presented by Mde. Wallace
Reid, widow of the well-known film
star who himself died a victim of
narcotics. This film has been secured
and will appear in Lachute on
Friday and Saturday ONLY.

It is gratifying to see our Main
Street resuming its normal appear-
ance, and it is to be hoped that the
road committee will do their best,
with assistance of its residents, in
keeping it in such shape as to create
favorable impression with the large
influx of visitors that pass through
Lachute, en route for Ottawa and
other points. A little effort on the
part of all interested will result in a
good host for the town.

The dangers of carelessness in
motor driving were vividly brought
to light on Fletcher's Field in Mont-
real, on Saturday afternoon, where
a monument was unveiled to the
forty-one children who lost their
lives in accidents last year. Let our
local motorists be ever on the alert
and so avoid unnecessary disaster
that lurks around those who are in-
clined to disregard the law.

The Watchman offers congratula-
tions to the young ladies who have
successfully passed at Macdonald
College.

Prize in English Literature, Gar-
land Kneeland Memorial prize,—P.
McQuat, Brownsburg.

Prize for Progress in History,—M.
H. Jones, Lachute.

2nd General Proficiency, Hon.
Jacob Nicol prize,—Olive J. Morrison
Lachute.

Proficiency in Arithmetic,—Myrtle
Mitchell, Lachute.

Nature Study and Elementary Ag-
riculture,—Mary M. Scott, Arundel.

Scripture Prize, donated by Bishop
Course,—Myrtle Mitchell, Lachute.

Intermediate Diplomas,—Phoebe
McQuat, Brownsburg; M. Jones, La-
chute; Bertha E. Laurin, Lachute; C.
McAllister, Brownsburg; D. Stan-
forth, Arundel.

Elementary Diplomas, First Class,—
Doris Gannon, Arundel; Alice Bain,
Lachute; Evelyn Creswell, Lachute;
Flora Macdonald, Brownsburg; Mary
E. Morrison, Lachute; M. Brown, St.
Andrews; Grace Morrison, Lachute.

Elementary Diplomas, First Short
Course,—Olive Morrison, Lachute.

Elementary Diplomas, 2nd Short
Course,—Mary Scott, Arundel.

Dalesville Women's Circle.

The annual Thank-Offering meet-
ing was held on Friday evening, 30th
inst. The evening was propitious,
and the number of people in attend-
ance, old and young, was most
gratifying. Sandwiches and cake,
tea and coffee were served to the
satisfaction of all who were present.
The program was chiefly given by
the youth of the neighborhood, and
was wholly of a missionary charac-
ter. The natural and efficient way in
which these gave their contributions
to the program reflected not only
much credit to themselves, but also
to those who helped to train them.
Mrs. Charles McKenzie of Browns-
burg, presided at the organ, and Mr.
White of Montreal, contributed two
very excellent spiritual songs. Mr.
Charles McKenzie and Mr. Wood
sang a duet which was most favor-
ably received. Rev. Mr. Poitras in
his address gave spiritual elevation
and pleasurable tone to the whole
meeting. The program throughout
was thoroughly satisfactory.

Our sisters of the Society were
much pleased at the outcome of this
meeting. In numbers present and in
the very liberal contributions made
it might appear that no year of the
past surpassed this one. The retiring
president, Mrs. Morrow, Sr., re-
tires voluntarily and suggests that
Mrs. (Rev.) Jos. Poitras, takes her
place of president. Not any of our
sisters were more delighted than
was Mrs. Campbell, Sr., who as
Treasurer received the largest sum
contributed at Thank-Offering's
meetings for a long time. Mrs. Poi-
tras enters upon her duties in hope
and effort for still greater and better
development of the Society's activi-
ties. Pastor MacEwen presided at
this meeting.

ST. PATRICK.

CHURCH NOTES.

Presbyterian Church services will
be held next Sunday, June 8th as
follows:—Lachute at 11.30 and 7.30
p.m., Upper Lachute at 12 noon,
Brownsburg at 3 p.m. and the minis-
ter will conduct a special service in
Thomas Gore at 3 p.m., in the view
of the Communion Service in La-
chute the following Sunday, when
the regular outside services will not
be held. The communion of the
Lord's Supper will be observed on
Sunday, June 15th at 11.30 a.m. in
Lachute. Every member of the con-
gregation is urged to be present. All
are welcome. (The time quoted
above is advanced time.)

Baptist Services for Sunday, June
8th, 1924,—Dalesville at 11 a.m.,
Brownsburg 3 p.m., Lachute 7.30 p.m.
A very cordial welcome is given to all.

Services in the Methodist Church
for Sunday next will be cancelled
on account of the Pastor attending
Conference at Gananoque, Ont. Sun-
day School will be held at Lachute
11 o'clock and Brownsburg 3 o'clock.

Thursday, June 19th, keep the date
open to hear and enjoy Canada's In-
dian Concert Basso and Entertainer
Charles A. Cooke. Those who have
heard Mr. Cooke will want to hear
him again, as he is an exceptionally
good soloist and clever Elocutionist.

Men's Suits

Before sending away for your Suits, Men's or Boy's,
come in and have a look at ours. We have a large
variety of Blue and Grey Serges, Browns and Tweeds
of many patterns and plain.

We have a few for boys up to 35 in good colours
and qualities.

Prices are so low you will not find fault we are sure.

W. BANFORD & SON,
LACHUTE.

Telephone No. 50.

Wholesale and Retail Flour and Feed
Cream Of the West is "Our Best."
Grain and Coal.

A full line of Choice Groceries, Bacon, Etc.,
Deliveries made with prompt attention.

J. D. CAMPBELL
MAIN STREET, LACHUTE.

CALIFORNIAN FRUITS FRESH DAILY

AT THE

SPLENDID CONFECTIONERY

MAIN STREET, LACHUTE

LIGHT LUNCHES SERVED AT ALL HOURS

A Splendid Assortment.

Don't forget that we always have on
hand a complete Stock of Men's Furnish-
ings, including Summer Underwear.

Shirts of all kinds

Socks—A large Range

Ties—The finest assortment

Woodrow Hats and Cooper Caps.

McFAUL BROS.

The Up-to-Date General Store - Lachute Mills.



Gold Seal
CONGOLEUM
ART-RUGS

GEO. Y. DEACON, Tel. 26. Lachute Mills.

One Pair of Glasses 7 out of every 10
With Double Vision Headaches

are caused by eyestrain. If
you suffer from headaches
you ought to question the
condition of your eyes.

Often with vision appar-
ently normal, eyes greatly
need the help of lenses.

Only an examination can
make you sure.

Have your eyes exami-
ned without delay.

Eugene Jousse

WATCHMAKER & JEWELLER
Main Street, Lachute.

Wellsworth Ultex
The One-piece Bifocal

When Exposed to Air

tea loses its freshness and flavor.

"SALADA"

TEA

1861

For that reason is never sold in bulk.

About the House

LOOKING AHEAD FOR THE CHILDREN.

One acre of our farm has been set aside for the children. Our boy is four and our girl is two. We planted twenty fruit trees on a recent holiday for them, about five of each variety. This acre had not been used, and it is well located for a small orchard. The peach trees will be bearing in three years, at which time the boy will be seven and the girl five. The cherries, pears, and other varieties will of course come along later. We plan to prune, spray, and care for the trees ourselves until they are older, and allow the children to market the fruit to their own profit. We are within twenty minutes of a good market, and of course these will be same market at our gate, which is on the public highway.

We are also setting out berry plants for them on the border of our place. These will be bearing soon, and can be picked by the children when they are older.

Then the boy has eight hens, which he hopes to hatch in the spring. He keeps these hens in a separate coop and feeds and waters them regularly.

We believe that when the children are older all this will be healthful work for them in the summer vacation. They will be able to take a measure of responsibility. The boy is already proud of his part ownership in the trees, and in time they both will swell their savings account for college from the sale of the fruit. They will be managing, under direction, a small business of their own. They will be kept busy. So far I've found that when my children are kept busy and interested, automatically they are good.—C. J.

CURTAINS ARE IMPORTANT.

It takes only a tiny touch of bright colors to set a room off, and the first thing we know, instead of a dreary, stupid, rather tiresome feeling place, we have a bright, cheerful, attractive room. The curtains and draperies afford a chance to indulge in livelier color than we can use in the wall paper, rugs, or upholstery.

They need not be expensive. There are innumerable materials with which we may get the prettiest of effects without paying an enormous sum of money.

First of all, have you looked over the ginghams and chambrays in your local dry-goods store? Have you considered the possibilities of the voiles, or cheesecloth, or dress muslins, and unbleached cotton cloth? Every one of these materials offers an almost unlimited opportunity for pretty and inexpensive curtains, with the addition of a little ingenuity and a little taste.

Then there are the pretty and inexpensive cretonnes and chintzes. The darker ones for dining and living-rooms, the lighter ones for the bedrooms. In the more expensive materials, there are the thin silks and the satins, the velours and velvets.

But the secret of making the room bright and attractive lies in getting the right color and the right texture. The color must match the wall paper, be a little stronger, so as to separate the window from the wall a little, and also be something like the rug and upholstery in tone. For example, tan walls may have tan, cream, brown, or, for contrast, blue, or blue and tan, or blue, tan, and brown. They may even show a little orange or red. But be sure that some of the colors in the curtains are in walls, rug, and chair coverings.

For the bedroom we often choose a plain color that is exactly the same shade as the color of the flowers in the

paper. If the paper is white with green leaves and blue flowers, the curtains would naturally be blue, the same as the flowers. A little blue gingham would be perfect. And if inside curtains of thinner material are used, these could be a simple, plain, clean white voile or scrim, possibly with a narrow tating edge. Usually these glass curtains follow the tone of the background color of the paper. If that is warm and creamy, then keep the curtains similar—quite creamy. If yellowish, then use a more yellowish tone. If the background is white, a white curtain is best.

Many of these simpler glass curtain materials may be used to brighten the room by the addition of a tiny band of coloring of color to match the paper. With the heavier cloth like the unbleached cotton, crossway bands in cretonne, sateen, or colored cotton are often very pretty and effective. Especially is this true in the bedrooms where bed covers may be made to match. Cheesecloth is likewise a sensitive and fascinating material to use—and it dipping in the dye-pot will make it any color you wish. The light filters through it very nicely, and it is very pretty for almost any room in the house.

Texture needs a word. Some materials are rough, some are smooth. If your wall paper is very smooth, it is best to avoid using a coarse texture or rough-feeling material at the window. If the paper or wall is rather rough, then avoid the smooth-finished material. These are small points, but they often make a great difference in the way a room feels to you. The mixture of textures is like having two people contradicting you at the same moment—very disturbing.

THAT SMELL OF COOKING.

The pleasant smell of dried coffee grounds sprinkled on a hot shovel will counteract the unpleasant odors of cooking in a house. A few of the grounds scattered on the top of the kitchen range will keep the smell of food from spreading to other rooms. Try this plan when fish is being fried.

Rooms in which people have been smoking usually have a stale smell when opened in the morning. This can be largely prevented if, before going to bed at night, a big bowl or a pail of water is put in the room. When there is illness and windows in rooms must to a large extent be kept closed, the air may be delightfully freshened if some dried lavender is put in a bowl and this is then covered with very hot water. The addition of a little dried orange peel makes the fragrance more agreeable.

A PRACTICAL PLAY SUIT FOR BOY OR GIRL.



4242. Here is a new and pleasing version of the Romper style, with outstanding pocket sections, and comfortable sleeve. Chambray, gingham, khaki, linen and cretonne are good for this design.

The Pattern is cut in 5 Sizes: 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 years. A 4-year size requires 2 1/2 yards of 46-inch material. To trim as illustrated will require 3/4 yard of 36-inch contrasting material. Pattern mailed to any address on receipt of 15c in silver, by the Wilson Publishing Co., 78 West Adelaide St., Toronto. Allow two weeks for receipt of pattern.

Send 15c in silver for our up-to-date Spring & Summer 1934 Book of Fashions.

PIE THICKENING.

A heaping teaspoonful of an instantaneous tapioca sprinkled over the bottom crust or mixed with the juice of fruit pies makes a more palatable thickening than either flour or cornstarch.

CHRIST'S BAPTISM RECALLED ANNUALLY

BY SPLENDID FETE IN BUCHAREST.

Greek Orthodox Church Celebrates "Water's Holy Day" With Great Ceremonial.

Toward the end of January the Greek Catholic or orthodox church in Bucharest celebrates "water's holy day." This is one of the greatest festival days of the church. It is devoted to the remembrance of the day when Christ went down to the River Jordan to be baptized by John the Baptist, writes Hanne Serno.

In all orthodox countries, as in Russia, Greece, Serbia, Bulgaria, Armenia and Rumania, the day is celebrated with great splendor. The running water, wells, rivulets, streams and lakes, is hallowed on water's day and possesses at that time a miraculous power.

Men go out that morning to have ice cold water from the pump in the yard, run over their head and bodies so that they may be protected against all sickness during the year. Everywhere processions are held by the clergy, followed by the town authorities, soldiers and the people. The procession goes to the nearest river. There a golden cross is thrown into the water by the highest clergyman.

Two men of the people jump into the ice cold water to get the cross out again. Since the winters are extremely cold in Russia and Rumania, a hole must be made in the ice for this ceremony. In Russia a soldier used to be ordered to dive for the cross. In Rumania, however, it is usually a peasant who offers himself for this service in the hope of a big reward.

Picturesque Procession. The bigger the town is the more splendid is this procession. In Bucharest, where are situated the king's residence and the homes of the highest Rumanian clergy, the procession is particularly brilliant. The train goes from the king's palace, through the main street, the Calea Victoriei, down to Slatina church and thence to the Dambovitza river.

At the head of the procession walk two priests with the golden cross. The metropolitan, primas, follow with the king, other members of the royal house and foreign princes. Next comes the entire retinue of the king, the ministers and foreign ambassadors, the city authorities and high army officers.

After the church ceremony is over, the king views a parade of his soldiers. In former times, before King Carol became sovereign of Rumania, the princes, called vojvodas or boyars, and their wives appeared at the procession in their exquisitely beautiful national costumes on special two-wheeled carriages pulled by two, four or six horses, according to the rank of the owner. That was a colorful sight.

Though the modern water's day procession lacks this particular trait the procession is still very picturesque.

Blown Sails.

The clouds before the northern sky. Across the wintry sky. Like sails in ribbons blown away. From all the ships gone by—The ships that labored in the wind And wallowed in the foam. And sometimes never saw again The harbor lights of home.

Brown sails of barks from tropic parts. Below the stormy cape. With cargoes of mahogany And parquets and apes—Gray sails of schooners odoriferous Of fish and briny sea. White sails of clippers sweet with scents Of cinnamon and tea.

The snowy cloths that towered aloft. On frigates proud and tall. Patched canvas lost from dingy sloops In hurricane or squall. Topgallants, royals, flying jibs. Bellooning in the blast. Ripped from the stays and swept away To black abysses vast.

Borne on the tempest's thrashing wings. Between the sky and spume. They rode the elemental strife And vanished in the gloom. The clouds before the northern fly. Unquiet ghosts of sails. Blown long ago from hapless ships That foundered in the gales.

—Minna Irving.



The good health of the King is partially explained by the above photograph, showing His Majesty out for his regular morning ride in Windsor Park. The first generation travels at a sedate pace, but at the same time manages to stay on.

STORIES OF WELL-KNOWN PEOPLE

Too Much for Balfour.

Mr. (now Lord) Balfour was one day strolling near his Scottish home at Whittingham when he was accosted by an old man hailing from a neighboring village. On being presented with a shilling, the man whispered to Mr. Balfour: "Mon, d'ye ken what I'm gaein to tell ye?" "No," replied the statesman. "Well," was the rejoinder, "it's gaein to rain seventy-two days." Mr. Balfour, thinking to have a little fun with him, remarked: "That cannot be, for the world was entirely flooded in forty days." "But," returned the old fellow, "the world wisnae weel drained then it is noo."

Field-Marshal's "Crimes."

Field-Marshal Sir William Robertson, in conversation recently regarding his early days in the Army—he joined up as a private when seventeen years old—he confessed that his first "crime" was letting a prisoner go, his second letting a horse go, and then at Brighton, at a Volunteer review, a man who was under his charge refreshed himself too freely and his horse ran away with him.

The Colonel then said to young Robertson: "I am getting sick of you; first you let a man go, then you let a horse go, now you let a man and horse go."

A Threat That Had Effect.

General Sir Archibald Macdonnell has found himself on occasion in as ticklish situations as that recently precipitated by his irrepressible cadets, and has emerged by dint of no less masterly generalship.

As commissioner of the Royal North-west Mounted Police it was once his duty to try an Indian for murder. The prisoner had been haled out of the far north together with a woman, the only witness of the crime. But to the dismay of the prosecution the squaw, who

had given a straight-forward account of the occurrence at two preliminary investigations, now stubbornly refused to say a word. She had told them twice, that was enough. There she stood, dirty and unkempt, and defied all the threats and coaxings of that imposing assembly.

"Look here, Teshage," said the commissioner, not unkindly, though in desperation, "if you don't tell I'll have to send you to the big prison in Regina." She considered it a while.

"All right, Plenty eat. Plenty warm. I no tell."

"But you know what they'll do to you there. They'll cut your hair off short like a man's."

That staggered her. They might as well scalp her and be done with it. But she answered faintly, "I no tell."

"And do you see this piece of paper? I'll write on it and tell them every Saturday to give you a bath. Scrub you all over with soap!"

"No, no," she wailed. "I tell, I tell you everything!"

Wonderful.

"Petunia—huh!" snorted a dyspeptic guest. "What is there remarkable about Petunia?"

"Well, sir," replied the landlord of the tavern, "if you draw a circle around this town, fifty miles away in every direction, Petunia will be found to be exactly in the middle of the circle."

None are so fond of secrets as those who don't mean to keep them.

The unseen things of life are the most valuable. The man who puts spirit into farming gets more out of it than the man who just farms. One does not have to be a bootlegger to get the proper spirit in farming.

INVENTIONS

Send for list of inventions wanted by Manufacturers. Patents have been made from simple ideas. "Patent Protection" booklet on request.

HAROLD C. SHIPMAN & CO. PATENT ATTORNEYS 231 BANK STREET OTTAWA, CANADA

Collecting Wild Flower Names.

A holiday-maker on a walking tour in England asked the country people the common names of the wild plants of the vicinity. He found that both the children and the adults were well acquainted with the wild flowers, but that the names they gave him were often different from any that he could find in books. Many of them were poetical or quaintly descriptive, and some had historical associations.

After returning home the man continued to take walking tours and to follow the practice of collecting the every day names of plants and flowers. Our Canadian wild flowers, like those of England, are connected with our national life, as is seen in the names that the common people give to the plants of our roadsides, fields and woods. The number and the significance of the names have been only partly studied, and there are probably more of them that have never been recorded than are set down in books.

In collecting the names it is not safe to accept every answer to an inquiry as being useful to your purpose, because some of the names may be only the expression of personal fancies. "I don't know just what the right name is," but I call it so-and-so. If others conversant with plants in the same neighborhood recognize the name when they hear it, you can know that you have a true folk name.

In the record enter the scientific name, the popular name, the neighborhood where it bears that name and the reason why it bears it—if you can discover the reason.

Have a botanist identify your specimens if you do not know them. Communicate your discoveries from time to time to your local natural history club or to a plant journal, as a contribution to the knowledge of our national folklore.



Listen to Fiction Now.

Old Friend—"Do you read fiction at night like you used to do?"

Wife—"No, not at all. I have my husband to listen to now every evening, you know."

The Innkeeper of the Rhine.

Across the Rhine a company of French engineers were building a pontoon bridge to join their restored province of Alsace with the German land on the other side, which France holds as a defensive bridgehead. One of the pontoons gave a lurch, and in a moment two French engineers were in the stream. Away the swift current swept them as if to certain death.

Just below them on the bank stood Max Fladt, the innkeeper of Kehl-on-the-Rhine, opposite Strasbourg. The two men were enemies of his country, and he knew that seven Germans had recently been condemned to death for damaging French property and were even then in prison at Mayence. Nevertheless, flinging off his coat, he plunged into the river. A strong man and an expert swimmer, he caught the two Frenchmen as they were passing him and brought them safe to the shore.

A day or so later Max received a visit from the French general in command, General Nickel. "Whatever you may wish for will be regarded as deserved and recommended to grateful France," who has received two lions back from the jaws of death," said the general.

Max promptly asked that as his only reward the lives of his fellow countrymen lying in prison at Mayence under sentence of death might be spared.

The general replied that he would make the wish known in the proper quarter, and that he himself would give it his earnest support. In the attitude of these two men, the French general and the German innkeeper, lies the germ of peace and understanding.

Consideration.

"There's a man outside who wants something to eat."

"Give him some bread and coffee, Jane."

"He seems to have seen better days, mum."

"That so? Then give him a napkin, too."

WOMEN CAN DYE ANY GARMENT, DRAPERY

Dye or Tint Worn, Faded Things New for 15 Cents.

Diamond Dyes

Don't wonder whether you can dye or tint successfully, because perfect home dyeing is guaranteed with "Diamond Dyes" even if you have never dyed before. Druggists have all colors. Directions in each package.

WRIGLEYS

After Every Meal.

It's the longest-lasting confection you can buy—and it's a help to digestion and a cleanser for the mouth and teeth. Wrigley's means benefits as well as pleasure.



MOPS.

It is not always necessary to use a mop for the thing which man intended it to be used when he manufactured it. The most satisfactory mop I ever used to wipe up linoleum floors was a commercial dust mop. If it had been oiled, so much the better; oil helps to put a polish on the linoleum and hardens the surface, protecting the design and keeping it clean longer.

For dusting and polishing my stove I have a cotton dish mop from the five-and-ten-cent store. The soft cotton reaches all the crevices, wipes away the dust without leaving any scratches, and soon contains enough polish to brighten up a really dirty stove. Best of all, its handle is far enough from the scene of operations that it may be kept bright and clean, not blacking the hands as the stove cloth is prone to do. When not in use the mop is stuck, top down, in a round baking-powder can. For applying the blacking to the stove I have a cheap, flat paintbrush; the vigorously used mop does the rest.

Minard's Liniment for Caudruff.

SPRING AFTERNOON.

The world is done in green and blue: Dame Nature is an artist true. Her taste in color's very fine! In fact, it coincides with mine! —Mary Carolyn Davies.

Simplicity is the hallmark that distinguishes the fine gold of the really great from the alloy of the pretentious.

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URS HAS OF LATE BEEN VISITED BY ALL

WITNESSES A GETTING

There's a man outside who wants something to eat.

"Give him some bread and coffee, Jane."

"He seems to have seen better days, mum."

"That so? Then give him a napkin, too."

WOMEN CAN DYE ANY GARMENT, DRAPERY

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CHEVROLET



HEALTH EDUCATION

BY DR. J. J. MIDDLETON

Provincial Board of Health, Ontario

Dr. Middleton will be glad to answer questions on Public Health matters through this column. Address him at Spadina House, Spadina Crescent, Toronto.

Eye fatigue is an important subject for discussion. A large percentage of the people of this province are unaware of the dangers to their eyesight that result from fatigue. We have only one pair of eyes—that is, those of us who are blessed with normal vision, and the eyes we have are the only ones we ever will have. It is most important therefore that we try to preserve our sight as much as possible and not subject it to any unnecessary strain. For a long time it was thought that strain on the eyes only applied to students. Scarcely anybody suffered from eye headaches except the bookworms. Now we find that many other classes of people are affected with eye strain. Take the farmer plowing his furrow, who looks steadily at the ground hour after hour trying to keep in a straight line and trying not to "bite off" too much or too little earth at each roll of the sod. To do this he keeps his eye muscles in the same state of contraction all day long. When evening comes he often has some little bit of ground to finish and keeps on in the fading light, thereby increasing the strain to which he has been subjected all day. His muscles get tired, his nerves get tired, his brain gets tired and then when he goes home he often subjects his eyes to further strain by doing chores about the house or barn or reading the paper in imperfect light.

There is nothing that sooner reflects on the general health of the individual than eye strain, for it has a very strong influence on the general nervous mechanism of the body and continuous eye strain may lead in time to general nervous breakdown.

The eye is a most intricate piece of apparatus and very delicate in its construction. No machine made by man is so perfect in construction or so elaborate in design. To serve the eye, no less than twelve muscles are provided. Of the twelve important nerves that come off directly from the brain, one-third, or four, are for the service of the eye.

Shortly after the start of life we are endowed with good eyes and if care is taken we preserve them. But there are many pitfalls by the way, and from one cause or another the eyesight becomes not so good as it should be. There is the question of strabismus or squint to be thought of. This often develops in early life due to weakness of certain of the eye muscles which from one cause or another fail to develop as they should and thus the more powerful and more developed muscles rotate the eye out of its proper place, and the condition commonly known as squint results. There is a remarkable lack of knowledge about the seriousness of squint. Many people have the opinion that squint in children will right itself if left alone. There are thousands of one-eyed people in this province today just because their parents thought they would allow the squint to right itself. Intelligent and proper medical treatment of the eyes in squint is the only way by which one can hope for good results. Never leave a case of squint to right itself. Go to an oculist at once, and especially in the case of young children this condition of squint should be rectified if possible before the child is five years old. If allowed to go longer, the sight of the "turned" eye will most likely be damaged for life. An ounce of prevention in this case is worth a pound of cure.

PAINFUL SCIATICA AND NEURALGIA

Caused by Starved Nerves Due to Weak, Watery Blood.

People think of neuralgia as a pain in the head or face, but neuralgia may affect any nerve of the body. Different names are given to it when it affects certain nerves. Thus neuralgia of the sciatic nerve is called sciatica, but the character of the pain and the nature of the disease is the same, and the remedy to be effective, must be the same. The pain, whether it takes the form of sciatica or whether it affects the face and head, is caused by starved nerves. The blood, which normally carries nourishment to the nerves, for some reason no longer does so and the excruciating pain you feel is the cry of the starved nerves for food. The reason why the blood fails to properly nourish the nerves is usually because the blood itself is weak and thin.

When you build up the impoverished blood with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, you are attacking sciatica, neuralgia and kindred diseases at the root. As proof of the value of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills in cases of this kind we give the statement of Mrs. Marion Bell, Port Elgin, Ont., who says: "Some years ago I was attacked with sciatica in my leg and hip. The pain was excruciating and finally I was forced to go to bed. Apparently all the doctor could do was to give me drugs to dull the pain, as otherwise I found no relief. I had been in bed with the trouble for eight weeks when a lady who came to see me said that she had had a similar attack, and had only found relief through the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I decided at once to try this medicine, and before I had taken more than three boxes I found relief. I continued the use of the pills and under the treatment the pain left me. I was able to walk again, and have not since had the least return of the trouble. I feel that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have been of such great benefit to me that I strongly urge similar sufferers to give them a fair trial."

You can get these pills from any medicine dealer or by mail at 50 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

No Ambition.

The election just fought has been prolific in good stories. One told by Mr. Walter Rundman is particularly neat.

A certain candidate was trying his level best to win the hearts of his audience.

"I am English born and bred," he announced. "My father and grandfather were English, my wife is English, my works are in England, and my workpeople are all English."

At that point a pitying voice came from the back of the hall:

"Oh, mon," it said, "has ye nae ambition?"

What makes one admire a mother's love and marvel at it is a photograph of ourselves taken at the age of ten or twelve.

Keep Minard's Liniment in the house.

Courtship by Cards.

The visiting card is of Chinese origin. The Chinese have always observed the strictest ceremony with regard to the giving of visits. It is reported that more than a thousand years ago the visiting card was used in China. Nowadays the cards used are very large, and usually of a bright red color. The Chinese employ visiting cards to assist their courtship. When a man is ready to marry, his parents inform a professional "matchmaker," who looks through a list of her clients and, after due consideration, selects the one she considers would make a suitable bride.

She takes his card, upon which are inscribed his ancestral name and the date of his birth, and calls upon the girl. If the latter is willing to listen to his suit, she sends her own card in return. After that the oracles are consulted, and should they prophesy good concerning the marriage, the details of the engagement are written on two large cards, which are then tied together with red cord.

How the English Make Toffee.

Mix four cups of brown sugar and half a cup of corn syrup with half a cup of water, and put on the fire, stirring carefully until all the sugar is dissolved. Let this come to a boil and then take off the fire and add four tablespoons of butter. Put the mixture back on the stove once more and boil until the butter has penetrated throughout the candy. Pour onto a greased enameled ware tray of any kind and, as the candy cools, mark it into squares. When it has hardened break these apart and wrap each piece separately in wax paper. Incidentally, you will find that the labor of "cleaning up" is a great deal less if you have used an enameled ware saucepan for the cooking, since even the stickiest mixtures do not adhere long to its porcelain surface.

SAVED BABY'S LIFE

Mrs. Alfred Tranchemontagne, St. Michel des Saints, Que., writes:—"Baby's Own Tablets are an excellent medicine. They saved my baby's life and I can highly recommend them to all mothers." Mrs. Tranchemontagne's experience is that of thousands of other mothers who have tested the worth of Baby's Own Tablets. The Tablets are a sure and safe medicine for little ones and never fail to regulate the bowels and stomach, thus relieving all the minor ills from which children suffer. They are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

The Lilac.

There is a daisy in the lilac tree. A bright and lovely thing of joy and grace.

Beckoning ever with arch coquetry. Lo! I have seen her face. No woodland sprite is she, brown limbed and shy.

(Pan's light o' love), but gay and sweet and quaint.

Like some fair lady of a day gone by. Half-siren and half-saint.

Of rich-brocaded lilac silk her gown. Emeralds and amethysts adorn her throat.

Diamonds and pearls of rain her beauty crown.

Perfumes around her float. Green are her petticoats and lavender.

The plumes that all about her nod and sway.

Milton and Shakespeare loved to sing of her.

And Herrick—she is May. —Minna Irving.

Send a Dominion Express Money Order. They are payable everywhere.

Not So Near the Heart.

A young mother, catching her husband in mute contemplation before the cradle of her first-born, was thinking what a beautiful sight it was when he suddenly turned round and exclaimed in a gruff voice:

"My dear, the more I look at it the more I am at a loss to understand how the furniture dealer could have the impudence to charge you twenty-five dollars for this horrible cradle!"

Ask for Minard's and take no other.

CORNS

Lift Off—No Pain!



Doesn't hurt one bit! Drop a little "Freezone" on an itching corn, instantly that corn stops hurting, then shortly you lift it right off with fingers. Your druggist sells a tiny bottle of "Freezone" for a few cents, sufficient to remove every hard corn, soft corn, or corn between the toes, and the foot calluses, without soreness or irritation.

OLD CHUM SMOKING TOBACCO

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"Tobacco of Quality"

Manufactured by
IMPERIAL TOBACCO CO. OF CANADA LIMITED

EASY TRICKS With Three Dice



Many of the best tricks are performed by utilizing facts about which few people are informed. An effective little trick with dice owes its mystery to the fact that very few persons, even those who are familiar with dice, really know how the spots are arranged.

Ask a person to throw three dice while you stand with your back to the table. Ask him to add the number of spots thrown—the total of the spots on the upper faces of the three dice. Then ask him to turn each die upside down and add to the total of the spots on the top of the dice, the total of the spots which are underneath.

Ask him to concentrate on the number. After an appearance of concentration yourself, tell him that the total is 21. You will be right.

(Clip this out and paste it, with other of the series, in a scrapbook.)

He receives more favors who knows how to return them.



Say "Bayer Aspirin"

INSIST! Unless you see the "Bayer Cross" on tablets you are not getting the genuine Bayer Aspirin proved safe by millions and prescribed by physicians for 24 years.

Safe Accept only a Bayer package

which contains proven directions. Handy "Bayer" boxes of 12 tablets. Also bottles of 24 and 100—Druggists. Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monopropionic Acid of Salicylic Acid.

BACKACHE!

Minard's eases the stiffness, relieves the pain. Keep a bottle handy.



Nervous People

That haggard, care-worn, depressed look will disappear and nervous, thin people will gain in weight and strength when Ultra-Phosphate is taken for a short time. Price \$1 per package at your druggist. Arrow Chemical Co., 25 Front St. East, Toronto, Ont.

Going, Going, Gone. An ancient car chugged painfully up to the gate of the county fair races. The gatekeeper, demanding the usual fee for automobiles, called:

"A dollar for the car!"

The owner looked up with a pathetic smile of relief and said:

"Civilization is the result of taking pains. Individual advancement depends upon the same fact."

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Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Brought Relief When Other Medicines Failed

Port Mann, B. C.—"I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound because I was tired and run-down. I had headaches and no appetite and was troubled for two years with sleeplessness. I tried many medicines, but nothing did me any real good. While I was living in Washington I was recommended by a stranger to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I am stronger and feel fine since then and am able to do my housework. I am willing for you to use these facts as a testimonial."—Mrs. J. C. GREAVE, Port Mann, B. C.

Feels New Life and Strength
Keene, N. H.—"I was weak and run-down and had backache and all sorts of troubles which women have. I found great relief when taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and I also used Lydia E. Pinkham's Sanative Wash. I am able to do my work and feel new life and strength from the Vegetable Compound. I am doing all I can to advertise it."—Mrs. A. C. HAMMOND, 72 Carpenter Street, Keene, N. H.

Sick and ailing women everywhere in the Dominion should try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

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methods, policy and
principles during ninety
one years of banking
experience have enabled
the bank to render a
service international in
scope yet personal to
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That service is available to
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J. S. GILES, Editor and Prop.

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EN PASSANT.

"CONFOUND THEIR POLITICS."

"APPEARS to me," said Old
George, "there is not much call for
that particular petition in the original
version of the National Anthem.
It reminds me of the farmer who
prayed for rain. He got it. Got
forty days of it, then on the plea
that his prayer had been 'Abund-
antly answered' he had to start
back and pray for dry weather.
'Some of Thy people may require
rain more than we do, O Lord: In
Thy loving-kindness, we beseech
Thee, bestow it upon them and make
their hearts glad.'"

The petition is for the confound-
ing of the politics of the king's
enemies, but like the rain which de-
scends alike upon the just and the
unjust, the answer has covered the
whole region of politics, all the in-
fected areas, and has soaked and
soured his majesty's ministers and
advisors, as well as his enemies.

I am pleased that the Canadian
version of the anthem drops out the
political clause. It was a selfish and
parrow-minded sort of petition any-
way, contrary to the Christian stan-
dard of loving your enemies, and
dead against the common habit of
doing good to them that despitely
use you.

I have studied politics for a long
time, from the outside: I am one
of the old-fashioned kind of person
who still believes that politics should
have an ethical meaning, and should
consist of the regulation and govern-
ment of a nation or state, for the
preservation of its safety, peace, and
prosperity.

A world-wide scheme of economic
righteousness is not yet within the
sphere of practical politics. Not yet.
Nor until the separate nations and
states have perfected themselves and
their systems, and are brought to-
gether by a common political idea of
eclectic combination. I am almost
hopeful of that eventually as I am
of seeing grapes grow on goose-
berry bushes, or figs on thistles.
Still, and meanwhile, I do not dis-
miss gooseberry pie, and I don't forget
that the thistle is still a national em-
blem, and an order of knighthood
with the motto of "Nemo me impune
laccasset."

It's a far cry to Lochawe, as Sir
Walter Scott says, and it is a far
cry from the Canadian representa-
tive idea to the Roman senate, but
they show certain features in com-
mon. Now, as then, the problem of
producing a public assembly that will
summarise and express the thought
and will of the community, is un-
solved. Wells says that our elections
are still largely an ingenious mock-
ery of the common voter, who finds
himself helpless in the face of party
organisations which reduce his free
choice of a representative to the less
unpalatable of two political hacks,
but that the vote of the modern elec-
tor is an advance upon the vote of
the old-time honest Roman citizen.
That is not saying much, but I sup-
pose we ought to be thankful for
small mercies. A description of poli-
tical Rome, a century after the fall
of Carthage, reads like modern his-
tory, with a change of scene. A
few men were growing rich, and the
majority of people found themselves
entangled in an inextricable net of
uncertain prices, jumpy markets, and
debts. Under the superficial appear-
ance of public affairs the rising poli-
tician was working his way to office
and preferment, while the Roman
voters were "organised" to the limits
of endurance.

OLD George was eloquently silent
for a minute or two. His gaze wan-
dered from his patch of garden,
freshly dug, over the cedars at the
end of his lot, and into a cloudy dull
gray sky. He seemed depressed
with the thought that politicians
were past praying for, but present-
ly, as if to dispel the idea of his
present company being cast down by
his pessimism, he came back to the
land and almost apologetically said,
"Of course there's a remedy—There
sure is a way out."

We all straightened our backs, and
he went on:—

"Take it from me, the present
system of political jerry-mandering
is doomed! Let a number of tem-
perate-minded men of both parties
get together and lay down a law
that no candidate shall receive their
party benediction and approval until
he has successfully passed an exami-
nation in political economy, political
history, and political honesty. You
will observe I lay stress on the hon-
esty. The political brand is not of
the defiant kind that delivers men's
souls whole from the enemy: It is
a passive unobtrusive sort that takes
other people's honesty for granted,
and acts accordingly. It would
clean and improve parliamentary
usages, and debates would not be
stained and debased by one member
getting up and saying that the Hon.
So-and-So at a certain meeting said
such-and-such. Naturally the malig-
nant member jumps up to say he was
not there at all, whereupon the ac-
cusing member blandly accepts the
hon. gentleman's explanation, and

proceeds to say that if he did not
say it, it was said at a meeting in
his support, and continues to argue
on the original line—that the hon
member did say it, and that it forms
part of his political creed.

The political knowledge required
by a candidate should be on all-fours
with the special knowledge required
by a Doctor. We entrust our bodies
only to qualified practitioners duly
licensed.

No doctor dare practise the heal-
ing art until he is certified compe-
tent. Make the same rule apply to
political aspirants, and you at once
purify the profession of statesman-
ship from the taint of graft, undue
bias, petty-fogging maneuvering, and
political quackery.

To make politics an exact science
it would be necessary to educate the
electorate under a system entirely
different from the present vogue.
One of these bright mornings I am
going to write "A Hand Book for
Electors," setting forth the duties of
citizenship and the social rules which
should guide them in voting for the
right men. When it is approved by
all the Editors of the Great News-
papers, I shall ask Conan Doyle to
get the incorruptible spirits of Glad-
stone and MacDonald to revise it,
and then you will see what will hap-
pen.

I CANNOT make out why ques-
tions like Free Trade and Protection
should not be standardised and per-
manently settled, or brought as near
to permanent settlement as moving
conditions will permit, without all
this everlasting squabbling and hair-
splitting.

Have them scientifically settled,
like the rotation of the earth, gravi-
tation, and the circulation of the
blood. It is a standing reproach
against human achievement that we
cannot pour such matters into a
clear mould. We can bring voices
across continents and oceans and pop
them into the delicate organs of our
ears, by the scientific manipulation
of a few bits of copper wire! yet
we are such political babies that we
cannot decide whether an ad valorem
duty on manufactured articles is fis-
cal suicide or a law of nature.

Yes, sir, we badly want a chair of
statesmanship at McGill, occupied by
a professor of such political sagacity
as the Archbishop of Canterbury said
Henry the Fifth possessed:—

"Turn him to any cause of policy,
The Gordian knot of it he will un-
loose,
Familiar as his garter."

THE LINKMAN.

A SPURIOUS SURPLUS.

If there is one thing the Canadian
public should be told, it is the truth
about the national finances. The King
Government has been boasting of a
surplus of \$30,409,109, but under the
acid test of a thorough examination,
it is found to be spurious, the mere
result of bookkeeping devices, which,
when exposed, discloses really an in-
crease of \$42,090,890 to the public
debt.

It was Honourable J. A. Robb, the
acting Minister of Finance, who as-
sured Parliament that this \$30,409,
109 surplus was a fact; but when
one comes to look for it, it can't be
found. It exists merely on paper,
secured through a mere switching
of accounts. The Government simply
departed from the usual method of
meeting the requirements of the Na-
tional Railways. It advanced to the
Railways and the Mercantile Marine
\$98,250,720 during the last fiscal
year; but instead of making the
whole of these out of the Treasury,
as has been done during the preced-
ing year, and as the late Govern-
ment had done, \$72,500,000 was made
in the form of bond guarantees. De-
duct from this last amount the alleged
surplus of \$30,409,109 that Mr.
Robb claims, and you have a real ad-
dition to the national debt of \$42,
090,890 during the year.

This seems to be so transparent a
trick that the average reader may
say, can this be true? The facts
speak for themselves. If the Govern-
ment is running into debt at the
rate of \$31,641,097 a year as it did
in 1922-23, and there is a surplus
of \$30,409,109 on the operations of
the next 12 months, then it stands
to reason that there should have
been a saving of \$62,050,000 some-
where. But when the subject is gone
into the money can't be found.
The surplus is spurious, a mere pre-
tence.

Here is the test—On receipts gen-
erally during the year there was an
increase of \$3,206,000 over those for
the preceding period. But an expendi-
ture of an ordinary, capital and
special character there was actually
an increase of \$2,335,000. When the
Government gives other figures they
only refer to one or more classes
of expenditure, not to the aggregate
of all together. This means that the
net improvement on the general basis
of income and outgo was only \$871,
000. After all, this is the chief
ground on which the balance sheet
will be judged. There are only two
ways by which the balance sheet can
be improved, one being through get-
ting more money, the other through
spending less.

Now in so far as general revenue
is concerned, the Government only
received about \$1,800,000 more than
it did during the preceding year, the
other portion of the increase being
in the form of a larger payment
from the British Government than
was received during 1922-1923.

But the Government has been say-
ing, "there is a big improvement in
the showing made by the National
Railways last year." True, there
was quite an improvement in the
operating showing but when the fig-
ures are examined it is not quite as
large as during 1922. After making
the required deductions for non-oper-
ating expenses, and from income
generally, it is found that the net
operating income for last year was
only \$12,061,270. So the surplus did
not come from this source.

So being without marked increase
in the revenue, and not having cut
expenditure generally, the netting
Minister of Finance hearing the de-
mand for an improvement in the fin-

ances that arose from all over the
country, decided to effect an improve-
ment in his statement through un-
loading an item of \$72,500,000,
which in former years had been
charged to the National Railways
instead of lending them the money.

The Government in reply has been
saying that when in office, Mr. Mel-
lison dealt with bond guarantees in
the same way. But such is not the
case. During 1920 and 1921 the Gov-
ernment guaranteed railway bonds
to the extent of \$100,000,000, but in
the case of the Canadian Northern,
which got 50% of these, the whole
was for refunding, while in the case
of the Grand Trunk, only \$15,000,000
was for general purposes and the
Government of that day loaned the
C. N. R. \$29,000,000 for refunding.

The King Government in its finan-
cing has been caught in the act of
deliberately trying to palm off a
spurious surplus on the public. The
facts are the total amount of bonds
endorsed by the former government
were about fifteen million dollars less
than the actual amount of money
applied for refunding, and therefore
in reduction of debt. Consequently
the bond endorsement of the former
government could not reasonably be
added to our obligations as our obli-
gations were reduced by actually fif-
teen million dollars more than the
amount of such bonds.

Issue by Liberal-Conservative
Committee.

Ottawa, May 26, 1924.

CUSHING.

Mr. Eddie Whelehan, of Montreal,
spent the week-end with his friends
here.

Mr. J. Evanson, of Montreal, is
spending a few weeks at Mascot
Lodge.

Miss Annie Weir spent the early
part of the week with friends in Haw-
kesbury.

Mrs. Wm. Byrne of Grenville, was
the guest of her brother and sister-in-
law Mr. and Mrs. D. J. Byrne the
early part of the week.

No. 2 School has closed after a
very successful term under Miss Ivy
Graham. Miss Lois Keatley has also
concluded a successful term at the
Chaboro School.

The population of Cushing was in-
creased recently by the arrival of a
charming baby daughter at the home
of Mr. and Mrs. Fraser Watson.
Congratulations!

Mr. and Mrs. S. O. Hartley have
arrived and will occupy their cot-
tage for a couple of months. Messrs.
Laurence, Douglas and Ernest Hart-
ley also spent the week-end in
Cushing.

STAYNERVILLE Final Exams.

Grade IV, Sr., Max. 1400.—Pearl
McKenzie 1115.

Grade IV, Jr., Max. 1300.—Clar-
ence Carpenter 875.

Grade III, Max. 1200.—Lena Mc-
Kenzie 946, Geo. Lawson 934.

Absent.—Leonard Carpenter, Cecil
Carpenter, James Girling, Ada Mur-
doch.

M. R. KENNEDY, Teacher.

ST. ANDREWS EAST.

The Choir practice will be held in
the Church on Saturday evening at
8 o'clock.

The Literary Club met at the
home of Mrs. W. J. Pitcairn on Mon-
day evening.

Miss E. MacMartin, of Montreal, is
spending a few days with her sister
Miss K. MacMartin.

The Weekly Cottage Prayer meet-
ing was held on Wednesday evening
at the home of Mr. H. Walsh.

Miss Fletcher and Miss Ida Hop-
per of Montreal, were the week-end
guests of Mr. and Mrs. Charman.

Mr. and Mrs. Fair and Miss Fair,
spent the week-end at Abenor Hall.
Mr. J. Raphael was a week-end guest.

Rev. J. Burgess will preach in
Knox Church, Vankleek Hill, Ont.,
on Sunday, June 8th, at both services.

Mrs. Snowden returned from Mon-
treal on Monday afternoon, where
she has been visiting for the last two
weeks.

The Sunday School will meet in
the Church on Sunday morning be-
tween 10 and 11 o'clock. Miss F.
Hibbard, Supt.

MORIN HEIGHTS.

The W. A. met with Mrs. Rufus
McCullough, Tuesday p.m.

Rev. J. Lummis has been ap-
pointed to the charge of this parish.

Mr. J. E. Seyvret made a busi-
ness trip to Montreal this week.

Mr. and Mrs. McRae of Lachute,
have been guests at Robt. Kennedy's,
Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Doherty re-
turned home Saturday, reporting a
pleasant holiday at Ormstown and
Cornwall.

Mr. A. Stapledon and Miss M.
Edge were married in Ottawa, May
24th, returning here some days later.
A number of friends are meeting at
his home Wednesday evening for
congratulations, and a shower with
best wishes in their new state.

Mr. H. E. Webster accompanied by
Miss M. Webster, Miss Ward and
other friends motored to Morin, on
Tuesday. His many friends are
pleased to note his restored health
but sorry to learn of Mrs. Webster's
accident resulting in a broken leg.

On Tuesday evening, May 27th,
Rev. and Mrs. I. H. Lackey received
a pleasant surprise when a number
of friends gathered to wish them
God speed in connection with their
removal from Morin. Rev. H. Jekill
on behalf of the congregation de-
livered the address of the evening,
speaking of the high respect in
which Mr. and Mrs. Lackey are held
in the place and of the marked ad-
vance in parish work during the last
3 years. Mona Watchoorn aged 3 1/2
years, representing the Little Hel-
pers made the presentation of a well
filled purse. A pleasant social even-
ing was enjoyed by all present.

Mr. and Mrs. I. Lackey leave for
Hemmingford this week.

Ten Ladies' Coats left: Will go
cheap. W. BANFORD & SON.

We're Open for Business

I wish to announce to the public that I
have rented Mr. Geoffroy Bedard's Store,
where I will carry on the business of Mer-
chant Tailor, with a complete line of high
class English and Scotch Tweeds.

LOUIS GUILBAULT

MAIN STREET, — LACHUTE, P.Q.

MAY CLEARING SALES!!

MEN'S WEAR.

12 Men's Suits, navy, \$25. for \$16.
11 young Men's fancy stripes,
Valued at \$35.00 for \$27.00
10 Men's Suits to clear \$10.50
5 only Boys Suits \$6.75
9 only Extra fine to clear \$9.50

LADIES' WEAR.

This year's goods only.
5 only Coats, assorted \$6.50
7 only Velour, \$25.00 for \$17.50
4 only stripes, \$10.80
8 Misses coats fancy to clear \$7.75
25 assorted Dresses to clear at Very
Low Prices.

GROCERIES.

5 lbs. sugar .50c.
14 Bars Soap assorted \$1.00
5 lbs. Prunes .50c.
3 lbs. Raisins, Seedless .39c.
2 lbs. extra fine Ceylon Tea 98c.
Other Bargains. Come in
Agents for Fashion Craft, Made to
Measure.

H. M. Lavigne, - Lachute Mills

Opposite T. McQuat & Son's Store.

Miss M. V. Slater

Main St., Lachute.

Jewellery, Watches, Clocks, Silverware, Cut Glass and Electric Table
Lamps, for Wedding, Birthday and all other Presentations.
Necklets and Pendants, Brooches, Society and other Tie Pins and Buttons.
Cuff and Collar Buttons, Eye Glass Chains, Signet, Fancy and Wedding
Rings—all solid gold, gold-filled or silver.

Silver-plated knives, forks and spoons, also Pic-Plates, Fern Dishes,
Waterman's Fountain Pens and Ink, Auto-Stop Safety Razors, etc.
Mail orders are solicited and will receive most careful and prompt attention.
Re-plating, Engraving and all Watch, Clock and Jewellery Repairs
quickly done and guaranteed.

A full line of the "Pyrex" Baking Glass.

Watches, Clocks, Jewellery, French Ivory, etc.,

All of the highest quality.

PHONE 66
SPRING SUPPLIES!

HARDWARE	SPORTING GOODS
NAILS	TENNIS RACKETS & SUPPLIES
FELTS	MEN'S & BOY'S RUNNING SHOES
FELT SHINGLES	AIR RIFLES
HARVEST TOOLS	KODAKS & FILMS
GOODYEAR TIRES & TUBES	LAWN MOWERS
GARDEN HOSE	BATTERIES
SPRINKLERS	GASOLINE & OILS.

W. D. McOUAT

Successor to G. L. Melkie & Co.,

**Mr. Foley, of Vancouver,
 visits Lachute.**



Mr. M. L. Foley, of Vancouver, B. C., passed through Lachute last Friday on his way to Carillon, to visit the grave of his wife, who was buried here some 13 years ago.

Mr. Foley is an inspector for the C.P.R., and was recently in Montreal for some days, watching the operations of derricks and hoists, with a view to their adoption on the Coast.

Our visitor expresses the opinion that the City of Vancouver is growing extensively, the volume of business done through the harbour being the largest in the world per capita, with a population of 500,000 in B. C. the annual export reaches \$600.00 per head on every man, woman, and child in the Province. When Mr. Foley left Vancouver (May 22nd,) there were 21 ships in harbour, awaiting cargo consisting of wheat, lumber, and shipments of gold, silver and copper.

Mr. Foley is greatly pleased with his trip East (his first in 12 years.)

He noted that the Eastbound train passed a telegram pole (50 yards apart) every 2 seconds, making a speed of 1500 feet per minute, or about 48 miles an hour—with no suggestion of a sway or wobble in the dining cars. It is just like sitting at home in your own parlor, with the world running past you.

The West, he reports, is further advanced this year than the East, in as much as the weather has been warmer, and vegetation has been much earlier.

Mr. Foley, who is an ardent Conservative of the Borden-Meighen following, leaves here on June 3rd, and will speak at Kamloops, B. C., on the evening of June 19th, in the interests of Arthur Meighen, who is running on the Conservative ticket in British Columbia. Mr. Foley, who is an Inspector of timber and construction in B.C., has on three occasions refused a place on the Conservative ticket, preferring other duties of officialdom.

ARUNDEL.

Mr. F. J. Elliott, who was on a visit to Mr. J. M. Nelson, returned to Westmount, on Monday, 2nd inst. Dr. Brymer, formerly of Montreal but more recently residing in Ponsonby, has taken up his residence in Arundel.

The June meeting of the Arundel Branch of the Woman's Auxiliary will be held at Grace Church Rectory, on Thursday afternoon, 12 inst.

ARUNDEL UNION CHURCH.
 Crystal Falls 3.00 p.m., Arundel 7.30 p.m., S. School, Arundel 10.30 a.m., Rev. C. H. Hethrington, M.A., B.D., Pastor.

The Church services, on Sunday next, 8th inst., will be as follows:—
 ANGLICAN.—Grace Church, Arundel, Celebration of Holy Communion 10.30 a.m., Rockway 2.30 p.m., Weir 7.00 p.m., S. School, Grace Church 2.30 p.m. Rev. Geo. H. Gagnon, M.A., Rector.

AUCTION SALE.

There will be sold by Public Auction at the residence of
SAM CAMPBELL,
 French Hill, Brownsburg.

SATURDAY, JUNE 14th, 1924

The following effects.—Four rocking chairs, 3 bureaus, 3 washstands, 3 beds, 2 bed room sets, 5 piece parlor suite, 1 organ, 3 small tables, 1 sideboard, 1 dining room table, 1 set of dining room chairs, 1 bed couch, 1 kitchen table, 1 kitchen cupboard, 12 chairs, 1 McClary Kootenay range, 2 Quebec heaters, refrigerator, 2 tapestry rugs, linoleum covering, 1 washing machine and wringer, Singer sewing machine, set dinner dishes, garden tools, camp bed, pots and pans, and many other articles too numerous to mention.

TERMS CASH.

Sale to commence at 1 p.m. sharp. **TERMS:** Under \$20. Cash. Over that amount, satisfactory arrangements may be made with Bank.

W. J. BOYD, Licensed Auctioneer.

**The Best in Meat Lines
 is to be had at
 Joseph Speight
 Meat Merchant**

Main Street, Lachute



FRONT
 VIEW
 ARTS
 BUILDING

**FIRST PUBLIC APPEAL
 in 81 years**

PATRONS.
 Hon. L. A. Taschereau, LL.D., LL.L., M.P.P.,
 Premier of the Province of Quebec.
 The Right Reverend, the Lord Bishop of Montreal
 The Right Reverend, the Lord Bishop of Quebec
 Lord Atholstan, LL.D.
 Sir Arthur Currie, G.C.M.G., K.C.B., LL.D.
 Principal, McGill University.
 Sir Frederick Williams-Taylor, LL.D.
 Hon. Senator Smeaton White.
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 William Morris, Esq., K.C., D.C.L.
 The Very Reverend Arthur Carlisle, M.A., D.D.
 Ven. Archdeacon Paterson-Smyth, LL.D., Litt.D.
 Hon. Henry Miles.
 Brig.-Gen. C. J. Armstrong, C.B., C.M.G.
 Brig.-Gen. W. H. Dodds, C.M.G., D.S.O.
 Col. H. W. Blaylock, C.B.E., D.C.L.
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 R. E. Howe, Esq., M.A.
 Gilbert Ferrabee, Esq.

There are times in the history of all institutions when their needs become so pressing that the authorities have no choice but to make an appeal for assistance to all those who are interested in their welfare. Such a time has arrived in the history of Bishop's University, Lennoxville, Que. After 81 years of unselfish service in the cause of education, during which period it never made a public appeal, Bishop's asks to-day, confident its call will bring generous aid. A residential University open to all it provides for Canadians the type of education available in England through Oxford and Cambridge, with which Universities Bishop's is affiliated.

CAMPAIGN WEEK
JUNE 9th TO 14th.

EXECUTIVE.
 M. A. Phelan, Esq., K.C.
 Walter Melson, Esq., M.A., M.C.
 Rev. H. S. Laws, M.A.
 A. Joly de Lotbiniere, Esq., M.A.
 Lt.-Col. R. H. L. Ewing, D.S.O., M.C.
 M. A. Macfarlane, Esq.
 J. P. Wells, Esq., K.C.
 A. C. M. Thomson, Esq., M.A.
 John Laird, Esq.
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 Chas. Greenhields, Esq., K.C.
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 E. G. Hanson, Esq., D.S.O.
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 Chairman—Rev. A. H. McGreer, M.A., D.D., M.C.
 Principal and Vice-Chancellor of the University.
 Treasurer—A. Woods, Esq., M.A.
Faculty and Students' Committee.
 Rev. Prof. R. R. Smith, M.A., Chairman.
Alumni Association Committee.
 Rev. H. S. Laws, M.A., Chairman.
Speakers' Committee.
 Rev. Canon Almond, D.C.L., C.M.G., C.B.E., Chairman.
Special Services Committee.
 R. E. Howse, Esq., M.A., Chairman.
Solicitation and Teams Committee.
 Col. H. W. Blaylock, C.B.E., D.C.L., Chairman.
Montreal Division.
 A. C. M. Thomson, Esq., M.A., Chairman, Quebec Divn.
 J. P. Wells, Esq., K.C., Chairman of Eastern Townships Division.
 Lack of space prevents us from listing the 60 District and Sectional Chairmen throughout the Province, who have generously volunteered to assist in the Campaign.



\$500,000 CAMPAIGN
HEADQUARTERS: Rooms 46-48 Windsor Hotel Montreal.

**Hon. Charles Stewart
 Explains his Attitude.**

In reply to an open letter which appeared recently in these columns addressed to the Hon. Charles Stewart, relative to his attitude and action in connection with the Tariff question, Mr. John M. Mackie was the recipient of a letter, a copy of which has reached this office for publication.

Ottawa, Ont.,
 May 26th, 1924.

John M. Mackie, Esq.,
 Lachute, P. Q.

My dear Sir,—

I have before me your open letter of May 19th, in which you point out that the Liberal Party has always been free from bigotry and anxious to consider the welfare of all; and that, in this spirit, the Liberals of Argenteuil County deemed it an honourable act to allow me to represent their constituency in the Mackenzie King Government.

May I say in reply, that I fully appreciate the broad-mindedness of the Liberals, as well as the conservatives, of Argenteuil, who did me this great honour, and I would be the last to break faith with my constituents. If you, Sir, will take the trouble to look up my speech when I was nominated in Argenteuil, you will find that I stated that I had always worked for and supported the Leaders and the policy of the Liberal Party. I feel that I have not been recreant in that duty and that I have served my constituents, as well as the rest of Canada, to the best of my ability.

I may state that the reductions in the tariff last year, as well as those in the present Budget, were carefully considered with a view to avoiding injury to any Canadian industry, and I desire to assure you that whatever action may be taken with respect to policy by this Government, I shall endeavour to keep in mind that any changes shall not be injurious to the industries of Canada. I feel quite confident that as time goes on the business and industries throughout the country will show evidence of progress and prosperity under the policy of this Government.

Believe me,
 Yours faithfully,
 (Signed) Chas. Stewart

With kind permission of Mr. Mackie, we publish below his own reply to the foregoing letter from our Federal Member:—

Lachute, Que.,
 June 4th, 1924.
 The Hon. Charles Stewart,
 Minister of the Interior,
 Ottawa.

My dear Sir:—

Your letter of the 26th instant I found awaiting my return to Lachute, and I must frankly state that in it you have avoided the real issue. The present Budget sinks into insignificance in the face of your declared policy, "the death-knell of protection."

It is evident from your own declaration that your policy is to first stifle and eventually obliterate any home industry which cannot live without protection, and thus you would drive out of our country thousands of artisans, or bring down the standard of living among them to that of the workmen in the country of cheapest production. As an instance: Being engaged in the manufacture of carpets and rugs, I would expect that "the death-knell of protection" means that rugs would come in free from China, India, Persia, Turkey, and other countries where the men, women and children—all at work—get but a few cents per day, work in the open, and live in hovels. What are you going to say to our workmen? Live as rug-makers live in other countries, or get out? It is unthinkable, sir, that the Liberal policy as you understand it? It is certainly not the Liberal policy of Sir Wilfrid Laurier.

I assure you, sir, that it is only from a sense of duty that I take issue with you on your attitude, and say that, so far as the electorate of Argenteuil are concerned, you are sailing under false colours. There may be a small Liberal burgeo at the mast-head of your Ship of State, but the flag at the stern is Red, with the "death-knell of protection" inscribed thereon.

As this is not in any sense a personal matter, but one in which the electors of Argenteuil are deeply concerned, I am taking the liberty of handing a copy of your letter to the Press, together with a copy of this, my reply.

With kind personal regards, I remain, my dear sir,
 Yours sincerely,
 J. M. MACKIE.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

Public notice is hereby given that, on Tuesday, the tenth day of the month of June, in the year of Our Lord one thousand nine hundred and twenty-four, at ten o'clock in the forenoon (standard time,) it will be proceeded by way of inventory, under the direction of the undersigned Notary, to the sale at public auction of all the movable property and effects belonging to the community of property which existed between Mr. MARCEL GIROUX, sr., farmer, of the parish of St. Andrews, County of Argenteuil, district of Terrebonne, and the late Dame MATHILDEE GUAY, his wife, and to the estate and succession of the late Dame MATHILDEE GUAY aforesaid. This sale will be made at the domicile of Mr. MARCEL GIROUX, sr., situate in the parish of St. Andrews aforesaid, on a property designated as lots numbered TWO HUNDRED AND NINETY and TWO HUNDRED AND NINETY-ONE (290-291) of the official cadastre of said parish. The conditions of the sale will be given on the spot, at the sale. Dated at Lachute, Que., this 31st May, 1924.

Z. N. RAYMOND,
 Notary.

AVIS PUBLIC

Avis public est par les présentes donné que mardi, le dixième jour du mois de juin mil neuf cent vingt-quatre, à dix heures de l'avant-midi (heure solaire), il sera procédé par voie d'inventaire, sous la direction du Notaire soussigné à la vente et en chère publique de tous les meubles et effets mobiliers dépendant de la communauté de biens qui a existé entre M. MARCEL GIROUX, père, cultivateur, de la paroisse de Saint-André d'Argenteuil, district de Terrebonne, et son épouse, et de la succession de la dite feu Dame MATHILDEE GUAY.

Cette vente aura lieu au domicile de M. MARCEL GIROUX, père, situate en ladite paroisse de Saint-André d'Argenteuil, sur un immeuble désigné par les numéros DEUX CENT QUATRE-VINGT-DIX et DEUX CENT QUATRE-VINGT-ONZE (290-291) du cadastre officiel de cette paroisse.

Les conditions de la vente seront données sur les lieux, lors de la vente.

Daté à Lachute, P.Q., ce 31 mai, 1924.
 Z. N. RAYMOND,
 Notaire.

AUCTION SALE.

There will be sold by Public Auction at the residence of
JOHN QUESNEL,
 Pointe-au-Chêne,
MONDAY, JUNE 10th, 1924.

The following effects.—One Steel Range, 1 box stove, 1 four burner Coal oil stove, also stove pipes, 2 kitchen tables, 6 kitchen chair, 1 parlor set, 1 organ, 1 desk, 1 sofa, 1 parlor table, 1 dining room set, 4 bedsteads, 4 springs, 4 mattresses, 1 feather bed, 4 bedroom bureaus, 1 chiffonier, 1 rocking chair, quilts, blankets, pictures, 1 hanging lamp, 3 ordinary lamp, 1 dinner set dishes, kitchen utensils, etc., 2 toilet sets, 1 wash tub, 2 clothes boilers, 1 bath tub, 2 clotheshoppers, etalon taolnao tub, 1 scale, 1 churn, 6 butter crocks, 1 flour can, 2 egg crates, 5 dozen fruit jars, 105 Bricks, a quantity of 1 inch dry Maple flooring, 1 extension ladder, 1 quilting frame, 1 scythe, 1 cross-cut saw, 1 buck-saw, garde tools, 1 coal oil tank, and many other articles too numerous to mention. Sale to commence at 1 p.m. sharp. **TERMS:** \$10.00 cash, over \$10.00, 6 months credit, by furnishing approved joint notes.

ISIDORE, RENEAU, Auctioneer.

There will be sold by Public Auction at the residence of
THOMAS S. LAUGHREN,
 in the 7th Range of Chatham,
WEDNESDAY, JUNE 11th, 1924.

The following effects.—12 milch cows, 1 Pure Bred Holstein bull, 2 two year old heifers, 2 one year old heifers, 1 draught horse, 6 years old, 1 draught horse, 1 yearling colt, 1 sheep, 3 spring lambs, 3 year old pigs, a quantity of young pigs, 20 hens, 1 set single harness, 1 set heavy double harness, 1 wagon with box, and hay rack, 1 double express, 1 McCormick mowing machine, 1 Frost and Wood 9 foot double rake, (almost new,) broadcast seeder, set of out throw disc harrows, set smoothing harrows, 1 Massey Harris No. 3 walking plow, Percival No. 6 walking plow, Fleury cultivator, root pulper, set of sloop sleighs, knock-about sleigh, 105 sap cans and spouts, fanning mill, horse fork rope and pulleys cooking stove, box heater stove, Leader barrel churn, 1, 30 gallon factory milk can, a number of coole cans, a quantity of potatoes, shovels, hoes, forks, and other articles unmentioned.

Everything will be sold without reserve, as proprietor has sold his farm. Sale to commence at 10 a.m. sharp. **TERMS:** \$10.00 and under cash, over that amount 11 months credit on furnishing approved joint notes, 5 per cent ed for cash.

OPEN LETTERS TO A FARMER

By Rev. M. V. Kelly, C.S.B.
(Continued from last week)

Content When Successful.
I am not going to tell you how to keep your boys on the farm. If there is any piece of advice for which you have supreme contempt, it is surely that. City editors, women's magazines, agricultural college lecturers, farmers who have had no sons of their own, and a host of others who know nothing about it, have undertaken to instruct you on this subject. I have heard few real, experienced farmers say how the problem is solved, and I don't pretend to know. As is generally the case, those who have had the greatest success with this supposed difficulty have least to say in the way of advice. There are farmers, however, all of whose five or six sons continue in their father's calling, and there are others with five or six boys willing to stay on the farm, if their father or mother or both did not actually urge them to something else.

If there is anyone really anxious to know how to keep boys on the farm, I should suggest his trying to find out in a number of particular cases—say a hundred or two hundred—just what causes prevailed to make them leave. I dare to write you on the subject at all, because I have done this and feel a little the wiser for it. There are rural districts in Ontario with whose residents I have been acquainted for thirty years, in other districts much longer. In all these districts I know the history of families for several generations. I know the whereabouts of many young men whose grandfathers I remember in their days of ambition and vigor. As far as I can see, in at least nineteen cases out of twenty, a boy will stay on the farm if his father is making a success of it. If the prospects are good, if the farmer understands his business, if his interests are right there, if he has respect for his calling, his sons are satisfied with their lot, their interests also are centered there, they have confidence in the future. It is sometimes supposed—by city people of course—that hard work is driving the boys away. Look around among your neighbors, and you will remark that on any farm where things are going right, everyone is working steadily and faithfully, and it is precisely there that none of the boys are thinking of giving it up. You know men who started with nothing and are called wealthy farmers to-day; you know the town boys everyone, old and young, puts in, and you know that every son is still farming, because there was a farm to give him and he knew how to handle it.

Just while we are on the subject, it is pertinent to remark that not only the boys, but many farmers, themselves are on the farm they once owned and cultivated. Do through a list of these, and you will find the very same causes prevailing; they left, either because they were incapable of managing it, because they were giving too much attention to something else and neglected the farm in consequence, because they became too fond of spending long hours and late hours in town, distracting their minds from their real interests.

or perhaps they had had the misfortune to marry a woman determined to not live on a farm, and dreaming of life in a town, where she and her children could dress with greater delicacy and fashion. Under none of these circumstances could farming be a success, no calling can be made a success without giving earnest attention to it. Farming, like every other business or profession, is full of interest for those who understand it and look after it. If a man's work is not his chief interest and chief enjoyment, he is not likely to be contented with any other.

When Parents Drive Them Away.
I maintained that when the farmer is prosperous, his sons are not disposed to leave the farm. There is, however, one widespread exception to this. Many farmers, when they acquire a neat competence, feel constrained to encourage one or more of their sons to aspire to something else—to enter one of the learned professions or perhaps go into business. They will let themselves run away with the notion that this is advancing—getting into something higher. Instead of impressing upon their family, in season and out of season, that no other secular calling is higher or nobler or does greater service or is more honorable than theirs, they actually seem ready to belittle their own position and pay homage to occupations less dignified and meritorious. As far as worldly position is concerned, the farmer who can tell of all his sons—five or six or seven—continuing successfully filling the positions for which he himself trained them, has every reason to be proud. Unfortunately, he is often more willing (or if he is not, his wife is) to refer, with satisfaction, to a son practising law or medicine, than to several who are proving successful farmers; this, even when he is aware, and all the neighbors are aware, that it was the boy of real capacity he kept at home, having encouraged the other to continue at school, because it was evident, he would never be able to make a living on a farm. How is it that the boy who leads his class in a high school, and is first in an examination, demands the admiration of all, is reported through the press of the country, while there are no means of drawing public attention to the record of a boy of much greater capacity, just because his achievements are manifested in connection with farm activities or farm management? While the country is stocked with class leaders who are failures in life, I have no hesitation in saying there is no case of a young man capable of handling a farm who would not prove a success in any one of a dozen other spheres.

Between ourselves, you know, there is often another reason for keeping the boy at school; it takes less money to set a boy up in a profession than to set him up on a farm. I suppose we should not be too hard on the father who takes the easier course in providing for his family. Perhaps it is the best he can do. But we certainly do resent his taking credit for doing the greater thing and posing for the ad-



The board of education, Toronto, has supplied equipment for the use of pupils with defective eyesight. One of the children in the sight-saving class at Gude Street school is shown reading giant type.

miration of the crowd, as a father who had done particularly well for his family, "had tried to make something out of them." While he is sparing them, that they may take advantage of opportunities at school, he is also calling upon the Government to disburse thousands of dollars for their benefit. The father who fits his boys for the farm and gives them a start on it must stand alone; the time has not yet come for governments to consider his efforts and co-operate with them.

In this connection, I would also have you note that the average doctor or lawyer does not belittle his own profession. If it was good enough for him, it is good enough for his boys. He is quite satisfied to have them take up where he left off. Because he has made a success of his profession, he does not feel obliged to train them in the notion that it is a second-rate calling at best, and devote his energies to training them for something else. Why should you?

(To be continued.)



Dr. Serge Voronoff
French surgeon and discoverer of the monkey gland operation, who will receive the income for life from the American estate of his late wife.

Horses will do more for a whistle than for a whip.

Pleasure may fill up the interstices of life, but it is a poor material to build its frame-work out of.

Lake Ontario Fisheries.

Gratifying results are reported by the hatcheries service of the Department of Marine and Fisheries from the work of restocking Lake Ontario with whitefish. The great catch of this species taken by Canadian lake fishermen during the season of 1922 totaling \$1,020,000, as compared with 12,034 cwt. in 1917, and 1,238 cwt. in 1921, gives a good idea of the extent to which the whitefish fishery has been re-established in this great inland body of water.

The Department of Marine and Fisheries undertook the restocking of Lake Ontario at first with fry from the hatchery at Sandwich but the fishery showed such promising results that it was found feasible, in 1914, to establish one of the largest whitefish hatcheries in the province of Ontario on the Bay of Quinte. The work has progressed rapidly during recent years and the number of eggs collected each year by the new hatchery has increased from 30,000,000 during the first years of its operations to 321,715,000 in 1923.

Everything Handy.

The old man on his first visit to London, was greatly interested in all he saw. Stopping at a street corner to light his pipe, he was accosted by a boy with, "Matches, sir?"

Taking a box from the boy he struck a match, lighted his pipe and returned the box, saying, "Ayse, it's a wonderful place, London! Everything's that handy!"

Some of Her Best Friends.

Marjorie, aged six, shocked her mother by picking up the saucer in which she had had her strawberries and cream and licking it vigorously with her little pink tongue.

"Why, Marjorie!" reproved her mother. "What disgraceful manners! Whom have you ever seen doing that?"

A Very Well-Known Name.

"Could you publish a volume of poems for me?"

"Certainly, sir," answered the publisher, "but the terms will depend on whether your name is well known or not."

"Oh, my name is one of the best known in the country."

"And you so young?" "Pray honor me with it, sir."

"My name is Smith."

Rules for Care With Fire in the Woods

If Every Person Strictly Observed These Simple Rules, the Great Annual Loss by Forest Fires Would be Reduced to a Minimum.

1. Be sure your match is out before you throw it away.
2. Knock out your pipe ashes or throw your cigar or cigarette stump where there is nothing to catch fire.
3. Don't build a camp fire any larger than is absolutely necessary. Never leave it, even for a short time, without putting it out with water or earth.
4. Don't build a camp fire against a tree or a log. Build a small one where you can scrape away the needles, leaves or grass from all sides of it.
5. Don't build bonfires. The wind may rise at any time and start a fire which you cannot control.
6. If you discover a fire, put it out if possible; if you can't, inform the nearest Forest Ranger or Fire Warden as quickly as you possibly can.

The AUTOMOBILE

SPRING TONIC FOR AUTO ADDS TO LIFE OF CAR.

In the good old days it was the custom of many human beings to take a tonic at the first indication of spring weather. The idea was to tone up the system after a strenuous winter and get it in shape for the warmer climate. Nowadays it is the human being's automobile that comes in for the spring tonic. After a period of hibernation in the family or public garage or after months of use in cold weather, bad weather and over frozen roads, every car needs a tonic to put it in shape for warm weather use.

The motorist who desires the maximum of satisfaction in the use of his machine during the pleasanter months of the year and the driver who wishes to get through the season with a minimum of maintenance expense will do well to give his car a thorough going over at this time of the year.

The automobile that has been in storage with its various parts properly protected may need only a mild tonic, such as attention to lubrication, battery, tires and a good cleaning. It all depends on what was the condition of the car when it was put away. To say the least, a good overhauling will insure a more satisfactory use of it than if it is taken for granted that everything is O.K.

INSPECTION IS NEEDED.

The car that has been in use, more or less, during the winter months, will need a much more thorough inspection. The running gear, for instance, should be carefully looked after, especially if the machine has been driven over rutted roads. Such roads increase side thrust on the wheels and consequently upset the steering apparatus, wearing the knuckles excessively, also the wheel bearings.

The wheels, if of wood, may need tightening at the hubs. If the wheels have wire spokes, some of these spokes may need taking up. Spring clips should be tightened and motor support bolts should be given attention.

The owner can do this work himself if he is mechanically inclined and enjoys tinkering with his car. Or he can take his machine to a reliable service station and let an expert automotive mechanic thoroughly and scientifically check up on various parts of the car and administer the tonic in such doses as will accomplish the best results. Or the owner can do some of the simpler things that do not require expert knowledge and then let the service station expert finish the job. This last mentioned method is probably the most practical.

Among these items which can well be given attention from the standpoint of the engine, the vital organ of an automobile, are the following: Scrape carbon from cylinders if necessary. Valves ground and adjusted. Spark plugs cleaned and adjusted. Vacuum tank tested. Oil reservoir drained, cleaned and refilled. Engine tightened in frame. Ignition instruments cleaned, oiled, points dressed and adjusted. Starter brushes and commutator smoothed up. Starter brush springs examined for tension. Carburetor float, float valve stem and float valve weights examined for wear. Carburetor float valve and carburetor needle valve inspected for proper seating. Carburetor body and

strainer chamber cleaned. Spray nozzle blown out.

LOOK AFTER AXLES.

The front axle should come in for consideration. Replace felt washers where necessary, examine the bearings, bearings should be repacked with grease and adjusted, yoke pins and bushings and steering connections cleaned, inspected and lubricated, wheel hub bolts tightened and spring clips tightened. The steering gear housing should be cleaned and repacked with lubricant and the gear adjusted if necessary.

The rear axle should not be neglected. Adjust and repack the bearings, refill the differential case and clean it, the wheel hub bolts should be tightened and the spring clips tightened.

The clutch should be looked after. Lubricate the clutch collar, and adjust the clutch collar. The transmission is an important factor. Drain, clean and refill it. Tighten the transmission support nuts.

The brakes represent a major consideration. They should be relined if necessary. At any rate adjust the services and emergency brakes. It is well to give the battery a careful once-over. Have it examined by a local service station expert.

The wiring—what condition is it? Test for grounds and intermittent shorts, the worn or broken parts should be replaced and the wiring should be tested for loose connection.

The body, besides needing a bath, may require other attention to make it look like a car one would be proud to own. Revarnish it to renew finish and protect underneath if it is needed, tighten the body bolts.

Having properly prepared your car for the coming season by this thorough-going tonic method, your mind will be greatly relieved for you will expect to get good service out of your machine and you probably will.

Lady A Must Have Gapsed.

Stories of absent-mindedness are common, but one that Lord Ernest Hamilton tells in Forty Years On is so extraordinary that it deserves to be repeated here.

Lord Strathairn, says Lord Hamilton, was so absent-minded that he sometimes forgot whether he was dining in his own house or in another's. On one occasion when he was dining with Lady A and was in a particularly absent mood he suddenly turned to his hostess and said:

"My dear Lady A, I really must apologize to you for this extremely nasty dinner. I cannot imagine what has come over my cook. I have never known her to disgrace herself so before."

Obeying Orders.

An Irishman suffered from a stomach ailment. The doctor was called in and on his second visit questioned his patient.

"Have you been drinking hot water an hour before each meal as I directed?"

"Doc," said Pat, "I tried hard to do it, but I had to quit. I drank for thirty-five minutes and it made me feel like a balloon."



Above are shown Mrs. Long, Mrs. Kingswell and Miss B. W. Redding, England's three new lady magistrates, who were recently sworn in at the Portsmouth court.

IN RABBITBORO



For the Boys and Girls

OBSERVE THE BIRDS.

Now is the time to: Study migration. This is the month when birds come in great numbers. It is also notable that the various species arrive almost on the day that records show them to be due. Of course, a severe storm may delay the migration a day or two. Do not fail to keep a migration record.

Note that the early arrivals are insect-eating birds. This shows the great plan of Nature. As soon as the leaves appear, the birds are there to protect them from insect pests.

Watch the tree-tops. Warblers of many species are now to be found and identified. It is not easy by any means. Put up bird-houses, if they are not already in position. It is generally best to put them up in the fall or very early in the spring, but it is still not too late. See that they are in places where cats cannot get to the birds. In some places it is necessary to put a tin guard around the tree; or if you can't use that, put sticky fly-paper around it and it will answer the same purpose. It takes a brave cat to climb over this fly-paper.

Study the songs of the birds and watch how they court. This is the great love-making month and affection is usually shown by wonderful bursts of song.

Watch the nest building. Many species begin to nest in May, but the great nesting season reaches its height in June. It is well to keep a census of the nests on your place.

Take bird walks. Do not forget your field-glasses, note-book, and camera.

Provide nesting material for the birds. This can consist of cotton, pieces of string, lint, moss and various light objects that will help them in their work. For swallows, have ready a mud puddle where the birds can secure their mud.

Make a bird sanctuary out of your farm.

MAKING MONEY AT HOME BY DEVELOPING FILMS

Developing the films and making prints from them is an entirely feasible way for a boy or a girl to earn money in vacation time, for there are many amateur photographers who either do not know how to do the work for themselves or are not willing to bother with it.

Take a spare room in the attic, a corner of the cellar, or a part of the back yard, and you will have all the need to do all the finishing you get. The principal thing is to have water at hand.

Having chosen the site for the dark room, fit the room up. There must be at least one window. Build a bench along this one side of the room or set an old table against the wall, to serve as a bench. If you can, put a sink in one corner near the end of the bench.

MANY THRONES HAVE CRASHED IN DECADE

DEMOCRACIES INCREASE FROM 3 TO 16

Fall of Kings and Rise of Republics Interesting Political Developments in Europe

The extraordinary changes which have been wrought in the political fabric of Europe in the last ten years probably never have been so strikingly demonstrated as when an enterprising newspaper man recently commenced to collect statistics on the fall of kings and the rise of governments, says a Paris despatch. His results show that in 1914 there were twenty-three heads of European states, of which twenty were sovereigns and three presidents of republics.

Now, in the year 1924, there exist twenty-nine distinct sovereignties over the same amount of territory. Of this number, there remain but thirteen monarchies, benevolent or despotic, and the number of republics, more or less democratic, has increased to sixteen. Such have been the results of the World War.

Changes in Italy and Spain. Here is the status quo in which Europe found itself a decade back. Kings or their equivalent headed the governments of Great Britain, Italy, Spain, Belgium, Holland, Denmark, Sweden, Norway, Rumania, Bulgaria, Serbia, Monaco, Luxembourg, Greece, Montenegro, Albania. There were emperors in Germany, Austria, Russia, and a Sultan in Turkey. Only France, Switzerland and Portugal could boast of presidents and republics.

Here is the situation, to-day, not taking into account the various changes which have come over the political regime in Italy and Spain. There still remain kings in those countries and in Great Britain, Belgium, Denmark, Sweden, Norway, Rumania, Bulgaria, a queen in Holland and a grand duchess in Luxembourg. There is a new king, Alex-

If you cannot have a sink, get a large shallow box and line it with white oil-cloth; it will do just as well. Then get an extra table for the opposite side of the room and a chair or two.

Fit the window with a light frame built of laths or thin wood and covered with tar paper. Hinge one side of the frame to the window frame so that you can swing it open or close it at will. Lap the paper over the edges of the frame, to shut out all light, and block up every crack or hole in the room so that when the doors and window shutter are closed everything inside is as black as tar.

If there is no running water in the room, keep two or three buckets of clear water under the bench. The sink need not be piped outside. A drain-pipe that will carry the waste water into a tub underneath will serve the purpose.

The apparatus that you will need is: Two trays, about five inches by seven inches, a printing frame, a ruby light, a large washing dish (enameled dish pan), a few sheets of clean blotting paper, cheesecloth, a print trimmer, clean bottles and scales.

Good trays can be made by painting clean cardboard covers with several coats of paraffin, inside and out.

If you have not a ruby light, make one by cutting a hole about three inches square in the side of a starch box and fitting a piece of red glass over the opening or pasting a piece of red paper over it. The glass and the paper can be bought at any photographic supply house. Use a candle or a small kerosene lamp for a light, but make a hole in the top of the box to carry off the heat. Shield the hole from the front so that the light will not strike the tray that contains your film. If your house has electric lights the best way is to use a four-candle-power lamp in the box.

For drying the prints, stretch the cheesecloth over light wooden frames. After you have washed the prints lay them face down on the cloth and place the frame over a gentle heat.

The professional finisher makes a large profit because he buys his supplies at wholesale and makes his own developing, toning and fixing baths; but the amateur finisher cannot do that.

The usual charge for developing is from ten to twenty-five cents a roll of film, according to the size, and from three to five cents apiece for the prints. That will average about thirty-five cents for developing, and making six prints from each film you handle, and of that amount at least twenty cents should be profit. Five films a day means a profit of six dollars a week.

But do not expect business to come to you unsought and by accident. Let people know what you can do by displaying a sign large enough to be read easily, and by every other kind of advertising that you can afford.

ander I., ruler of the Serbs-Croats-Slovenes. There the list ends.

On the other hand, there is a most impressive list of republics or states which call themselves republics in one form or another. There is still France, Switzerland and little Portugal. And there is now Germany, with Ebert as President; Soviet Russia, with Kalinine as chief; Austria, with Hainisch; Hungary, under Admiral Horthy; Poland, with M. Stanislas Wojciechowski; Czechoslovakia, with Masaryk; Finland, with M. J. K. Staalberg; Estonia, with Constantine Paets; Latvia, with M. J. Tschakste; Lithuania, with M. A. Stulginskis; Turkey, with Mustapha Kemal; Greece, at present with a regent, Admiral Condouriotis, and the Irish Free State, under Cosgrave.

How Much Salt in the Sea?

At first it strikes one as strange that, although the sea must originally have been formed of distilled water—that is, congealed watery vapor—and though all the rivers that flow into it, estimated to amount in the aggregate to 4,500 cubic miles, of water every year, are fed exclusively by rainfall, which is also distilled water, it should nevertheless be extremely brackish, very salt indeed in the Tropics, and less salt at the Poles.

Yet it is chiefly the rivers that account for the saltiness of the sea. It is estimated that they carry something like 100,000,000 tons of saline matter into the ocean every year, and, further, that the ocean holds in suspension no less than 140 billion tons of salt, a quantity sufficient, if extracted, to cover the dry surface of the earth to a depth of 400 feet.

It is believed that 90,000,000 years have been required for the sea to attain its present saltiness.



And Ragtime It Ought to Be. "Do you intend to hear the 'Tramp's Opera' when it's produced?" "No—it'll be nothing but ragtime, I'm sure."

A Garden Chapel

She seeks her garden in the hush of day,
In those still hours when western hills crests burn,
When wings have sought the nest, and far away
T mountain haunts the restless winds return.

Serene she walks each hushed and fragrant aisle
As if it were a quiet path of prayer,
And pauses now and then with tender smile
To mountain haunts the restless winds return.

In that grave pacing slow I know she leaves
Her world that has so much of care and pain
Until through gates that close on all that grieves
She comes to peace in some untrodden fane.

Returning to the ways she knows so well,
She seems like one who in a secret place
Has heard a voice of love ineffable
Speak words of healing and eternal grace!

—Arthur Wallace Peach.

The Foolishness of Fear.

Not long ago, writes Miss Winifred Rhoades, I read a doctor's statement about a woman who had become so afraid of eating that she was prolonging a miserable and sick existence on nothing except a few sips of sweetened water a day. Others live so much in fear of germs that they will not lay their hands upon a doorknob, and, if they are obliged to pass a coin to a car conductor, they handle it with paper. One woman of whom I have lately heard makes her life a torture to herself and cuts it off from the normal, helpful intercourse with others because she is possessed with the fear of accidental contact with certain forms of disease or of lurking danger in glass particles and such things.

The habit of seeing things out of their true proportion is everlastingly causing misery. We let ourselves brood on the hardships of our lot and underrate the joys that life also offers, or we fix our attention on the dangers all around us and disregard the glory of living a life of usefulness and brave adventure in the midst of risk. It is of course true that at times disease is sent broadcast into a community by some one's ignorance or carelessness, and the act teaches us the necessity of being honorably careful. But we know also that for the most part the dangerous germs that get into the body are destroyed by minute friendly organisms that are working for health. Most people who touch doorknobs do not die from the contact. And in any case are not the helpful tasks of daily life worth performing even in the face of some risk?

The act is that life is a hazardous business. That is the kind of discipline to which God has subjected us. But God calls us to live our lives, not in fear and dread, but in trust and confidence and hopeful expectation. Why be always expecting the worst? We walk in the midst of risks and dangers but happy are they who go forward day by day in strong confidence in the goodness of the universe, who hold that faithful living of the life of love

leads to a happy issue, and who expect to find that happy issue somewhere in God's good time.

The Memorial.

I am glad that little grows to less,
And then to no sure thing.
How sad were that memorial, in duress
Of no diminishing.
To stand forever faithful to the tale
Of what we strived for, found not, in this vale!

—Richard Kirk.

Why He Wept.

The teacher had been telling the class about the way in which Alexander the Great had conquered the world, going on from one country to another, until at last there was nothing more for him to look forward to. She related how, after he had conquered India, instead of giving a great feast to celebrate his victories, he sat down and wept bitterly.

"Now, children," she asked, "why do you think Alexander wept?" Bobby was in the back row and up went his hand.

"Yes, Bobby," said the teacher, beaming. "Please, miss," came the eager, if incorrect reply, "because he didn't know the way back."

Envy's Tale.

Jane, the elder of twins, had been ill with the fever, and was now in a convalescent home.

Marie, the other twin, heard with envy of the luscious foods and fruits her recuperating sister was enjoying.

Next day an aunt paid a visit to inquire after the patient. "Well, Marie," she asked, "what will you do when you're grown up?" "Convalescent!" was the decisive reply.

The French Government recently gave Pierre Lafargue, a peasant farmer, a medal because his family had continuously farmed the same piece of land for 1,151 years.

Jack Miner, Premier Bird Protector

From Hudson Bay to the sunny south there is probably no place so attractive to the migrating birds as the home of Jack Miner, of Kingsville, Ontario. Jack Miner is Canada's foremost and famous bird-man. His land holdings, which are about three miles from the shore of Lake Erie, have been set apart as a Crown Lands Bird Sanctuary. He is the bird's premier protector, naturalist, lecturer, and author of a recent book entitled "Jack Miner and the Birds."

The Miner Bird Sanctuary has become not only a near-paradise for the birds, and waterfowl, but also a mecca for human visitors who journey thither to get visible proof of the veritable

"Remember that it is the human race that is wild, not the birds. Birds are wild because they have to be, and we are wild because we prefer to be. Always throw feed and kindness at the birds, and watch results."

We have it from Jack Miner's own lips that he has fed as much as twenty-five hundred bushels of grain to the birds within three months, which, coupled with other kindly measures of his, has clearly demonstrated to his neighbors and to sportsmen far and wide that bird protection pays annual dividends of at least 200 per cent.

Jack Miner has created such favorable conditions that wild Canada geese



Jack Miner, Canada's famous bird lover, naturalist and author, is shown feeding some of his pets. Asked how he got the birds so tame, his reply was: "Throw a handful of corn instead of a thimbleful of shot."

wonders wrought by a remarkable man in less than a score of years. Here is a tract of some two hundred acres transformed into a beautiful reservation by the planting of thousands of evergreen trees, native shrubs, lilacs and roses. Bird-houses, ornate and artistic, lure many kinds of the most desirable tenants, and the artificial ponds attract so many wild (elsewhere) ducks, swans and geese that the Miner homestead has been called the "hub of the bird universe."

What is the secret of Jack Miner's success? It will be readily grasped by every reader of his book. For a clue let us have a few of the author's own words, surely striking as well as significant:—

He has studied them close up, and through his practice of tagging and tracing them has acquired a wealth of interesting data in relation to their summer and winter abodes and the routes traversed to and fro. Upon his tags he has stamped a short verse of Scripture, so that the bearers thereof become spiritual messengers to those into whose hands they fall.

Besides those great birds that picturequely wing their danger-fraught way in living wedge, there are many others that Jack Miner protects and befriends. Quail, robins, martins, game-bird and waterfowl, all find welcome and safe harbor in the Miner Sanctuary.

Things You Want to Know About Home Decoration

By DOROTHY ETHEL WALSH, National Authority on Home Furnishings

When one examines the furniture of early periods from the point of view of determining wherein necessity guided the designer, one usually finds a path of absorbing interest. The high chair backs fashioned as a protection against drafts, the wood of the seats designed for the same reason, the foot rails introduced to allow the chair's occupant to raise his feet from cold floors, give us a new perspective toward the furnishings which preceded those we now enjoy.

The illustration to-day shows a Jacobean chair, a development of the Elizabethan, which preceded it. Many similar features. The foot rail, a comfort found in the late Elizabethan, is prominent in the Jacobean period. English workmen copied foreign patterns, so that many types can be traced in these articles known as English products. Many articles from Flanders were brought into England during Elizabeth's reign and their influence is carried through into the Jacobean. Pendants and ovals were set in relief on moldings, and scroll work in the shape of the letter S was frequently used. Low relief carving and the circular and semi-circular interlaced patterns are characteristic of the art of the times.

Of great dignity, a shade more comfortable than Elizabethan, Jacobean furniture is capable of filling a place in certain modern interiors. It lends itself well to hallways or any parts of the home to which comfort in its modern meaning is not necessary.



WOMAN DWELLS ON BLEAK ISLE ALONE

TO STUDY HABITS OF MIGRATORY BIRDS.

Claims She Gave Secret of Camouflage to World Through Chance.

An extremely interesting though lonely six months is ahead of an English woman naturalist, Miss E. L. Turner, who has just left London to take up her residence on Scott Head Island, two miles out from the wild and desolate coast of Norfolk.

Miss Turner is marshalling herself on this almost unknown and never visited island in order to learn more about bird habits. She has spent years studying birds, but confesses she has gained little real knowledge about them. She is particularly anxious to find out something more about migratory birds, and on this island in the North Sea she will be able to keep watch of their arrival.

Her Invisible Tent.

There are no houses on Scott Head Island, and Miss Turner has taken her own tent, a weirdly painted affair which housed some curiosity among the scientists who accompanied her a far as the coast.

"The tent," explained Miss Turner, "is the one from which I believe the British army took the idea of camouflage."

lage. I used it in the Farnes Islands as a hiding place while watching birds there in the winter of 1914. It became a dirty yellow and could be seen all over the island, so one day I got some green paint for it. The day was windy. I clutched at the flapping canvas and dabbed paint on it as best I could. Then I walked away from it, and, to my astonishment, it became invisible."



Not Drawn to Political Note.

"Well, the ladies have the vote now—I suppose your wife is noticing the hats in the ring?" "Not as much as she's noticing the hats in the show windows, I'm sorry to say."

What Is Strategy?

At an examination for commissioned officers the following question was asked of a sergeant: "What is strategy? Give me an instance of it." After cogitating for a moment or so, the sergeant gave the reply: "When in battle, and you are out of ammunition, and you don't want the enemy to know it, it is good strategy to keep on firing."

I will not meddle with what I cannot mend.

LAWNS AND LAWN MAKING

By J. E. Carter, President, Ontario Horticultural Association

Damaged lawns should be repaired early in the spring, so that the grass will get a good start before the weather becomes warm. Early spring is also a good time to make new lawns, although it is sometimes better to grow some cultivated crop like potatoes and do the actual seeding in September. This will depend upon the character of the soil.

Not infrequently building operations result in a large amount of stiff subsoil being spread over the surface of the ground. The best plan to follow under such circumstances is to plough or spade in a heavy application of stable manure that is well rotted. If the manure cannot be obtained, about the same result will follow if cow peas or crimson clover be grown the first season and ploughed under with a liberal application of bone meal added before seeding.

Bare patches in established lawns may be restored by scarifying the soil with an iron rake and spreading grass seed thickly. Depressions in the lawn can be removed by cutting out the turf and adding good loam, replacing the turf again level with the rest of the surface. A good dressing of bone meal and wood ashes will help to keep the grass in condition throughout the summer. Nitrate of soda acts more quickly and is especially valuable in giving a deeper color to the grass. Sulphate of ammonia acts in about the same way and is to be preferred where the lawn is weedy, as its application has a detrimental effect on weedy growth. Either of these fertilizers is best applied just before or just after rain. If applied when the grass is dry they are apt to draw moisture from the grass tissues. The rate of application is about fifty pounds for a quarter of an acre. This figures out to about one-half pound for one hundred square feet. If bone meal and wood ashes are used, the two should total the same amount.

Rolling is of great benefit to an established lawn, especially in early

spring when the ground is soft. The use of a heavy roller will serve to iron out many minor inequalities in the surface and press small stones into the ground out of the way.

If a new lawn is to be made, the surface must first be made perfectly level. It is understood, of course, that deep working of the soil and the addition of fertilizers must have been preliminary. Lawns are expected to endure for many years, but they will soon run out if the grass roots have only a few inches of good soil in which to feed.

Plenty of seed should be used in starting a new lawn. Care should be taken to apply the seed evenly. The best time for seeding is generally either in the morning or near evening on a day when there is little or comparatively no wind. The lawn should be tamped or rolled after seeding to bring the seeds into close contact with the soil and to prevent undue evaporation of moisture.

For quick results sod may be used, and steep banks and terraces should always be sodded rather than seeded, as should also the edges of roads and walks along a newly made lawn. It is important that the sod be cut thin and kept clean and free from weeds, and that the ground be properly prepared before it is laid. Sod properly cut and laid grows very easily, provided it is set firmly on the surface of the ground by the use of a roller or tamper, and well watered until established.

Grass should be cut as soon as it is a few inches high, care being taken to see that the mower is very sharp so as not to pull out any of the grasses. This cutting should be continued throughout the season.

A good lawn will usually carry through the season without artificial watering, but if water is applied the soil should be saturated to a good depth and then not watered again until dry. The general custom of a daily superficial sprinkling is most injurious.

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If you want quality, buy Peerless Fencing. My prices are as low as the cheaper grades offered for sale.

CORRUGATED IRON, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 ft. lengths.

CEDAR SHINGLES.

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All the above lines bought in car lots, and at cash load prices, so we pass them on to you.

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Use our Free Air Pump, you are welcome to it.

John McFaul & Son, Lachute.

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I still have a large assortment of fine cloth, from which you can pick a smart Spring and Summer Suit.

I am also carrying Ready Made-Suitings, in the latest cuts and Styles. Alterations on these Suits will be made Free.

Call in and See. They are just what you need and prices are Right.

Ladies' Suits made to order.

GEORGE LICOP, Merchant Tailor,

Next to J. D. Campbell's Store, Main Street,

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We deal in Foreign and Domestic Marble and Granite, first class work and the best material in all latest designs, always on hand.

Satisfaction guaranteed in all kinds of Cemetery work, Monuments, Headstones, Terms to suit Purchasers.

W. M. SCOTT, Prop.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

Standard Time.

GOING EAST.

No. 420, due at Lachute at 8.28 p.m.
No. 422 due at Lachute at 10.30 a.m.
No. 424 due at Lachute at 7.22 p.m.

GOING WEST.

No. 421 due at Lachute at 9.30 a.m.
No. 423 due at Lachute at 6.01 p.m.
No. 425 due at Lachute at 8.20 p.m.
J. S. GILES, Town Agent, Lachute.

CANADIAN NATIONAL RAILWAYS

Going West Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 12.01 p.m.

Going East Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 10.30 a.m.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
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We have always on hand, Beef, Pork, Bacon and Ham, Fresh Sausages, and all kinds of vegetables, Fruits and a choice line of Canned Goods.

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Main Street, Lachute

A lot of Cups and Sauces colored. While they last at \$2.00 per dozen.
W. BANFORD & SON.

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Insurance is something you cannot do without. I have the most reliable and substantial Companies in which you may safely rely.

Our rates are lowest.
Our service prompt.

Ring up 101 ring 5 and we will be pleased to explain our new system to cover you from Fire, Life, and any risk.

MICHAEL MALACKET, Lachute, Que.



Special Announcement

We are pleased to announce that we have recently added the famous NEPTUNITE VARNISH to our complete stock of Lowe Brothers "High Standard" Paints and Varnishes.

When we tell you that a surface finished with Neptunite Varnish will withstand the heat of a Hot Iron and that hot dishes, boiling water, and acids have no effect on it, you can easily appreciate what an extraordinary varnish Neptunite is.



Because of the quality of the gums used in making Neptunite Varnish—hard gums that come all the way from India, Africa, and New Zealand—Neptunite can be depend upon to give you a most durable finish. It is beautiful; easy to apply, quick to dry, and ECONOMICAL.

Descriptive booklets supplied free on request at our store.

W. D. McOUAT, Lachute.

ST. ANDREWS EAST.

Miss Walsh was a traveller to Montreal last Wednesday.

Miss Joan Annendale, was in Montreal on Friday.

Mr. N. F. MacGregor Jr., spent the week-end with Mr. Shirley Simpson, Montreal.

Mr. and Mrs. Alec. LeRoy spent last Tuesday with Mr. and Mrs. Morrison, Lachute.

Mrs. Taylor and little son of Berdeaux, were recent guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Fraser.

The Rev. W. A. and Mrs. Howard, left Monday morning for Ottawa, for a short visit with Mr. Howard's mother and brothers.

Mr. and Mrs. Douglas Jeffrey and family, Montreal, motored out Sunday to Mrs. Geo. Jeffreys.

Miss Adria Dorion, R.V.H., Montreal, is at present at home with her parents Mr. and Mrs. O. Dorion.

Mrs. W. Jeffrey with her friend Miss Gillett, went to Montreal Thursday, returning Saturday evening.

Mrs. N. F. MacGregor went to Montreal a week ago Thursday, returning with Mr. MacGregor Friday evening.

Mrs. (Rev.) J. E. Ireland Montreal, with her daughter Miss Ireland, was among those who spent the Empire day holidays at their summer cottage.

Mr. W. Shaw, and Mr. W. A. M. Howard, Montreal, were among the usual week-enders at their respective homes.

Miss Carmel Besserer, with her friend Mr. Munroe and Miss Yvonne Ladouceur, Montreal, were week-end visitors of their parents.

Among those who have visited Montreal since our last report, are Mr. G. W. Rodger, Mr. W. J. Shepherd and Dr. B. N. Wales.

Mr. and Mrs. Watt of Montreal, were guests of Mrs. Geo. Jeffreys; the former spending the last ten days, while Mr. Watt spent the week-end.

Mr. Leonard Pollock of Mille Isles, and Miss Rodger, visited St. Andrews East on Sunday evening, and attended service in the Presbyterian Church.

Miss B. Robertson, Montreal, with her nieces the Misses Margaret and Janet Barclay, were week-end guests of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Robertson.

Mr. H. B. Haig is a visitor at the "Hats," where he will spend a few days with his aunt Mrs. C. L. Adam. He has just returned from a voyage to the West Indies.

Miss Lizzi Hendrie motored to Montreal on Sunday afternoon with Mr. and Mrs. Douglas Jeffrey, who visited St. Andrews on Sunday, returning on Monday evening.

Public Worship will be held in the Presbyterian Church on Sunday, June 8th, at 11 a.m. and 7.30 p.m. (standard time.) Rev. Mr. Fairbairn, of Montreal, will preach at both services.

The most heartfelt sympathy of the whole community goes out to Mr. and Mrs. Raymond and family, in the death of their eldest daughter, Florence, who has been ill for several months, at the home of her Uncle and Aunt, Dr. and Mrs. Legault.

GRENVILLE BAY.

Mr. H. White is the present guest of his mother Mrs. White.

Mrs. Thos. Grey spent Thursday visiting her friends at Lachute.

Mrs. J. Cartwright spent Decoration Day in the State of Vermont.

We are glad to hear that Mr. E. D. Chantal has opened up again after the fire.

Mrs. J. Kelly opened her summer house to friends on the 24th, at Kingie Cottage.

Mrs. Snyder is the present guest of her sister and brother-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. Cartwright.

The Ladies' Aid was entertained at the home of Mrs. Hilliker on Wednesday. Fancy work was the order of the day. Tea was served at four by the hostess Mrs. Gill and Mrs. Lloyd.

CUSHING.

Miss H. Dobbie spent the week-end in Lachute the guest of Mr. and Mrs. P. Dobbie.

Mr. and Mrs. Russel Kennedy and daughter Wilma, of St. Maryville, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Archie Graham Saturday evening.

Mrs. A. Walford spent a few days at Pine Cottage last week, and Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Walford came Friday night for a short rest.

Mrs. J. Richardson and son Howard and Miss Margaret and Meredith Burton of Montreal, were week-end guests of Mrs. Jas. Cleland.

Miss J. Gray, of Point Fortune, Miss Elsie Gray, of Ottawa, and Mr. P. Stewart were guests of Mr. and Mrs. L. M. Gaston Saturday night.

Miss Isabel Black of Mabel, and Mr. Raymond Joly, of Waterloo, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Archie Graham on Monday afternoon of this week.

Mr. James Weir, of the C. P. R. visited his parents on Friday of last week, and Mrs. Geo. Bromby and family of Montreal, also Miss Miron Weir and Miss Eva Booth were week-end guests. Mr. George Bromby motored up for Sunday.

Cushing School closed Friday with a small picnic which was much enjoyed in spite of the cold wind. The prizes given for the year's work were fairly won. The Misses Florence and Alry Moncrieff gained the regular attendance prize, having been neither late nor absent all year, and both winning the prizes given for their grade work, grades VI and V.

Walter Stames was the prize winner in Grade IV; Elsie Morrow in Grade III; Gordon Allard in Grade II. Home work prizes were won by Florence Moncrieff, Ernest Morrow, and James Fraser.

The Rev. Jas. Fraser prize for improvement in writing, M. Canning.

The Rev. Wm. Usher prize for improvement in writing, Wesley Morrow.

Teacher's prize, improvement in writing, Franklin Keatley.

Scripture, Allan Graham.

Improvement prize in Grammar, Kenneth Weir.

There were several prizes given for races which pleased the children who went home wishing they could have the same teacher next year.

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CORRESPONDENCE.

To The Editor of the Watchman, Lachute,

Dear Sir:

I have often heard it remarked that a regular auction sale in this district would prove a great convenience to local farmers seeking a market for their produce, for their stock, and for their surplus of machinery, implements, etc. I feel this way myself, and although being doubtful of the success attending a venture of this kind, I offer the suggestion for comment, to those who may be interested.

The weekly or fortnightly auction sale is invariably a feature, and indeed has come to be a necessity in the Old Country agricultural towns. The sale is conducted by a qualified auctioneer and is held in a space reserved for sale purposes, comprising the necessary pens and stalls, and a ring into which the cattle are led and offered for sale. Farmers and dealers attend these sales from long distances; a farmer has a commodity to sell and he knows where to come to sell it. Here at the Auction Ring are buyers who have come expressly for the purpose of selecting to their own choice, and who are prepared to pay whatever prices may be current at that moment, as are indicated by the bidders themselves. The sales are conducted to the mutual benefit and convenience of all concerned.

Here in Lachute, it seems to me, is the ideal spot for such an auction sale. The town is central, and easily accessible from neighboring towns and districts. Our farmers are ordinarily driving in to town at more or less regular intervals, when shipping of produce, of the replenishing of supplies demands a trip. So it is in the farming districts in England; and the one day which the farmer makes convenient for his trip is "Market Day," when he is sure of meeting his many friends among the grand assembly of farmers and farmers' folks at the sale grounds. I live in hopes of seeing a development similar to this, here in our own locality.

This letter may perhaps bring forth suggestions, ideas or comments from other sources, and I—for one, shall welcome letters in this column from other readers.

Thanking you, dear sir, for the space I have consumed in your valuable paper, and trusting that I may have used it to the purpose of arousing some interest in the question of Auction Sales.

Yours truly,
An Englishman.

CUSHING SCHOOL NO. 2.

Grade VI, Max. 1400.—Florence Moncrieff 1124, Ernest Morrow 1106, Margaret Canning 954, K. Weir 911.

Grade V, Max. 1400.—Alvy Moncrieff 1107, Allan Graham 991, F. Keatley 580.

Grade IV, Max. 1300.—W. Starnes 733, Wesley Morrow 604, (absent for 2 exams.) Edward Moncrieff 492.

Grade III, Max. 1100.—Elsie Morrow 780, Lester Gleason 373, (absent for 4 exams.)

Grade II, Max. 1000.—Gordon Allard 755.

I. GRAHAM, Teacher.

MABEL SCHOOL.

Grade VI, Max. 1500.—Helen Heatlie 1086, Jessie Murdoch 1038, Jas. Black 1009, Bessie Murdoch 802.

Grade IV, Max. 1300.—Fred Brown 920, Stanley Murdoch 917, Kenneth Murdoch 818, Albert Brown 751, P. Clark 735, James Murdoch 634.

Grade II, Max. 700.—Harry Murdoch 555.

Grade I, Pt. II, Max. 700.—Kathleen Murdoch 592, Annie Black 562, Catherine Clark 474.

Grade I, Pt. I, Max. 400.—Marjorie Murdoch 369, Mary Clark 354, George Brown 340, Margaret Heatlie 362.

L. M. DAWSON, Teacher.

STONEFIELD SCHOOL.

PROMOTION EXAMINATIONS.

Promoted to Grade VI.

Honours.—Beatrice McKinnon, G. Frost.

Pass.—Gertrude Deerrick, Mable Goulden.

On Trial.—Wesley Walker, Helen Browning.

Promoted to Grade IV.

Honours.—Annie McKinnon.

Pass.—Eileen Canning, F. Dewar, Irene Derrick, Elizabeth Browning.

On Trial.—Innes Canning.

Promoted to Grade II.

Honours.—John McKinnon, Dorothy Browning, Geraldine Browning.

Promoted to Grade I Sr.

Honours.—James Sims, Joey Derrick.

Pass.—Kathryn Sims, L. O'Brien.

L. M. CROOKS, Teacher.

IN MEMORIAM.

McADAM.—In loving memory of Mrs. David McAdam, formerly Matilda Blair, who died 10th December, 1883, and her loving daughter Sarah, wife of James O'Brien, who died June 6th, 1912, and little Leslie O'Brien, whom we miss so much.

"Nothing but memories as we journey on,
Longing for a smile of the faces that are gone—
Beautiful TOLLERS, thy work all done,
Beautiful souls into glory gone,
Beautiful life with its crown now won—
God giveth them rest,
Rest from all sorrows and watching
Rest from all possible sighing and tears,
Rest through God's endless and wonderful years
At home with the Blest.
Inserted by husband and father,
D. McAdam.

If your car is running,—make use of it. The Rex Theatre, Lachute, is open every evening to provide you with first class entertainment. Programs commence 8.20 p.m. harp.

WATCH YOUR STEP - Concluded.

— : —

If to Church you would aspire,
Don't let a doubt stay your desire,
Whether or no it has a spire.

Watch your Step.
When we're getting old and gray,
More than ever "Watch and pray,"
"Lead Kindly Light" illumine the way.
Guide your Steps.

RYHHOS.—Brownsburg.

PROFESSIONAL COLUMN.

— : —

L. L. LEGAULT, K. C.

Advocate,

Telephone No. 60.

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French

Telephone 73.

LACHUTE, P. QUE.

HIAWATHA 9840.

He is a beautiful dark grey dapple weighing 1700 lbs., will stand at the proprietors stable, every day, except Saturday at Rodrigue's Stables, Lachute.

This horse is in Class 1. Breeders will do well to inspect this horse before seeing others.

TERMS: \$8.00 to insure foal, payable 1st March, 1925. All mares at owner's risk.

J. H. MURDOCH, St. Maryville.

Phone 171 r 1-4. 13-6-4.

REGISTERED CLYDESDALE

STALLION.

"MacMorton," No. 16166.

A pretty horse, sorrel colour, weight 1900 lbs., has won several first prizes, in Saskatchewan, and first prize and Special at Lachute Exhibition in 1922.

Will stand at Rodrigue's Stables every Saturday during June and July

TERMS: \$10.00, payable next March. All mares disposed of before foaling time. The original owner will be held responsible for service, whether mare proves in foal or not. All mares at owner's risk.

EVERETT MCGIBBON, Chatham.

2 miles west of Lachute

Phone 156 r 1-2.

PURE BRED CLYDESDALE

REX THEATRE
 Monday and Tuesday Matinee
WINNERS OF THE WEST
 (Episode 15—LAST CHAPTER.)
 First Class Programmes Shown
 Every night—8.30 o'clock.
 Matinee Sunday at 2.30.

The Watchman,

And Ottawa Valley Advocate.

REX THEATRE
 Thursday—Tonight
PARAMOUNT MAGAZINE
 Francis Bushman & Beverly Bayne in
"MODERN MARRIAGE"
 Admission Sundays and Weekdays
 25 cts. (unless Special Pro-
 gramme is previously announced)

VOL. XLIX.

LACHUTE, QUE., JUNE 13, 1924.

NO. 21.

COAL! COAL!
Lyken's Valley Red Ash
at \$16.50
PLACE YOUR ORDERS AT ONCE
WITH US.
T. McOUAT & SON
 Founders and Machinists, Lachute Mills, Que.

FOR SALE.—A good buggy for \$30.00. OMER GUINDON, Main Street, Lachute.

GARAGE TO RENT.—A spacious garage on Main Street, immediate possession. Apply to M. Ducloux, Rex Theatre, Lachute.

FOR SALE.—McLaughlin Buggy, Rubber Tires, in good order, for sale at once. For particulars apply to Mr. ST. JACQUES, Carriage-Maker, Foundry Street, Lachute.

TEACHERS WANTED.—Three Protestant teachers with elementary diplomas, for Lakefield, Laggan, and North Gore Schools. Salary \$50. per month. Term 8 months. Apply to G. PEET, Sec.-Treas., Lakefield, Que. 13-6-1.

FOR SALE CHEAP.—Radio, two tubes, 4 ear pieces. Complete. Apply to G. J. SHEPPARD, St. Andrews East, of Phone 16 r 5.

FOR SALE.—2 second-hand Dodge Touring Cars in first class condition. T. McOUAT & SON.

FOR SALE.—Registered Holstein bull, 1 year old, also bull calf. Dams giving 68 lbs. milk per day, 4% butter fat. Herd T. B. tested. A. A. MCGIBBON, Phone 120 r 1-3, Brownsburg, Que. 6-20-2.

FORM FOR SALE.—In the Township of Chatham, 1 1/2 miles west of St. Philippe, consisting of 240 acres, good bush, running water, through farm, good house and out-buildings, about 1 1/2 miles from school, cheese factory and churches. Will sell with or without crop. Apply to R. J. GRAHAM, Box 26, St. Philippe. 4-7-4.

FOR SALE.—Pure Bred Ayrshire Bull born May 1923. This is a straight deep bodied bull. Government tested. Price, \$75.00. MORRIS BROS., Lachute, R. R. No. 1. Phone 101 r 2-1. 6-13-1.

FOR SALE.—Laurentian Mountains, Boyd's Lake, Dunany, 7 miles north of Lachute.—SUMMER COTTAGE, furnished, large living room with fireplace, dining room, kitchen, 4 bedrooms, all hard wood floors, large attic, screened porch verandahs, built last year. Ten minutes walk to Dunany Country Club Golf Course. Owner moving West. Further particulars, apply—Wilson, 169 Percival Ave., Montreal West.

Buy your Boy's Suits at W. BANFORD & SON.

NOTICE.
 A meeting of the Laurentian Ayrshire Club will be held in the Rod-rigue Hotel, Lachute, on Saturday, June 14, at 2.00 p.m., standard time. The annual picnic, advertising and other important business to be dealt with.
 C. R. RODGER, Pres.
 6-13-2. ALEX. BOTHWELL, Sec.

Watch and Clock Specialist.
 Bring your repairs to Mr. Belanger, who will do all your work in prompt order. He carries a big assortment of Diamonds, for gifts and Engagement Rings, at a very low price, and will be in his store for business on Thursday, Friday and Saturday of each week.
 Jos. Belanger, near Hill's Store, East Ward, Lachute, Que.
 Phone No. 116 r 2-3.

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Canada Cement
Prices Right
R. Creswell Regist'd

LOCAL NEWS.

Mrs. White, of Montreal, is the guest of Mrs. Wm. Banford.

Miss V. J. Duna was a week-end visitor to Montreal.

Mr. Thos. Millar was a week-end visitor in town.

Miss S. McQuat was in Montreal on Wednesday.

Miss Mary Hope, of Montreal, was the week-end guest of her parents.

Miss Norah Christie of Montreal, was a week-end visitor in town.

Mrs. Geo. Calder is spending this week in Montreal.

Mr. Fred McLaren, of Montreal, was the guest of Mrs. Holland last week-end.

We are pleased to report that Mr. W. A. Houston has recovered from his recent illness.

Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Belanger returned last week from a motor trip to Quebec.

Mr. and Mrs. Crabb, of Montreal, were the week-end guests of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Creswell.

Mrs. John R. McDonald, of Antigonish, N. S., is visiting her many friends in Lachute and vicinity.

Mr. Evan McCallum, of Albany, N. Y., is the guest this week of his aunt, Mrs. A. Beers.

Miss Olive Boyd, of Ottawa, spent the week-end the guest of her father, Mr. W. J. Boyd.

Mr. Arthur McHardy, of Calumet, was a visitor at Mrs. M. Jones' over the week-end.

Mr. and Mrs. M. Jones, spent a couple of days at Ste. Anne de Bellevue and Montreal last week.

Mrs. Leggett, Sr., of Montreal, is spending a few weeks in Lachute, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. George Leggett.

Mrs. Wm. Deacon has reopened her summer home at Lake Louise, where she was hostess to a large number of visitors last Sunday.

Miss Florence McGillivray, of Montreal, with her friend Miss McLaren, was the week-end guest of her father, Mr. Jno. McGillivray.

Mr. and Mrs. Jno. Thorburn and family of Montreal, motored to Lachute and were the week-end visitors of Mrs. Jno. Thorburn.

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Seale and daughter Olive, of Morin Heights, were the week-end guests of Mrs. Wm. Deacon.

The Ladies of St. Simeon's Church intend holding a Lawn Social on Friday, July 4th. Keep the date open!

Mr. Geo. Bain left on June 1st, on a reconnaissance survey of the East end of the Rouin gold fields, in Northern Quebec.

The young ladies from Lachute and vicinity who have been attending McDonald College, returned home last week.

Mr. Wm. Morrison, left on Tuesday morning accompanied by his daughter, Miss Mima to visit friends in San Francisco and other points.

Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Calder and family, with Mrs. Calder, of Nova Scotia, and Mrs. and Dr. Henderson, of Montreal, were week-end visitors in Lachute.

Mrs. C. A. Renaud, of Ottawa, and Miss Cecile Robitaille, of Quebec, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Faulkner at the Ayers Orchard, Brownsburg Road.

Mrs. Geo. Creswell left last Tuesday evening on a two months' trip to Europe, sailing on Wednesday morning on S. S. Melita. She was accompanied to Montreal by her daughter, Miss Evelyn Creswell.

The members of the Baptist Mission Band, of Lachute held a picnic last Saturday afternoon. Conducted by Mrs. Wm. Hall, the Band enjoyed a pleasant drive over surrounding country, in two automobiles, after which an enjoyable outing was spent on the Mountain.

Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Giles sailed on Wednesday for a trip to Europe and the Old Country, with the Canadian Press Association. They were accompanied as far as Montreal by Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Giles and Miss Catherine Giles.

Evening service at the Lachute Baptist Church last Sunday was conducted jointly by Pastor MacEwen and Rev. Jos. Potras, of the Grand Ligne Mission, when six candidates from Roussillon Mission were baptized.

Shower in honor of Miss Dunn.

Grade IX of the Lachute Academy gave a 'Towel Shower' last Friday evening at the close of school, in honor of their teacher, Miss Dunn. Over 20 pupils of the grade, the Principal and Mrs. Brunt, and all the teachers were present. The event came as a pleasant surprise to Miss Dunn, and both scholars and teachers enjoyed a pleasant social time. The gifts were numerous and of serviceable variety, and the occasion attested to Miss Dunn's popularity among her scholars and her fellow workers on the staff of the Academy.

Presentation to Mr. & Mrs. J. S. Giles

It was indeed a "Surprise Party" for Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Giles, when a large number of the townsfolk gathered at their home on Monday evening last, and presented them with a very fine solid leather travelling bag and a handsome umbrella in token of the esteem and regard in which they are held by the residents, with whom they have spent almost 30 years. The gathering, some 40 friends and acquaintances in all, was very representative. Mr. Geo. Calder expressed the sentiments of the assembly in the following few words.

(Lachute, Que., 9th June, 1924.)

Dear Mr. and Mrs. Giles:—

On the eve of your intended trip to "the old land" we, fellow citizens of Lachute, take the opportunity of expressing to you both our deep appreciation of the active interest you have always taken in all matters beneficial here. By your many acts of kindness and sympathy at all times extended to those in need of same, you have most deservedly gained the good-will of all, and as a slight tangible token of our esteem, we ask your acceptance of the accompanying Silk Umbrella and Suit Case.

To you, Mrs. Giles, we would say that we trust the Silk Umbrella may long serve to shield you not only from many outpourings of the elements, but also serve to remind you of friendships formed, the knowledge of which may assist to shield you from many of the troubles and outpourings incident of life.

To you, Mr. Giles, we would say that we hope the Suit Case may be of service to you in carrying the various articles required in travel, though already holding to overflowing the best wishes of your many friends for your continued happiness and prosperity.

Wishing you both, most heartily, "Bon Voyage," a most enjoyable vacation and safe return.

Most sincerely,
 Your Fellow Citizens.

The evening was enjoyably spent, all those present feeling that the occasion had served to cement even closer a friendship of long standing.

A Moose seen near Lachute.

It is pleasing to watch the enlargement and development of our towns and villages; and it is pleasant to know at the same time that the attractions of the countryside are within easy reach, being scarcely a stone's throw distant from the hurry and bustle of town life.

Around our own town of Lachute the cultivated farms and rolling pastures savour still of that essence of wilderness which we all enjoy. During the past week a moose was seen on the property of Mr. Jas. Bain, of Brownsburg Road. The animal, a bull moose of a fair size (it was at first mistaken for a horse, standing as high as a large colt) appeared to feel quite at home, tarrying for some length of time in a field close to the road.

Constant observation will reveal many delightful novelties and surprises on the scene of our daily toils and travels, and we need not tour the mountains for a tang of the countryside.

CHURCH NOTES.

Baptist Church Services on Sunday, June 15th, will be held as follows:—Lachute 11 a.m., Dalesville 3 p.m., Brownsburg 7.30 p.m. Topic: "Things Accented Strange."

Services in the Methodist Church next Sunday will be conducted by the Pastor, Rev. Albert Mathews at Lachute, 11 o'clock and Brownsburg 3 o'clock; subject "Echoes of the Montreal Conference at Gnananque."

Public worship at Lachute at 7.30 The Pastor will preach. All are welcome.

Do not fail to hear Mr. Chas. A. Cooke, Canada's most cultured and distinguished Indian Concert Entertainer. In addition to a rich, deep Bass Voice which he uses to great advantage in such songs as "Big Ben," "The Lost Chord," "The Veterans Song," he is also a great interpreter of drama as will be seen in his rendering of humorous and patriotic recitations. Program of two hours excellent entertainment at the Methodist Church, Lachute next Thursday, at 8 o'clock. Admission 35 cts., Children 20 cts.

Presbyterian Church services will be held next Sunday, June 15th, as follows:—In Lachute at 11.30 a.m. the Communion of the Lord's Supper will be observed. Every member is urged to be present. An evening service will be held in Lachute and Brownsburg at 7.30 o'clock. The minister will conduct the Brownsburg service and Mr. Wadsworth the evening service in Lachute. Everyone is made welcome.

Sunday School in Lachute at 10.30 a.m. A Sunday School picnic is being arranged for June 24th.

Don't forget the special offering for European Protestantism. Preparatory service Friday at 8 p.m.

The Ladies Aid of the Presbyterian Church, Lachute, purpose holding an afternoon Tea in the Church Hall, on Friday, June 13th, from 4 to 6 o'clock. Plants for transplanting will be on sale.

Men's Suits
 Before sending away for your Suits, Men's or Boy's, come in and have a look at ours. We have a large variety of Blue and Grey Serges, Browns and Tweeds of many patterns and plain.
 We have a few for boys up to 25 in good colours and qualities.
 Prices are so low you will not find fault we are sure.

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MAIN STREET, LACHUTE.

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A Splendid Assortment.
 Don't forget that we always have on hand a complete Stock of Men's Furnishings, including Summer Underwear.
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With Double Vision Headaches
 are caused by eyestrain. If you suffer from headaches you ought to question the condition of your eyes.
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 Only an examination can make you sure.
 Have your eyes examined without delay.
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About the House

LOOKING AHEAD FOR THE CHILDREN.

One acre of our farm has been set aside for the children. Our boy in four and our girl is two. We planted twenty fruit trees on a recent holiday for them, about five of each variety. This acre had not been used, and it is well located for a small orchard. The peach trees will be bearing in three years, at which time the boy will be seven and the girl five. The cherries, pears, and other varieties will of course come along later. We plan to prune, spray, and care for the trees ourselves until they are older, and allow the children to market the fruit to their own profit. We are within twenty minutes of a good market, and of course there will be some market at our gate, which is on the public highway.

We are also setting out berry plants for them on the border of our place. These will be bearing soon, and can be picked by the children when they are older.

Then the boy has eight hens, which he helped to hatch in the spring. He keeps these hens in a separate coop and feeds and waters them regularly.

We believe that when the children are older all this will be healthful work for them in the summer vacation, right at home, and they will have a measure of responsibility. The boy is already proud of his part ownership in the trees, and in time they both will swell their savings account for college from the sale of the fruit. They will be managing, under direction, a small business of their own. They will be kept busy. So far I've found that when my children are kept busy and interested, automatically they are good.—C. J.

CURTAINS ARE IMPORTANT.

It takes only a tiny touch of bright colors to set a room off, and the first thing we know, instead of a dreary, stupid, rather tiresome feeling place, we have a bright, cheerful, attractive room. The curtains and draperies afford a chance to indulge in livelier color than we can use in the wall paper, rugs, or upholstery.

They need not be expensive. There are innumerable materials with which we may get the prettiest of effects without paying an enormous sum of money.

First of all, have you looked over the gingham and chambray in your local dry-goods store? Have you considered the possibilities of the volles, or cheesecloth, or dress muslins, and unbleached cotton cloth? Every one of these materials offers an almost unlimited opportunity for pretty and inexpensive curtains, with the addition of a little ingenuity and a little taste. Then there are the pretty and inexpensive reticulated and chintzes. The darker ones for dining and living rooms, the lighter ones for the bedrooms. In the more expensive materials, there are the fine silks and the sumptuous velvets and velvets.

But the secret of making the room bright and attractive lies in getting the right color and the right texture. The color must match the wall paper, be a little stronger, so as to separate the window from the walls a little, and also be something like the rug and upholstery in tone. For example, tan walls may have tan, coral, brown, or for contrast blue, or blue and tan, or blue, tan, and brown. They may even show a little orange or red. But be sure that some of the colors in the curtains are in wall, rug, and chair coverings.

For the bedroom we often choose a plain color that is exactly the same shade as the color of the flowers in the

paper. If the paper is white with green leaves and blue flowers, the curtains would naturally be blue, the same as the flowers. A little blue gingham would be perfect. And if inside curtains of thinner material are used, these could be a simple, plain, clear white voile or scrim, possibly with a narrow tatted edge. Usually these glass curtains follow the tone of the background color of the paper. If that is warm and creamy, then keep the curtains similar—quite creamy. If yellowish, then use a more yellowish tone. If the background is white, a white curtain is used.

Many of these simpler glass curtain materials may be used to brighten the room by the addition of a tiny band of coloring to match the paper. With the heavier cloth like the unbleached cotton, crossway bands in cretonne, satin, or colored cotton are often very pretty and effective. Especially in this true in the bedrooms where bed covers may be made to match. Cheesecloth is likewise a sensitive and fascinating material to use—and a dipping in the dye-pot will make it any color you wish. The light filters through it very nicely, and it is very pretty for almost any room in the house.

Texture needs a word. Some materials are rough, some are smooth. If your wall paper is very smooth, it is best to avoid using a coarse texture or rough-feeling material at the window. If the paper or wall is rather rough, then avoid the smooth-finished material. These are small points, but they often make a great difference in the way a room feels to you. The mixture of textures is like having two people contradicting you at the same moment—very disturbing.

THAT SMELL OF COOKING.

The pleasant smell of dried coffee grounds sprinkled on a hot shovel will counteract the unpleasant odors of cooking in a house. A few of the grounds scattered on the top of the kitchen range will keep the smell of food from spreading to other rooms. Try this plan when fish is being fried.

Rooms in which people have been smoking usually have a stale smell when opened in the morning. This can be largely prevented if, before going to bed at night, a big bowl or a pail of water is put in the room. When there is illness and windows in rooms must to a large extent be kept closed, the air may be delightfully freshened if some dried lavender is put in a bowl and this is then covered with very hot water. The addition of a little dried orange peel makes the fragrance more agreeable.

A PRACTICAL PLAY SUIT FOR BOY OR GIRL.



4242. Here is a new and pleasing version of the Romper style, with outstanding pocket sections, and comfortable sleeve. Chambray, gingham, khaki, linen and cretonne are good for this design.

The Pattern is cut in 5 Sizes—2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 years. A 4-year size requires 2½ yards of fabric material. To trim as illustrated will require ½ yard of 36-inch contrasting material.

Pattern mailed to any address on receipt of 15c in silver, by the Wilson Publishing Co., 73 West Adelaide St., Toronto. Allow two weeks for receipt of pattern.

Send 15c in silver for our up-to-date Spring & Summer Book of Fashions.

PIE THICKENING.

A heaping teaspoonful of an instantaneous tapioca sprinkled over the bottom crust or mixed with the juice of fruit pies makes a more palatable thickening than either flour or cornstarch.

CHRIST'S BAPTISM RECALLED ANNUALLY

BY SPLENDID FETE IN BUCHAREST.

Greek Orthodox Church Celebrates "Water's Holy Day" With Great Ceremonial.

Toward the end of January the Greek Catholic or orthodox church in Bucharest celebrates "water's holy day." This is one of the greatest festival days of the church. It is devoted to the remembrance of the day when Christ went down to the River Jordan to be baptized by John the Baptist, writes Hanne Serno.

In all orthodox countries, as in Russia, Greece, Serbia, Bulgaria, Armenia and Rumania, the day is celebrated with great splendor. The running water, wells, rivulets, streams and lakes, is hallowed on water's day and possesses at that time a miraculous power.

Men go out that morning to have ice cold water from the pump in the yard run over their head and bodies so that they may be protected against all sickness during the year. Everywhere processions are held by the clergy, followed by the town authorities, soldiers and the people. The procession goes to the nearest river. There a golden cross is thrown into the water by the highest clergyman.

Two men of the people jump into the ice cold water to get the cross out again. Since the winters are extremely cold in Russia and Rumania, a hole must be made in the ice for this ceremony. In Russia a soldier used to be ordered to dive for the cross. In Rumania, however, it is usually a peasant who offers himself for this service in the hope of a big reward.

Picturesque Procession.
The bigger the town is the more splendid is this procession. In Bucharest, where are situated the king's residence and the homes of the highest Rumanian clergy, the procession is particularly brilliant. The train goes from the king's palace, through the main street, the Calea Victoriei, down to Slatar church and thence to the Dambovitza river.



The good health of the King is partially explained by the above photograph, showing His Majesty out for his regular morning ride in Windsor Park. The first generation travels at a sedate pace, but at the same time manages to stay on.

STORIES OF WELL-KNOWN PEOPLE

Too Much for Balfour.

Mr. (now Lord) Balfour was one day strolling near his Scottish home at Whittinghame when he was accosted by an old man hailing from a neighboring village. On being presented with a shilling, the man whispered to Mr. Balfour: "Mon, d'oe ye ken what I'm gae to tell ye?" "No," replied the statesman. "Well," was the rejoinder, "it's gae to rain seventy-two days." Mr. Balfour, thinking to have a little fun with him, remarked: "That cannot be, for the world was entirely flooded in forty days." "But," returned the old fellow, "the world wana see weel drained then it is now."

Field-Marshal's "Crimes."

Field-Marshal Sir William Robertson, in conversation recently regarding his early days in the Army—he joined up as a private when seventeen years old—he confessed that his first "crime" was letting a prisoner go, his second, letting a horse go, and then at Brighton, at a Volunteer review, a man who was under his charge retrenched himself too freely and his horse ran away with him.

The Colonel then said to young Robertson: "I am getting sick of you; first you let a man go, then you let a horse go, now you let a man and horse go!"

A Threat That Had Effect.

General Sir Archibald Macdonnell has found himself on occasion in as ticklish situations as that recently precipitated by his irrepressible cadets, and has emerged by dint of no less masterly generalship.

As commissioner of the Royal North-west Mounted Police it was once his duty to try an Indian for murder. The prisoner had been haled out of the far north together with a woman, the only witness of the crime. But to the dismay of the prosecution the squaw, who

At the head of the procession walk two priests with the golden cross. The metropolitan-primate follow with the flag, other members of the royal house and foreign princes. Next comes the entire retinue of the king, the ministers and foreign ambassadors, the city authorities and high army officers.

After the church ceremony is over, the king views a parade of his soldiers. In former times, before King Carol became sovereign of Rumania, the princes, called voyvods or boyars, and their wives appeared at the procession in their exquisitely beautiful national costumes on special two-wheeled carriages pulled by two, four or six horses, according to the rank of the owner. That was a colorful sight.

Though the modern water's day procession lacks this particular trait, the procession is still very picturesque.

Blown Sails.

The clouds before the norther scud Across the wintry sky. Like sails in ribbons blown away From all the ships gone by— The ships that labored in the wind And wallowed in the foam, And sometimes never saw again The harbor lights of home.

Brown sails of barks from tropic parts Below the stormy capes, With cargoes of mahogany And parakeets and apes— Gray sails of schooners odoriferous Of fish and briny sea, White sails of clippers sweet with scents Of cinnamon and tea.

The snowy cloths that towered aloft On frigates proud and tall, Patched canvas lost from dingy sloops In hurricane or squall. Topgallants, royals, flying jibs Bellowing in the blast, Ripped from the stays and swept away To black abysses vast.

Borne on the tempest's thrashing wings Between the sky and spume, They rode the elemental strife And vanished in the gloom— The clouds before the norther fly, Unquiet ghosts of sails Blown long ago from hapless ships That foundered in the gales.

—Mina Irving.

Collecting Wild Flower Names.

A holiday-maker on a walking tour in England asked the country people the common names of the wild plants of the vicinity. He found that both the children and the adults were well acquainted with the wild flowers, but that the names they gave him were often different from any that he could find in books. Many of them were poetic or quaintly descriptive, and some had historical associations.

After returning home the man continued to take walking tours and to follow the practice of collecting the every day names of plants and flowers. Our Canadian wild flowers, like those of England, are connected with our national life, as is seen in the names that the common people give to the plants of our roadside fields and woods. The number and the significance of the names have been only partly studied, and there are probably more of them that have never been recorded than are set down in books.

In collecting the names it is not safe to accept every answer to an inquiry as being useful to your purpose, because some of the names may be only the expression of personal fancies. "I don't know just what the right name is," but I call it so-and-so." If others conversant with plants in the same neighborhood recognize the name when they hear it you can know that you have a true folk name.

In the report, enter the scientific name, the popular name, the neighborhood where it bears that name and the reason why it bears it. If you can discover the reason.

Have a botanist identify your specimens if you do not know them. Communicate your discoveries from time to time to your local natural history club or to a plant journal, as a contribution to the knowledge of our national folklore.



Listens to Fiction Now.

Old Friend—"Do you read fiction at night like you used to do?"
Wife—"No, not at all. I have my husband to listen to now every evening, you know."

The Innkeeper of the Rhine.

Across the Rhine a company of French engineers were building a pontoon bridge to join their restored province of Alsace with the German land on the other side, which France holds as a defensive bridgehead. One of the pontoons gave a lurch, and in a moment two French engineers were in the stream. Away the swift current swept them as if to certain death.

Just below them on the bank stood Max Fladt, the innkeeper of Keillon-the-Rhine, opposite Strasbourg. The two men were enemies of his country, and he knew that seven Germans had recently been condemned to death for damaging French property and were even then in prison at Mayence. Nevertheless, flinging off his coat, he plunged into the river. A strong man and an expert swimmer, he caught the two Frenchmen as they were passing him and brought them safe to the shore.

A day or so later Max received a visit from the French general in command, General Niel. "Whatever you may wish for will be regarded as deserved and recommended to grateful France, who has received two sons back from the jaws of death," said the general.

Max promptly asked that as his only reward the lives of his fellow-countrymen lying in prison at Mayence under sentence of death might be spared.

The general replied that he would make the wish known in the proper quarter, and that he himself would give it his earnest support. In the attitude of these two men, the French general and the German innkeeper, lies the germ of peace and understanding.

Consideration.

"There's a man outside who wants something to eat."

"Give him some bread and coffee, Jane."

"He seems to have been better days, mum."

"That so? Then give him a napkin, too."

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Wrigley's means benefit as well as pleasure.



MOPS.

It is not always necessary to use a mop for the thing which man intended it to be used when he manufactured it. The most satisfactory mop I ever used to wipe up linoleum floors was a commercial dust mop. If it had been oiled, so much the better; oil helps to put a polish on the linoleum and hardens the surface, protecting the design and keeping it clean longer.

For dusting and polishing my stove I have a cotton dish mop from the five-and-ten-cent store. The soft cotton reaches all the crevices, wipes away the dust without leaving any scratches, and soon contains enough polish to brighten up a really dirty stove. Best of all, its handle is far enough from the centre of operations that it may be kept bright and clean, not blacking the hands as the stove cloth is prone to do. When not in use the mop is stuck top down, in a round baking powder can. For applying the blacking to the stove I have a cheap, flat paintbrush; the vigorously used mop does the rest.

Mina's Liniment for Caudrum.

SPRING AFTERNOON.

The world is done in green and blue. Dame Nature is an artist true. Her taste in color's very fine—In fact, it coincides with mine!

—Mary Carolyn Davies.

Simplicity is the hallmark that distinguishes the fine gold of the really great from the alloy of the pretentious.

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ISSUE No. 13-24

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HEALTH EDUCATION

BY DR. J. J. MIDDLETON
Provincial Board of Health, Ontario

Dr. Middleton will be glad to answer questions on Public Health matters through this column. Address him at Spadina House, Spadina Crescent, Toronto.

Eye fatigue is an important subject for discussion. A large percentage of the people of this province are unaware of the dangers to their eyesight that result from fatigue. We have only one pair of eyes—that is, those of us who are blessed with normal vision, and the eyes we have are the only ones we ever will have. It is most important therefore that we try to preserve our sight as much as possible and not subject it to any unnecessary strain. For a long time it was thought that strain on the eyes only applied to students. Scarcely anybody suffered from eye headaches except the bookworms. Now we find that many other classes of people are affected with eye strain. Take the farmer plowing his furrow, who looks steadily at the ground hour after hour trying to keep in a straight line and trying not to "bite off" too much or too little earth at each roll of the sod. To do this he keeps his eye muscles in the same state of contraction all day long. When evening comes he often has some little bit of ground to finish and keeps on in the fading light, thereby increasing the strain to which he has been subjected all day. His muscles get tired, his nerves get tired, his brain gets tired and then when he goes home he often subjects his eyes to further strain by doing chores about the house or barn or reading the paper in imperfect light.

There is nothing that sooner reflects on the general health of the individual than eye strain, for it has a very strong influence on the general nervous mechanism of the body and continuous eyestrain may lead in time to general nervous breakdown.

The eye is a most intricate piece of apparatus and very delicate in its construction. No machine made by man is so perfect in construction or so elaborate in design. To serve the eye, no less than twelve muscles are provided. Of the twelve important nerves that come off directly from the brain, one-third, or four, are for the service of the eye.

Shortly after the start of life we are endowed with good eyes and if care is taken we preserve them. But there are many pitfalls by the way, and from one cause or another the eyesight becomes not so good as it should be. There is the question of strabismus or squint to be thought of. This often develops in early life due to weakness of certain of the eye muscles which from one cause or another fail to develop as they should and thus the more powerful and more developed muscles rotate the eye out of its proper place and the condition commonly known as squint results. There is a remarkable lack of knowledge about the seriousness of squint. Many people have the opinion that squint in children will right itself if left alone. There are thousands of one-eyed people in this province today just because their parents thought they would allow the squint to right itself. Intelligent and proper medical treatment of the eyes in squint is the only way by which one can hope for good results. Never leave a case of squint to right itself. Go to an oculist at once, and especially in the case of young children this condition of squint should be rectified if possible before the child is five years old. If allowed to go longer, the sight of the "turned" eye will most likely be damaged for life. An ounce of prevention in this case is worth a pound of cure.

PAINFUL SCIATICA AND NEURALGIA

Caused by Starved Nerves Due to Weak, Watery Blood.

People think of neuralgia as a pain in the head or face, but neuralgia may affect any nerve of the body. Different names are given to it when it affects certain nerves. Thus neuralgia of the sciatic nerve is called sciatica, but the character of the pain and the nature of the disease is the same, and the remedy to be effective, must be the same. The pain, whether it takes the form of sciatica or whether it affects the face and head, is caused by starved nerves. The blood, which normally carries nourishment to the nerves, for some reason no longer does so and the excruciating pain you feel is the cry of the starved nerves for food. The reason why the blood fails to properly nourish the nerves is usually because the blood itself is weak and thin.

When you build up the impoverished blood with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, you are attacking sciatica, neuralgia and kindred diseases at the root. As proof of the value of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills in cases of this kind we give the statement of Mrs. Marion Bell, Port Elgin, Ont., who says: "Some years ago I was attacked with sciatica in my leg and hip. The pain was excruciating and finally I was forced to go to bed. Apparently all the doctor could do was to give me drugs to dull the pain, as otherwise I found no relief. I had been in bed with the trouble for eight weeks when a lady who came to see me said that she had had a similar attack, and had only found relief through the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I decided at once to try this medicine, and before I had taken more than three boxes I found relief. I continued the use of the pills and under the treatment the pain left me. I was able to walk again, and have not since had the least return of the trouble. I feel that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have been of such great benefit to me that I strongly urge similar sufferers to give them a fair trial."

You can get these pills from any medicine dealer or by mail at 50 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

No Ambition.
The election just fought has been prolific in good stories. One told by Mr. Walter Runciman is particularly neat. A certain candidate was trying his level best to win the hearts of his audience.

"I am English born and bred," he announced. "My father and grandfather were English, my wife is English, my works are in England, and my workpeople are all English."

At that point a pitying voice came from the back of the hall: "Oh, mon," it said, "has ye no ambition?"

What makes one admire a mother's love and marvel at it is a photograph of ourselves taken at the age of ten or twelve.

Keep Minard's Liniment in the house.

Courtship by Cards.

The visiting card is of Chinese origin. The Chinese have always observed the strictest ceremony with regard to the paying of visits. It is reported that more than a thousand years ago the visiting card was used in China. Nowadays the cards used are very large, and usually of a bright red color.

The Chinese employ visiting cards to assist their courtship. When a man is ready to marry, his parents inform a professional "matchmaker," who looks through a list of her clients and, after due consideration, selects the one she considers would make a suitable bride.

She takes his card, upon which are inscribed his ancestral name and the date of his birth, and calls upon the girl. If the latter is willing to listen to his suit, she sends her own card in return. After that the oracles are consulted, and should they prophesy good concerning the marriage, the details of the engagement are written on two large cards, which are then tied together with red cord.

How the English Make Toffee.

Mix four cups of brown sugar and half a cup of corn syrup with half a cup of water, and put on the fire, stirring carefully until all the sugar is dissolved. Let this come to a boil and then take off the fire and add four tablespoons of butter. Put the mixture back on the stove once more and boil until the butter has penetrated throughout the candy. Pour onto a greased enameled ware tray of any kind and, as the candy cools, mark it into squares. When it has hardened break these apart and wrap each piece separately in wax paper. Incidentally, you will find that the labor of "cleaning up" is a great deal less if you have used an enameled ware saucepan for the cooking, since even the stickiest mixtures do not adhere long to its porcelain-like surface.

SAVED BABY'S LIFE

Mrs. Alfred Tranchemontagne, St. Michel des Saints, Que., writes: "Baby's Own Tablets are an excellent medicine. They saved my baby's life and I can highly recommend them to all mothers." Mrs. Tranchemontagne's experience is that of thousands of other mothers who have tested the worth of Baby's Own Tablets. The Tablets are a sure and safe medicine for little ones and never fail to regulate the bowels and stomach, thus relieving all the minor ills from which children suffer. They are sold by medicine dealers or by mail, at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

The Lilac.

There is a dyard in the lilac tree.
A bright and lovely thing of joy and grace.
Beckoning ever with arch coquetry,
Lo! I have seen her face.
No woodland sprite is she, brown limbed and shy
(Pan's light o' love), but gay and sweet and quaint
Like some fair lady of a day gone by.
Half siren and half saint.

Of rich brocaded lilac silk her gown,
Emeralds and amethysts adorn her throat.

Diamonds and pearls of rain her beauty crown
Portumes around her throat.

The plumes that all about her nod and sway,
Milton and Shakespeare loved to sing of her.

And Herrick—she is May.
—Minna Irving.

Send a Dominion Express Money Order. They are payable everywhere.

Not So Near the Heart.

A young mother, catching her husband in mute contemplation before the cradle of her first-born, was thinking what a beautiful sight it was when he suddenly turned round and exclaimed in a gruff voice:

"My dear, the more I look at it the more I am at a loss to understand how the furniture dealer could have the impudence to charge you twenty-five dollars for this horrible cradle!"

Ask for Minard's and take no other.

CORNS

Lift Off—No Pain!



Doesn't hurt one bit! Drop a little "Freezone" on an aching corn. Instantly that corn stops hurting, then shortly you lift it right off with fingers. Your druggist sells a tiny bottle of "Freezone" for a few cents, sufficient to remove every hard corn, soft corn, or corn between the toes, and the foot calluses, without soreness or irritation.

OLD CHUM SMOKING TOBACCO

IS FOUR TIMES SEALED



to bring you the full richness
and mellow sweetness of this—

"Tobacco of Quality"

Manufactured by
IMPERIAL TOBACCO CO. OF CANADA LIMITED

EASY TRICKS With Three Dice



Many of the best tricks are performed by utilizing facts about which few people are informed. An effective little trick with dice owes its mystery to the fact that very few persons, even those who are familiar with dice, really know how the spots are arranged.

Ask a person to throw three dice while you stand with your back to the table. Ask him to add the number of spots thrown—the total of the spots on the upper faces of the three dice. Then ask him to turn each die upside down and add to the total of the spots on the top of the dice, the total of the spots which are underneath.

Ask him to concentrate on the number. After an appearance of concentration yourself, tell him that the total is 21. You will be right.

(Clip this out and paste it, with other of the series, in a scrapbook.)

He receives more favors who knows how to return them.



Say "Bayer Aspirin"

INSIST! Unless you see the "Bayer Cross" on tablets you are not getting the genuine Bayer Aspirin proved safe by millions and prescribed by physicians for 24 years.

Safe Accept only a Bayer package

which contains proven directions. Handy "Bayer" boxes of 12 tablets. Also bottles of 24 and 100—Druggists. Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticphosphoric of Hatterluecht.

BACKACHE!

Minard's eases the stiffness, relieves the pain.
Keep a bottle handy.



Nervous People

That haggard, care-worn, depressed look will disappear and nervous, thin people will gain in weight and strength when Biltr-Phosphate is taken for a short time. Price \$1 per package at your druggist. Arrow Chemical Co., 25 Front St. East, Toronto, Ont.

Going, Going, Gone.
An ancient car chugged painfully up to the gate of the county fair races. The gatekeeper, demanding the usual fee for automobiles, called:
"A dollar for the car!"
The owner looked up with a pathetic smile of relief and said:
"Sold!"

Civilization is the result of taking pains; individual advancement depends upon the same fact.

Classified Advertisements

PURE, BEAUTIFULLY FLOPPY, carded wool; sample, enough light comforter; one dollar. Woollen Mills, Georgetown, Ont.

Use **MURINE** FOR EYES
IRRITATED BY
SUN, WIND, DUST & CINDERS
RECOMMENDED & SOLD BY DRUGGISTS & OPTICIANS
WRITE FOR FREE EYE CARE BOOK. MURINE CO., CHICAGO, ILL.



Cuticura Soap and Ointment
Promote Hair Health
Shampoo regularly with Cuticura Soap and keep your scalp clean and healthy. Before shampooing touch spots of dandruff itching. At any Cuticura Ointment.

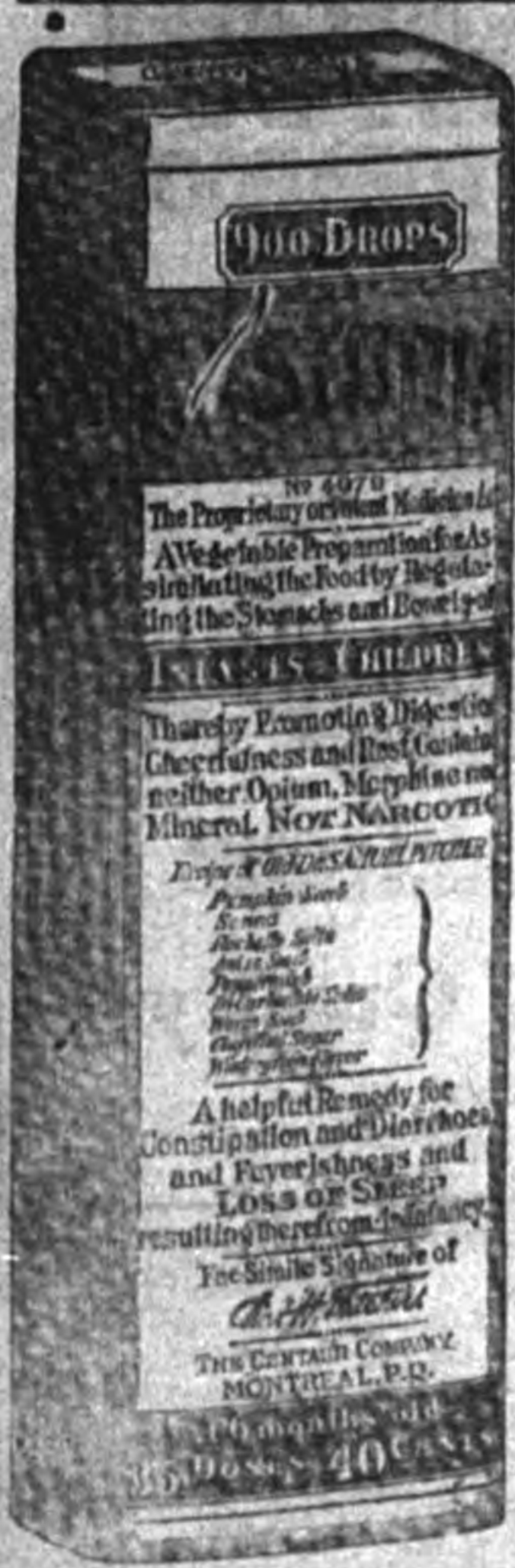
WEAK, RUN DOWN AND AILING

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Brought Relief When Other Medicines Failed

Port Mann, B. C.—"I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound because I was tired and run-down. I had headaches and no appetite and was troubled for two years with sleeplessness. I tried many medicines, but nothing did me any real good. While I was living in Washington I was recommended by a stranger to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I am stronger and feel fine since then and am able to do my housework. I am willing for you to use these facts as a testimonial." Mrs. J. C. GRAYES, Port Mann, B. C.

Feels New Life and Strength
Keene, N. H.—"I was weak and run-down and had backache and all sorts of troubles which women have. I found great relief when taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and I also used Lydia E. Pinkham's Sanative Wash. I am able to do my work and feel new life and strength from the Vegetable Compound. I am doing all I can to advertise it." Mrs. A. F. HAMMOND, 72 Carpenter Street, Keene, N. H.

Sick and ailing women everywhere in the Dominion should try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.



CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That
Genuine Castoria
Always
Bears the
Signature
of
Dr. J. C. Hutchins
In Use
For Over
Thirty Years
CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.



Semi-Ready Tailoring

Your new Spring Suit made to your order just as you want it.

You have a choice of 300 of the best Worsteds, Serges, Vacuums and Tweeds Imported from England. I can guarantee you always a delivery within the week.

An exclusive line of Shirts and Collars, and an equally good line of Hats and Caps.

Boots and Shoes for Everybody. We can fit your foot and your Pocket-book, from our large stock.

Dr. Schell's Foot Comfort Appliances for all foot troubles.

W. G. STANFORTH
Main Street. Telephone 65.

Miss M. V. Slater
Main St., Lachute.

Jewellery, Watches, Clocks, Silverware, Cut Glass and Electric Table Lamps, for Wedding, Birthday and all other Presentations.

Necklace and Pendants, Brooches, Society and other Tie Pins, and Buttons.

Gold and Silver Buttons, Eye Glass Chains, Signet, Fancy and Wedding Rings—all solid gold, gold-filled or silver.

Silver-plated knives, forks and spoons, also Placates, Fern Dishes, Waterman's Fountain Pens and Ink, Auto-Strop Safety Razors, etc.

Mail orders are solicited and will receive most careful and prompt attention.

Re-plating, Engraving and all Watch, Clock and Jewellery Repairs quickly done and guaranteed.

A full line of the "Pyrex" Baking Glass.

Watches, Clocks, Jewellery, French Ivory, etc., All of the highest quality.

The Watchman AND OTTAWA VALLEY ADVOCATE.

FRIDAY, JUNE 13th, 1924.

THE WATCHMAN will be published every Friday.

J. S. GILLES, Editor and Prop.

Notices of Entertainments, Concerts, Announcements etc., 25 cents minimum; over three (3) lines, 50 cents.

Notices of Births, Marriages and Deaths 50 cents.

5 cts. a line for Poetry accompanying Memorial Notices.

Legal Advertising.—\$1.40 per inch.

EN PASSANT.

THIS SEEMS to be the Open Season for everything. Open Championships, open letters, open criticism, open questions, open secrets, open doors and windows, and open blossoms.

I am open to say that many thousands of people who have never seen a game of golf in their lives, and who do not know the difference between a golf ball and a new egg, could tell you who is the new champion this year. This is a welcome sign of the times, for it means that the facilities and opportunities for getting to know things are wide open, and that "General" interest has displaced "General" ignorance in the conduct of everyday affairs.

The Open Letter, too, is an effective hint of eye opener. I am reliably informed that a month ago there was a man living in this corner of civilization who did not know whether the member of parliament for this country was a liberal, or what? On the same authority I am told that he knows now. This is gratifying, for it shows an openness of mind that is not found every day. If he has found the answer I am content; it would serve no useful purpose to enquire how he contrived to gain access to the exclusive knowledge. Like Cassim, he might have stood outside the cave crying "Open Wheat," "Open Barley," until the crack of doom, and not an Open Letter, on the "Death Knell of Protection," opportunely suggested to him the magic "Open Sesame" which relieved his anxiety, and laid the secret wide open.

CRITICS are now wide open, and their output more abundant than formerly. Plain speaking, whether necessary or not, seems to be the rule. It is infinitely better to say things openly, than to skulk behind people's backs saying them, still, too frequent and too voluble plain speaking depreciates its value. One can be too open in the expression of opinion. Too much talking suggests too little thinking. The wide open sluice empties the dam quickly. To let loose a flood of talk upon a subject which does not even call for a little thin stream of criticism is a loss of power and a waste of resources. It is of little moment to me whether a man's hat fits him or does not, if he is content to wear it without breaking in upon my meditations. As with his hat, so with his mission in life and his own affairs. It is no business of mine to tell him that his house is painted an atrocious colour, if I am not compelled to pass it every day. If he bought and paid for the paint, patriotically, in Canada, I have nothing to say. Should my artistic taste be outraged by the incongruous scheme of colour he has adopted, it is not necessary that I should make him uncomfortable about it, neither do I expect that he should insist upon my painting my habitation according to his likes and dislikes.

The same sort of unrestrained openness is to be found in some books. One Smart Aleck writes "Are You One of Those That Push the World Along?" That is a kind of open criticism—in advance—which gets one nowhere. Why should a man who has never heard of me plant such a silly question right under my nose?

The world went round and round long before I came, and all I have to do is to go round with it and stay on. If it stops I shall fall off. The world does not expect me to get off and push, all its arrangements having been made and its pace set, long before my passage was booked.

STILL, I am open to reason. If there are too many of us on the surface of the earth, interfering with its pace, I am willing to pack a little closer. But that eventually seems remote in Canada. The population of the whole Dominion runs out at one person to every half mile, and if the exodus of Canadians to the States continues at the present rate, according to statistics recently given, we shall have to communicate with each other by radio. Last year 137,000 new folks came into Canada and 162,000 of the population went out, so that 25,000 more people left the country than entered it.

Whose fault? That is an "Open Question"—a fact upon which every individual is allowed to entertain his own opinion.

It is an "Open Secret" that the "Present Government" is to blame. The present government is always somebody's goat, and always will be. Then when you reflect that an open secret is "something generally known but not formally announced," we shall have to leave it at that until the politicians lead off and "Open the ball," and I am not saying it isn't time.

IT IS the season of open doors and windows, with open "Protection" against flies in time for free ventilation both for political and individual health. So that's that.

It is good to turn from the dead sea fruit of politics to observe the profusion of blossom in which the cherry, plum, and apple trees are dressed. They beat all the politicians for promise, and similarly, you never can tell what fruit their promises will bear. All we can do about it is to act upon Mr. Asquith's political formula and "WAIT AND SEE."

THE LINKMAN.

Mr. G. A. Dobbie, of Galt, President of the Canadian Woollen Manufacturers Association, speaking at the Tariff Committee Meeting of the Canadian Manufacturers Association on Thursday, June 5th, 1924.

That Canada needed a New National Policy of protection and production which would bring the best class of immigrants to Canada, create an incentive to young Canadians to remain at home, and bring back the thousands of good Canadians, especially the great colonies of fine French-Canadians now enriching the population of the United States, was urged by George A. Dobbie, of Galt, President of the Canadian Woollen Manufacturers Association, at the C.M.A. Meeting at Montreal.

"Canada with all its resources, human and natural," he said, "in order to progress must endeavor to possess within itself all the essentials of National Supply. The possession of all these is necessary for the full growth of a nation and the welfare and safety of society."

Climatic conditions in Canada, he pointed out, were favorable for wool growing; the flocks were free from disease, mills had experienced executives and skilled workmen, and the woollen industry was basic and necessary. Present difficulties were due to the British Preference and inadequate regulations governing dumping and depreciated currencies. He advocated the abolition of the British Preference, new dumping and depreciated currency laws, and in the interest of the Canadian wool grower, duties on raw wool, with a compensating duty on the finished product.

Imports of woolen and knit goods into Canada in 1921 were \$29,464,012; in 1922 amounted to \$38,065,222, and in 1923 reached the tremendous total of \$50,700,528. In the month of April, Canada, with a population of 8,000,000 imported 2,083,000 square yards of cloth from Great Britain while the United States with a population of 117,000,000 only imported 1,197,000 square yards. Great Britain established her woollen industry by drastic protection up till fifty years ago and after free trade developed it only by keeping the wages at a point akin to slavery. In the last three years her industry had declined. The industry in the United States, consistently protected, was now much greater than that of Great Britain. "If we allow," he concluded, "the easy import of manufactured goods into Canada from countries with low standards of living, we cannot prevent the export to the United States of our skilled native born Canadian workers."

CUSHING.

Mrs. C. F. McPaul motored to Lachute for the week-end.

Mr. Roy Dobbie spent Thursday and Friday of last week in Montreal.

Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Morrison, of Lachute Road, spent Sunday visiting friends in Cushing.

Miss Margaret Canning is the guest of her aunt, Mrs. R. Canning, in Lachute this week.

Miss Ivy Graham was the guest of the Misses Bryerton of Carleton on Thursday of last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Archie Graham and family were the Sunday guests of Mr. Thomas Pollock, Hill Foot.

Mr. and Mrs. T. Weir, Sr., and Mr. James and Kenneth Weir visited friends in Hawkesbury on Thursday of last week.

Mr. Earle Grey, of Grenville Bay, and Mr. George White, of Grenville, were guests of the C. C. Club on Saturday night.

Mrs. Wm. Kerr returned home on Sunday from a short visit with her daughter, Mrs. Robt. Morrison, of Lachute Road.

Dalesville Cemetery Officers.

The Dalesville cemetery has been incorporated and the first annual meeting held in the Dalesville Baptist Church, at which great interest was manifested. The meeting was presided over by G. T. Calder and the following board of directors was appointed:—Dr. J. H. Mason, Lachute; A. A. McGibbon, Brownsburg; the Rev. T. V. Poltras, Brownsburg; George Clarke, Mount Maple; Marvin McGibbon and A. Campbell, of Dalesville. J. Mason was appointed secretary, and work of renovation will be at once proceeded with.

ST. ANDREWS EAST.

Mr. E. Neve was in Montreal last week.

Mr. and Miss Madeleine Neve, went to Montreal on business Monday.

Mrs. G. F. Shaw motored into Montreal Tuesday with the Misses Walsh.

Christ Church W. A. is meeting this (Thursday) afternoon with Mrs. W. MacAdam.

Mr. and Mrs. N. F. MacGregor motored to Hawkesbury and Vank-leek Hill on Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Young and Miss Isabel, of Montreal, were Saturday guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. Joffrey.

Miss H. Brown was among those who received their Elementary Diplomas from Macdonald College. Congratulations.

The Rev. W. A. and Mrs. Howard returned from Ottawa, Friday, where they had spent the week with Mr. Howard's mother and brothers.

Miss Annanale, of the Bank of Montreal, with her friend Miss Herbach, spent the week-end with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Annanale.

The Misses R. Fedi and N. Fraser, attending the annual Meeting of the Women's Institute at Macdonald College, St. Anne de Belleville.

The Misses D. Howell and H. Scott, and the Messrs. V. Shaw, A. Jones, W. A. M. Howard, J. Muir and E. Webster, all of Montreal, were among those who spent the week-end in St. Andrews East.

Miss Yarker who has spent the past six weeks in Ottawa and Montreal, returned to St. Andrews, on Saturday. She was accompanied by Miss Burwash who spent the winter in Ottawa.

Some eight little invalids arrived at the Audley Home Convalescent Home on Friday afternoon. They were met at the station by members of the Local Committee and taken to the Home in Automobiles.

CORRESPONDENCE.

To The Watchman, Lachute, P. Q.

Sir:—The people in this industrial district of the province seem to be very much concerned about the position taken up by the member for Argenteuil on the subject of protection. There is a growing opinion that he is not acting fairly with the constituency, and a petition is about to be circulated for signature, asking him to resign.

The well-being of the people of this community is so immediately involved in the industrial prosperity of the place, that it is impossible not to sympathize with them in the attitude they are taking at this time. They view with alarm the withdrawal of the protection which has hitherto helped to foster and establish their industries, and they claim that the sense of insecurity and uncertainty created in business relations by unstable and shifting policies, will be harmful to their interests, and will render more remote that hope of ultimate prosperity which they, and others, have cherished since the ending of the war.

Under the peculiar circumstances which combined to make the Hon. minister the member for Argenteuil, and in view of the meagre excuses he makes—to the effect that the present course of action will contribute to prosperity at some future time—it would appear that the hon. gentleman should either try to find a seat where his ideas would be more in accord with those of his constituents, or at the very least seek reelection at an early date, as an endorsement of the line of action he has seen fit to pursue.

V. BOUCHARD, P.P. Brownsburg, P. Q. County of Argenteuil.

"I'M GLAD"

I'm glad the sky is painted blue And the earth is painted green And such a lot of nice fresh air All sandwiched in between.

Incorporated 1913
CAPITAL \$100,000
RESERVE FUND \$10,000
OVER 120 LAWYERS IN SERVICE

THE MONTGOMERY BANK

Money lent on real estate, at 5% per annum.
Loans on personal notes, at 6% per annum.
Deposited in a Savings Account with The Montgomery Bank it is safe, earns interest and is readily available.

W. A. Houston, Mgr. Lachute Branch

We're Open for Business

I wish to announce to the public that I have rented Mr. Geoffroy Bedard's Store, where I will carry on the business of Merchant Tailor, with a complete line of high class English and Scotch Tweeds.

LOUIS GUILBAULT
MAIN STREET, — LACHUTE, P.Q.

NEW DRESS GOODS FOR SUMMER WEAR

We have a large assortment of Dresses for Summer Wear, in all colors, —Crepes, Morozin, Canton Flats Crepes and Voiles, from \$7.95 to \$35. Sizes from 14 years to 48.

A few Suits and Coats to clear at very low prices.

Men's and Boy's Clothing, —our stock is complete and our prices the lowest considering quality. A lot of men's pants at \$2.25.

Our Boot and Shoe Stock is very large. Try us for the next pair you need. A visit will convince you.

Special Sale of Ginghams, 36 inches wide, value 30 to 40 cts. per yard. This week 25 cts.

H. M. Lavigne, Lachute Mills
Opposite T. McQuat & Son's Store.

Positively the best tires at any price

JAMES HOLDEN TIRES

Made by James Holden Tire & Rubber Co. Limited, Kitchener, Ont.

Test them with any other tires under any condition and

"Compare the Wear"

GEO. Y. DEACON,
LACHUTE MILLS — Leading Tire Shop
GAS — ACCESSORIES — OIL

FREE !!

WITH A PURCHASE OF A REGULAR 100. PACKAGE OF
"BLADES" WE WILL GIVE YOU A VALET AUTO-STROP
RAZOR.

Bring your soap coupons and redeem the free Bar or Tin
AUTO ACCESSORIES. HARDWARE.
WHITE LEADS. HAMMOCKS.
OILS. SPORTING BOOTS.
PENNSYLVANIA GASOLINE.

W. D. McOUAT

Successor to G. L. Meikle & Co.,
PHONE 66

ST. ANDREW'S EAST.

Mr. Paul and Mr. J. Raphael spent the weekend in St. Andrews.

Mrs. C. A. Puse has gone to Montreal for a visit of a few weeks.

Rev. Mr. Fairbairn was the weekend guest of Mrs. J. Burgess at the Manor.

The Literary Club will meet at the home of Mrs. W. J. Pitcairn on Monday evening at 8 o'clock.

Mr. and Mrs. Dave Taylor, and Mr. and Mrs. Edward McGregor, visited Vankeek Hill on Sunday last.

The Weekly Cottage Prayer Meeting was held at the home of Miss Hibbard, on Wednesday evening.

The St. Andrew's School will meet in the Presbytery Church on Sunday morning at 10 and 11 o'clock.

Miss Eleanor Bradley and Miss J. Bradley spent the weekend with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. J. Bradley.

The annual picnic of the Women's Institute will be held on Dominion Day, July 1st, at Pender's Park, Lachute Road.

Among the weekend visitors at their parents' homes were, Miss Allison Rogers, Miss Fannie McQuat, and Miss Ida MacLennan.

The Messes Walsh accompanied by Mr. G. R. Shaw and Mrs. C. W. Lamb, visited Vankeek Hill on Tuesday morning returning the same afternoon.

Mrs. Crowl's who has been staying with her daughter, Miss MacMahon, for several weeks, left for home at Halifax, N. S. on Monday afternoon.

Mr. George Armstrong and party of Lachute Road, including Miss B. Rogers, visited Vankeek Hill on Sunday last, and attended Knox Church, morning service.

The Ladies Aid met at the home of Mrs. Tom McAdam on Thursday afternoon, and had a most enjoyable as well as a most profitable afternoon's gathering.

Public Worship will be held in the Presbyterian Church on Sunday June 18th at 11 a.m. and 7.30 p.m. (Standard Time.) The pastor, Rev. J. Burgess will preach at both services.

Miss Ruth Todd and Miss Norma Fraser have been appointed delegates by the Women's Institute Association to attend the annual Convention at Macdonald College, being held this week.

Printing orders executed with speed and efficiency at the Watchman Office, Foundry St., Lachute.

LACHUTE TOWN COUNCIL

At a meeting last Monday night, at Rice's Hall, following in adjournment of the regular meeting of the previous Wednesday, the following were present:—W. M. Scott, Esq., Mayor, and Aldermen A. A. McQuat, W. A. Morrison, J. D. Lemay, Peter Dobbie, T. Dallaire, and A. Larocque. Alderman McQuat, seconded by Ald. Dallaire, moved that a vote of thanks be tendered Mr. Tremblay for the excellent financial report he had presented to the Council. The motion was carried.

Ald. Dobbie moved, and was seconded by Ald. Lemay, that the corporation order a car load of crushed stone (half of 12 inch, and half of 3/4 inch.) Also that a drain be put in at Mr. Geo. Ray's Corner, Carleton Place.

Ald. Larocque, seconded by Ald. Dobbie, moved that the corporation write to the C. P. and C. N. Railway Companies requesting that they regulate all their crossings in the Town of Lachute with planks. This motion was carried.

It was then moved by Ald. Dallaire, and seconded by Ald. Dobbie, that the Town Attorney be instructed to execute the judgments on the Pender Property. Carried.

Choosing the Queen of Flowers. The Flowers gave a Scando. To choose their Summer Queen, Arranged in all their glory. They made a brilliant scene. The meeting was enlivened. At interluding songs. With the good old English chimes, Of Canterbury Bells.

First came the Scarlet Runners, Who heralded the Phlox. Of gaudy Crimson Ramblers, And Stocks of Hollyhocks. Some had dainty bodices, Subtle with perfumes. Others were courtly and stately, Nodding their Golden Plumes. There came the fragile Violet, And virgin-white Snowdrops, With Lillies of the Valley, And sweet Forget-me-nots. There was the White Camellia, Who gave an Orchid Stare, When it saw Sweet William, Bobbing Marguerite's hair.

To be continued.
RYHHOS, Brownsburg.

Visitors to Lachute should not return home without taking in a show at the Rex Theatre. The program here are first class, just the place to spend a really pleasant evening.

WEDDING BELLS.

REILLY-CARRUTHERS.
A quiet but pretty wedding took place on Tuesday last, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Carruthers, of Morin Heights, when their forth daughter, Miss Emma Ethel, was united in marriage to Mr. William Victor Reilly, son of Mr. and Mrs. H. Reilly of Lachute. Rev. Mr. Lums conducted the service. The bride was given away by her father and was attended by her sister Laina Ruth. The bride looked charming in a dress of blue silk georgette crepe and silver bead trimmings, with a silk tulle veil with organ blossoms, and carried a bouquet of carnations, roses and maiden hair fern. The groom was attended by Mr. Matthew Carruthers, cousin of the bride. The presents were both numerous and costly. The happy couple left by motor to return to Lachute, where they will take up their residence.

MacVICAR-DAVIS.

The wedding was solemnized on Wednesday last, at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. McKee, Staynerville, of Miss Margaret Anne Davis to Mr. John Smith MacVicar. The Rev. G. MacKinnon officiated at the service, and Mrs. T. Gaudin, of Lachute, played the Wedding March.

The bride was charmingly dressed in Green-Chene, and wore a tulle veil and orange blossoms, carrying a bouquet of orange blossoms and lily of the valley. The bridesmaid, Miss Emma Davis, also wore a dress of Green-Chene, and carried a bouquet of honey suckle. Little Miss Edith McKenzie, as flower girl, wore a pale blue silk dress, and carried a basket of lily of the valley.

The groom was supported by his brother Mr. Robt. MacVicar. A gold crescent brooch set with pearls made a handsome gift to the bride, while the groom also presented to the bridesmaid a white gold brooch set with amethysts, to the flower girl a string of pearls to the best man a set pin set with pearls, and to the organist a miniature fountain pen.

The gifts to the bride and groom were both numerous and beautiful. The happy couple left for a short trip to Toronto and other points.

CLENSVILLE TENNIS CLUB.

A very successful meeting of the Clemsville Tennis Club, was held in the Club House, on May 30th, inst.

The acting president, Rev. W. J. Ellis, presided over the work of the past year, and congratulated the members on the success made by the different teams.

The following officers were appointed for the coming year:—Hon. Pres., Mrs. J. E. Arnold; Pres., Mr. J. R. Monty; Vice-Pres., Miss Hazel White; Sec.-Treas., Mr. A. MacL. Pridham.

Tournament Committee.—Miss J. Williamson, Miss H. White, Rev. W. J. Ellis, Mr. Gaston Danseureau and Mr. A. MacL. Pridham.

Entertainment Committee.—Mrs. Monty, Mrs. Ellis, Miss Lois White, Miss D. Cummings, Miss V. Robson, Mrs. J. E. Arnold, Miss Jean Laurin and Mr. J. C. Young.

Grounds Committee.—Messrs. Rev. Ellis, Monty, W. Morrow, Lefebvre, and Pridham.

The fees were fixed as follows:—Gentlemen, \$5.00; Ladies, \$2.00. Members from a distance:—Ladies, \$1.00; Gentlemen, \$2.00.

The Club played ten tournaments last season, and won eight, losing once to Lachute and once to Vankeek Hill.

The grounds have been enlarged so that the Club now has two excellent courts and intend opening the season on Saturday, June 14th, when the Lachute Tennis Club will be their guests.



To Sell Summer Residents

City people in the country for the Summer can be sold groceries and meat's by Long Distance. Some grocers (and butchers) call up out-of-town customers once a week and get their orders. Deliveries are made by truck or express.

Some grocers arrange with their customers before they leave town, to give this service. They say they can well afford to pay for Long Distance calls on weekly orders.

Let us work out with you a plan for the surrounding district.



Every Bell Telephone is a Long Distance Station.

BISHOP'S UNIVERSITY

NEEDS 2000 BENEFACTORS

—to subscribe \$20 a year for the next five years, to Bishop's University, Lennoxville, Que.

Is this a reasonable request from an institution that has been serving this Province and Canada continuously for 81 years?

Bishop's needs this money for five chief reasons:

1st—Because the dollar has lost part of the purchasing power it had before the war, in consequence of which the University endowments are inadequate.

2nd—Because students are increasing in numbers and making greater demands upon the University.

3rd—Because more equipment is necessary to keep pace with the advance of science.

4th—Because it is imperative that the salaries of the Professors be increased.

5th—Because it is desirable to provide additional facilities for physical training.

A Residential University Open to All

Bishop's University.

AT LENNOXVILLE.

Further information will be furnished cheerfully by the Campaign Secretary, Rooms 45-49, Windsor Hotel, Montreal.

DALESVILLE CEMETERY.

It is now at least 100 years since the people of Dalesville have buried their dead in the general graveyard to the westward of their village. Undoubtedly everything thought to be necessary was done decently and in order, for there were always men good and true and intelligent to direct the affairs of this interesting community. One thing however was lacking. There was no special attention given to make allowance for roadways through the yard or for the planting of trees in suitable places for adornment, or perhaps that sections of ground should be sold, or awarded, as family plots for the burial of their dead. Hence it is that now after a long interval, of time there is absolute necessity to remodel the graveyard as far as right is possible. There is growth of rubbish, and uneven, rough surface which can in large measure be remedied. Then too there is necessity for enlargement of the yard, and for gateway and roads, as well as for fitting adornment with trees, and perhaps other decoration. The whole neighborhood should be deeply interested for that field is silently related to all in the neighborhood. Only the epitaphs speak and the memories of the dead. But even these have the right and the force of obligation. I feel obliged to give attention to what my brother says when he reminds me that our mother's grave is neglected. That a Chinese visitor would sadly reflect upon our development of ordinary humanity, and claim the retention of his own "worship of Ancestry," as being better by far.

Now however a new start in the right direction is made. An "Act of Incorporation" is secured. Directors and officers have been appointed. It perhaps remains that everyone should become deeply interested who ought to be, and that everyone will be willing to do his lawful share to make this earthly home of our dead as orderly and as beautiful as possible. I would like to bespeak for the directors of this new departure all the sympathy and support it merits. Some have gone to considerable trouble already, not on their own account merely, but on behalf of the whole community and to these friends the whole neighborhood is indebted. That this devout wish should not be carried into effect there is not cause for the shadow of a doubt.

ST. PATRICK.

When thinking of a trip, consult The Watchman Office Lachute, either rail or steamer. Folders and information supplied on calling at the office.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years
Always bears the Signature of

AUCTION SALE.

There will be sold by Public Auction at the residence of
R. WELDON,
WEIR, QUE.

TUESDAY, JUNE 24th, 1924.

The following effects.—One pair of work horses, 1 mare six years old, 2 colts, two years old, 1 colt one year old, 18 milch cows, 2 heifers two years old, 3 heifers one year old, 2 bulls two years old, 10 calves, (veal), 10 sheep, 3 pigs, set of dish harrows, 2 buggies, 1 tread mill, 1 circular saw, 1 cultivator, 1 horse rake, 1 mowing machine, 1 garden seeder, 2 water pumps, 1 land roller, 1 snow plow, set of logging sleighs, set double harness, set platform scales, set single harness, 1 Stewart clipper, Deherty organ, 1 dump cart, set cart harness, 1 28-55 Winchester rifle, 1 billy goat, pair Belgian hares, 3 crow-bars, bellows, blacksmith's tools, and many other articles too numerous to mention.

Sale to commence at 10 a.m. sharp. TERMS: \$10.00 and under cash, over that amount 6 months credit on furnishing approved joint notes. 6 per cent off for cash.

We are continuously being advised that small advertisements in the Watchman have accomplished big things. If a small insertion in your local weekly, at an outlay of 50 or 75 cents, will result in a sale involving big money—that small insertion is surely a good investment. Try it!

JUNE SAILINGS from Montreal

There are still some excellent opportunities available for those who desire to visit Europe—departs the exceptionally heavy bookings. If you would avoid disappointment, we suggest that you book your passage at once.

Canada	May 31
Doric (NW)	June 7
Megantic	" 14
Rogina (NW)	" 21
City of Exeter	" 25
Canada	" 28

A White Star Dominion Line cabin class ship sails every Saturday. Let us send a travel expert to help plan your trip. Calligrapher.



ROBINSON CRUSOE.

One of the most persistent advertisers in the history of success was Robinson Crusoe. He knew what he wanted—a ship—so he put up an ad. for one. He hung up a shirt on a pole, at the top of his island. That, in the language of the sea, was plain to every seafaring man.

The circulation was small, there was no other medium, but Crusoe kept at it, despite the fact that he got no enquiries for a long time. He changed his copy, as one garment after another was frayed out, and in the end got what he wanted.

It pays to Advertise.

AUCTION SALE.

There will be sold by Public Auction at the residence of
SAM CAMPBELL,
French Hill, Brownsburg.

SATURDAY, JUNE 14th, 1924.

The following effects.—Four rocking chairs, 3 bureaus, 3 washstands, 3 beds, 2 bed room sets, 5 piece parlor suite, 1 organ, 3 small tables, 1 sideboard, 1 dining room table, 1 set of dining room chairs, 1 bed couch, 1 kitchen table, 1 kitchen cupboard, 12 chairs, 1 McClary Kootenay range, 2 Quebec heaters, refrigerator, 2 tapestry rugs, linoleum covering, 1 washing machine and wringer, Singer sewing machine, set dinner dishes, garden tools, camp bed, pots and pans, and many other articles too numerous to mention.

TERMS CASH.

Sale to commence at 1 p.m. sharp. TERMS: Under \$20. Cash. Over that amount, satisfactory arrangements may be made with Bank.

W. J. BOYD, Licensed Auctioneer.

There will be sold by Public Auction at the residence of
JOHN QUESNEL,
Pointe-au-Chene.

MONDAY, JUNE 16th, 1924.

The following effects.—One Steel Range, 1 box stove, 1 four burner Coal oil stove, also stove pipes, 2 kitchen tables, 6 kitchen chairs, 1 parlor set, 1 organ, 1 desk, 1 sofa, 1 parlor table, 1 dining room set, 4 bedsteads, 4 springs, 3 mattresses, 1 feather bed, 4 bedroom bureaus, 1 chiffonier, 1 rocking chair, quilts, blankets, pictures, 1 hanging lamp, 8 ordinary lamps, 1 dinner set dishes, kitchen utensils, etc., 2 toilet sets, 1 wash tub, 2 clothes bolsters, 1 bath tub, 2 clothes bolsters, 1 toilet tub, 1 scale, 1 churn, 6 butter crocks, 1 flour can, 2 egg crates, 5 dozen fruit jars, 105 bricks, a quantity of 1 inch dry Maple flooring, 1 extension ladder, 1 painting frame, 1 scythe, 1 cross-cut saw, 1 buck-saw, garden tools, 1 coal oil tank, and many other articles too numerous to mention.

Sale to commence at 1 p.m. sharp. TERMS: \$10.00 cash, over \$10.00, 6 months credit, by furnishing approved joint notes.

J. S. GILES, Agent, Lachute.

PAINKILLER

Cramps - Stomach - Chills

Auto Repairs

How is your Car running?
Our Garage is up-to-date and we
Guarantee Satisfaction
L. Urbain Lachute Mills.

The Best in Meat Lines is to be had at Joseph Speight Meat Merchant

Main Street, Lachute

OPEN LETTERS TO A FARMER

By Rev. M. V. Kelly, C.S.B.
(Continued from last week)

Content When Successful.

I am not going to tell you how to keep your boys on the farm. If there is any piece of advice for which you have supreme contempt, it is surely that. City editors, women's magazines, agricultural college lecturers, farmers who have had no sons of their own, and a host of others who know nothing about it, have undertaken to instruct you on this subject. I have heard few real, experienced farmers say how the problem is solved, and I don't pretend to know. As is generally the case, those who have had the greatest success with this supposed difficulty have least to say in the way of advice. There are farmers, however, all of whose five or six sons continue in their father's calling, and there are others with five or six boys willing to stay on the farm, if their father or mother or both did not actually urge them to something else. If there is anyone really anxious to know how to keep boys on the farm, I should suggest his trying to find out in a number of particular cases—say a hundred or two hundred—just what causes prevailed to make them leave. I dare to write you on the subject at all, because I have done this and feel a little the wiser for it. There are rural districts in Ontario with whose residents I have been acquainted for thirty years, in other districts much longer. In all these districts I know the history of families for several generations. I know the whereabouts of many young men whose grandfathers I remember in their days of ambition and vigor. As far as I can see, in at least nineteen cases out of twenty, a boy will stay on the farm if his father is making a success of it. If the prospects are good, if the farmer understands his business, if his interests are right there, if he has respect for his calling, his sons are satisfied with their lot, their interests also are centered there, they have confidence in the future. It is sometimes supposed—by city people, of course—that hard work is driving the boy away. Look around among your neighbors, and you will remark that on any farm where things are going right, everyone is working steadily and faithfully, and it is precisely there that none of the boys are thinking of giving it up. You know men who started with nothing and are called wealthy farmers to-day; you know the long hours everyone, old and young, puts in, and you know that every son is still farming, because there was a farm to give him and he knew how to handle it.

Just while we are on the subject, it is pertinent to remark that not only the boys, but many farmers themselves are off the farms they once owned and cultivated. Go through a list of these, and you will find the very same causes prevailing: they left either because they were incapable of managing it, because they were giving too much attention to something else and neglected the farm in consequence, because they became too fond of spending long hours and late hours in town, distracting their minds from their real interests.

or perhaps they had had the misfortune to marry a woman determined to not live on a farm, and dreaming of life in a town where she and her children could dress with greater delicacy and fashion. Under none of those circumstances could farming be a success; no calling can be made a success without giving earnest attention to it. Farming, like every other business or profession, is full of interest for those who understand it and look after it. If a man's work is not his chief interest and chief enjoyment, he is not likely to be contented with any other.

When Parents Drive Them Away.

I maintained that when the farmer is prosperous, his sons are not disposed to leave the farm. There is, however, one widespread exception to this. Many farmers, when they acquire a neat competence, feel constrained to encourage one or more of their sons to aspire to something else—to enter one of the learned professions or perhaps go into business. They will let themselves run away with the notion that this is advancing—getting into something higher. Instead of impressing upon their family, in season and out of season, that no other secular calling is higher or nobler or does greater service or is more honorable than theirs, they actually seem ready to belittle their own position and pay homage to occupations less dignified and meritorious. As far as worldly position is concerned, the farmer who can tell of all his sons—five or six or seven—continuing successfully filling the positions for which he himself trained them, has every reason to be proud. Unfortunately, he is often more willing (or if he is not, his wife is) to refer, with satisfaction, to a son practicing law or medicine, than to several who are proving successful farmers; this, even when he is aware, and all the neighbors are aware, that it was the boy of real capacity he kept at home, having encouraged the other to continue at school, because it was evident he would never be able to make a living on a farm. How is it that the boy who leads his class in a high school, and is first in an examination, demands the admiration of all, is reported through the press of the country, while there are no means of drawing public attention to the record of a boy of much greater capacity, just because his achievements are manifested in connection with farm activities or farm management? While the country is stocked with class leaders who are failures in life, I have no hesitation in saying there is no case of a young man capable of handling a farm who would not prove a success in any one of a dozen other spheres.

Between ourselves, you know, there is often another reason for keeping the boy at school: it takes less money to set a boy up in a profession than to set him up on a farm. I suppose we should not be too hard on the father who takes the easier course in providing for his family. Perhaps it is the best he can do. But we certainly do resent his taking credit for doing the greater thing and posing for the ad-



The board of education, Toronto, has supplied equipment for the use of pupils with defective eyesight. One of the children in the sight-saving class at Orde Street school is shown reading giant type.

miration of the crowd, as a father who "had done particularly well for his family," "had tried to make something out of them." While he is sparing them, that they may take advantage of opportunities at school, he is also calling upon the Government to disburse thousands of dollars for their benefit. The father who fits his boys for the farm and gives them a start on it, must stand alone; the time has not yet come for governments to consider his efforts and co-operate with them.

In this connection, I would also have you note that the average doctor or lawyer does not belittle his own profession. If it was good enough for him, it is good enough for his boys. He is quite satisfied to have them take up where he left off. Because he has made a success of his profession, he does not feel obliged to train them in the notion that it is a second-rate calling at best, and devote his energies to training them for something else. Why should you?

(To be continued.)



Dr. Serge Veronoff, French surgeon and discoverer of the monkey gland operation, who will receive the income for life from the American estate of his late wife.

Horses will do more for a whistle than for a whip.

Pleasure may fill up the interstices of life, but it is a poor material to build its framework out of.

Lake Ontario Fisheries.

Gratifying results are reported by the hatcheries service of the Department of Marine and Fisheries from the work of restocking Lake Ontario with whitefish. The great catch of this species taken by Canadian lake fishermen during the season of 1922 totalling 21,030 cwt. as compared with 12,034 cwt. in 1917, and 1,266 cwt. in 1895, gives a good idea of the extent to which the whitefish fishery has been re-established in this great inland body of water.

The Department of Marine and Fisheries undertook the restocking of Lake Ontario at first with fry from the hatchery at Sandwich but the fishery showed such promising results that it was found feasible, in 1914, to establish one of the largest whitefish hatcheries in the province of Ontario on the Bay of Quinte. The work has progressed rapidly during recent years and the number of eggs collected each year by the hatchery has increased from 30,000,000 during the first years of its operations to 221,715,000 in 1923.

Everything Handy.

The old man on his first visit to London, was greatly interested in all he saw. Stopping at a street corner to light his pipe, he was accosted by a boy with, "Matches, sir?"

Taking a box from the boy he struck a match, lighted his pipe and returned the box, saying, "Aye, it's a wonderful place, London! Everything's that handy!"

Some of Her Best Friends.

Marjorie, aged six, shocked her mother by picking up the saucer in which she had had her strawberries and cream and licking it vigorously with her little pink tongue.

"Why, Marjorie!" reproved her mother. "What disgraceful manners! Whom have you ever seen doing that?"

"Dogs," said Marjorie curtly.

A Very Well-Known Name.

"Could you publish a volume of poems for me?"

"Certainly, sir," answered the publisher, "but the terms will depend on whether your name is well known or not."

"Oh, my name is one of the best known in the country."

"And you so young? Pray honor me with it, sir."

"My name is Smith."

Rules for Care With Fire in the Woods

If Every Person Strictly Observed These Simple Rules, the Great Annual Loss by Forest Fires Would be Reduced to a Minimum.

1. Be sure your match is out before you throw it away.
2. Knock out your pipe ashes or throw your cigar or cigarette stump where there is nothing to catch fire.
3. Don't build a camp fire any larger than is absolutely necessary. Never leave it, even for a short time, without putting it OUT with water or earth.
4. Don't build a camp fire against a tree or a log. Build a small one where you can scrape away the needles, leaves or grass from all sides of it.
5. Don't build bonfires. The wind may rise at any time and start a fire which you cannot control.
6. If you discover a fire, put it out if possible; if you can't, inform the nearest Forest Ranger or Fire Warden as quickly as you possibly can.

IN RABBITBORO



The AUTOMOBILE

SPRING TONIC FOR AUTO ADDS TO LIFE OF CAR

In the good old days it was the custom of many human beings to take a tonic at the first indication of spring weather. The idea was to tone up the system after a strenuous winter and get it in shape for the warmer climate. Nowadays it is the human being's automobile that comes in for the spring tonic. After a period of hibernation in the family or public garage or after months of use in cold weather, bad weather and over frozen roads, every car needs a tonic to put it in shape for warm weather use.

The motorist who desires the maximum of satisfaction in the use of his machine during the pleasanter months of the year and the driver who wishes to get through the season with a minimum of maintenance expense will do well to give his car a thorough going over at this time of the year.

The automobile that has been in storage with its various parts properly protected may need only a mild tonic, such as attention to lubrication, battery, tires and a good cleaning. It all depends on what was the condition of the car when it was put away. To say the least, a good overhauling will insure a more satisfactory use of it than if it is taken for granted that everything is O.K.

INSPECTION IS NEEDED.

The car that has been in use, more or less, during the winter months, will need a much more thorough inspection. The running gear, for instance, should be carefully looked after, especially if the machine has been driven over rutted roads. Such roads increase side thrust on the wheels and consequently upset the steering apparatus, wearing the knuckles excessively, also the wheel bearings.

The wheels, if of wood, may need tightening at the hubs. If the wheels have wire spokes, some of these spokes may need taking up. Spring clips should be tightened and motor support bolts should be given attention.

The owner can do this work himself if he is mechanically inclined and enjoys tinkering with his car. Or he can take his machine to a reliable service station and let an expert automotive mechanic thoroughly and scientifically check up on various parts of the car and administer the tonic in such doses as will accomplish the best results. Or the owner can do some of the simpler things that do not require expert knowledge and then let the service station expert finish the job. This last mentioned method is probably the most practical.

Among these items which can well be given attention from the standpoint of the engine, the vital organ of an automobile, are the following: Scrape carbon from cylinders if necessary. Valves ground and adjusted. Spark plugs cleaned and adjusted. Vacuum tank tested. Oil reservoir drained, cleaned and refilled. Engine tightened in frame. Ignition instruments cleaned, oiled, points dressed and adjusted. Starter brushes and commutator smoothed up. Starter brush springs examined for tension. Carburetor float, float valve stem and float valve weights examined for wear. Carburetor float valve and carburetor needle valve inspected for proper seating. Carburetor body and

strainer chamber cleaned. Spray nozzle blown out.

LOOK AFTER AXLES.

The front axle should come in for consideration. Replace felt washers where necessary, examine the bearings, bearings should be repacked with grease and adjusted, yoke pins and bushings and steering connections cleaned, inspected and lubricated, wheel hub bolts tightened and spring clips tightened. The steering gear housing should be cleaned and repacked with lubricant and the gear adjusted if necessary.

The rear axle should not be neglected. Adjust and repack the bearings, refill the differential case and clean it, the wheel hub bolts should be tightened and the spring clips tightened.

The clutch should be looked after. Lubricate the clutch collar, and adjust the clutch collar. The transmission is an important factor. Drain, clean and refill it. Tighten the transmission support nuts.

The brakes represent a major consideration. They should be relined if necessary. At any rate adjust the service and emergency brakes. It is well to give the battery a careful once-over. Have it examined by a local service station expert.

The wiring—what condition is it in? Test for grounds and intermittent shorts, the worn or broken parts should be replaced and the wiring should be tested for loose connection.

The body, besides needing a bath, may require other attention to make it look like a car one would be proud to own. Revarnish it to renew finish and protect undercoats if it is needed, tighten the body bolts.

Having properly prepared your car for the coming season by this thorough-going tonic method, your mind will be greatly relieved—for you will expect to get good service out of your machine and you probably will.

Lady A Must Have Gaspd.

Stories of absent-mindedness are common, but one that Lord Ernest Hamilton tells in Forty Years On is so extraordinary that it deserves to be repeated here.

Lord Strathairn, says Lord Hamilton, was so absent-minded that he sometimes forgot whether he was dining in his own house or in another's. On one occasion when he was dining with Lady A and was in a particularly absent mood he suddenly turned to his hostess and said:

"My dear Lady A, I really must apologize to you for this extremely nasty dinner. I cannot imagine what has come over my cook. I have never known her to disgrace herself so before."

Obeying Orders.

An Irishman suffered from a stomach ailment. The doctor was called in and on his second visit questioned his patient.

"Have you been drinking hot water an hour before each meal as I directed?"

"Doc," said Pat, "I tried hard to do it, but I had to quit, I drank for thirty-five minutes and it made me feel like a balloon."



Above are shown Mrs. Long, Mrs. Kingswell and Miss B. W. Redding, England's three new lady magistrates, who were recently sworn in at the Portsmouth court.

For the Boys and Girls

OBSERVE THE BIRDS.

Now is the time to: Study migration. This is the month when birds come in great numbers. It is also notable that the various species arrive almost on the day that records show them to be due. Of course, a severe storm may delay the migration a day or two. Do not fail to keep a migration record.

Note that the early arrivals are insect-eating birds. This shows the great plan of Nature. As soon as the leaves appear, the birds are there to protect them from insect pests.

Watch the tree-tops. Warblers of many species are now to be found and identified. It is not easy by any means.

Put up bird-houses. If they are already in position. It is generally best to put them up in the fall or very early in the spring, but it is still not too late. See that they are in places where cats cannot get to the birds. In some places it is necessary to put a tin guard around the tree; or if you can't use that, put sticky fly-paper around it and it will answer the same purpose. It takes a brave cat to climb over this fly-paper.

Study the songs of the birds and watch how they court. This is the great love-making month and affection is usually shown by wonderful bursts of song.

Watch the nest building. Many species begin to nest in May, but the great nesting season reaches its height in June. It is well to keep a census of the nests on your place.

Take bird walks. Do not forget your field-glasses, note-book, and camera.

Provide nesting material for the birds. This can consist of cotton, pieces of string, lint, moss and various light objects that will help them in their work. For swallows, have ready a mud puddle where the birds can secure their mud.

Make a bird sanctuary out of your farm.

MAKING MONEY AT HOME BY DEVELOPING FILMS.

Developing the films and making prints from them is an entirely feasible way for a boy or a girl to earn money in vacation time, for there are many amateur photographers who either do not know how to do the work for themselves or are not willing to bother with it.

Take a spare room in the attic, a corner of the cellar, or a part of the barn loft, and you will have all the room you need to do all the finishing you want. The principal thing is to have light at hand.

Having chosen the site for the dark room, fit the room up. There must be at least one window. Build a bench along this one side of the room or set an old table against the wall, to serve as a bench. If you can, put a sink in one corner near the end of the bench.

MANY THRONES HAVE CRASHED IN DECADE

DEMOCRACIES INCREASE FROM 3 TO 16.

Fall of Kings and Rise of Republics Interesting Political Developments in Europe.

The extraordinary changes which have been wrought in the political fabric of Europe in the last ten years probably never have been as strikingly demonstrated as when an enterprising newspaper man recently commenced to collect statistics on the fall of kings and the rise of governments, says a Paris despatch. His results show that in 1914 there were twenty-three heads of European states, of which twenty were sovereigns and three presidents of republics.

Now, in the year 1924, there exist twenty-nine distinct sovereignties over the same amount of territory. Of this number there remain but thirteen monarchies, benevolent or despotic, and the number of republics, more or less democratic, has increased to sixteen. Such have been the results of the World War.

Changes in Italy and Spain.

Here is the status quo in which Europe found itself a decade back. Kings or their equivalent headed the governments of Great Britain, Italy, Spain, Belgium, Holland, Denmark, Sweden, Norway, Rumania, Bulgaria, Serbia, Monaco, Luxembourg, Greece, Montenegro, Albania. There were emperors in Germany, Austria, Russia, and a Sultan in Turkey. Only France, Switzerland and Portugal could boast of presidents and republics.

Here is the situation to-day, not taking into account the various changes which have come over the political regime in Italy and Spain. There still remain kings in those countries and in Great Britain, Belgium, Denmark, Sweden, Norway, Rumania, Bulgaria, a queen in Holland and a grand duchess in Luxembourg. There is a new king, Alex-

If you cannot have a sink, get a large shallow box and line it with white oil-cloth; it will do just as well. Then get an extra table for the opposite side of the room and a chair or two.

Fit the window with a light frame built of laths or thin wood and covered with tar paper. Hinge one side of the frame to the window frame so that you can swing it open or close it at will. Lap the paper over the edges of the frame, to shut out all light, and block up every crack or hole in the room so that when the doors and window shutter are closed everything inside is as black as tar.

If there is no running water in the room, keep two or three buckets of clear water under the bench. The sink need not be piped outside. A drain-pipe that will carry the waste water into a tub underneath will serve the purpose.

The apparatus that you will need is: Two trays, about five inches by seven inches, a printing frame, a ruby light, a large washing dish (enameled dish pan), a few sheets of clean blotting paper, cheesecloth, a print trimmer, clean bottles and scales.

Good trays can be made by painting clean cardboard covers with several coats of paraffin, inside and out.

If you have not a ruby light, make one by cutting a hole about three inches square in the side of a starch box and fitting a piece of red glass over the opening or pasting a piece of red paper over it. The glass and the paper can be bought at any photographic supply house. Use a candle or a small kerosene lamp for a light, but make a hole in the top of the box to carry off the heat. Shield the hole from the front so that the light will not strike the tray that contains your film. If your house has electric lights the best way is to use a four-candle-power lamp in the box.

For drying the prints, stretch the cheesecloth over light wooden frames. After you have washed the prints lay them face down on the cloth and place the frame over a gentle heat.

The professional finisher makes a large profit because he buys his supplies at wholesale and makes his own developing, toning and fixing baths; but the amateur finisher cannot do that.

The usual charge for developing is from ten to twenty-five cents a roll of film, according to the size, and from three to five cents apiece for the prints. That will average about thirty-five cents for developing, and making six prints from each film you handle, and of that amount at least twenty cents should be profit. Five films a day means a profit of six dollars a week.

But do not expect business to come to you unsought and by accident. Let people know what you can do by displaying a sign large enough to be read easily, and by every other kind of advertising that you can afford.

anger L. ruler of the Serbs-Croats-Slovenes. There the list ends.

On the other hand, there is a most impressive list of republics or states which call themselves republics in one form or another. There is still France, Switzerland and little Portugal. And there is now Germany, with Ebert as President; Soviet Russia, with Kalline as chief; Austria, with Hainisch; Hungary, under Admiral Horthy; Poland, with M. Stanislas Wojciechowski; Czechoslovakia, with Masaryk; Finland, with M. J. K. Staalberg; Estonia, with Constantine Paets; Latvia, with M. J. Techakster; Lithuania, with M. A. Stuchkakis; Turkey, with Mustafa Kemal; Greece, at present with a regent, Admiral Condouriotis, and the Irish Free State, under Cosgrave.

How Much Salt in the Sea?

At first it strikes one as strange that, although the sea must originally have been formed of distilled water—that is, congested watery vapor—and though all the rivers that flow into it, estimated to amount in the aggregate to 5,500 cubic miles of water every year, are fed exclusively by rainfall, which is also distilled water, it should nevertheless be extremely brackish, very salt indeed in the Tropics, and less salt in the Poles.

Yet it is chiefly the rivers that account for the saltiness of the sea. It is estimated that they carry something like 100,000,000 tons of saline matter into the ocean every year, and, further, that the ocean holds in suspension no less than 140 billion tons of salt, a quantity sufficient, if extracted, to cover the dry surface of the earth to a depth of 400 feet.

It is believed that 90,000,000 years have been required for the sea to attain its present saltiness.



And Ragtime It Ought to Be. "Do you intend to hear the 'Trump's Opera' when it's produced?" "No—I'll be nothing but ragtime, I'm sure."

A Garden Chapel

She seeks her garden in the hush of day.
In those still hours when western hill crests burn,
When wings have sought the nest, and far away
T mountain haunts the restless winds return.

Serene she walks each hushed and fragrant aisle
As if it were a quiet path of prayer.
And pauses now and then with tender smile
To mountain haunts the restless winds return.

In that grave pacing slow I know she leaves
Her world that has so much of care and pain
Until through gates that close on all that grieves
She comes to peace in some untrodden lane.

Returning to the ways she knows so well,
She seems like one who in a secret place
Has heard a voice of love ineffable
Speak words of healing and eternal grace!

—Arthur Wallace Peach.

The Foolishness of Fear.

Not long ago, writes Miss Winifred Rhoades, I read a doctor's statement about a woman who had become so afraid of eating that she was prolonging a miserable and sick existence on nothing except a few sips of sweetened water a day. Others live so much in fear of germs that they will not lay their hands upon a doorknob, and, if they are obliged to pass a coin to a car conductor, they handle it with paper. One woman of whom I have lately heard makes her life a torture to herself and cuts it off from the normal, helpful intercourse with others because she is possessed with the fear of accidental contact with certain forms of disease or of lurking danger in glass particles and such things.

The habit of seeing things out of their true proportion is a fascinatingly causing misery. We let ourselves brood on the hardships of our lot, and underrate the joys that life also offers, or we fix our attention on the dangers all around us and disregard the glory of living a life of usefulness and brave adventure in the midst of risk. It is of course true that at times disease is sent broadcast into a community by some one's ignorance or carelessness, and the act teaches us the necessity of being honorably careful. But we know also that for the most part the dangerous germs that get into the body are destroyed by minute friendly organisms that are working for health. Most people who touch doorknobs do not die from the contact. And in any case are not the helpful tasks of daily life worth performing even in the face of some risk?

The act is that life is a hazardous business. That is the kind of discipline to which God has subjected us. But God calls us to live our lives, not in fear and dread, but in trust and confidence and hopeful expectation. Why be always expecting the worst? We walk in the midst of risks and dangers but happy are they who go forward day by day in strong confidence in the goodness of the universe, who hold that faithful living of the life of love leads to a happy issue, and who expect to find that happy issue some way somewhere in God's good time.

The Memorial.

I am glad that little grows to less, And then to no sure thing. How sad were that memorial, in duress Of no diminishing. To stand forever faithful to the tale Of what we strive for, found not, in this vale.

—Richard Kirk.

Why He Wept.

The teacher had been telling the class about the way in which Alexander the Great had conquered the world, going on from one country to another, until at last there was nothing more for him to look forward to. She related how, after he had conquered India, instead of giving a great feast to celebrate his victories, he sat down and wept bitterly.

"Now, children," she asked, "why do you think Alexander wept?"

"Bobby was in the back row and up went his hand."

"Yes, Bobby?" said the teacher, beaming.

"Please, miss," came the eager, if incorrect reply, "because he didn't know the way back."

Envy.

Jane, the elder of twins, had been ill with the fever, and was now in a convalescent home.

Marie, the other twin, heard with envy of the luscious feasts and fruits her recuperating sister was enjoying.

Next day an aunt paid a visit to inquire after the patient. "Well, Marie," she asked, "what will you do when you're grown up?"

"Convalescent!" was the decisive reply.

The French Government recently gave Pierre Lafargue, a peasant farmer, a medal because his family had continuously farmed the same piece of land for 1,151 years.

Jack Miner, Premier Bird Protector

From Hudson Bay to the sunny south there is probably no place so attractive to the migrating birds as the home of Jack Miner, of Kingville, Ontario. Jack Miner is Canada's foremost and famous bird-man. His land holdings, which are about three miles from the shore of Lake Erie, have been set apart as a Crown Lands Bird Sanctuary. He is the bird's premier protector, naturalist, lecturer, and author of a recent book entitled "Jack Miner and the Birds."

The Miner Bird Sanctuary has become not only a near-paradise for the birds and waterfowl but also a mecca for human visitors who journey thither to get visible proof of the veritable

"Remember that it is the human race that is wild, not the birds. Birds are wild because they have to be, and we are wild because we prefer to be. Always throw feed and kindness at the birds, and watch results."

We have it from Jack Miner's own lips that he has fed as much as twenty-five hundred bushels of grain to the birds within three months, which, coupled with other kindly measures of his, has clearly demonstrated to his neighbors and to sportsmen far and wide that bird protection pays annual dividends of at least 200 per cent.

Jack Miner has created such favorable conditions that wild Canada geese



Jack Miner, Canada's famous bird lover, naturalist and author, is shown feeding some of his pets. Asked how he got the birds to tame, his reply was: "Throw a handful of corn instead of a thimbleful of shot."

wonders wrought by a remarkable man in less than a score of years. Here is a tract of some two hundred acres transformed into a beautiful reservation by the planting of thousands of evergreen trees, native shrubs, lilacs and roses. Bird-houses, ornate and artistic, lure many kinds of the most desirable tenants, and the artificial ponds attract so many wild (elsewhere) ducks, swans and geese that the Miner homestead has been called the "hub of the bird universe."

What is the secret of Jack Miner's success? It will be readily grasped by every reader of his book. For a clue let us have a few of the author's own words, surely striking as well as significant:—

Things You Want to Know About Home Decoration

By DOROTHY ETHEL WALSH,

National Authority on Home Furnishings

Jacobean Furniture.

When one examines the furniture of early periods from the point of view of determining wherein necessity guided the designer, one reveals a path of absorbing interest. The high chair backs fashioned as a protection against drafts, the wood of the seats designed for the same reason, the foot rails introduced to allow the chair's occupant to raise his feet from cold floors, give us a new perspective toward the furnishings which preceded those we now enjoy.

The illustration to-day shows a Jacobean chair. A development of the Elizabethan, which preceded it, has many similar features. The foot rail, a comfort found in the late Elizabethan, is prominent in the Jacobean period. English workmen copied foreign patterns, so that many types can be traced in these articles known as English products. Many articles from Flanders were brought into England during Elizabeth's reign and their influence carried through into the Jacobean. Pendants and ovals were set in relief on moldings, and scroll work in the shape of the letter S was frequently used. Low relief carving and the circular and semi-circular interlaced patterns are characteristic of the art of the times.

Of great dignity, a shade more comfortable than Elizabethan, Jacobean furniture is capable of filling



a place in certain modern interiors. It lends itself well to hallways or any part of the home to which comfort in its modern meaning is not necessary.

WOMAN DWELLS ON BLEAK ISLE ALONE

TO STUDY HABITS OF MIGRATORY BIRDS.

Claims She Gave Secret of Camouflage to World Through Chance.

An extremely interesting though lonely six months is ahead of an English woman naturalist, Miss E. L. Turner, who has just left London to take up her residence on Scott Head Island, two miles out from the wild and desolate coast of Norfolk.

Miss Turner is marooning herself on this almost unknown and never visited island in order to learn more about bird habits. She has spent years studying birds, but confesses she has gained little real knowledge about them. She is particularly anxious to find out something more about migratory birds, and on this island in the North Sea she will be able to keep watch of their arrival.

Her invisible Tent.

There are no houses on Scott Head Island, and Miss Turner has taken her own tent, a weirdly painted affair which housed some curiosity among the scientists who accompanied her as far as the coast.

"The tent," explained Miss Turner, "is the one from which I believe the British army took the idea of camou-

flag. I had it in the Falkland Islands as a hiding place while watching birds there in the winter of 1914. It became a dirty yellow and could be seen all over the island, so one day I got some green paint for it. The day was windy. I clutched at the flapping canvas and dabbed paint on it as best I could. Then I walked away from it, and, to my astonishment, it became invisible."



Not Drawn to Political Hats.

"Well, the ladies have the vote now—I suppose your wife is noticing the hats in the ring?"

"Not as much as she's noticing the hats in the show windows. I'm sorry to say."

What is Strategy?

At an examination for non-commissioned officers the following question was asked of a sergeant: "What is strategy? Give me an instance of it."

After cogitating for a moment or so, the sergeant gave the reply:

"When in battle, and you are out of ammunition, and you don't want the enemy to know it, it is good strategy to keep on firing."

I will not meddle with what I cannot mend.

LAWNS AND LAWN MAKING

By J. E. Carter, President, Ontario Horticultural Association.

Damaged lawns should be repaired early in the spring, so that the grass will get a good start before the weather becomes warm. Early spring is also a good time to make new lawns, although it is sometimes better to grow some cultivated crop like potatoes and do the actual seeding in September. This will depend upon the character of the soil.

Not infrequently building operations result in a large amount of stiff subsoil being spread over the surface of the ground. The best plan to follow under such circumstances is to plough or spade in a heavy application of stable manure that is well rotted. If the manure cannot be obtained, about the same result will follow if cow peas or crimson clover be grown the first season, and ploughed under with a liberal application of bone meal added before seeding.

Bare patches in established lawns may be restored by scarifying the soil with an iron rake and spreading grass seed thickly. Depressions in the lawn can be removed by cutting out the turf and adding good loam, replacing the turf again level with the rest of the surface. A good dressing of bone meal and wood ashes will help to keep the grass in condition throughout the summer. Nitrate of soda acts more quickly and is especially valuable in giving a deeper color to the grass. Sulphate of ammonia acts in about the same way and is to be preferred where the lawn is weedy, as its application has a detrimental effect on weedy growth. Either of these fertilizers is best applied just before or just after rain. If applied when the grass is dry they are apt to draw moisture from the grass tissues. The rate of application is about fifty pounds for a quarter of an acre. This figures out to about one-half pound for one hundred square feet. If bone meal and wood ashes are used, the two should total the same amount.

Rolling is of great benefit to an established lawn, especially in early

spring when the ground is soft. The use of a heavy roller will serve to iron out many minor inequalities in the surface and press small stones into the ground out of the way.

If a new lawn is to be made, the surface must first be made perfectly level. It is understood, of course, that deep working of the soil and the addition of fertilizers must have been preliminary. Lawns are expected to endure for many years, but they will soon run out if the grass roots have only a few inches of good soil in which to feed.

Plenty of seed should be used in starting a new lawn. Care should be taken to apply the seed evenly. The best time for seeding is generally either in the morning or near evening on a day when there is little or comparatively no wind. The lawn should be tamped or rolled after seeding to bring the seeds into close contact with the soil and to prevent undue evaporation of moisture.

For quick results sod may be used, and steep banks and terraces should always be sodded rather than seeded, as should also the edges of roads and walks along a newly made lawn. It is important that the sod be cut thin and kept clean and free from weeds, and that the ground be properly prepared before it is laid. Sod properly cut and laid grows very easily, provided it is set firmly on the surface of the ground by the use of a roller or tamper, and well watered until established.

Grass should be cut as soon as it is a few inches high, care being taken to see that the mower is very sharp, so as not to pull out any of the grasses. This cutting should be continued throughout the season.

A good lawn will usually carry through the season without artificial watering, but if water is applied the soil should be saturated to a good depth and then not watered again until dry. The general custom of a daily superficial sprinkling is most injur-

PROVINCIAL BANK

OF CANADA

Capital Authorized: \$5,000,000.00
Capital paid up and reserve \$4,500,000.00

It is the aim of the Bank to give courteous as well as efficient service in connection with all business entrusted to its care. The most careful attention is given to all enquiries.

You can secure a safety Deposit Box in which to store your valuable and important papers. It offers you security at little cost.

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PEERLESS FENCE WIRE AND GATES.

If you want quality, buy Peerless Fencing. My prices are as low as the cheaper grades offered for sale.

CORRUGATED IRON, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 ft. lengths.

CEDAR SHINGLES.

NAILS, ROOFING AND BUILDING PAPER, at lowest prices.

All the above lines bought in car lots, and at car lot prices, so we pass them on to you.

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Use our Free Air Pump, you are welcome to it.

John McFaul & Son, Lachute.

SUMMER SUITS

I still have a large assortment of fine cloth, from which you can pick a smart Spring and Summer Suit.

I am also carrying Ready Made-Suitings, in the latest cuts and Styles. Alterations on these Suits will be made Free.

Call in and See. They are just what you need and prices are Right.

Ladies' Suits made to order.

GEORGE LICOP, Merchant Tailor,

Next to J. D. Campbell's Store, Main Street,

Lachute

LACHUTE MARBLE & GRANITE WORKS.

We deal in Foreign and Domestic Marble and Granite, first class work and the best material, in all latest designs, always on hand.

Satisfaction guaranteed in all kinds of

Cemetery work, Monuments, Headstones.

Terms to suit purchasers.

W. M. SCOTT, Prop.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

Standard Time.
GOING EAST.

No. 423, due at Lachute at 8.28 p.m.
No. 422, due at Lachute at 10.30 a.m.
No. 424, due at Lachute at 7.22 p.m.

GOING WEST.

No. 421, due at Lachute at 9.30 a.m.
No. 423, due at Lachute at 6.01 p.m.
No. 425, due at Lachute at 8.20 p.m.
J. S. GILES, Town Agent, Lachute.

CANADIAN NATIONAL RAILWAYS

Going West Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 12.01 p.m.

Going East Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 10.50 a.m.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

CENTRAL MEAT MARKET

Wholesale and Retail
Phone 55

We have always on hand, Beef, Pork, Bacon and Ham, Fresh Sausages, and all kinds of vegetables, Fruits and a choice line of Canned Goods.

A. RAYMOND

Main Street, - Lachute

A lot of Cups and Saucers colored. While they last at \$2.00 per dozen. W. BANFORD & SON.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

Do You Carry Insurance?

Insurance is something you cannot do without. I have the most reliable and substantial Companies in which you may safely rely.

Our rates are lowest.
Our service prompt.

Ring up 161 ring 5 and we will be pleased to explain our new system to cover you from Fire, Life, and any risk.

MICHAEL MALACKET, Lachute, Que.



It's Easy To Have Beautiful Floors Now

Your floors may look badly now. Maybe they are scarred, scuffed and gray in appearance. But they aren't hopeless. A can of Vernicol Stain and a few minutes of your time will make them smile and glisten as they did years ago when they were new.

You'll be amazed at the results

you can get with Vernicol. You see it's a combination varnish and stain, so it makes a lasting, water-proof surface. It applies easily and dries hard to a beautiful, richly colored finish. It's intended for floors and old furniture and it comes in a variety of attractive colors.

Low Brothers

VERNICOL STAIN

Maybe your floors just need a coat of Varnish. If they do we can supply you with Neptunite Floor Varnish—a varnish made for floors. Maybe a kitchen chair needs a coat of enamel. If it does we can furnish you with a small can of Linduro Enamel. In fact, we have a Low Brothers Product specially made for whatever painting you have to do.

Sold Exclusively by:

W. D. McOUAT, Lachute.

ARUNDEL

The Church Services, on Sunday next, 15th inst., will be as follows:—
ANGELICAN.—Laurel 10.30 a.m., Glen 2.30 p.m., Grace Church, Arundel 7.30 p.m., S. S. Grace Church 2.30 p.m., Rev. Geo. H. Gagnon, M.A., Rector.

ARUNDEL UNION CHURCH.—Rockway 10.30 a.m., Crystal Falls 3.00 p.m., Arundel 7.30 p.m., S. S. Arundel 10.30 a.m., Rev. C. H. Hethington, M.A., B.D., Pastor.

The Late Mr. George Sigras.
The death occurred on Friday morning, 6th inst., of Mr. George Sigras, a very well known resident of Arundel, after an illness of several months, and much sympathy is felt for those he has left to mourn his loss.

The funeral took place on Sunday afternoon, 8th, service being conducted at his late residence by Rev. Mr. Crozier, of the Holiness Movement Church.

The house was filled to capacity by sorrowing friends and relatives, from near and from far, who were present to show their respect for a worthy citizen and their sympathy for the family.

Interment was in the cemetery at the Glen, and the casket was followed by many vehicles containing relations and friends. Much sympathy is extended to Mrs. Sigras and her family, in their sad loss.

Stallions for Service.

Percherons, Black and Gray over a ton in weight, MASTOC winner at the "Royal" at Toronto, beating the Dominion in his class.

PERSHING.—The massive big black, that weighed 2090 last spring before he was 5 years old, he was very successful in the stud last year, his stock is strong and healthy and the right kind for good draft horses.

In light horses we have added to our list a beautiful French Coach, a dark dapple bay, stands about 15-3, and has style and action and shows speed, he should certainly sire good saddle and harness horses. We have several other horses for service mentioned, especially 1 big black Belgian, weighing close to a ton. All interested in good draft horses should look over these before breeding elsewhere.

TERMS.

Fees are from \$10.00 to \$15.00 to insure, accommodation for mares from a distance can be provided if required at reasonable prices.

J. E. ARNOLD & SON, Prop.,
Grenville, Que.

HIAWATHA 9340.

He is a beautiful dark grey dapple weighing 1700 lbs., will stand at the proprietors stable, every day, except Saturday at Rodrigue's Stables, Lachute.

This horse is in Class 1. Breeders will do well to inspect this horse before seeing others.

TERMS: \$8.00 to insure foal, payable 1st March, 1925. All mares at owner's risk.

J. H. MURDOCH, Starnerville,
Phone 171 r 1-4. 13-6-4.

REGISTERED CLYDESDALE STALLION.

"MacMontrave," No. 16166.

A pretty horse, sorrel colour, weight 1900 lbs., has won several first prizes, in Saskatchewan, and first prize and Special at Lachute Exhibition in 1922.

Will stand at Rodrigue's Stables every Saturday during June and July.

TERMS: \$10.00 payable next March. All mares disposed of before foaling time. The original owner will be held responsible for service, whether mare proves in foal or not. All mares at owner's risk.

EVERETT MCGIBBON, Chatham,
2 miles west of Lachute
Phone 156 r 1-2.

PURE BRED CLYDESDALE GENERAL GRAHAM.

Imported Clydesdale No. 15694.
Canadian No. 12102.

Bred by the Sire of Champions. His foals took all first prizes from 1919 to 1923 at Lachute Fair. He has the best of feet, good bone body. He has the weight and is a sure size and class to win in the Show Ring.

Will stand for the season at the proprietor's stables.
TERMS: \$8.00 to insure. All mares disposed of before time, the original owner will be held responsible for service. All mares at owner's risk.

J. M. BRADLEY, Proprietor,
Isle-aux-Chat, Que.
Telephone 132 ring 1-3. 6-27-5.

CORRESPONDENCE.

To Mr. J. S. GILES,
Editor and Publisher,
Watchman, Lachute.

Dear Sir:—

Having received an invitation to attend the closing ceremonies of the school for teachers at McDonald College held on 5th June instant, I went with a very large party.

I was a cheering sight to see the procession of young lady teachers (some 200 in all) coming across the beautiful College grounds and the Professor, the ladies being all dressed in white and each carrying in their hands a bouquet of roses to the convocation Hall where they were to receive their diplomas and prizes.

The meeting was opened by Sir Arthur Currie, taking the chair. Dean Sinclair Laird, the head of the department for the training of teachers, read the annual report for the year 1923-4, in which he stated that there had been more students admitted during the year than had ever been admitted before in any one year of the college history. But the number, although large, is not nearly adequate for the needs of the Province.

When we come to think that the Education of our Boys and Girls depends to a large extent upon these young lady teachers a great portion of whom teach our Elementary Schools, and when it is stated that over 75 per cent of the children in the school age seven reach the superior school, you will see the great necessity of having good Elementary School teachers. I may say that from my knowledge of the Elementary teachers in the past, (as a whole) they have done their work fairly well.

Dr. T. C. Harrison, the principal of the College, in addressing the students, told them they required good courage and not to be discouraged by small difficulties that would arise in their work.

The Chairman, Sir Arthur Currie, gave to each student their diploma and prizes awarded to the successful winners, each student coming forward for same. I was pleased to see that some came to our county.

During the afternoon proceedings the students sang a few songs, very well done. I thought to myself how many of these young lady teachers have formed happy acquaintances that will never be forgotten.

McDonald College being the only Protestant institution of its kind in this Province, the costs of running such an institution must be very large, and continually increasing. I hope that the petition now presented to the Government for a grant will be given to help to maintain it. We all should be proud of it.

I am not saying anything about the other important Branches of Education, (Household Science and Agricultural) taught in this college. I will leave this for students to have taken the course to take up, have to say that I spent a pleasant and profitable afternoon.

Yours truly,
G. J. WALKER.

Call at L'ABBE'S Barber Establishment, Main Street, Lachute. Quick and efficient service at all hours.

HOUSE TO LET.—A good dwelling on Main Street, with all modern conveniences. Apply to Watchman Office, Lachute.

Here and There

Comparative figures on the hydro power installed in the United States and Canada show that the latter is far in the lead in respect of horsepower installed per 1,000 of population. The United States has 10,455,000 h.p. of installed water power against Canada's water power installations of 3,227,414 h.p. The horsepower per 1,000 of population in the United States is 95, but in Canada it is 350.

A steady increase in the volume of wheat exports from Canada is noted in the monthly statement issued by the Bureau of Statistics. In April, 1924, 6,085,465 bushels in all were exported, as against 5,143,304 in April, 1923. Included in these figures are 32,305 bushels sent to the United States, 2,972,469 to the United Kingdom and 3,080,191 to other countries.

Approximately 80 per cent of Manitoba's wheat acreage has been seeded, despite the general lateness of work on the land occasioned by unfavorable spring weather. Practically every district correspondent reports a reduction in the wheat acreage, with corresponding indications that barley and flax acreage, in particular, will be increased.

Alberta provided the bulk of the wool sold by the Canadian Co-operative Wool Growers' Association last year, 1,062,613 pounds, of the total of 2,843,365 pounds of the 1923 clip, coming from this province, according to a statement made by the general manager of the Association. Ontario growers took second place, with 836,076 pounds, followed by Manitoba-Saskatchewan, 459,583 pounds. Sundry shipments totalled 345,599 pounds.

The value of the building permits issued in 56 Canadian cities showed a large increase during April, as compared with March, 1924. Representative cities authorized buildings to the value of \$13,453,359, as compared with \$9,162,783 in the previous month. Nova Scotia, Quebec, Ontario, Manitoba and New Brunswick registered increases in the value of building permits issued.

Sons of Argenteuil, Arise!

Sons of Argenteuil, Arise! The Dominion is around us, a man can be found to save our Dominion from being wrecked.

It is up to you, to hold the Baccara in check. Do you realize the exodus, four thousand men, women and children, leaving Canada for the States, employment to seek.

Sons of Argenteuil, protest your Federal membership. Otherwise, we'll all have cause to remember.

Canada has grown as a result of protection. Lay it aside—what's left? Absolute Annexation.

Our Legislators in Ottawa are playing with fire. Dragging our grand Dominion into the mire.

Sons of Argenteuil, rally to the standard of your. Let every voter do his duty—nothing more! Rid the County of the clan who follow King.

Let prosperity and happiness from Ocean to Ocean ring.

HORACE DAVIS,
"The Vines," St. Andrews East.

Canada
Province of Quebec
District of Terrebonne
No. 468.

SUPERIOR COURT.
Ferdinand Groulx, farmer of the Parish of Ste. Adele, district of Terrebonne

Plaintiff.

vs.
Jememie Despatie of Ste. Adele, District of Terrebonne; Baptiste Despatie formerly of City and District of Montreal; Dame Melina Despatie, legally common as to property of Trefle Lacroix, and the latter for authorizing his wife to the presents, formerly of Ste. Adele, and actually of unknown places.

Defendants.

ORDER TO APPEAR

It is hereby ordered to the defendants Baptiste Despatie, Dame Melina Despatie and vir, to appear in the month.

Ste. Jerome, this 27th May, 1924.
GRIGNON & FORTIER,
Superior Court Prothonotaries
20-G-2.

PROFESSIONAL COLUMN.

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Every night—8.39 o'clock.
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"YOU'D BE SURPRISED"
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Admission Sundays and Weekdays
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VOL. XLIX.

LACHUTE, QUE., JUNE 20, 1924.

NO. 22.

COAL! COAL!

Lyken's Valley Red Ash
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Founders and Machinists, Lachute Mills, Que.

GARAGE TO RENT.—A spacious garage on Main Street, immediate possession. Apply to M. Ducloux, Rex Theatre, Lachute.

FOR SALE.—McLaughlin Buggy, Rubber Tires, in good order, for sale at once. For particulars apply to Mr. ST. JACQUES, Carriage-Maker, Foundry Street, Lachute.

FOR SALE.—Registered Holstein bull, 1 year old, also bull calf. Dams giving 68 lbs. milk per day, 4% butter fat. Herd T. B. tested. A. A. MCGIBBON, Phone 120 r 1-3, Brownburg, Que.

FARM FOR SALE.—In the Township of Chatham, 1 1/2 miles west of St. Philippe, consisting of 240 acres, good bush, running water, through farm, good house and out-buildings, about 1 1/2 miles from school, cheese factory and churches. Will sell with or without crop. Apply to R. J. GRAHAM, Box 26, St. Philippe, 4-7-4.

FOR SALE.—Laurentian Mountains, Boyd's Lake, Dunany, 7 miles north of Lachute. SUMMER COTTAGE, furnished, large living room with fireplace, dining room, kitchen, 4 bedrooms, all hard wood floors, large attic, screened porch veranda, built last year. Ten minutes walk to Dunany Country Club Golf Course. Owner moving West. For particulars, apply—Wilson, 169 Percival Ave., Montreal West.

FOR SALE.—Motor Boat with two cylinders, Wilson Engine, recently overhauled and painted, with top almost new, with tools. Apply to JCS. BELANGER, Watchmaker, Lachute, Telephone No. 116 r 2-3, 6-27-2.

BOY WANTED.—Age 13 to 16, to stay with City man who has a place in the country, 8 miles from Lachute, to bring water and do other things, for about one month. Address, The Watchman.

Call at L'ABBE'S Barber Establishment, Main Street, Lachute. Quick and efficient service at all hours.

NOTICE

Many of my old customers and friends have desired me to open my shop again to the public, and having secured a man of many years' experience, we are now ready to do all kinds of Shoeing, Tyre-setting and repairs of any kind. Call and see. JOHN SIMON, 27-6-2.

AYRSHIRE FIELD DAY.
at St. Sulpice Farm, O.K.A.
FRIDAY, JULY 4th, 1924.
Basket Lunch
Starting at 11 a.m.
Judging demonstrations etc.
Under the auspices of the
LAURENTIAN AYRSHIRE CLUB.
C. R. RODGER, Pres.
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Watch and Clock Specialist.
Bring your repairs to Mr. Belanger, who will do all your work in prompt order. He carries a big assortment of Diamonds, for gifts and Engagement Rings, at a very low price, and will be in his store for business on Thursday, Friday and Saturday of each week.
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Phone No. 116 r 2-3.

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LOCAL NEWS.

Mrs. J. R. McDonald spent the week-end in Montreal.

Mr. Stanley Burroughs, of Montreal, spent the week-end in Lachute.

Miss Mary Hope, of Montreal, was a week-end visitor in town.

Mr. Sterling Pollock, of Montreal, was a week-end visitor in town.

Mrs. E. Jousse spent Sunday last in the City.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. McFaul were in Ottawa over the week-end.

Miss Jean McEwen spent a few days this week at Castleford, Ont.

Miss M. Stark, of Grenville, is the guest this week of Mrs. Rev. Matthews.

Miss Gladys Armstrong, of Montreal, was the week-end guest of her parents.

Mrs. Rexford, of Ayers' Cliff, was the week-end guest of Mrs. George Deacon.

Miss Doris Campbell, of Montreal, was the week-end guest of her parents.

Mr. Barron, of Montreal, was the week-end guest of the Misses Barron, Lachute.

Mr. Kenneth McDougall, of Montreal, spent the week-end at his home in Centreville.

Miss May McGibbon, of Montreal, was a visitor in Lachute over the week-end.

Miss Gertrude Riddell, of Montreal, was the week-end guest of her parents.

Miss Annie McFaul, of Montreal, was the recent visitor of her many friends in town.

Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Campeau, of Ste. Therese, spent Sunday the guests of Mrs. J. B. Dion.

Miss Painter of Montreal, spent the week-end with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. Painter.

Mr. Carl Fraser and family, of Ottawa, were the week-end guests of his mother, Mrs. K. Fraser.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Duncan, of Montreal, were week-end guests of Mr. and Mrs. T. Foreman.

Miss Anne Cromwell, of Montreal, was the recent guest in Lachute of Miss Grace Dobbie.

Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Murray and family, of Ottawa, were recent visitors of Mrs. V. J. Deacon.

Mrs. Hunter and two children, of Montreal, are the guests of her mother, Mrs. A. G. McArthur.

Miss M. Byrne, of St. Philippe, is the guest this week of Mrs. W. J. Brown, of Centreville.

Mrs. Wm. McCrae, of Bell Falls, is visiting her many friends in Brownburg and Lachute.

Mr. Robt. Hamilton and Mr. Wm. Cottingham motored to Ormstown, on Wednesday for a couple of days.

Mr. David McAdam and his grandson, Warren O'Brien, of Chaboro, were in Lachute on Saturday last.

The Misses Irene and Anna Scott, of Montreal, were guests of their parents for the week-end.

The Misses Francis and Wilma Joss, of Montreal, were guests of their parents over the week-end.

Mr. Coole, of Montreal, who has been visiting his daughter, Mrs. J. Dorion, returned home on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. John MacVicar returned to Brownburg on Wednesday, after a pleasant wedding trip.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Reilly, of Toronto, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Beacroft and Mr. Rushbrooke.

Miss Lynda M. Dawson has returned to Montreal, after spending the past few days with friends here.

Miss Bertha Davis, of Morin Heights, will be married on the 23rd inst., to Mr. Stanley Brown, also of Morin.

Mrs. J. A. Wood, of Napawa, Man., is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Murdoch, for a couple of months.

A number of our town boys left on Saturday to attend the Annual Military Training Camp, held this year at St. Johns, Que.

The Misses Margaret Jones, E. Creswell, and Ethel Drysdale, are the guests of Miss Evelyn Creswell at Clear Lake.

Mr. Jos. Stewart of Harrington and Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Stewart, of Carillon, were the week-end guests of Mr. and Mrs. A. MacVicar.

Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Hamilton and daughter, Shirley, accompanied by Miss Baldwin and Mrs. W. Fraser, motored to Montreal on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Smith and Mr. John Boyd and Miss Rita Boyd motored to Montreal on Sunday. They were accompanied by Mrs. Jno. Boyd on their return.

Mr. Clifford McFaul, wishes to inform his patrons that he has now opened up his Store at Lake Louise and is prepared to supply your needs in every detail. No need to take your bathing suits or fishing tackle. He keeps a good assortment.

Mr. McLennan, of Campbellton, N. B., spent a few days in town this week, the guest of Mr. E. Deslauriers.

Miss L. Hughes, of Lachine, has been spending her holidays with Miss Marion Knox.

Baseball Results.

Papineauville vs. Lachute, played at Lachute, Sunday, June 15th. Lachute won, score 5-1.

During last week the Argenteuil Wool Growers' Association shipped to the Canadian Co-operative Wool Growers at Lennoxville, over 6500 lbs. of wool to be sold on a co-operative basis. This wool was shipped from Arundel, Morin Heights, Grenville and Lachute.

The Grand Frezere-Rinfret Junction branch line bill passed the Senate Railway Committee on Wednesday. The bill provides for a line, twelve miles long, at a cost of \$357,000, giving the Canadian National Railway direct service between Montreal tunnel terminal and the mountain summer resorts.

Masons visit Montreal.

On Sunday last Argenteuil Lodge No. 67 A.F. & A.M. motored to Montreal to attend divine service in St. James the Apostle Church, where a most inspiring address was given by Rt. Wor. Bro. Canon A. P. Shaford. Some 12 cars, carrying 50 representatives from Lachute, made the trip, which proved most enjoyable as well as profitable.

On Monday Lachute Lodge was favored with a visit from the D.D. G.M. Rt. Wor. Bro. Dr. Haentzel, who expressed himself as very pleased with the progress being made, and urged upon those present to maintain a high standard, giving to all in need a helping hand, and so make this world a better place to live in.

Visiting Brethren were present from Arundel and Grenville, and after the business of the evening a most enjoyable time was spent at the banquet table, several short speeches being given. The meeting closed with the singing of Auld Lang Syne and God Save the King.

Shower in honor of Miss McEwen.

A surprise party was given last Friday evening, by Mrs. J. H. McFaul, at her residence, in honor of Miss Jean McEwen, who will shortly be married to Mr. Albert Lauder Moore, of Amherst, N.S. Many useful and handsome gifts were presented to the guest of honor, who was delightfully and genuinely surprised. A pleasant social time was enjoyed by all present.

Orange Lodge Meeting.

The Semi Annual meeting of the County Lodge was held in the Orange Hall, Shrewsbury, at 10 o'clock p.m., Saturday 14th inst., Bro. Bates W.M. presiding. There was a good attendance considering the bad weather and roads. After the usual business, a Past Master's Jewel was presented to Bro. W. Cooper P.C.M. the presentation being made by Bro. Jas. Morrison, D.C.M., with a few well chosen remarks, which were very suitably replied to by Bro. Cooper.

CHURCH NOTES.

Services in the Methodist Church next Sunday, June 22nd, will be conducted by the Pastor, Rev. A. Mathews, as follows:—Lachute at 11 a.m., Sunday School 12 noon; E. Settlement 3.30 and Brownburg at 7.30.

We have no sensations to offer just a plain simple service of worship, but it is God's house, and we expect Him present to receive our homage—A Welcome to all.

Presbyterian Church services will be held next Sunday, June 22nd as follows: In Lachute at 11.30 a.m. and 7.30 p.m. Mr. Wadsworth will preach in the morning, and Mr. MacKinnon in the evening. In Upper Lachute Mr. MacKinnon will preach at 12 o'clock, and in Brownburg Mr. Wadsworth will preach at 3 o'clock. Everyone is made welcome.

The Children of the Presbyterian S. S. Lachute will hold a picnic on June 24th. Details will be announced in S. School, Sunday morning.

Baptist Church services, on Sunday June 22nd inst., will be held as follows:—Dalesville 11 a.m., Brownburg 3 p.m., Lachute 7.30 p.m. Topic:—"The Lord's Day: How I keep it, and Why?"

DEATHS.

MORRISON.—At Calgary, Alta., on June 2nd, 1924, Mary B. McGibbon, beloved wife of W. E. Morrison, aged 64 years, formerly of Brownburg, Que.

McNEIL.—Patrick McNeil, suddenly at Piercefield, N.Y., on June 16. Funeral at Cornwall, Ont., on Friday, 19th inst. He was the only brother of Mrs. J. A. Taillon of Glen Falls, N. Y., and Mrs. C. Ed. Ladouceur, St. Andrews East.

IN MEMORIAM.

HAMPTON.—In loving memory of our dear friend, Mr. Harry Hampton, who departed this life June, 1922.

Men's Suits

Before sending away for your Suits, Men's or Boy's, come in and have a look at ours. We have a large variety of Blue and Grey Serges, Browns and Tweeds of many patterns and plain.

We have a few for boys up to 35 in good colours and qualities.

Prices are so low you will not find fault we are sure.

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SPLENDID CONFECTIONERY

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LIGHT LUNCHES SERVED AT ALL HOURS

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Shirts of all kinds

Socks—A large Range

Ties—The finest assortment

Woodrow Hats and Cooper Caps.

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One Pair of Glasses 7 out of every 10
With Double Vision Headaches



are caused by eyestrain. If you suffer from headaches you ought to question the condition of your eyes.
Often with vision apparently normal, eyes greatly need the help of lenses.
Only an examination can make you sure.
Have your eyes examined without delay.

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Wellsworth Ultex
The One-piece Bifocal

WATCHMAKER & JEWELLER
Main Street, Lachute.

Soils and Crops

Address communications to Agronomist, 73 Adelaide St. West, Toronto

ADVANTAGES OF THE SILO.

One of the chief advantages of the silo is that in many cases it enables withholding stock from the pastures until the grass and the weather conditions are favorable. Never a spring goes by but sacrifices have to be made in the condition of the stock as well as the pastures, by emptying the stables at too early a date. The feed supplies become exhausted, hay and other feed is relatively dear to purchase, and there is nothing for it but to turn out the stock. If one has a silo, it follows that bulky crops will be grown, and as these are preserved without loss, the available supply of feed for the winter months is greatly increased. It would be difficult to estimate accurately the increase of stock that can be carried on a given acreage by the addition of a silo and the growing of silage crops. The advantage lies, not so much in keeping a greater number of animals, but in keeping better those that one has.

Where corn can be grown at all successfully, there is no other crop equal to it for the making of silage. Before deciding that this crop cannot be grown satisfactorily, a careful test should be made, because corn has been so improved in recent years that the experience of the past does not justify a decision for the future. If, however, it is proved that corn of the earlier varieties is not a success, then one can fall back on a mixture of oats, peas, and vetches, or sunflowers, or on such crops classified as clovers.

For cattle feeding, roots were for many years the succulent winter feed used. With the introduction of the silo and the growing of corn, it was soon learned that labor cost was greatly reduced. Besides this, there is the advantage of better thrift in ensilage fed cattle, as well as reduced labor in preparing the feed. Pamphlet No. 35, "Silage and Silo Construction for the Maritime Provinces," records that steers fed ensilage at the Fredericton Experimental Station, made a profit of \$15.32 more per head than those fed on roots as the succulent portion of the ration. The advantages of the silo are equally great for dairy cattle. At this season of the year when next winter's stock rations must be provided for, it is well to consider whether or not one can afford to be without a silo. Even under the best systems of feeding the profits are little enough. By the use of silage, greater profits are undoubtedly made possible, whatever crop is to be grown for the silo.

There are certain essential factors

necessary in silo construction. These are strength, smoothness of interior, the absence of angles on the inside, and durability. Of the popular types, the stave silo is the most easily and quickly erected, and when given a permanent roof and the hoops kept tight in the summer, it is fairly satisfactory. The concrete silo with walls reinforced by half-inch rods, has the advantage of being permanent. This silo is perhaps the most popular where it can be afforded. It can be constructed by ordinary farm labor. Cement blocks and vitrified tile are also found satisfactory. These several styles of silo are described, and complete instructions for the building of the stave silo, with illustrations, are given in the pamphlet in question, available at the Publications Branch of the Department of Agriculture at Ottawa.

DID YOUR CLOVER KILL OUT THIS SPRING?

If it did, you had better write the Department of Chemistry, Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph, for directions for taking a sample of your soil to discover the reason.

Reports from some districts this year show a good deal of winter wheat and clover killed out, states the Department of Chemistry, O.A.C. This is highly undesirable and can be prevented by the use of lime and acid phosphate applied with the crop on which the clover is seeded. In some cases lime is not necessary for the soil is not acid, but where acidity occurs lime is very essential. Phosphorus is a great root farmer and it is the strong, deep-rooted clover and wheat plant that withstands the alternate freezing and thawing of spring weather.

In answer to a circular sent out this spring to the twenty-five co-operative experimenters handling our Lime Phosphate Experiment, the majority report that the clover on the half acre which received crushed limestone and acid phosphate in the fall of 1922 is in perfect shape, while in many cases the untreated section did not winter nearly as well and in one or two cases will have to be plowed up.

If seeding is done with spring grain it is good business to use acid phosphate at the rate of at least 300 pounds per acre, and preferably 400. If the soil is acid, lime is also necessary to give a strongly rooted clover and alfalfa which will carry it over the first winter—the most critical period of the life of the plant.

Farmers in New Neighborhoods

BY HILDA RICHMOND.

When a man moves into a new community, particularly if he moves in from another province or a distant county, there are several things he should attend to without delay. Indeed, there are some things that he should attend to before he leaves his old home in order to begin right in the new one. One of these is to get letters of introduction and recommendation from the bank with which he has always done business, from the pastor of the church he attends, and from several of the leading business men.

When he arrives at his new home, he leaves the letters of introduction with the bank and the church and the business house or houses, and at once establishes his identity and his standing. This is more important than many people consider it. It may help in time of emergency and, if the emergency never arises, it gives the newcomer a fine start in every way. It shows that he did not have to slink away from his old home; and though he may be worth little in this world's goods, if he can show good recommendations as to character and integrity he at once gets in touch with good people in his new neighborhood.

DOES THE POSTMASTER KNOW YOUR ADDRESS?

His name and the exact location of his farm should be given at once to the telephone and telegraph offices. Many people neglect this, saying: "We do not expect any messages." But no one knows what calamity, sickness or important business may make it necessary for friends or strangers to look him up.

I used to work in the post office, and it was amazing to see how many death notices and letters and telephone messages were not delivered until too late, because of lack of address. Once a telegram came for John Brown; and, after exhausting all their resources, the authorities put the customary notice in the post office expecting that John Brown would prove to be a commercial salesman and would call soon. It turned out that the owner of the telegram was the nephew and hired man of a newcomer in a neighborhood some miles from town. His mother was buried two days before he received the notice of her death.

Just a little common sense would have prevented the tragedy for that young fellow who missed a last sight

of his mother; but nobody had thought it worth while to announce immediately the arrival in the county of one new family.

LOOK UP A GOOD DOCTOR.

Another wise precaution is to hunt up and get acquainted with a good doctor, as soon as you are located. If the family is healthy and there has been no need of a doctor's services for years past, no harm will be done; and if an emergency arises, the family will have reason to thank its lucky stars that it knows where to apply instantly for medical aid. It isn't necessary to take up an hour of a busy doctor's time announcing one's intentions or giving a lengthy history of the family, but it is well to get acquainted and make a note of the telephone number and the location of the doctor's office.

After getting settled, write to the folks "back home" and tell them the exact location of your farm, your telephone number, rural route, and various other items, so that telephone calls and mail need not be delayed. If you have a common name like John Smith or John Jones, it is well to tell your postmaster that your mail is likely to come from certain towns. Then if your friends neglect to put the correct address on the letters, every other John Smith and John Jones will not finger your mail over first and delay it.

A young man once came breezily into the post office to inform me that he had received a letter that did not belong to him, and upon being asked to produce the letter he said it did not amount to anything so he had destroyed it. Of course it did not amount to anything to him, but the right John Smith was very much disturbed when he heard of it. It happened to be a letter from his best girl.

If it is spring, the local dealer who handles repairs for the make of machinery on the farm of the newcomer should be hunted up. An unnecessary delay in corn-planting time means much; and so does stopping to hunt repairs for the harrow or the disk when work is pressing. Getting in touch with the huckster is also advisable in order easily to get groceries in the busy season and to be able to market eggs frequently in hot weather.

Last, but not least, hunt up the church of your choice without waiting for a busy minister to guess that

you intend, some day, to identify yourself with his flock. Finally, subscribe for the local paper.

If you show yourself friendly and anxious to identify yourself and your family with all local interests, you will soon feel well acquainted, and ten to one the ladies of the family will like the new home instead of pining for the old one.

Home-Grown Mangel Seed Best.

In the average results for ten years at the Ontario Agricultural College, very careful field tests show that our home grown mangel seed gave an average percentage of germination from the clusters of 119 per cent., while in the average of the same ten years the imported seed obtained through three of the leading seed houses gave 77, 77 and 76 per cent. We have not obtained imported seed from any source which has given us as high a percentage of germination over a series of years as we have obtained from the seed produced at Guelph.

If farmers who have some good mangels stored in their root cellars, would next spring, when the growth of vegetation is starting, plant these on a piece of well-tilled land, they would be able to grow seed for home use. As near perfect roots as possible should be selected and these should be planted about thirty inches apart each way. We have occasionally obtained as high as a pound of seed per plant, but this is exceptional and it would not be wise to count on more than from four to eight ounces of seed per plant on the average. By transplanting from fifty to one hundred plants in the spring, a nice quantity of seed should be obtained. This would greatly help out the situation in furnishing home grown seed and in showing what can be done in seed production in different localities throughout the whole province.

Nitrate of Soda Helps in Cold Springs.

In such a season as this, cold and wet, the greatest need of the plant is for nitrates, says the Department of Chemistry, Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph. The ground is so cold and wet that it takes a long time to warm up and as a result bacterial activity is at a low ebb. As a result no nitrates are being formed in the soil and plants cannot make vegetable growth.

To correct this and enable the plant to get away to a good start, apply nitrate of soda one hundred pounds to one hundred and fifty pounds per acre at once. If bought in lots of several hundred pounds it can be obtained at a reasonable price and its benefit is almost certain. Do not, however, apply if heavy rain threatens, as it is soluble and will be lost by washing.

Another benefit which will be derived is this. The nitrate of soda dissolves in the soil water and soaks down into the soil. The roots go after it and hence the result is a deeper rooted plant more able to withstand the period of drouth which so often follows a wet seed time.

Silage Crops.

Where corn cannot be grown satisfactorily, a mixed crop of oats, peas, and vetches has proved to be a very suitable mixture for the making of silage. The ensilage from these crops has high feeding value, containing, for example, twice as much protein as either corn or sunflowers. Corn, on the other hand, where it does well, is to be preferred on account of the very much greater weight of crop that can be grown per acre. In sections where the corn crop is doubtful, it is well, therefore to put in some acres of the cereal mixture. This mixed crop has the advantage of being suitable either for silo or for the making of hay, or it even may be allowed to ripen for threshing. When it is to be put in the silo, it must be cut very fine, spread evenly, and well tramped. The keeping quality is greatly improved also by adding plenty of water as the filling proceeds. Unless this is done, the stems being hollow do not pack closely and are almost sure to mould during the curing process. Pamphlet No. 35 of the Department of Agriculture at Ottawa, available at the Publications Branch, goes fully into silage crops, describes the various popular silos, including the construction of the stave silo.

False economy is the hole in the pasture fence.

When stung by a bee, I always remove the stinger and rub the spot with lard. Try this.—J. M. K.

HORSE.

We know that a wide variety of feeds is absolutely essential with cows and poultry for high production of milk and eggs. Also that it is necessary for the best growth of pigs, calves and other young animals.

The work horse does not produce foods directly, like the cow or hen, but he certainly lends a hand in making crops. And he, too, needs a varied diet to do his best.

When hard at work in the hot fields the horse puffs and sweats. With every extra puff of breath and every extra drop of sweat he is burning up, not one or two, but half a dozen or more chemical compounds. And if a variety of feeds is not supplied to refill and refurbish the animal's body, he will either become weak or lose flesh; sometimes both.

A poor farmer driving a poor horse with a whip. A progressive neighbor and good horseman remarks, "It is not a whip but more hay and oats the horse needs." How true! Yet many horsemen attempt to make their teams do more with a whip, though feeding them only a narrow ration of timothy hay and corn during the heavy working season.

One of the best farmers we know, who has fine horses and gets the best kind of work from them, and keeps them "fat" throughout the year, feeds a varied ration during the working seasons. In addition to timothy, he feeds them some clover or alfalfa hay. Besides corn, he always gives his working team some oats, with a little bran or shorts, occasionally a dash of linseed-oil meal.

Some men will not allow their work horses to touch green grass, declaring it will make them soft, or cause them to lose their wind.

To those of us who know how much good a little green grass does a work horse, in connection with heavy dry feeds, depriving a hungry work horse of this appetizing necessity is hard to understand.

Many of the best farmers let their work teams out to pasture at nights, because of the better air of the pasture and so that the work animals may secure vitalizing green feeds to mix with the dry ones they eat through the day.

Good farmers and kindly horsemen have always known in a practical way the benefit of green matter with dry to the well-being of all animals. Vitamin discoveries and scientific proof of this knowledge.

Many work horses in summer become skin poor, and a few drop dead in the hot fields for want of the complete nourishment that a wider variety of feeds will furnish.

POULTRY.

The mite is the poultryman's worst enemy. It multiplies by millions, feeding upon the fowls from the time they settle upon the perches in the evening until they leave them next morning. Spraying the perches may destroy great numbers, but thousands are left to hatch out new colonies at once.

The best method I have tried to get rid of the pests is to provide two sets of perches. The round ones have blocks nailed upon each end, to prevent turning upon the supports. About every two months these perches should be removed and replaced by the other set. This can be done, even in cold weather, by simply shifting the fowls to their day quarters.

I remove each perch carefully so as not to dislodge any of the mites. Then I spray around the supports and clean up generally. After that I replace clean perches and allow the fowls to return undisturbed. The infested perches have boiling water, with a liberal quantity of kerosene and spirits of turpentine added, poured over every inch of them. Then they are placed on end against a tree or fence, some distance from the poultry house.

Culling.

During the year 414 culling demonstrations were held by the O.A.C. Poultry Dept. Extension men—a total of over 5,000 people attended. In addition to the 414 culling demonstrations, culling schools were held in Woodstock, Port Hope and Napanee. Of the 50,000 hens handled at demonstrations over 17,000 were considered to be culls in so far as profitable egg producing is concerned, so says Professor W. R. Graham, Ontario Agricultural College.

There's many a slip 'twixt the seed and the silo. It takes a farmer to be the true optimist.

Home Education

"The Child's First School is the Family"—Froebel.

A Question of Endurance—By Ora A. Clement.

"Yes, Janet is going to learn music," said Janet's mother, "even if it does worry me nearly to death to make her practice."

"Doesn't she like to practice?" asked the friendly neighbor, who was making a call.

"The first half of her hour she practices very well, but almost every day she begins crying after thirty minutes are over, and I frequently have to punish her to make her finish the hour."

"You don't mean to say that seven-year-old baby practices for a steady hour each day?" The motherly eyes of the older woman were very bright as she asked the question.

"Indeed she does," the child's mother answered emphatically. "If there is one thing more than another that I cannot endure it is dilly-dallying about something. When a thing is begun, I want it finished before it is left."

The caller was silent for a moment, and when she resumed the conversation it was to introduce another subject.

"Did you enjoy the lecture Prof. Moser gave before the club yesterday?" she queried.

"It was interesting, and he is a pleasing speaker, but I did wish he could have made his lecture shorter. After four o'clock, when I felt that I should be at home getting dinner started, I could not keep my attention on the lecture at all. My mind was somewhere else, and I could scarcely sit still."

"It was a long program, and I can imagine how you felt," the neighbor agreed. "It is very hard to force one's attention when the mind is busy elsewhere."

"Well, I simply can't do it." The younger woman was very positive.

"When I have lost interest, I might just as well leave the meeting for all the good I get from what is said afterward. I don't remember a word of it."

The caller's brown eyes twinkled knowingly but kindly, as she said very gently, "I am sure that is more or less true of us all. Especially is it true of our little folks. Did you ever hear it said, Mrs. Martin, that a child of Janet's age cannot concentrate its attention for more than thirty minutes at one time? The average is less than that."

"It is not a child's fault that it cannot concentrate. It is Nature's way of insuring normal, all-round development. It is as natural as it is beautiful for children to go flitting happily from one thing to another like butterflies, and it is well to train the little ones to apply themselves to work and study by giving short tasks which can be finished within a half-hour. Longer tasks exhaust a child's power of concentration and use up nerve force. Furthermore, nothing is gained by continuing them after interest and attention are lost. But I was going to ask how you enjoyed Miss Love's solo."

So again the subject of discussion was shifted and Janet and her lessons were not mentioned.

But the motherly neighbor was pleased the next day when, after a painstaking, if jerky, rendering of Pixie Valse with some finger exercises as a finale, the Martin's piano was quiet until Janet had had a long romp with the Jones twins, after which it tinkled methodically and cheerfully for thirty minutes more with no accompaniment of sobs.

"That is much better," she said to herself. "I only hope I did not offend Janet's mother."

them rising up to the tree tops, and going even beyond them as high as birds may fly, they called frantically to them to come back, promising to give them all the food they wished.

However, the little boys did not hear them, for their eyes were on the lovely sky land where they saw all the beauties of the cloud-world. The good little spirit fixed them there forever and turned them into seven beautiful bright stars and they were very happy, and never again were hungry for food.

HOGS

We have had a great deal to say in times past about the efficacy of good pastures on the economical production of live stock. It is a subject well worthy of frequent discussion, and it is just as important with regard to hogs as with any of the other domestic animals.

The ancient pig sty with its tiny proportions, its filth and squealing occupants, is, or should be, a thing of the past, so far as commercial hog production is concerned. It is as unnatural for a hog to be confined for long periods in close quarters, as for a man to spend all his life in the house. The evil effects of such treatment may be overcome largely by careful attention to exercise and diet, but it is neither desirable with man, nor profitable with hogs.

In a state of nature hogs roamed the woods and the prairies seeking what they might devour. We have no records of their suffering from intestinal worms and lice, and hog cholera was unknown.

We put rings in their snouts so they cannot root up our nice meadows, and then feed them tankage to replace the worms and grubs, and mineral mixtures to replace the mineral elements which their ancestors were in the habit of rooting in the earth for. We even cut down all the trees, because they interfere with the plow or the binder, or with our distorted aesthetic sense and build artificial shades, that our hogs may enjoy protection from the heat of the sun, which nature demands they should have. Perhaps, some day, we will employ osteopathic hog doctors to exercise their muscles, and import celery and head lettuce to keep them in health, but, to date, we are still depending upon plenty of range and good pastures to fulfill this requirement.

The best of all forage so far discovered is alfalfa. Clover is a close second, and on rich land rape gives excellent returns. Fall-sown rye or June grass comes earliest in the spring, oats and peas are very good for the older hogs about June 1. Sweet clover promises to take a position among the best hog forages. Soybeans are greatly relished for fall feed, and up-to-date practice calls for growing them extensively with corn that is to be hogged off.

Many experiments have shown that the most economical gains from growing pigs come from the use of abundant forage in combination with approximately one-half of a full feed of grain. They also show that the acres thus utilized are often the greatest producers of net profits of any on the whole farm.

When replanting corn, instead of using a hoe I use a sharpened broomstick with a pipe of some kind attached. I jab the broom stick into the soil, drop a grain of corn into the pipe, scratch a little soil into the hole and the job is done.



The only Canadian nurse who lost an arm on the field is pictured while attending a recent convention of the Ontario Amputation Association.

RED ROSE

TEA 'is good tea'

Fine, brisk flavor! Best of all in the
ORANGE PEKOE QUALITY T-5

Surnames and Their Origin

CLAYTON
Variations—Newton, Leighton, Layton, Hiltan.
Racial Origin—Anglo-Saxon.
Source—Localities.

This little group of family names is typical of the larger part of the entire classification of "ton" names. They are given here as variations of one another, not because they have come from the same source, but from the same kind of source.

This source is Anglo-Saxon place names. This does not by any means establish the first bearers of the surnames as Anglo-Saxon blood, however. They might have been and undoubtedly were in many cases Normans.

But it was back in the Anglo-Saxon period that the place names were formed around the old word "tun," which has given us our modern word "town." To the Anglo-Saxons this word meant primarily an inclosed place, which, of course, most of their towns were. Thus if the locality were noted for a clay soil, the "tun" became known as Clayton and grew into a town of that name. Newton would signify an inclosure recently built (recent) in the view of those who named it. Leighton and the modern simplification, Layton, would be an inclosure on a "leigh" or "ley," that is, meadow land. And Hiltan would designate such an inclosure on a hillside or hill-top.

Such names became family names

Animals That Advertise.

Everywhere one goes in the country signs may be seen which indicate that creatures of the wild know the value of advertising just as much as do human beings.

Often this advertising may be just a dodge on the part of the insect or animal to avoid the attentions of another creature who has designs upon him as a delectable dinner morsel.

This peculiarity of Nature is noticeable in regard to the butterfly, which is an ingenious little publicity merchant. Certain kinds of butterflies have noxious qualities which are not to the liking of birds, but there are other species which are just the reverse. The latter consequently assume the colorings of the former, and so, by advertising their undesirability as food, manage to preserve their lives.

The same tactics are adopted by beetles, but it is from bird and animal life that we get the best examples. Certain kinds of snipe, for instance, set up a peculiar shriek as soon as they catch sight of a shooting party, and this is kept up until they have advertised far and wide that the gunners are on the look out.

Sheep's Secret Signals.

Wild sheep, also, are clever in this respect. They need only to see one of their number at attention, with head up and ears pricked forward, to become suspicious and ready for flight. Again, when deer register the presence of a foe, they send a signal to every member of the band to be cautious.

The wild bellow of the lion is often uttered not because he is angered and ready to fight. He knows that to keep away his foes he has but to remind them of his power, and he does so by proclaiming his strength far and wide.

With just the same object does the rattlesnake shake his castanets. The sound of them reaches the ears of his foes, and, awed with the dreadful warning of the snake's latent power, they rapidly disappear.

But it is at the mating season in the

as a rule when former residents settled in other communities.

TUMULTU.

Variations—Tomalty, Talty.
Racial Origin—Irish.
Source—A given name.

At just what period the Irish clan came into being is not quite clear. The clan name, however, is traceable back to a period prior to that in which the majority of English family names originated.

As nearly as the Irish spelling of the name can be rendered with the English alphabet, it is "O'Tomaltagh." The spelling is formidable, but the pronunciation is not, the native Gael pronouncing it just about the way we pronounce the variations Tumulty and Tomalty, with the clan-signifying "O" before it.

This "O" in Irish names, however, is but the modern development of the more ancient forms "Hua" and "Hui," sometimes rendered in English as "Ua" and "Hy." One is singular and the other plural in this sense; the former is used when speaking of a single person who is a member of the clan, the latter when the speaker is referring to several members or to the clan as a whole.

The Irish clan names all are taken from the given names of the chieftains who founded them. In this case the given name was "Tomhalt," with a meaning of "the waster" or "the generous one."

wild that the full power of publicity is brought to bear. There is a general flaunting of color and parade of strength, with the object of proving to a possible mate how much more desirable than his rival each one is.

This competition for favor is particularly outstanding in bird life, and the display of colors and ornaments to catch the female eye is carried to perfection. The great peacock, while conscious of his beauty, at the same time is aware that his rival may be just as beautiful, and to oust him from favor he tides himself up and, as it were, puts on his Sunday best.

The Alligator's Courtship.

Birds of Paradise wave their wonderful silky plumes, and the hummingbird with great skill flashes his gems among the flowers, making a perfect color scheme.

Other birds, less fortunate in the matter of color, find the power of song a great factor in gaining favor; so these songsters chant their sweetest melodies or chirrup and whistle as best they can.

Even the lumbering alligator knows how to advertise, and in searching for a bride does his best to stage a fight so that the lady of his choice may see him come forth the victor!

The same applies to lions and tigers and even the monkey, so if you see any of those fellows vainly strutting about at the Zoo, don't laugh. They know what they are doing!

GREEN TEA IN GREAT DEMAND.

Twenty-five years ago, Green Tea was more popular than Black, but due to the heavy importation of poor quality Japan and China Green Teas, the demand fell off. Ceylon and India started producing Green Tea on a large scale only in recent years. They were of such fine quality and delicious flavor that Green Tea drinkers immediately recognized their superiority and demanded them in ever increasing quantities. Salada Tea Company is practically the sole importer of Ceylon and India Green Teas in Canada.

Rest.

To get the most out of a vacation one should have a rest as well as a change of scene and recreation. Excessive physical fatigue whether from work or play is dangerous. Fatigue means a tired heart and weakened digestive organs, and it lowers resistance to infection of any sort. Many a vacation has been spoiled by unusual fatigue, with over eating, and many a vacationist returns home suffering from an infection which would never have occurred had his natural powers of resistance not been lowered by general bodily fatigue.

Begin new forms of work or play moderately. Moderation in physical exertion for the first few days of a vacation will make a great difference in the actual results of the vacation. It will also make a vacation far more beneficial in its results if the daily programme be arranged so as to provide a period of complete relaxation and rest. If not a nap, after the noon-day meal or before the evening meal.

One who has climbed the ladder should not pull it up or kick it down—he should extend a kindly hand to the fellow below.

Ask for Minard's and take no other.

Love's Way.

Love goes the way of laughter
And pretty maiden fears,
But he knows naught of life's way
Nor grey and bitter tears.

Love goes the way that Hope takes,
And meets the golden dawn.
And oh! the picture Hope paints
Are sweet to look upon.

Ah! Love is wise and gracious,
Or folks would never know
The tinkling lilt of laughter
In Dawn's young ruddy glow.
—Lerelne Ballantyne.

THE CHEERFUL WOMAN

Is One Who Has the Rich, Red
Blood of Good Health.

The fact that one woman is bright-eyed, rosy-cheeked, at ease and cheerful, while another is pale, weak and depressed is due more often than otherwise to the condition of the blood. The way to remedy this depressed state is to build up the blood, and for this purpose there is no other tonic can equal Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. A case in point is that of Mrs. Melvin Abra, Graveley Street, Vancouver, B.C., who says:—"About two years ago I was a very sick woman. I seemed to be wasting away and getting thinner all the time. I grew so weak that the doctor sent me to the hospital, but the treatment there did not help me and I returned home. Then I tried a number of tonics with no better results. At this stage my mother came to me, and as she is a firm believer in Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, she started me on this medicine. I can only say that they did wonders for me. I began to get new health and strength after I had taken a few boxes, and day by day this improvement continued until I was again well and able to do all my household work, and I have not had a sick day since. I cannot recommend your pills too highly and urge those who are looking for health and happiness to give them a trial."

You can get the pills from your druggist, or by mail at 50 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Seeing Eyes.

The automobile plowed through the deep sand of a piney woods road. There was not a house in sight, not a sound except the impatient and disgusted exclamations of the pair in the car, a young couple from the city.

"Miles and miles and not even a cabin! I don't wonder nobody lives in such a forsaken country," grumbled the young man at the wheel, and his wife emphatically declared that she didn't blame folks for not living where there was nothing except pines and sand.

Just then the breeze that stirred the boughs bore to their ears a song, jubilant and glad:

"I've reached the land of corn and wine,
With all its treasures surely mine;
I've reached that beautiful shining shore—
My heaven, my home, forever more!"

The car slowed down and, drawing to one side, stopped to allow a small covered cart to come slowly up over the narrow road. An old woman in a purple calico dress, with a big black sunbonnet falling back on her neck, sat in a chair and drove the pony.

"In trouble?" inquired the old woman sympathetically. "The sand's so deep I reckon you're stuck. I'll drive on and send a neighbor to pull you out."

"No, not stuck, just waiting to ask if you could show us some nearer way out to the main road," said the young man.

"Now ain't that a nice way to travel, though!" exclaimed the woman, "glidin' along smooth as grease and seein' everything!"

"But this country"—began the young woman impetuously, "this country is so—"

"Ain't it?" replied the stranger, beaming upon them. "For them with seein' eyes there's no prettier country to be found! This time of year especially when the woods are fair groenin' under the bounty of the Lord. I been down the road a piece, spendin' the day with a neighbor; she's a cripplin' body and can't get out much, so I stop now and then to gather her a basketful of bullaces and wild grapes. You can see the vines yonder. And don't them clusters of sumac look pretty, jest like flamin' torches? That slim tree with the few red leaves on it is a persimmon, and they are good now that frost's touched 'em. I filled the basket with them and with some open clusters of chinquapins. Squirrels gather 'em, possums come to eat the persimmons and grow fat as butter. Truly this is, as the hymn says, a land of corn and wine—which is jest a name for all God's plenty."

The young couple gazed round them with opened eyes.

"Me a-runnin' on, and you askin' the highest way out!" said the old lady, laughing deprecatingly. "But when I get started on the country, why I just forget. The Lord made a sight of pretty things for travelers to see if they got eyes to see 'em with. You follow the main tracks like you're doin' and you'll soon come out on the highway."

They called cheery good-bys and waved back at the old little figure in the purple calico. For a time the two were silent; then the young wife spoke softly to her husband. "See, dear, right ahead of us are a whole family of squirrels in that hollow limb. I counted four, and there comes another with a nut in her mouth!"

"I see; and over yonder in that thicket there's a covey of quail."

"And there right overhead is a vine just loaded with grapes! Stop the car and let's pick some. There really are so many things to see in these woods if,"—she looked into her husband's face, and he nodded, understandingly,— "if we have seeing eyes!"

Vagabondia.

O I am done with golden shoes,
With satin, silk and shining gear.
What is this unseemly show to lose
Ah! I take a road far, far from here!

Thick on a road white dust will lie,
Rise in clouds to a barefoot gait.
A brown larf will be touching the sky
And I'll sleep at night where mountains wait.

O I am done with a cloak of red,
Slow rain will cling to a russet shawl.
Wind will finger a brave, bold head,
And darkness will hide no fears at all!

—Lillian Middleton.

CHILDHOOD INDIGESTION

Nothing is more common in childhood than indigestion. Nothing is more dangerous to proper growth, more weakening to the constitution or more likely to pave the way to dangerous disease. Fully nine-tenths of all the minor ills of childhood have their root in indigestion. There is no medicine for little ones to equal Baby's Own Tablets in relieving this trouble. They have proved of benefit in thousands of homes. Concerning them Mrs. Jos. Lunette, Immaculate Conception, Que., writes: "My baby was a great sufferer from indigestion, but the Tablets soon set her right, and now I would not be without them." Baby's Own Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

League Protects Children.

The children of the world will henceforth be under the protection of the League of Nations. The International Bureau for the Promotion of Child Welfare has been working in Brussels under the auspices of thirty governments and of various national organizations, but with the consent of the members of the Council of the League has authorized the concentration of all child-welfare activities in a special department of the League at Geneva.

Payment for articles advertised in this column should be made with Dominion Express Money orders—A safe way of sending money by mail.

Don't whine over adversity; profit by it.

Madrid has the highest altitude of any city in Europe.

Keep Minard's Liniment in the house.

NURSE CHAPPELLE SAYS TANLAC BRINGS MOST GRATIFYING RESULTS

Nurse With 15 Years' Experience
Urges Use of Tanlac
—Tells of Her Mother's Experience With World's Famous Tonic.

"I have direct and personal knowledge of so many cases where TANLAC has restored health and strength and helped weak, run-down people to get on their feet that I know it to be an unusual medicine," is the emphatic manner in which Mrs. M. E. Chappelle, Blue Mount and Thomas Ave., Wauwatosa, Wis., a practical nurse of fifteen years' experience, pays tribute to the famous treatment.

"Time and again I have urged TANLAC'S use and it always brings the most gratifying results. My own mother, now eighty years old, took TANLAC five years ago, and it has been her standby ever since. Nothing helps her as TANLAC does and she is as strong an advocate of the medicine as I am. Only recently, mother became generally run-down. Her stomach was disordered, her appetite utterly failed her, and she came near having a nervous breakdown. TANLAC gave her a vigorous appetite, corrected all complaints and left her not only well and happy, but so strong and active that she looks after the



home and visits around, as well. And mother thinks the TANLAC Vegetable Pills are the greatest ever.

"In all my long years of experience as a nurse, I have never known the equal of TANLAC."

TANLAC is for sale by all good druggists. Accept no substitute. Over 44 million bottles sold.

Take TANLAC Vegetable Pills.

Five Thousand Whales in One Season's Catch.

The Greenland whale fishery, so far as this country is concerned, is almost non-existent. The harpoon-gun was too deadly, and the "right" whale of the Arctic appeared likely to become as extinct as the dodo.

Then news was circulated that the ocean around the Falkland Islands in the south Atlantic was "alive" with whales, and, just as gold-seekers rush off to any new field where gold is reported, so the whaling fleets all turned south. To-day the whale fishery around these islands is more profitable than all the other fisheries of the world put together.

No time is wasted returning to port with a "catch." Floating factories have been established where the blubber can be treated, and so valuable is this that the rest of the whale's carcass is often sent adrift, a waste of tons of valuable material.

During one year a score of whaling boats operating from South Georgia killed five thousand whales, the oil from which filled 200,000 barrels. Six barrels represent a ton, and as whale oil sells at from \$50 to \$125 per ton, the catch of this fleet was worth \$2,500,000.

No man can be cheated out of an honorable career in life unless he cheats himself. Believe in yourself and your capabilities and you will not be cheated.

Of London's 20,000 thoroughfares, 112 are named "Church," the next most popular names being "Park," "Grove," and "Victoria."



Say "Bayer Aspirin"

INSIST! Unless you see the "Bayer Cross" on tablets you are not getting the genuine Bayer Aspirin proved safe by millions and prescribed by physicians for 24 years.

Safe Accept only a Bayer package

which contains proven directions
Handy "Bayer" boxes of 12 tablets
Also bottles of 24 and 100—Druggists
Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monachweidener of Salicylicacid

To Gain Weight

Druggists guarantee Bitro-Phosphate to rebuild shattered nerves; to replace weakness with strength; to add body weight to thin folks and rekindle ambition in tired-out people. Price \$1 per pkg. Arrow Chemical Co., 25 Front St. East, Toronto, Ont.

CHAPPED HANDS

Minard's is excellent for chapped hands and all skin diseases.



Classified Advertisements

ONLY TEN DOLLARS. REMODEL your old style Ford with a De Luxe Streamline Hood. Write for circular. Burrows Mfg. Co., Toronto.

LADIES WANTED TO DO PLAIN and light sewing at home; whole or spare time; good pay. Work sent any distance. Charges paid. Send stamp for particulars. National Manufacturing Co., Montreal.

STRAWBERRY PLANTS.

STRAWBERRY PLANTS. Williams Glen Mary and Dr. Burrill, \$6.00 per thousand, \$1.25 per hundred. Premier, Kellogg's Prize, Marvel and Parson's Beauty, \$1.50 per hundred. All prepaid. Fred W. Whitehall, Sub. 10, London, Ontario.



Cuticura Cares For Your Skin And Hair

Make Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Talcum your every-day toilet preparations, and watch your skin and hair improve. The Soap to cleanse, the Ointment to heal and the Talcum to powder.

Sample Pack Free by Mail. Address: Canadian Depot, Cuticura, P. O. Box 5410, Montreal. Price, 50c. Ointment 25c. and 50c. Talcum 25c. Try our new Shaving Stick.

EXCRUCIATING PAINS, CRAMPS

Entirely Remedied by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Eberts, Ont.—"I started with cramps and bearing-down pains at the age of eleven years, and I would get so nervous I could hardly stay in bed, and I had such pains that I would scream, and my mother would call the doctor to give me something to take. At eighteen I married, and I have four healthy children, but I still have pains in my right side. I am a farmer's wife with more work than I am able to do. I have taken three bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and I feel that it is helping me every day. My sister-in-law, who has been taking your medicine for some time and uses your Sensitive Wash, told me about it and I recommend it now, as I have received great relief from it."—Mrs. NELSON YOTT, R. R. 1, Eberts, Ont.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is a medicine for ailments common to women. It has been used for such troubles for nearly fifty years, and thousands of women have found relief as did Mrs. Yott, by taking this splendid medicine.

If you are suffering from irregularity, painful times, nervousness, headache, backache or melancholia, you should at once begin to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. It is excellent to strengthen the system and help to perform its functions with ease and regularity.

Saving is an instinct with every well balanced man. Nothing helps to save like a savings account. The Bank of Nova Scotia will welcome your account. You can start it with any small sum. Once started, it will grow both by interest earned and your added savings.

THE Bank of Nova Scotia

ESTABLISHED 1852
Paid-up Capital \$ 10,000,000
Reserve - 19,500,000
Total Assets - 210,000,000

J. R. Parris, Manager, Lachute. Branches at Brownsburg, Calumet, Grenville and St. Andrews East.

Except in sheep, Canadian livestock and livestock products show an increase in shipments to the United States all along the line in the January-February period of this year, compared with the corresponding months of last year. Cattle shipments in the period were 11,190, compared with 10,310; beef 923,400 lbs., compared with 446,900 lbs.; bacon 81,700 lbs., compared with 30,100 lbs.; pork, 165,300 lbs., compared with 90,800 lbs., and mutton 2,400 lbs., compared with 700 lbs.

The concentration camp for emigrants to Canada and the United States maintained by the Canadian Pacific Railway and other steamship companies, is located at Southampton, England. It has an average daily attendance of 600 and, on some days, the number is about 1,000. Comfortable quarters and meals at moderate cost are provided and features of the camp are the special dining-room for Jewish passengers, the private shower baths, with towels and bathing gowns supplied and the individual rooms which are also available.



VICTORIA Coffee
never varies
~ in flavor or strength ~
LAPORTE - MARTIN
LIMITED
MONTREAL - OTTAWA
One of the Famous "VICTORIA" Family

Semi-Ready Tailoring

Your new Spring Suit made to your order just as you want it.

You have a choice of 300 of the best Worsteds, Serges, Vacuums and Tweeds Imported from England. I can guarantee you always a delivery within the week.

An exclusive line of Shirts and Collars, and an equally good line of Hats and Caps.

Boots and Shoes for Everybody. We can fit your feet and your Pocket-book, from our large stock.

Dr. Scholl's Foot Comfort Appliances for all foot troubles.

W. G. STANFORTH

Main Street. Telephone 65.

Miss M. V. Slater
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Jewellery, Watches, Clocks, Silverware, Cut Glass and Electric Table Lamps, for Wedding, Birthday and all other Presentations.

Neckties and Pendants, Brooches, Society and other Tie Pins and Buttons. Cuff and Collar Buttons, Eye Glass Chains, Signet, Fancy and Wedding Rings—all solid gold, gold-filled or silver.

Silver-plated knives, forks and spoons, also Pie-Plates, Fern Dishes, Waterman's Fountain Pens and Ink, Auto-Strop Safety Razors, etc. Mail orders are solicited and will receive most careful and prompt attention.

Re-plating, Engraving and all Watch, Clock and Jewellery Repairs quickly done and guaranteed.

A full line of the "Pyrex" Baking Glass.

Watches, Clocks, Jewellery, French Ivory, etc.,

All of the highest quality.

The Watchman AND OTTAWA VALLEY ADVOCATE.

FRIDAY, JUNE 20th, 1924.

THE WATCHMAN will be published every Friday.

J. S. GILES, Editor and Prop.

Notices of Entertainments, Concerts, Announcements etc., 25 cents minimum; over three (3) lines, 50 cents.

Notices of Births, Marriages and Deaths 50 cents.

5 cts. a line for Poetry accompanying Memorial Notices.

Legal Advertising—\$1.40 per inch.

EN PASSANT.

PREMIER KING'S TALK SHOCKS BRITAIN.

A Special Cable from London says: "That union with the United States should have been specified bluntly as among the alternatives confronting Canada, by Premier Mackenzie King in his speech to Parliament at Ottawa this week, has come as a shock to most people here."

It is not difficult to realize how the people of Britain regard this outburst of candour on the part of the Canadian premier, coming as it does, at the time when the energies of European statesmen are bent on the founding of a sure basis upon which to establish international sanity. The British Empire, regarded as a solid unit—as it was during the war—is threatened with sub-division in the pursuit of peace: Its composite power and influence are to be reduced by the cutting away of Canada.

The importance the British people attach to this menacing speech of our premier arises chiefly out of the exaggerated value they habitually tag on to the utterances and actions of their own premiers. A British Prime Minister, in their eyes, is the hub of the political universe. It cannot be denied that the record of their prominent statesmen, from the earliest days, encourages this idea. Men who have maintained the higher traditions of the office have successfully filled it, and the speeches of their premiers have often formed the policies of nations. With the idea in their heads that their prime ministers are the makers of destiny we can readily understand how the British come to measure by their own standards the premiers of other countries. They ought to know better, of course, but it is a generous fault and one easily condoned.

In the case before us it seems hardly necessary to assure the perturbed British people that when McKing indulges in such flamboyant verbiage he is not to be taken seriously, as if he were an exponent of Canadian opinion or a leader of national sentiment. They do not understand, as we do who have had him amongst us so long, that he is first, and last, the gifted exponent of W. Lyon McKenzie King, and that he leads, for the personal glorification of the same person, an assemblage of incongruous elements held together only by the novelty of the circumstances which have brought them into the same box.

There is no accounting for the ideas which might incite such a leader to action, nor for what the actions might be. Alexander the Great made mistakes: He distributed kingdoms, principalities, and peoples, with all the impartiality of a monarch still seeking more worlds to conquer, and it is becoming more and more obvious that our premier is feeling his limitations to be irksome. Like Alexander, he is indulging in dreams of future greatness, but again, they may be only like the day-dreams of Alnaschar. Alexander's dreams were realizable and practical, but those of the barber's fifth brother, although they are famous, were as impracticable as imagination could produce. "Little straws show which way the wind blows." From indications which occasionally come to our notice we know that our premier has U.S. "leanings," and it is quite likely that he may harbour higher aspirations in that direction that we wot of.

For instance:—If the provinces of Canada were to become States, under the star-spangled banner, then Article II of the Constitution, which places a ban upon an alien becoming President of the United States of America, would automatically absorb the new states and make it possible (leaving out the probability) for the vaulting ambition of our temporary premier to lift him into the saddle and prestige of the Presidency, where he could ride a much higher horse and cut a more imposing figure than he could ever expect while riding a Dominion Broncho.

IF the Broncho does not buck, all will be well with the equestrian dreamer, but if he keeps on talking too loudly in his sleep, he is in danger of waking up to find himself on the flat of his back, on a hard, uncompromising, but still Canadian prairie, with all his beautiful glassware lying around him smashed to atoms.

The question is not so much "Will the broncho buck?" as it is "When will he buck?"

How long Canada will stand for this sort of "Statesmanship" depends upon the country's sense of humour. A joke can be carried too far, then the situation becomes undignified and embarrassing, especially for a joker. The folks in Britain need not worry, any more than we in Canada do, about our premier's tall talk. The broncho will buck at the next election all right, and then

the Rt. Hon. McK-K will see more stars than will ever appear on the U.S. flag.

THE LINKMAN.

ST. ANDREWS EAST.

Among those in Montreal last week, were Mrs. Geo. Jeffrey, Mrs. Alec. LeRoy, Mrs. and the Misses Neve.

Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Robertson, of Nelson, B. C., are guests of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Robertson. Miss McGinnis, Montreal, is the guest of the Rev. W. A. and Mrs. Howard at the Rectory.

There were the usual quota of "Week-enders" in our village, from Montreal.

Messrs. W. and K. Pitcairn are in Lachute this week, writing on the Matriculation Examinations for McGill. The good wishes of their friends are with them.

The Rev. J. Burgess is presiding at the June Examinations in the Consolidated School, which commenced on Monday.

The Rev. J. E. Ireland and Mrs. Ireland, Montreal, spent several days at their cottage last week.

The St. Andrews E. Tennis Club, purpose opening their splendid new Club House, the 30th of June and 1st of July. Monday evening, June 30th there will be a dance in the Club house for which the services of a Montreal Orchestra have been secured. Tuesday, July 1st at 3 p.m., Standard Time, Tennis will be played on the new Courts, when four players from Montreal will contest for the honors. Afternoon tea will be served in the club-house, when also there will be a Concert at 8 p.m. Standard Time, for which a splendid programme has been prepared. Don't forget these events or the dates. Remember all roads will those days at least, lead to St. Andrews and a good time is assured to all.

Silver Wedding—1899—1924.

The Rectory St. Andrews E., was the scene of a very happy event on Saturday, June 14th, when the Rev. W. A. and Mrs. Howard celebrated their Silver Wedding. Quite unsuspected by the Rector and his wife, the subject had been a topic of interest for some days, culminating that evening in a large majority of the congregation calling at the Rectory to offer their congratulations and good wishes. To Mr. and Mrs. Howard it was a veritable "Surprise party" and they were much touched when the Church wardens, Mr. Bisson and Mr. M. P. Burwash, presented them, on behalf of the members of the Church and a friend, with a silver velvet bag containing a substantial sum in silver coin as a token of appreciation and esteem. Mr. Bisson voiced the feeling of all contributors in a few well-chosen words to which Mr. Howard replied most happily, acknowledging that, in spite of the ups and downs of the last twenty-five years, they would "do it over again!"

Several members of the W. A. took charge of the refreshments, and a delightful evening of music and conversation passed all too quickly, ending with "For he (or she) is a jolly good fellow." The open door of hospitality is a distinguishing mark of the Rectory, St. Andrews, and all who were fortunate enough to be present on Saturday evening, carried away with them most pleasurable impressions of a sincerely happy occasion. Mr. and Mrs. Howard were also recipients of a number of handsome silver gifts from relatives and friends.

CUSHING.

Mrs. H. Hartley spent Monday in Hawkesbury.

Mrs. Fred Wilkins of Montreal is spending a few weeks with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. Smith, Sr.

Miss Julia Dunphy and Mrs. Gordon Embry and children, of Montreal, are occupying Mr. B. Noyes small cottage at present and Mr. G. Embry spent the week-end there also.

Mrs. Ed. Mahoney and children of Montreal, are spending the summer months with her mother, Mrs. R. Funcheson, while Miss Grace Powers and Mr. Mahoney of Montreal were week-end guests.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Robinson and daughter Jean of Montreal, motored from Montreal, and visited Mr. and Mrs. W. Canning over the week-end.

Miss Olive Hartley of Montreal, spent the week-end with their parents at Ariawanna Cottage.

Mr. and Mrs. John Somerville and daughters, of St. Philippe, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. A. Graham on Tuesday, as were also Mrs. Wm. Canning, Miss Margaret Canning & Miss A. Davidson, and their Sunday guests were Mr. D. W. Candlish and Mrs. F. Wilkins of Montreal, Mr. and Mrs. Douglas Bradford of North River and Mrs. A. Starnes and children.

Break in Cement Prices

It had to come! 1924 business away below expectations. Manufacturers are over-stocked and they must liquidate stocks or close down. They have announced an immediate reduction of 35 cents per barrel. Place your orders with us.

We also handle a complete line of builders Supplies.

Mrs. J. Cottingham,

Tel. 29 w.

Lachute.

CUSHING.

Mr. Harry Simon, of Montreal, spent the week-end at Mascot Lodge. Mr. P. Calvert, of Montreal, is a guest of Mr. Steve Walford at Pine Cottage.

Mrs. Burton was the guest of her mother, Mrs. Cleland over the week-end.

Mr. and Mrs. S. Whelehan, of Valleyfield, spent the week-end with their friends here.

Miss Helena Funcheson of Monalea, was a guest of Miss Whelehan on Saturday.

Mr. Alton Douglas, of Fassett, spent the week-end at his home in Chabasco.

Mr. Ernest and Miss Olive Hartley motored up from town and spent Sunday with their parents at Ariawanna Cottage.

Mr. Eddie Walford left last week for Montreal en route to Storrs Conn., U. S. where he has secured a very desirable position in the State Agricultural College in that town.

Miss Gladys Harecourt, who has been spending a few weeks the guest of Mrs. R. Pinkerton returned to her home in New Glasgow the latter part of the week.

The Saturday evening meeting of the Community Club was made very interesting by the presence of Mr. Leonard Young, who delighted the members not only those who danced, but also those who listened with his performance on the piano.

Rev. Wm. Usher will conduct the service in the Presbyterian Church on Sunday morning. After the service new elders will be ordained.

The Devotional service held last week at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Chambers was well attended and greatly appreciated.

GRENVILLE.

Rev. Mr. Stark has returned from the Methodist Conference which was held at Gananoque.

Miss Leola Stark spent the week-end at her home here.

Mr. Mathews, of Lachute spent a couple of weeks at the Parsonage here.

Mr. and Mrs. Weymouth Gaudry and children of Greenfield Park have returned to their home, after a very pleasant visit with his mother.

THOMAS' GORE.

Mr. Norman Hodge, of Thomas Gore, spent a few days the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Alex. Hodge, Grenville.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Lister and Master Harry, Misses Sarah Beattie, Ellen Brown, Messrs. Dick Noble, Jas. Beattie visited Mr. and Mrs. Hodge, Grenville, on Sunday last.

Mrs. H. Lister and son spent a few days last week visiting his mother, Mrs. Edmund Hodge, Thomas Gore.

We're Open for Business

I wish to announce to the public that I have rented Mr. Geoffroy Bedard's Store, where I will carry on the business of Merchant Tailor, with a complete line of high class English and Scotch Tweeds.

LOUIS GUILBAULT

MAIN STREET, — LACHUTE, P.Q.

NEW DRESS GOODS FOR SUMMER WEAR

We have a large assortment of Dresses for Summer Wear, in all colors,—Crepes, Morozin, Canton Flat Crepes and Voiles, from \$7.95 to \$35. Sizes from 14 years to 48.

A few Suits and Coats to clear at very low prices.

Men's and Boy's Clothing,—our stock is complete and our prices the lowest considering quality. A lot of men's pants at \$2.25.

Our Boot and Shoe Stock is large. Try us for the next pair you need. A visit will convince you.

Special Sale of Gingham, 36 inches wide, value 30 to 40 cts. per yard. This week 25 cts.

H. M. Lavigne, - Lachute Mills

Opposite T. McQuat & Son's Store.

AMES HOLDEN TIRES

Made by Ames Holden Tire & Rubber Co. Limited KITCHENER, ONTARIO

will give you more miles for each dollar of cost—prove it—test them with any other tire and

"Compare the Wear"

For sale by

GEO. Y. DEACON.

Lachute Mills.

Leading Tire Shop.

GAS - ACCESSORIES - OIL



! TRY !

PENNSYLVANIA

Gasoline Creonoid Sold in any quantity.

W. D. McOUAT

Successor to G. L. Meikle & Co.,
PHONE 66

ST. ANDREWS EAST.

Mr. C. W. Lamb spent Sunday last at Stonefield visiting friends.

The Prayer meeting was held in the Church last Wednesday evening. Mr. and Mrs. Fair and Miss Fair spent the week-end at Abernethy House.

The Literary Club met at the home of Mr. W. J. Pitcairn on Monday evening last.

The final examinations of the term are being held in our Consolidated School this week.

The Choir practise will be held in the Church on Saturday evening between 8 and 9 o'clock.

Mr. Barrington and Miss Meikle, of Montreal, were the guests of the Misses McMartin on Sunday.

Mr. Clement Stose, of California, paid a flying visit to the Misses Hibbards on Sunday morning.

The Sunday School will meet in the Presbyterian Church on Sunday morning between 10 and 11 o'clock.

Miss Langston, Miss Ida Hopper and Miss Maud Hopper, of Montreal, were week-end guests of Mr. and Mrs. Charman.

Mr. C. W. Lamb, Mr. John Innes, Mr. Henry Barclay, and Mr. Nelson Albright motored from St. Andrews to Ormstown on Wednesday morning for a couple of days at the show.

Public Worship will be held in the Presbyterian Church on Sunday, June 22nd, at 11 a.m. and 7.30 p.m. (Standard time.) Rev. J. Burgess, pastor, will preach at both services.

Quite a number of Freemasons motored to Montreal last Sunday from St. Andrews, Lachute and district, among them being Mr. G. W. Rodger, Mr. W. J. Rodger and Mr. G. A. Gagnon.

Mr. H. Walsh and the Misses Walsh motored to Montreal on Friday last, returning on Sunday afternoon. Mr. H. Walsh journeying on by train to Ormstown, P. Q.

The Building Committee of the new Sunday School met in the Church last Tuesday evening and transacted some important business. The names of Mrs. Tom McAdam and Miss M. Walsh were added to the committee.

The Religious Education Association will hold a Convention in St. Andrews East, Presbyterian Church on Friday, June 27th. Morning session 10 to 12, speaker Mrs. Palmer Burgess, Toronto. Afternoon session 2 to 4, Miss D. A. Gass and Rev. Mr. Brown. Evening address 8 p.m. Rev. D. A. Ritchie, D.D., Principal Congregational College, Montreal. Everybody welcome.

SCARLET CHAPTER.

The Semi Annual Meeting of the Royal Scarlet Chapter was held in the Orange Hall, Shrewsbury, on Saturday the 14th inst., at 4 o'clock Bro. W. Cooper, W.C.C. presiding. There was a good attendance. There were ten advanced to the R. S. degree; after the business of the Chapter was ended a royal scarlet jewel was presented to Bro. L. Bates, past W. C. C. The presentation was made by Bro. Cooper in which he reviewed to quite an extent the work done by Bro. Bates, who replied in a very suitable manner.

GREENVILLE BAY.

Mr. Snyder has returned to his work at Kingston, Ont.

Mr. Frazier Carson is the guest of his parents Mr. and Mrs. J. Carson.

Mrs. J. Cartwright attended a L. O. B. A. picnic at the Experimental Farm last Saturday in Ottawa.

Mrs. Jas. Kelly and children also her daughter Mrs. Hewitt and her baby are up at their summer home "Kingle Cottage."

The Ladies Aid Society of the Presbyterian Church had their sale of work last Wednesday, June 11th, which proved a very successful year.

Choosing the Queen of Flowers—Continued.

The Sweet Peas looked quite bitter. And could not be appeased, To see the Dandelion, Sitting on Primrose Knees.

The Poppy danced a Shimmie, And rent her Lupin skirt, She used some Bachelor's Buttons, And fixed it to her shirt.

Then there was Love-in-a-mist, Flirting was her part, It so upset the Heartease, It broke a Bleeding-heart.

It was such unseemly scenes, That made the Sunflower grin, When the golden Buttercup, Ticked it under the chin.

Now the Thyme was getting late, 'Twas nearly Four o'clock, Cockscorn with flashing Iris, Bade them their follies stop.

To be continued.

RYHOS, Brownsburg.

Send your Printing Orders to the Watchman Office.

ARUNDEL.

Mrs. A. T. Samuel, was in Arundel on Monday, 18th inst.

Mr. F. J. Elliott of Westmount, is on a visit to Mr. J. M. Nelson.

The "Little Helpers" will meet in Grace Church Parish Hall, on Saturday afternoon, 21st inst.

The Regular meeting of the Girls' Branch of the W.A. was held at Grace Church Rectory, on Saturday 14th inst.

Preparations are being made for the reception of His Lordship, Bishop Farthing, on his visit to Arundel Parish, on July 2nd and 3rd.

The Church services, on Sunday next, 22nd inst., will be as follows:

ANGELICAN-Grace Church, Arundel 10.30 a.m., Rockway 2.30 p.m., Weir 7.00 p.m., S. S. Grace Church 2.30. Rev. Geo. H. Gagnon, M.A., Rector.

ARUNDEL UNION CHURCH.—Crystal Falls 3.00 p.m., Arundel 7.30 p.m., S. S. Arundel 10.30 a.m. Rev. C. H. Hethrington, M.A., B.D., Pastor.

Forke on unity of Industry and land

Progressive Leader Asks Breadth of Policy and Favors Immigration

"Manufacturing industries and agriculture should go hand in hand. There should be no wrangling. I stand for a united Canada and a fully developed country," said Robert Forke, leader of the Progressive party in the House of Commons in the course of an address to the Local Lions Club recently.

"There must be a way for us to get together," he said, "could we but find it."

"Canada has vast resources. I have faith in the country, in the people, in the industries; but there must be a full measure of development. This cannot be brought about without a thoroughly good immigration policy."

The very finest type of immigrant for the country, the Progressive Leader stated, was that represented by the inhabitants from the Hebridean islands of Scotland, who were being brought into Alberta by Father Macdonnell. They were strong physically, were healthy, clean living people and magnificent workers. Moreover, the country to which they came, and their new condition in the Canadian West, were so infinitely better than anything to which they had been accustomed, that Canada appeared to them to be a Paradise on earth.

"No country can be great on account of its material wealth alone. If Canada is to be a really great country, it must be through the character of its citizens. There are four very important little words, faith, hope, love and work. There must be breadth of thought and compromise, if we are to live and prosper."

It is no light matter to arrive at a policy in the house that will secure the welding of all the provinces into one great whole, he said. Conditions in the various sections of the vast country are so divergent. Members in the House come from every corner of the Dominion. Some represent industrial sections, some agricultural, some mining, some lumbering, others the great undeveloped stretches that are crying for a population. All have different views, but all have the ultimate good of the whole Dominion at heart. Only with the greatest degree of co-operation can these views be welded into a policy that will benefit Canada as a nation.

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

Fletcher's Castoria is strictly a remedy for Infants and Children. Foods are specially prepared for babies. A baby's medicine is even more essential for Baby. Remedies primarily prepared for grown-ups are not interchangeable. It was the need of a remedy for the common ailments of Infants and Children that brought Castoria before the public after years of research, and no claim has been made for it that its use for over 30 years has not proven.

What is CASTORIA?

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Comfort—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY

\$225,000.00

Western Quebec Paper Mills

LIMITED

FIRST MORTGAGE 6 1/2%—TWENTY-FIVE YEAR SINKING FUND GOLD BONDS.

Dated May 15th, 1923.

Due May 15, 1948.

Principal and semi-annual interest (May 15 and November 15) payable at the Bank of Montreal, Montreal, Toronto or at the option of the holder in United States Currency at the Agency of the Bank of Montreal in New York City. Coupon Bonds in denominations of \$1000, \$500, and \$100, with the privilege of registration as to principal only. Redeemable as a whole, or in part, on any interest date at 105 and accrued interest until May 15, 1933, at 103 and accrued interest thereafter.

TRUSTEE THE MONTREAL TRUST COMPANY, MONTREAL.

The Mills and auxiliary buildings and other properties of the Company at St. Andrews East, Que., were designed and equipped to manufacture high grade light weight papers including tissues, with an annual capacity of 1,800 tons. They will constitute on completion of present contracts covering additions and machinery, one of the most thoroughly modern mills in Canada, fully and completely equipped and with ample accommodation.

The essential character of the business and stable market is well evidenced by the present importation of similar papers from the United States, on which there is a duty of 25%, and by enquiries which are at the moment awaiting attention of the executive. These enquiries are from responsible houses and are sufficient to absorb the entire output for many months in advance.

The bonds are secured by direct and specific first mortgage and charge on the lands, mills and auxiliary buildings, the water rights and water power, machinery and equipment, including the present additions consequent upon construction and machinery installation contracts now nearing completion.

Earnings based on low production of five tons daily are estimated by the appraising engineers as better than \$70,000. per annum, equivalent to about four times the bond interest and sinking fund requirements.

The management of the Company is in more than ordinarily capable hands. Its directors, executive and operating staff are composed of men who have had many year's experience in the paper industry, both from the manufacturing and sales standpoint, in power, engineering and allied fields.

PRICE: 97 and Accrued Interest, TO YIELD 6.75%.

Sterling Bond Corporation Limited,

136 ST JAMES STREET, MONTREAL

147 MOUNTAIN HILL, QUEBEC, QUE.

TELEPHONE - MAIN 2404-5

TELEPHONE - 4947

Watch for further particulars next week.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

Where are you going next Thursday night, July 3rd? Keep this date open for "The Country School Ma'am," a first rate entertainment presented at the Presbyterian Church Brownsburg, by the Church Choir.

When thinking of a trip, consult The Watchman Office Lachute, either rail or steamer. Folders and information supplied on calling at the office.

Local movie-goers unanimously pronounce the Rex Theatre as FIRST CLASS. Good pictures and good music every night.

AUCTION SALE.

There will be sold by Public Auction at the residence of
R. WELDON,
WEIR, QUE.

TUESDAY, JUNE 24th, 1924.

The following effects.—One pair of work horses, 1 mare six years old, 2 colts, two years old, 1 colt one year old, 16 milch cows, 2 heifers two years old, 3 heifers one year old, 2 bulls two years old, 10 calves, (veal,) 10 sheep, 3 pigs, set of disc harrows, 2 buggies, 1 tread mill, 1 circular saw, 1 cultivator, 1 horse rake, 1 mowing machine, 1 garden seeder, 2 water pumps, 1 land roller, 1 snow plow, set of logging sleighs, set double harness, set platform scales, set single harness, 1 Stewart clipper, Doherty organ, 1 dump cart, set cart harness, 1 38-55 Winchester rifle, 1 billy goat, pair Belgian hares, 3 crow-bars, bellows, blacksmith's tools, and many other articles too numerous to mention.

Sale to commence at 10 a.m. sharp. TERMS: \$10.00 and under cash, over that amount 6 months credit on furnishing approved joint notes. 6 per cent off for cash.

EDGAR BOYD, Licensed Auctioneer.

We are continuously being advised that small advertisements in the Watchman have accomplished big things. If a small insertion in your local weekly, at an outlay of 50 or 75 cents, will result in a sale involving big money—that small insertion is surely a good investment. Try it!

JUNE SAILINGS from Montreal

There are still some excellent accommodations available for June on our superb one-cabin ships—despite the exceptionally heavy bookings. If you would avoid disappointment and be certain of a comfortable cabin, we suggest that you book your passage at once.

Canada	May 31
Doric (new)	June 7
Megantic	" 14
Regina (new)	" 21
City of Exeter	" 25
Canada	" 28

A White Star Dominion Line cabin-class ship sails every Saturday. Let us send a travel expert to help plan your trip. Call, phone or write.

211 McGill St., Montreal
or Local Steamship
or Railway Agents

WHITE STAR DOMINION LINE

J. S. GILES, Agent, Lachute.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years
Always bears
the
Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

AUCTION SALE.

There will be sold by Public Auction at the residence of the late
MRS. ROBT. CRESWELL,
Main St., Lachute.

SATURDAY, JUNE 28th, 1924.

The following effects:—Rugs, carpets, Poles, pictures, 2 sofas, Sonora Gramophone, practice piano, square, odd chairs, clocks, small tables, Hall seat, Hall mirror, Brass umbrella stand, jardiniere, Mahogany Stand, solid oak dining room table, and chairs, leaf table, electric table lamps, kitchen table, Princess dresser, 2 bureaus, 3 washstands, brass bed (double), 3 enamel beds, wooden bed, 3 springs, 3 mattresses, 1 feather bed, 2 Quebec heaters, 3 burner coal oil stove, and oven, step ladder, wringer, carpet sweeper, set of dinner dishes, odd dishes, pots, pans and many other articles unmentioned.

Sale to commence at 1 p.m. sharp. TERMS CASH.
W. J. BOYD, Licensed Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE.

There will be sold by Public Auction at the residence of
CYRILLE GAGNE,
St. Michel of Westworth,
THURSDAY, JUNE 26th, 1924.

The following effects:—Two General Purpose horses weighing 1400 lbs. each (White, in first-class condition), 5 working horses weighing from 1250 to 1400 lbs., 1 Blood mare 5 years old, 17 milch cows (some Holsteins and Ayrshires newly freshened), 8 heifers one and two years old, 1 Ayrshire bull, 2 years old, 1 Holstein bull 1 year old, 6 pigs, 1 year old, 1 sow with litter, 6 young pigs, 6 weeks old, 2 sows 2 years old, 3 lumber waggons with gravel boxes, 3 sets of heavy double harness, 1 set of light double harness, 1 tread power, 2 pairs heavy shanty sleighs, and many other articles too numerous to mention.

Parties buying cattle can leave same at my residence for a day or two, but same will be at the risk of purchaser.

Sale to commence at 1 p.m. sharp.

(Advanced Time.)

TERMS: \$10.00 and under cash, over that amount 12 months credit by furnishing approved joint notes. 6 per cent off for cash.

W. J. BOYD, Licensed Auctioneer.

PAINKILLER

PERRY DAVIS

Cramps - Sprains - Chills

Auto Repairs

How is your Car running?
Our Garage is up-to-date and we
Guarantee Satisfaction

L. Urbain Lachute Mills.

The Best in Meat Lines
is to be had at

Joseph Speight
Meat Merchant

Main Street, Lachute

Your Guarantee

is the name

"SALADA"

H413

It insures tea that is fresh, fragrant and pure — Try it.



PLAY VS. RESPONSIBILITY.

When the discussion of Mary's or Johnnie's behavior is current at the club, one often hears a mother say, "I let my children play, for when they grow up they will have to work hard enough to make up for it." Such statements always cause me to wonder if that mother is considering the future life training of her child.

The childhood spent in play does not give adequate preparations for the work to be done in manhood or womanhood. Childhood is indeed the time for play, and we should not expect a child to do things as grown-ups do. But if he is not trained to assume certain responsibilities gradually, he will not be prepared to share his part in the game of life when he leaves the paternal roof.

A very successful experiment in child education has been conducted at the Lincoln School in connection with Columbia University, New York. The average child's school curriculum is planned upon the principle that school training prepares a child for the life they will live in after years. But at the Lincoln School, the pupils are encouraged to feel that in school they are already living their own lives with opportunities and responsibilities that will naturally flow on as time passes. They are taught to think and observe for themselves. By many of our noted educators, this plan has been pronounced as highly successful.

Mother may think she is helping her children by waiting upon them, but in reality she is harming them. When the time comes for them to depend upon themselves, their training is inadequate, and they fail.

A child's training with regard to responsibilities should begin in babyhood. As soon as he is old enough to walk across the floor and play with a ball he should be taught to put the ball in place before he goes to bed. As his playthings become more numerous, gradually he will learn to take care of them when he is through with them.

As he grows older he is brought to realize that each one in the family circle has his work to do, and that for the love of the home he must do his part. If a child is active in doing his part of the work at home, he will not shrink when he takes up his responsibilities in the outside world.

OUR BACK-PORCH SINK.

A sink with running water is a great convenience on a porch near the garden. Our sink is on the back porch, which is screened in summer and glassed-in in winter above a three-foot waistcoat. It is easily reached from the garden.



Dusty hands are germ-carriers

Everywhere, every day, the hands are touching things covered with dust.

Countless times these dust-laden hands touch the face and the lips in the course of a day.

Consider—dust is a source of infection and danger.

Lifebuoy Protects

Take no chances—cleanse your hands frequently with the rich, creamy lather of Lifebuoy. Lifebuoy contains a wonderful health ingredient which goes deep down into the pores of the skin, purifying them of any lurking infection.

The clean, antiseptic odour vanishes in a few seconds, but the protection of Lifebuoy remains.

LIFEBUOY

HEALTH SOAP

More than Soap—a Health Habit

LEVER BROTHERS LIMITED

TORONTO

ISSUE No. 22—24

"When Hearts Command"—

By ELIZABETH YORK MILLER

"When hearts command,
From minds the eager counselings depart."

CHAPTER XIX.—(Cont'd.)

"Dear Alice, you must control these fantastic ideas. Your Uncle John is a delicate old man who's overworked and overstudied. He needs taking care of, just like a child, and I'm afraid it's my duty to look after him." Suddenly she broke off, taken with an most unpleasant suspicion. "Perhaps Dr. Ardeyne thinks—has he said anything to you? Can it be possible that Dr. Ardeyne has got hold of this outrageous idea and put it into your head?"

"No, mumsey, Philip hasn't said a word. It's my own idea. I'm even ever so sorry. Of course, I believe you, mumsey darling, and you must try to forgive me."

"My child, don't talk nonsense. There's nothing to forgive." Jean managed an elaborate yawn. "Oh, how tired I am! Can't we go to bed? I'm getting quite spoiled having a room all to myself. One has so much more elbow room—hasn't one? Tomorrow we must drive over to San Remo and choose the material for your wedding dress. I'm sure this woman can make it quite satisfactory. That Mrs. Parker at the Mimosa Palace told me about her. I've got her name and address somewhere."

Alice retired, baffled. She believed her mother. Her mother would not lie to her, of that she felt sure. Undoubtedly there was something queer about Uncle John and his past, but he had every right to expect his secret to be kept, and no one could keep secrets better than her mother. Alice had been troubled mainly by that name "Hugo," slipping off her mother's tongue now and again. Her father's name had been Hugo. But she called to mind the mother of a school friend whose three daughters' names were always hopelessly entangled. Old Mrs. Craak invariably said Eliza or Evelyn first when speaking of Mabel, and vice versa. Perhaps it was the same with her mother, although she had never noticed the failing before.

Jean had satisfied her that Uncle John was not her father—a father who must have disgraced himself in some way to make a disguise necessary. He was just a queer old man, a relative who had to be looked after, and she felt that she had not been nearly sympathetic enough in considering what this burden must mean to her mother. She had been absorbed in her own love affair, selfish to a degree and so egotistically thin-skinned and foolish about every little thing, even fancying absurdities concerning that gay Mrs. Egan, who was probably a most harmless creature.

Alice said her prayers that night with more than ordinary devotion. It was a sort of satisfaction to kneel on the disagreeably cold tiled floor and petition for greater humility. She had so much for which to be thankful, so little of which to complain, and distinctly she had shown a lack of gratitude.

She went on praying in a less formal way long after she was in bed. "To be made a better girl."

No doubt Philip had noticed her imperfections, too. She had been so unkind about his friend Mrs. Egan. Unfortunately it was too late to rectify that, at least for the moment. Mrs. Egan had left Bordighera. Alice sighed deeply. Why couldn't she—having prayed so hard for humility—be truly sorry that Mrs. Egan had gone?

The morning brought more cheerful feelings. Philip was leaving for Genoa late in the afternoon, and naturally he wanted to see as much of Alice as he could. Mrs. Carnay did not mind when he suggested that just the two of them—Alice and himself—might motor over to La Mortala and lunch at Claudina's, that charming little restaurant perched on the edge of the cliffs looking down upon Mentone. By all means let them go. It was as much as she could do, however, to persuade Hugo that they would not be desolate without the pleasure of his society.

Hugo waved them away dolefully, his face pressed close to the grilled gate like a woeful prisoner's. When he turned back to the harbour he met Nemesis in the person of his wife, who had been holding in her emotions



Despite the fact that he has had to undergo nearly 100 operations as a result of X-ray burns, Dr. Frederick H. Baetjer of Johns Hopkins Medical School continues to persist in his investigations.

[with great difficulty until after the departure of the happy couple. Hugo heard what Jean thought of him in terms which could by no means be called measured.

It was a great surprise to him. His jaw sagged feebly, and although he did make some slight attempt to defend himself, it was anything but successful. To begin with, he was in the wrong and he knew it. In that Place he had often been in the wrong and always someone had pointed it out to him as forcefully, as if less personally, than Jean was doing it now. He had broken his word to her; he had roused Alice's most pointed suspicions; very likely he had also dropped remarks that Dr. Ardeyne must have thought strange.

At mention of Ardeyne poor Hugo writhed uneasily. If only he dared tell Jean that where the doctor was concerned there was no secret whatsoever! All that documents had to tell and professional observation could deduce Philip Ardeyne knew. But craftiness, Jean—perhaps—shame—kept poor Hugo silent when it came to the doctor.

What precisely had he said to Alice which had made her guess the truth about her "unhappy father"? Jean could not quote. She was merely in possession of generalities. Alice had asked her if Uncle John was not had asked if Uncle John were not her father.

"Thank Heaven, I didn't need actually to lie to her," the distressed Mrs. Carnay exclaimed. "I could honestly say that you were not her father."

Hugo, though contrite, allowed himself a little sulking, a faint show of sarcasm.

"Really! I wonder how you make that out? Well, perhaps you're ashamed of me, but I'm not ashamed of my daughter." Jean's pursed lips trembled. Her eyes widened with vague fear. Here it was again, Hugo pretending he did not know that Alice was Hector Gaunt's daughter. She was a matter-of-fact woman, mostly content in this midsummer of her life to accept things as they came. There had been about her no trace of awkwardness when all four of them were together yesterday, her husband, her daughter, her daughter's father and herself. It had all happened so long ago, and Hugo, by the power of his Sancho Panza attachment to Don Quixote in the person of Hector Gaunt, had made their tragic-comedy seem a normal thing. Of course, Hugo had loved her, but his adoration of Gaunt had been a bigger thing in his life. Jean had accepted this curious mixture of friendship with the even more vital relations of life.

But now that she was alone with her husband and he tactfully defied her on such an important point, she was overwhelmed with self-consciousness. A little starry gleam of triumph peeped out of Hugo's pale eyes. He had scored off her—but did he understand how? That was what puzzled her. She could not force herself to say boldly: "You know Alice is not your daughter." The words simply would not come. In the five years of their married life the world had believed without its being necessary to make a declaration that Alice was as much his child as hers. How could she turn on him now and punish him for his generosity?

The gleam faded into mist. Hugo went and blew his nose and begged for a fresh handkerchief to polish his bedewed eye-glasses.

"I'll be so careful, Jean, indeed I will. I'll think of every word before I say it. May I choke if—"

And Jean could only forgive him. He was really sincere, and afterwards most pitiful when he began to talk blithely of the fortune he was going to get from Carria Egan, and all he meant to do with it for her and Alice.

She could not tell him that Mrs. Egan had fled from Bordighera, and that doubtless he would never hear of the woman again.

CHAPTER XX.

Philip Ardeyne had departed for Genoa, and in consequence Mrs. Carnay drew in the full sweet breath of liberty. She was so glad to have him out of the way. It simplified her problems, removed many perplexities. And there was no sadness in his departure. He had gone to make arrangements and obtain the necessary legal residence for the hurried wedding.

Mrs. Carnay found her lack of friends and close relations a positive boon just now. There was nobody to wag a head and forefinger and tell her that she was foolish in permitting Alice to marry upon so short an engagement, so short an acquaintance even. Explaining to the Christopher Snarles was a simple matter. One need not explain to them. Her life and Alice's had become so vague to people at home that they were no more than shadows. Even Hector Gaunt did not know how briefly Alice and Philip had known each other.

But the mother, with her deeper insight, realized that it seemed to the couple most concerned as though they had known each other all their lives, and perhaps before that. Love is the one thing which takes no measure from time. Indeed, they often spoke of their brief meeting in Rome two years ago as the beginning of mutual understanding, and Mrs. Carnay, in mentioning it to Gaunt or to Hugo, dated the attachment from Rome.

She felt guilty about it, of course; she passed her whole life in feeling guilty about something or other.

(To be continued.)

Six Cravens and Seventh.

Of what are you afraid?
I am afraid of the light
That dazzles and overpowers
And strikes me blind.

Of what are you afraid?
I am afraid of the darkness,
That glooms, it engulfs me,
It drives me mad.

Of what are you afraid?
I am afraid of the thunders
That crash and shatter
And confound my hearing.

Of what are you afraid?
I am afraid of Beauty,
She lures and fascinates
And leaves me mute.

Of what are you afraid?
I am afraid of the devils
That bait and bound
And trap my spirit.

Of what are you afraid?
I am afraid of God
And His terrible vengeance
On a sinful man.

And what fear you, friend?
Myself alone
Within whom there is all
The light and the darkness.
The thunders, the devils,
Beauty and God.

—Basil Thompson.

CRISP SALADS.

I use the cloth sacks that sugar and salt come in to keep celery and lettuce crisp. The sack is wrung out of cold water, the celery or lettuce put in it, the whole is placed in a paper sack and then it goes into the refrigerator. Green vegetables handled in this way will keep fresh several days if the cloth sack is wet occasionally.



Lives By Her Lays.
"So your hen's a poet, you think?"
"To be sure she is—doesn't she live by her lays?"

WHEN MAKING JELLY.

Use a tea strainer to remove the scum that forms while jellies and preserves are cooking. The fine wire of the strainer catches the scum but allows the liquid to run through, hence no jelly is wasted. Try the tea-strainer method and you will be quite ready to discard permanently the old way of taking the scum off with a spoon.

A silent man's words are not brought into court.

GERMAN MONEY for sale—100,000 marks, 25c; 500,000 marks, 90c; one million marks, \$1.25; ten million marks, \$8.50. Specialty Import Co., (Dept. 8-W) 8 W. Dundas St., Toronto

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SOUTH AMERICAN AB ORIGINES HAVE EDEN STORY LIKE THAT IN BIBLE

Tell of "Tree of Life" and of Sentence of Mankind to Hard Labor, but Embellish Legend With New Details.

A new story of the creation of man, told by a tribe of South American Indians who had never seen a white man, has just been added to the known stories of primitive man. This is contained in the verbatim rendering of the story, as narrated by one of the wise men of the tribe.

The tribe was discovered in the mountains which separate Brazil from the British Guianas, utterly cut off for many centuries from the rest of the world. The tribe is wholly unaffected by civilization, and has never even learned the art of making metal implements.

The story of the creation held by this tribe, according to records of the University Museum, is strikingly similar to the account of the creation in the book of Genesis. In that it describes a "tree of life" from which the first men and women ate the "fruit of knowledge" and thereafter were forced to give up the idyllic life in the Brazilian Garden of Eden to earn their bread "in the sweat of their brows." The Indians claimed a great rock to be the petrified stump of the "tree of life." Its story was told by the old "wise man" of the tribe in the following words:

Curiosity Possessed Them.

"In the beginning there were two gods, Tuminkar and his brother Duwid. It was Tuminkar who created men and women, and afterward the other animals. It was Duwid who brought men and women food. Day after day he brought fruits and vegetables in great quantities and in much variety for them to eat, so that they were grateful to Duwid and rendered him thanks.

"Having nothing to do, the first men and women amused themselves by looking at the animals. They soon noticed that these were in the habit of passing in one direction in the morning of each day, and returning in the opposite direction in the evening; so they said to themselves, 'Let us go with the animals and see where they go, and what they do.'

"So they followed the animals and

came to a great tree, bearing on its branches all kinds of fruits and vegetables upon which the animals fed each day, and there was plenty for all—the vegetables and fruits lay in great profusion on the ground. Then they said among themselves: 'This is where the god Duwid gets our food. Let us, hereafter, come and get it for ourselves—then we will not have to thank the god for it.'

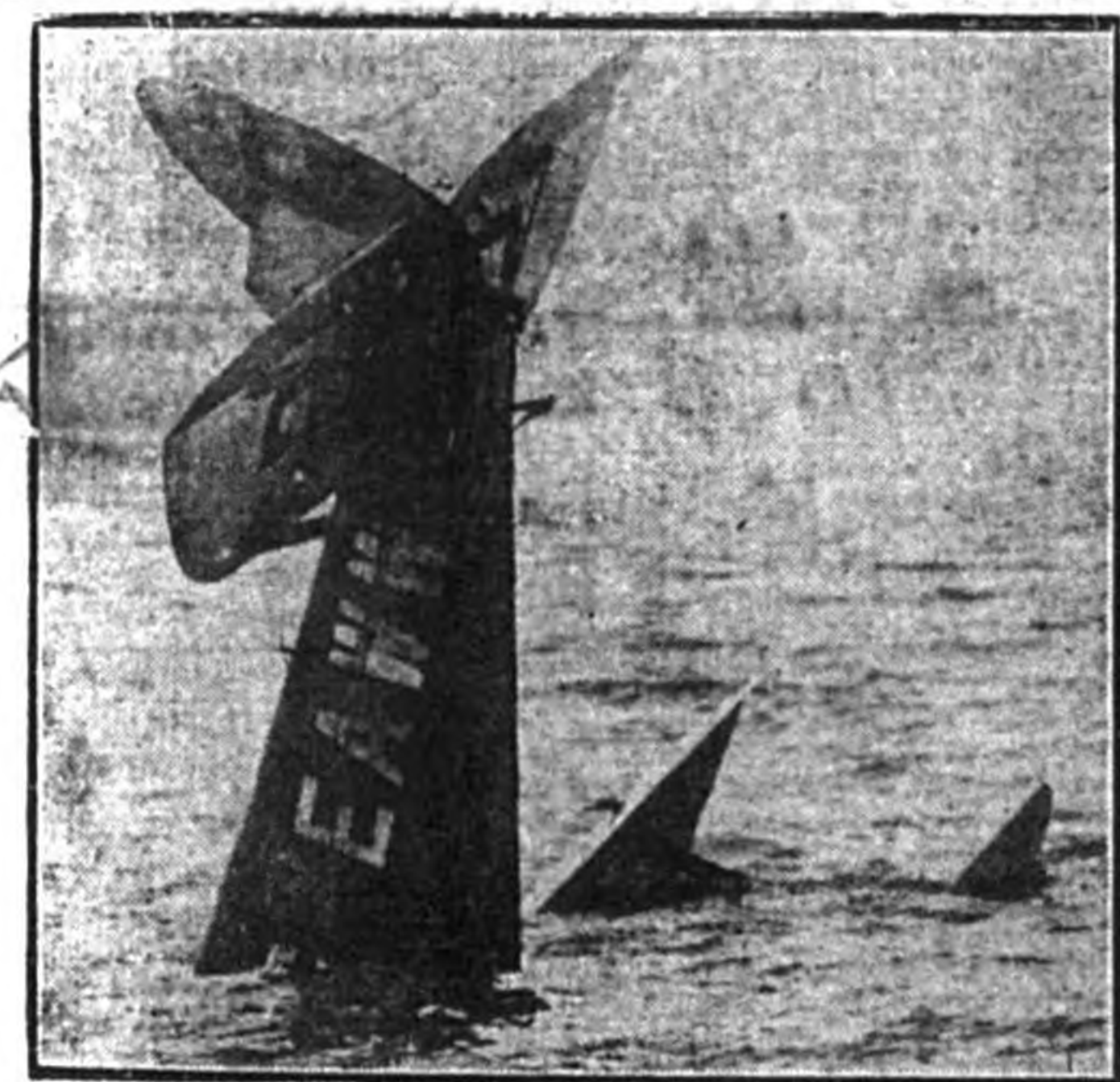
"Next day, therefore, they told Duwid that he need not trouble himself to bring them food any more, for they knew where to get it themselves.

"It shall be as you wish," said Duwid, "but henceforth you will have to work to obtain food to eat. Tomorrow the tree will be cut down, but in order that you may not starve utterly, I will tell you this: If you break off a branch bearing each kind of fruit and plant this in the ground and water it every day and cultivate it, and protect it, it will grow and bear its own kind. Then you may plant the seeds which are in the fruit, and they in turn will grow and produce each after its kind. Thus you may continue to eat of the fruit of the tree, but you will have to work for it.

Were Lazy; Lost Many Foods.

"Following the instructions of Duwid, the first men proceeded to break off branches of the tree, selecting those which bore different kinds of fruit and vegetables. Presently they grew tired of their labor and stopped; hence, when the tree was cut down only a few of the many varieties of food which it bore had been saved for mankind. Consequently, there are only a few varieties of edible plants in the world, whereas, if the first people had been more industrious, there would have been found in greater plenty. Moreover, to this day it is necessary to work hard to make the cassava grow. The stump of the tree remains to this day."

Anthropologists are aware that similar legends are to be found in many parts of the world, but they are at a loss to account for their spread probably thousands of years ago.



Davy Jones gained a rare prize when the British plane A.D.H. 18 took a nose dive into the channel and disappeared beneath the waves never to be seen again. Casualties nil.

What Some Plants Can Do.

Some kinds of plants have been found which can be made to photograph themselves.

A beam of light is turned on them, the plants absorb it, just as phosphorus will absorb light, and then give it out again. A photographic plate is placed over the plants, and when the light is yielded up by them they photograph the outlines of their own form and structure on the sensitive plate.

They are very small plants which thus supply their own photographs, so small as to be seen properly only under the microscope; but they may be very important for good or evil, for the bacteria, the yeasts and the molds, are all microscopic plants.

It has always been difficult to obtain trustworthy portraits of the insides of these tiny things, but now it has been found that in many of them the substances which color them have this power of giving out light again, and so producing the color photographs.



Cross-Road Sarcasm.

Big Traffic Cop—"Hey, Mr. Snail, this is the third time I've warned you about obstructing traffic, get a move on."

You get cheerfulness out of life in proportion as you put cheerfulness in. You cannot invest counterfeit coin and expect dividends in real money.

Colors.

Oh, scarlet hurts, like some strange lust;

Mauve stills your heart with sleepy things;

Blue dreams forever; yellow laughs; But green—green sings.

Oh, silver is a shining peace.

And purple throbs, like Bacchic kings;

Opal has quick, fair mysteries; But green—green sings.

—Weir Vernon.

No Need to Ask.

One after another the neighbors had come in to admire the new baby that had arrived at the Jones household. Little Mary was rather fed-up with all the attention that was lavished on the newcomer—attention which had, up till then, been hers.

"Does the baby talk yet, Mary?" asked one of the friends of the family. "No," replied the baby's disgusted sister, "the baby doesn't need to talk."

"Doesn't need to talk," exclaimed the friend, astonished. "No," said the little girl bitterly. "All the baby has to do is to yell, and it gets everything worth having in the house."

He Hurried.

"How far away were you when the first shot was fired?" asked counsel.

"Four yards," replied the witness.

"Take your time now," cautioned the cross-examiner. "This is an important question. Where were you when the second shot was fired?"

The man in the box hesitated. "As a matter of fact, sir," he said at last, "I didn't take my time, but I was about half a mile away."

No ship that was ever launched drifted into harbor. You have got to work to get it there.

—AND THE WORST IS YET TO COME



Developing Canada's Mineral Resources.

Government reports indicate that the mineral output of Canada in 1923 amounted to \$214,102,000, and that in 1922 minerals to the value of \$184,297,242 were produced.

While we appreciate that the value is rapidly increasing, we do not quite realize what Canada's mineral resources mean to her. It is only when comparisons are made that big figures can be fully appreciated. One of the largest figures with which Canadians generally are familiar is that of the national debt. On December 31, it amounted to \$2,415,538,100, truly a large figure, mainly the result of the war; but the value of the minerals produced in Canada since 1910 amounted to \$2,410,225,000, almost an equal amount.

The importance of mining to Canada is very aptly put by Dr. Camsell, deputy minister of the Department of Mines, in his annual report for 1923, when he says:

"The mineral resources of Canada are among its greatest natural assets, and, owing to our natural climatic conditions and the relatively limited area of the country capable of agricultural development, the mining industry must necessarily occupy a proportionately larger place in our economic development than in those countries of the world more fortunately endowed with respect to climate. Mining is not affected by climate and can be carried on irrespective of it. The importance of this industry is indicated by the growing increase in the annual production of minerals per capita, which has risen during thirty-five years from \$2.23 to \$26.40 a head of population. This production is increasing from year to year until it should ultimately exceed that of any country in the world."

The range of minerals found in Canada in commercial quantities is very large, and in many this country has almost a monopoly. In others the Canadian supplies are nearer to large United States markets than their own, such as in the case of the gypsum of the Maritime Provinces, and in these developments is taking place at a rapidly increasing rate. Many of our own minerals, unfortunately, are being exported in a raw state, and supply the materials for large industries outside of Canada. It is of interest, however, to note that there is a growing tendency to manufacture more of our mineral products at home. This is especially noticeable with regard to nickel, asbestos, lead and zinc.

In discussing the question of greater home manufacture of mineral products Dr. Camsell says:

"It is urgently necessary that we should develop home markets by the establishment of industries complementary to the mining industry, so that the products of our mines may be utilized for manufacture into finished articles. A study of our mineral trade balance will show several instances where the raw material for a manu-

factured article is produced in this country, but is shipped outside for manufacture and is then sold back to us at many times the value of the material in it. The securing of capital for the development of these complementary industries appears to be more in the general interests of the country than capital for the production of raw material, and until those complementary industries are established in our own country the production from the mine will not increase to a stage bearing a proper relation to what we believe to be our potential resources."

As an indication of the possibilities of mineral production in Canada in 1918 the copper output was 118,769,434 pounds, while last year it was \$6,312,000 pounds, and the latter was more than double that of the previous year. In 1918 the production of nickel was 92,507,293 pounds, while last year it was \$1,444,000 pounds, and in 1922 it was but 17,597,123 pounds. In 1913, when building construction was normal, there was over one million barrels of Portland cement more produced than the 7,652,000 barrels recorded for last year. In 1918, notwithstanding the great demand for lead created by the war, Canada's total output was but 51,598,000 pounds; the production of 1923 was more than double that amount, being 112,600,000 pounds.

Development of natural resources is one of the most pressing problems with which Canada is to-day face to face, and in none is the situation more acute than in that of minerals. The Mines Department is giving particular attention to finding markets for our wide variety of both metallic and non-metallic minerals, in their raw state and as manufactured goods, and in this work the department has the wholehearted support of the Canadian public.

Points About Common Salt.

Coal sprinkled with a strong solution of salt and water will last much longer on the fire, and its heat-giving properties will not be affected. The colors of a carpet that has been sprinkled with salt before sweeping will "come up" well. A tablespoonful of salt dissolved in a tumblerful of lukewarm water is a simple emetic. A handful of it thrown on the fire when the kettle has boiled over will prevent a disagreeable odor. Added to the bath salt gives an invigorating effect.



Headless, Too.

"How could Washington Irving's headless horseman find his way?" "Just as easily as many motorists do to-day."

NATURE'S BALANCE OF LIFE IS NOW THREATENED BY CIVILIZATION

Rule of World May Pass to Busy Insects — Extinction of Species That Prey Upon Lower Forms of Life May Wipe Out Reigning Power on Earth.

By G. A. Brown.

Nature delights in balancing organic life. Throughout the history of animal life on the earth we find that, while there has been an endless succession of types and species developing and decaying over long intervals of time and in more or less restricted areas, there always has been a noticeable balance of forces. To-day we find parasites living on parasites, insects upon insects, fish upon fish, bird upon bird, animal upon animal, and, economically, man upon man throughout the animal kingdom.

This interdependence of organic life follows fixed laws which are definite parts of the physics of the universe. They assure a balance of life, the proper dispersal of birds, insects, fish and animals over the surface of the globe where they can secure an abundance of food and do the economic work nature sets for them.

Man is Subject to Great Laws Which Govern Animal Life.

Man has been subjected to the operations of these great laws from the remotest period of his history. He has been restricted by them when they have operated against him, and he has been their agent when called upon to attack other animals. Being always a mighty hunter, he has always tended to keep down the spread of big game animals like the lion, tiger, elephant and buffalo. Since he has become civilized he has exerted stronger and ever stronger activities against the other species of organic nature, and to-day we find many authorities warning us that the balance of nature is being destroyed and that this will, in the near future, lead to world-wide economic disturbances. Game, bird, forest and plant preservation associations are carrying on broad campaigns for the balance, while farmers and others are advocating the continuance of a war of extermination against predatory animals, birds, insects, plant diseases and germs.

It has taken nature many millions of years to design and develop her creatures and man, within a couple of generations, has completely wiped off the face of the earth some of her finest animals and birds and is to-day hastening the destruction of many other species. Within another century there will be comparatively few of the many wild animals remaining. Future generations will have to depend for their knowledge of lions, cheetahs, beavers, tigers, moose, zebras, giraffes and elephants on the descriptions of them written by naturalists to-day.

The destruction of wild life advances cumulatively with increased settlement and occupation of the land by man and his domestic herds and flocks and commercial slaughter hastens the destruction. Civilized man and his destructive weapons are menacing wild life throughout the world. Civilization is warring on nature everywhere and nature is severely suffering. Man is carrying the day, but

what will happen when nature is completely mastered and her wild life destroyed?

Plants, insects and the lower animals have all played their parts in helping man to develop. They have fed him, helped him, clothed and ornamented him and protected him. They also have warred on him and made him develop his brain power and co-operation and social habits. In a recent scientific monograph dealing with the important roles invertebrate animals have played in the development of civilization, these assertions are made:

"There is no group of animals, vertebrate or invertebrate, which has so much significance to man as the group of insects. They touch almost every activity and interest of civilized life. They attack our growing food, our orchards and forests, our clothing and our dwellings. Our bodies and those of our domestic animals are annoyed or infected with disease germs through the activities of insects. They are our chief competitors in the struggle for existence, and our fight against them is getting more severe and costly every year."

Other scientists express fears that in the next few centuries man will be unable to continue the struggle against insect life and will not be able to sustain himself in the face of their competition. Therefore, the future holds out the prospect of the possible extinction of man with the buffalo, lion and elephant and the dominance of the world by the insects.

Insect pests are innumerable. Every economic crop raised in North and South America, and in all tropical countries, is subject to attack by destructive insects. The wire worm is an enemy of wheat, the grasshopper destroys grass, cutworms cause root-knot in the cotton plant, the boll-weevil destroys the boll, the bud-worm eats the heart out of the tobacco plant, the club-bug, army-worm, Hessian fly, cutworm, corn-rot and other aphides; bill-bugs, white grubs, saw flies, fruit-flies and weevils and beetles are all given to raiding some crop or farming stock. There is constant warfare being waged against them.

Not all the so-called predatory insects, animals and plants are generally harmful. The snakes, lizards, toads scale insects, beetles, fruit and grain flies, wildcats, rodents and multitudes of other organisms perform services valuable to others. They feed upon or are fed upon by others, or they render similar services to the bee in fertilizing plants and palms, like the date palms, they aerate or fertilize the soil, they remove disease germs, or other harmful matter from plants and animals and in many other ways assist in the balance of nature. These services have become so effectively adjusted that any considerable interruption of them is liable to destroy nature's balance and seriously jeopardize civilization.



Not Successful of Late.

Teuton—"All the former rulers of Germany learned trades and were successful at them."

Yank—"All our Presidents have been cabinet-makers—but not very successful of late."

Laws of Leap Year.

Leap year once had a definite place in the social system. A law in Scotland of the fourteenth century read: "It is ordained that for each year known as leap year each maiden lady of high and low estate shall have liberty to bespeak the man she likes; and, if he refuses to take her to be his lawful wife, he shall be mulcted in the sum of one pound or less, as his estate may be; except if he can make it appear that he is betrothed to another woman, he then shall be free."



For emergency messages the Canadian air force depends on carrier pigeons. The trustworthy little birds always return to their base when released.

A Most Excellent Reason.

In a book by Sir J. C. Percy entitled *More Bulls and Blunders*, we read of a man who went up to a railway porter at one of the big London stations and said, "There are half a dozen clocks in the place, and they are each different."

"Well, sir," replied the porter, "if they were all alike, one would do."

According to Orders.

Doctor—"Has your husband had any recent intervals since my last visit, Mrs. Jinks?"

Mrs. Jinks (with dignity)—"He's had nothing except what you ordered."



Canada is getting plenty of baby immigrants these days. The babies shown, with their fine, wholesome-looking Scotch mothers, range in age from 12 days to 12 months.

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No. 422 due at Lachute at 10:30 a.m.
No. 424 due at Lachute at 7:23 p.m.
No. 430, Sunday only. Due at Lachute at 6:32 p.m.

GOING WEST.

No. 421 due at Lachute at 9:30 a.m.
No. 423 due at Lachute at 6:01 p.m.
No. 425 due at Lachute at 8:29 p.m.
No. 431, Sunday only. Due at Lachute at 11:37 p.m.
J. S. GILES, Town Agent, Lachute.

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Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays mixed going East at 10:30 a.m.

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We have always on hand, Beef, Pork, Bacon and Ham, Fresh Sausages, and all kinds of vegetables. Fruits and a choice line of Canned Goods.

A. RAYMOND

Main Street, - Lachute

A lot of Cups and Sauces colored. While they last at \$2.00 per dozen.
W. HANFORD & SON.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

Agents Wanted,
Liberal Commission
No Capital required.



Coats are cut same as shown on this illustration.

GOODYEAR RAINCOATS

\$6.90

2 coats will be sent on receipt of \$13.00

Can be furnished Fawn or Grey for men, women or children.

Coats are made of better grade Gabardine diagonal cloth Rubberized to a pure India Rubber, bearing Goodyear label. Guaranteed waterproof.

Style, Fit and Workmanship are unexcelled.

Goodyear Waterproof Coats Co.

240 Albert, Ottawa, Ont., Canada.

Shipped on 3 Days Trial

OFFER GOOD FOR 6 DAYS ONLY.

Gentlemen:

Please enter order for one, two or.....coats for which

I enclose \$ Size

It is understood if coat is not satisfactory, I will return same and you are to return my money. If I

keep coat more than three days, it is understood I am

satisfied and you are to keep my money.

ROSE-McLACHLAN.

A very pleasant event took place Wednesday afternoon last at the home of Mrs. Victor McLachlan, of Point Fortune when their eldest daughter Ethel Thornbury, was united in marriage to Mr. Arthur A. Rose, of Shawville, Que.

The bride who was given away by her brother, Mr. John McLachlan, was gowned in silver gray brocade and carried pink and white carnations. The ceremony was performed by an old friend and former pastor, Rev. E. S. Morrison, of Lachute. After partaking of the good things provided, the happy couple left amid showers of confetti and the good wishes of their many friends for a trip through the Thousand Islands.

Among those attending from a distance were Mr. Rose Sr., of Shawville, Mrs. Gnaedinger, Ottawa, Mrs. Wm. and M. James Beggs, of Vankleek Hill, and Mr. and Mrs. Prophet, of Calumet.

The fine weather and good roads now offer you a splendid opportunity of taking in a really first class show, at the Rex Theatre, Lachute. Do not fail to see a good programme upon your next visit to Lachute

HOUSE TO LET.—A good dwelling on Main Street, with all modern conveniences. Apply to Watchman Office, Lachute.

Canada
Province of Quebec
District of Terrebonne
No. 468.

SUPERIOR COURT.

Ferdinand Groulx, farmer of the Parish of Ste. Adele, district of Terrebonne

Plaintiff.

vs.

Jememie Despatie of Ste. Adele, District of Terrebonne; Baptiste Despatie formerly of City and District of Montreal; Dame Melina Despatie, legally common as to property of Treffe Lacroix, and the latter for authorizing his wife to the presents, formerly of Ste. Adele, and actually of unknown places.

ORDER TO APPEAR

It is hereby ordered to the defendants Baptiste Despatie, Dame Melina Despatie and vir, to appear in the month.

Ste. Jerome, this 27th May, 1924.

GRIGNON & FORTIER,

Superior Court Protonotaries
20-6-2.

Professional Column.

L. L. LEGAULT, K. C.
Advocate,
Telephone No. 60.

LACHUTE, - P. QUE.

LAW OFFICES.

of
MACNAUGHTON & MITCHELL
ADVOCATES BARRISTERS, ETC.
LACHUTE, TEL. 176.
Consultations every Saturday.
MONTREAL OFFICE.
224 St. James St. Tel. Main 7126.

GAETAN VALOIS, L. L. L.

Notary

Money to loan on security
Depositor of the late J. E. Valois,
notary's papers.

LACHUTE, - P. QUE.

J. F. LAVIGNE, B.A.

Notary Public

Municipal, Provincial and Victory
Bonds Handled
Telephone 178
Opposite Post Office
Main Street, - Lachute, Que.

DR. J. E. CHRISTIE.

B. Sc. M. D. C. M.

Physician and Surgeon,

In office of late Dr. G. H. Christie,
Main Street, - Lachute, Que.

DR. G. A. CLUNIE, L.D.S.

Surgeon Dentist

Office over Banford's Store

Here Every Day.

Main Street, - Lachute, Que.

L. P. SAUVE.

Physician, Surgeon

Special Electric Treatments

Phone—187 ring 4.

Foundry Street, - Lachute.

DR. J. O. TOUCHETTE.

Veterinary Surgeon

Prompt and Efficient Service

is always ours.

Phone No. 9.

LACHUTE, - P. QUE.

CONSULT-

CHAS. CALDER & CO.

COURT HOUSE, - LACHUTE.

Concerning

Insurance of any kind.

DR. A. E. HALSEY,

VETERINARIAN,

Carillon, - P. Que.

Z. N. RAYMOND, L.L.B.

Notary Public

Money to Loan. Farms for Sale.

Bell Telephone No. 166 w.

Main Street, - Lachute, Que.

W. J. BOYD.

Licensed Auctioneer.

Sales conducted in English and

French

Telephone 73.

LACHUTE, - P. QUE.

Do You Carry Insurance?

Insurance is something you cannot do without. I have the most reliable and substantial Companies in which you may safely rely

Our rates are lowest.
Our service prompt.

Ring up 161 ring 5 and we will be pleased to explain our new system to cover you from Fire, Life, and any risk.

MICHAEL MALACKET, Lachute, Que.

KING'S NEED OF "TIM" COSTLY TO THE COUNTRY

The town of Belle River in the constituency of North Essex, Ontario, is small, but it has become famous through a Liberal election poster. In 1921 the late Honourable W. C. Kennedy was elected by a majority of 7,195; but in the by-election following his death in 1922 the situation became so uncertain for Mr. Healey, the Liberal candidate, that one of his leading Belle River supporters issued the following poster on his behalf:

Vote for Healey and get
\$86,000 Government Dock and
Breakwater
\$25,000 waterworks free gift from
James Cooper
\$75,000 brick and tile yard to employ
30 hands all year round;
Vote for Robinson and get nothing
but hot air

King needs Tim; so do you—
Tim and King—that is the thing

Tim was returned, but by a majority that was reduced by 6,123. It was then necessary to come through, for even Liberal politicians must keep some of their promises. So in the dying days of the Parliamentary Session of 1923 a vote of \$30,000 for a breakwater at Belle River was brought down in the House.

As was to be expected, Mr. Meighen severely criticized the proposal and "Tim" came quickly to the rescue. He told the House that Belle River was a port very generally used for the distribution of gravel. Nothing was said of course, about it being a harbour for bootleggers, in which respect it is notorious, these gentlemen having hailed with glee the announcement that the work was to be undertaken. The alleged port seems to be quite a convenient place to spend money for Healey said that the vote was to afford a permanent protection on one side of the harbour and that eventually it might be necessary to protect both sides. Whether the other side will need protection or not will probably depend on "Tim's" popularity.

It is not surprising that, characterizing the vote as the paying of a political debt, Right Honourable Arthur Meighen moved to reduce it by \$30,000—that is to wipe it out altogether. Honourable E. M. MacDonald, being Minister of National Defence, seeing "Tim" hard pressed, rushed to his relief with a smoke screen. Mr. Meighen divided the House, but as King needed "Tim" the faithful Liberals trooped in and put through the vote by a large majority. The amount is up for re-vote this year, and yet without Parliament having passed on it, the Government is already at work.

When the matter was under discussion during the present session Mr. Meighen gave some very interesting information indicating the slight ground on which the case for expenditure as a harbour work rests. He quoted the latest trade and navigation returns showing that while during the year the total customs and excise revenue at Windsor had been \$5,146,369.94, that at Belle River had been only \$1,845.68.

These other items are also of much interest:

Enbries inwards Windsor.....\$55,129

Belle River.....nil

Railways reports inwards

Windsor.....207,792

Belle River.....109,000

Railway reports outwards

Windsor.....\$76,764

Belle River.....nil

Coasting and inland vessels arrived

Windsor.....441

Belle River.....nil

Coasting and inland vessels departed

Windsor.....328

Belle River.....nil

Parliament is not the only place

where this piece of jobbery has been attacked. Last spring Mr. Meighen went right into the riding and criticized it there. In the city of Windsor, close by, he declared that the expenditure was wanton waste, and drew applause from the immense audience that heard him.

That is proof that even in his own riding "Tim's" proposals, though they may be acceptable to MacKenzie King, are not popular with a number of his own constituents.

No wonder that public expenditure is heavy and taxes are high. If every doubtful poll in a constituency is to get a \$30,000 breakwater, how can it be otherwise? The Country has no need of "Tim" and at that price, and the indications are that both will soon be dropped. Public money should not be used to build party breakwaters against the rising tide of public indignation.

Issued by Liberal-Conservative

Organization Committee, OTTAWA,

June 9, 1924.

TENDERS

For STEEL BRIDGE,
Town of Lachute, County of Argenteuil, P. Q.

Sealed Tenders, for the construction of a Steel Bridge with reinforced concrete floor, including pier and abutments, to replace the old wooden FISH'S BRIDGE, will be received by the Secretary-Treasurer of Lachute Town Corporation until the evening of the 27th day of June 1924. The whole according to plan and its specifications approved by the Department of Public Works, Quebec, and deposited in the office of the undersigned Secretary-Treasurer.

Each Tender must be marked: "TENDER FOR STEEL BRIDGE"—and be accompanied by a certified cheque representing ten per cent of the total amount of the tender as guarantee of proper execution of the work tendered for.

All Tenders will be opened at a Meeting of the Municipal Council of Lachute Town, at the Secretary-Treasurer's Office, Lachute, P. Q. on the twenty-seventh day of June, 1924, at 8 o'clock p.m. Daylight Saving time. Said Council reserves the right to reject all tenders or to accept any of them.

J. A. RICE, Secretary-Treasurer,
Lachute Town Corporation,
Lachute, P. Q.

Stallions for Service.

Percherons, Black and Gray over a ton in weight,—MASTOC winner at the "Royal" at Toronto, beating the Dominion in his class.

PERSHING.—The massive big black that weighed 2060 last spring before he was 5 years old, he was very successful in the stud last year. His stock is strong and healthy and the right kind for good draught horses.

In light horses we have added to our list a beautiful French Coach, a dark dapple bay, stands about 15-3, and has style and action and shows speed, he should certainly sire good saddle and harness horses. We have several other horses for service not mentioned, especially 1 big black Belgian, weighing close to a ton. All interested in good draught horses should look over these before breeding elsewhere.

TERMS.

Fees are from \$10.00 to \$15.00 to insure, accommodation for mares from a distance can be provided if required at reasonable prices.

J. E. ARNOLD & SON, Prop.,
Grenville, Que.

HIAWATHA 9840.

He is a beautiful dark grey dapple weighing 1700 lbs., will stand at the proprietors stable, every day, except Saturday at Rodrigue's Stables, Lachute.

This horse is in Class 1. Breeders will do well to inspect this horse before seeing others.

TERMS: \$8.00 to insure foal, payable 1st March, 1925. All mares at owner's risk.

J. H. MURDOCH, Starnville.

Phone 171 r 1-4. 13-6-4.

REGISTERED CLYDESDALE STALLION.

"MacMontrave," No. 16166.
A pretty horse, sorrel colour, weight 1900 lbs.—has won several first prizes, in Saskatchewan, and first prize and Special at Lachute Exhibition in 1922.

Will stand at Rodrigue's Stables every Saturday during June and July

TERMS: \$10.00 payable next March. All mares disposed of before foaling time. The original owner will be held responsible for service, whether mare proves in foal or not. All mares at owner's risk.

EVERETT MCGIBBON, Chatham.

2 miles west of Lachute

Phone 156 r 1-2.

PURE BRED CLYDESDALE GENERAL GRAHAM,

Imported Clydesdale No. 15694.

Canadian No. 12102.

Bred by the Sire of Champions. His foals took all first prizes from 1916 to 1923 at Lachute Fair. He has the best of feet, good bone body. He has the weight and is a sure size and class to win in the Show Ring.

Will stand for the season at the proprietor's stables.

TERMS: \$8.00 to insure. All mares disposed of before time, the original owner will be held responsible for service. All mares at owner's risk.

J. M. BRADLEY, Proprietor.

Isle-aux-Chats, Que.

Telephone 132 ring 1-3. 6-27-5.

THE LATE JNO. JACKSON.

The death occurred at Brownsburg on Sunday morning last, 15th of Mr. John Jackson, at the age of 51. For thirty five years a resident in Brownsburg, Mr. Jackson was well known throughout the community. He leaves to mourn his loss, besides a host of friends in this vicinity, his mother and sister, Mary, of Montreal, sister, Mrs. Ivall, of Morin, and one brother, Mr. George Jackson, in Sherbrooke, all of whom were present at the funeral. The service was held at the Presbyterian Church, Brownsburg, on Wednesday afternoon and was conducted by Rev. Geo. A. MacKinnon, assisted by Mr. Poitras, following which the remains were interred at Dalesville Cemetery.

The Last Gasp of a School Mouse.

Friday of this week will see the close of the Academy session. This week, a week of examinations, has doubtless proved a period of sore trial and super-human concentration for a great number of scholars, a week of hasty cramming and doleful misgivings, when the burdens of school life are lightened only by the happy thought that the vacations are close at hand. We can only hope this week has seemed as long as this week has appeared everlasting. For how many of our older scholars has the sun risen these last days upon a mind of doubt and speculation, as upon a sea of troubled waters! The school bell heralds the onslaught and renews again the courageous battling with an army of interrogations and a host of undesirable queries,—and alas, yet another day closes in contemplation and hopeful review of the day's labors,—and rising uppermost in the dazed and battle-weary intellect, that unspeakable feeling of relief. Another day gone! We have survived the trials of Pythagoras, and the tribulations of Brutus Caesar; the delicate manipulations of x and y, and the tortuous crossing of 'Pons Assinorum' stand in the background as fast fading memories.

The coming week will find a number of our scholars far distant from Lachute and the scene of their school studies. The friendships and associations of the old town, and the gladness and hilarity of school life will be suspended for a few months. But still the joys and attractions of HOME will serve to fill the empty places, and to refresh the young folks for a more vigorous attack upon their books next September. Meanwhile, we wish them everything that will make the vacation enjoyable and worth while.

Mrs. W. E. Morrison, of Calgary,

Dead after prolonged illness.

Mrs. W. E. Morrison, who had been a resident of the city for the last 20 years, died at the family residence, Calgary, on Monday morning at the age of 64 years. The family is well and favorably known and a large circle of friends will regret her death.

Mrs. Morrison was a daughter of the late Alexander McGibbon, of Brownsburg, Que.

In addition to her husband she is survived by one daughter, Mrs. Fred Dowler, of Calgary; one sister, Mrs. J. H. Gervan, of Ottawa; three brothers, D. D. McGibbon, Brownsburg, Que., Alex. McGibbon, Hedley, B.C.; John McGibbon, Sane Centre, Minnesota. Her only son, Russell Morrison, was killed in action at the battle of Lens in 1917. He was a prominent local athlete and Y.M.C.A. member.

The deceased was a member of Knox Church, and was an active worker in those circles. The family came to Calgary from Brownsburg, Quebec, and reside at 931 Fifteenth avenue west.

The funeral took place on Wednesday afternoon at 3 o'clock at Knox Presbyterian Church, Rev. Geo. Dickson conducting the services, after which interment was made in the family plot at the Union cemetery.

Arrangements are well under way for entertaining the members and friends of the Canadian Teachers' Federation during their trans-Canadian tour, which will take place August 4th-12th over the main lines of the Canadian Pacific Railway, in a train specially provided for their accommodation. Fort William, Port Arthur, Winnipeg, Regina, Moose Jaw, Calgary, Edmonton, Banff, Lake Louise, Vancouver and Victoria are all planning festivities. The Canadian Pacific is preparing to give the teachers a royal time at their beautiful Rocky Mountain resorts and the people of Victoria, where the subsequent convention will be held, will also help to make their stay in that city a memorable one.

REX THEATRE

Friday and Saturday
"RAVU"
(A Carl Laemmle production)
"OBEY THE LAW" (Comedy.)
with Jack Earle and R. A. McCoy.
Every night—8.30 o'clock.
Matinée Sunday at 2.30.

The Watchman,

And Ottawa Valley Advocate.

REX THEATRE

Thursday—Tonight
Priscilla Dean in
"THE FLAME OF LIFE"
"BLUE SUNDAY" (Comedy.)
Admission Sundays and Weekdays
25 cts., (unless Special Pro-
grams are previously announced)

VOL. XLIX.

LACHUTE, QUE., JUNE 27, 1924.

NO. 23.

COAL! COAL!

Lyken's Valley Red Ash

at \$16.50

PLACE YOUR ORDERS AT ONCE
WITH US.

T. McOUAT & SON

Founders and Machinists, Lachute Mills, Que.

TO RENT.—House of 8 or 9 rooms
large screen verandah, beautiful
location, suitable for family or
Club. Good fishing and hunting,
distance, 12 miles from Lachute,
good auto road to door. Will rent
by the month or year, all the
house heated by furnace, house
just newly painted. Must be re-
nted as proprietor is leaving shortly
for the West. Apply to WM.
KIDD, Louisa, P. Q. 7-4-2.

NOTICE.

I the undersigned will be at Mr.
Alex. Bothwell's Office, Lachute, on
Saturday, June 28th, and Monday
June 30th, for the purpose of collect-
ing all arrears of School Taxes of
the Parish of St. Jerusalem.

By order of
WM. COPELAND, Sec.-Treas.

WOOL! WOOL!

WE BUY WOOL.—Please write,
stating quantity of washed or un-
washed white or black wool you have
for sale, and approximate date of
delivery, and will quote best prices.
AYERS LIMITED,
Lachute Mills,
7-11-6.

AYRSHIRE FIELD DAY
to be held at Sulpice Farm, O.K.A.,
FRIDAY, JULY 4th., starting 11 a.m.
Under the auspices of the
LAURENTIAN AYRSHIRE
CLUB.

FARM FOR SALE.—In the Town-
ship of Chatham, 1 1/2 miles west
of St. Philippe, consisting of 240
acres, good bush, running water,
through farm, good house and out-
buildings, about 1 1/2 miles from
school, cheese factory and churches
Will sell with or without crop.
Apply to R. J. GRAHAM, Box 26,
St. Philippe. 4-7-4.

FOR SALE.—Motor Boat with two
cylinders, Wilson Engine, recently
overhauled and painted, with top
almost new, with tools. Apply to
JOS. BELANGER, Watchmaker,
Lachute, Telephone No. 116 r 2-3.
6-27-2.

NOTICE.

Many of my old customers and
friends have desired me to open my
shop again to the public, and having
secured a man of many years' ex-
perience, we are now ready to do
all kinds of Shoeing, Tyre-setting
and repairs of any kind. Call and
see. JOHN SIMON, 27-6-2.

Where are you going next Thurs-
day night, July 3rd? Keep this date
open for "The Young Country
School Ma'am," a first rate enter-
tainment presented at the Presbyter-
ian Church, Brownsburg, by the
Church Choir.

An Ice Cream Social, under the
auspices of the Ladies' of Trinity
Church, Lakefield, is being held in
the Parsonage Grounds, on Tuesday,
July 1st, at 2 p.m. Admission to
groups FREE. Refreshments at
reasonable prices.

Watch and Clock Specialist.
Bring your repairs to Mr. Belan-
ger, who will do all your work in
prompt order. He carries a big as-
sortment of Diamonds, for gifts and
Engagement Rings, at a very low
price, and will be in his store for busi-
ness on Thursday, Friday and Sat-
urday of each week.

Jos. Belanger, near Hill's Store,
East Ward, Lachute, Que.
Phone No. 116 r 2-3.

CRESWELL'S

Canada Cement

Prices Right

R. Creswell Regist'd

LOCAL NEWS.

Mrs. R. McArthur left on Friday
for Norway Bay.

Miss Ellen McPaul is spending a
few days in Ottawa.

Miss Jeanne Raymond left on Mon-
day to spend a few days in Quebec.

Miss Florence McGillivray of Mon-
treal, was a week-end visitor in
town.

Mr. Arthur White, of Montreal,
has opened his summer home in
Lachute.

Mr. Robt. Elliott, of Brownsburg,
is spending this week-end in Morin
Heights.

Miss Sarah Douglas, of Detroit,
spent a few days in town this week
visiting friends.

Miss Alma McCullough, of Mont-
real, has returned to Lachute for
the summer.

Baseball Results, Sunday, June
22nd, Lachute wins again. Volti-
geur 4, Lachute 6.

Mrs. Davis, of Morin, was the
guest last Saturday of her daugh-
ter Mrs. Wm. J. Deacon.

Mrs. L. M. Marshall and daugh-
ter, of Harrington East, were re-
cent guests of Mrs. P. Dobbie.

Miss Hazel Drysdale, who is tak-
ing a business course in Montreal,
is spending this week in town.

Mr. and Mrs. Murray, of Mont-
real, were the recent guests of Mr.
and Mrs. Walker McArthur.

Mr. and Mrs. George Riddell and
daughter of Mille Isles, were the
week-end guests of Mrs. W. H. Scott.

Mr. Geo. Muir, of Montreal, with
his friend Mr. Leslie C. Sutcliffe, spent
Sunday in Lachute, the guest of his
parents.

Miss Elsie Scott left on Wednes-
day for Montreal to spend a few
weeks with her sister, Mrs. J. Mel-
rose, of Montreal.

Mrs. Jno. R. MacDonald, of Anti-
gonish, N. S., was the guest of her
sister Mrs. Wm. Thompson of East
Settlement last week.

Miss Sarah Douglas, Miss Evelyn
Cruise, and Mr. W. Cruise spent
Tuesday in Montreal, the guests of
the Misses Wallace.

Mr. Toner Brodeur, Mr. Cecil
Teakle, of Montreal, and Mr. Chas.
Bevan, of Boston, were week-end
guests of Mrs. F. J. Penfold.

Mrs. S. R. McEwen and son, Don-
ald, of Toronto, are the guests this
week of Rev. and Mrs. P. A. Mc-
Ewen at the Baptist Manse.

Miss Edith Cooke and Mr. John
Dobbie, of Harrington East, and Mr.
H. H. Campbell, of Sherbrooke, were
week-end guests of Mrs. P. Dobbie.

Mr. Clifford Leishman, wireless
operator on board ship, spent a few
days' leave this week with his pa-
rents, leaving on Tuesday to sail for
the West Indies.

Mr. and Mrs. Kirkpatrick of Bran-
den, Man., who have been attending
the Presbyterian Assembly in Owen
Sound, are this week the guests of
Mrs. P. Dobbie.

Mr. Geo. Walker, of Lachute, vis-
ited Mr. D. MacKiddie on Friday,
returning with his daughter Ethel,
school having closed for the sum-
mer months.

Mr. Ernest Boyd returned on Fri-
day night last from the Royal Vic-
toria Hospital, after being operated
on for appendicitis, and is progress-
ing favorably.

Scout-Master Findlay, and 18 Boy
Scouts arrived in town by motor
from Hudson, on Tuesday, en route
for Lake Louise where they are
spending a two weeks holiday.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred McLaren, Mr.
Gordon Copping, and the Messrs.
Metzger, also Mr. and Mrs. Humph-
rey, all of Montreal, spent the week-
end in town, the guests of Mrs. Hol-
land.

Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Smith, of
Beech Ridge, accompanied by Mr.
and Mrs. Jno. Boyd and Miss Edith
Boyd, motored to Sorel for the week-
end, the guests of Mr. and Mrs.
Lunan.

Mr. and Mrs. James Bennett and
son George spent Friday in Browns-
burg, visiting Mr. and Mrs. James
Tomalty, also Mrs. D. MacKiddie,
having motored from their home in
Harrington East.

The Drawing for which Tickets
have been on sale for some time for
a "Star" Car, in aid of the St. Julien
Church, will take place on Tuesday
night, July 8th, at the Church
Grounds, Lachute Mills. Tickets are
still on sale at Mr. G. Y. Deacon's.
Come along and see who is the
lucky winner.

There is room for improvement in
most ventures and undertakings. In
the Rex Theatre Lachute, where
there has been 'room for improve-
ment,' Mr. Duclos, the manager, has
spared no expense or personal effort
to obliterate and remedy the faults,
and to attain that desirable goal of
Perfection in his theatre. Give him
your support and patronage, and you
will not regret an occasional visit
to the Rex Theatre. The program-
mes are invariably well worth see-
ing, and the music adds the finish-
ing touch to a good show.

Mr. Chas. Joss, of Three Rivers,
was the week-end guest of his mother
Mrs. Geo. Joss.

Mrs. Rev. J. F. Carlton and daugh-
ters are the guests of her parents,
Mr. and Mrs. Dan Joss.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Deacon were
at Morin Heights, this week, attend-
ing the wedding of Miss Bertha Davis.

Mrs. and Miss Hammond, of Pilot
Mound, Man., are the guests this
week of Mr. and Mrs. Jno. Cruise.

Miss Phyllis Andrews, who was
taken ill while attending the exami-
nations for entrance to the Academy,
is confined to bed with typhoid fever.

Miss C. Gearnsie, and her friend
Miss Gwen Foy, of Ste. Anne de
Bellevue, are spending their holidays
at Mrs. Geo. Westgate's.

Mrs. Williams, of Montreal, is
spending a short time in Lachute,
the guest of Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Mc-
Coy.

Mr. and Mrs. Yelland, son and
daughter, Eleanor, are attending the
wedding of Miss Gladys Wooding,
which takes place in Ottawa next
Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Giles, of Ste.
Anne de Bellevue, with their little
niece, are spending this week at
their summer residence at Lake
Louisa.

The Misses Dorothy & Louis Leg-
gatt, of Montreal, were the week-
end guests of Mrs. Geo. Leggatt, the
latter staying to visit for a few
weeks.

Mr. Wm. Miller, of Masanette,
Wis., is visiting in Brownsburg, &
renewing old acquaintances in his home
town, where he is the guest of Mrs.
McCasky.

Mr. and Mrs. Lemoine, and Miss
Yerna Walker, of Montreal, and the
Misses Muriel and Donald Walker,
of Huntingdon, were the guests last
week end of Mrs. Geo. Deacon.

Mr. and Mrs. Brunt and son are
visiting in Montreal this week.

Mrs. Wm. Parker, of Dunany, is in
Montreal this week, where she is un-
dergoing an operation.

Miss Evelyn Hamilton, nurse in
training at the Montreal General
Hospital, returned to resume her
duties on Wednesday, having spent
a few days with her parents. She
was accompanied to Montreal by
her sister, Shirley.

Mr. A. W. Fulton, of North Adams,
Mass., is the guest for a few weeks
of his nephew, Mr. Archie McGib-
bon, Chatham, and is renewing old
acquaintances in Lachute. Browns-
burg and vicinity, where he finds
many changes since his residence
here some 65 years ago.

Mr. and Mrs. Angus Gordon, of
Claremont, N. H., motored to East
Settlement last week, and were the
guests of his brother Mr. W. A.
Gordon, and on their return home
they were accompanied by Mr. and
Mrs. W. A. Gordon with whom they
intend spending a week.

Among those from Lachute attend-
ing the Ormstown Exhibition last
week were Messrs. A. Bothwell, W.
A. Houston, Chas. Rodgers, J. W.
Gall, Arnold Scott, D. Paul, Kenneth
McOuat, and Mr. McAdam. An ex-
cellent show is reported, and splen-
did entertainment.

CHURCH NOTES.

Baptist Church services, Sunday
June 29th, will be as follows:—La-
chute 11 a.m., Dalesville 3 p.m.,
Brownsburg 7.30 p.m. Topic: Hea-
ven and How to Win it.

Methodist services next Sunday
will be conducted by the Pastor Rev.
Albert Mathews as follows:—Public
worship at Lachute 11 a.m. and 7.30
p.m., Brownsburg 3 p.m. A hearty
invitation is extended to all.

The Methodist Sunday School will
hold their annual Picnic on Sat-
urday, July 5th, at Carillon leaving the
Church Hall at 11 o'clock by motor,
returning at 6 o'clock, advanced
time.

Presbyterian Church Services will
be held next Sunday, June 29th, as
follows:—In Lachute at 11.30 a.m.
and 7.30 p.m., Upper Lachute at 12
noon and in East Settlement and
Hillhead School at 3.30 p.m., and in
Brownsburg at 7 p.m. The minister
will conduct the morning service in
Lachute and also the services in E.
Settlement and Brownsburg. Mr.
Wadsworth will conduct the services
in Upper Lachute and Hillhead and
also the evening service in Lachute.
Everyone is made welcome.

Arrangements have been complet-
ed for holiday supply and Rev. Jas.
A. McKenzie of Guelph, will take
the services on July 6th and 13th,
and Rev. A. Dawson Matheson, of
Quebec City, will take the on July
20th and 27th.

The Sunday School picnic will be
held on Saturday, June 28th, to Mr.
Jackson's grove. Children will as-
semble at the Church at 2.15 p.m.

BIRTHS.

BALDWIN.—At Brownsburg, on
June 22nd, 1924, to Mr. and Mrs.
Ernest E. Baldwin, (nee Mary E.
Hawkins), a daughter.

BRADFORD.—At North River, on
Thursday, June 12th, 1924, to Mr.
and Mrs. Jno. Bradford, a daugh-
ter.

Men's Suits

Before sending away for your Suits, Men's or Boy's,
come in and have a look at ours. We have a large
variety of Blue and Grey Serges, Browns and Tweeds
of many patterns and plain.

We have a few for boys up to 35 in good colours
and qualities.

Prices are so low you will not find fault we are sure.

W. BANFORD & SON,
LACHUTE.

Telephone No. 50.

Wholesale and Retail Flour and Feed
Cream Of the West is "Our Best."
Grain and Coal.

A full line of Choice Groceries, Bacon, Etc.,
Deliveries made with prompt attention.

J. D. CAMPBELL
MAIN STREET, LACHUTE.

CALIFORNIAN FRUITS FRESH DAILY
AT THE

SPLENDID CONFECTIONERY
MAIN STREET, LACHUTE

LIGHT LUNCHES SERVED AT ALL HOURS

A Splendid Assortment.

Don't forget that we always have on
hand a complete Stock of Men's Furnish-
ings, including Summer Underwear.

Shirts of all kinds

Socks—A large Range

Ties—The finest assortment

Woodrow Hats and Cooper Caps.

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The Up-to-Date General Store - Lachute Mills.



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One Pair of Glasses 7 out of every 10
With Double Vision Headaches



Wellsworth Ultex
The One-piece Bifocal

are caused by eyestrain. If
you suffer from headaches
you ought to question the
condition of your eyes.
Often with vision appar-
ently normal, eyes greatly
need the help of lenses.
Only an examination can
make you sure.
Have your eyes exam-
ined without delay.

Eugene Jousse

WATCHMAKER & JEWELLER
Main Street, Lachute.

Soils and Crops

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PROTECTING THE HARNESS.

Hanging the harness where the horses passing back and forth will not brush against it, and where none of the dangling straps will trail upon the floor necessitates the placing of hooks upon the wall far above one's head. But the difficulty experienced by the boys in removing and replacing the harness, where such precautions had been taken, caused a certain considerate farmer to employ a novel extension handle.

A three-foot length of four-inch board was dressed to provide a handle at one end and a strap of band iron was nailed upon the other end to make a wide loop. Upon this board the harness hook was fastened and heavy spikes were driven partially into the wall at heights of four and seven feet, respectively.

With this arrangement, when a harness is to be placed upon the hook, the board is suspended from the lower spike where the heavy pieces may be arranged upon it with ease. It is then raised by means of the extension handle to the second spike, where it is supported safe from accidental disturbance and ready to be lowered again without difficulty.

A ONE-MINUTE MILK STOOL.

We have tried many milk stools but none that we like better than our present one which will stand so much knocking around.

The construction is simplicity itself. Take a piece of one-inch board and cut to a square about eight inches on a side. Smooth and round the edges and corners. Fasten this to the bottom of an old bucket of the desired height, using wood screws.

WHY MY CAMERA HAS BEEN OF VALUE TO ME.

My camera has been of value to me both from a gainful and a sentimental standpoint. I find that a sharp, clear picture of some prize-winning member of the farm yard, or some member of the poultry yard that has established a noteworthy egg-laying record, ac-

companied by a brief caption, will bring a cheque from most any farm journal. Newspapers and magazines are always in the market for pictures of something unusual or noteworthy.

One day my neighbor's boys caught a woodchuck that certainly must have been the great grand-dad of all his tribe. One of his lower tusks was over two inches in length. It protruded from the side of his mouth, extending above his nose where it curved at the end like the horn of a Rocky Mountain goat. One is apt to run across these freaks of nature either in forest growth, the animal world or geographical formations; and there is a wide market for good pictures of that kind.

From the sentimental standpoint the pictures of your family early attain an almost priceless value. The careless easy pose assumed among home surroundings, is a great deal more natural than the stiff, stilted attitude assumed before the photographer. Then the family gatherings. Then there was "Old Nell," the kindest, gentlest horse that ever lived, who seemed to be always trying to acquaint herself with your every wish that she might render to you faultless service. I always left the lines tied to the harness when cultivating corn with her.

The reverse was "Prince," in the picture I can detect that same roguish glint of eye that was characteristic of him as he used to look back over his shoulder when he had reached the end of the corn row, seemingly searching the side of the freshly turned earth to acquaint himself if one single hill had escaped his devastating feet. Undoubtedly in the event of there being any survivors he was fully as much surprised as I was. Then the faithful dog, and the cat who, back in 1900, was named "Century." When the years pass, and the subjects of these pictures have passed away, as many already have, these pictures will be of unparalleled value, for there is nothing that will go as far as they in bringing back the happiest days of my life.—G. E.

"Oh, What Shall I Do?"

Everyone Should Learn What Can Be Done in Case of Accidents.

BY MARY K. GREGG.

These condensed directions and suggestions for first-aid-in-the-home can be clipped out, pasted on cardboard and tacked up near the medicine or emergency chest, where all who pass by can read them and learn them so as to have them in mind in case of need.

Wounds—1st, check bleeding; 2nd, cleanse wound; 3rd, keep wound at rest; 4th, protect wound from dirt or dust. Do not touch wound with dirty hands. Never apply cobwebs, tea leaves or any such substance to check bleeding. If impossible to cleanse hands before rendering first aid, cover wound with piece of clean old linen soaked in solution made by dissolving 1 teaspoon table salt in a pint of boiling water.

To Check Bleeding—1st, apply water as hot as can be borne, or clean ice-cold water, or direct pressure with bit of clean cotton. A tourniquet may be improvised from a bandage or handkerchief. If in arm or leg, elevate injured part. Do not give stimulants. They tend to increase bleeding. Gause or linen soaked in Friar's Balsam tends to prevent infection and promotes healing.

Burns—Use gause, cotton, or linen soaked in solution made by dissolving 1 teaspoon baking soda to a cup of water. Cover burn. Olive oil is good to cover burn. Burns from carbolic acid will be relieved by applying common vinegar. Alcohol is the best antidote, and either alcohol or vinegar may be used externally or internally for this purpose. Carron oil may be used, which is equal parts of linseed oil and lime water. Keep air away from burned parts.

Sprains—If arm, support with sling; if leg, apply splint and keep slightly elevated. To relieve the pain, apply a hot fomentation or an ice poultice.

Hemorrhage from Nose—Keep person sitting up; never allow head held over basin. Give fresh air; stretch arms upward above and behind the head. Pinch nose below bridge between thumb and forefinger. For extreme cases, spray nostrils with alum solution, 1 to 2 teaspoons to a pint of water.

Foreign Bodies in Eye—If under upper lid, invert lid by drawing it down; hold a toothpick or match across it, and roll lid back. Take a twist of absorbent cotton or clean linen and remove foreign body. If line should get in the eye, wash thoroughly with warm water and oil, such as olive oil.

Fractures—Send for doctor at once. While waiting, support injured part. If patient has to be moved, bandage a pillow around the fracture with two or three pieces of board outside the pillow to act as splints.

Poisoning—Remove unabsorbed poison as quickly as possible by giving emetic such as (1) tepid water, 2 to 4 glasses, or add as much salt as water will dissolve. (2) Alum, ¼ teaspoon for child or 1 teaspoon for adult mixed with honey or syrup. (3) Mustard can be used; ¼ to 1 teaspoon for child; double dose for adult, in one glass of warm water. If patient cannot swallow, give a stimulating injection into the rectum. To remove the pain, and irritation, give milk, white of egg and milk, flaxseed tea, or any gruel. These to be given internally.

Potomac Poisoning—Symptoms: acute inflammation of stomach and bowels, pain, cold sweats, and sometimes chills. Remedy: first get the offending substance out of system. Give castor oil; wash the stomach, see doctor.

Poisoning from Inhaling Gas—Remove from poison air as soon as possible. Use artificial respiration; give stimulation and an injection of salt solution.

Drowning—Artificial respiration. Draw arms away from sides and upwards so as to meet over the head; then brought down to the sides, the elbows made to come almost together over the chest. This movement continued at rate of about 16 per minute. Friction and warm blankets are needed when breathing has started.

Points to Remember—To keep a wound clean is one of the most important duties. Direct pressure is the most effective method to check bleeding. A tourniquet bandage should not be left on too long or serious results may follow. Best to remove after two hours, even if you have to re-apply it. Stimulants tend to increase bleeding. The dirt that is under the finger nails may cause blood poisoning if it gets into a wound.

Every home nurse should know the substance which can be used to quickly empty the stomach and be quick to use it when necessity arises. In all forms of poisoning, cholera morbus, etc., the first and most important thing is to get rid of the offending substance as quickly as possible. Even if diarrhoea is present, a dose of castor oil should be given, to quickly clear the food tract.

Things to Have for Sickness—Fountain syringe, bed pan, rubber sheet, box of bandages 1 inch wide; also 2 to 2½ inch.

Some Improvised Appliances—A shawl or blanket pinned to clothes-bar makes a good screen to protect patient from draught. Roller towel makes good abdominal bandage. Bricks and flat-irons wrapped in newspapers are good when artificial heat is needed. Save old table linen, sheets, handkerchiefs, etc., for bandages, poultices, etc. Old blankets and

flannel underwear for applying hot fomentations.

For Home-made Medicine Chest—Olive oil, castor oil, a laxative of some kind, glycerine, vaseline, turpentine, borax, mustard, ginger, oxide of zinc ointment, boric acid, and peroxide.

Household Disinfectants—A disinfectant is a substance that kills all germs that have power to infect or cause disease. There are two classifications of disinfectants: natural and chemical. The natural are sunshine and heat, and the chemical are sulphur, formaldehyde, etc. Sunshine is the best of all. It has power to kill tuberculosis germs in a few hours. Fresh air is needed, soap and water is necessary for cleanliness. Heat—the boiling of clothing, utensils, etc., is one of the easiest way to kill germs. All soiled dressings, excretions, etc., from wounds and contagious or infectious diseases, should be burned.

To Fumigate a Room—Close completely. Arrange all furniture so that surface is exposed to fumes. Open all drawers. Mattresses should be thrown over foot of bed. Use 1 pint of formaldehyde to 1,000 cubic feet. Allow room to stay closed 12 hours.

An Antiseptic is a substance that prevents growth of germs, but does not kill. Listerine and boric acid are antiseptics. To make boric acid solution, add as many crystals as the water will dissolve. This is a mild, unobnoxious solution, and is used in eye treatment and surgical dressings. Freezing cannot be depended on to kill germs.

HOGS

"In the making of bacon it must be remembered that the right type of pig may be ruined by heavy feeding on barley, corn and other heating and fattening feeds just after weaning and before he is properly grown. Rations should be made up with the idea of promoting growth rather than finish. The best growing feeds are middlings, shorts, finely ground oats, skim milk, buttermilk, whey tankage (alfalfa, red clover, green), rape and roots. The bacon hog must be grown first, then finished. Heavy feeds too early in life tend to round the ribs, shorten the side and lay excess fat on the back and ham as well as make for a flabby jaw and a wasteful middle. Many well bred hogs of good type are spoiled by early pushing with the wrong kinds of feed. Middlings, oats, milk, whey, tankage, and the clovers are high in protein, and so build bone and muscle rather than fat. Exercise helps to build muscle also, and should be freely given to young pigs.

"Generally speaking, it is well to grow the pigs until they are four-and-one-half to five months old and then finish them as quickly as possible by gradually adding barley in place of middlings, a good finishing ration being composed of two-thirds barley and one-third finely ground oats. If skim milk is not available, tankage up to 8 or 10 per cent. In the ration will prove profitable, particularly in winter feeding. The plan should be to grow the pig before he is finished. The all too prevalent idea that pigs make cheaper gains when around 200 lbs. is erroneous. Pigs, like all other animals, make most economical gains when young. It does not pay to hold them over the market weight, either in gains or in market price."—Ontario Government Pamphlet.

Egg Production at O.A.C.

The average egg production of the one thousand pullets that were trapped for the year was 168 eggs each. We are trying to improve the strain in size of body, size of eggs and color, rather than increasing the number of eggs.

Five pens of ten pullets each were placed in laying competitions. The fifty birds averaged slightly above 190 eggs each. The high bird of those in the contests was 263 eggs, and the high bird of those on the plant was 296 eggs, so says Prof. W. R. Graham, O.A.C.

The guns aboard the U. S. battleship Colorado can fire a one-ton shell a distance of nearly nineteen miles.

DAIRY

After twenty-six years' experience handling a dairy herd on my farm of 146 acres under varied conditions, I am firmly convinced that it pays to grain cows well throughout the entire milking period. Early spring and summer pastures are highly succulent, containing a large amount of water and a low amount of dry matter. Cows producing a heavy flow of milk cannot consume enough pasture to supply the essential amount of dry matter.

In past years, when my farm-grown supply of grain was exhausted, I thought I could economize by not grain my cows while on pasture, especially during the early spring months. However, after thoroughly trying the matter out I am convinced that it is unprofitable economy.

Every dairyman knows when the cows go to pasture in the spring the milk flow for a short time increases. This may continue for a month or two, then a gradual falling off becomes apparent. Not infrequently before this decline is checked a heavy loss develops. Pasture does not contain sufficient concentrates to sustain heavy-milking cows for any length of time. For this reason I find it unprofitable to depend upon pasture alone even for a few weeks during early spring.

Some good dairymen I know think it does not pay to grain cows on pasture, as the increased milk flow is not sufficient to offset the cost of the grain ration. This in a measure may be true if taken alone from the standpoint of immediate increase in milk production. But there is something more important. I endeavor to encourage a heavy uniform milk flow throughout the entire milking period. Grain on pasture keeps the cows in proper physical balance. The cows keep in better flesh, give less trouble handling about the stable, and produce a more profitable flow of milk throughout the year. They store up surplus nutrients in the body which later become available for the production of milk.

The Live Stock Market.

Up to the end of April this year the sales of cattle at the five principal markets of the country, according to Dominion Live Stock Branch returns, totalled 224,873 against 211,085 in the corresponding four months of last year; of calves 78,284 against 67,151; of hogs 442,095 against 360,496, and of sheep 50,129 against 69,132. In addition there were billed through this year, in the four months, 44,211 cattle against 41,621; 31,777 hogs against 61,583, and 5,279 sheep against 16,985. Top prices for butcher steers averaged on May 1 this year, compared with the same date last year, \$7.41 to \$7.18 per hundred, veal calves \$8.50 to \$8.89, select hogs \$8.06 to \$11.19, and good lambs \$13.41 to \$12. In computing these prices the markets at Toronto, Montreal, Winnipeg, Calgary and Edmonton are averaged.

Soldering Irons for Putty.

When removing a broken window-pane from an old sash where the putty has weather-dried and baked to the hardness of brick, it is usually a difficult matter to scrape the putty away, and bruised and torn fingers often result. There is an easy way to get around this.

If a soldering iron is heated and drawn over the putty, it will be softened to such an extent that it can be removed almost instantly. Any heated iron will do the trick.

Spitting Carburetors.

Aside from worn mechanism, spitting or back-firing in a carburetor can very often be traced to a little water that has collected in the gasoline. The water is usually the result of condensation of moisture within the gasoline tank, something that cannot be avoided.

Again the trouble may be due to a clogged high-speed spray nozzle, which has a very small hole that can easily clog. A careful cleaning is the remedy for both the above-mentioned troubles.—Ed. Henry.

Home Education

"The Child's First School is the Family"—Fraebel."

Baby Talk—By Florence Bascom-Phillips.

The half intelligible "baby talk" little Buddy learned sounded cute to his mother. She taught it to him, herself, with such speeches as the following:

"Does MUMMER's 'tittle snooky-ooms' want a d'ink of wawa? Sure him do. B'ess his 'tittle heart.' 'Baby see ze titty tat.' 'Him wants a nice eggie to eat, don't him? Yes him do.'"

When he began to talk he combined a little lip of his own with the erroneous pronunciation and construction which he had been taught, and it sounded so irresistibly cute that no effort was made at home to correct it. Later, however, when he entered school, it ceased to be cute and became a problem. When he was seven or eight years old I taught him. He could read as rapidly as the usual beginner, but there was scarcely an intelligible word to be heard. I tried in vain to teach him to speak plainly, and when I left the school he still habitually lapsed into his baby lip and pronounced his words and chose his constructions irrespective of any rules ever written.

How unnecessary for a child to start his school life so handicapped!

It was Buddy's sister, Edith, a bright little thing with a clear voice and distinct enunciation, who had explained the matter to me. The members of the family were then beginning to realize the harm that had been done but were too indolent to make more than spasmodic efforts to correct it. Edith was less than a year old when Buddy was born, and since then had spent most of her time with her grandmother so she had escaped her brother's predicament.

All parents are not educated, and few are capable of using the best English, but all can and should use the most correct English they know especially in speaking to their children. The truthfulness of the old adage, "First impressions are lasting," is proven in nothing more than in speech.

I remember a classmate of mine who could not overcome the occasional use of such colloquialisms as "yourn" and "hisin," even after finishing her normal course. Her parents were very ignorant. I even catch myself saying "ain't," from home usage, though my parents knew better. Let us have "good English homes" instead of "good English weeks."

POULTRY.

During the heat of summer I find that the hens with a shady range keep up their appetites the best and lay more summer eggs. When the hens dust they select cool moist soil in a shady place rather than hot dry dust in an exposed position. Young stock like the rest during the heat of the day. I note that hens with a cool summer range seem less apt to stop egg production and start a summer moult.

Fine shade can be provided every year with corn and sunflowers. After the plants are up a few inches they grow so fast that very little injury will be done to the foliage by the hens. Fruit trees make a fine permanent shade on the range. My plum and cherry trees in the poultry yards are seldom troubled with curculio although it has not been necessary to use much spraying to control that pest.

Evergreens like Norway spruce are good for shade and windbreaks. I have noticed that a still warm day does not retard the hens from ranging like a hot windy day. The wind blows the feathers away from the hen's warm body and makes ranging uncomfortable. A windbreak on the range increases the number of days each summer that the hens will continue foraging.

Colony houses for young stock can be raised on skids providing a cool shady place beneath where the poultry can dust and rest during the heat of the day. In furnishing artificial shade with boards or canvas be sure they are well built or sudden storms may blow the shelter down on the poultry and cause a serious loss.

SHEEP.

The presence of worms in a flock is indicated by the lambs becoming dull and listless, the wool dry and harsh; the skin, which should be a bright pink, becomes pale, and the eyelids when turned back show the membranes to be clear instead of a net work of blood vessels. In the last stages, a dropsical swelling appears under the jaws. When worms are present, the lambs should be drenched with some vermifuge and changed to fresh pasture. Copper sulphate, commonly known as blue vitrol, is an excellent remedy, but one that must be used with extreme care owing to its poisonous nature.

Sheep to be treated should be kept off feed and water for eighteen hours before treating. Just before treating dissolve one ounce of copper sulphate in three quarts of water and administer the doses as follows: For a three months old lamb, one ounce of the solution; for a six months old lamb, two ounces; for a yearling, three ounces and for a mature sheep, four ounces. Any of the solution left over should be destroyed, as it is not safe to use unless fresh. A solution can best be obtained by suspending the ounce of copper sulphate in a cloth and lowering it in the water only far enough to submerge the copper sulphate. In measuring out the doses, the size and strength of the lamb should regulate the amount, rather than the age. A weak lamb, somewhat small for its age, should not receive as large a dose as indicated above.

Handy Storage Bin.

In most laying-houses a storage bin for scratch grain can be built out from the sills without taking up any of the floor space. Such a bin can hold at least six or eight hundred pounds of grain. It should have a smooth slanting roof so the hens cannot roost on it.

The storage bin saves carrying grain every day and enables the caretaker to feed the hens quickly in the evening when other work requires attention. The farmer who will carry grain to the hen house with the team and keep the bin filled will find that his wife can care for the hens without carrying heavy pails of scratch feed. In snowy and rainy weather the handy grain supply may insure better care for the hens.

THE CHILDREN'S HOUR

OH, BOY!

Make the most of your school, Boy! Study as hard as you can! School days will soon be over And soon you will be a man!

Then comes the world of business, The work of life and the care— Learn what you can each day, Boy, 'Twill count up a lot in a year!

Tackle the hard job first, Boy, Oh, don't be afraid to work! The lazy ones may laugh, Boy, But never you try to shirk!

Hold out a helping hand, Boy, To your mates on Knowledge Hill! Pull together—it's fun, Boy, To work and play with a will! —E. H. Glover.

BENNIE FOX FINDS THAT IT DOESN'T PAY TO CHEAT.

"Oh, Bennie, we are just choosing sides for a game of pullaway," said little Jackie Rabbit, running into the schoolroom. "Come out and play with us. I want you on my side."

(You remember Jackie Rabbit? Rolly Rabbit's little nephew.)

Well, now Bennie Fox knew that he didn't have but one of his arithmetic problems for his lesson that day and that he should finish them before he went out to play. But pull-away was his favorite game. He liked to play it more than any other game he knew. "Sandy Squirrel has all his problems worked," he thought to himself. "I'll just look on his paper." So he skipped out to play pull-away, and left his lessons undone.

They played and played, but the time seemed short when the bell called them back to their lessons.

Bennie sat right beside Sandy Squirrel, so he copied all the problems and slipped the paper back in Sandy's desk.

At class, Teacher Rabbit called on Bennie first.

"What is your answer for the first problem?" she asked.

Bennie gave the answer, which happened to be 15.

"Correct, Bennie. Please put your problem on the board so the rest may see. Sandy you may put on the next one," said the teacher.

Bennie went to the board with a quaking heart. Oh, how he wished he knew how to do that problem. In a few minutes Sandy had his problem neatly done and was back in his seat. But still Bennie stood at the board, unable to do even the first part of his problem.

"Bennie, I do not see how you knew the answer if you can't work the problem," said Teacher Rabbit.

"I bet he copied his problems," said little Jackie Rabbit.

And then how Bennie did feel. Everyone in the school knew that he had cheated. He hung his head and went back to his desk.

But he thought he had learned a good lesson, even better than his daily arithmetic lesson, for he resolved that no matter how poor his lessons would be, he would never cheat again.

Weak Link.

The number of eggs set to get a mature pullet is possibly the most inefficient part of the poultry business. The hatching power of eggs is known to be an inherited character, yet the hatching power of eggs is very seriously affected by nutrition and general care and management. The Department of Poultry Husbandry, O. A. College, has been conducting some experiments along these lines, but results so far would not warrant any conclusions being offered. The problem is complicated and will take some time to work out, so says Prof. W. R. Graham, O.A.C.

It is fortunate that no one in real life is quite so wicked as some of the characters in fiction.

MR. WRIGLEY'S COUNTRYMEN

(From London Opinion.)



"I believe I've got America. I hear a persistent chewing sound."

RED ROSE

COFFEE For particular people—
Pure! No chicory or any adulterant in this choice coffee

Surnames and Their Origin

LIPPMAN.

Variation—Lipman.
Racial Origin—English.
Source—An occupation.

Among the medieval English a Lippman was a "leapman," "lepe" or "leppman." All three spellings are to be found in the old records. You might conclude from this that the various founders of the Lippman and Lipman families were celebrated as jumpers. Such a conclusion, however, would be entirely erroneous.

The word "lepe" has been for many generations defunct in our language, though the family names derived from the occupation connected with it are very much alive and by no means uncommon.

The "lepe" was a form of basket, strong but flexible, and in wide use about the period when family names began to crystallize from occupations as well as other sources.

In an old Bible, in the parable of the leaves and fishes, is found the following: "And the eeten and weren fulfilled and thei taken up that that left of relifs seven leepis."

It was the usual thing to refer to a man by his occupation, as "Roger le Lepeman" ("the maker of baskets"), but quite often without even the article, "le," particularly toward the close of this period, in which common

usage made the names mere verbal tags of identification rather than literal descriptions of occupation.

DRISCOLL

Variation—O'Driscoll.
Racial Origin—Irish.
Source—A given name.

You might not even recognize Driscoll as an Irish family name, though if you run across it in the form of O'Driscoll the significance of that prefix is clear.

Like virtually all Irish names, it is the Anglicized form of an ancient clan name, and this clan name was "O'Driscoll," which is something quite different in both spelling and pronunciation from O'Driscoll, though your English pronunciation of the Gaelic spelling would probably be wrong, for that syllable "ceoll," containing the three vowels was pronounced simply "ceol."

The clan was founded by a chieftain named "Edersceol," who was the great-grandson of "Lugaidh MacCon," the 113th monarch in that line of "high kings" whose reigns stretched through virtually 3000 years.

There are no records which show specially the year in which the clan was founded, but history gives definitely the reign of this great-grandfather of the founder, which was between the years 195 and 225 A.D.

came word from her former hostess that her new chambermaid had searched for and recovered the clock!

The Duke's Popular Comptroller.

It has been with the keenest regret that the Duke of York has consented to the resignation of Commander Louis Greig as Comptroller to H.R.H. Indeed, he did so only on condition that the Commander, who is joining a firm of stockbrokers as a partner, should remain as adviser to him in financial matters.

Like most of his race—he is a Glasgow man—Commander Greig has a head for figures, and has been of invaluable help to the Duke in regard to the management of certain trusts.

Mrs. Coolidge's Retort.

Mrs. Calvin Coolidge is noted for her quick flashes of wit and repartee.

When her husband was Vice President and she was meeting the ladies of the Senate for the first time at their luncheon club, over which she was to preside, the Senators' wives filed by introducing themselves. When Mrs. John B. Kendrick's turn came, she said:

"I'm Mrs. Kendrick, the junior from Wyoming."

"And I'm Mrs. Coolidge, the freshman from Massachusetts," was her prompt retort.

PALE, WAN CHEEKS AND DULL EYES

Is Proof That the Blood is Thin and Impure.

It is the blood that gives color to the cheeks and lips, as well as brightness to the eyes. If your blood gets thin the color will fade and the eyes grow dim. By the time this happens you will notice that you tire easily and are subject to headaches and backaches, for the blood goes everywhere and the entire system feels the effects when it becomes thin. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain the elements necessary to enrich the blood, and this better blood strengthens the nerves and all the organs of the body, brings a glow of health to the cheeks, brightness to the eyes and a general feeling of renewed health and strength. Miss Florence Johnson, Stratford, Ont., who has proved the value of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills in cases of this kind, says:—"A few years ago I was greatly run down; my blood was very poor and my nervous system in bad shape. The doctor said my condition was due to improper diet and lack of fresh air. I then commenced eating the food he advised and went out daily for a walk. I did not improve, however, and was much discouraged. A friend advised me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I lost no time in getting a supply and can truthfully say that when I had finished the first box I could note an improvement. From then on the progress was steady. My complexion, which had been pale and sallow, began to take on a healthy glow, I felt a great deal stronger and my appetite became normal, and soon my health was fully restored. Before using Dr. Williams' Pink Pills I did not know anything about their wonderful qualities, but now I recommend them to all suffering from similar ailments."

You can get these pills from any medicine dealer or by mail at 50 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

It Came True!

The greatest living British musician, Sir Edward Elgar, can look back with pride and declare that he is practically self-taught—£3 12s. 6d. was his total expenditure on instruction, for a fortnight's tuition on the violin.

One of Sir Edward's first appointments was as bandmaster to a local lunatic asylum, where he used to conduct an orchestra composed of the attendants, and in those days he thought little of writing a whole score of a piece for 15. 6d.

He tells the story of the time when he first went to school. The master asked for his name, and he replied, "Edward Elgar," whereupon the master said: "Add the word 'sir'!"

"Sir Edward Elgar," came the reply. And that unconscious prophecy came true!

The Missing Clock.

In "My Garden of Memory," Mrs. Kate Douglas Wiggin, the famous authoress, tells a story of the time when she was the guest of some friends, and was kept from sleeping by the ticking of a clock in her bedroom. Finally, she had to place the clock among some blankets in a drawer. Leaving early next morning, she forgot to tell the maid about the clock.

Three months afterwards, in Germany, she remembered it. She would have cabled, but it seemed bizarre to say, after an interval of many months: "Clock buried in guest-room between blankets in bottom drawer. Impossible to sleep with it! Forgive!" Instead, she wrote, and by reply

Label Them Correctly.

I have seen careless people wash out a medicine bottle, and without changing the label refill the bottle with some entirely different kind of medicine. This is a mighty dangerous practice, as we are not always on the job ourselves and it might prove a very disastrous act to the stranger who is helping us out.

Keep Minard's Liniment in the house.

When driving on wet streets the clutch should never be released except at the last moment to prevent the engine from stalling. Always apply brakes gradually.

The love of power is natural, insatiable and never cloyed by possession.



And Americans Are Motorists, You Know.

"Do you think Americans believe in their motto, 'In God We Trust'?" "Don't the motorists drive as if they do?"

About "Grass Widows."

In the eleventh century in England it was a law of the church that a widow must "remain under God's protection and grace"—not marry—for a year after the death of her husband. Such women were called "Grass Widows," which often went into the parish registers as "grasses widows." This was the first use of the term.

Of more recent origin, however, is the recent inelegant adaptation to indicate a divorcee.

In the days of the Forty-niners in California it was not uncommon for men to "board out" their wives while they went off to dig for gold. Seeing humor in the situation, one of them uniquely referred to the separation as "putting his widow out to grass"—with reference, of course, to the pasturing of cattle.

The term evidently struck what has been called "the American affliction of the funny bone." For applied to the rapidly increasing number of divorcees, "grass widow" soon entrenched itself in our slang lexicon.—Kansas City Star.

England Shows Auto Gains.

The use of motor cars is increasing slowly in England, and the revenue from licenses also shows a gain, says an "Associated Press" dispatch from London. During the year 1923 a total of 1,066,000 licenses were granted, an increase of 132,602 over 1922.

Ask for Minard's and take no other.

Crimes Which Baffle Man Solved by Police Dogs.

The United States, Japan, Russia, Czechoslovakia and many other countries import trained German dogs to act as detectives in criminal cases. These dogs are second to none in searching for hidden things, writes Dr. Koch.

Since January 1, 1924, the Berlin police headquarters has had a constant night service which in important cases sends dogs to the place where a crime has been committed. Ten excellent German shepherd dogs, among them the record dogs, Wotan and Ito, are in the service.

Their work consists of search, either alone or with a policeman. The latter is the more popular and more successful method. If the dog is allowed to move freely, without being held by a leash, the policeman is hardly able to watch his behavior and his course, which contribute much to any discovery. Anyhow, it is almost impossible for a man to follow a dog, for his race leads frequently over roofs and through hidden holes to the refuge of the criminal.

Frequently criminals hide their tracks by pouring gasoline or other liquids on it, or by placing poisoned meat which might kill the dog if he were not watched.

Whether stolen goods are hidden on land or in the water does not matter to a police dog. A cow, for instance, was stolen recently and the police dog, with its policeman leader, was set on the track. He followed the track to a suburban garden and found the dead cow hidden underneath branches and straw. Not satisfied with this disclosure, the dog went on and began to bark in front of a shack, where the two thieves were found, with the bloodstains of the fresh-killed cow on their clothes.

It is the "wonder-dog," found stolen copper and lead in a water barrel. Here also the dog was not content with finding the goods, but discovered the thief, who was with his father in a garden of the neighborhood.

That the splendid police dogs do their duty even in water is proven by the stunt Greif did not long ago when he speeded to Berlin's river harbor to locate a stolen tun of oil which the thieves had sunk there by means of ropes and stones.

BETTER GREEN TEA IMPORTED.

Many think that those who drink Green Tea are more critical judges of quality than those who drink black. Such would seem to be the case, because some years ago great quantities of poor quality Japan and China Green Teas were brought into Canada. The demand for this type of tea soon fell off. Now, however, the much finer quality of India and Ceylon Greens, imported mostly by the Salada Tea Company, has sharply revived the demand by those who enjoy the distinctive flavor of Green Tea.

The Old Hay Mow.

The old hay mow's the place to play for boys, when it's a rainy day! I good deal rather be up there than down in town or anywhere.

When I play in our stable loft, The good old hay's so dry an' soft, And feels so fine an' smells so sweet, I 'most forget to go an' eat.

An' one time wunst I did forget To go to dinner t'ill 'twas eat, An' they had short cake—an' Bud he Hogged up the piece Ma saved for me.

Then I won't let him play no more In our hay mow, where I keep store, An' got ben eggs to sell an' shoo The cackie-un old hen out too!

An' 'ned when Auntie she was here A visitin' from Rensselaer, An' bringed my little cousin—he Can come up there an' play with me.

An' 'nen when Auntie she was here 'At I can't turn no summersets, I let him come up of he can Ac' halfway like a gentleman! —Jas. Whitcomb Riley.

30,000 Miles for An Operation.

Mr. P. Lockhart-Mummery, chairman of the British Empire Cancer Campaign, travelled 30,000 miles to the forbidden city of Khatmandu to perform an operation on the Maharajah of Nepal.

According to a member of the party, the trip was full of incident. The engine of the express train carrying Mr. Lockhart-Mummery broke a connecting rod when travelling at fifty miles an hour, which, however, only caused a slight delay.

From Raxual the party were conveyed by motor-car along the dry bed of a river running at the base of a deep ravine. A guard of armed horsemen accompanied them.

Later in the day the party were transferred into pulkas and carried by coolies to Bhi Padl. They were again carried by coolies the next day, and crossed a pass in the Himalayas at an altitude of 3,000ft.

Among the many wayfarers whom they passed were men carrying their wives strapped on their backs. Strangers are not permitted to enter or leave Khatmandu except with the special permission of the Maharajah.

When sending money by mail use Dominion Express Money Orders. Safer than sending bills.

There's no worse thief than a bad book.

OLD CHUM

SMOKING TOBACCO

IS FOUR TIMES SEALED



to bring you the full richness and mellow sweetness of this—

"Tobacco of Quality"

Manufactured by
IMPERIAL TOBACCO CO. OF CANADA LIMITED

The Right Way to Gather Flowers.

As every good gardener knows, there are a right way and a wrong way of gathering flowers. In his "Bluebook of Annuals and Biennials" Henry Stuart Orloff, the landscape architect, gives a word about the proper way.

"O word about cutting flowers. A sharp pair of scissors is the best implement," he says. "A clean sharp cut is more readily healed by Nature. Spare the small shoots and branches, for they are the sources of a later supply. It is always well to cut an average amount of foliage with your flower; and it is always better taste to use a flower with its own foliage rather than depend on ferns and other things for greenery."

"When the flowers are taken indoors plunge their stems into a deep dish or pail of cold water and let them stand for a quarter to a half an hour, or while you are collecting the various vases and filling them about three quarters full of fresh water. When you have selected your blooms, before you take them from the water, snip off the ends of the stems with your scissors while they are still under water. The reason for this is that while the flower has been in the open air with a cut stem a large amount of air has entered the stalk and so does not permit water to flow readily up the stem as it should."

Much Worse.

"I read where your wife was drawn on the jury. I reckon she's goin' to claim exemption from jury service because of house and nursemaid work," said Hi Hagglegence, who had dropped in to argue politics with his favorite neighbor.

"No," replied Lafe Sprybody, recovering the baby's rattle, with a deep sigh. "She's going to claim exemption from housework and nursemaid-ing because of jury service."

No Such Disease.

Reporter—"To what do you attribute your longevity?"
Oldest Inhabitant—"My what?"
"Your longevity."
"As far as I can remember I ain't never had such a complaint."



Say "Bayer"—Insist!

For Pain Headache
Neuralgia Rheumatism
Lumbago Colds

Safe Accept only a Bayer package

which contains proven directions
Handy "Bayer" boxes of 12 tablets
Also bottles of 24 and 100—Druggists
Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Mann-actin-der of Salicylicacid

ASTHMA

Spread liniment on brown paper and apply to throat; also inhale.



Special Stamps Destroyed.

The entire special issue of Japanese postage stamps which was to commemorate the Crown Prince's wedding was destroyed in the great earthquake.

Classified Advertisements

AGENTS—GENERAL STORES—WANTED.

PIONEER AGENTS ARE MAKING \$50 to \$100 a week taking orders for all-wool, made-to-measure clothes at \$25, delivered anywhere in Canada. Also Ladies' suits, dresses, Boys' suits and raincoats. Finest selling outfit. Exclusive territory; commissions paid daily. We deliver and collect. Write Pioneer Tailoring Company, 33 St. Catherine St. West, Montreal, Que.



TROUBLED WITH ECZEMA YEARS

In Pimples between Knee and Ankle. Itched Badly. Cuticura Healed.

"I was troubled with eczema for three or four years. It broke out in pimples between my knee and ankle and itched badly, especially at night. The irritation caused me to scratch and the scratching caused eruptions."

"I sent for a free sample of Cuticura Soap and Ointment and it helped me. I purchased more, and after using one cake of Cuticura Soap and three boxes of Cuticura Ointment I was healed." (Signed) Miss Alice Clark, Marshfield, Vt., July 16, 1923.

Keep your skin clear by using Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Talcum for every-day toilet purposes. Touch pimples and itching, if any, with Cuticura Ointment. Bathe with Cuticura Soap and hot water. Dry and dust lightly with Cuticura Talcum. Sample Book Free by Mail. Address: Cuticura Dept., P. O. Box 5114, Montreal, P. Q. Price, 50c. Cuticura 25c. Talcum 50c. Try our new Shaving Stick.

WOMAN SUFFERED FOR MONTHS

Weak and Nervous. Made Well by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Webbwood, Ont.—"I was in a very weak and run-down nervous condition, always tired from the time I got up until I went to bed. Sleep did not rest me at all. My sister recommended Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to me and others told me about it, but it was from my sister's advice that I took it. It did not take long until I felt stronger, headaches left me and my appetite came back to me. I am a farmer's wife and have many things to do outside the house, such as milking, looking after the poultry, and other chores. I heartily recommend the Vegetable Compound to all who have the same trouble I had, for it is a fine medicine for women."—Mrs. LOUIS F. ELKAN, Hillcrest Farm, Webbwood, Ont.

Another Nervous Woman Finds Relief

Port Huron, Michigan.—"I suffered for two years with pains in my side, and if I worked very much I was nervous and just as tired in the morning as when I went to bed. I was sleepy all the day and didn't feel like doing anything, and was so nervous I would bite my finger nails. One of my friends told me about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and it helped me so much that I soon felt fine."—Mrs. CHARLES BRILLEN, 601-14th St., Port Huron, Mich.

Women who suffer from any feminine ailment should try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

The "grain of Mustard" for health

Don't refuse the mustard when it is passed to you. Cultivate the habit of taking it with meat, especially fat meat. It stimulates the digestion and aids in assimilating your food.

but it must be Keen's

30,000 ISLAND ROUTE

GEORGIAN BAY DISTRICT

Folder and Time Table showing list of Resorts, Boating, Fishing, Camping, etc. When planning your 1924 Vacation write Box 862, Midland, Ont.

A Genius!
The fact that we have a real genius right here among us, is not generally known to the people of this town. Mr. Clifford McPaul, who in matters pertaining to that mystic and far reaching study of Radio, has always been among our foremost citizens, and was indeed prominent in the few first pioneers of Radio in Lachute—this same gentleman has distinguished himself again. In a competition, in which some ambitious dealer sought to discover "The Best Way to Sell Batteries," Clifford excelled over other competitors, supplying a solution to the problem. Clifford's "Way to Sell Batteries" was put to the test, and was proved successful, and its inventor was the recipient of first prize (five dollars) for his answer to this somewhat difficult query.

Those who have the pleasure of being acquainted with Clifford cannot help but feel, in his company, the proximity of a very cheerful, bright, and happy disposition, and summer visitors at Lake Louise will always find an attraction at his store—an attraction other than that of the proprietor's own personality, for he has the Radio installed and working well, even in these wild surroundings. He also promises a good assortment of supplies and provisions at his store, and regular delivery to the cottages that sprinkle the shores and islands of our beautiful Lake Louise.

Choosing the Queen of Flowers.
Concluded.

Some chose the graceful Lily, Others the Rose extolled, Some referred the Tulips, Of Daisy Marigold.

Among the less obtrusive, Beautiful as ever, Welcome o'er the world we go, Bennie Highland Heather.

Others had their favourites, According the degree, But like the Lady Wranglers, They could not quite agree.

One tiny flower raised its head, With gentle voice outspoke; "I'm as pretty as any, Viewed through a microscope," From Royal Purple downwards, Where virtues are not rife, Many noble souls are found, In humbler walks of life.

RYHOS.—Brownburg.

AROUND THE CIRCLE.

Rags make paper
Paper makes money
Money makes banks
Banks make loans
Loans make poverty, and
Poverty makes rags.

ST. ANDREWS EAST.
Mr. A. C. Matthews is with us for a few days.

Mrs. C. A. Pease returned home on Monday evening from Montreal.

Miss Sutherland of Montreal, is the guest of Miss M. Caution.

Miss (Dr.) Abbott has arrived in St. Andrews East for her summer vacation.

Miss Mildred Bateman, of Montreal, was the week-end guest of Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Hyde.

Miss M. Hopper and Miss I. H. Hopper were the week-end guests of Mr. and Mrs. Charman.

The Sunday School will be held in the Presbyterian Church on Sunday morning, between 10 and 11 o'clock.

Mr. and Mrs. Douglas Jeffrey and family, and Mrs. Flower, of Montreal were the guests of Mrs. Geo. Jeffrey on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Larmouth and family have taken up their residence in their summer home for the season. Mr. Wilson is their guest at present.

Mr. and Mrs. Turner and children were the guests of Mrs. Snowdon over the week-end, Mr. Turner having just returned from a trip to the old Country.

Public Worship will be held in the Presbyterian Church on Sunday, June 29th, at 11 a.m. and 7.30 p.m. (standard time.) Rev. J. Burgess, pastor, will preach at both services.

The W. M. S. (Thanksgiving) meeting was held on Thursday, June 19th, at the home of Miss Hibbard. Miss Hall of Montreal, was the special speaker and gave a very interesting address which was greatly appreciated.

The Ladies' Aid met at the home of Mrs. R. J. Bradley on Thursday afternoon. A representative gathering did yeoman service toward looking things into shape for the forthcoming bazaar which is to be held in July. A delightful reception followed, which was very much enjoyed.

The Annual Convention of Argenteuil District Branch of Religious Education Association of Province of Quebec, is being held in the Presbyterian Church, St. Andrews, on Friday, June 27th; Morning session 10 to 12, speaker, Rev. A. S. Reid, B.D.; Afternoon session, 2 to 4.30 p.m., speaker, Mrs. Palmer Burgess, "The responsibility of parents and S. S. Teachers"; Miss D. L. Gass, "What are we doing for the 'Teen age girls of Canada'"; Rev. C. H. Brown, "A Boy's Religion"; Evening session 8 p.m., address by Rev. D. L. Ritchie, D. D., Principal Congregational College, Montreal. All are welcome.

The Watchman
AND
OTTAWA VALLEY ADVOCATE.
FRIDAY, JUNE 27th, 1924.

THE WATCHMAN will be published every Friday.

J. S. GILLES, Editor and Prop.

Notices of Entertainments, Concerts, Announcements etc., 25 cents minimum; over three (3) lines, 50 cents.

Notices of Births, Marriages and Deaths 50 cents.

5 cts. a line for Poetry accompanying Memorial Notices.

Legal Advertising,—\$1.40 per inch.

EN PASSANT.

Trial There is a growing feeling that the system of trial by jury is outlived its usefulness and that the system ought to be superseded. This is nothing new. After the jury has failed to return a verdict in many a criminal trial, the same opinion has been expressed, but nothing has ever been done.

At the present time there are several being held up and indefinitely pushed back in consequence of juries being unable to reach a decision. It is understood that while a case is under judicial consideration the public are supposed to have no decided opinion, and are expected to refrain from any comment on the facts of the case which might influence jurors, or the people from which jurors are drawn. With this important point clearly in mind it is yet possible to review trial by jury, as a system employed in the dispensing of justice, without in the slightest degree reflecting upon the gnat, or innocence, of any accused persons.

Trial by jury is an ancient and widespread institution. It dates from the twelfth century, and was insisted upon in Magna Charta as a bulwark of Liberty. It is usually regarded as an essentially British institution, but it has been proved, by experts, that forms of trial resembling the jury system are to be found in the primitive institutions of all nations. Some attribute its adoption to that romantic figure in history, King Alfred, (A.D. 869), about 800 years before the Norman conquest. Although its origin was nebulous, it was firmly established in King John's time, (1199—1216), and has since then continued to permeate all civilized judicial systems. It was formally incorporated in the constitution of the United States, having had extensive colonial usage previously, and it is the rule where ever the standard of Justice is sought to be maintained.

The fact of its dignified antiquity having survived through all the social and political changes and vicissitudes which the passing centuries have witnessed, and the added fact of its value as a legal instrument having become more and more generally accepted and established, stand very squarely in the way of any proposal for the abolition of the system.

Powerful reasons for change must be given, and strong evidence brought forward to prove its failure, before a system described as "A bulwark of Liberty" can ever be temporarily suspended.

Are these reasons and proofs forthcoming? Has Trial by Jury lost its value? Are the essential features of Liberty and Justice being subverted by its continued use? These are the questions that confront us, and to which answers must be given in no uncertain voice.

"3. The Governor-General in Council to appoint six judges for this purpose, thus allowing the formation of two divisions, which will hold their sittings in the trial-centres at dates to be defined by proclamation by the Provincial Attorneys-General.

"4. Will not this system allow of the more expeditious and sure administration of justice?

"5. Decisions of this Court shall only be subject to appeal in cases defined by law.

"6. This system would enable the making of considerable economies, in time and money, for the cost of calling and assembling jurors, their travelling expenses, their maintenance, etc., runs to a total, a mere fraction of which would cover the emolument of the judges.

"7. This system would free citizens from the ever unpleasant duty of acting as jurymen, and put an end forever to the pitiable state of affairs which results from the invoking by citizens of all kinds of pretences often in contravention of the truth, to evade jury service.

"Many of the jurors picked under the present system have only the bare legal qualification, but not by any means the moral or intellectual qualities to allow of their rendering a verdict which is just, unbiased or indeed often, even fair.

"8. Three judges specially named for the hearing and judging of criminal cases would inspire the public, and even the accused, with the highest confidence, and would assure for all a degree of protection and a surety of administration of justice, which, unfortunately, the present system seems no longer able to do.

"9. The system visualized would also instil a healthy fear—in the breasts of habitual criminals.

"10. The General Council of the Bar of the Province of Quebec, if it sees fit, may submit to the Ministry of Justice suggestions along the lines already laid down, or any others which will allow of the administration of criminal justice in a more efficient manner than is in force today.

"11. This system might be applied and put into force only in the provinces favoring its adoption. The organizations, regime and sessions of the tribunal are to be decided by the various provinces of the Dominion."

With all due deference to the Council of the Bar, I would suggest that while considering these proposals they ought to give their close attention to the manner in which criminal trials are being conducted, and to the mass of utterly useless and unreasonable "evidence" produced. The facts of the cases are so obscured that jurors—the jurors whom they say are not possessed of enough "intellectual qualifications"—are reduced to a state of mental chaos by the quantity of irrelevant "evidence," dragged in as much for show purposes as for confusing simple minded witnesses and discrediting their evidence in the eyes of the juries.

Another item for serious consideration is the way the juries are hectorated and "challenged." Hundreds of summoned men are challenged until there are only a dozen of them left, and then the drags have to be taken. Then there is the unnecessary publicity thrust upon the "selected" jurors. Their names, addresses and occupations are published in the newspapers and their photographs are so prominently displayed that it would be surprising if they did not hesitate to bring in a verdict. They are marked men from the outset, which is a bad start for impartiality, and their faculties are so benumbed by the confusing exhibitions of legal acumen made by the prosecution and defence, that the judge's summing up, which is supposed to be the sole source of their guidance, comes upon them as a sort of preliminary canter to their discharge. All that then remains for them to do is to escape as soon as possible by arriving at a unanimous decision to disagree and get home again into their native obscurity, from which they were dragged to "administer justice" under a fiercer light than "beats about a throne."

Mrs. Wm. Ball played the Wedding March at the organ, and accompanied Mrs. J. R. Parris, who sang very sweetly during the signing of the register, "All Joy be Thine." The groom's gift to the bride was a beautiful wrist watch of carved platinum, while the bride presented to the groom a handsome set of books comprising the works of Dumas.

Following the service, a reception was held at the home of the bride's parents, Mrs. McEwen receiving in a dress of grey with touches of blue. The happy couple left in the evening upon a two weeks' honeymoon trip, motoring through Montreal, Ottawa, and points west. They will then spend a week at their Summer bungalow on the Ottawa River. The bride travelled in a sports suit and grey felt hat.

Guests attending from a distance were Mr. and Mrs. Moore, of Montreal, Mr. and Mrs. S. R. McEwen, and son, of Toronto, and the Misses Lambe, Stewart, and Forke, of Ottawa. The wedding gifts were both numerous and beautiful.

Laura, in a dress of Poudre blue and picture hat, while her niece, little Patricia Davis, was flower girl. The bride carried a bouquet of Ophelia roses, and the bridesmaid a bouquet of sweet peas. Mr. Douglas Tucker of Montreal, waited upon the groom. The ceremony was performed by Rev. A. Johnson, in a Church prettily decorated with ferns and flowers. Mrs. Wm. J. Deacon played the wedding march, and the congregation opened with the hymn "O Perfect Love."

Following the service, a reception was held at the home of the bride's mother, at which some 80 guests were assembled. The couple left later, motoring to Shawbridge, and thence travelling to New York, where they will take up residence. The bride travelled in a gown of navy blue canteen crepe, navy cape and hat to match, and a grey fox fur.

Here and There

Although it is only 18 years ago that Alberta became a province, its population has increased fourfold, while the grain yield has increased twentyfold. Even at the present low prices, the total agricultural products of Alberta in 1923 were worth \$223,000,000.

Break in Cement Prices

It had to come! 1924 business away below expectations. Manufacturers are over-stocked and they must liquidate stocks or close down. They have announced an immediate reduction of 35 cents per barrel. Place your orders with us.

We also handle a complete line of builders Supplies.

Mrs. J. Cottingham,
Tel. 29 w. Lachute.

Incorporated 1855
CAPITAL - \$4,000,000
RESERVE - \$5,000,000
OVER 120 BRANCHES IN CANADA

THE MOLSONS BANK

Payments of household accounts are often hard to keep track of, but when paid by cheque there is an accurate record and receipt for each transaction.

by There is a conveniently located branch of The Molsons Bank where you or your wife could transact this business and be assured of efficient service.

W. A. Houston, Mgr. Lachute Branch

Miss M. V. Slater

Main St., Lachute.

Jewellery, Watches, Clocks, Silverware, Cut Glass and Electric Table Lamps, for Wedding, Birthday and all other Presentations.

Necklets and Pendants, Brooches, Society and other Tie Pins and Buttons. Cuff and Collar Buttons, Eye Glass Chains, Signet, Fancy and Wedding Rings—all solid gold, gold-filled or silver.

Silver-plated knives, forks and spoons, also Pie-Plates, Fern Dishes, Waterman's Fountain Pens and Ink, Auto-Strip Safety Razors, etc.

Mail orders are solicited and will receive most careful and prompt attention. Re-plating, Engraving and all Watch, Clock and Jewellery Repairs quickly done and guaranteed.

A full line of the "Pyrex" Baking Glass.

Watches, Clocks, Jewellery, French Ivory, etc., All of the highest quality.

Semi-Ready Tailoring

Your new Spring Suit made to your order just as you want it.

You have a choice of 300 of the best Worsteds, Serges, Vacuums and Tweeds Imported from England. I can guarantee you always a delivery within the week.

An exclusive line of Shirts and Collars, and an equally good line of Hats and Caps.

Boots and Shoes for Everybody. We can fit your feet and your Pocket-book, from our large stock.

Dr. Scholl's Foot Comfort Appliances for all foot troubles.

W. G. STANFORTH
Main Street. Telephone 65

A WRITER, in a letter to the "Star," approving of an alteration in the system, in criminal trials, says:—"Autres temps, autres moeurs." (Manners change with the times.) The writer of the letter is referring to the wave of criminal offence which is spreading over this continent—a change in manners which the times have produced. He also suggests a change in the manner of coping with it, made necessary by the defects which the jury system appears to have developed. This is the crux of the question: For some reason, which needs explanation, a jury cannot now be relied on to function correctly in accordance with its true purpose in the legal machinery.

Everybody knows that this continent is being swept by a wave of devastating criminality hitherto unequalled in its records. Hold-ups are of the most common occurrence; Human life is nowhere held in lawful respect: "Hands up!" is becoming as common as the usual "Good morning" salutation; and murders are on every front page. Last year there were 10,000 (ten thousand) people murdered in the U. S., and Canada comes next in the percentage of the world, although still being 68 per cent less than the U. S. record in point of population.

While life is held in low esteem, property is also regarded as anybody's game by the professional criminals: All they have to do is to take it, and in the taking shoot up anybody that gets in the way.

Desperate diseases require desperate remedies: With that in view the replacement of Trial by Jury by a special tribunal of judges is deliberately proposed to the General Council of the Bar of the Province of Quebec. This proposal is accompanied by comments on the jury system: The proposals are:—

"1. Abolition of the jury and its replacement by:—

"2. The creation of a special tribunal composed of three judges with criminal jurisdiction exclusively in such cases as would otherwise go to jury.

We're Open for Business

I wish to announce to the public that I have rented Mr. Geoffroy Bedard's Store, where I will carry on the business of Merchant Tailor, with a complete line of high class English and Scotch Tweeds.

LOUIS GUILBAULT
MAIN STREET, — LACHUTE, P.Q.

NEW DRESS GOODS FOR SUMMER WEAR

We have a large assortment of Dresses for Summer Wear, in all colors.—Crepes, Morasin, Canton Flat Crepes and Voiles, from \$7.95 to \$35. Sizes from 14 years to 48.

A few Suits and Coats to clear at very low prices.

Men's and Boy's Clothing—our stock is complete and our prices the lowest considering quality. A lot of men's pants at \$2.25.

Our Boot and Shoe Stock is very large. Try us for the next pair you need. A visit will convince you.

Special Sale of Gingham, 36 inches wide, value 30 to 40 cts. per yard. This week 25 cts.

H. M. Lavigne, Lachute Mills
Opposite T. McQuat & Son's Store.

Positively the best tires at any price

AMES HOLDEN TIRES

Made by Ames Holden Tire & Rubber Co. Limited, Kitchener, Ont.

Test them with any other tires under any condition and "Compare the Wear"

For sale by **GEO. Y. DEACON,**
Lachute Mills. Leading Tire Shop.
GAS - ACCESSORIES - OIL

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Gasoline Creonoid Sold in any quantity.

W. D. McOUAT

Successor to G. L. Meikle & Co.,
PHONE 66



"VICTORIA"

Salmon

ONE OF THE FAMOUS VICTORIA FAMILY



AUCTION SALE.

There will be sold by Public Auction at the residence of the late

MRS. ROBT. CRESWELL,

Main St., Lachute.

SATURDAY, JUNE 28th, 1924.

The following effects:—Rugs, carpets, Poles, pictures, 2 sofas, Sonora Gramophone, practise piano, square, odd chairs, clocks, small tables, Hall seat, Hall mirror, Brass umbrella stand, jardiniere, Mahogany Stand, solid oak dining room table, and chairs, leaf table, electric table lamps, kitchen table, Princess dresser, 2 bureaus, 3 washstands, brass bed (double), 3 enamel beds, wooden bed, 3 springs, 3 mattresses, 1 feather bed, 2 Quebec heaters, 3 burner coal oil stove, and oven, step ladder, wringer, carpet sweeper, set of dinner dishes, odd dishes, pots, pans and many other articles unmentioned.

Sale to commence at 1 p.m. sharp.

TERMS CASH.

W. J. BOYD, Licensed Auctioneer.

When thinking of a trip, consult The Watchman Office Lachute, either rail or steamer. Folders and information supplied on calling at the office.

Europe At its best NOW

	June	July
CANADA	28	26
DORIC (NEW)		5
MEGANTIC		12
REGINA (NEW)		19

or Local R.R. & Steamship Agents

WHITE STAR DOMINION LINE

J. S. GILES, Agent, Lachute.

Send your Printing Orders to the Watchman Office.

ST. ANDREWS EAST.

Dr. Maude Abbott, is spending the vacation at her home here.

Miss Annie Coughtry, St. Laurent, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Fraser.

Mr. Martin Albright spent a few days last week, with relatives in Montreal.

There was the usual quota of week-enders at their several homes last week.

Miss H. Seton, Montreal, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. R. Jones over the week-end.

Christ Church W. A. is meeting this (Thursday) afternoon with Mrs. H. W. Robertson.

Miss Dewar spent Thursday with friends in Montreal, Miss Cowper returned with her for a short visit.

Summer cottages are now at a premium and a number of city families are settled for the summer.

Mr. and Mrs. N. F. MacGregor, made a business trip to Cornwall and intermediate towns, by motor recently.

Miss Jenkins, Montreal, spent the week-end with Rev. W. A. and Mrs. Howard, and Mr. Miller, Montreal, was the guest of Dr. G. F. and Mrs. Shaw.

The new Club house is rapidly reaching completion and all are looking forward to its opening, Monday and Tuesday, June 30th and July 1st.

On Wednesday last Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Robertson celebrated their Golden Wedding. Among those from a distance who were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Robertson, were Mrs. Mount, Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Barclay and Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Robertson of Montreal, and Mrs. Sheppard, with her daughters and two grandsons, motored over from Comox.

During the afternoon and evening a number of their friends called to offer their congratulations. They were the recipients of a handsome sum of money in gold and a number of other gifts, while Mrs. Robertson was waited on by a few members of Christ Church W. A. and presented with an Amethyst and pearl brooch on behalf of the membership. Many were the good wishes tendered Mr. and Mrs. Robertson.

ARUNDEL.

The Church services Sunday next 29th inst., will be as follows:—

ANGELICAN.—Weir 10.30 a.m. The Glen 2.30 p.m., Grace Church, Arundel 7.30 p.m. Rev. Geo. H. Gagnon, M.A., Rector.

ARUNDEL UNION CHURCH.—Rockway 10.30 a.m., Crystal Falls 3 p.m., Arundel 7.30 p.m., S. S. Arundel 10.30 a.m. Rec. C. H. Hethrington, M.A., B.D., Pastor.

The Bishop's Visit.

The Right Reverend J. C. Farthing Lord Bishop of Montreal, will make his annual visitation to the Parish of Arundel, on July 1st, 2nd and 3rd.

On Tuesday, July 1st there will be Divine Service in St. George's Church Rockway, at 7.30 p.m.

On Wednesday, July 2nd, the services will be as follows:—Laurel at 10.30 a.m., The Glen 2.30 p.m., Weir 7.30 in the evening.

At the latter service the Bishop will dedicate the Memorial Tablet erected to Privates Morgan, Renaud and Burns, members of the Congregation, who fell in the late war.

On Thursday, July 3rd, at 10.30 a.m., there will be Divine Service in Grace Church, Arundel. This service will consist of Confirmation of a class of candidates, to be presented by the Rector, with sermon and celebration of the Holy Communion, by the Lord Bishop.

It is hoped that all members of the Church will make it a point of duty to attend as many of these services as possible. Any friends and visitors, likewise, who desire to attend, are cordially invited to do so.

CUSHING.

Mrs. A. Graham spent Friday in Hawkesbury.

Mr. Roy Dobbie of Montreal, spent the week-end at his home.

Mrs. J. Bradford visited friends in Hawkesbury on Monday.

Mrs. Johnston Smith left on Monday for a week's visit to Kingston.

Miss Annie Weir is visiting her brother, Mr. Arthur Weir in Ottawa at present.

Mrs. McDowell and Miss J. McDowell, of Montreal, are in Cushing at present.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Maguire and family, of Montreal, have opened up their cottage for the summer months.

Mr. Gordon Embry of Montreal, spent the week-end at the Noyes Cottage, the guest of Miss Julia Dunphy.

Mr. Gordon McAllister of Hawkesbury was the guest of his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. T. Weir Sr., over the week-end.

Miss Olga Bradford is the guest of her grand parents Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Bradford, of Little Rideau, for a few days this week.

Mrs. Wm. Kerr accompanied by her daughter Mrs. Robert Morrison, left on Monday for a few weeks visit to Hagersville, Ont.

A very enjoyable meeting of the St. Mungo's Ladies' Aid was held at the home of Mrs. F. Gaston on Thursday last.

Mr. Fred Wilkins, of Montreal, spent the week-end the guest of his wife at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Smith. We very much regret to hear that Mrs. Smith is ill.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

Western Quebec Paper Mills

LIMITED

FIRST MORTGAGE 6 1/2%—TWENTY-FIVE YEAR SINKING FUND GOLD BONDS.

Dated May 15th, 1923.

Due May 15, 1948.

AN ASSURED MARKET

GUARANTEES EARNING POWER

Are you interested in seeing St. Andrews East and neighboring towns enjoy increased trade?

If so, we want you to take a real interest in the new industry at St. Andrews East, which will shortly be in operation.

This new Company, the Western Quebec Paper Mills Limited will employ a considerable number of young people, which means increased population, increased local buying, housing accomodation will be in demand, property will increase in value locally and therefore general prosperity to all.

The Mills are assured of success from the start as they have demand for their entire output from responsible customers and undoubtedly will have to double their present capacity.

All of the papers which they will manufacture are today imported under a duty charge of 25%.

No longer will it be necessary to export our raw materials and import them again as finished products.

We offer you the FIRST MORTGAGE 6 1/2% SINKING FUND GOLD BONDS due 1948 of the WESTERN QUEBEC PAPER MILLS LIMITED at 97 and accrued interest, to yield,—over 6.75%.

Write us for circular.

Sterling Bond Corporation Limited,

136 ST JAMES STREET, MONTREAL

TELEPHONE - MAIN 2404

GRENVILLE BAY.

Mrs. James Hayes and her daughter Lois also her niece Miss C. Hayes are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Brechin.

Mrs. Hewitt has returned to her home in Montreal.

The Ladies' Aid was entertained by Mrs. J. Cartwright last Wednesday, June 26th.

Mrs. D. Kennedy was the guest of her cousin Mrs. James Brechin on Friday, the 20th.

Mr. Gauley, Mr. and Mrs. Gray and son, Mr. and Mrs. McMichael spent Sunday evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Brechin.

Master Lawrence Chantal is home for his summer holidays.

Sudden Death of Old Resident in St. Hermas.

The sad and sudden death occurred on Wednesday morning last at 5 o'clock, of Mr. Emiel Cyr, of St. Hermas. Born in St. Hermas 63 years ago, Mr. Cyr was well known and greatly respected throughout the community among whom he had spent his whole life, and the news of his sudden death comes as a great shock to his numerous friends, relatives, and acquaintances.

He leaves to mourn his loss, besides a host of close and loving friends, his wife and 9 children—3 daughters—Florentine, Dorina and Eva, and son Lucien, in St. Hermas, three sons in Montreal—Charles, Aurele, and Emilien, and daughters Mde. Lebrun, Belle Riviere, and Mde. Castonguay of St. Augustin. There also remain three brothers, Petrus, Felix and Hermas, residing at St. Hermas, and three sisters—Miss Cyr and Mrs. Filion of Lachute, and Mrs. Goyette of Brownsburg.

Funeral will take place from the Church of St. Hermas, 9.30 standard time, on Saturday morning.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

Public notice is hereby given that, on Wednesday, the second day of the month of July, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and twenty-four, at ten o'clock in the forenoon (standard time), it will be proceeded by way of inventory, under the direction of the undersigned Notary, to the sale at public auction of all the movable property and effects belonging to the community of property which existed between the late FERDINAND RANGER, sr., in his lifetime farmer of the township of Grenville, district of Terrebonne, and Dame ARLINE CAYER, his wife of his first marriage, and of the second community of property which existed between the said late FERDINAND RANGER, sr., and Dame ROSE BELANGER, his wife of his second marriage; and to the estate and succession of the said late FERDINAND RANGER, sr., and that of the late Dame DESANGE DEGUIRE alias LAROSE, wife of the late BAZILE RANGER, in their lifetime of the township of Grenville aforesaid.

The said late Dame DESANGE DEGUIRE alias LAROSE having substituted her movable and immovable properties to the children of the said late FERDINAND RANGER, sr.

This sale will be made at the last domicile of the late FERDINAND RANGER, sr., aforesaid, situate in the township of Grenville.

The conditions of sale will be given on the spot, at the sale.

Dated at LACHUTE, Que., June 21st, 1924.

Z. N. RAYMOND,

Notary Public.



Over 36,000 last year

"Hello, Mrs. Brock, do you know who's speaking?"

"No, I haven't the faintest idea."

"It's Irene — we just had our telephone installed and I thought you would like to know our number."

"Why that's fine, Irene, I've often wished your mother had a telephone."

And so Mrs. Brock returns to her paper with a new and greater appreciation of the fact that "every new subscriber adds to the value of YOUR telephone."

Of the net gain of 52,018 telephones in Ontario and Quebec in 1923, over 36,000 (or 70%) were installed in residences.

Merchants and shop-keepers should not overlook this large addition to the number of householders they can reach by telephone.



A party of 200 Canadian Weekly Newspaper Editors and their wives sailed for Europe on June 11th aboard the Canadian Pacific steamship "Melita." The party will visit the battlefields of France and Belgium, seeing most important points in those countries, including Brussels and Paris and will be received by King Albert. Later, they will tour England and Scotland and are to be presented to the King and Queen at Buckingham Palace on Dominion Day. Returning on the Canadian Pacific steamship "Montaurier," they will visit Belfast, where Sir Robert Baird, head of the Belfast Telegraph, will entertain them. They dock at Quebec on August 4th.

PAINKILLER

PERRY DAVIS
Cramps - Sprains - Chills

Auto Repairs

How is your Car running?
Our Garage is up-to-date and we
Guarantee Satisfaction

L. Urbain Lachute Mills.

The Best in Meat Lines
is to be had at

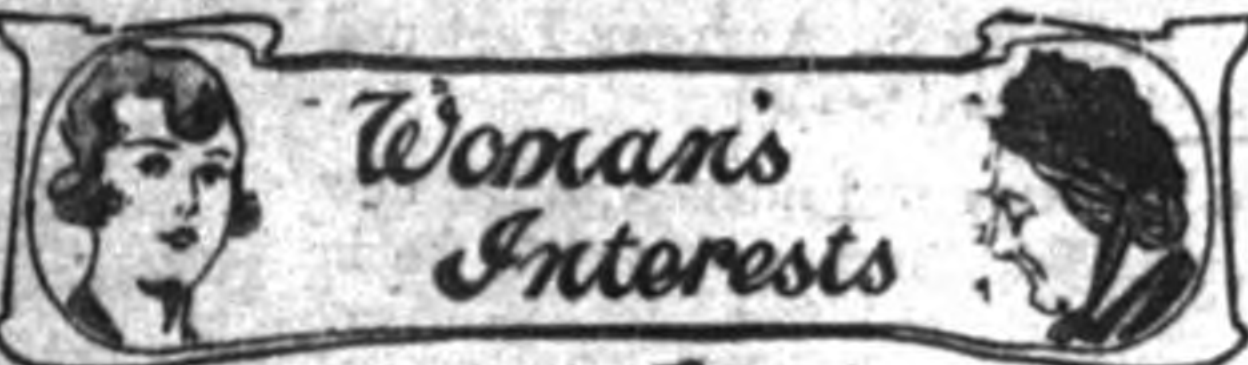
Joseph Speight

Meat Meerchant

Main Street, Lachute

The Fine Qualities of "SALADA" GREEN TEA

cannot be adequately described but
they can be appreciated in the teacup.
FREE SAMPLE of GREEN TEA UPON REQUEST, "SALADA," TORONTO



REMODELED WINDOWS.

In many of the very old country houses are to be found architectural features that are the despair of their modern occupants. Windows between connecting rooms are one of these; a wing was added to the house and the original windows were not removed.

If the dissatisfied modern occupant owns the house she very likely will have the windows removed and the openings plastered. But occasionally we find a housewife so ingenious that she utilizes these odd features in a way that actually adds to the attractiveness of her house and preserves the old-time charm in its unity.

In one old farmhouse there were two such windows, one at each side of the door leading from the living room to the dining room. The owner removed the sash and hinged them, like doors, at the edge of the casing on the dining room side. Glass doors were procured and hinged in the same way on the sitting room side. Then shelves were placed in the inclosed space. And here the mistress of the house arranged her pretty glass and china. The result is most charming. Never have her glass and china appeared at such an advantage as when seen with the light shining through the glass doors. The soft colors add greatly to the decoration of both rooms and the dishes are protected from the dust.

A window between dining room and kitchen could have paneled doors and would make a very inexpensive connecting cupboard where everyday table accessories could be kept and food passed. If one is troubled about such a window within the house, it pays to think twice before going to the expense of having it removed; because, with a fraction of the expense, a charming feature may be added to the house.—A. M. A.

CUTTING "CRAWLY" GOODS.

In working with organdies, crepes and other "wiry" or "crawly" materials, I find it is better to pin the material to paper before I cut into it. I used to have a hard time getting organdie collars to lie straight until I tried this plan.

Get big pieces of wrapping paper, or pin newspapers together in a strip. Lay your material on so that the selvages are parallel with the straight edges of the paper and so that the ends of the cloth are square. If the material does not have a visible grain or thread you may have to draw threads to get the ends even. It saves time in the long run.

Pin the goods to the paper at close intervals, not only along the edges, but, if the pieces to be cut out are small, all over the surface. I use needles or glass-headed pins—which usually have fine points—if the material is delicate. In this case it is a good plan to keep the paper with the cloth until it is basted and stitched.

You will not only find this a time-saver, but your finished garment will also look better, as the skirts will hang straight, the collars will not twist and the seams will require little pressing and will not draw.—M. J. M.

SHELLAC YOUR KNOTHOLES.

When we painted the woodwork in our bathroom we knew that we should

WRIGLEYS
after every meal

Cleanses mouth and teeth and aids digestion. Relieves that over-eaten feeling and acid mouth. Its 1-n-a-t-i-n-g flavor satisfies the craving for sweets.

Wrigley's is double value in the benefit and pleasure it provides.

Sealed in its Family Package.



The flavor lasts

"When Hearts Command"—

By ELIZABETH YORK MILLER

"When hearts command,
From minds the sagest counsellings depart."

CHAPTER XX.—(Cont'd.)

But, oh, what happy things Jean hoped for from this marriage! Even at great personal loss to herself. She was—she knew—losing a daughter and not, as traditionally expressed, gaining a son. Alice would leave her for ever. Her own lot was cast in less pleasant lines. She had the burden of Hugo, and there was not much fun in that, but at least she would be occupied, and perhaps, after all, it was better to have Hugo than nobody at all. Despite his tiresomeness and the dreadful uncertainty of him, Jean found that she was becoming quite attached to the strange little man. Hugo was an awful creature, one never knew for one moment to the next what he would do or say; he made existence lively and uncomfortable, but he was at the same time woefully pathetic and anxious to please.

Love, as understood between men and women, seemed to have no place in his elf-like consciousness. He made no claims upon her as a wife, but he did find his place in her affections.

She began to see how, after all, everything was for the best. How could she have been so cruel as to have expected poor Hugo to spend the whole of his life in that dreadful place? What she had regarded as a cross might well prove to be her crown. Think what it would have been like alone in the world without Alice. Perhaps Hugo and she would stay here all the time, and if the heat got too unbearable in the summer, Hector Gaunt might invite them up to the farm for a few weeks, or some very, very cheap little place in the mountains could be found.

It was extraordinary how life simplified itself. One only had to wait, to take things quietly, not to worry—but it was difficult not to worry sometimes—however, know that everything was for the best, and suddenly the clouds slipped over and there was the sun that was always shining somewhere.

She sat down to count her money and discovered that a few of the clouds still lingered. Again that guilty feeling came over her. She had pretended to Hector that paying him back for all he had spent in getting them settled would be a matter of a few weeks at the most, but how awful it would have been had he accepted the money she had vainly tried to press upon him. They would have had nothing to live upon at all. Next quarter day was a long way off. Should she write to Christopher Smarke and remind him of his promise? She hated asking Christopher for money.

Alice's few hundred pounds were inaccessible for immediate purposes. One had to give thirty days' notice of withdrawal at the savings bank. And it was principally for Alice that she required money. They would have to go to Genoa, too, and there would be hotel expenses. Oh, dear!

Well—always remember that somewhere the sun is shining. At least there was enough to buy the silk for the wedding dress.

The next day they went gaily into San Remo and made that interesting purchase, and in the big lace shop Mrs. Carnay fell a helpless victim to the lure of an old confirmation veil—only Lire 600, not more than five pounds sterling—and three yards of Venetian rose point, the price of which had better not be set down. Before she was half way home, poor Jean made up her mind very firmly that she would forget at once and for ever the hole that Venetian point had made in her heap of soiled bank-notes.

When they got back, tired but immensely satisfied, a happy surprise awaited them. Jean discovered that she need not have worried all day about poor Hugo being left alone at the Villa Charmil, to fall over the cliff or otherwise make trouble for himself. Gaunt had looked in on his way to market and taken Hugo for a jaunt to Ventigmila. Hugo had had a lovely day, and there he was with Hector Gaunt having tea in the arbor when his womenfolk returned, and Gaunt had brought them all sorts of things to eat, and there were new strings for the old guitar, and yards and yards of muslin for Jean to make up into curtains and cushion covers, and a new pipe for Hugo, and a big box of chocolates for Alice. Well, no end to it, really!

Jean tried to be shocked at Gaunt's extravagance, but in her heart she was pleased—though guilty to accept so much—and Hugo was as happy as a sandboy.

The little bride-to-be sighed for her lover, but there could be no sadness in this brief parting, and suddenly when dinner was over and the sea wore a filmy opal sheen under the light of the young white moon, and while Hugo was trilling an old Spanish love song by the aid of the guitar, Alice recollected that she could write a letter to Philip. Practically the last love-letter she had ever written.

She slipped away to her room, opening the window wide so as to be sentimentally touched by "Uncle John's" song. It was like a play.

Hugo, his eyes shining slightly awry and his toe beating time, sat in the earwiggy arbour and drenched the world in thin, sweet melody. There were faded red and yellow ribbons on the handle of the guitar, and Gaunt had playfully decorated the musician's ear with a red rose.

They laughed at him, Jean and Hector Gaunt, and he laughed back at them with the glee of a humor-loving child—but their laughter was near to tears.

"I think he enjoyed himself to-day," Gaunt said as Jean and he sat down

side by side on the edge of the steep terrace.

Jean nodded, her throat uncomfortably full. "You've been so good to him, Hector. So kind and good to all of us. It's no use my trying to thank you. I simply don't know how to begin."

Gaunt enclosed the hand which lay nearest him in his big flat, tenderly, gently. Something stirred and fluttered in her heart. Oh, dear Heaven, so long ago it was they had met and loved each other—like a dim dream now.

"How little I've counted in your life, my poor dear—I, who expected to be so much," he said quietly. "You don't know what it means to me to have you here—you, and the little girl. Jean—I'm coming to the wedding. I'm—I'm going to give her away at the church ceremony. Hugo doesn't object. I asked him."

He released her hand, and for safety's sake she let it lie in her lap. "Hugo doesn't mind?" she asked, her voice husky. "Did he—did he let you know that he understood about Alice?—about her not being his own daughter?"

Gaunt shook his head. "On the contrary. He was rather emphatic that she is his daughter. But he said he thought it would be better if I gave her away. He was horribly pathetic about it—little wretch! The years in that Place, as he calls it, have unnerved him. He feels that he'll be bewildered and perhaps make a mistake, and he'd be much happier if I stood to her in loco parentis. That was the way he put it."

Jean quivered and sighed. It was the one thing about Hugo that she hated: he would persist in that tiresome attitude. He had even managed to fill Alice with suspicion that he was her father.

At the present moment he had switched abruptly from the airs of Spain to "Knocked 'em in the Old Kent road." There was the sound of Alice's window going down with an insistent bang, and Gaunt rose and stretched himself. That was Hugo, a faun, an elf, an imp, making them all, figuratively speaking, dance to his tune. The atmosphere was sweet of sentiment.

"What about spending a few days with me?" Gaunt suggested. "The ladies, I take it will have their hands full with all this dressmaking, and they'd be glad to get you out of the way."

Hugo beamed upon his idol, and Jean's heart gave a joyous leap. How wonderful it was of Hector to think of such things!

"Are you sure you want me?" Hugo asked eagerly. "Could I help with the flowers? I used to do a lot of gardening in that Place, you know."

"Fine! Why didn't you tell me before? Of course I want you, and of course you can help. What about tomorrow? I'll send Carlo for you directly after breakfast."

"What's the matter with to-night?" Hugo inquired. "It won't take me ten minutes to pack a bag."

There was a short, excited argument. Wasn't he too tired? It was a long pull up Monte Nero.

No, Hugo wasn't a bit tired. He danced around excitedly and begged to be allowed to go to-night. They could tie his bag and the precious guitar, which he now regarded as his, to the mule's pack. It would be nothing, climbing up in the moonlight. Finally he was allowed his way.

It seemed lonely after he had gone, Alice, who had emerged to see what the racket was about, remarked that Uncle John made the place seem quite gay, and it might even be a little dull without him. Then she went back to the letter which had been so rudely interrupted by the "Old Kent road," and Jean, having unpacked their purchases, sat dreamily in the salon with the Confirmation veil that was to be Alice's wedding veil in her lap, stroking it with soft and tender gestures.

Dear Alice—dear, sweet little daughter! They seemed safely to have passed a terrible crisis, bridged a yawning horror.

Two weeks slipped by and they were well into the third, when one morning the post-girl left another letter besides the one which arrived daily from Genoa.

Alice brought it in and gave it to her mother. "For Uncle John," she said. "And Mr. Gaunt won't be in to-day. It looks important: I suppose we ought to send it up to the farm."

It did look important—"John Ballas, Esq., c/o Mrs. Carnay, Hotel Mimosa," etc., forwarded on to the villa. In the upper left-hand corner were the name and address of a London solicitor.

Jean's fingers itched to open it. Of course Christopher Smarke knew that Hugo was calling himself John Ballas—she had written and warned him—but this letter was not from Christopher.

"I'll take it up myself," she said. (To be continued.)

Minard's Liniment Heals Cuts.

No Monkey Business

Send No Money—

THE DIE-LICE CO.,

Warton, Ont.



Making wash day pleasant—

Just use Rinso where you used to use bar soap—for soaking, boiling, or in your washing machine.



B-4-23

THE hardest part of wash-day, rubbing, rubbing, rubbing, has given way to the new method of soaking the clothes clean with Rinso. This wonderful new soap gently loosens the dirt and a thorough rinsing leaves things white and glistening as you never could get them before.

Only spots where the dirt is ground-in, such as neck bands, cuff edges, and the like need a light rubbing, and a little dry Rinso rubbed on these spots quickly makes the dirt disappear.

Rinso is sold by all grocers and department stores

Rinso

MADE BY THE MAKERS OF LUX

The Young Huntsman.

Through the gray isles of the stark,
November trees
We saw him pass by, urgent as a fire.
Love, the young Huntsman, riding with
the breeze;
Red in the distance, the little Fox,
Desire.

Home with the pale moon, home with
the star.
Home with his quarry, hunted to the
death.
Oh, but the Red Fox rode him fast
and far;
Love, the young Huntsman, draws a
weary breath.

Blinds down and lamplight, veiling
starry eyes,
Off with the silver spurs, gone the
scarlet coat.
Love, the young Huntsman, grown old
and wise,
Sits by the fireside, incredibly remote.

Close by the chimney shelf, close the
Huntsman keeps,
Nods in an armchair, dreaming of the
chase;
Love has killed Desire; now he sits
and sleeps,
Gray and regretful, for a little space.

—Faith Baldwin.

EXTRA CURTAINS.

Few housekeepers, who have not tried it, realize the saving of work by having a few extra sets of washed draperies for the windows. Many times fresh curtains for a bedroom or the living room or dining room will be needed in a hurry. And it is sure to be when it is inconvenient to take down the soiled ones and launder them immediately.

To have a few in reserve is an excellent plan. Then the soiled ones can be done at leisure and at one's convenience. The simple, straight hangings are more desirable for summer when the windows are open.

The lace or lace-trimmed curtains may then be saved for cold weather furnishing.

Minard's Liniment for Dandruff.

Damage by Field Mice.
Field mice in the United States every year kill thousands of valuable orchard trees and do millions of dollars worth of damage to grain and other crops.



Just the Thing.

Lady Bug—"Run and get the tennis racquets and balls, Henry, that nice Mr. Spider has spun a fine net for us!"

Government Municipal Industrial BONDS

Let us send you circular "K"—7 Per Cent. Plus Safety—places you under no obligation whatever. Write for it to-day.

Dominion Brokerage Co.
821 FEDERAL BUILDING
TORONTO ONTARIO

SMART'S LAWN MOWERS

CANADA'S BEST!

It isn't possible to build a better lawn mower than SMART'S

Smart's Mowers have proved their superiority wherever grass is grown

Keep running, never cutting and absolutely guaranteed.

ASK YOUR HARDWARE MAN JAMES SMART PLANT BROCKVILLE ONT.



For the June Bride

3 HEAT GRILL

BOILS, broils, fries or toasts.

Any two operations may be carried on simultaneously. It may also be used with an ovenette to bake or roast.

Controlled by a three heat reversible switch. Equipped with two aluminum dishes, each 21 plates capacity, also bright nickel cover to fit either dish, or for use as a reflector or cake grille.

For sale by dealers everywhere

Hotpoint Division of Canadian General Electric Company, Limited.



FINDING USES FOR OUR HARDWOODS

Markets Awaiting Articles Made from Canada's Maple Trees.

Canada has large areas of hardwood forests, the forested provinces all being well stocked with maple, birch and beech. What uses it can be put to is a problem which is at present interesting all concerned with the utilization and conservation of the forest, says the Natural Resources Intelligence Service of the Department of the Interior.

Hardwood logging has been but little developed, due in part to the fact that there has been comparatively little market for hardwood logs, and also to the fact that they cannot be floated down the streams to the mills as readily as the coniferous species.

There are, however, many small factories in Canada using hardwood almost entirely in manufacture, while many of our larger industries use large quantities of hardwood. The growing scarcity of the better grades of softwoods, however, is causing more consideration to be given to the use of hardwoods as substitutes for many purposes, and the volume is gradually increasing.

That Canadian maple is a very satisfactory substitute for American hickory for handle purposes has been demonstrated by a large Glasgow, Scotland, firm of handle importers and distributors. The Canadian Trade Commissioner at Glasgow reports the results of tests made as to the suitability of Canadian rock maple for handles for miners' picks, axes, and similar

tools, with the result that while the maple was not as strong as the hickory it was amply strong for the purpose. The firm in question has carried on an active campaign to increase the use of maple handles and has succeeded in building up a large trade.

The Canadian Trade Commissioner at Manchester reports a growing trade and a large market for last blocks for the making of shoemakers lasts. These also are made of maple, and the amount of wood used for this purpose may be estimated from the fact that two million lasts are required yearly.

There are many other articles which might be produced from hardwood, especially the smaller lines of wood goods. Maple and birch are being largely used for flooring and interior finish, being very satisfactory for the purpose. Hardwoods can be used for pulpwood, but owing to difficulties of transportation and the heavy loss by sinking of the logs little is used in the making of paper.

Maple, birch and beech are three of our more important hardwoods, but elm, ash and hemlock are also used to a considerable extent, elm being especially useful in the cooperage industry.

The above two suggestions from the United Kingdom may lead to other uses being made of our hardwood forests to build up an increasing export trade.

—AND THE WORST IS YET TO COME



Brush the Cloud Away New Feat for Aviators.

The fabled performance of the old woman of the nursery rhyme who was able to "sweep the cobwebs out of the sky" has a scientific parallel in the ability of aviators under some conditions to brush small clouds out of the sky by repeatedly flying through them. A fair sized summer cumulus of fair weather cloud may sometimes be obliterated by about 20 flights through it. While there is no adequate explanation for this effect, it is thought to be due to a combination of the stirring effect of the plane and especially of the propeller, the carrying into the cloud of warmer, unsaturated air, and the warming of the air in the cloud by the compression effect of the swiftly moving plane. The method works only when the clouds are about stationary in size, and falls when conditions are such that they are growing rapidly. Science Service.

Tax Collector in Plane.

Airplanes were recently successful in collecting taxes from a tribe in Mesopotamia that had refused to pay.

In the Garden.

Pink and white apple blossoms suddenly appearing, Making May lovely after a late spring. Constellating the air of morning with their beauty, Crowding and populating empty invisible spaces Long before the leaf, their coverlet of green! Clusters of the world's unborn beautiful faces, Reminders of the exquisite loveliness that has been.

Perfect beautiful momentary blossoms, I who am momentary could not long endure The tension of your beauty, the knowledge that embraces Beauty yet to come, Beauty gone before; The uninterruptible implacable procession Of Beauty moving onward from the Fountain to the Bourne. Therefore I take comfort and walk for a few paces: By the path by which it goes Beauty shall return. —Oliver St. J. Gogarty.

Stories About Well-Known People

King George Likes a Joke.

"Well, Mr. Morrison, have you brought your fireman's helmet with you?" said King George with a twinkle in his eye to R. C. Morrison, Labor member of Parliament for North Tottenham, when he attended a court function recently.

Morrison tells this story against himself and also the reason for the King's jocular remark. It appears Morrison in a recent speech said that if he had known what gorgeous dresses and uniforms were to be worn at the Speaker's levee he would have borrowed a fireman's helmet.

Works—Not Faith.

The Bishop of London tells a good story of a meeting he attended recently. He arrived late, and when he began to offer apologies the chairman said that all was right, because the clock in the hall was not reliable, being usually minutes fast.

"I fear," said he, "it's a question of faith with that clock, Bishop." "Oh, no," was the answer, "not faith, but works."

Wouldn't Wear Silk Hat When Visiting the King.

Rather "stumpy" in appearance, with penetrating eyes that look on the

world through thick-lensed glasses, the Right Hon. John Wheatley, minister of ornament, looks less like a minister of the crown than perhaps most of his colleagues.

But appearances count for nothing in Mr. Wheatley's sight. He declined to wear a silk hat when visiting Buckingham Palace, remarking that he had never been in one and hoped he never would.

Of Irish parentage, Mr. Wheatley is a self-made man. He is grim and dour—a typical Scot. For years he lived in a single room in a crowded tenement, as one of a family of eleven. No wonder his cry is for more houses!

Secret of Youth.

Wonderful Ellen Terry, the English actress, who is now in her 77th year, is as full of vivacity as in her young days, and she takes a very active interest in everything around her.

A short while ago there was a discussion on how actresses keep so amazingly young.

"Well," said Miss Terry with a twinkle in her eye, "I think the reason is this. All women under thirty like to think they are actresses, and all actresses like to think they are under thirty."

Which puts matters in a nutshell.

An Underwater Flashlight.

When anything is dropped into a dark cistern or a shallow well, or when for any other reason it becomes necessary to make a search in dark water, place a pocket flashlight in a glass fruit jar and clamp down the cover, with a new rubber ring in place. It is of course important that the jar inclosing the flashlight be absolutely water-tight; otherwise the light will be ruined.

The lens of the light should point toward the bottom of the jar, and the jar must be weighted so that it will sink. Bind waxed cord securely round the neck of the jar by which to lower it. The wax will prevent the cord from slipping.

An interesting use of the underwater flashlight can be made at night from a boat. If the water is smooth or if a "water telescope" is used. If the water is fairly clear, fish below the jar can be inspected, or the bottom can be examined if the water is not too deep.

A water telescope for use with the submerged flashlight consists of an open tube without a top and with a piece of glass fastened in the bottom. Its purpose is to provide an undisturbed surface without reflections, through which to gaze. The user thrusts the closed end into the water. Looking through it, he can see objects at a great distance under the surface. Fishermen in the West Indies use the water telescope, and the glass-bottom-

ed boats of the Bermudas and Sana Catalina are built on the same principle.



He—"Well, what do you think of the wide open spaces?" She—"I never saw such a month before, I'll admit."

Technique.

"Now, that doesn't hurt much, does it?" asked the dentist kindly, as he bore down on the buzzer.

"N-n-no," replied the patient feebly. "The drill doesn't hurt so much, but I'd be obliged if you'd keep your cuff out of my eye."

Heat of Bismuth Crystal.

Heat will travel across a bismuth crystal 50 per cent. faster than it will in a lengthwise direction.

Tourist Traffic of the Dominion

Few people, Canadians or Americans, appreciate the development which has taken place in tourist traffic to Canada since the termination of the war. Various factors during the years of hostilities combined to keep holiday travel within the confines of the continent, and since the signing of the Armistice Canada has become popular as a region of summer holidays and is growing increasingly so. The charm of Canadian scenery and the adaptability of the wide Dominion to every possible manner of outdoor diversion have been their own best advertisements, and the news of one holiday spent enjoyably circulated properly, induces many others to imitation.

The development to a state of high productive revenue of this new resource of Canada—the tourist—has probably been wrought with greater ease and rapidity than the exploitation of any other of the Dominion's great natural gifts. Students of the Dominion's great mineral deposits, fisheries, fur-bearing regions and forests would scarcely think of comparing the tourist resource with them in point of revenue obtained. Yet with scarcely any effort exerted tourist traffic in Canada has come in a material sense to be worth more than most of them. It is exceeded by only three phases, of agriculture, by mining, forestry and manufacture. It exceeds in value the fisheries, the fur industry, electric power and construction. It has come to be one of Canada's major resources.

Estimate of Dominion Parks Board.

After a very careful compilation of all the statistics available on the subject the Dominion Parks Board estimates the tourist traffic to Canada in 1923 to have been worth \$136,000,000, which is somewhat lower than other authorities, which have placed it as high as \$200,000,000. The Board admits that this is a conservative figure, but even so it sets this item high in the order of the sources of Canadian revenue. In the consideration that beyond the work of certain Government branches and the transportation companies, little has been done in Canada to encourage the tourist, it powerfully suggests to what great limits it might intelligently be developed.

The potent charm and insistent lure of every section of the broad Dominion is evidenced in the fact that every province of Canada shared substantially in the receipts from tourists, though naturally certain areas benefited to a much greater extent than others. This is not always a matter of greater at-

traction, but frequently depends upon the extensiveness and patency of the advertising of these regions, the conveniences provided for a holiday traffic and skilfully brought to the attention of tourists, and many other factors. With the largely even distribution of Canadian holiday attractions and the peculiar lure of each sector each province of Canada should be receiving a handsome revenue from the holiday-makers who come to disport in the Dominion.

According to the Board's statement, British Columbia headed the list last year in the matter of money value per province from tourists, the most reliable estimate from that province having placed it at \$36,000,000, though some estimates go much higher. Alberta, which has several of the national parks, including the Rocky Mountains, which is every year prime favorite and most extensively patronized, is credited with a revenue of \$20,000,000 from tourists. The prairie provinces of Manitoba and Saskatchewan combined are estimated to have received \$10,000,000 from holidaymakers journeying there.

Quebec, Ontario and the Maritimes. Coming to Eastern Canada, it has been more difficult to get figures for Ontario, but taking into account the vast stretch of country from Kenora right through to Ottawa, into which tourists from the United States pour, and also having regard to the tremendous lure of Niagara Falls and other popular spots and the very large automobile traffic, it is thought that \$30,000,000 is fairly reliable. A like

amount is credited to Quebec, which, in view of the tremendous extent to which holiday travel to this province has increased within the past few years, and the great number of American tourists who visit the cities of the French province in the summer months of the year, seems unduly conservative.

The estimate for the Maritime Provinces is \$10,000,000. Of this, \$4,000,000 is credited to the Province of New Brunswick. In the consideration of the attractive qualities of the Annapolis Valley, the Land of Evangeline and other charming and romantic spots in this province, the sum of \$6,000,000, attributed to Nova Scotia, does not seem an excessive amount. Altogether, with the entire Maritime area, a region of most exquisite charm and appeal, with opportunity for every possible kind of holiday, \$10,000,000 is a relatively insignificant amount to be credited in a year.

There is accumulation of evidence that Canada is becoming more popular every year with those people of the continent in search of diverting holiday. The breadth of the Dominion gives a wide variety of natural beauty from Atlantic to Pacific, and few countries can, within their confines, offer the tourist such latitude of attraction. Coupled with this are excellent railroad facilities, and a fine system of motor roads which is being continually extended. More holiday-makers are discovering Canada each year, and Canada's new resource, the tourist, is rapidly increasing in its value to the country.

Choice.

By Elizabeth Colley.

Last week I talked to a sailor, Who was young and wild and strong; (Or, rather, he talked and I listened), For an hour, perhaps—not long. And Jens, whom I'd promised to marry But an hour or two before— Jens, who has lived all his stunted life On a leaf-enshrined shore. Jens passed at a little distance, And I knew that he frowned at me; But I sat very still, and I listened, While the sailor talked of the sea.

He used strange words that I do not know— But I saw brown feet on alien sand; His eyes were hot with the lure of quest— And he said I could not understand— But I saw wide spaces and flying spume.

And ships in the lone black nights; I saw with a poignance almost pain The passing of dim green lights: I heard the wail of following gulls, I felt the whip of the cold white fog, And I saw a man in a dripping slicker Bending over a log—

But I shall marry Jens, you know, And live in a prairie town, Where never a fog-horn blares in the morning.

And never a ship goes down— Goes down to the sea with her singing crew, With her anchors up, with her sails unfurled.

Where never a woman waits like stone For a man on the rim of the world. And he asked me—Jens, I mean, of course—

What the sailor said to me, And what was the thing he talked about.

And I answered—"Poetry." —The Lyric West.

New Canadian Apple.

The much prized Wilder Silver medal, the highest award of the American Pomological Society, the oldest horticultural body in North America, has been awarded to the Central Experimental Farm at Ottawa for the sixth time. The medal on this occasion was given for the Lobo apple, one of the many fine varieties of McIntosh Red parentage originated at the Central Farm. The Lobo is an apple very similar to the McIntosh, but ready for use about a month earlier, thus lengthening the season of apples of McIntosh appearance and flavor. It has proved very promising not only in the province of Ontario and Quebec, but in the state of New Jersey, where it has been fruiting for several years.

No one was ever ruined by speaking the truth.



Where do we go from here? A Jasper Park ranger pauses for a few moments to get his bearings and rest his faithful but weary steed.

Silver Poplars.

God wrote His loveliest poem on the day Canada the first tall silver poplar tree, And set it high upon a pale-gold hill. For all the new enchanted earth to see.

I think its beauty must have made Him glad, And that He smiled at it—and loved it so— Then turned in sudden sheer delight, And made A dozen silver poplars in a row.

Mist green and white against a turquoise sky, Ashimmer and ashine it stood at noon; A misty silver loveliness at night, Breathless beneath the first small wistful moon.

And then God took the music of the winds, And set each leaf a-flutter and a-thrill, To-day I read His poem word by word Among the silver poplars on the hill.

—Grace Noll Crowell.

A Poem You Ought to Know.

"He That Loves a Rosy Cheek." A dozen lines suffice to give a man immortality in literature if they be good enough, and it is certain that upon the following twelve rests the lasting fame of Thomas Carew. He was a contemporary of Shakespeare, and died at the age of forty:—

He that loves a rosy cheek, Or a collar lip admires; Or from star-like eyes doth seek Fuel to maintain his fires; As old Time makes those decay, So his flames must waste away.

But a smooth and steadfast mind, Gentle thought, and calm desires, Hearts with equal love combined, Kindle never-dying fires: Where these are not, I deem Love's cheeks or lips or eyes.



Housing conditions for the birds are looking up. Four Ontario school boys proudly display the results of many-hours of hard work.

PROVINCIAL BANK

OF CANADA

Capital Authorized: \$5,000,000.00
Capital paid up and reserve \$4,500,000.00

It is the aim of the Bank to give courteous as well as efficient service in connection with all business entrusted to its care. The most careful attention is given to all enquiries.

You can secure a safety Deposit Box in which to store your valuable and important papers. It offers you security at little cost.

ACCOUNTS OPENED AND OPERATED BY MAIL.
General Banking Business Transacted.

Lachute & Lachute Mills Branches - J. R. Charron, M'gr.
Brownsburg Branch - J. W. Lepine, M'gr.

General Supplies

PEERLESS FENCE WIRE AND GATES.

If you want quality, buy Peerless Fencing. My prices are as low as the cheaper grades offered for sale.

CORRUGATED IRON, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 ft. lengths.

CEDAR SHINGLES.

NAILS, ROOFING AND BUILDING PAPER, at lowest prices. All the above lines bought in car lots, and at car load prices, so we pass them on to you.

FIRE STONE TIRES & TUBES. GASOLINE & OILS.

Use our Free Air Pump, you are welcome to it.

John McFaul & Son, Lachute.

SUMMER SUITS

I still have a large assortment of fine cloth, from which you can pick a smart Spring and Summer Suit.

I am also carrying Ready Made-Suits, in the latest cuts and Styles. Alterations on these Suits will be made Free.

Call in and See. They are just what you need and prices are Right.

Ladies' Suits made to order.

GEORGE LICOP, Merchant Tailor.

Next to J. D. Campbell's Store, Main Street,

Lachute

LACHUTE MARBLE & GRANITE WORKS.

We deal in Foreign and Domestic Marble and Granite, first class work and the best material, in all latest designs, always on hand. Satisfaction guaranteed in all kinds of Cemetery work, Monuments, Headstones. Terms to suit purchasers.

W. M. SCOTT, Prop.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

Standard Time.
GOING EAST.

No. 426, due at Lachute at 8.28 p.m.
No. 422 due at Lachute at 10.30 a.m.
No. 424 due at Lachute at 7.22 p.m.
No. 430, Sunday only. Due at Lachute at 6.32 p.m.

GOING WEST.

No. 421 due at Lachute at 9.30 a.m.
No. 423 due at Lachute at 6.01 p.m.
No. 425 due at Lachute at 8.30 p.m.
No. 431, Sunday only. Due at Lachute at 11.37 p.m.
J. S. GILES, Town Agent, Lachute.

CANADIAN NATIONAL RAILWAYS

Commencing June 23rd, to September 5th.

A passenger train for Hawkesbury on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 9.03 a.m.
Same days a mixed train to Hawkesbury at 12.01 p.m.

A passenger train on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 3.11 p.m. for St. Jerome and Huberdeau.
Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays mixed going East at 10.30 a.m.

CENTRAL MEAT MARKET

Wholesale and Retail
Phone 55

A. RAYMOND

Main Street, Lachute

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

Do You Carry Insurance?

Insurance is something you cannot do without. I have the most reliable and substantial Companies in which you may safely rely.

Our rates are lowest.
Our service prompt.

Ring up 101 ring 5 and we will be pleased to explain our new system to cover you from Fire, Life, and any risk.

MICHAEL MALACKET, Lachute, Que.



THE BIG MONEY
to be made in the Fox Industry is obtained
through securing

THE BEST QUALITY FOXES

These you can obtain from me, as my Foxes are a

SPECIAL HIGH GRADE STRAIN
Full Fur Value. Prolific Breeders.

Strong and healthy Animals.

All are registered stock, and of the highest grade quality.

Order early and get your pick of this year's pups.

Write for prices and terms.

I know they will please you.

J. P. TAUNTON.

Box 36, Summerside, P. E. Island.

LACHUTE ACADEMY.

Promotion Lists and Standing For The Year.

From Grade I to Grade II.
John McKenzie, Betty Clunie, S. Roberts, John Mackrith, Lois MacVicar, Peter Massie, Kenneth Falconer, Alvin Ward, Clarence MacNaughton, Ephyse Jousse, Eleanor MacNaughton, Viola Hammond, Gertrude Cunningham, George Combie, Jeanne Lico.

From Grade II to Grade III.
Total Possible marks 1900.
Gerald Wert 1840, Minnie Robinson 1814, Dorothy Mackrith 1782, D. Boyd 1754, Dorothy McFaul 1747, H. McFaul 1645, Gladys Massie 1577, (1); Sydney Maiden 1538, (2); H. Combie 1476, Lloyd Canning 1263, (6); Alvin Ward 1231, Harold Maiden 1189, (6); Alice McNow 817, (10); Gertrude L'Abbe 791, (3).

From Grade III to Grade IV.
Total possible marks 2800.
Robert Houston 2638, Louisa Vliet 2581, Gilbert Black 2572, Stewart Anderson 2542, Wilson Gall 2531, A. Morrin 2487, Andrew Fulton 2427, L. Miller 2399, Archie MacKenzie 2355, Louisa Goldworthy 2311, Winston Drew 2231, Clayton Boyd 2214, D. Dion 2139, Elsie MacVicar 2037, O. Elkington 2034, Mammie Morrison 2011, Joseph Bernique 2002, Maurice Bernique 1964, Delmar Boyd 1956, Arthur Belanger 1948, Carl Demerise 1897, Edna Belanger 1879, Paul Lico 1833, Allan Hay 1394, Forbie Chapman 1238.

From Grade IV to Grade V.
Total possible marks 2800.
Gordon Drysdale 2715, Garfield Clark 2618, Elizabeth Goldworthy 2596, Hugh Gall 2448, Roland Cruise 2372, Isabel Cleland 2270, (1); H. Rodgers 2265, Violet Falconer 2264, (9); Eleanor Armstrong 2219, Kathleen Clunie 2203, Kenzie Cowan 2154, Verner Thompson 2052, Thelma Wert 2049, Roland Dion 2031, Hugh MacKinon 2025, Katherine Giles 1973, James Beech 1919, Yvonne Charlebois 1857, (5); Howard Jones 1837, Rebecca Raschovsky 1480, (10); M. Chapman 1356, (9); Enid McNow 718, (18).

From Grade V to Grade VI.
Total possible marks 3100.
Raymond Underhill 2750, Stuart Jones 2734, Sam Raschovsky 2638, Lena Combie 2603, Rowena Cowan 2307, Lorne Wert 2236, Sophie Jacobsen 2080, Doris Armstrong 1955, Barbara Cunningham 1905, Henry Jacobson 1849.

From Grade VI to Grade VII.
Total possible marks 3500.
Freda Mason 3338, Gwen MacKinnon 3163, Rebecca Cohen 3116, Reta Boyd 2808, Kathleen MacKinnon 2550, Elleen McFaul 2460, Florence Hay 2380, Gladys Cruise 2362, Stanley Boyd 1760, (s); Marion Mathews 1606, (s).

From Grade VII to Grade VIII.
Total possible marks 3200.
Helen Hutchinson 2778, Jas. Logan 2657, James Yelland 2560, Gordon McQuat 2309, Doris Prophet 2300, Christina Vliet 2253, Roy Cruise 2206, Lloyd Cruise 2154, Shirley Hamilton 2145, Dorina Laurin 2066, Laura Noble 1865.

From Grade VIII to Grade IX.
Total possible marks 3900.
Dorothy Morrison 2988, Howard Doig 2908, Annie Kelly 2820, Elsie McQuat 2634, George Taylor 2589, Erma Morrison 2562, Ethel Morrison 2411, Russell Elliott 2341, Iona Westgate 2314, Minnie Clifford 2310, E. Dixon 2219, Milton Dawson 2215, B. Morrin 2176, Willie Stanforth 2154, Nathan Jacobson 2133, Reta Jones 2105, Erma Bennett 2083, Lela McCullough 2073, Albert Laurin 2008, Reta Boyd 2003, Ruth Leishman 1988, Janet McQuat 1947, G. Rodgers 1895, Evelyn Cruise 1803, Lizzie Hay 1695, Carl Seale 691.

WINNERS OF THE PERLEY SCHOLARSHIPS.

NAME	MUNICIPALITY
Hugh MacGregor,	Chatham.
Miss Ruby McFaul, (Teacher.)	
Hazel Evans,	Goro.
Miss Maria Westgate, (Teacher.)	
Oliver Riddell,	Mills Isles.
Miss Susan Evans, (Teacher.)	
Henry Pollock,	St. Jerusalem.
Miss M. E. Smith, (Teacher.)	
Alfred Whinfield,	Calumet.
Miss H. Whinfield, (Teacher.)	
Melissa Bates,	Grenville.
Miss G. Stewart, (Teacher.)	
Carl Seale,	Morin Heights.
Miss I. C. Bennett, (Teacher.)	
Sydney MacRae,	Harrington.
Miss I. E. Millar, (Teacher.)	

ENTRANCE EXAMINATIONS RESULTS.

Names are in order of merit.

Admitted to Grade VIII.
Hugh MacGregor, Hazel Evans, O. Riddell, Ruth MacDonald, Henry Pollock, Melissa Bates, Margaret Stark, Lawrence Morrow, Alice Whinfield.

Admitted to Grade VII.
Pearl McKenzie, Annie Morrow, I. Dennis, Sydney MacRae, Muriel Taylor, Thomas McHardy, Daniel Laurin.

BROWNSBURG INTERMEDIATE SCHOOL.

GRADE VII.
Maximum marks 1000.
Alex. MacGibbon 750, Alfreda Zimmers 734, John Galbraith 713, Muriel Wilson 700, Ivan Monk 638, W. Hardie 596.

GRADE VI.
Maximum marks 1000.
Violet Golphin 903, Dorothea Macdonald 865, Alex. McCullough 785, Edith Brown 683, Ayleen Dresser 687, Theodore Zimmers 651, Eveline Highfield 613.

GRADE V.
Maximum marks 1000.
Lorne Ball 836, Howard Tomalty 826, Walter McQuat 812, Audrey Monk 804, Waded Moncrieff 776, W. Mason 753, Oscar Cloutier 750, H. Boyd 747, Daisy Seary 723, Rosemary Poitras 701, Willie Green 692, Agnes Elliott 669, Donald Boyd 647, Nellie Hazel 618, passed on trial. Wyman Hazel 618, passed on trial.

GRADE IV.
Maximum marks 1000.
Fred Cloutier 906, Frank McGibbon 854, Herbert Graves 851, Gordon Anderson 841, Gladys Gilmour 837, Lizzie Seary 826, Johnnie Kennedy 824, Edna Woods 817, Wilma Tomalty 815, Kenneth McAllister 786, Lillian White 780, Jackie Seary 776, Leslie Becroft 761, Mildred Cooper 750, Ivy Steere 749.

GRADE III.
Max. 1000.
Hilda Jackson 969, 1st prize; C. Kennedy 938, 2nd prize; Earl MacGibbon 930, 3rd prize; David Golphin 928, Edith Gilmour 907, Winnie White 892, Alphonsa Lareux 884, prize in Arithmetic; Stanley Seary 876, Patsy Seary 874, Geraldine McQuaig 855, Harold Campbell 836, E. Gagne 825, Lily Green 801, Norman Beckingham 780, Harry Beckingham 661, Ethel Kettyle and E. Roberts absent on account of illness, promoted on year's work.

GRADE II.
Max. 700.
Clive Lebeau 673, 1st prize; Margaret Galbraith and Katie Mott, equal, 666, 2nd prize; Eric King 661, prize in Arithmetic; Alice Gagne 631, Mabel Monk 619, Erwin Martin 617, Dorothy Tomalty 606, Harry White 577, Chris Devine 553, Gilmour McLeod 557, Edna Green 485, David Kennedy 472, Monica Roberts, absent on account of illness, promoted on year's work.

GRADE I PART II.
Max. 700.
Herbert Graham 578, Elva McFaul 566, Sidney Seary 559, Violet Hewitt 550, Cecelia Martin 539, Cecil Carpenter 536, Hilda Townsend 533, G. Castle 531, Stella Tomlinson 526, A. Green 523, Gordon Mott 505, Cuthbert Marshall 503, Gwyneth Wilson 499, Chester Fletcher 493, E. Hazel 476, Gilbert Wilson 473, W. Seary 467, George Leroux 442, L. Becroft 428.

Absent—Promoted on the year's work.—Doria Bourne, Alvin Connolly, George Golden, Charlie Golden, R. Bradford.

GRADE I PART I.
Max. 500.
Alex. Beckingham 483, George Hamilton 467, Ernie Castle 464, J. Carey 457, Douglas Jackson 426, M. McAllister 400, Willie White 339.

Absent—Promoted on the year's work.—Eddie Campbell, Ernie Kettyle, Willie Woods, Roland Woods, Edith Bradford.

Canadian Press Party
pass through Belgium.
The Canadian Weekly Newspaper Editors on tour in Europe, among which party are Mrs. Geo. Creswell and Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Giles of this town, arrived at Brussels on the 23rd inst. and were accorded a most enthusiastic welcome to Belgium. Many references were made to the part Canada's Soldiers had taken in the Great War.

TENDERS

For STEEL BRIDGE.

Town of Lachute, County of Argenteuil, P. Q.
Sealed Tenders, for the construction of a Steel Bridge with reinforced concrete floor, including pier and abutments, to replace the old wooden FISH'S BRIDGE, will be received by the Secretary-Treasurer of Lachute Town Corporation until the evening of the 27th day of June 1924. The whole according to plan and its specifications approved by the Department of Public Works, Quebec, and deposited in the office of the undersigned Secretary-Treasurer.

Each Tender must be marked: "TENDER FOR STEEL BRIDGE" and be accompanied by a certified cheque representing ten per cent of the total amount of the tender as guarantee of proper execution of the work tendered for.

All Tenders will be opened at a Meeting of the Municipal Council of Lachute Town, at the Secretary-Treasurer's Office, Lachute, P. Q. on the twenty-seventh day of June, 1924, at 8 o'clock p.m. Daylight Saving time.

Said Council reserves the right to reject all tenders or to accept any of them.

J. A. RICE, Secretary-Treasurer, Lachute Town Corporation, Lachute, P. Q.

Stallions for Service/
PERSHING.—The massive big black that weighed 2060 last spring before he was 5 years old, he was very successful in the stud last year, his stock is strong and healthy and the right kind for good draught horses.

In light horses we have added to our list a beautiful French Coach, a dark dapple bay, stands about 15-3, and has style and action and shows speed, he should certainly sire good saddle and harness horses. We have several other horses for service not mentioned, especially 1 big black Belgian, weighing close to a ton. All interested in good draught horses should look over these before breeding elsewhere.

TERMS.
Fees are from \$10.00 to \$15.00 to insure, accommodation for mares from a distance can be provided if required at reasonable prices.

J. E. ARNOLD & SON, Prop., Grenville, Que.

He is a beautiful dark grey dapple weighing 1700 lbs., will stand at the proprietors stable, every day, except Saturday at Rodrigue's Stables, Lachute.

This horse is in Class 1. Breeders will do well to inspect this horse before seeing others.

TERMS: \$8.00 to insure foal, payable 1st March, 1925. All mares at owner's risk.

J. H. MURDOCH, Staynerville. Phone 171 r 1-4. 13-6-4.

REGISTERED CLYDESDALE STALLION.
"MacMontrave," No. 16166.

A pretty horse, sorrel colour, weight 1900 lbs., has won several first prizes, in Saskatchewan, and first prize and Special at Lachute Exhibition in 1922.

Will stand at Rodrigue Stables every Saturday during June and July.

TERMS: \$10.00 payable next March. All mares disposed of before foaling time. The original owner will be held responsible for service, whether mare proves in foal or not. All mares at owner's risk.

EVERETT MCGIBBON, Chatham. 2 miles west of Lachute. Phone 156 r 1-2.

PURE BRED CLYDESDALE GENERAL GRAHAM, Imported Clydesdale No. 15694. Canadian No. 12102.

Bred by the Sire of Champions. His foals took all first prizes from 1916 to 1923 at Lachute Fair. He has the best of feet, good bone body. He has the weight and is a sure size and class to win in the Show Ring.

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TERMS: \$8.00 to insure. All mares disposed of before time, the original owner will be held responsible for service. All mares at owner's risk.

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