The Watchman,

And Ottawa Valley Advocate.

VOL. XXXVI | LACHUTE, FRIDAY, JULY 5. 1912. | NO. 24

Spring Greens!

Lettuce, Celery and Green Onions direct from the Greenhouse every Friday.

Ripe Tomatoes, Pine-apple and Bannanas now in.

As we make a specialty of fruits and vegetables you can depend on getting fresh goods and only the very best that goin .

We also keep a good assortment of fresh, smoked and salted fish. We get a new stock of them every week.

P. PAQUIN, Lachute.

Central Market, - Main Street, Lachute.

FOR SALE.—A good house, almost new, also blacksmith and carriage shop, a good business stand situated on the corner of Main and Foundry Street, opposite the North River. Reason for selling, old age. No reasonable offer refused.

THOMAS BEDARD, Lachute.

Richelieu and Ontario Navigation Company

R & O Nav Co — Niagara to the Sea

Montreal-Quebec-Saguenay Line.—Steamers leave Montreal at 7.00 p.m.

Toronto-Rochester-Montreal Line. Steamers leave Montreal commencing June 1st, daily except Sunday.

Montreal-Bay of Quinte-Hamilton line.—Steamer "Belleville" leaves Montreal every Friday at 7.00 p.m. commencing May 3rd.

THE LATE MRS ARMSTRONG

On Sunday morning, June 9th, 1912, there died at her home in Lachute one of its oldest and best known inhabitants in the person of the late Mary Shepherd wife of Mr. William Armstrong Sr. The deceased, who was born in East Settlement in 1836, had long been a resident of the North side of the municipality of St. Jerusalem, where she resided with her husband and by industry had earned a well merited retirement which was being spent in Lachute at the time of her death.

Failing health had caused some misgivings, but the end was not expected so soon, for while in apparent enjoyment of health and good cheer in a neighboring home she was overcome by a stroke whihh proved fatal in a few hours. The funeral was largely attended by many old friends and acquaintances. There are five children surviving and two deceased. Those living are: Mrs. Asa Smith and Mrs. Chas. E. Devenny, of Buckingham, Que., James on the home place; William residing in Montreal, and Mary living at home while those deceased are Mrs. W. McOuat and one who died in infancy. Mr. and Mrs. Armstrong were married in 1858 on Oct. 5th, and were of the old Presbyterian stock. They took an active part in all church work work thus exerting a happy influence during a long and useful married life of 50 odd years.

CRESWELL'S

Popular Ice Cream Parlors

Enthusiastically Endorsed

OPEN DAILY

Intelligent attention assured.

"LOWNEY'S" High-Class Chocolates.

FRUIT.

GEO. H. CRESWELL.

ROBERT McFAUL

The House of Fair Dealing.

A Visit to Our Store

Will convince you that there is every inducement held out for you to deal with us. Because we only handle goods that are the best value for your money and always reliable. Our Grocery Department is always strictly up to the mark with the Choicest of Goods that are Strictly Fresh.

The Time is Coming

And rapidly, too, when you will be thinking of Spring Cleaning. Just here we want to tell you that we have a splendid assortment of Wall Papers, of pretty designs and latest patterns, also paints, varnishes, alabastine etc.

Phone No. 2

And we will show you that Courtesy and prompt attention are part of our business that will afford you pleasure in dealing with us.

The One-Priced Store, Main St., Lachute

LOCAL NEWS.

Mr. Norman Beers spent the holidays in Ottawa.

Mr. Leslie Barley is spending a weeks holiday at Arnprior.

Miss Catherine Barron of Montreal is the guest of her parents.

Mrs. J. D. Campbell is visiting her mother in Plymouth, U. S.

Miss Lily Barr, of Montreal, was the guest of Mrs. J. McPaul this week.

Mr. J R. Parris and party motored to Ottawa and return on Saturday last.

Miss M. Smith, of Renfrew, is the guest of Miss Eva Deacon this week.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Thorburn, of Montreal, spent Sunday in Mount Maple.

Mrs. Ryder and daughter, of Montreal, were guests of Miss Gibbs this week.

Mr. E. Jones spent Dominion day at Mount Maple the guest of Mr. J. Stewart.

Miss M. Ferris, of Buckingham, is visiting her sister Mrs. Wm. Somerville.

Mrs. Ferguson, of Montreal, was the guest of Mrs. J. A. McGibbon this week.

Miss Paton left on Monday for Mac-Donald College to take a course in arts.

Mr. and Mrs. S. Thomas and daughter were the week-end guests of Mrs. M. Jones.

Mrs. Geo. Calder and family left on Tuesday for their summer cottage at 16 Island.

Mrs. Ross and Miss Doris Ross, of Ottawa, were the guests of Mrs. Thos. Christie.

Miss Marion Slater entertained her young lady friends to afternoon tea on Friday last.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Healey and family of Ottawa, were week-end guests of Mrs. J. S. Giles.

Mrs. Hackwell and daughter, of Boscobel, were guests of Mrs. Chas. Calder this week.

Miss B. S. Hall, of Montreal, was the guest of Mrs. Harlow Giles the early part of this week.

Miss Small, Messrs. Harold Small, MacMillan and Somerville of Montreal, were the guests of Mrs. Hampton.

Mrs. Paul Jousse and family, of Vankleek Hill, are the guests of Mrs. T. Jousse for the month of July.

Misses Jessie and Dolly Morrison and Miss Elsie Woodhouse of Montreal, were the guests of Mrs. J. R. McOuat.

Mr. Albert A. Hills, of Drummondville was in Lachute this week attending the marriage of his cousin Miss Jessie Helen Muir.

Messrs. Chas. Gardner and John Taylor, of Montreal, spent the early part of the week in town visiting their many friends.

Mrs. Robt. McFaul, Mrs. Henry Giles, Mrs. Harlow Giles and families are occupying their summer cottage at Lake Louisa.

Mrs. Walter Rice, of Cornwall, and Mrs. Chas. Moore of Montreal, were the guests of Mrs. Gagnon, their sister, for the week end.

Mr. and Mrs. P. Campbell, Miss Clark and Miss Reetyle, of Montreal, spent the week-end holidays with Mrs. Jas. Drysdale.

Tenders will be received for the building of a cattle barn in the exhibition grounds Lachute, similar to the present one, up to July 11th, 1912.

The W. C. T. U. Convention which was announced for July 5th, in St. Andrews, has been postponed owing to Miss Phelps inability to be present,

The Rev. George Johnston, of Montreal was the guest of the Rev. Mr. Gagnon at the Parsonage on Monday last. He returned to Montreal on the evening train.

The many friends of Mrs. J. B. Menzies will be pleased to learn that she is back in town and has taken up a residence in the West Ward adjoining McFaul Bros. Store.

Mr. Forsbrey and Miss Fletcher, of Brownsburg, will be married in St. Simeon's Church, Lachute, on Saturday afternoon at 4 p.m. Rev. Geo. H. Gagnon will perform the ceremony.

Excurson tickets will be sold on the C.P.R. going July 8th, and 9th, with return limit to July 11th, at one way first class fare, on account of the 15th anniversary of the founding of St. Agate.

Services will be held in the Methodist Church Sunday morning by Rev. J. H. McConnell B.D., subject "The limitless Christ," p. m. the Rev. Mr. Holmes, of Montreal, will preach. Prayer meeting on Wednesday at 7.30.

If you are travelling East or West, North or South, by rail or steamer, don't forget that **J. S. Giles, Lachute,** can book you over the best routes. Booklets and information can be obtained upon application to the Watchman Office Lachute, or phone No. 27.

Have you seen our ready-to-wear dresses for girls from 6 to 14 years. The style and prices are right.

Secure one early, as the numbers are limited. H. E. BURWASH.

Miss Smith, of Brooks, Alta., spent the early part of this week as the guest of Mrs. R. Hamilton, en route to her home in the Eastern Townships.

The Ladies of St. Mungo's Church, Cushing, announces a social at the Stone-Hall, to be held on Tuesday evening 9th inst. Ice cream, cakes, and home-made candies, also a variety of fancy and useful articles for sale.

Services at St. Simeon's Church on Sunday next at 10.30 a.m. and 7 p.m. Celebration of the Holy Communion in the morning and in the evening the incumbent will preach a special sermon on the "Lesson of the Regina Disaster." Strangers welcome.

On Monday afternoon last, about half-past two, the saw-mill of the Louisa Lumber Co. was burnt to the ground. The fire started in the boiler room and in half an hour only ruins remained. The mill was valued at about $4,000 and as there was only $1700 of insurance Messrs. A McFaul & Bros., Wm. Berry and Ed. Morrison stand at considerable loss.

The 12th of July is to be celebrated by the local Orangemen on Friday next with a monster picnic in Drennan's Grove. Particulars are not yet to hand, but it is expected that many from Montreal and Buckingham will participate in the festivities. There will be speeches from prominent speakers and music for the occasion. Dinner will also be served on the grounds.

Town Council.

The regular meeting of the above Council was held in the Town Hall on Wednesday last, presided over by Mayor J. A. McGibbon. The following councillors were also present; J. Lafleur, Wm. Berry, John Hope, J. P. McKimmie, Felix Paquette and C. Labrosse.

On motion of Councillor Hope, seconded by Councillor Berry, the transfer of license was granted from Mr. Hurtubise to the Descheneau Bros.

On motion of Councillor Berry, seconded by Councillor McKimmie, it was decided to purchase five cars of crushed granite from the Laurentian Granite Company.

Messrs. O. B. Lafleur, & Sons, were granted the privilege of putting in a hydrant on their own property and that water consumed from said hydrant from a half inch nozzle for sprinkling purposes be chargeable at the rate of $6. per annum.

It was also decided to purchase a value for the hydrant at McFaul Bros, store.

It was moved by Coun Paquette, seconded by Councillor Labrosse, that the watercommittee be instructed to secure the services if necessary of a competent man to locate a number of hydrants required for fire protection and to give the probable cost of same, also the extension of the eight inch pipe on the Main Street to the Victoria Hall.

Councillor Paquette gave notice of motion of the 1st reading of by-law to borrow money for the purpose of installing hydrants for fire protection in the town, to be read at next meeting of Council.

We have a tremendous stock of Carpet Squares which we are very desirous of reducing. Come in and have a look at them whether you need them or not.

W. BANFORD & SON.

WEDDING BELLS.

McDONALD—MUIR

A very pretty wedding was solemnized at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Richard Muir on Tuesday last, July 2nd, when Miss Jessie Hellen Muir was united in marriage to Mr. George S. McDonald. The bride dressed in cream satin with white veil and orange blossoms, and carrying a bouquet of white carnations, entered the drawing-room to the strains of the wedding march played by Miss Katie Boa and was given away by her father Mr. R. F. Muir, the ceremony being performed by the Rev. Mr. Cliff. The happy couple left on the evening train for their home in Detroit, Mich., followed by the well wishes of their many friends. A large number of useful and costly gifts testified to their popularity.

BIRTHS.

PAQUIN,—At Lachute on Tuesday, June 18th, a daughter to Mr. and Mrs. V. A. Paquin.

MURRAY,—At 12 Division St., Ottawa, on June 26th, 1912, to Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Murray a son.

MILLER,—At Maribel, on Saturday, June 29th, a son to Mr. and Mrs Gordon Miller.

RODGER,—On July 1st, 1912, at Geneva, Que., to Mr. and Mrs. W J. Rodger a son.

DEATHS.

VEITCH,—At Centreville, on Friday June 21st, 1912, Mary A. Armstrong relict of the late William Veitch, of Centreville, aged 83 years and 10 months.

YOU CAN'T BLOT OUR SHOES

from your memory the through and through goodness of quality and price found in a pair of

$4.00, $4.50 & $5.00 Shoes

after you have worn one pair. Every time you think of shoes, your steps will turn towards us. Better come in and see the new styles.

J. A. BEDARD

are made by the best known manufacturers in all parts of the country. We don't care who makes them If they are better than ordinary shoes we buy them. We are famous for our big values. We guarantee every pair we sell to give better service than any others you ever bought at the same price.

Men's and Women's Shoes of high value.

THE ELITE

Grand Display of Ready-to-Wear Wash Dresses for Misses and Children. Underwear, Hosiery, Corsets and Gloves. A few special lines in New York Blouses for Ladies.

Millinery of all kinds at very low prices.

A few ends of wash material for summer dresses. Hair Goods, Side Combs, Barrettes, Small-wear of every description.

A lot of New Books suitable for Children's Prizes 15 c. to 50 c. each.

H. E. BURWASH

Brooches! Lockets! Brooches

Brooches & Lockets at less than Wholesale Prices

WHY?

BECAUSE I have purchased all of the Sample lockets and brooches of one of the largest Jewellers in Montreal, at a substantial cut below wholesale cost price and am able to offer to my patrons the benefit of my experience in buying lockets and brooches from 75c. up. Call and see them.

W. H. GARRETSEE - Main Street

Watch Repairing a Specialty. LACHUTE.

A Splendid Assortment from which to Choose

We have on hand a fine assortment of Solid Gold, Gold-filled and Silver Jewellery, comprising Watches, Brooches, Ladies' & Gent's chains, Lockets, Bracelets, Rings, Necklaces, Scarf pins. Also: Silverware, Cut Glass, Clocks, Waterman Fountain Pens and Edison Phonographs.

SPECTACLES: Eyes tested by the latest methods. Repairs of all kinds.

T. JOUSSE, - Main Street, Lachute

MAKING SAFE INVESTMENTS

Canadians Not Yet a Nation of Investors, But Opportunity for Purchasing Bonds of Small Denominations Will Bring About the Habit. Purchasing Securities on the Instalment Plan

The articles contributed by "Investor" are for the sole purpose of guiding prospective investors, and, if possible, of saving them from losing money through placing it in "wild-cat" enterprises. The impartial and reliable character of the information may be relied upon. The writer of these articles and the publisher of this paper have no interests to serve in connection with this matter other than those of the reader.

The French are generally known as a nation of savers. They are, however, more than this, they are a nation of investors. Every French man and woman have an inherent ambition to lay by a small amount from each year's earnings to keep them in their old age, and most of them do so. For investment they purchase the "rentes"—which is the Government bond of the French nation, and which may be had in small denominations. However, it isn't about the French that I want to talk.

Canadians have in some measure followed the lead of the French. The amount of savings bank deposits per capita is very high—about $95 for each inhabitant, or taking an average of four to the family, about $380 for each family. On this sum, however, the income is not great—$19.40 a year. A Chinaman, it is said, can subsist on about $10 a year—in China—but no white person would care to try. However, this sum only represents a part of the savings of Canadians. Many of those who build up a reserve against a rainy day invest the money in securities, and some, unfortunately, in mining stocks. The amount of the former, if they could be compiled, would certainly more than double the per capita amount of savings.

However, the point is that Canadians as yet are not an investing nation. The number of Canadians who hold Dominion of Canada bonds are so few that one might almost say they could be counted on one's fingers. Very few Canadians own any of our Provincial bonds, and scarcely fifteen per cent. of our municipal debentures were placed here during 1911. When it comes to other classes of bonds there is a different story, for the greater part of 1911's output of Canadian industrial bonds went into the hands of Canadian investors.

This shows a distinct distaste on the part of Canadians for conservatism. Industrial bonds, as a class, are by no means the highest type of investment, although there are several issues on the market that one can purchase without misgiving. However, this shows something more. Practically no bonds but industrials are, as yet, issued in denominations less than $500. I say as yet because there is an unmistakable tendency on the part of all corporations to issue "baby bonds," as they are often called. The fact that one may invest so small a sum as $100 in a bond which is certainly, in the majority of cases, is far safer than even most investment stocks has induced many careful people of small means to invest in the more stable security. This, no doubt, accounts in no small measure for the popularity of industrial bonds, though, of course, the higher rate that they bear is a contributing factor of unquestionable importance.

The inexperienced investor, however, is prone to overlook the fact that even where bonds are issued in denominations greater than he can afford at the moment he may still purchase them. A number of Canadian investment houses are prepared to sell bonds on the instalment plan so that one may buy a sound $500 or $1,000 municipal debenture, pay down one or two hundred dollars and pay up the rest when convenient. Of course, the house charges interest on the unpaid balance, but at the same time this is offset by the interest which the bond itself bears. Many investors like to purchase bonds in this way, as it gives them an incentive for saving, as they are naturally eager to pay off the balance due and receive their security.

By laying up a reserve of this sort and as a result of the forced saving, investing becomes a habit. Undoubtedly, not only saving, but investing, becomes second nature to most people who have gone in for it seriously, and like all habits, it is hard to break. Unlike most other habits, however, it is one which no thoughtful person would discourage.

The French have the investment habit and it is time for Canadians generally to acquire it. A little practice is all that is required for a large number of people who make no attempt at saving, for, until one makes a determined effort, it is not fair to say that one's income is too small to admit of putting any of it by. When Canadians acquire this habit—and our savings bank deposits show that no small proportion have it in an encouraging measure—our prosperity will no longer depend, as it does now, on the willingness of the British investors to take our securities.

ODD QUIRKS OF FOREIGN LAW

Damages Recovered by a Cook Who Had Told Truth About Her.

It is said that a Frenchman, replying to an inquiry made of him as to the character and qualifications of a woman applying for employment as cook, got into serious trouble when he wrote that he could not recommend the applicant "by reason of her extravagance, impertinence and predilection to drink" while she was in his service. The person to whom the Frenchman wrote the letter showed the communication to the cook, with the result that the latter immediately brought suit for damages against the writer.

This case showed a peculiar feature of the French law on this subject. The matter was decided against the writer, who was fined and admonished that he had no right to circulate injurious statements concerning another person, even though the statements might be true. Since that time, it is said, French housekeepers, to evade the responsibility thus placed upon them by law, have issued certificates of character in form something like the following:

"This certifies that Mme. Marie, late nurse to my daughter, aged one year, did not leave her on a bench in the Jardin des Plantes and go away and forget her on October last."

It is obvious that a certificate of this sort serves its purpose without in any way laying the writer open to a suit for damages.

Another curious illustration of the principle of responsibility abroad is afforded by a civil damage suit growing out of the breaking of a plate glass window in a German town. A witness had testified as follows:

"As I was passing down the street in front of the window I saw a big stone come whirling through the air and I had just time enough to dodge myself from being hit by it."

The witness was sharply questioned upon the point whether the stone that broke the window would have struck him had he not dodged it. He was then dismissed. Eventually the decision of the magistrate was this:

"Inasmuch as if the witness had not unfortunately ducked his head the glass would not have been struck by the stone he is hereby adjudged responsible for the breaking of the window and is ordered to pay to the owner the value of the same."

The Paris concierge has always been a privileged person, but he has acquired new importance within recent years by reason of a court decision handed down there. A concierge had permitted himself the liberty of opening the letters of a young lady, one of the tenants of the house.

Discovering the fact the young woman brought suit against the concierge. The case was tried and was decided against the young woman, it being held that the responsibility of the State ended with the delivery of the mail to some person who was authorized to receive it and that the concierge was such a person. But the court censured the concierge for being "guilty of an [illegible]"

There was no redress for the owner of the letters beyond this, and to complete the whole the concierge next brought suit in his turn against the young woman. This, however, was too much for any court. The case was dismissed without a hearing.

TOLL OF THE ICEBERGS.

The list of vessels battered or sunk by icebergs is a long one, and it is well to recall at a time when all the world is thinking of the Titanic. Thus to take an example or so at haphazard, in the spring of 1898 four steamers of the England-America route utterly vanished, and in 1899 ten steamers disappeared. In 1908 the Mongolian was imprisoned for two days in the ice, but escaped; in 1909 the Lake Champlain, the Regulus, the Bonavista, and the Montrose were so battered by the floating ice that each escaped calamity by a very narrow margin, while none can tell how many fishing smacks are yearly dashed to pieces by these towering, glassy crags.

WELL POSTED.

A California Doctor With 40 Years' Experience.

"In my 40 years' experience as a teacher and practitioner along hygienic lines," says a Los Angeles physician, "I have never found a food to compare with Grape-Nuts for the benefit of the general health of all classes of people.

"I have recommended Grape-Nuts for a number of years to patients with the greatest success and every year's experience makes me more enthusiastic regarding its use.

"I make it a rule to always recommend Grape-Nuts, and Postum in place of coffee, when giving my patients instructions as to diet, for I know both Grape-Nuts and Postum can be digested by anyone.

"As for myself, when engaged in much mental work my diet twice a day consists of Grape-Nuts and rich cream. I find it just the thing to build up gray matter and keep the brain in good working order.

"In addition to its wonderful effects as a brain and nerve food Grape-Nuts always keeps the digestive organs in perfect, healthy tone. I carry it with me when I travel, otherwise I am almost certain to have trouble with my stomach." Name given by mail by Canadian Postum Co., Windsor, Ont.

Strong endorsements like the above from physicians all over the country have stamped Grape-Nuts the most scientific food in the world. "There's a reason."

Look in pkgs. for the famous little book, "The Road to Wellville."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

Levying money by granting licenses was a custom first introduced into England by Richard I. in 1190.

Sorrow is the night of the mind, and what would day be without its night? The day reveals the sun only, but the night brings to light the whole of the starry universe.

AUSTRALIAN "DISPERSERS"

MOUNTED POLICE OF THE EARLY DAYS.

How the Queensland Government Punished the Native Lawbreakers.

"While they were in power," says a man one time in the cattle business in Australia, "the black tracker police of Queensland were beyond doubt the most expert and efficient suppressors of offenders against the peace and safety of the public that ever had the sanction of Government authority. They were not only police, they were likewise judge, jury and executioner.

"That unique system of policing in Queensland was put in operation in 1875. Queensland is the largest division of Australia, and to this day immense tracts of it, particularly in the northern portion, are dense stretches of wilderness almost untrodden save by the native bushmen, the original people, many of them still in the state of savagery and determined opposition to the ways of civilization that marked them when the first whites sought that region to colonize and make available to the world its greatest resources. When I went to Queensland thirty-five years ago they were a constant menace to the settlers and particularly a source of danger to the stock raisers and miners.

"No effort had yet been made to civilize the bushmen tribes. They still clung to their primitive weapons, the spear and the boomerang. Small in stature, of a low degree of mentality, they were aggressive in their protests against the settlers and cunning in the planning of their attacks. At odd and unexpected times they would come

SWOOPING OUT OF THE BUSH,

raid the ranches, murder the herders and escape with the stolen cattle and horses to the fastnesses of their wilderness haunts, into the unknown intricacies of which no white pursuers could successfully follow them. They waged war also on the Chinamen who worked in the gold mines of that isolated region, and as they invariably carried their dead victims away with them, the horrible conviction possessed the white settlers that the bushmen were addicted to cannibalism.

"These depredations had become more frequent and more murderous in their character under the systematic leadership of convicts transported for brutal crimes committed at home and who had escaped to the unexplored tracts of the bush, where, joining the natives, they became still more savage and cruel than those uncivilized people themselves. To deal effectively with this danger, which was halting the advance of settlement and striking a disastrous blow at the industries that were making for the development of the region, the Queensland Government resolved to try the experiment of a mounted police force formed from certain tribes of natives that had accepted the overtures of the settlers and lived in peace with them, if not in entire accord with their ideas of existence and duty. These natives were of a district distant from the northern wilderness and had no ties of association with the bushmen of the latter.

THE NATIVE POLICE.

"It was no easy task to organize a force of police from such material. The natives had to be taught to ride horseback and to handle the pistol and rifle. They were afraid of both horses and firearms, but when these fears were overcome those half savages became enthusiastic and expert horsemen and marksmen. And the duty they were to perform was congenial to their aboriginal nature. That duty was their business to hunt down the wild murderers and horse and cattle thieves and to 'disperse' all suspicious parties and gatherings. They were called 'Dispersers,' and when their effectiveness had become undoubted they got the significant name of 'Black Trackers.' They were not required to bring in prisoners. Whenever their services were required a force was drafted from the entire department. Some particularly sagacious one among them was appointed leader of that active force, which was scarcely necessary, for the orders were really individual carte blanche.

"When a force of these armed and mounted savage policemen started in pursuit of alleged criminals the trail was followed mercilessly, and not a native man, woman or child found in the vicinity where the crime had been committed, nor for as far as the Black Trackers followed in the bush, escaped. They were killed one and all.

"These wild troopers became useful in hunting up whites who were so frequently lost in the great wilderness that scores had perished annually, wandering aimlessly about in the trackless waste, and in capturing escaped convicts who had

SOUGHT THE WILDS.

Even on these errands they exercised their prerogative of killing every wild black they met. Nor did they confine this duty to the chance meeting of such, but did not hesitate to go out of their way and lie for days in ambush at water holes that were scattered about in the wilderness, and where bushmen came to refresh themselves in their wanderings; then corralling the unsuspecting savages the vigilant black trackers shot them down to the last one.

"So complete was the approval of the cattlemen and gold miners of this 'dispersing' system of police protection that it was a common sight to see skulls of 'dispersed' bushmen adorning door posts, gate posts and even interiors of houses of the wealthiest among them. But to the great body of settlers the idea of the Government supporting so inhuman a department at last become unbearable, and, horrified by the butcheries by the police in the name of law and order, they forwarded many petitions praying for the interference of the home Government in the black tracker police for the purpose of having it abolished. The home Government finally took cognizance of the appeals, and that system of dispersing the wild evildoers in Queensland was abandoned."



VINCENT ASTOR,

Of New York, who, when he becomes of age next November will be the master of an estate of possibly $100,000,000.

EXTERMINATION OF RATS AND MICE.

If it were generally known that there is no trouble to rid a house, barn or any building of rats and mice by the use of Gillett's Lye, it is doubtful if the article could be made as fast as it would be used for this purpose alone. The process connected with using it is very simple, the plan being to sprinkle a little of the article in and around the holes made by these pests in floors, partitions, etc. In addition to this it is well to use a thin piece of board about a foot square, or even smaller, and make a complete circle of the lye on the board about a quarter of an inch deep, and inside of the circle place some meat or cheese. In endeavoring to get at the bait the feet of the rats and mice will be burned, and the whole colony, whether large or small, will immediately disappear from the premises.

The plan is worth trying, but the good kind—Gillett's Lye—should be procured. Refuse the many cheap imitations and substitutes.

A MONSTER PIPE.

Pipes are of all shapes and sizes, and you may buy some in Germany which hold as much as a pound of tobacco. "Some large and fine specimens of meerschaum," writes Mr. Andrew Steinmetz, in his "Smoker's Guide," "are carved so elaborately into pipebowls as to command two or three hundred guineas each. But all these giants of smokedom 'pale their ineffectual fires' before the monster pipe of the South American Indians, the pipe of the tribe of Oyatopoks. It remains burning night and day, filled with a species of herb, which they use instead of tobacco. This huge pipe is surrounded at one time with a hundred to a hundred and fifty aspirants, who fix their long tubes of reed into the numerous holes with which its sides are bored."

A man who is not able to make a bow to his own conscience every morning is hardly in a condition to respectfully salute the world at any other time of the day.

Fair Girl—"My father made his fortune when he was a young man. Would you like to know how he did it?" Gallant Youth—"Not particularly; but I would like to know if he still has it."

"Young man, how do you expect to marry my daughter if you are in debt?" "Why, sir, in my opinion, it's the only square thing to do. The longer I am engaged to her the worse off I will be."



KAISER'S AFRICAN FARM.

Other Ventures in Which He is Financially Interested.

The German Emperor has just bought two sheep farms in German South-west Africa for £4,800, says the Berlin correspondent of the London Standard. The export of wool is at present small, but it is believed that in the course of time this will become a valuable source of income to the colonists, and the Kaiser desires to encourage this branch of colonial activity.

In choosing the farms his Majesty acted on the advice of Herr Heckel, a gentleman attached to the imperial court, who is visiting his brother's ranch near Windhoek.

In acquiring two farms in South Africa the German Emperor is finding a further outlet for those business qualities which, had he been born to commerce instead of to a throne, would have assuredly won for the Kaiser a high position among merchant princes. It may not be generally known that his Majesty is already the owner of a porcelain and tile factory at Cadinen, in east Prussia.

This commercial venture has proved very successful owing to the Kaiser's active participation in the management. No detail has proved too insignificant for him to master, and the Emperor is not above recommending personally his own wares and finding new markets for the Cadinen products.

These wares are on sale at a shop in Berlin called "The Royal Hohenzollern Stores," and at one time it was his Majesty's custom to pay visits of inspection to houses and buildings where the Cadinen tiles had been used.

The Emperor is a keen agriculturist and all the latest practical developments of this important science find illustrations on the farms which form an important part of the royal estates in Silesia. His Majesty is also financially interested in the Hamburg-American Line and almost invariably attends the launches of new liners from the Vulkan yards. One of these, the Imperator, is to take water this month, and the German Emperor has again signified his intention of being present.

RACING AN AVALANCHE.

Terrible Experience in the San Juan Mountains.

That living alone in the high mountains in winter is not necessarily monotonous, this experience, described by Mr. E. A. Mills in "The Spell of the Rockies," sufficiently proves. Going into the San Juan Mountains during the first week in March to learn something of the laws that govern snowslides, he climbed on skees well to the top of the range. Thousands of tons of snow that covered the precipitous peaks were ready to plunge down and sweep the very spot on which he stood. Almost before he realized his danger, the snow on the upper steeps suddenly flew up as if from an explosion. A general slide had started.

I whirled, pointed my skees down the slope, and went. In less than half a minute a tremendous snow avalanche, one hundred or perhaps two hundred feet deep and five or six hundred feet long, thundered over the spot where I had stood.

There was no chance to dodge, no time to climb out of the way. My only chance of escape lay in outrunning the slide.

As I shot across the lower point of the ridge, about to plunge blindly into the gorge, I thought of the possibility of becoming entangled in the hedgelike thickets of dwarfed, gnarled timber-line trees. I also realized that I might dash against a cliff or plunge into a deep canon. Of course I might strike an open way, but it was certain that I could not stop, or see the beginning of the gorge, or tell what I should strike when I went over the edge.

As I shot through the air, I had a glimpse down into the pointed snow-laden tops of a few tall fir-trees that were firmly rooted among the rocks at the bottom of the gorge. Luckily, I cleared the gorge, and landed in a place where the snow was unbroken.

The heavy slide thundered after me with undiminished speed, and came crashing into the dead trees so close behind me that broken limbs went flying past me as I shot down off a steep moraine.

At the bottom of the moraine I was forced between two trees, flung off my balance, and my left skee smashed against a tree. Two feet of the heel were broken off and the remainder split. The slide did not slow down. I could hear the rocks and splintered timbers in its mass grinding together and thudding against the obstructions over which it swept. I threw away my staff and "let go." I simply flashed down the slope, rounded a cliff, turned awkwardly into Aspen Gulch, and tumbled heels over head into safety. Then I picked myself up, to see the slide go roaring by within twenty feet of me.

Drive thy business; let not thy business drive thee.

Monthly Review of Bond Market

In addition to a general review of the Securities Market our monthly publication, issued on the 15th, contains reports from Toronto, Montreal, and London, Eng., and a special article on some prominent Canadian industry.

Every investor should have a copy of this monthly review. It will be mailed free on request.

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TRY them for a change in the hot weather. For sandwiches or salads they are delicious, appetizing, satisfying.

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From your grocer get "KING OSCAR" brand Sardines

Trade supplied by John W. Bickle & Greening, Hamilton, Canada.



By Special Royal Permission.

A FRIEND IN NEED;

OR, THE PICTURE IN THE LOCKET.

CHAPTER XIV.

Ruby Trevalyn gazed at him unflinchingly for a moment, her eyes blazing like twin sapphire stars.

"It is false, Gordon Leigh!" she cried hotly, "you might as well try to make me believe that the sun could turn from its course, as to make me believe that my father and Belle have refused to come to me."

"It is perfectly true, my poor child," he responded gravely.

"I repeat that it is false," she declared. "I can see through the whole matter. You have kept me here for three long weeks, knowing full well the intense grief of those who love me—for they must believe I perished in the wreck. You have not written them one line, and you know it. But I cannot see that it will avail you anything. I shall return to them at once, and then you will have to answer to my affianced husband for this outrageous detention."

"Believe me, I have written them!" exclaimed Gordon, earnestly. "If you persist in doubting my word, I will call the lad by whom I sent both the letter and a telegram over to the village."

"Do you imagine I would believe the boy you might bring to me? You would have him well coached in what he was to answer."

"After knowing me so long,, this is your opinion of me, Ruby?" said Gordon, standing before her pale as death, his arms folded over his breast.

"Yes," she answered recklessly, "it is; I will not attempt to deny it. Realizing your atrocious action, I abhor you—words cannot tell how much. I shall leave this house this very day."

"Where would you go, Ruby?" he asked anxiously.

"Since you are so interested in knowing, I will inform you with pleasure," she replied with fine sarcasm. "First of all I shall go to the nearest railway station where there is a telegraph office, and send a dispatch to Charlie Arnold to come to me at once. He will come by next train, and within the hour we shall be married, and go somewhere until papa (to whom we shall telegraph the event) sends for us."

The face into which she gazed grew rigid as marble; hard lines of pain were drawn round the noble mouth. The dark eyes grew gloomy with suppressed emotion.

"Ruby," he said, "listen to me. Take my advice, you are so young and know so little of the world—go directly to your father's house, and I will accompany you."

"You have no right to dictate to me!" cried Ruby spiritedly. "I shall not go to papa first, he would try to prevent me in some way from wedding my lover."

"Your father has your best interests at heart," Gordon responded. "Forgive me for insisting, but really you must go to him in preference to Arnold, and I must insist, too, upon accompanying you; for this reason I shall go: If Lawyer Trevalyn still persists in closing his doors against you, that I shall be there to shield and protect you."

"We will not discuss the matter further," retorted Ruby. "When I leave here, I go alone, and I shall send for my lover; it will not be long until I have a legal protector."

"Then you shall never leave here, Ruby!" cried Gordon Leigh, fairly beside himself. "Hear my vow—you shall never leave this place until you consent to go to your father, accompanied by me!"

"I will never consent, I will not be forced into it. You dare not detain me here against my will."

"We shall see," he responded calmly, with a touch of keen bitterness in his husky voice. "Do not try me too far, Ruby. It is bad enough to hear you proclaim your hatred of me; but when you speak of flying to the arms of the man who won you from me, you goad me to madness. Remember, before you saw him you were my promised bride."

"You forced me into that engagement!" cried Ruby. "No doubt you would force me into marrying you if you could."

He was almost tempted to answer that he would.

He turned to her with a passionate cry:

"My darling," he exclaimed, "I am only human. I cannot give you up to my rival. I could resign you to your father, but never—never to Arnold. I would keep you within these walls until the day you died first. Give me the promise that you will go directly to your father accompanied by me, and I will not detain you a moment."

"Then I will live and die here, for I will never promise that. Some one will rescue me sooner or later, and you will suffer for this detention."

"Every honorable man would agree that my action is perfectly right under the circumstances," he responded, gloomily.

"Do you constitute yourself my jailer?" she cried hotly, her cheeks flaming crimson, her eyes darkening with anger.

The expression pained him.

"No, dear," he answered gently, "only your guardian. To watch over you in your present helplessness—to guide you, who are so willful, to your father when you are able to go, or to keep you here until you do consent to be taken to him, though it be forever.

"You have wrecked my life, Ruby," he went on, "but that does not influence me. Though, had you loved and wedded me, I would have been your very slave. Heaven help me, I love you yet, even to madness."

"If you loved me as you say you do, you would not oppose my wishes."

"You are right; I would not oppose any other wish save that of giving you into my rival's arms. I—I would kill him first."

She turned away, her eyes flashing.

"Every word you utter against my lover is an insult to me," she said. "Leave me, please. Your presence is unbearable."

Without a word he turned and walked slowly from the room.

Her growing hatred of him, and her defiant declaration of love for Arnold, tortured him, as he had said, to madness.

He almost wished he could keep her where she was forever — yes, forever.

It could be done if he so willed it. Yet, though it broke his heart, he would take her to her father if she would go to him instead of to Arnold.

As he quitted the room Mrs. Burdick entered with a hot bowl of tea for Ruby.

"Never mind the tea, my good woman," sobbed Ruby; "come and sit here beside me; I want to talk to you."

Instead of obeying her, the woman came to her side, and patting the girl's curly head, held the tea to her lips.

Ruby drank it to please her, then repeated:

"Please sit down, my good woman, I have something to say to you."

Mrs. Burdick placed the empty bowl on the mantel and returning, took a seat near Ruby, gazing abstractedly from the window.

"You are a woman and kind of heart," Ruby began, "and you cannot listen to the story I have to tell you without being moved by sympathy to do all in your power to aid me. I have a lover from whom every one is trying to part me, but I will be true to him. You may, or you may not know that Mr. Leigh was once a suitor for my hand; we were engaged to be married—but it was broken off."

Then midst tears and sobs Ruby went through a minute recital of all that had transpired, ending with Gordon Leigh's threat that he would keep her there forever, unless she consented to return in his company to Lawyer Trevalyn—her father.

"He means to keep me here a prisoner," she went on, "but I knew, when you heard the truth you would not lend yourself to such a scheme.

"If you will help me to escape, this very night, my lover, who is very rich, will reward you well for it. I am weak still, but I have nerve enough to accomplish it, for, believe me, every hour that parts me from my lover is breaking my poor heart. Mrs.—Mrs. Burdick, surely you can understand my woe, and will not refuse me your aid. You have some kind of a conveyance here that can be gotten ready to take me away as soon as night sets in—to the nearest railway station—have you not?"

There was no answer, the woman sat with her hands still crossed listlessly in her lap, gazing from the window.

Ruby clutched at her arm with a passionate cry, exclaiming vehemently:

"Are you a woman of stone to sit there so calmly while my heart is breaking?"

The woman started and looked quickly around as the little white hands clutched her arm.

Ruby repeated her question with tears and sobs.

Mrs. Burdick made haste to communicate by her hands to her fair patient, and then for the first time the pitiful truth burst upon Ruby—the woman was a deaf mute.

She fell back in her chair with a bitter cry, but suddenly an idea occurred to her—in all probability the woman could read and write, and bending forward she motioned for pencil and paper, but the old nurse shook her head more sadly than ever, and she realized she could neither read nor write.

"What am I to do?" she asked herself, wringing her little hands. "This is something I never thought of in my hasty plan of escape."

A twinge of her lame ankle made her cry aloud with pain, and she realized that she was more helpless than she had imagined, and that it might be weeks before she could effect her escape if she was obliged to do so unaided.

It was hard to submit to the inevitable, but Ruby was forced to do so, and, though she counted the hours, another three weeks went rapidly by.

A heart less obdurate—less taken up with another love, must have been touched by Gordon Leigh's constant devotion during that time. Her lightest wish was obeyed; all save the main one—to telegraph for Charlie Arnold.

And then, Gordon never intruded upon her—being content to watch her by the hour from a distance, with his whole heart in his eyes.

He began to wish that life might go on just so forever—even though she hated him, scorned him — his great, worshipful love for her never lessened. It was heaven on earth to him to simply be near her.

CHAPTER XV.

Six weeks under the same roof with Ruby, fanned the flame of Gordon Leigh's love into a tempestuous fire.

He had sought to forget her—he had fought against her memory as only a strong, brave man can fight a heart's battle—but it had all been in vain.

There were times when a strange madness seized him; when the temptation came to him to never permit her to leave him, to win her by fair means or foul—for all was fair in love and war. But how should it be done?

No amount of devotion brought him one kind glance in return; she seemed to fairly abhor him at times.

"You say you have written to my father and that he has not replied," she said to him one day; "and now I have concluded to write to him myself."

"I can have no objection, Ruby," he said quietly; "you know I can have none."

"The question is," she went on mercilessly, "how am I to get it to the post-office—which is some miles distant, you say."

"The boy Jack shall be at your service," he responded gloomily.

A scornful smile curved her red lips.

"He would have his orders from you to ignore my commands," she replied. "I would not trust him."

"What is it you wish done?" he asked, flushing at the broad insinuation.

"I wish you to take me to the post-office, that I may mail it myself and thus be sure that it is done."

He bowed assent.

"I am at your service at any time," he said wearily, turning his back on her abruptly, and pacing hurriedly up and down the room.

"Then let it be to-day," she replied; "I have my letter already written."

"I shall have a carriage at the door within half an hour," he responded; "will that arrangement please you?"

She bowed assent.

(To be continued.)

"Are you a friend of the groom's family?" asked the usher at the church wedding. "I think not," replied the lady addressed; "I'm the mother of the bride."

Because they act so gently (no purging or griping) yet so thoroughly

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National Drug and Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited 162

BOVRIL

promotes appetite, assists digestion and builds up sound health.

For 26 years we have recommended Bovril for these reasons and they have now been established by strict physiological tests made by W. H. Thompson, M. D., D. Sc., of Trinity College, Dublin.

LAYING A KING'S TABLE.

Upholsterers the First to Make Preparations.

The laying of the royal dinner table is of necessity attended with a good deal of ceremony.

First come the "upholsterers," whose duty it is to see that the table is in its proper place and in good condition to bear its precious burden of gold and silver plate. The weight of the famous Flaxman service, designed for George IV., is so tremendous as to justify fully this precaution.

The upholsterers, having seen that all is in order, give place to the "table deckers," who arrange the snowy napery worked with the royal arms and the plainly folded serviettes. Fanciful shapes are inadmissible on the royal table. This accomplished, there enter the "yeomen of the silver pantry," whose task it is, as their name indicates, to place the silver in position. The "deckers" then arrange the flowers, thus putting the finishing touches, after which the royal table is considered "well and truly laid."

A CLERICAL GOLFER.

Dr. Ingram, the Bishop of London, who has just returned from a tour in Egypt, is a very keen golfer. When touring in the United States he played a round with President Taft, and the event aroused the greatest interest amongst the American reporters. But the match was played on a private course, and it was agreed beforehand that the



Bishop Ingram.

name of the winner should not be made public, so the reporters were deprived of a deal of picturesque copy.

The Bishop once played a match with a lawyer who was very prone to strong language. After the game a friend asked the Bishop how he enjoyed it. "I am afraid," said the cleric, "that my opponent's profession undermined his sense of justice, for over and over again I heard him ask Heaven to condemn his caddie prematurely for his own misdeeds."

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11

THE OX AND HIS OWNER.

A Story for To-day Out of Old Indian Lore.

Long ago a man owned a very strong Ox. The owner was so proud of his Ox that he boasted to every man that he met about how strong his Ox was.

One day the owner went into a village, and said to the men there: "I will pay a forfeit of a thousand pieces of silver if my strong Ox cannot draw a line of 100 wagons."

The men laughed and said: "Very well; bring your Ox, and we will tie a hundred wagons in a line and see your Ox draw them along."

So the man brought his Ox into the village. A crowd gathered to see the sight. The hundred carts were in line, and the strong Ox was yoked to the first wagon.

Then the owner whipped his Ox, and said: "Get up, you wretch! Get along, you rascal!"

But the Ox had never been talked to in that way, and he stood still. Neither the blows nor the hard names could make him move.

At last the poor man paid his forfeit, and went sadly home. There he threw himself on his bed and cried: "Why did that strong Ox act so? Many a time he has moved heavier loads easily. Why did he shame me before all those people?"

At last he got up and went about his work. When he went to feed the Ox that night, the Ox turned to him and said: "Why did you whip me to-day? You never whipped me before. Why did you call me wretch and rascal? You never called me hard names before."

Then the man said: "I will never treat you badly again. I am sorry I whipped you and called you names. I will never do so any more. Forgive me."

"Very well," said the Ox. "To-morrow I will go into the village and draw the 100 carts for you. You have always been a kind master until to-day. To-morrow you shall gain what you lost."

The next morning the owner fed the Ox well and hung a garland of flowers about his neck. When they went into the village, the men laughed at the man again.

They said: "Do you come to lose more money?"

"To-day I will pay a forfeit of 2,000 pieces of silver if my Ox is not strong enough to pull the 100 carts," said the owner.

So again the carts were placed in a line, and the Ox was yoked to the first. A crowd came to watch again. The owner said: "Good Ox, show how strong you are! You fine creature!"

He patted him, and at once the Ox pulled with all his strength. The carts moved on until the last cart stood where the first had been.

Then the crowd shouted, and they paid back the forfeit the man had lost, saying, "Your Ox is the strongest Ox we ever saw."

And the Ox and the man went home happy.—Saint Nicholas.

BUTTER ON HIS PIE.

Mr. MacNaughton, millionaire lumber merchant, gazed at the check which had just been handed him with a solemn face.

"Doesn't it look big enough?" asked the man who had made out the check.

"Oh, it's big enough," said MacNaughton, "but there's nothing looks very big these days. I'm minded of the first days I spent in this country—no matter how many years ago—that was when money looked big to me.

"When I landed, I went with a friend that had been over here six months to the house where he boarded and lodged, and, well, too, for a sum that appears rideec'lous to me now, as I look back to it.

"When we were in the midst o' the dinner that was my first meal, Sandy MacLaughlin put his mouth closed to my ear, and whispered to me:

"'Put butter on your pie, Angus. Three dollars a week is nae joke.'

"An' I can tell ye I put a good bit on!"



When President Taft and Col. Roosevelt are through with their mud slinging, they must clean up.

"2 in 1" Shoe Polish is the very best thing for their boots as all good Canadians and Americans realize.

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Best by test. Will not soil the daintiest garments. Quick brilliant, lasting. No other even half as good.

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THE DOMINION.

The Dominion of Canada has added another year to its age, and with it has added greatly to its consideration in the Empire and to its weight among the nations. Canadian progress in the last twelvemonths is being marvelled at on all hands, and some Canadian events in that twelvemonth have claimed attention as world events. A greater interest is being taken in Canadian affairs than ever before. It is recognized that the Canadian people have the intuition and the faith that there is a great destiny for their country and that the shaping of that dastiny is largely in the hands of the present generation. Of the facts of Canadian history belonging to the last year the one that has made the deepest impression upon on-looking mankind, and the one that has done more to win respect for Canada than anything else that has happened since the first Dominion Day, is the rejection of the reciprocity pact which Mr. Taft has said would have made Canada only an adjunct of the United States. That decision of our electors showed our neighbors that in Canada national spirit counts for more than they reckoned on; it raised Canada in the estimation of foreign countries on both sides of the Atlantic.

Other Canadian events of importance in the past year exemplify or emphasize the strong set of this country's genius and career along the lines marked out by the Fathers of Confederation. As an autonomous State Canada has nothing further to desire, and she is more bound than ever to the Mother Country and to the Empire. The appointment of his Royal Highness the Duke of Connaught as Governor-General was highly pleasing to the Canadian people, both because of what it signifies as to the King's regard for Canada and because of the admiration and honor in which the Duke himself was held in this country. Since he came to Canada he and the Duchess of Connaught have made many real friends, and it is safe to say that no representative of the Crown was ever more popular.

Premier Borden and with three of his colleagues of the Cabinet are now on their way to London to confer with the Government there on Imperial questions with which Canada is prepared to deal. Of these questions the most important are those relating to naval defence, to naturalization and to copyright. As Canada advances in greatness and exercises in a larger way the political powers conferred upon her, she sees the wisdom of co-operating in as many ways as possible with the Mother Country and the other States of the Empire in matters of common concern. Canada is leading in the enterprise of bringing about understanding in reference to that wide and most important class of subjects, of which many are now outside of any jurisdiction—subjects, namely, that arise out of the undefined relations, commercial and defensive, among the communities of the Empire. In the work of bringing such matters into clearness and placing them under the control and regulation of Empire authority the Congress of the Chambers of Commerce of the Empire, which has just met in London, is playing a most useful part. Such missions as that on which Mr. Borden and his fellow-Ministers are now bound will have something of the same effect for the harmonizing of action among the States of the Empire on given subjects as the proceedings of a constituted Imperial Assembly would have. That there will some day be such an assembly is a foregone conclusion. Of late something has been said about the necessity of the dominions being represented in a Central Imperial Council if defence is to be made a matter of purely Imperial, as distinct from United Kingdom, direction. It is nearly a generation since the Duke of Manchester stated his opinion that there should be another Legislature, in which Canada and the United Kingdom should be represented on mutual terms for Imperial purposes.

Canada's Minister of Trade and Commence is now in England as a member of an Imperial commission constituted for the purpose of enquiring into the trade affairs of the Empire. Though the question of fiscal policy is reserved from its scope, there is good ground for expecting that the commission's report will lead up to the adoption of some course of common action on the subject of trade, and that it will therefore be a large influence for the promotion of Imperial union. The Minister of Trade and Commerce was also enabled to promote community of interest in trade affairs by his negotiations with the delegates sent by tha Governments of the British West Indies to Ottawa last winter. If that agreement is established between Canada and these several Governments it will mean a very considerable and advantageous extension of mutual preference withih the Empire. Mr. Foster is also negotiating with Australia for reciprocity.

Canada's external trade is now of the great magnitude of about one billion dollars a year, and its internal trade is proportionately vast. From the populations of other countries Canada is drawing more than three hundred thousand people per annum, and of these a very considerable percentage are people of large substance. The bonds uniting the provinces are growing stronger year by year, and the politicians who sought to make capital for themselves by estranging elements of the community are discredited as they never were before. The men who talk of the East and West being sundered, the men who try to keep alive distrust between the English-speaking and the French-speaking people, are false witnesses to the working of Confederation, whose result has been the knitting of Canada into one of the strongest national unions in history.

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The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

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Fishing tackle—Such as Bamboo Poles, all kinds of Steel Rods, Fish Baskets, Trowling Outfits Reels, Flys, Minnows.
T. McOUAT & Son.

LOST,—On Friday, June 28, in the vicinity of Lachute, a wire haired terrier, white with black markings on eye, ear and tail, answers to the name of "Spot." Finder please notify, MISS HARRINGTON, St. Andrews and recieve reward.

CARD OF THANKS,—The family of the late Mrs. Wm. Veitch, of Centreville, wish to thank their neighbors and friends for their kindness and sympathy during the illness and death of their mother.

THE FAMILY.

Hampton's Millinery sale!

Big sale of millinery, Hats trimmed and untrimmed. $5.00 hats for $2.50. Shapes from 75cts up, and children's hats at half price. Come early and get the choice

Great reductions in Millinery. All the trimmed hats up to $5.00 to be sold for $2.50. Come early and get your choice. Some special values in childrens hats and bounets

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SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender for Post Office Building, Maisonneuve Que.," will be received at this office until 4.00 p.m., on Monday, June 17 1912, for the construction of a post office building at Maisonneuve Que.

Plans, specifications and form of contract can be seen and forms of tender obtained on application at the office of Mr. C. A. Reeves, Architect, 58 St. James St., Montreal, at the Post Office, Maisonneuve, and at this Department.

Persons tendering are notified that tenders will not be considered unless made on the printed forms supplied, and signed with their actual signatures, stating their occupation and places of residence. In the case of firms the actual signature the nature of the occupation and place of residence of each member of the firm must be given.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque on a chartered bank, payable to the order of the Honourable the Minister of Public Works, equal to ten per cent (10 p.c.) of the amount of the tender, which will be forfeited if the person tendering decline to enter into a contract when called upon to do so, or fail to complete the work contracted for. If the tender be not accepted the cheque will be returned.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,
R. C. DESROCHERS,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works:
Ottawa, May 23, 1912.

Newspapers will not be paid for this advertisement if they insert it without authority from the department.

FARM FOR SALE.

Situated in the Parish of St. Jerusalem D'Argenteuil, four miles from Lachute, one mile from cheese factory and saw mill, and one and a half mile from school and post office, containg 375 arpents 150 under cultivation balance in pasture a large sugar bush of 1 000 trees, with plenty of valuable timber including spruce and hemlock with a mixture of hardwood.

Large modern house with kitchen and wood shed attached, water in kitchen large barn with stable under and water therein with carriage and machine house and granery attached.

For further particulars apply to
JAMES MOORE,
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Or on the premises.

Buggy Harness For Sale Cheap

The undersigned has a few sets of harness, all hand-made and of good quality, that he will sell as a reasonable price, also cloth collars, leather collars, straw stuffing and yellow sweat pads, all sizes. Bridles, halters, double reins, double bretchen, pole straps, martingales, hames, straps and snaps, all sizes.

Farmers! I want all your harness repairing and I will do it cheaper and better than any svddler in town.

Old stand, opposite the old post-office.
WM. CRESWELL
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VETERINARY-SURGEON,
125 Rushbrooke Set,
Montreal, Que.
Bell Tel. No. 1397.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

Equipment has the universal Recommendation of every traveller.

Electric-lighted Sleepers and Compartment Cars.

Montreal to Toronto
Young Street Station at 10.45 p.m. daily.

Union Station trains daily at 8.45 a.m. and 10 p.m.

St-ANNE de BEAUPRE
Tuesday, July 9th.
CHILDREN HALE PRICE
Tickets good to return until July 17th, 1012, with stop over at any stations on the return trip only.
Canadian Pacific Railway trains, runs, change from Ottawa to the Shrine at Ste. Anne de Beaupre.
Train leaves Lachute at 8.30 a.m.
Adults $3.50 Children $1 75

REDUCED RETURN FARES
to PACIFIC COAST,
COLONIZATION EXCURSION
New Ontario and Temiskaming.
Going June 26th. Return until July 26th.

ST. ANDREWS, N.B.
Daily through sleeper. Leave Windsor Street Station 7.25 p.m.

Going until September 30th.
Montreal to
Vancouver, Victoria, Seattle, Portland and return.... $100.50
San Francisco, Los Angeles, and return (via Chicago).. $105.45
San Francisco, Los Angeles, and return.... $115.50
Going via C.P.R., returning via U.S. lines lines and Chicago or vice versa.
Return limit, Oct. 31, 1912.

Homeseekers' Excursion
— TO —
Manitoba, Saskatchewan & Alberta
June 25th, July 9th, and every second Tuesday until September 17,, 1912.
Tickets good for 60 days.
J. S. GILES, Agent.
Watchman Office, Lachute.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

Only double-track route between Mantreal, Toronto, Hamilton Niagara Falls, Detroit and Chicago.

TORONTO
in 7½ HOURS via
"International Limited"

Finest and Fastest Train in Canada
Leaves Montreal 9 a.m. every day.
Four Express Trains Daily
MONTREAL TORONTO and WEST
9 a.m., 9.30 a.m., 7.30 p.m., 10.30 p.m.
Dining, Parlor and Library Cars on Day Trains; Pullman Sleeping Cars Electric-Lighted, on night trains.
HIGHEST CLASS OF EQUIPMENT.
Homeseekers' Excursions
Round Trip Tickets to Western Canada, via Chicago on Sale May 28; June 11; 25; July 9; 23; August 6, 20; September 3, 17, at very low rates.
*Daily. †Daily except Sunday.
J. QUINLAN,

We Invite You

To See

Our Carpet Squares
Our Dress Goods
Our Wash Goods
Our Silk Dress Goods
Our Ladies' Shoes
Our Men's Shoes
Our Boys Boots
Our Lace Curtains
Our Men's Clothing
Our Boy's Clothing
Our Children's Clothing

W. Banford & Son,
Main Street, Lachute.

THE PROVINCIAL BANK OF CANADA
Incorporated by Act of Parliament, July 1900.

Capital authorized: $2,000,000,00
Capital paid up: $1,000,000,00

Reserve Fund and Undivided Profits $512,463.19.

Collections
We have special facilities for making collections promptly and at reasonable rates. Sale notes given special attention.

Savings Department
You ought to save money. Your physical and mental strength cannot last for ever. Now that your earning capacity enables you to earn more than your living *Open a Savings Account* and provide for hard times and old age.

General Banking Business Transacted.

J. H. DUMOUCHEL : MANAGER.

Offices Lachute and Brownsbug.

Lachute Grist & Flour Mills.
Wholesale and Retail.

Flour, Bran, Snorts, Middlings, Cornmeal, Oatmeal, Rolled Oats, Graham and Buckwheat Flour, Oil Cake and Gluten Meals, and Grain of all kinds, at lowest market prices.

FINE GROUND FEED OUR SPECIALTY.
All grinding and our work guaranteed.

J. D. CAMPBELL,
Main Street. Lachute.

Men's and Boy's balbriggan underwear, Men's shirts all sizes "Tookes," Men's outing pants and shirts, collars, ties, half hose, etc., Men's overalls, jumpers, etc., etc.
(Peabody and The Star Brand.)

Paints!

Paint oil, (double boiled and raw), White Lead, Roofing Paint, Turpentine, Elephant Brand of Mixed Paints, Coach Colors, Varnishes, Floor Paints, Varnish Stains, Etc.

Harness!

Double and Single, for heavy work, Express, Ploughing and driving, buggy and Cart Harness, Trunks, Valises, Satchels, Hand-bags, etc.

We are always stocked with the choicest and best groceries.

Boots and Shoes as reliable as we can procure.
Staple and Fancy Dry Goods.

GILES BROS.
Main St. Lachute.

CENTRAL CANADA EXHIBITION ASSOCIATION

1912 DOMINION EXHIBITION 1912

OTTAWA

Sept. 5th to 16th

7 DAYS — FULL PROGRAM FROM SATURDAY TO SATURDAY — 7 NIGHTS

Dominion Grant of $50,000 spent on extensions and innovations. Cash prizes increased 50 per cent.

Reduced Railway Rates over all Canada east of Port Arthur and from points in New York and Vermont. Excess of freight over on exhibits 100 miles will be paid by the Exhibition Association

Every Province competing for special big premiums, offered for field produce. New $100,000 machinery hall.

Daily balloon flights, Chariot races, Midway of fifty shows, New Fireworks, Royal Canadian dragoons, Ten Vaudeville Troops, Horse races and dog show.

"Siege of Omdurman" illustrating Kitchener's famous Egyptian triumph, Hundreds of Soldiers, Military Tattoo.

6 for $1.00 tickets on sale. Entries close August 20.

Write for prize list and programme to

E. McMAHON, Mgr. and Secretary,

26 Sparks St. Ottawa.

CARILLON.

—:o:—

Among those who spent the week-end here were, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Fields, Miss E. Mason, and Mr. A. P. and Miss M. G. Bryerton, all of Montreal,

Mrs J. C. Fitzsimmons, of Cartlage, N.Y., is the guest of her parent Mr. and Mrs. J. Bryerton, for a few weeks. Master Robert Chaufty, also of Carthage is also spending a few weeks with his grandparents at "Evergreen Cottage."

Mrs. Paget and Paget, of Montreal spent the week end with the formers parents' Mr. and Mrs. Lefebvre.

Carillon is at last waking up, as it were, and all are now looking forward to the day when one can safely walk through the village, and without the feeling that one's life is at stake. The Councillors have finally called a meeting, at which it was duly moved and seconded to erect a new sidewalk; work on same has already commenced, and while we all heartily welcome it, and anxiously look forward to its completion, yet we feel that the village shoemaker will not be likely to count it as one of his blessings owing to the fact that he will no longer be repeatedly called upon to replace the many heels on shoes which were formerly so frequently torn off by being caught in the many large crevices of the old walk.

Miss Lottie Bryerton has now been home for some weeks past having spent the winter months with her sister Mrs. T. J. O'Reilly, of Toronto.

Our Ladies' blouses in white lawn at 98 cents are not beaten by any catalogue store. You get the profit on these. W. BANFORD & SON.

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH, WEST LAND REGULATIONS.

—To:—

Any person who is the sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan, or Alberta. The applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the district. Entry by proxy may be made at any agency, on certain conditions by father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister of intending homesteader.

Duties,—Six months' residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within 9 miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres solely owned and occupied by him or by his father, mother son, daughter brother or sister.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter-section alongside his homestead. Price $3.00 per acre.

Duties,—Must reside upon the homestead or pre-emption six months in each of six years from date of homestead entry (including the time required to earn homestead patent) and cultivate fifty acres.

A homesteader who has exhausted his homestead right and cannot obtain a pre-emption may enter for a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price $3.00 per acre. Duties,—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate fifty acres and erect a house worth $300.00.

W. W. CORY.

Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

New Spring and Summer Goods

Suitings, Pantings & Overcoatings.

I have just received a large assortment of Spring and Summer Tweeds, of the latest designs and Best Quality.

Over 500 hundred Different Patterns to choose from. Leave your order now as to get the pick of these magnificent goods.

I also keep as usual the largest and best assortment of Gent's Furnishings, Hats and Caps, and Ready-to-Wear Clothing, of the very latest styles and designs.

Geoffroy Bedard

THE TAILOR,

Main Street, - Lachute.

News of Brownsburg.

Miss C. Belaire, spent the week end in Montreal.

Mr. Wm. Deacon, spent the Holidays in Christieville.

Mr. W. P. Davies, spent the Holidays in Quebec.

Mr. Geo. Hardie, spent Dominion Day in Montreal.

Mr. J Ruddiman, of Montreal, spent the Holidays in town.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. White, spent the Holidays in Montreal.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Hooper' spent Wednesday last in Montreal.

Mr. Malcolm McLeod of Montreal spent the week end in town.

Mr. Fred Hooper, is now the owner of a fine McLaughlin Automobile.

Misses. Winnie Savage & Maggie Vary spent the holidays in Montreal.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Hardie, and two sons, spent the holidays at Lake Louisa.

Messrs. Jos. Wagner, and J. Martin, left for Montreal, on Friday evening.

A large number of our Citizens spent Dominion Day at Carillon, or Lake Louisa.

Mr. John Mosely, of Toronto, was the guest of his brother, Mr. Harry Mosely, for the holidays.

Mr. and Mrs. Thompson, of Montreal, spent the week in town, visiting Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Beacroft.

Messrs. R. Matthews, Howard Mc Minns, and Foster Medlen, spent the holidays at Lake Louisa.

Miss Myrtle Cameron, who has been teaching school, returned home for her vacation on Friday evening.

A Lawn Social is announced for Tuesday, July 23rd, on the lawn of Mr. Jno. McCluskey, Brownsburg.

The D. C. Co. Base-Ball Team will play the strong Hawkesbury nine, on Saturday July 6th 1912. in Hawkesbury.

The weekly Prayer-meeting was held at the home of Mr. D. McKiddie on Tuesday evening, by the Rev. Mr. White of the Dalesville Baptist Church.

Among those who spent the Holidays in Montreal were Messrs. E. Gilbert, P. Maisoneuve, G. Howell, A. Reynolds, G. McOnat, A. Clarke, Wm. Birtch, C. King R. McLeod, Jas. Donaldson, Jas. Kettyle, Stuart McGibbon, and J. Whitney.

Many of the young people of this town attended the Lawn Social in connection with the Baptist Church which was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Warwick on Tuesday evening.

The D. C. Co. Foot-Ball Team who played in Beloil on Dominion Day were defeated by the score of 2 to 0. Mr. Wm. Jackson took one first and two second prizes in the foot races. Mr. E. Elliot also took one first prize.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA



INSIST on having the BEST LAMP OIL in the World

NATIONAL LIGHT OIL

DONT accept Something Claimed to be just as Good

The ONLY OIL For LAMPS-INCUBATORS-STOVES

We Sell PURE NATIONAL LIGHT OIL

THE NATIONAL REFINING CO. Cleveland.

For Sale By

Hardie & Co.

General Merchants, Brownsburg, P. Q.

House-work is a pleasure



If you use our Automatic Vacuum Cleaner You will be surprised and pleased at the amount of work it will accomplish for you. If you have not seen it working call and let us demonstrate it to you.

What about a nice Gasoline Cook Stove this Summer? We have many different kinds and prices to suit. Have you seen our Curtain stretchers?—the new kind?—to see is to buy. Also a fine line of refrigerators.

Our aim is to please our customers.

G. Y. Deacon, - West End Lachute

THE BANK OF OTTAWA

ESTABLISHED 1874.

Deposits	30th November 1911		$34,864,146
Assets	30th November 1911		$46,458,537

Special attention given to the

Accounts of Cheese Factories and Their Patrons.

Cheese Cheques Cashed.

Lachute and St. Andrews Branch, - J. R. Parr's, Manager.
Grenville Branch, - W. H. Lamb, Manager.

LACHUTE MARBLE & GRANITE WORKS

We deal in Foreign & Domestic Marble and Granite, first class work and best material in all the latest designs, always on hand.

Satisfaction guaranteed in all kinds of cemetery work, Monuments, Headstones, Posts, Fencing, etc.

Terms to suit Purchasers.

W. M. SCOTT, Prop.

Grand Whitewear Sale!!

5 Patterns in Corset Covers at 25c.; 3 Styles in Corset Covers at 49 c.; A Splendid Choice at 99 c.; Also a very fine line at 74 c. Drawers at 25, 49, 74; Night Gowns at 49, 74, 99, 1.49; Underskirts 49, 99, 1.49.

All our offers are of Special Value at this sale. The Garments are the Choice Fruits of the Loom and Machine. Just honor us with a visit, we will be only too pleased to show the goods.

P.S.—We take produce in exchange for goods.

E. LAVIGNE.

Foundry Street, Lachute.



Just what you want for summer comfort on lawn, porch or in camp, the

"IDEAL" Hammo-Couch

Everywhere replacing the old-fashioned, saggy, shift "half-moon" hammocks. Used as a seat or lounge or as a couch for outdoor sleeping it gives real comfort and years of service.

But be sure you get the genuine "IDEAL" Hammo-Couch—the kind with steel frame supporting the springs. Others have insecure wooden frames, with uncomfortable hard edge. No others have the back support, all-round windshield, adjustable canopy sun-shade and other "IDEAL" features. 35 B

Sold with steel frame support for lawn use, or without if to be hung from porch roof.

TRADE MARK — THE IDEAL GUARANTEED LINE — REGISTERED

The genuine Hammo-Couch bears this trade mark—and gives greatest comfort and service.

Complete with iron frame support and canopy - - -

Hammo-Couch only, with chains to hang from porch roof

Get Yours Here!

(YOUR NAME AND ADDRESS HERE.)

O. B. LAFLEUR & Sons, Limited.

YOUR SATISFACTION IS GUARANTEED

Flour Bran, Shorts, Middlings. Cornmeal, Oatmeal, Buckwheat Flour, Graham Flour, Hay. Oats and all kinds of feed.

I am also agent for all kinds of Massey Harris farm implements. Give us a call and examine our goods, you will find our prices right. Phone No. 73.

W. J. BOYD, Main St., Lachute.

Everything must be Sold!!

Having Sold Out my Property in St. Philippe, I have now decided to run out my entire stock of Goods at wonderful values.

$9,000 STOCK

Comprising Ready-made Clothing, Dry Goods, Hardware, Crockery, Boots and Shoes, & Farming Implements of all kinds.

30 p.c. Discount. Terms Cash or Note.

Also 1 horse, weighing about 1350 lbs., Buggies, Harness etc.

H. PAQUIN, St. Philippe

INDIGESTION RIGHTLY CURED

By Toning Up the Stomach to do the Work Nature Intends It Should.

Indigestion should not be neglected for a moment, for by depriving the body of its proper nourishment through the food, the trouble grows steadily worse. Neither should stimulating medicines, which ruin the already weak stomach by making it work beyond its strength, be used; nor pre-digested foods, which do not excite a flow of the digestive fluids, and by disuse cause the stomach to grow weaker. Nowhere is the tonic treatment by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills more clearly useful. The principle of this treatment is to enable the stomach to do its own work by building up the blood and giving tone to the nerves. When these are once restored to their normal health and indigestion disappears and the cure is permanent. Here is an experience with this treatment. Mr. John Brenenstal, Calgary, Alta., says: "For years I was an almost constant sufferer from indigestion, and naturally because there was much nutritious food which I could not eat owing to the pain and discomfort which followed, I was becoming much run down. I tried many medicines, but none of them helped me until I began the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. After taking a few boxes I was much better and in the course of a couple of months was quite well, and could eat any food set before me."

If you are a sufferer from indigestion, or any trouble due to bad blood or weak nerves, you can begin to cure yourself to-day by taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

"A TERRIBLE DANGER."

Britain Could Not Fight Long, Sir William Ramsay Says.

Sir William Ramsay has drawn attention to the fact that in case of war Great Britain would soon be brought to an absolute standstill for want of ammunition. At the annual meeting of the British Science Guild he pointed out that there is in Great Britain no supply of nitric acid, which is of absolute necessity for the manufacture of explosives.

"England," he says, "relies on the importation of nitrate of soda from Chile and Peru. In a state of war this supply would cease. Foreign ships would intercept the cargoes and a dearth of nitrate would follow."

This, Sir William declared, was "a terrible danger," which should be impressed upon the Government.

"At present," he went on, "we could not carry on war for any length of time, for we should have no explosives. Practically every other country manufactures nitrates from the atmosphere. Whether this pays or not is a matter of secondary importance, and until some steps are taken in this country we are standing on the edge of a precipice."

Scandinavia, Italy, Germany, Switzerland, Austria and Russia possess factories for preparing nitrates from the atmosphere largely for the purposes of agriculture, but also for the making of explosives. Sir William Ramsay advocates the establishment of such factories in Great Britain for extracting the nitrogen from the air by electricity.

In the Growth of Corn

there's a period when the kernels are plumped out with a vegetable milk, most nutritious.

As the corn ripens the "milk" hardens, and finally becomes almost flinty.

Post Toasties

are made from this hard part of choice selected corn.

It is carefully cooked; treated with sugar and salt; rolled into thin bits; then toasted to an appetizing brown—without a hand touching the food.

It has been said that Post Toasties are the most deliciously flavoured particles of cereal food yet produced.

One can render an opinion upon trial.

"The Memory Lingers"

Sold by Grocers.

Made by
Canadian Postum Cereal Co., Ltd.
Windsor, Ontario, Canada.

MEDICAL VALUE OF SPICES.

Not a Food, but Essential Elements in the Diet.

The spices are a very interesting group of substances; they are the foundation of a considerable industry, they have their medical uses and finally are of special importance in dietetics, says the London Lancet.

Their value resides in their richness in aromatic substances and essential oils; strictly speaking, they are not foods, but often enough they are essential elements in the diet. Spices have been the subject of classic research, as, for example, in the clever and important investigation which Pawlow undertook as to the psychic influences of food and as to the value of zest in nutrition.

Spices were shown to arouse appetite and to promote the secretion of the gastric juice, and the role they play therefore in dietetics is a very important one. The medicinal action of some of them is further of value. Allspice, for example, is used as an aromatic and has been successfully administered for flatulency or for overcoming griping due to purgatives, and occasionally it is reported that the oil gives relief in rheumatism and neuralgia.

The medical uses of cinnamon are well known. Cardamoms are used in the form of a tincture as aromatic and stomachic and they are also employed as a flavoring agent in curry powder, cakes and liqueurs. The application of capsicum and the peppers generally are well known. Cloves are aromatic, carminative and stimulant and have been used in dyspepsia, gastric irritation and in cases of vomiting in pregnancy.

Oil of cloves is also a popular remedy for toothache. It has also its uses in microscopy as a preservative and for clearing sections. The uses of nutmeg are wide, vanilla has an enormous application as a flavoring agent, while turmeric enjoys a similar patronage on account of its bright yellow color and pleasant musky flavor.

NO MORE CASTOR OIL.

Mrs. Effie Russell, Granum, Alta., says: "I have used Baby's Own Tablets in place of castor oil and now it is no more oil. I could not do without the Tablets; they are wonderful. Whenever baby is feverish I give him the Tablets and the fever soon disappears. I always keep them in the house and recommend them to my friends." Baby's Own Tablets do not gripe. They are easy to take and absolutely safe. They are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Mrs. Smart—"So these are the china bargains you advertised?" Clerk—"Yes, ma'am; and they're going for little or nothing." Mrs. Smart—"All right. I'll take that blue-bordered dish for nothing."

Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial is prepared from drugs known to the profession as thoroughly reliable for the cure of cholera, dysentery, diarrhoea, griping pains and summer complaints. It has been used successfully by medical practitioners for a number of years with gratifying results. If suffering from any summer complaint it is just the medicine that will cure you. Try a bottle. It sells for 25 cents.

COST OF A LITTLE WAR.

What Italy and Turkey Have Paid for the War.

The Journal des Debats, of Paris, asks what have been the expenses to date of the two belligerents in the Turco-Italian War. It concludes, on the basis of the prevalent estimates on the Paris market, that Turkey has been spending less than one-fourth as much as Italy. These estimates, in American values, are $2,000,000 per month for Turkey and $9,000,000 per month for Italy, the latter average having been much increased when Italy's 120,000 soldiers were being transported to Tripoli. Since the war has now lasted about eight months, the total military outlay should, on this estimate, have been $16,000,000 for Turkey, and upward of $72,000,000 for Italy.

Italy raised the necessary money by selling treasury bonds; Turkey, by borrowing $7,500,000 from the Ottoman Bank, with the understanding that the obligations are to be converted into a $50,000,000 fixed loan, to be issued on the return of peace and to be secured by certain Customs receipts. As modern wars go, this has been a relatively cheap one. As against Italy's estimated daily average outlay of $300,000, the Boer War cost England $1,000,000 per day for two and a half years, and the Manchurian War cost Russia and Japan about $1,500,000 per day apiece during a year and a half of fighting.

A Sunday school teacher, after reading the words "the fowls of the air," turned to her class and asked: "What are the fowls of the air?" After a pause one little girl solved the problem by replying: "Please, miss, it's the bad smells."

SKIN SUFFERERS

Do you realize that to go through life tortured and disfigured by itching, burning, scaly and crusted eczemas, or other skin and scalp humors is unnecessary? For more than a generation, warm baths with

Cuticura Soap

And gentle applications of Cuticura Ointment have proved successful in the most distressing cases, of infants, children and adults, when all else had failed.

Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold by druggists and dealers everywhere, a liberal sample of each, with 32-page booklet on treatment of skin and hair, will be sent, post-free, on application to "Cuticura," Dept. 9M, Boston, U. S. A.

HARD TO TELL.

Mother—Is that Irene at the piano?

Son—Yes, mother.

Mother—Well, go and see what she's doing. If she is practicing, all right, but if she's playing she must stop at once.

A Cure for Rheumatism.—A painful and persistent form of rheumatism is caused by impurities in the blood, the result of defective action of the liver and kidneys. The blood becomes tainted by the introduction of uric acid, which causes much pain in the tissues and in the joints. Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are known to have effected many remarkable cures, and their use is strongly recommended. A trial of them will convince anyone of their value.

"And how is your husband, Aunt Mandy?" asked Mrs. Goodheart. "Po'ly, ma'am, po'ly," replied Aunt Mandy. "He was gittin' along all right, but now de doctah done say he got de convalescence."

When Your Eyes Need Care

Try Murine Eye Remedy. No Smarting—Feels Fine—Acts Quickly. Try it for Red, Weak, Watery Eyes and Granulated Eyelids. Illustrated Book in each Package. Murine is compounded by our Oculists—not a "Patent Medicine"—but used in successful Physicians' Practice for many years. Now dedicated to the Public and sold by Druggists at 25c and 50c per Bottle. Murine Eye Salve in Aseptic Tubes, 25c and 50c.
Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

You may have noticed that about the time a shoe begins to feel comfortable it looks like a candidate for the refuse wagon.

To have the children sound and healthy is the first care of a mother. They cannot be healthy if troubled with worms. Use Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator.

Oxygen gas is sixteen times as heavy as hydrogen.

Minard's Liniment used by Physicians.

Speaking of the so-called weaker sex, you may have noticed that the wife whose word is law never has to call in the police to enforce it.

Holloway's Corn Cure takes the corn out by the roots. Try it and prove it.

The strict mother may make an indulgent grandmother.

Keep Minard's Liniment in the house.

A NEGRO TESTIMONY.

At a prayer meeting in the backwoods of Rhode Island testimonies were requested, and a very old woman tottered to her feet. "I want ter tell this blest company," her voice quavered, "that I have rheumatiz in my back, and rheumatiz in my shoulders, and rheumatiz in my legs, and rheumatiz in my arms, but I have been upheld and comforted by the beautiful Bible verse, 'Grin and bear it.'"



GODMOTHER TO 3,600.

Ex-Empress Eugenie Has Set Aside a Souvenir For Each One.

The godchildren of ex-Empress Eugenie, who recently celebrated her eighty-ninth birthday, number over three thousand six hundred. Many of them are now in middle life, but she still keeps an exact list of her charges, and is said to have set aside some souvenir for each one that is now living.

In spite of her great age the Empress still receives her many friends. It is interesting to note that in royal and official circles, and in society in England and at the foreign courts, she is never spoken of as an "ex-Empress," but always as "Her Imperial Majesty the Empress Eugenie."

Most of her time she spends at her mansion at Farnborough, England. She loves her gardens and insists on supervising the cultivation of the flowers herself. She can often be seen weeding with her own hands, and is most particular that no half withered blossoms should spoil the effects of the rose bushes or plants in which she takes a pardonable pride. She is godmother to more persons than any other woman in the world.

A Pill that Proves its Value.—Those of weak stomach will find strength in Parmelee's Vegetable Pills, because they serve to maintain the healthful action of the stomach and the liver, irregularities in which are most distressing. Dyspeptics are well acquainted with them and value them at their proper worth. They have afforded relief when other preparations have failed, and have effected cures in ailments of long standing where other medicines were found unavailing.

SOUP WAS WEAK.

Diner—Waiter, bring me a glass of water.

Waiter—Certainly, sir, but you already have one glass.

Diner—One is not enough. Get me another. I want to strengthen this soup.

MINARD'S LINIMENT is the only Liniment asked for at my store and the only one we keep for sale.
All the people use it.
HARLIN FULTON.
Pleasant Bay, C. B.

When a woman says she knows how to manage her husband what she really means is that she has learned how to put up with his irritable ways.

Minard's Liniment Lumberman's Friend.

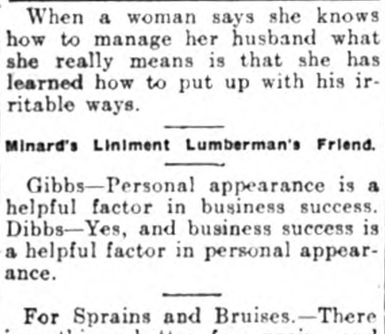
Gibbs—Personal appearance is a helpful factor in business success. Dibbs—Yes, and business success is a helpful factor in personal appearance.

For Sprains and Bruises.—There is nothing better for sprains and contusions than Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. It will reduce the swelling that follows a sprain, will cool the inflamed flesh and draw the pain as if by magic. It will take the ache out of a bruise and prevent the flesh from discoloring. It seems as if there was magic in it, so speedily does the injury disappear under treatment.

It is always the open season for killing time.

Ask for Minard's and take no other.

"I wish," said the dashing bride, "that we could arrange to take our wedding trip in an airship." "I don't know," replied the cautious youth. "whether it would be well to take chances on being obliged to take our first falling out so seriously."



TWAIN AND THE OFFICE BOY.

Mark Twain did not cherish a fondness for the average office boy. He had an idea that the genus was insufferable, and invariably when the humorist sallied forth into some business office there was immediate armed hostility between him and the boy.

One day Mark went to see a friend at his office, and the office boy on guard, in icy tones, said:

"Whom do you wish to see?"

Mark mentioned his friend's name.

"What do you want to see him about?" came next from the boy.

Mark Twain immediately froze up, and then with a genial smile he said:

"Tell him, please, I want to ask his hand in holy matrimony."

Five cups of this most delicious beverage for one cent
LIPTON'S TEA
GOES FARTHEST FOR THE MONEY



The New Perfection Heating Plate

has proved a great convenience to all users of the

New Perfection
WICK BLUE FLAME
Oil Cook-stove

This year we are selling
The New Perfection Broiler
The New Perfection Toaster
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GETTING HOME.

A great French divine, preaching a sermon on the duty of wives, said:—"I see in this congregation a woman who has been repeatedly guilty of breaking her matrimonial pledge of obedience to her husband, and to point her out I will cast my breviary at her head." He lifted his book, and immediately every married woman's head in the congregation ducked.

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MR. CARLOTTI'S FACE

Yessir (agreed the big waiter complacently, as he pocketed a tip), I do pretty well here; very comfortable, as you might say.

I've had several promotions since I first came; and sometimes, when I gives the wife her housekeepin' money, she says it's more'n she ever expected to be gettin'—even in a dream, after hot roast pork for supper.

No; I wasn't always in London. Fact is, I haven't been up here so very many years. At one time I lived in a seaside place, and I don't s'pose I should ever have got on as I have, if it hadn't been for Mr. Carlotti's face.

It's rather a funny little story, sir, if you've got five minutes to spare. Oh, yes; all my other tables are empty! Now's a very slack time o' day with us, just this hour or so.

Mr. Carlotti kep' the restaurong I worked at, down by the sea there. It was a fairly big place on the front, opposite the clock-tower, but cheap and nasty. Full o' day-trippers, more often than not—folks who wanted a good, square meal for about sevenpence-'a-penny, and who afterwards went away with any odd coppers that other and more respectable customers had left for me under their plates.

It was work, work, work, from mornin' till night. Old Carlotti was a reg'lar slave-driver, and his temper was beastly. He'd flare up in a rage for the least thing, wave his arms about, and shout yards o' stuff at you in his own language that no decent person understood.

He'd always fix his little, black, beady eyes on you. If you went fast he stood in your way, and if you went slow he rowed you somethink horrible. His face got on my nerves from the very start—the sort of face you longed to push your fist up against, only you were afraid of losin' your job if you did so.

One day I was surprised. 'Twasn't often I was paid compliments on my waitin' at table. A gentleman came in—a cut above the usual sort we got at Carlotti's, as I could see with 'alf an eye. So I took particular trouble over him; and when he got up to go he put a card in my hand, and said, if ever I wanted a berth in London, I was to call at his restaurong.

Hambledon, his name was. Yes—to your right; he's the proprietor here.

But I was explainin' to you about old Carlotti's face, and how irritating it was. Well, the end happened about six months afterwards—just what I'd been trying to avoid. A party of excursionists made a fuss, saying I'd kept them a full hour over their lunch. As if I could help their fearful and wonderful appetites!

Anyway, Carlotti beckoned me up and began to slang me. Called me Italian names. Said I was a large English fool. Flesh and blood couldn't stand it, sir.

I pulled off my apron, and I jumped on it; told him part of what I thought of him; smashed a few plates. Then I took my hat, and walked out of the place for good. Who'd blame me? You wouldn't, would you, sir?

But I hadn't much money saved, as you can guess, and I soon found that gettin' another situation in that town was pretty near impossible. 'Cause why? Old Carlotti wouldn't give me a character.

Tried for all sorts of work, I did. I'm a good size, as you see, sir, and strong with it, but I've only really learnt one trade in my life, and all I could manage was a few odd, badly-paid jobs 'ere and there.

Things got desp'rate at last. I'd pawned all my spare clothes and things. Met old Carlotti one morning, and he fairly chuckled over me. I wonder how I kept my hands off him. Said he wondered I didn't go up to London and take the fine job I'd been offered. I'd mentioned, you see, what Mr. Hambledon 'ad 'alf promised.

"You 'ave not the train-fare—aha!" said old Carlotti, going off cackling like a hen that had laid an egg.

He was quite right, too. That's what was stoppin' me. I'd written to Mr. Hambledon, but I thought he'd very likely forgotten me—quite natural. My only chance was to see him myself; then I was pretty sure he'd know me again and remember his promise.

Mis'rable like, I walked along the promenade, and presently I found myself on the pier. I don't rec'lect payin' at the turnstile. I know, if I'd been thinkin' what I was doin', I'd 'ave kep' a tight hold of the penny, because there was only one more in my pocket. Yessir; funds was as low as that.

Now, you know all those automatic machines they nearly always have on piers? Chocolates or matches you get, or you can weigh yourself, or make little horses run races and toy figures play cricket.

On this pier they had a punching-ball.

I stopped and looked at it, sir. There was a dial at the back, with a hand which ran around to diff'rent numbers, according to how hard you hit. You put a penny in the slot, o' course, and if you made the pointer go round to "1,000" you got your money back.

"I'd do it easy," I said to myself, "if that ball was only old Carlotti's face.

With eyes and a mouth, too, it wouldn't have been unlike him. He had no nose to speak of, or hair either. I glared a bit; then, before I could stop myself, if you understand me, sir, I'd slipped in my penny.

It 'ud be some satisfaction, at any rate, to imagine I was punching Carlotti—about all the satisfaction I should ever get, I reckoned, out of the old bounder.

So I pulled the ball down level with my shoulder, like the instructions said, and I stepped up close and I gave it such a welt as would ha' knocked the little beast, Carlotti, into the middle o' next week. I've got good muscles on me, sir.

The clock-hand whizzed round to the "1,000" mark like lightning. Then there was a click, and out o' the little hole where my penny should ha' dropped there came a stream o' coppers, one after the other. They fell about all over the shop just like hailstones!

I was knocked stupid for a second, then I stooped down and grabbed hold of 'em. There was ninepence, sir—solid truth. I jingled 'em in my hand, and I thought hard, staring at that machine, and puckering up my brow.

"Oh, you're out of order!" I said after a bit. "Well, let's see if I can't smack a bit more out of you, my beauty!"

In I poked another penny, and I arranged the ball nicely.

"Somethink else for you, Carlotti!" I said. "Same as before!" And I let drive.

Now, I hope you'll believe me, sir, when I say I scored another "1,000" with the pointer, and out poured more pennies—mine and twelve to keep it company; thirteen altogether. I began to wonder if I was dreaming.

"Easy way of earnin' a livin'!" I laughed to myself. "Once more, Carlotti, old boy!"

But that time, though I hit harder, if anythink, only my own penny fell out. The blessed machine was empty, I could see. I'd cleaned it bare, like old Mother Hubbard's cupboard, sir.

Off I went, though, and sure enough, when I strolled back, 'alf an hour afterwards, a party of cyclists were wasting their money. Good gracious, sir, their feeble little taps wouldn't have hurt a fly!

I watched till they'd gone; then I had a shot myself, and out come tenpence!

All I had to do, apparently, was to sit quiet and wait for customers, as it were. There seemed to be a small fortune in the business. But I guessed the pier people 'ud turn suspicious if I hung about doing nothink; so I bought a cheap fishin' line, and joined the folks danglin' 'em from the platform underneath.

I never troubled about bait. From there I could hear quite plain when a bang sounded from the machine.

"Hello," I'd say to myself, "another penny for the old firm!"

And when the excursion steamer had landed its passengers, and I reckoned it was worth my while, I tied up my fishin'-line, and took a stroll; doubled my fist, scored the "1,000," and picked up one and thrupence off the pier floor. One and three!

That night I got a supper and a bed somewhere. Next morning I was back again. I'm not exaggerating in the very slightest, sir, when I say I made over ten shillings in three days—punched it out o' the poor machine.

I was seen at last, and it got to be a standing joke with the visitors. Lots of 'em tried the same game; but either they couldn't get the knack, or they hadn't the strength. All they did was to raise my takings.

I forgot to tell you, sir, that on the second day old Carlotti must ha' heard somethink about me, because he came on the pier. I never noticed him till I'd done collecting some coppers off the ground.

"I've nearly got my fare to London," I said, laughing at him. "See? I make out that ball's you," I said, "and I never score less than the '1,000.'"

"You swindle!" he choked out. "I write to the automatic company! I tells them! You geta locked up!"

I began to wonder if I'd let myself in for trouble. But on the fourth day a chap came down to see me—one o' their inspectors.

"The company admits it's their own fault," he said. "You're entitled to the money you've won; they can't deny that. Now I'm going to put the spring right."

He did, too—not 'alf, sir! Made it work so stiff that I had one try, but even I myself could hardly score "500." That precious company meant to get their money back—no mistake about that.

Same morning I went into Carlotti's restaurong as a customer. Ordered a bottle of lemonade, and drank it extra slow, so's to have the pleasure o' seeing him gnash his teeth and roll his eyes.

When I'd done, and told the new girl who served me what poor stuff it was, I went up to the counter.

"Thank you," I said. "Thank you, Carlotti, old boy! I've made quite a lot of money, all owin' to your ugly face! Much obliged to you!"

He spluttered, and shook his fist at me.

"Now I'm off to London to get that job!" I said. "Dare say I shall ride second-class! None of your 'thirds' for me!"

He as near as possible exploded, sir.

And I walked along to the station, and came up to town; found this address, and Mr. Hambledon, being short-handed, very kindly gave me a trial.

Now I see I'm wanted (concluded the big waiter, rather hurriedly) at that table over by the window, so I'll be moving. Yessir, thank you, sir—and the same to you, sir! Goo'-day, sir!—London Answers.

READING IN BED.

Not Injurious to the Eyes if a Few Rules Are Observed.

To those addicted to the practice of reading in bed the remarks of Dr. Carl Seiler will be of interest. He states that there is no valid reason to be urged against using the eyes in a proper manner in a recumbent position—such use is the least tiresome and can be persisted in for longer periods without damage than any other position, says the London Globe.

We all know that grave damage is often done by reading in a recumbent posture, but therein possibly some oculists are at fault. Had it been the universal practice during the last twenty or thirty years to give careful directions how to read lying down instead of saying to one and all, "You must not read lying down," there would be less near sight and better eyes in the community than now exist.

Three easily avoided errors cause all the harm possible from reading lying down, the first often leading to the other two. They are insufficient or wrongly directed light, short reading distance, and tipping the book out of a plane at right angles to the line of vision.

If, however, every one reading lying down will so arrange his lounge or bed that the light comes over the head without striking the eyes, and falls well upon the page; if he will hold his book at a long reading distance and take care that the line of letters shall be at right angles to the line of vision he can be sure of doing his eyes no more harm than if he were sitting up.

More than this, there is much positively in favor of reading lying down. Dr. Seiler concludes: "The recumbent posture allows more rest of the bodily structures than the sitting posture, and there is greater possibility of resting and repair in that position."

HER YEARNING.

Little Marjorie Louise leaned on her grandmama's knee and gazed into space with a particularly soulful expression.

"Oh, grandmother," she burst out, suddenly, "I just long to grow up and be a big lady and have corns!"

HOME

DAINTY DISHES.

Chocolate Whipped Cream.—One-half square of chocolate, one-half cup of heavy cream, three tablespoons sugar, one-half teaspoon vanilla, one-eighth cup boiling water. Melt chocolate over boiling water, add sugar and hot water. Cook till smooth, add vanilla. Whip cream; when partly thickened gradually whip in chocolate mixture and continue till stiff to bottom of bowl.

Chocolate Cream Cake.—One egg white, two tablespoons butter, four tablespoons milk, one-half cup sugar, three-quarters cup flour, one egg yoke, one and one-quarter teaspoons baking powder, one-half teaspoon vanilla. Cream butter, add sugar gradually and egg yolk well beaten. Mix and sift together flour and baking powder and add alternately to first mixture with milk. Add egg whites beaten stiff and bake in layer-cake pan in a moderate oven. Put together with jam and pile chocolate whipped cream on top.

French Fried Potatoes. — Wash and pare small potatoes, cut in eighths lengthwise and soak one hour in cold water. Take from water, dry between towels and fry in deep fat hot enough to brown a bit of bread in three minutes. Drain on plenty of crumbled brown paper, dust with salt and serve at once.

Macedoine of Chops.—Four English chops, one tablespoon mushrooms (if desired), one cup stock, one-quarter cup peas, one-quarter cup carrot balls, one tablespoon butter, one-half cup potato balls, two tablespoons flour, three button onions, salt and pepper to taste. Saute chops slightly in butter, remove to low casserole, and add flour to fat in frying pan. Gradually stir in stock, and add the onion, carrot and potato balls, which should be previously cooked in salted water. Stir in peas, add mushrooms and seasonings and pour over chops. Set in hot oven seven minutes. Serve from casserole.

Lettuce Salad—Wash and drain lettuce leaves, dry to remove the water. Rub salad bowl with a clove or garlic. Sprinkle with oil, a few drops at a time, tossing gently after each addition. When each leaf glistens with oil, shake over a few drops of vinegar, then dust with salt and pepper and a sprig or two of chopped chives, parsley and fresh tarragon, if convenient.

Spanish Cream—Two sticks gelatin or one teaspoon granulated gelatin, one egg yolk, one tablespoon cold water, two tablespoons sugar, three tablespoons boiling water, few grains salt, two-thirds cup milk, one egg white, one-fourth teaspoon flavoring. Soften gelatin in cold water, add boiling water and dissolve. Heat milk in a double boiler. Beat egg yolks, add sugar and salt, and add gradually the hot milk. Return to double boiler and cook until it coats the spoon, stirring constantly. Add gelatin and flavoring and fold in egg whites. Pour into cold, wet molds to harden. Serve with soft custard or whipped cream.

Asparagus Eggs, to Serve Six — Two cups rich milk or light cream, few grains pepper, two tablespoons pastry flour, one cup asparagus cut in inch lengths, two tablespoons butter, one-half teaspoon salt, six fresh eggs, two tablespoons grated Parmesan cheese. Make a sauce of the first five ingredients. Add asparagus and when hot slip in the eggs, very gently and poach till set over hot water. Sprinkle with salt, pepper, grated cheese and serve on buttered toast.

Pineapple Charlotte Russe, for Six—One cup of heavy cream, three tablespoons powdered sugar, one egg white, one-half teaspoon vanilla or orange extract, one and one-half dozen ladyfingers, one and one-half cups rich cooked pineapple. Beat cream till stiff, beat egg till dry, gradually whipping in the sugar. Add extract, then combine with cream, folding mixtures together. Line glass cups with ladyfingers, place four tablespoons of the pineapple in the bottom of cup and fill with the charlotte mixture. Garnish with candied violets or rose leaves and serve very cold.

PREPARING VEGETABLES.

Cucumbers a la Poulette.—Take three large cucumbers, pare off the rind and cut them into slices of an equal thickness. Pick out the seeds, and boil the cucumbers tender in boiling water with a teaspoonful of salt, and a tablespoonful of vinegar. When done, take them carefully out with a slice, and when drained, put them into a stewpan with a half of a pint of broth, a piece of butter rolled in flour, and two teaspoonfuls of cream. Skim off any fat which may rise, and boil it gently for a quarter of an hour, taking care that the slices of cucumber are not broken. When ready to serve, stir in the yolks of two eggs, beaten with a spoonful of vinegar.

Making Kidney Soup.—Bring two quarts of stock or water to the boil, add two stalks of celery, two onions, one carrot and one turnip cut into small pieces, add one blade of mace and cook very slowly for two and a half hours, when it must be strained. Wash and dry a fresh ox kidney. Remove all the fat from the middle and cut up the kidney into half-inch pieces. Put one heaping tablespoonful of butter into a saucepan, when brown fry the kidney in it. Stir in one tablespoonful of flour and mix well, add one teaspoonful of salt, half a teaspoonful of mustard, half a teaspoonful of pepper and one teaspoonful of sugar. Now add three cupfuls of water, stir over the fire till they boil. Cook very slowly for two hours, stirring frequently. Return the strained stock to the pot and add the kidney to it. Moisten two tablespoonfuls of cornstarch with three tablespoonfuls of cold water, pour it into the soup, stirring till boils. When the soup is ready, if not brown enough add a few drops of kitchen bouquet.

Fried Eggplant.—Peel a good-sized eggplant; cut it into slices of a quarter of an inch. Dust with salt and pepper; dip in beaten egg; roll in bread crumbs and saute in very hot fat. When they are brown on one side, turn and brown on the other. Dry on brown paper. Eggplant may be fried in deep fat, providing the slices are cut thin, then into halves, and well covered with egg and bread crumbs.

Okra with Rice.—Wash and cut one quart of okra into thin slices, peel five tomatoes and cut into halves, or use one can of tomatoes. Put the tomatoes with the okra into a saucepan, add two cupfuls of boiling water, one level teaspoonful of salt, seasoning of pepper and one sliced onion, cover the saucepan, and simmer very gently for one hour. Wash and boil one cupful of rice, then drain and dry it well. When ready to serve, arrange the rice in pyramid on a hot platter, pour round the okra.

USEFUL HINTS.

Rice to be a useful article of food should be stewed with milk, butter or stock, which will supply the want of natural fat.

To strach black lawns boil two quarts of wheat bran in six quarts of water for thirty-five minutes. Let it cool and then strain. No soap is necessary where this is used, as it both cleanses and stiffens.

A good way to wash bottles or vinegar cruets is to put crushed egg shells and warm soapy water together in them and shake well. This will clean the glass well and will not scratch it.

To protect your rolling pin and board in absolute cleanliness is to make coverings for them of unbleached muslin. Having drawing strings and loops sufficiently strong to hold them when the bags are hung up.

The hands can be cleansed better with warm water than with cold, but they should always be rinsed afterwards with cold water, as this keeps them in better condition.

Sweet oil applied with a soft flannel is excellent for cleaning bronze. Brush all the dust out first, then rub the object with the oil, using as little as possible. Polish first with a soft duster, then with a chamois leather.

As soon as the cooking has been cleared away pour a few drops of oil of lavender into a basin of boiling water. In a very short time the odor of the cooking will have disappeared, and the air of the apartment be pure and fresh.

Fried rice is a pleasing change from the more conventional fried mush. The rice should be boiled in milk instead of water, and seasoned with sugar, salt and a few drops of lemon juice. Mold as you would ordinary mush. When cold, cut into slices about three-quarters of an inch thick, roll in beaten egg to which a little water has been added, and then in crumbs. Saute in bacon fat or butter, or brown in deep fat.

A QUAINT DUTCH CUSTOM.

Boys Sing and Beat Drums on Floor of Exchange.

Of the many quaint and curious customs, traditions and privileges prevailing in Holland none is more extraordinary than a certain privilege that has been enjoyed by the boys of Amsterdam for nearly three hundred years.

At a fixed time each summer these boys gather by the hundreds in the great square called the Dam, situated in the centre of the city. Each boy has a drum slung over his shoulder.

Facing this square is the Stock Exchange, and, on the occasion in question, just as soon as the day's business is over, as many of the boys as can crowd into the building. They proceed to the floor of the exchange, where pursuant to this odd custom they are permitted to march about, singing and beating upon their drums.

The origin of this custom, it is said, is as follows:

One afternoon in the year 1622 a crowd of boys playing in the Dam lost a ball in the canal that in those days skirted one side of the square. One of the lads, while climbing in among the piles on which the building stood, found instead of his ball a boat moored in a dark corner and loaded with boxes of gunpowder. This showed clearly enough what was afterward ascertained with certainty, the intention of the Spanish conspirators to blow up the Stock Exchange while it was crowded, as it was every day, with the leading citizens of the city.

The boy who stumbled upon the gunpowder at once hurried to the town authorities with his news. The boatload of explosives was quietly sunk in the canal and the Spanish plot thus frustrated.

When the burgesses asked the boy what reward he desired for the service he had rendered the town he replied that so long as there was a Stock Exchange in Amsterdam the boys of the town would like to be permitted to make the floor of the exchange their playground during a certain part of the year. The request was granted and so the custom survives.



THE COUNTESS OF WARWICK AND TWO OF HER CHILDREN.

The photo shows the Countess of Warwick and her two youngest children, the Hon. Maynard Greville, and Lady Mercy Greville.

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White Front

CUSHING.

—:o:—

Miss Grace Weir, of Whitby, Ont. is home for the summes vacation.

Miss Wilson, of Montreal, is staying at Mrs. C. L. Cooke's.

Mr. A. Walford, of Montreal, spent Dominion Day with his family at Pine Cottage.

Miss Beatrice Heasley, of Lachine, was the guest of Mrs. W. J. Canning for a few days this week.

Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Bryant, motored up from the City on Saturday and spent Sunday and Monday here guests of their cousins Mr. E. and Miss M. Whelehan.

Mr. and Mrs. S. Whelehan, of Montreal also spent Sunday with their friends in Cushing.

Mr. J. Morrison, of Hawkesbury, was a guest of his cousin Mr. Percy Nicholls this week.

The Misses Ross, of Kingston, have arrived and are occupyeng the residence of Mr. W. J. King.

Two of the number, Messrs. Knight and McMahon, were so pleased with the place and people that they are staying over another week.

Messrs. T. Derrick, and G. Nicholls spent a couple of days this week in St. Sdholasque attending the celebrated trial of the C.N.R. vs. Brokimoar.

The men of the Westmount Battery who were camping at the old Locks left for Montreal on Monday after a very pleasant weeks outing during which they made many friends in the vicinity.

On Wednesday, June the 28th, the marriage was quietly celebrated of Miss Mary daughter of Mr. James Watson to Mr. Notman M. Dowd son of H. S. Dowd of Ottawa. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Mr. Fraser of St. Mango's in the presence of the immediate relatives of the contracting parties. The young couple left the same evening for Quebec where they intend to reside. The best wishes of the community go with them for a future of happiness and prosperity.

Cheap Sale.

Selling out much lower than cost any and everything must be cleared off within a month, no reasonable offer refused. Before you buy elsewhere. Come and see our fashionable hats, vests, etc., at ridiculous low price, save money by buying now. We will sell also sewing machines, safe, show case, fixtures

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Our $10.00 and $12.00 Suits are perfect in fit and style. The cloth is excellent also. We buy only from the best makers. W. BANFORD & SON.



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Of Ladies' And Men's Summer Foot-wear

Special Offers for Cash

100 pr. Women's Laced Dongola, 100 pr. Women's Pums and Oxfords, 50 pr White Canvas Shoes at 25 p.c. discount; 25 Tan and Choc. Laced Boots, reg $3 & $4 at $2; 50 Men's Patent Leather $4.50 and $5 now for $3.00. Extra special bargains in Men's strong working boots. Don't forget that we are the Slater Shoe agents for this town and carry the latest styles in stock. Slater footwear has correct shape, fit perfectly and wear the longest. What more do you want in shoes?

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We also handle Flour and Feed in large quantities. Ice Cream supplied by the gallons or in bricks. Choice Confectionery, Fruits, Etc. in season.

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NEW SPRING Carpets, Rugs, Curtains and Linoleums.

Just Arrived from Great Britain.

They are a handsome collection. Come in and see them. We can save you from $5.00 to $10.00 on a carpet by buying from us.

RUGS in all the leading sizes and shades in Wilton's, Axminsters, Brussels, Tapestry, Union and Wools.

ONE THOUSAND yards Carpet, less 25 per cent or $1.00 for 75c., 80c. for 60c., 50c. for 37½c.

English and Scotch Cork Linoleums in 1, 2, 3, 3½ and 4 yards wide. Our prices cannot be matched for quality.

New Wall Papers, Paints and Varnishes, Alabastine, in fact everything for fixing up the house, and at prices that we have no competition.

McFAUL BROS., West End

Professional & Commercial.

DR. HENRY MURPHY,
V.S., B.V.Sc.
Main Street, - Lachute,
Veterinary Serums and Vaccines a Specialty.

DR. G. A. CLUNIE, L.D.S.
Surgeon Dentist
Office over Banford's Store.
Absent Tuesday only.

DR. HUGH. B. FRASER, B.A
Physicin & Surgeon.
Brownsburg, Que.
Graduate of McGill Medical College.

DR. T. W. BANNERMAN,
B.A., M.D., C.M., L.R.C., P., Ed., L.R.C., S., Ed., L.F.P. & S., Gl.
Lachute.

DR. J. H. MASON,
Physician & Surgeon.
Main St., Lachute,
Office hours;—8 to 10 a.m., 1 to 3 p.m. and 7 to 9 p.m.

DR. HUGH McCONNELL,
Surgeon Dentist
Will be in his office every day except Tuesday.
Opposite T. Christie's Drug Store.

DR. EDMOND DUROCHER,
Veterinary Surgeon,
Ste. Scholastique, - Que.,
Bell Telephone No. 14.
Consultation and attendance Day and Night.

PETER CRUISE,
Licensed Auctioneer,
Sales conducted in both French and English.
Lachute Mills. - Que

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Advocate,
Roby's Block.
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Notary Public,
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Money to loan on security.
Office . Bethany Street.

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(Successor to Dr. Menzies)
West Ward, Lachute. Phone 24.

CALGARY
PRAIRIE DIAMOND

Are you satisfied with your Investments?

Have you any desire to have your $ $ $ earn more Golden Coin? If so, clip out this Coupon and get free information how this is accomplished.

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I shall be pleased to receive your book } Name.....
How Dollars Grow while you sleep! } Address.....

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Some Special Features of the
LAYTON BROS., PIANOS.



1. Gold Medal check repeating action
2. Finest sounding boards imported from the United States,
3. Five ply compound sectional tuning-pin block,
4. Full iron frame,
5. Grand Scales, and overstrung bass,
6. Dulcephone silencing stop (for practice,)
7. Hammers of finest German felt, Fully guaranteed 10 years.

Used in over 100 Convents and Institutions.
Endorsedby leading Musicians.
Prices $320. and $350.
Payable $7. monthly.
Liberal discount for cash.

WM. BERRY
MAIN ST. - LACHUTE

Are you sick of that old stove of yours?



Maybe you have decided to get a new one but in doubt what to buy. Let us help you to decide and to do so wisely.

—:o:—

We have a large stock to select from for coal or wood. They are the latest designs in Stoves and Ranges by the best stove manufacturers of Canada, and in buying from us you take no chances on getting repairs as we keep a stock on hand and cast or procure them for you on short notice.

—:o:—

Call in and look the stock over and make your choice.

T. McOuat & Son, Lachute.

The Watchman,

And Ottawa Valley Advocate.

VOL. XXXVI — LACHUTE, FRIDAY, JULY 12, 1912. — NO. 25

Spring Greens!

Lettuce, Celery and Green Onions direct from the Greenhouse every Friday.

Ripe Tomatoes, Pine-apple and Bananas now in.

As we make a specialty of fruits and vegetables you can depend on getting fresh goods and only the very best that goin.

We also keep a good assortment of fresh, smoked and salted fish. We get a new stock of them every week.

P. PAQUIN, Lachute.

Central Market, - Main Street, Lachute.

The People's Restaurant.

Mr. P. Goyette wishes to inform the public that he is now occupying his new premises in Brownsburg and will be able to serve his many patrons better than ever before. He will always keep fresh goods and of the best kinds at reasonable prices. Fruits and garden vegetables fresh every week. Lunches served at all hours and on shortest notice.

Richelieu and Ontario Navigation Company

R & O Nav Co — Niagara to the Sea

Montreal-Quebec-Saguenay Line. Steamers leave Montreal at 7.00 p.m.

Toronto-Rochester-Montreal Line. Steamers leave Montreal commencing June 1st, daily except Sunday.

Montreal-Bay of Quinte-Hamilton line.—Steamer "Belleville" leaves Montreal every Friday at 7.00 p.m. commencing May 3rd.

Strictly Pure Paris Green.

Plenty of it on hand all the time, don't let the bugs get ahead of you.

T. McOUAT & SON.

Our $10.00 and $12.00 Suits are perfect in fit and style. The cloth is excellent also. We buy only from the best makers. W. BANFORD & SON.

Seasonable Goods. Screen Doors and Window Screens, Oil Stoves and Ice Cream Freezers, Hammocks and Hamo Couches, Lawn Mowers, Lawn Rakes, Lawn Sprinklers, Hose, Nozzles, Watering Cans, Etc., Etc.

T. McOUAT & SON.

LOST.—From Lake Sir John, a young collie dog of light tan and grey colour. Party returning same to Mr. J. McGibbon's livery stable will be rewarded.

The young people of Upper Lachute intend having their annual picnic in Mr. Andrew Doig's grove (the camping ground) on Tuesday July 16th '12. Everybody welcome.

BUSH LOT FOR SALE.—The undersigned will receive tenders up to the 1st of August, for purchase of a one hundred (100) acre lot. Ninty (90) acres in solid bush. Principally Maple, Birch, Elm, and Cedar, within one and a half miles from the town of Lachute by winter road. Apply to

P. S. DUNBAR,
Lachute, Que.

CRESWELL'S

Popular Ice Cream Parlors

Enthusiastically Endorsed

OPEN DAILY

Intelligent attention assured.

"LOWNEY'S" High-Class Chocolates.

FRUIT.

GEO. H. CRESWELL.

ROBERT McFAUL

The House of Fair Dealing.

A Visit to Our Store

Will convince you that there is every inducement held out for you to deal with us. Because we only handle goods that are the best value for your money and always reliable. Our Grocery Department is always strictly up to the mark with the Choicest of Goods that are Strictly Fresh.

The Time is Coming

And rapidly, too, when you will be thinking of Spring Cleaning. Just here we want to tell you that we have a splendid assortment of Wall Papers, of pretty designs and latest patterns, also paints, varnishes, alabastine etc.

Phone No. 2

And we will show you that Courtesy and prompt attention are part of our business that will afford you pleasure in dealing with us.

The One-Priced Store Main St., Lachute

LOCAL NEWS.

Mr. Payan, of Montreal, spent Sunday in town.

Mr. H. Slater spent the week-end in Montreal.

Miss Barron is visiting friends at 16 Island Lake.

Rev Mr. Cliff spent the early part of the week in town.

Mr and Mrs. Thos. Wilson are visiting friends in Arundel.

Mrs. Thos. McOuat left on Saturday for 16 Island Lake.

Mr. T. W. Patterson spent Friday of last week in Ottawa.

Miss Violet Kennedy is in town the guest of her mother.

Mr. H. Cottrell, Real Estate Agent, was in town last week.

Mr. Hugh and Miss Isabelle Kearns spent Sunday in town.

The Misses Buchan are spending a few days at Meach Lake, Que.

Mr. McIntyre, of Ottawa, is the guest of his sister, Mrs. Brunton.

Miss Margaret Pollock left on Friday to visit friends in Belleville.

Mrs. Thos. White, of Lachine, is the guest of Mrs. Geo. Armstrong.

Mr. and Mrs. McBurney spent a few days last week at Lake Louisa.

Miss Lowell and Constance Banford spent the week-end in the city.

Messrs. John Calder and Elmer Giles left on Monday last for Levis, Que.

Mrs. Jas. McFaul and family are spending this month at Lake Louisa.

Mr. Frank Brennian and Harold Banford sail on Saturday for England.

Mrs. Given and the Misses DeLilse left on Friday for a months visit to Quyon.

Miss Myra Conlin has returned home from Montreal and is visiting her mother.

Mrs. Westwood and family of Montreal, are spending the summer months in town

Mrs. Nap. Boivin is visiting friends at Quebec and Lake St. John for a few weeks.

Miss Elsie Woodhouse, of Montreal, was the guest of Mrs. J. R. McOuat over Sunday.

Mrs. Lamb and little daughter, of Grenville, are guests of Dr. and Mrs. Christie.

Mr. and Mrs Moody, of Terrebonne, spent last week-end the guest of Mr. Wm. Robertson.

Mrs. Wm. Clanson and son, of Pembroke, are the guests of her father Mr. John Armstrong.

Miss Ethel Moore, of Montreal, spent Sunday in town the guest of her aunt, Mrs. Thos. Moore.

The evening service in the Baptist Church will be held at 7.30 p.m. during the summer months.

Mr. J. S. Robinson, of Toronto, is spending a few days in town the guest of Mr. H. R. Hammond.

Mr. Blair, of Three Rivers, spent the early part of the week in town, the guest of Mrs. Thos. Christie.

Miss Hampton offers her stock of hats for 79c each. Values up to $2.50. A bargain for early buyers.

The Masonic Order will attend Divine Service on Sunday morning next at 10.30 in the Methodist Church.

Col. and Mrs. Farr, of Montreal, are the guests of Mrs. Jas. McFaul and Mrs. Robt. Hamilton for the summer months.

The Misses Gracie and Marjorie Morris and Mr. Ernest Morris, of Chicago, were the week-end guests of Mrs. T. Moore.

Mrs. John Ne... was visiting her many friends ... returned to her home in Lon... ednesday last.

Mrs. F. Walland and Mr. McDonald, of Genoa, left on Wednesday for Saskatoon, and Miss Reta Latta, for Cowley, Alta.

Mrs. Wm. Elliott, of Westmount, spent the early part of this week in town the guest of her daughter, Mrs. E. H. Wilson.

Mr. A. MacVicar was in Harrington this week attending the wedding of Mr. David MacVicar and Miss Minnie Bennett.

Mrs. Hanna who has been visiting her neice Miss E. Creswell for the past week returned home to Montreal on Sunday last.

Mr. and Mrs. MacKay and two daughters, of Montreal, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. John Hope prior to their departure for Lake Louisa.

Mr. and Mrs Eugene Jousse were in Cornwall this week the guests of Rev. and Mrs. Bruneau and to attend the wedding of Miss Bruneau on July 9th.

The 1st Pilgrimage to St. Anne de Beaupre took place on Tuesday last. Quite a number left from town and as the weather was perfect, the excursion proved a great success.

The engagement is announced of Miss Jessie Raitt, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jas. W Raitt (formally of Lachute, Que.,) Elmonton, South side, to Mr. Richard Clarence Pattee, son of Dr. and Mrs. R. P. Pattee, Hawkesbury, Ont. The marriage will take place August 7th at the home of the bride's uncle Mr. William B. Walker, Chilliwack, B. C.

Just a word Please, to catch the ear of our new autoists.—Although the automobile may be one of the inevitables to which we must bow, why should its approach on our public roads be heralded in tones neither musical nor cultured? Whatever attractions the siren of ancient mythology may have possessed, it is certain the modern article fails utterly to charm either the twentieth century horse or his lady driver. Afflictions may betimes have their uses, but in all reason, with the potatobug, the caterpillar, and the hobble skirt, there surely could be no real pressing need for this latest nuisance. Do please cut it out, and oblige.—SUAN.

Orangemen Celebrate.

Today the Orangemen are holding a Grand Celebration in Drennan's Grove and everything points to a good time. It is expected that there will be a large influx of members from surrounding lodges. A band will be in attendance and several prominent speakers will address the gathering. Mr. Hamilton, the popular baker, confectioner & caterer for the town, will serve dinners and provide refreshments at popular prices.

The following strange story is clipped from the Christian Guardian of July 3rd.

The building in which Father Chiquet, of Waterville, Que held services having burned down, the Orange Lodge Room was opened to him, and here the Roman Catholic congregation worshipped and mass was celebrated until the new Roman Catholic church was completed. And it is not on record that either the Orangemen or the Roman Catholics suffered. Such incidents do much to moderate religious bigotry.

DALESVILLE.

Mr. and Mrs. Tasse have gone to Laurel for a lengthy visit.

Mrs. Knott and family are summer guests of Mrs. R. McCormick.

Mr. and Mrs. Stephenson, of Dunany, were recent guests of Mrs. Hugh Morrow.

Mr. A. MacArthur, B.A. of Montreal, is summering in Dalesville and Louisa.

Mr. T. R. Cregreen, has returned to the city after spending a pleasant holiday in Dalesville.

Mrs. R. S. MacArthur, with Master Robert and Miss Jeannette has returned from New York.

The Misses. E. and K. Murdoch, have returned from Montreal, and will spend the summer in Dalesville.

Mr. and Mrs. Hadley and Miss Hairshaw, of Montreal, were recent guests of the Misses Murdoch.

An ice cream social will be held on the manse lawn on Tuesday evening, July 16 An excellant programme is being prepared and a good time is promised to all who attend.

The Annual S. S. picnic was held on Friday last in Campbell's grove. There was a very large attendance of both old and young and a most enjoyable time was spent.

A delightful picnic at Lake Louisa was enjoyed by a number of our young people on Monday of this week. The water was just right for bathing and other purposes and the inevitable picnic shower made the drive home cool and pleasant.

BIRTHS.

POLLOCK.—At Hill Head, on Saturday, July 6th, 1912, to Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Pollock, a son.

DEATHS.

STONE.—At 30 Hamilton Ave., Auburn, N. Y., on July 6, 1912, Margaret Hammond beloved wife of Charles Stone in her 63rd year. Formerly of Lachute, Que.

If you are travelling East or West, North or South, by rail or steamer, don't forget that **J. S. Giles, Lachute,** can book you over the best routes. Booklets and information can be obtained upon application to the Watchman Office Lachute, or phone No. 27.

Have you seen our ready-to-wear dresses for girls from 6 to 14 years. The style and prices are right.

Secure one early, as the numbers are limited. H. E. BURWASH.

We have a tremendous stock of Carpet Squares which we are very desirous of reducing. Come in and have a look at them whether you need them or not.

W. BANFORD & SON.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

YOU CAN'T BLOT OUR SHOES

from your memory the through and through goodness of qnality and price found in a pair of

$4.00, $4.50 & $5.00 Shoes

after you have worn one pair. Every time you think of shoes, your steps will turn towards us. Better come in and see the new styles.

J. A. BEDARD

are made by the best known manufacturers in all parts of the country. We don't care who makes them If they are better than ordinary shoes we buy them. We are famous for our big values. We guarantee every pair we sell to give better service than any others you ever bought at the same price.

Men's and Women's Shoes of high value.

THE ELITE

Grand Display of Ready-to-Wear Wash Dresses for Misses and Children. Underwear, Hosiery, Corsets and Gloves. A few special lines in New York Blouses for Ladies.

Millinery of all kinds at very low prices.

A few ends of wash material for summer dresses. Hair Goods, Side Combs, Barrettes, Small-wear of every description.

A lot of New Books suitable for Children's Prizes 15c. to 50c. each.

H. E. BURWASH

Brooches! Lockets! Brooches

Brooches & Lockets at less than Wholesale Prices

WHY?

BECAUSE I have purchased all of the Sample lockets and brooches of one of the largest Jewellers in Montreal, at a substantial cut below wholesole cost price and am able to offer to my patrons the benefit of my experience in buying lockets and brooches from 75c. up. Call and see them.

W. H. GARRETSEE - Main Street

Watch Repairing a Specialty. LACHUTE.

A Splendid Assortment from which to Choose

We have on hand a fine assortment of Solid Gold, Gold-filled and Silver Jewellery, comprising Watches, Brooches, Lady's & Gent's chains, Lockets, Bracelets, Rings, Necklaces, Scarf pins Also: Silverware, Cut Glass, Clocks, Waterman Fountain Pens and Edison Phonographs.

SPECTACLES: Eyes tested by the latest methods. Repairs of all kinds.

T. JOUSSE, - Main Street

Lachulte



Why doesn't she take

NA-DRU-CO Headache Wafers

They stop a headache promptly, yet do not contain any of the dangerous drugs common in headache tablets. Ask your Druggist about them. 25c. a box.

NATIONAL DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO. OF CANADA, LIMITED. 122

Take A Scoopful Of Each— Side By Side



Take "St. Lawrence" Granulated in one scoop—and any other sugar in the other.

Look at "St. Lawrance" Sugar — its perfect crystals — its pure, white sparkle— its even grain. Test it point by point, and you will see that

Absolutely Best St. Lawrence Sugar **Absolutely Pure**

is one of the choicest sugars ever refined—with a standard of purity that few sugars can boast. Try it in your home.

Analysis shows, "St. Lawrence Granulated" to be "99.99/100 to 100% Pure Cane Sugar with no impurities whatever"

"Most every dealer sells St. Lawrence Sugar."

THE ST. LAWRENCE SUGAR REFINING CO. LIMITED, MONTREAL.

65

A FRIEND IN NEED;

OR, THE PICTURE IN THE LOCKET.

CHAPTER XV.—(Cont'd).

A few moments later there was a hurried knock at Ruby's door, and opening it she saw Gordon Leigh standing on the threshold.

"Ruby," he began anxiously, "will you defer this matter until to-morrow—or possibly the day after?"

"For what reason?" she asked sharply.

"Because I fully believe there is a terrible storm imminent," he replied earnestly, "and the road we would have to traverse is especially dangerous."

"Is this some ruse to attempt to persuade me from going?" she demanded, her eyes flahsing like sapphire stars.

"Indeed, no!" he cried quickly; "believe me I would not attempt to deceive you—the storm is coming within two hours; you must remember you did not mention this during the early part of the day—it is nearly night now."

"No excuse of yours can deter me from going," she declared spiritedly; "I shall go if I have to set out on foot."

"If you would but intrust it to the boy Jack, or myself," he said earnestly, "I would give you my word of honor as a gentleman, it will be carefully and promptly mailed. What can I say more to assure you, Ruby?"

"I prefer to mail this letter with my own hand, Mr. Leigh," she retorted.

"If you will go—why, you will," he responded; "and though it is decidedly against my will, you shall take your letter to the post-office and mail it yourself."

A little later he drove round to the front door with the buggy.

Mrs. Burdick seemed greatly agitated, and was expostulating excitedly with Gordon in her own language, but he shook his head, answering in the same:

"It is useless, Mrs. Burdick. I have explained to her that you predict a terrible storm—she will go."

"Will you bring her back with you?" she asked, anxiously.

"Certainly, she must remain here until her future is in some way decided," he answered.

At that moment Ruby appeared, equipped for the drive.

Her ankle was by far too weak to trust her slight weight upon it even yet, and she was obliged to lean heavily upon Gordon's protecting arm, and allow him to lift her into the vehicle as though she were a helpless child.

"Are you comfortable, Ruby?" he asked, solicitously and wistfully.

She bowed in cold assent.

"Yours has been a sad accident," he said, as they drove along, "but despite your father's and Belle's action in the matter, I hope you have not been altogether unhappy here." He added, huskily: "Will you tell me if I am right, Ruby?"

"It has been the dreariest epoch of my life!" exclaimed the girl bitterly. "I have counted the days and hours as they dragged their slow length by until I am heart-sick!"

"I've tried my best to make you contented," he said slowly, "and it has all gone for nothing. My great love made doing anything for you one of the greatest pleasures I could experience," he went on huskily; "the time may come when you will appreciate this."

"You have kept me six weeks from my lover, who is wearing out his life grieving for me," she retorted. "I shall always despise you for that while my life lasts. I wish you had left me lying with the other sufferers amid the wreck."

He said no more, his heart was too full for idle words.

The objective point was a village on the line of the railroad fully twelve miles distant, but before they had traversed three-fourths of the distance—which, on account of the steep and dangerous roads, with steep ravines on either side, they were obliged to traverse slowly—great drops of rain began to fall, presaging the coming storm, and to add to the difficulty, the horse was discovered to be quite lame.

"It has overtaken us sooner than I expected," said Gordon, applying the whip to the horse, and holding the reins with a steady hand.

Soon night set in, dark as Hades, and the storm increased in fury.

"We have yet four miles to go," said Gordon, in despair. "If I had dreamed that the horse was disabled, and we should have to travel so slowly, I would have abandoned the trip until early to-morrow morning. That umbrella affords you little protection from the storm, I fear," he went on anxiously; "you are shivering with cold," and taking off his coat, he insisted on wrapping it around her. "Never mind me, Ruby," he said, gravely; "remember, you might bring on another attack of fever by this dreadful exposure—you must not refuse this extra precaution."

And this was the noble lover whose worshipful devotion she had cast aside for such a man as Charlie Arnold, who even now had forgotten his infatuation for pretty Ruby, and was quite as much in love with another fair face.

Although the night was intensely dark, Gordon Leigh knew every step of the dangerous road.

"I hope we shall soon be there, Ruby," he said; "as for returning, it is not to be thought of. As soon as you mail your letter, I intend to drive directly to the house of the village rector, whom I have known since I was a boy, and leave you in charge of his good old wife. Does that plan meet with your approbation?"

"It does not matter much to me," she responded. "Still, better there than at that detestable farmhouse. I could die easier than go back there."

The hoarse rumbling of the terrible storm drowned the sigh that fell from his lips.

It seemed each moment that the tempest gathered in fury.

It was the wildest storm that had been known in that locality for long years.

The wind howled and raged like a demon; the thunder roared, and the lightning flashed in great, blinding, white sheets of flame, lighting the weird scene for one brief instant, then, in the next, leaving the world to impenetrable darkness.

It seemed as if the very flood gates of heaven were flung open wide to deluge the earth on this memorable night.

"Oh, my darling," whispered Gordon, hoarsely, "do not fear. I shall bring you to shelter very soon now."

He noticed how, in her terror, she clung to him, and the clasp of those little hands on his arm gave him renewed strength to battle with the wild storm.

They had reached the most dangerous part of the road, and Gordon slackened his hold on the reins.

It was useless to attempt to guide the horse in that inky darkness.

He must trust to the sagacity of the animal to pick his own road, though he spoke no word of this to Ruby lest it would alarm her.

"Did you say we had four miles to go still?" asked Ruby.

Before he could reply, a blinding flash of lightning rent the air, followed by a clap of thunder that seemed to shake the very heavens.

There was a terrible crash close at hand, and intuitively Ruby knew what had occurred.

Some giant tree had been struck by the furious lightning's blast, and had been hurled headlong from its foundation.

As it fell a sharp cry broke from Gordon Leigh's lips; his hands relaxed their hold, and, without a word of warning, he sunk suddenly at Ruby's feet.

She realized instantly what had happened; the limb from the tree, which had barely grazed her head, must have struck him with its full force.

Had it killed him

Over the storm her voice rang out in a piteous cry.

CHAPTER XVI.

A more thrilling situation could not be imagined.

Stopping the horse short, Ruby knelt beside the unconscious figure and placed her hand quickly over his heart.

It beat faintly. No, thank Heaven, he was not dead, then.

"What shall I do?" she cried in wild affright. "Attempt to drive on in this impenetrable darkness, or brave the fury of the storm right here until he revives? Perhaps he may be seriously injured, and needs a physician's help. I must move on!"

Was it only her fancy, or did she see the lights of the village a little farther on?

"I will drive in that direction," she thought, desperately, turning the horse's head that way.

She soon discovered that the lights in the distance existed only in her own fancy.

An hour or more she drove on through the terrible storm, and at length a low moan from Gordon Leigh's lips showed her consciousness was returning. She found, too, in that moment, that the letter which she had held in her hand had dropped from her nerveless fingers, and in the excitement she did not discover it until just now.

"Mr. Leigh—Gordon!" she cried, stopping the horse again, and kneeling anxiously besides him.

He struggled to a sitting posture, murmuring:

"Where am I? Do I hear Ruby's voice, or is this some frightful dream?"

"Oh, Mr. Leigh," sobbed Ruby, "don't you remember what happened? You were driving along, and——"

"I remember!" he cried, starting to his feet. "There was a blinding flash of lightning; it struck a tree, felling it, and one of the limbs struck me."

"Are you hurt?" asked Ruby, anxiously.

"Thank Heaven, no," he responded. "I was stunned—that was all—and for a moment lost consciousness."

"You have been unconscious for more than an hour," returned Ruby.

An exclamation of intense astonishment broke from his lips. He caught her hand, exclaiming hoarsely:

"You have not been driving on during that length of time, have you, Ruby?"

"Yes," she assented. "I thought I saw lights in the distance, and I turned the horse's head in that direction, but it turned out to be only my imagination."

A groan broke from Gordon's lips.

"Heaven help us, Ruby!" he cried. "I have not the least idea where you have been driving. We may be heading straight for the river for all I know. You are off from the main road; I can tell that much from the way the buggy jolts. We must stop right here; I dare not peril your life by advancing another step."

"What do you propose to do?" sobbed Ruby.

"Nothing can be done save to remain here just where we are under these trees until daylight breaks, that I may be able to determine our locality."

"If we could but turn around and take the same road back that we have come; I—I have lost my letter, that I was taking to the village."

(To be continued).

The One Best Sugar for Preserving is Redpath Extra Granulated Sugar

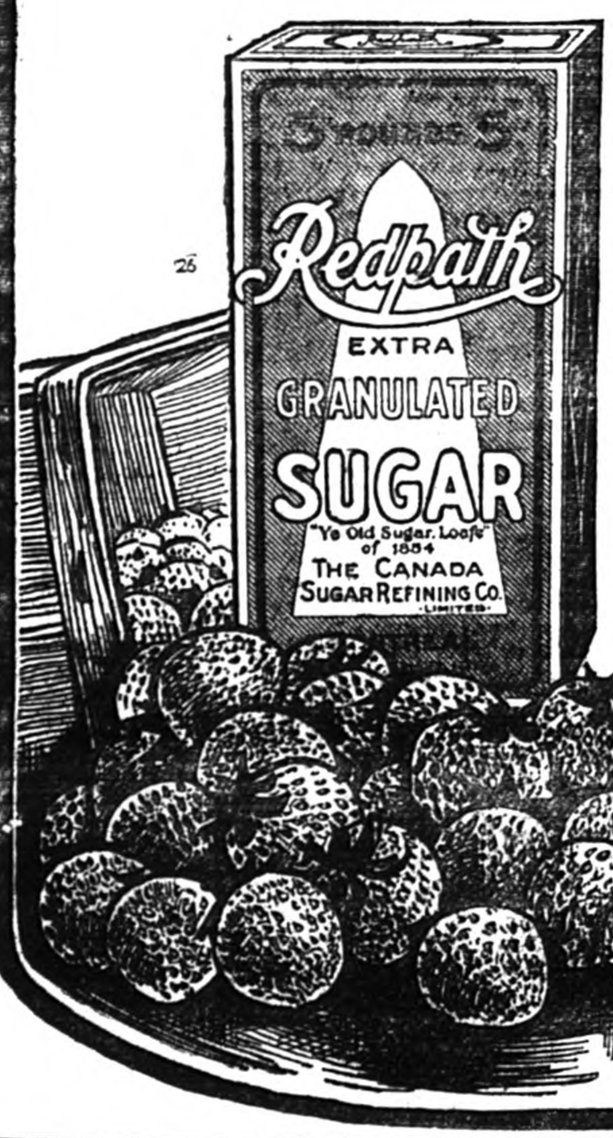
When you pay a good price for your strawberries, and spend a lot of time preparing, cooking and bottling them, isn't it too bad only to get after all, preserves that "might have been better"?

Yet that is what you do get, unless you use the **very best sugar** as well as the finest fruit.

Every trace of impurity in the sugar has a bad effect on the flavor and the keeping qualities of the preserves.

Redpath Extra Granulated Sugar is refined to absolute purity, and put up, without being touched by human hand, in 2 and 5 pound Sealed Cartons and in 20 and 100 pound bags.

Buy Redpath Sugar in these original packages and you get Canada's finest sugar, at its best. Make your preserves, jellies and jams with Redpath Extra Granulated and you'll get the most gratifying returns from your time, skill and money.



Try this way of preserving Strawberries —it works splendidly.

Hull and clean the strawberries and put them into jars which have been sterilized with boiling water. Fill each jar, but do not pack the fruit down.

Make a thin syrup by boiling for ten minutes 3 parts of REDPATH Extra Granulated Sugar in 5 parts of water. You will need nearly as many pints of syrup as of fruit.

Pour the syrup over the fruit, filling the jars. Screw on the covers, without the rubbers, stand the jars on strips of wood in a wash-boiler, and cover them to within an inch of the tops with cold water. Bring this water to a boil and cook for from 15 to 20 minutes, according to the ripeness of the berries. Watch closely after they have boiled 15 minutes, and when cooked remove at once.

Have the syrup, which was left over, very hot. With a fork gently stir the fruit so as to get out all the air bubbles, then fill each jar up with the hot syrup and seal, being careful no leave no air inside.

Strawberries, raspberries or any other fruit preserved in this way keep their shape and size, and retain much more of the fresh fruit flavor than if they are cooked up in the ordinary way.

The Canada Sugar Refining Co. Limited, Montreal.

$50 Bank Prize No. 52041 Cheque

108 Cheques Will be Distributed Among Canadian Farmers. Will You Get One of Them?

In addition to the twenty-seven first prizes of $50 each, there will be eighty-one other cash prizes, ranging from $10 to $25 in our

1912 PRIZE CONTEST FOR FARMERS

This contest is along the same lines as the one which was so successful last year, except that there are three times as many prizes, and therefore three times as many chances for each contestant to win. Every farmer in Canada who uses "Canada" Cement is eligible to compete. The conditions are such that large and small users of cement have equal opportunities to win a $50 prize.

The contest is divided into three classes, and there are first, second, third and fourth prizes ($50, $25, $15 and $10) in each class.

CLASS "A"—Prizes to be awarded to the four farmers in each province who use most "Canada" Cement on their farms in 1912.

CLASS "B"—Prizes to be awarded to the four farmers in each province who send photographs of the *best concrete work* done with "Canada" Cement on their farms in 1912.

CLASS "C"—Prizes to be awarded to the four farmers in each province who send the best *description*, telling how any piece of concrete work was done with "Canada" Cement. (Entries for this prize must be accompanied by photographs of the work.)

In addition to thus being divided into classes, so as to give small users of cement an equal chance with those who use more, the Contest is also divided into nine divisions, one for each province. So you see you need only to compete with the other farmers of your own province, and not with those all over Canada.

Don't think that because you have never used cement, you cannot win a prize. Many of last year's prize winners had never used cement before they entered the Contest. We will send you a free book, "What the Farmer Can Do With Concrete," that will not only help you in the Contest, but will tell you everything you could want to know about the use of cement on the farm.

Don't delay, but send us your name and address to-day and get this free book and full particulars of the Prize Contest right away. Use a letter, postal or coupon.



Send me particulars of your 1912 Prize Contest.

Address Publicity Manager

Canada Cement Company Limited

30-35 Herald Bldg. - Montreal

A free book, "What the Farmer can do with Concrete" will be sent to all who request details of the Prize Contest.

TORONTO CORRESPONDENCE

The Deadly Automobile—Congestion of Population —Premier on a Wheel—The June Brides

Eight automobile accidents on the streets of Toronto since the first of the season, resulting in the deaths of eight children, reveal the serious proportion to which the traffic problem has suddenly grown. The truth of the matter is, the people on the streets have not yet realized that Toronto has become a big city. They are not taking any more precautions than when it was half the size, and the traffic was less than half as heavy. The children play on the pavements, or dash suddenly from one sidewalk to the other regardless of the fact that every time they do so they take their lives in their hands.

It is not the increase in automobiles alone that has caused the new conditions. Every type of vehicular traffic has increased enormously. Down town, and even on many outlying streets, there is now serious traffic congestion. It is now no uncommon sight to see eight or ten lorries, automobiles and delivery waggons lined up waiting to get across a street intersection. At dozens of busy corners traffic policemen have now been installed. These officers have nothing to do but stand at the center of the intersection and by uplifted hand or beckoning gesture say whether the four streams of traffic seeking to get past the intersection may move or stand still. This is one of the outward ways in which the city is beginning to show a similarity to New York or London.

As yet traffic regulations are woefully inadequate to meet the changing conditions. The Police Commissioners who have charge of the matter seem too supine to make and enforce proper regulations and traffic continues to move with an irregularity that foreshadows many fatalities.

TORONTO GARDENS DISAPPEARING.

Apartment houses springing up all over the city are another evidence of increasing congestion of population. "The city of homes" may not much longer deserve the title. The "back garden," even a little one, which most Toronto householders have in the past demanded, is becoming harder and harder to secure. A leading architect the other day declared that he would not again advise even well-to-do clients to attempt to get garden plots in Toronto. He would simply tell them to get enough ground to build the house on, and what little bit of space was left he would have covered with pavement. This would make for cleanliness at least. But a lawnless city of paved courtyards is not pleasant to contemplate.

SIR JAMES ON A WHEEL.

A familiar figure on the streets these cool June evenings is Sir James Whitney, the Premier of Ontario. His is not a costly equipage with prancing steeds and footman and coachman, nor a luxurious motor car, nor is he numbered among the pedestrians. He travels on a bicycle of doubtful age. He is always unaccompanied. And he is never warned for breaking the speed limit, his pace never exceeding six or seven miles an hour.

While nearly everyone else has deserted the bicycle as a pleasure giver, Sir James remains true to his friend of bygone days, a trait which, it is said, he carries into his treatment of people as well. And every evening, if possible, he takes a sedate spin around the well-paved residential streets. If the weather is cool enough and he can get away from his office he takes his ride before dinner. Most people pass him without recognition, and, no doubt, in his quiet solitary rides he has opportunity to make many mental comments on human nature, as seen on Toronto streets.

DR. McKAY MAKES GOOD.

That Dr. A. C. McKay, who, a little over a year ago, resigned the Chancellorship of McMaster University to enter the city's employ as Principal of the Technical High School, has made good is evidenced by the strong support accorded his name for the new position of Director of Education in Toronto.

The ex-Chancellor is, of course, one of the most prominent educationists in the Province. Many of the text books in mathematics in use in the schools bear his name, but his mental activities are by no means confined to this subject. He has always been a great student in a variety of departments; in fact so close has been his attention to books that recently he was obliged to take a long trip abroad to recuperate in health. But he has, in addition, shown a capacity for administration that is standing him in good stead in the city's service.

Born in Beamsville in 1861, he is another Ontario boy who has made abundantly good in the city. His educational experience was derived in Port Hope, Upper Canada College and Jamieson Avenue Collegiate, Toronto. He was appointed Chancellor of McMaster in 1905, and seemed to have discovered his life work there, but the great practical problems of education in the elementary schools of the city attracted him. His salary as Principal of the Technical School was $5,000 a year. The new position of Director of Education will doubtless carry a considerably higher salary. The duties will be many and heavy, because it is not at all certain that Toronto's system of education is as thorough and efficient as it might be.

THE JUNE CROP OF BRIDES.

Any afternoon this month of June the Union Station is one of the most interesting places in town. Incipient honeymooners are the explanation. Some days there are as many as a dozen bridal parties on the platform at the same time, many of them leaving by the same train. They are always very gay and very happy and even the station officials, hardened and gray in the service, step a little more lightly and are a little less brusque under the influence. The dingy station, with its cumbersome trundling baggage trucks, makes a not ineffective setting for the summery wedding gowns of the attendants, and fifteen minutes around five o'clock spent in the vicinity any afternoon is enjoyed by the most unromantic. Rice and old boots have long since been barred, but the platforms are almost constantly covered with confetti.

PROF. RAMSAY WRIGHT RETIRES.

After 28 years continuous work as a teacher of biology in the University of Toronto, Prof. Ramsay Wright has delivered his last lecture, and has retired to carry out private research. He is not yet an old man, being only 60, and has many years of usefulness ahead of him yet. While Prof. Ramsay Wright's name has not been associated with any great discoveries in the field of biology to which he has devoted his life he was regarded as an efficient instructor. His gentlemanly presence and rich full vowels will be missed in university halls.

TO RID YARD OF RED ANTS.

Dig a hole three or four inches from the entrance of the ant bed. Place a common drinking glass in the hole, and fill round the glass with dirt, making the earth level with the top. Be sure that the inside is clean and dry. The ants will fall in, and will not be able to get out. When the glass is half full of ants, pour a few spoonfuls of coal oil in the glass. This will kill them immediately, and then they can be removed. The glass cleaned with a dry cloth, and ready for the ants again.

Old Gentleman—Is that the oldest inhabitant of this village? Small Boy—Yes, sir. He's an—an octagernanium.

LANGUAGE OF 300 WORDS.

The Torahaumaris, a race of cave-dwellers recently discovered in the most inaccessible parts of the Sierra Madre Mountains in Northern Mexico, have a language limited to 300 words, yet it is said they manage to converse freely in it. They are unable to count beyond 10.

HIS PLEASURE.

She—"Which part of the show do you enjoy most?"

He—"Going out between the acts."

"Were you much upset by the bank failure?" "Yes; I lost my balance."

MAKING SAFE INVESTMENTS

Municipal Debentures May Sometimes Show a Substantial Advance

Securities of Towns Contiguous to Large Cities Usually Show Good Profit When Finally Absorbed by Larger Neighbor — Several Instances of Where this has Happened.

The articles contributed by "Investor" are for the sole purpose of guiding prospective investors, and, if possible, of saving them from losing money through placing it in "wild-cat" enterprises. The impartial and reliable character of the information may be relied upon. The writer of these articles and the publisher of this paper have no interests to serve in connection with this matter other than those of the reader.

In speaking of municipal bonds in this column some months ago it was remarked that they stood a very small chance of appreciating in value. There have been cases, however, where a very fair amount of profit has been made by advances in price, so this rule is not invariable. Six or seven years ago Fort William 4 1-2 per cent. thirty-year bonds sold at a price to yield 5 per cent, or about 92 1-4. At the present time these same bonds on a 5 per cent basis would sell at about 93. But in the past five years Fort William has grown in population and importance, with the result that these debentures now sell at a price to yield 4 1-2 per cent.; that is par. So, as happened in the case of an estate I know of, there is a nice profit of 7 points in these bonds after making due allowance for that proportion of the advance in price, which goes to make up the "yield" of 5 per cent.

For the benefit of those who have not followed this column closely, the yield of a bond is figured somewhat as follows: A five-year bond bearing interest at five per cent. will yield 6 per cent at 95.73. That is, a man buying such a bond of a $1,000 par value for $957.30 would receive 5 per cent. on his money. Now the average man would figure this way. "I payed $957.30 for this bond and get $50 a year income. Now $50 on $957.30 is interest at the rate of 5.22 per cent. But the man who thus figured would be wrong. He gets not only his 5 per cent., but at the end of five years his bonds are redeemed at 100. He makes a profit in that time of 4.27 points, or $42.70 on his $1,000 bond. Divide this by five and he gets an addition to his income at the end of five years equal to $8.54 a year, so that to get the return he should divide the price of his bond, $957.30 into $50 plus $8.54, which shows the rate to be 6.11 per cent. The slight difference shown is due to the fact that the actual figuring is done with due allowance made for compound interest on the $8.54, which the investor doesn't get until the bond is paid.

So, after making due allowance for the amount coming to the investor at the present time on account of "yield," his profit, if he sold now instead of waiting for maturity, would be 7 points, or $70 on each $1,000 bond.

But buying bonds in this way is a by-no-means-certain method of making a profit. What many far-sighted investors do now-a-days is to buy the bonds of some such municipality as East Toronto or St. Louis du Mile End. A few years ago East Toronto debentures could be bought to yield as much as 5 per cent., but since it has been absorbed by the city of Toronto the bonds have advanced, and—as they are now direct obligations of the City of Toronto, they are selling on the same bases as city of Toronto bonds. The village of St. Louis du Mile End had a similar experience with the city of Montreal. Investors who took advantage of the obvious fact that East Toronto, West Toronto, Parkdale, etc., would eventually be absorbed by the city have made quite a satisfactory profit on their holdings, or at least, are in a position to sell at a profit should they wish to dispose of their bonds.

There are at the present time several towns in like position relative to several other Canadian cities. One that most people know about is "North Toronto," which those who read Toronto papers must realize will be soon absorbed. As a matter of fact, so much is this a foregone conclusion that the village of North Toronto debentures are at the present time selling at a rate very slightly better than the East Toronto debentures before mentioned. In the case of several other places, however, there is still a chance of a good turn, for the investor wants something not only safe, but with a good income and an excellent prospect of appreciating in value.

High Court Canadian Order of Foresters.

The thirty-third annual Convention of the Canadian Order of Foresters was called to order by the High Chief Ranger, Mr. J. A. Stewart, of Perth, Ont., a few days ago, in the City of Hamilton, Ont., over 500 delegates being present.

The Annual Reports of the High Court Officers were submitted by the following:—Mr. J. A. Stewart, High Chief Ranger; Mr. Alf. P. van Someren, High Secretary; Mr. Robert Elliott, High Treasurer; Dr. U. M. Stanley, Chairman of the Medical Board; Messrs. W. L. Roberts and J. P. Hoag, High Auditors, and Mr. W. G. Strong, Superintendent of Organization.

Other officers present besides those just referred to above, are: Mr. J. A. A. Brodeur, Montreal, Que., High Vice-Chief Ranger; Messrs. W. M. Couper, Montreal, Que.; N. J. Stevenson, Toronto; R. T. Kemp, Listowel, Ont.; A. R. Galpin, London, Ont.; F. H. Davidson, Winnipeg, Man.; Dict. H. Chief R. Members of the Executive Committee of High Court: Mr. William Walker, Montreal, Que., High Registrar; Rev. W. J. West, Bluevale, Ont., High Chaplain; Mr. D. E. McKinnon, Winnipeg, Man., District High Secretary for Manitoba; Lyman Lee, Hamilton, Ont., H. Ct., Solicitor, and Mr. J. B. O'Regan, Quebec, Que., Chief Agent for the Province of Quebec.

Many matters of interest to the membership generally were dealt with in these various reports, and they cover a great deal of detail, all of which indicate marked and steady progress in the affairs of this National Fraternal Insurance Association. The officers of this Order have been able from year to year to indicate conclusively, by their reports, satisfactory progress in certain directions, but those of 1911 indicate progress in every department of this Order's operations. The Canadian Order of Foresters confine their business entirely to the Dominion of Canada, and if one may judge by the results attained, the policy adopted in this regard, at the inception of the Order, in 1879, would appear to have been a wise one from a prudential, as well as a patriotic, point of view.

To deal with a few of the points brought out by the reports of the various officers, first might be mentioned the fact that during 1911 9,333 new members were initiated into the Order, a larger number than has been admitted in any previous year of the Order's experience. The net increase in the membership for the year under review was 5,022, being 903 in excess of the previous year's net additions to the Order. The total membership at the end of 1911 was 83,126.

In respect to the Insurance Fund, 495 Death Claims were paid during the year, amounting to $500,570.68. When it is considered that in 1910 three more Death Claims were paid, amounting to a slightly larger gross total than that paid in 1911, such a favorable showing reflects creditably on the physical selection made of business taken by the Order. After paying this sum of over half a million for Death Claims out of the Insurance Fund the Order was able to add the very substantial sum of $330,754.64 to its Insurance Fund on hand, being a larger addition to this Fund than that made in any previous year. The total amount standing at the Credit of this Fund on the 1st of June, 1912, was $3,740,359.97.

In respect to the Sick and Funeral Benefit Branch, this department, also, has shown satisfactory progress. There was a net increase in membership in this department for the year of 4,120, showing a total membership on the 31st of December, 1911, enrolled in this department of 53,448. The net amount added to the funds of this department, after paying 6,638 claims, amounting to $161,485.95, was $38,460.23, the position of this fund on the 1st day of June, 1912, showing a credit balance of $251,769.36. Interest earned by this Department on its funds in 1911 amounted to 89,716.16. It will be seen from this fact that interest earned is becoming an important factor in this department of the Order's work.

The General Fund of the Order is also in a good position, and on the 1st of June, 1912, showed a credit balance on hand of $24,127.28. The funds of the Order are all invested in the best securities procurable, being almost entirely in Municipal and School Debentures of the Dominion of Canada. The average rate of interest realized from the Investments in 1911 was 4.62 per cent., a rate which, taking into consideration the gilt-edge nature of the investments, is a very advantageous one, and it is interesting to note that interest earned on the Insurance Funds of the Order, for the year 1911, amounted to $149,755.60, and paid 29.9 per cent. of the Death Claims on the Order. This is also the largest return, in respect to interest, in the Order's experience, and the largest percentage of Death Claims that it was able to pay from this source of income. The important bearing this revenue has on the stability of the Order may be illustrated by the fact that ten years ago the amount realized from interest on investments was $38,283.34, showing an increase in those ten years in revenue from this source of $111,472.26.

A feature of general interest to the insuring public, indicating as it does the careful selection of risks, is the death rate of this Order. For the year 1911 it was 9.95 per thousand, and in this regard the Order shows, for their experience of nearly thirty-three years, the very low average death rate of 5.24 per thousand of their membership.

The above facts will indicate that the Canadian Order of Foresters, during the time of Canada's prosperity, has been obtaining their full share of material progress. It is gratifying to note that in this Society, which has never attempted to enlarge its scope of operations outside the Dominion, such splendid and encouraging results have been attained from the conduct of its business, and at no time in its history would it appear to have been in as strong a position as it is today.

DONE BY HIRED MAN.

City Man's Experience of Life on a Farm.

"At 4.30 every morning I roll out and feed four heads of horses; then comes the currying and the cleaning out of the stables. After that light exercise, I feed about eighty head of hogs in four different pens. It is breakfast time when I get the hogs fed, and I am always ready for it, too. Breakfast over, I milk three cows, pump water for the hogs, feed two calves and do a few other chores; then I am ready to begin my day's work. When the day's work is done, I take some more light exercise similar to that of the morning. Do you know that a man gets awfully tired putting in the time from 4.30 in the morning until long after sunset in the evening? But in spite of the hard work I like to live and work on the farm better than in the city. I wouldn't exchange places to-day with any city toiler of my acquaintance who works only from 8 to 5.

"After the first two months here, we began to climb upward toward our 100. At the end of the third month we found that we had $11 over and above our expenses. Out of my pay for the fourth month we saved $10. Think of that, and I couldn't save a cent in the city out of a monthly salary of $105. We live better out here than we did in the city, too; but there are the cows and chickens that go right on helping out with their good work whether I work or not."—Farm and Fireside.

GET ACQUAINTTD WITH YOUR NEIGHBORS.

If you are genteel in appearance and courteous in your manner, you will be welcomed in every home in your locality, when you are showing samples of our superior toilet goods, household necessities, and reliable remedies. The satisfaction which our goods give, places the users under an obligation to you, which wins for you the same respect, esteem, and intimate friendship given the priest, physician, or pastor, and you will make more money from your spare time than you dream of, besides a host of friends.

Maurice West, of Toronto, says: "The first day I showed your samples I made three dollars. I have since made as high as ten, and have averaged five dollars daily for the year. Your goods give perfect satisfaction, and I receive repeat orders in every home."

This is your opportunity for a pleasant, profitable and permanent business. Address, The Home Supply Co., Dept 20, Merrill Building, Toronto, Ont.

IN A HURRY.

"Yes, sir, when we were ambushed, we got out without losing a man or a horse or a gun or——"

"A minute," chimed in a small, still voice.

WONDERFUL.

Little Man—"I have the finest neighbors in the world."

Big Friend—"How so?"

Little Man—"Not one of them begins mowing his lawn before 4 a.m."

EXTERMINATION OF RATS AND MICE.

If it were generally known that there is no trouble to rid a house, barn or any building of rats and mice by the use of Gillett's Lye, it is doubtful if the article could be made as fast as it would be used for this purpose alone. The process connected with using it is very simple, the plan being to sprinkle a little of the article in and around the holes made by these pests in floors, partitions, etc. In addition to this it is well to use a thin piece of board about a foot square, or even smaller, and make a complete circle of the lye on the board about a quarter of an inch deep, and inside of the circle place some meat or cheese. In endeavoring to get at the bait the feet of the rats and mice will be burned, and the whole colony, whether large or small, will immediately disappear from the premises.

The plan is worth trying, but the good kind—Gillett's Lye—should be procured. Refuse the many cheap imitations and substitutes.

MEN OF WONDERFUL MEMORY

SOMETIMES A LITTLE PRACTICE WILL HELP.

An Italian Priest Could Recite Poems Either Backward or Foreward.

Rabbis have been known who could repeat the whole of the Hebrew Scriptures word for word. A French marquis made a handbook of France from memory, in which he described every principal chateau in the kingdom. Cardinal Mezzofanti, "that monster of languages," as Byron called him, could give offhand the contents of entire dictionaries and grammars.

A Roman priest used to amuse his friends by an extraordinary feat of memory. Allowing them to designate any line of an Italian poet, he would begin with that line and recite a hundred lines, either backward or forward, according to the wish of his listeners.

Experienced librarians will carry in their heads a list of titles of books, with the names of the authors and even the proper number of the books and their places on the shelves, to an extent astonishing to the ordinary reader. Long practice gives this accomplishment, but it is of course the sooner attained when the person possesses a naturally retentive literary memory.

LIBRARIAN A GENIUS.

This faculty was downright genius to Antony Magliabecchi, librarian of the Grand Duke Cosmos III. of Florence. For instance, if a priest wished to compose a panegyric on a saint and communicated his intention to Magliabecchi, the librarian would immediately inform him of any reference to the saint, of the part of the work wherein it was to be found, and that sometimes to the number of a hundred writers.

Magliabecchi could tell not only who had treated a subject designedly, but also those who had touched upon it incidentally in writing upon other objects. This information was given with the greatest exactness, naming the author, the book, the words and often the very number of the page at which the passage occurred.

Magliabecchi visited other libraries and his local memory was such that he needed but to see and consult a book but once in its place to fix everything pertaining to it permanently in his mind. One day, the story runs, the Grand Duke sent for Magliabecchi to ask whether there could be procured for him a book that was decidedly rare.

"No, your Grace," answered the librarian, "for there is but one copy in the world, and that is in the library of the Grand Seignior at Constantinople. It is the seventh book on the second shelf on the right as one enters."

Prescott tells how Macaulay was once caught tripping with reference to a line in "Paradise Lost." In a few days he turned up with the poem in his hand, saying, as he offered it to the gentleman who had caught him, "I do not think that you will catch me again as to the 'Paradise.'" And they did not.

RARE GENERAL MEMORY.

Doctor Addison Alexander of Princeton Theological Seminary had a wonderful memory. It was not only tenacious of words but of facts. For the amusement of young folks he would sometimes say, "Now, I am going to talk without thinking." And he would pour forth period after period of strange words and incongruous images, harmonious and even rhythmical in in sound but wholly destitute of sense.

If any one thinks this an easy feat, let him try to suspend his reason and give free rein to his fancy in periods which shall be grammatically correct and yet without meaning.

Another of his feats was to submit himself to examination and tell off-hand where he was and what he was doing on any day in the year the examiner chose to name.

His most wonderful feat was displayed at the matriculation of a class in the seminary. Forty or fifty students presented themselves for admission. Each handed his credentials to the professors, who examined them and, if satisfactory, entered the student's name and address in the register.

IDIOTS SOMETIMES GIFTED.

When the students had retired the professors began bantering one another as to which one should take the register home and prepare from it an alphabetical roll—an irksome task.

"There is no need to take the register home," said Dr. Alexander, "I will make out the roll for you."

Whereupon he took a sheet of paper and, without referring to the register, wrote out in alphabetical order the full names and addresses of the students, which he had heard once only, when they were recorded.

What makes this still more wonderful is the fact that the entire mass of names and addresses must have been present in the doctor's mind while he was selecting each one in its alphabetical order.

It is a curious fact that extraordinary memories are frequently possessed by those who are otherwise mentally deficient. There is on record the case of an imbecile who could not only repeat accurately a page or more of any book that had been read to him, even though it was a book that had been read days before. In the same institution for the insane, there was another imbecile who could repeat backward what had been read to him.

POOR OLD JACK!

The Writer of This Is Named Jack, and He Feels It Keenly.

Jack as a name has been very badly treated. It seems to be applied to all sorts and conditions of things, but very seldom is the allusion a happy one.

Take the term "a jack of all trades"—there's a slight at the outset! "Jack in office" is another. "Jack-a-dandy" a third. The figure outside old public clocks that was made to strike the bell was termed a jack.

Jack-a-napes is another insult, and so is jack-in-the-box. Jack Frost gives no particular offence, nor does Jack the Giant Killer. The Jack at cards one cannot complain of, nor of the Jack who was so closely associated with Jill in the nursery rhyme.

This writer's blood fairly boils, however, as he probes his mind, and finds jack-ass, jack-rat, and jack-fool, who, by the way, now often changes his name to Tom-fool.

The article that raises heavy weights is a jack. Then there is the bootjack, and the jack at bowls. Jack Horner was the gentleman who occupied the corner, and Jack-boots everyone knows.

USED UP.

"The hour of 12 has struck!" hissed the ghost. "I don't blame it," replied the materialist. "It was worked to death long ago."

"What is it," asked the teacher, "that binds us together and makes us better than we are by nature?" "Corsets, sir," piped a wise little girl of eight.



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The Watchman
AND
OTTAWA VALLEY ADVOCATE

FRIDAY, JULY 12, 1912.

The WATCHMAN will be published every Friday.

J. S. GILES, Propritor.

The WATCHMAN will be mailed to subscribers in Canada and the United States for $1.00 in advance or $1.50 at the end of the year.

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A WARM WELCOME.

In the Mother Country members of a Canadian Government are always assured of a warm welcome on Canada's account. Nor has ever anything less than what was due to them on their own account ever been rendered to them there. Sir John McDonald, Sir Wilfrid Laurier, and their fellow-ministers were always treated in England with the consideration to which they were entitled as men of distinction representing the greatest of the British Dominions. Men of distinction we are glad to say, Canada's Premiers have generally been possessing the personal dignity to represent their great country in the capital of the Empire.

Very gratifying to Canada are the attentions that are being paid to its Prime Minister and those of its cabinet colleagues who are with him in London.

Irrespective of their own party views and of the party views of the Canadian Ministers, the newspapers of London have made the arrival of Mr. Borden and his party the event of the day. In featured articles and in leaders the visitors are introduced to the British people inhighly commendatory terms. Speculations as to what they are prepared to propose and as to the probable outcome of the visit, occupy considerable newspaper space, and the mission itself is the subject of many newspaper good wishes. At Bristol and at London the arrival of the Canadian Ministers was greeted with the greatest enthusiam. The heartiness of their welcome must have quite overwhelmed Mr. Borden and his colleagues.

Hon. George E. Foster, who has been in London for some weeks in connection with his duties as a member of the Imperial Trade Commission, has had luncheons and banquets in his honor, having been the guest of the Constitutional Club, the West Indies Committee, and other influential organizations, Lord Lansdowne, Lord Strathcona, Mr. Bonar Law, and Mr. Austin Chamberland being among the speakers. Assuredly Canada is being honored in the attentions that are being paid to its Ministers in the British capital.

DOMINION FAIR AT OTTAWA.

Novel features are being secured every day for the Dominion Exhibition to be held in Ottawa from September 5 to 16. These innovations. with the expansions in the main departments will form an aggregation of attractions and displays that will create a bustle and stir in every part of the hundred acres of Fair Grounds. The Exhibition Associatien has prepared a bulletin of the features secured up to date which will be sent to any applicant. Later additions will be published in the regular program. Only by perusing these publications and the prize list can an adequate idea be formed of the enormous scope of the Dominion Exhibition.

The result of the judging in the live stock departments will be impressively demonstrated to the pub ic at 1.30 p.m. Thursday, third last day of the Fair, by a monster parade of the animals winning Dominion Exhibitions. The procession will be repeated at the same hour Saturday. On Friday and Saturday an extra display will be made before the Grand Stand of the championship stallions, one of each breed to be designated by printed cards. This is chiefly for educational purposes. Another special number on the programme for Friday afternoon is the lining up before the Grand Stand of the heavy horses which will compete in strings of ten for a purse of $100.

Some of the special features are mentioned in the advertisement which appears in another column.

MACDONALD COLLEGE

The Macdonald College announcement for 1912-1913 has just appeared.

For the first two years in the school of agriculture the college offers free tuition to farmers and farmers' sons of the province of Quebec. In addition, the government of the province of Quebec makes a grant of $7.00 per month of attendance towards living expences to all students from the province attending that school.

Short courses in live stock, cereal husbandry, horticulture and poultry-keeping, which up to the present have been held at the college, will be conducted by the members of the college staff and others in different centres in the province in January and February, 1913. Particulars of these short courses will be announced in the autumn.

School for Teachers.—All candidates residents of the province of Quebec, pledging themselves to teach for three years in some rural elementary school of the province, besides being received by the college tuition free, shall be paid by the released normal school funds, during one year of attendance at the college, bursaries of at least $50 each. The bursary last year amounted to $75.

School of Household Science.—The three-months and the one-year homemaker and the two-year professional housekeeper courses are still offered. These are all tuition free to the daughters of farmers of the province of Quebec. The government of the province of Quebec also grants fifty pursaries of $20, which are available to any Quebec students taking one and two-year courses. The first graduates of the professional course left the college on June 13. They have all secured positions with good salaries.

The college announcement is certainly a most interesting document to all concerned in education and rural progress in the province of Quebec and in Eastern Canada generally. Copies may be had free of charge upon application to the Principal, MacDonald College P. O., Province of Quebec.

News of Brownsburg.

Miss Gertie Clarke, spent her holidays in Montreal.

Mrs. A. Eryon, left on Friday evening for England.

Mr. T. Maskell, left for Montreal on Saturday evening.

Miss C. Cooley, returned from Ottawa on Friday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Elliott and daughter were in Montreal for the holidays.

Miss Jennie Hotte returned home from St. Agathe on Monday evening.

Miss L. Hopkins, of Montreal, returned to Brownsburg on Monday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Green and three daughters spent last week in Montreal.

Mrs. John Tomalty, who has been visiting friends at Carillon, returned home on Sunday.

The many friends of Mr. K. Lupien will be pleased to hear that he is steadily recovering from his severe attack of Typhoid Fever.

Don't miss the lawn Social which will be held on Mr. Wm. McCluskey's lawn on Tuesday evening July 23rd. A good programme is being prepared and a good time can be looked forward to. Please reserve the date.

On Tuesday evening the D. C. Co. Foot-Ball Team defeated the Quarry Rangers in a brilliant game, by the score of 1 to nil. The game was marred by the partial manner in which the Referee gave his decisions and it is hoped that in the next game the D. C. Co. Club plays, they will not have to play the Team and referee too. This is the first victory the D. C. Co. have had, but with a little practice, they will win the remainder of the games.

LOST,—On Friday, June 28, in the vicinity of Lachute, a wire haired terrier, white with black markings on eye, ear and tail, answers to the name of "Spot." Finder please notify, MISS HARRINGTON, St. Andrews and recieve reward.

We have a great variety of patterns and colourings in our $15.00 to $18.00 Suits. They are most attractive and newest styles.

W. BANFORD & SON.

Hampton,s Millinery sale!

Big sale of millinery, Hats trimmed and untrimmed. $5.00 hats for $2.50. Shapes from 75cts up, and children's hats at half price. Come early and get the choice

Great reductions in Millinery. All the trimmed hats up to $5.00 to be sold for $2.50. Come early and get your choice. Some special values in childrens hats and bonnets.

H. E. BURWASH.

1913
HUDSON
MOTOR CARS
4 cylinder, 37 h.p.
6 cylinder, 54 h.p.
Runabouts
Touring Cars
(5 and 7 passengers)
Limousines
Agents Wanted

Liberal Commiesions and exclusive territory. If you want the most profitable and satisfactory automobile agency correspond with us at once.

The Motor Import Co. of Canada, L'td.
Forum Building, Montreal
Sole Distributors for
Eastern Canada.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender for Post Office Building, Maisonneuve Que.," will be received at this office until 4.00 p.m., on Monday, June 17 1912, for the construction of a post office building at Maisonneuve Que.

Plans, specifications and form of contract can be seen and forms of tender obtained on application at the office of Mr. C. A. Reeves, Architect, 58 St. James St., Montreal, at the Post Office, Maisonneuve, and at this Department.

Persons tendering are notified that tenders will not be considered unless made on the printed forms supplied, and signed with their actual signatures, stating their occupation and places of residence. In the case of firms the actual signature the nature of the occupation and place of residence of each member of the firm must be given.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque on a chartered bank, payable to the order of the Honourable the Minister of Public Works, equal to ten per cent (10 p.c.) of the amount of the tender, which will be forfeited if the person tendering decline to enter into a contract when called upon to do so, or fail to complete the work contracted for. If the tender be not accepted the cheque will be returned.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,
R. C. DESROCHERS,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works.
Ottawa, May 23, 1912.

Newspapers will not be paid for this advertisement if they insert it without authority from the department.

FARM FOR SALE.

Situated in the Parish of St. Jerusalem D'Argenteuil, four miles from Lachute, one mile from cheese factory and saw mill, and one and a half mile from school and post office, containg 375 arpents 150 under cultivation balance in pasture a large sugar bush of 1 000 trees, with plenty of valuable timber including spruce and hemlock with a mixture of hardwood.

Large modern house with kitchen and wood shed attached, water in kitchen large barn with stable under and water therein with carriage and machine house and granery attached.

For further particulars apply to
JAMES MOORE,
Lachute.

Or on the premises.

Buggy Harness For Sale Cheap

The undersigned has a few sets of harness, all hand-made and of good quality, that he will sell as a reasonable price, also cloth collars, leather collars, straw stuffing and yellow sweat pads, all sizes. Bridles, halters, double reins, double bretchen, pole straps, martingales, hames, straps and snaps, all sizes.

Farmers! I want all your harness repairing and I will do it cheaper and better than any svddler in town.

Old stand, opposite the old post-office.
WM. CRESWELL
Clyde Street, - Lachute

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

Equipment has the universal Recommendation of every traveller.

Electric-lighted Sleepers and Compartment Cars.

Montreal to Toronto
Young Street Station at 10.45 p.m. daily.

Union Station trains daily at 8.45 a.m. and 10 p.m.

REDUCED RETURN FARES to PACIFIC COAST, COLONIZATION EXCURSION
New Ontario and Temiskaming.
Going June 26th. Return until July 26th.

ST. ANDREWS, N.B.
Daily through sleeper. Leave Windsor Street Station 7.25 p.m.

Going until September 30th.
Montreal to
Vancouver, Victoria, Seattle, Portland and return.... $100.50
San Francisco, Los Angeles, and return (via Chicago).. $105.45
San Francisco, Los Angeles, and return..... $115.50
Going via C.P.R., returning via U.S. lines lines and Chicago or vice versa.
Return limit, Oct. 31, 1912.

Homeseekers' Excursion
— TO —
Manitoba, Saskatchewan & Alberta
June 25th, July 9th, and every second Tuesday until September 17,, 1912.
Tickets good for 60 days.
J. S. GILES, Agent.
Watchman Office, Lachute.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM
MONTREAL TORONTO and WEST
9 a.m., 9.30 a.m., 7.30 p.m., 10.30 p.m.
Dining, Parlor and Library Cars on Day Trains; Pullman Sleeping Cars Electric-Lighted, on night trains.

TORONTO
in 7½ HOURS via
"International Limited"
Leaves Montreal 9 a.m. every day.
Four Express Trains Daily
The only double track route
Finest and Fastest Train in Canada
HIGHEST CLASS OF EQUIPMENT.

NATIONAL CONVENTION
Ancient Order of Hibernians
CHICAGO, ILL., July 16 to 20
Round Trip From MONTREAL $30.20
Going July 13, 14, 15; return limit, July 25.

Summer Tourist Fares, Montreal to Pacific Coast Points and Return.
In effect daily until Sept. 30, inc.: return limit Oct. 31, 1912, stop-overs allowed.
Vancouver, Victoria, Seattle Portland etc... $100.50
San Francisco, Los Angeles. St. Diego, via Chicago and direct lines in both directions $105.05
San Francisco, via Portland, in one direction..... $115.50
Special Return Fares will also be in effect from Montreal July 10 and 11; return limit, September 11; Vancouver, Victoria, Seattle, Portland etc., via Chicago, $93.00; to San Francisco, via Portland, Ore., in one direction, $108.00.

Homeseekers' Excursions
Round Trip Tickets to Western Canada, via Chicago on Sale May 28; June 11; 25; July 9; 23; August 6, 20; September 3, 17, at very low rates.
*Daily. †Daily (except Sunday.
J. QUINLAN,

We Invite You

To See

Our Carpet Squares
Our Dress Goods
Our Wash Goods
Our Silk Dress Goods
Our Ladies' Shoes
Our Men's Shoes
Our Boys Boots
Our Lace Curtains
Our Men's Clothing
Our Boy's Clothing
Our Children's Clothing

W. Banford & Son,
Main Street, Lachute.

THE PROVINCIAL BANK OF CANADA
Incorporated by Act of Parliament, July 1900;
Capital authorized: $2,000,000,00
Capital paid up: $1,000,000,00
Reserve Fund and Undivided Profits $512,463.1[illegible]

Collections
We have special facilities for making collections promptly and at reasonable rates. Sale notes given special attention.

Savings Department
You ought to save money. Your physical and mental strength cannot last for ever. Now that your earning capacity enables you to earn more than your living Open a Savings Account and provide for hard times and old age.

General Banking Business Transacted.
J. H. DUMOUCHEL, MANAGER.
Offices Lachute and Brownsburg.

Lachute Grist & Flour Mills.
Wholesale and Retail.

Flour, Bran, Snorts, Middlings, Cornmeal, Oatmeal, Rolled Oats, Graham and Buckwheat Flour, Oil Cake and Gluten Meals, and Grain of all kinds, at lowest market prices.
FINE GROUND FEED OUR SPECIALTY.
All grinding and our work guaranteed.
J. D. CAMPBELL,
Main Street, Lachute.

Men's and Boy's balbriggan underwear, Men's shirts all sizes "Tookes," Men's outing pants and shirts, collars, ties, half hose, etc., Men's overalls, jumpers, ecc., etc.
(Peabody and The Star Brand.)

Paints!
Paint oil, (double boiled and raw). White Lead, Roofing Paint, Turpentine, Elephant Brand of Mixed Paints, Coach Colors, Varnishes, Floor Paints, Varnish Stains, Etc.

Harness!
Double and Single. for heavy work. Express, Ploughing and driving, buggy and Cart Harness, Trunks, Valises, Satchels, Hand-bags, etc.

We are always stocked with the choicest and best groceries.
Boots and Shoes as reliable as we can procure.
Staple and Fancy Dry Goods.
GILES BROS.
Main St. Lachute.

CENTRAL CANADA EXHIBITION ASSOCIATION

1912 DOMINION EXHIBITION 1912

OTTAWA

Sept. 5th to 16th

7 DAYS — FULL PROGRAM FROM SATURDAY TO SATURDAY — 7 NIGHTS

Dominion Grant of $50,000 spent on extensions and innovations. Cash prizes increased 50 per cent.

Reduced Railway Rates over all Canada east of Port Arthur and from points in New York and Vermont. Excess of freight over on exhibits 100 miles will be paid by the Exhibition Association

Every Province competing for special big premiums, offered for field produce. New $100,000 machinery hall.

Daily balloon flights, Chariot races, Midway of fifty shows, New Fireworks, Royal Canadian dragoons, Ten Vaudeville Troops. Horse races and dog show.

"Siege of Omdurman" illustrating Kitchener's famous Egyptian triumph, Hundreds of Soldiers, Military Tattoo.

6 for $1.00 tickets on sale. Entries close August 20.

Write for prize list and programme to

E. McMAHON, Mgr. and Secretary,

26 Sparks St., Ottawa.

One Gang Shoots 300,000

So far this year but three plume sales have taken place in London, yet in those three sales alone there were catalogued the skins of over 25,000 humming birds.

Even the law is set at defiance by the gangs of men who make a livelihood by the slaughter of the birds. Not long ago a gang was surprised on one of the islands which the United States had decreed to be a "bird reservation," and these men had in their possession the plumage of 300,000 birds.

There was no bird in the world towards which the eyes of zoologists were turned in more admiring wonder than that pride of Australia, the lyre bird. Yet the rarer the bird became the fiercer grew the competition to secure its tail feathers, and not long ago a party of plume-hunters surrounded a patch of scrub in which the birds were known to be breeding, and, setting fire to it, shot down the birds as they struggled through one pitiless ring of fire to meet death in another. Then the tail feathers were cut off and the bodies left to rot.

It was decided to organize a crusade throughout the country by means chiefly of lantern lectures, and stir up public sentiment in favour of the Plumage Bill, by which the importation of feathers would be prohibited by law; and an appeal was made for subscriptions.

RUSSIAN DINING-ROOMS

The dining-rooms of some of the large cafes in Russia contain a pool of fresh water in which fish of various kinds and sizes swim about. Any patron of the restaurant who may wish a course of fish for dinner goes to the pool, picks out the particular one he may desire, and in a moment the waiter has captured it with a dip-net and sent it to the chef.

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH, WEST LAND REGULATIONS.

—: o :—

Any person who is the sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan, or Alberta. The applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the district. Entry by proxy may be made at any agency, on certain conditions by father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister of intending homesteader.

Duties,—Six months' residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within 9 miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres solely owned and occupied by him or by his father, mother son, daughter brother or sister.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre empt a quarter-section alongside his homestead. Price $3.00 per acre.

Duties,—Must reside upon the homestead or pre-emption six months in each of six years from date of homestead entry (including the time required to earn homestead patent) and cultivate fifty acres.

A homesteader who has exhausted his homestead right and cannot obtain a preemption may enter for a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price $3.00 per acre. Duties,—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate fifty acres and erect a house worth $300.00.

W. W. CORY.

Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

New Spring and Summer Goods

Suitings, Pantings & Overcoatings.

I have just received a large assortment of Spring and Summer Tweeds, of the latest designs and Best Quality.

Over 500 hundred Different Patterns to choose from. Leave your order now as to get the pick of these magnificent goods.

I also keep as usual the largest and best assortment of Gent's Furnishings, Hats and Caps, and Ready-to-Wear Clothing, of the very latest styles and designs.

Geoffroy Bedard

THE TAILOR,

Main Street, - Lachute.

CANADIAN NORTHERN

ROYAL MAIL

—: o :—

Homeseekers Excursions to St. John District, July 9th and August 6th, 1912.

—: o :—

First class fare and return $7.60
Second " " " " $5.10

—: o :—

Good for one month.

For further information apply to

J. M. ROBY, *Agent.*

DR. E. LAURIN,
VETERINARY-SURGEON,
125 Rushbrooke Set,
Montreal, Que.
Bell Tel. No. 1397.

HILL HEAD SCHOOL.

—: o :—

Grade IV. Max. 1100.—N. Rodgers 1023, Mabel Rodgers 1011, M. Westgate 998, Clarence Rodgers 709.

Grade III. Max. 1100.—L. Rodgers 995, Jessie Berry 984, M. Armstrong 770, Cecil Pollock 754, Randolph Rodgers 550.

Grade II Max. 500.—Gladys Armstrong 395, Bella Clarke 388, R. Westgate 373.

Grade I.—Edgar Pollock.

Grade II. Primer.—Norman Drysdale, Ben Rogers.

Grade I. Primer—James Berry, Jack Hume, Bella Hume, Verda Thompson.

PEARL POLLOCK Teacher.

FARM FOR SALE.

—: o :—

A good farm situated in the Parish of St. Jerusalem of d'Argenteuil, six miles from Lachute, one mile from cheese factory and saw mill half mile from school, containing about 300 acres, large sugar bush of 1000 trees with other wood included. Large modern house and out builbings water in both. Particulars made known on premises or by letter to.

RICHARD HODOE.
Upper Lachute.

House-work is a pleasure

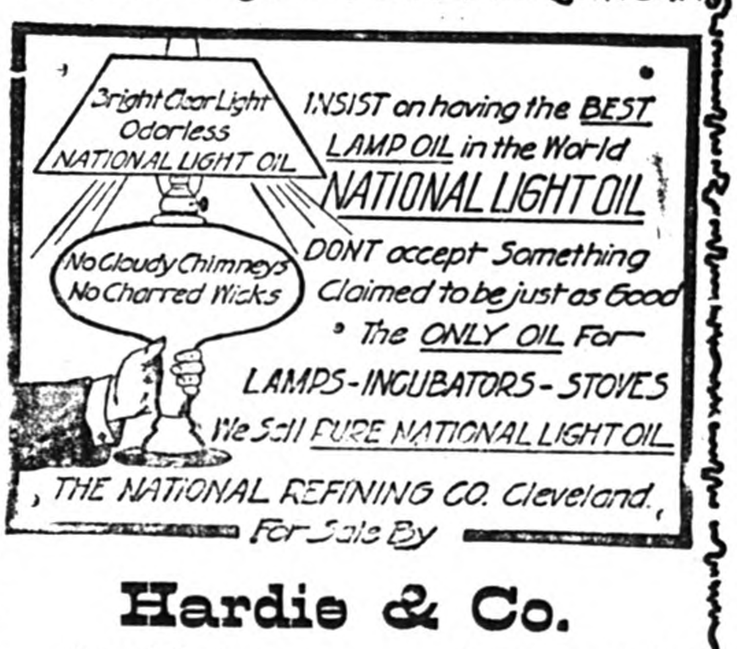


If you use our Automatic Vacuum Cleaner You will be surprised and pleased at the amount of work it will accomplish for you. If you have not seen it working call and let us demonstrate it to you.

What about a nice Gasoline Cook Stove this Summer? We have many different kinds and prices to suit. Have you seen our Curtain stretchers?—the new kind?—to see is to buy. Also a fine line of refrigerators.

Our aim is to please our customers.

G. Y. Deacon, - West End Lachute



Hardie & Co.

General Merchants, Brownsburg, P. Q.

THE BANK OF OTTAWA

ESTABLISHED 1874.

Deposits	30th November 1911	-	$34,864,146
Assets	30th November 1911	-	$46,458,537

Special attention given to the

Accounts of Cheese Factories and Their Patrons.

Cheese Cheques Cashed.

Lachute and St. Andrews Branch, - J. R. Parris, Manager
Grenville Branch, - W. H. Lamb, Manager.

Grand Whitewear Sale!!

5 Patterns in Corset Covers at 25c.; 3 Styles in Corset Covers at 49 c.; A Splendid Choice at 99 c.; Also a very fine line at 74 c. Drawers at 25, 49, 74; Night Gowns at 49, 74, 99, 1.49; Underskirts 49, 99, 1.49.

All our offers are of Special Value at this sale. The Garments are the Choice Fruits of the Loom and Machine. Just honor us with a visit, we will be only too pleased to show the goods.

P.S.—We take produce in exchange for goods.

E. LAVIGNE.

Foundry Street, Lachute.



Just what you want for summer comfort on lawn, porch or in camp, the

"IDEAL" Hammo-Couch

Everywhere replacing the old-fashioned, saggy, shift "half-moon" hammocks. Used as a seat or lounge or as a couch for outdoor sleeping it gives real comfort and years of service.

But be sure you get the genuine "IDEAL" Hammo-Couch—the kind with steel frame supporting the springs. Others have insecure wooden frames, with uncomfortable hard edge. No others have the back support, all-round windshield, adjustable canopy sun-shade and other "IDEAL" features. 35 B

Sold with steel frame support for lawn use, or without if to be hung from porch roof.



The genuine Hammo-Couch bears this trade mark—and gives greatest comfort and service

Complete with iron frame support and canopy - -

Hammo-Couch only, with chains to hang from porch roof

Get Yours Here!

(YOUR NAME AND ADDRESS HERE)

O. B. LAFLEUR & Sons, Limited.

LACHUTE MARBLE & GRANITE WORKS

We deal in Foreign & Domestic Marble and Granite, first class work and best material in all the latest designs, always on hand.

Satisfaction guaranteed in all kinds of cemetery work, Monuments, Headstones, Posts, Fencing, etc.

Terms to suit Purchasers.

W. M. SCOTT, Prop.

YOUR SATISFACTION IS GUARANTEED

Flour Bran, Shorts, Middlings, Cornmeal, Oatmeal, Buckwheat Flour, Graham Flour, Hay, Oats and all kinds of feed.

I am also agent for all kinds of Massey Harris farm implements. Give us a call and examine our goods, you will find our prices are right. Phone No. 73.

W. J. BOYD, Main St., Lachute.

Everything must be Sold!!

Having Sold Out my Property in St. Philippe, I have now decided to run out my entire stock of Goods at wonderful values.

$9,000 STOCK

Comprising Ready-made Clothing, Dry Goods, Hardware, Crockery, Boots and Shoes, & Farming Implements of all kinds.

30 p.c. Discount. Terms Cash or Note.

Also 1 horse, weighing about 1350 lbs., Buggies, Harness etc.

H. PAQUIN, St. Philippe

WHEN ROME HELD ENGLAND

INTERESTING HISTORIC SPOT IN EAST ANGLIA.

Traces of Racial Descent Still Apparent in Many of the People.

A few miles from the easternmost point of England there is a field of about five acres, bounded on three sides by a wall. In Cornwall, or in a northern county, where "dry" fences abound, there is nothing unusual about a walled field, but in East Anglia, so far as I am aware, says a writer in the London Chronicle, there is no other besides this one, which slopes down to the estuary of the Yare, and is often hidden by fog rising from the valley marshlands. The smelt-netter spreading his seine in the upper waters of the estuary, when he looks up the slope, sees the longest wall, built of indurate flint, with brick in ruddy tiers, outlined against the sky and draped with dense tangles of ivy which almost hide four solid round towers of the height of the wall itself. In the foreground, perhaps, he sees a plowman driving his team, closely followed by a flock of clamorous seagulls. Fishermen and farm hands have heard the walled enclosure spoken of as

"THE CASTLE,"

but of its real significance they know little or nothing. All their lives they have been familiar with it, but it means no more to them than a churchyard wall and less than the nearest dilapidated village pound. Possibly the fact of horses' teeth and bones being often turned up by the plow may suggest to them that at some time the enclosure served some such purpose as a pound.

Their ignorance is not surprising. Neither antiquary nor historian knows much more about those ancient walls than does the laborer who shelters beneath them when a rain storm sweeps across the marshes. The antiquary recognizes Roman work in the alternating bands of flints and thin, red bricks; the historian, turning to the "Notitia Imperil," identifies the so-called castle with Garianonum, a military station, which was garrisoned by the Stablesian Horse, under the command of the "Count of the Saxon Shore"; but slight attempts at excavation have revealed very little upon which imagination can reconstruct the daily life of those African slaves—as we were told the Stablesian Horse were—who held this isolated outpost of the Roman Empire. At mid-day in summer, when the smooth-faced flints were often hot to the hand; in winter days, when the shriveled stems of saxifrage rooted in the Roman mortar were white with rime frost, and at night, when the bats had come out

OF A NORMAN CHURCH TOWER

near by and were flitting waveringly over the field, I have been alone in the camp, and always I have felt conscious of its secretiveness. Fragments of coarse food vessels, an occasional shard painted red and rudely ornamented in imitation of Samian ware, an iron ring, the base of a cinerary urn, and now and again a Roman coin, all of them turned up by the plow, have had their significance, and a brick with a scored surface on one side has suggested that a villa stood somewhere near the camp; but these relics, dating from the dawn of history in England, have been poor substitutes for a knowledge of what must have happened on this bleak East Anglian coast when the warlike Iceni were being held in subjection and so massive a fortress as Garianonum was needed to guard the Yare estuary against the approach of Norse or Saxon invaders.

Yet the defiant secretiveness of the walls, like that of Stonehenge or some solitary moorland menhir, is in itself a challenge to curiosity, and at sunset when the ploughmen have left the fields and a faint mist like the visible breath of a sleeping legion was rising in the camp, I have waited under one of its ivy-mantled towers and tried to convince myself that the enduring fortress was not so deserted as it seemed. I have told myself that walls which have stood there since days when the native inhabitants of Britain were little better than barbarians must have some

MYSTERIOUS GUARDIAN

whose presence might be felt in the darkness; with whom, perhaps, in a moment of subliminal activity, when sensory perception was abnormally acute, I might get into communication, and what was hidden might be revealed to me. At night the camp is a place where one may well have visions as well as dream dreams. In Saxon times St. Furseus, an Irish monk, found it so, for there, in a cell built amid the walls, he had those visions which, some believe suggested Dante's "Divine Comedy." But only such forms as my fancy shaped out of the slowly-drifting wreaths and wisps of mist have appeared to me, and the strangest sounds I have heard have been the screech of a barn owl and the rustle of a restless bird in the ivy.

Yet once, when I had left the camp just before nightfall and was walking along one of the old high-hedged driftways near by, leading down to the marshes, I had a strange experience. There passed me, walking slowly, and, it seemed, almost stealthily, a woman—a farm laborer's wife apparently—whose face attracted my attention by its unusual pallor and held it, so long as I could distinguish its features, by its striking likeness to a portrait I had seen, copied from a bust of Agrippina, the mother of Nero. It had the same hard, firm-set mouth, high forehead, delicately chiseled nostrils, and dark, brooding eyes, and for a few moments I could hardly believe I had not seen the ghost of

SOME ROMAN MATRON

who had come to Britain and died here nearly two thousand years since. Since that evening I have twice seen the same woman in broad daylight, standing by the gate of a cottage, looking impassively down the road, and although the pallor of her face was not then so noticeable as in the twilight, her features, clear-cut as those of a perfect cameo, whenever I recall them to memory, still remind me of the Roman portrait, and the woman herself seems inseparably associated with the grim, grey-walled camp.

Although my reason often doubts it, my imagination affirms that the presence near the camp of the woman with the face of a Roman matron has a definite meaning. It means, I say to myself, that massive walls and a few almost valueless relics are not all that remain in easternmost England to tell of Rome's world-dominating power. And is it so surprising if such should be the case? In the Scottish Highlands and Western Islands, and in the counties which comprise the ancient Siluria, one may often encounter people who, ethnologists assure us, are descendants of the short, dark-haired Neolithic inhabitants of Britain. In the marshlands below the Roman camp I have often spent hours in the company of tall, fair-haired, blue-eyed descendants of the Viking Northmen who settled on the shores of the great Broadland estuary more than a thousand years ago. If the Iberian and the Northman unconsciously persist in maintaining racial distinction among us to-day, why should we have effaced entirely all racial traces of the colonists from Rome?

EXPERIMENTS OF BOTANISTS.

Every Seed Loses Its Vitality in Thirteen Years.

Stories have frequently appeared in print about wheat taken from mummy cases thousands of years old which has proved fertile when planted. Mr. Carruthers, the distinguished botanist of the Royal Agricultural Society, has just concluded a series of experiments the results of which should cause all such tales to be very closely examined in the future.

In 1896 Mr. Carruthers made a collection of forty-three sorts of seeds from the harvest of 1895. There were half a dozen cereals, seventeen grasses, a dozen clovers, half a dozen turnips and allied plants, carrots, yarraw, etc. The samples were put in paper bags, which were kept in the close fitting drawers of a cabinet. Every year Mr. Carruthers got out his samples and made tests. The results are most interesting.

The germination of barley and wheat was very little affected during the first five years. After that, however, they could be got to sprout with greater and greater difficulty. In ten years not a single seed remained alive.

Oats seemed to be a sterner stuff. They were little the worse in nine years. But by the end of the fourteenth year there was not a white oat surviving. Two years later the last of the black oats went over to the majority.

The seventeen different varieties of grasses all passed out of life between their eighth and thirteenth years.

Of the clovers, no red seed was alive in the eleventh year, and other varieties did not last much longer.

The turnip seed finally lost its vitality in the thirteenth year.

LITTLE GERMAN STATES.

Two Kingdoms, Two Duchies and Three Principalities.

The Liliputian size of some of the German States is well known, but that it is possible to visit seven of them, including two kingdoms, two duchies and three principalities, in an easy walk of four and a half hours will probably be news to most people.

Starting from Steinbach, in Bavaria, the pedestrian arrives in half an hour at Lichtentanne, which is situated in Saxe-Meiningen. From here the road leads in one and a half hours to Rauschengesees (Reuss, Elder Branch), after which in a few minutes Gleima, in Schwarzburg-Rudolstadt, is reached.

Half an hour's walk takes him to Altengesees (Reuss, Younger Branch). An hour further on lies Drognitz, on Prussian soil, and the last stage is another hour's stroll, finishing up at Saalthal, Saxe-Altenburg.

HUGE EIGHTY-FOOT SHARK

FIVE MEN COULD WALK ABREAST INTO MOUTH.

Giant Sharks of the Present Day Are Very Rare and Seldom Seen.

It is perhaps not generally realized that some species of sharks are among the hugest of marine animals, yet it is a fact that certain of them can be compared only with the whale, says the Scientific American. These giant sharks, however, are not well known; they are very rare; turn up in most out-of-the-way places, and usually disintegrate before they can be carefully measured or studied. The largest species living at the present day are the great whale shark and the basking shark. The former is known from specimens stranded at various times at the Cape of Good Hope, on the coast of India, Peru, Lower California, the Pacific archipelago and, most recently, Florida. It is thus very widely distributed. It attains a length of over 50 feet; a specimen taken in the Seychelles in 1863 was measured and found to be over 45 feet, and others recorded from the same locality by a reliable observer were over 50. Fortunately, this monster is quite harmless. It has very small teeth and feeds upon the minute organisms abounding at the surface of the sea, which it strains through its gill rakers. The same is true of the great basking shark, which is found especially in the Arctic ocean. This species approaches the whale shark in size and, like it, is an entirely harmless creature, feeding upon the microorganisms of the sea.

A TERRIFIC MONSTER.

But if the largest sharks of to-day are harmless, the same is not true of their congeners in the past. In Eocene times, the geologic age, during which mammals rose to their place of supremacy in the animal world, there lived in the sea a giant shark larger than any of the present day and withal a most terrific monster. This shark has received considerable attention during the last year at the American Museum of Natural History through the fact that the museum procured several hundred teeth of this species which were set up, in a restoration of its jaws. The teeth were collected many years ago from the phosphate beds of South Carolina by the late Joseph Cohn.

These jaws were of sufficient size opened up to allow five or six men to walk abreast right into the mouth. The teeth are arranged in rows above and below, those in the middle of each row being the largest. One of them which was especially measured is 4¼ inches wide at the base of the crown and six inches high. There are 24 teeth in the lower, and back of each of these rows there are three more, not seen in a front view, which are intended to take the place of any teeth in the front row which may be lost. The edges of each tooth are

LIKE SHARP KNIFEBLADES,

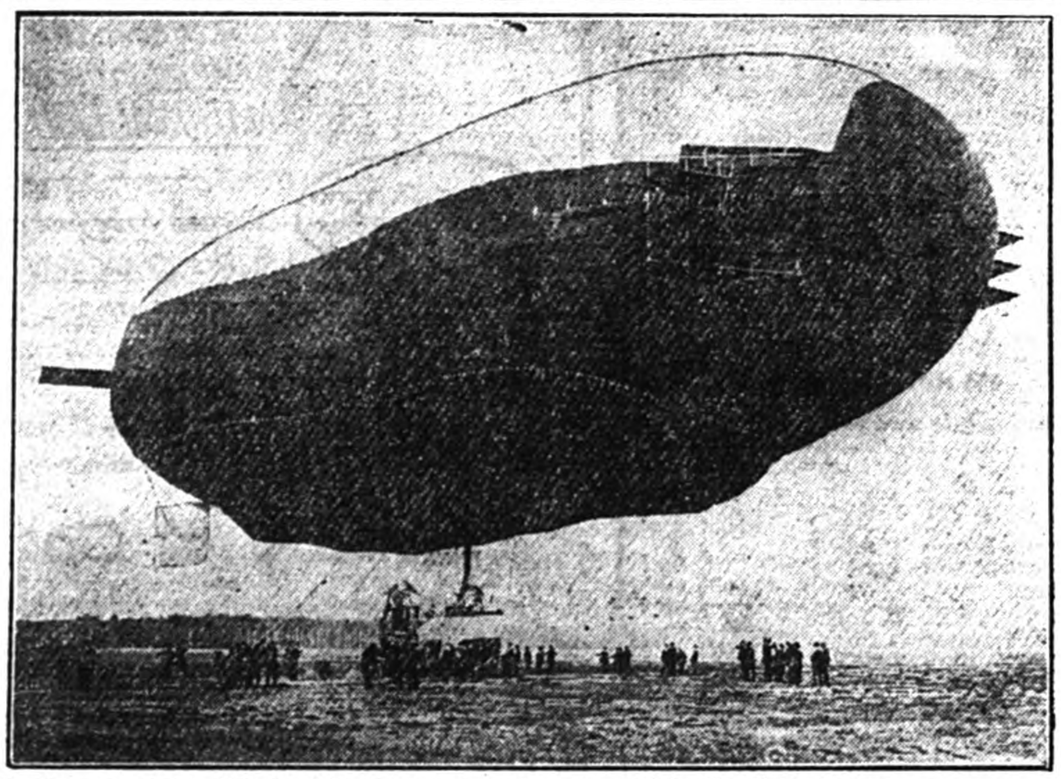
or, to be more accurate, sharp saw edges, since they are serrated. What a tremendous engine of destruction this jaw must have been in life. Fancy the millions upon millions of fishes that must have been guillotined by the snapping together of this gigantic mouth. Perhaps never was there evolved an engine of destruction more terrible than this. Not even the dental battery of the gigantic dinosaur, tyrannosaur rex, surpassed it in power. And what manner of shark was this to whom belonged these jaws? Have we any data by which to picture its size and appearance? Fortunately, we have. There survives at the present day a closely related shark which gives us an idea of the appearance of its gigantic extinct relative. This surviving species is the great white maneater, known to scientists as carcharodon rondeleti, which is washed up on the Atlantic coast once in a long while. One of these sharks, a rather small specimen, ten feet long, was cast up on the Massachusetts coast in 1883, and received careful attention at the hands of Dr. W. G. Stevenson, who published a description and accurate measurements of it.

Its teeth were 1¼ inches high, and if we compare the size of its jaw with those of the extinct shark (Carsharodon megalodon) we may safely conclude that the latter must have been in the neighborhood of

70 OR 80 FEET IN LENGTH.

It was thus as large as a sulphur-bottom whale, the hugest of all whales. Carcharodon megalodon is not the only extinct species of this kind of shark. To judge from the fossil teeth which occur in different parts of the world, there lived at least a dozen other species in the sea contemporaneously with it, which have also become extinct. The surviving species, the great white maneater, is exceedingly rare and may be regarded as on the verge of extinction. What was the cause of such a gigantic and terrible monster becoming extinct?

Not knowing all the conditions of life of such a creature, it is not possible to give an accurate answer to this question, but we may venture an explanation. We know that a shark of such gigantic proportions must have consumed enormous quantities of fish. Owing to its rapacious habits these fish must have decreased in number sufficiently in course of time to have deprived it of its staple article of food, and thus must have led in its extinction. This view is made more probable when we remember that the giant shark lived in the sea with a dozen or more other species which were constantly competing with it for food.



The German airship "Suchard," which is to make a trans-Atlantic flight from Germany to America shortly. The cabin of the airship has the form of a motor-boat. Photo shows the airship "Suchard" about to make its first ascent at Johannisthal, Berlin.

GERMAN TEACHER PUNISHED.

Hypnotized Children to Make Them Polite.

A teacher named Boennecker has been sentenced to ten days' imprisonment at Elberfeld, Germany, for making experiments in hypnotism with the pupils in his charge.

Boennecker, who was greatly interested in hypnotism, decided that he might use it for the purpose of improving the manners of his pupils, who were rather an unruly band drawn from the lower working classes.

He wished to cure them of habits of disobedience and deceit, and, for this purpose, he hypnotized them one after another before he attempted to teach them. Then, when they were in a trance, he impressed upon them first of all the necessity of saying nothing of what had occurred, and then the importance of telling the truth and of being very polite to him when they awoke.

Some of the children yielded to hypnotic suggestion almost immediately, but others were not such good subjects. The latter told their parents of what had occurred, and investigations were made. It was found that the hypnotized children were doing exactly as they were told, and that their manners had improved to a very great extent.

The court, however, took the view that the experiments were dangerous to the health of the children, and Boennecker was convicted.

IMPRACTICAL.

"I understand," said Mr. Erastus Pinkey, "dat dey has invented a machine foh washin' an' ironin' money."

"Go, 'long, man," replied Miss Miami Brown. "You knows des as well as I does dese white folks ain g'ineter leave no clothes lines full o' two-dollar bills hangin' out in de yard."

ANIMALS' DREADS.

Elephants Hate Mice, and Tigers Dislike Dogs.

It is well known that many people have an inexplicable aversion to certain animals. Lord Roberts, it is said, strongly dislikes cats, and can say at once if there is one in the room or not. Most people have a horror of snakes and other things which crawl and creep.

Animals, like human beings, have their likes and dislikes. Put certain animals together, and you may well expect a fight; while another two will become the friendliest of comrades.

Women are proverbial for their horror of mice, but one would hardly expect an elephant to show fear at such a tiny foe. This fear was shown some years ago during some experiments to find out the likes of animals in a menagerie. The huge animal spotted the mouse as soon as it was placed in its enclosure. The elephant gave evidences of fear immediately! With one of its big feet it could have smashed the tiny intruder out of existence.

Instead, it stood for a few minutes motionless, and apparently helpless with fright. Not until the mouse had been removed was the elephant to be pacified, and it was some hours before it regained its normal courage.

Mice, indeed, inspire fear, or something akin to it, in a good many animals. A Bengal tiger trembled and uttered long, mournful howls the whole time that a mouse was in its cage. Two rats were introduced into a lions' cage, and the same fear was shown by the larger animal for the smaller ones.

There have been many suggestions put forward for this extraordinary dislike of these large animals for mice. One very probable one is that mice and rats have a peculiar smell which is highly repulsive to their enemies. A puma, however, has no such fear. When a rat was introduced into its cage the huge cat made one spring and the rat was no more!

All cats, from the tiger to the purring bundle of fur on the hearthrug, hate dogs. No animal is fiercer than the tiger when she has cubs. Most animals then steer clear of her and her offspring. But the wild dogs in India haven't the slightest fear of the king of the jungle.

These wild dogs will kill and eat the cubs while the mother is away, and then calmly wait for her return. In the fight that ensues between the enraged tiger and her enemies the wild dogs invariably win. A tiger in captivity shows the greatest anger if a dog approaches its cage, and will make every endeavor to reach its enemy through the bars of its cage.

Almost all animals in captivity have a strong dislike to children and cripples. Most children have a habit of teasing animals, so Zoo captives have a very good reason for their dislike. Cripples inspire animals with fear, because almost all animals have a hatred of anything unusual or abnormal.

There is one animal that practically all other animals fear, and that is the great bull-ant found in the tropical forests of Africa. Every animal flees before a column of these terrible insects. A snake attacked by bull-ants stands no chance whatever of escaping. They attack everything and anything, and the universal hatred of them is well justified.

LANGUAGE OF 300 WORDS.

The Torahaumaris, a race of cave-dwellers recently discovered in the most inaccessible parts of the Sierra Madre Mountains in Northern Mexico, have a language limited to 300 words, yet it is said they manage to converse freely in it. They are unable to count beyond 10.

WHEN WOMAN GROWS OLD.

Neither is a woman growing old until she begins to look around for comfortable shoes.

TSCHINGEL OF THE ALPS.

Most Remarkable Mountain-Climbing Dog.

Dogs have accompanied their masters to the very top of difficult Alpine summits. One—a British bulldog named Bobby—went up the Jungfrau only last year. But the most remarkable canine alpinist, says the London Post,—a veritable pioneer of the snow peaks,—was Rev. William A. B. Coolidge's dog, Tschingel.

Like all good alpinists, Tschingel began her climbing career when still young. She was a mountain-born dog, and an undoubted mongrel. She was of moderate size only, but had strong legs and feet. She was reddish-brown in color, with white breast, gloves and cuffs. Her one great beauty lay in her large, soft, very intelligent brown eyes.

Her first important exploit was the crossing of the Tschingel Pass to Lauterbrunnen, and from this pass she took her name. She soon became inured to the dangers and difficulties of mountaineering. She often became footsore, but when little boots were procured for her, she promptly pulled them off.

In course of time Tschingel acquired a marvelous instinct for guessing where a hidden crevasse lay, and also for finding the best way across an open one. She grew so experienced in snow conditions that she could tell by merely looking at a snow bridge whether it was safe to cross or not, and when she drew back, the guides knew at once that it was mere waste of time to consider that way.

Once she actually showed a guide the way down a difficult place. Her master and mistress, with the guide, had taken a new route down the Diablerets, and found themselves on a badly crevassed glacier. The guide did not know what to do, but when he saw Tschingel going steadily on, he exclaimed, "The dog seems to know the way! Let's follow her." They did so, and Tschingel led them down without a slip or false step.

Tschingel actually accompanied Mr. Coolidge on the first ascents ever made of several difficult peaks, and made her ascent of the Pennine peak of Mont Blanc in 1875. She had already tried this mountain once, six years earlier, when the snow was so deep that the poor dog sank in hopelessly, and could not struggle much beyond the Grands-Mulets. After all this lapse of time Tschingel remembered the locality perfectly, and lying down, refused to set out.

Finally, however, she was induced to start by being reproached and made to feel ashamed of herself. She accomplished the ascent without any special difficulty.

On her return from Mont Blanc to Chamounix she excited the greatest possible interest, and a cannon was fired specially in her honor. She trotted into the village, head erect and tail wagging, immensely proud of herself, and the next day, lying luxuriously on a sofa in the hotel drawing-room, she held a kind of reception, which was attended by several hundred persons, among whom were all the guides.

Tschingel was called an "honorary member of the Alpine Club," few of whose members, indeed, have made so many ascents as she did—fifty-three long ascents, eleven of them virgin summits, and some hundreds of less important peaks or partial ascents. She never suffered from mountain sickness or snow-blindness, although she often had the black skin of her muzzle burned by the heat of the sun on the snow. Like most good mountaineers, she was very fond of hot tea. What is curious is that, although she could acquire a knowledge of snow and ice of which any mountaineer would be proud, she could not learn tricks. Perhaps she thought it beneath her dignity to do so.

HALF THEIR BEEF IS WATER.

Some Cuts Contain Only 40 Per Cent. of Solids.

While the drinking water is fully recognized as a prime requisite for sustaining life, the general public does not realize the great quantities of water which exist in food, or the high prices paid for it in making purchases in grocery store or meat market. Popular Mechanics says:

"Take, for instance, the butcher's bill, which is usually a considerable item of household expenditure. It is a trifle disconcerting to be told that when the thrifty housewife expends from twenty to twenty-eight cents a pound for the best cuts of beef, about sixty per cent. of the sum is being paid for water. Yet such is the case, about sixty per cent. of the bulk of uncooked beef or mutton being water. The flesh of pigeons is about seventy per cent. water, that of fowls and ducks sixty-five per cent., while a really fat goose may have as little as thirty-eight per cent. of water in its composition. The flesh of fish varies considerably in the quantity of the water contained, the figures ranging, according to the kinds of fish, from forty to eighty per cent. The salt water fish generally seen upon a fish dealer's slab approximate to the higher rate.

Boy Scouts in the British Empire [illegible] 60,000.

ST. VITUS DANCE IN YOUNG CHILDREN

A Striking Example of its Cure By the Tonic Treatment

St. Vitus dance is the commonest form of nervous trouble that afflicts young children, because of the great demand made on the body by growth and development, and there is an added strain caused by study. It is when these demands become so great that they impoverish the blood, and the nerves fail to receive their full supply of nourishment, that the nervous debility which leads to St. Vitus dance begins.

The remarkable success of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills in curing St. Vitus dance should lead parents to give this great blood-building medicine to their children at the first signs of the approach of the disease. Pallor, listlessness, inattention, restlessness and irritability are all symptoms which early show that the blood and nerves are failing to meet the demand upon them. Here is proof of the power of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills to cure this trouble. Mrs. J. W. Towns, Oshawa, Ont., says:—"At the age of eleven my daughter was attacked with St. Vitus dance, and despite all we did for her the trouble grew rapidly worse. Soon she was scarcely able to walk, her body and limbs jerked and trembled so, and she was quite unable to feed herself. When she would lie down she would be unable to rise without assistance. As nothing was helping her I wrote a friend whose daughter had been similarly affected, and she advised the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, which had cured her child. I at once got a supply of the Pills, and even the use of the first box seemed to show an improvement. By the time five boxes were used she was completely cured and has had no return of the trouble since." Sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

NEW G.T.R. PRESIDENT.

From a small office on the top floor of the Central Chambers, Ottawa, to the presidency and general managership of the Grand Trunk Railway System and successor to the capable and illustrious Charles M. Hays within a period of six or seven years, is, in the common vernacular of the day, "going some." Such is the record of Edson J. Chamberlin, whose promotion was recently announced. Mr. Chamberlin is a pleasant, mild-mannered, and well-groomed gentleman. He is genial and approachable, and during the years that he was general manager of the Canada Atlantic Railway he enjoyed the confidence of both the public and Mr. J. R. Booth, the owner of the road. So implicit was the trust reposed in the ability and sound judgment of his general manager that Mr. Booth often allowed weeks to pass without calling at his office. When certain requests of varied character were made, Mr. Booth would reply, "See Mr. Chamberlin, and whatever he decides it will be all right."

The new president of the Grand Trunk has now become an international figure, and that he will measure up to the estimation of his warmest friends and admirers there is no doubt. He has seen 40 years of service in contracting and railroad work in Mexico, the United States, and Canada. He is never in a hurry, never flustered, and never fussy. He will calmly smoke a good cigar and settle the most vexatious and intricate problems. He is master of himself and his work at all times and yet enjoys a joke or a good story. His manner is quiet and unassuming, but he is business to the finger tips. To newspaper men he is a true friend and frequently takes them into his confidence. His upright carriage, his well-poised head, and his winning smile at once place a visitor at ease and, when the interview is ended,



Mr. E. J. Chamberlin.

the average man departs with a good impression and kindly feelings.

President Chamberlin can say "No" without leaving a sting in his words or demeanor, and he is courteous to all. Nowhere is he more highly respected than in the Capital City, where he resided for many years. A common error made by the Canadian press is in spelling his name Chamberlain, like that of the distinguished Imperialist, Rt. Hon. Joseph Chamberlain. The new chief of the G. T. R. has never used an "a" in the third syllable of his cognomen.

OUTDOOR LIFE

Will Not Offset the Ill Effects of Coffee and Tea When One Cannot Digest Them.

A farmer says:

"For ten years or more I suffered from dyspepsia and stomach trouble, caused by the use of coffee, (Tea contains caffeine, the same drug found in coffee) until I got so bad I had to give up coffee entirely and almost give up eating. There were times when I could eat only boiled milk and bread; and when I went to the field to work I had to take some bread and butter along to give me strength.

"I doctored steady and took almost everything I could get for my stomach in the way of medicine, but if I got any better it only lasted a little while. I was almost a walking skeleton.

"One day I read an ad for Postum and told my wife I would try it, and as to the following facts I will make affidavit before any judge:

"I quit coffee entirely and used Postum in its place. I have regained my health entirely and can eat anything that is cooked to eat. I have increased in weight until now I weigh more than I ever did. I have not taken any medicine for my stomach since I began using Postum.

"My family would stick to coffee at first, but they saw the effects it had on me and when they were feeling bad they began to use Postum, one at a time, until now we all use Postum." Name given by Canadian Postum Co., Windsor, Ont.

Ten days' trial of Postum in place of tea or coffee proves the truth, an easy and pleasant way.

Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

ANVIL SPARKS.

Love keeps no ledger of its services.

The flower never cares who shall inhale its fragrance.

It is possible to sacrifice many virtues on a cross temper.

When you enjoy the pity of others, the soul is ill and needs cure.

If God planted you for a primrose, you can never bloom as a petunia.

A very large army of evils can enter a very small gate of compromise.

The grass just out of reach looks good to the sheep that grazes along the fence.

The way never looks so hard when we are on our feet as it does when we sit at ease.

If you sit down to wait to hear compliments, your seat is apt to become very hard before you are satisfied.

Daniel would never have walked amid the bronze lions that adorned the Babylonish throne if he had not first walked amid the real lions of the cave.

Safeguarding Investors

It is only the wealthy investor who can afford to jeopardize his principal in the hope of securing unusually large returns. To the man whose investment represents all or most of his available capital, security of principal is a prime necessity.

The value of a Bond depends upon several conditions, including: safety, which can be ascertained only after an investigation of the properties which are security for the Bond—rate of interest—readiness with which the Bond can be sold—probable stability or appreciation of market price. These and other facts should be ascertained before investing.

We maintain in the interests of investors a statistical department which contains complete information regarding all reputable Canadian and the leading British and American securities. A request to any one of our offices in person, by mail or wire, will secure any desired information. Such a request carries no obligation whatever.

DOMINION BOND COMPANY, Limited

TORONTO MONTREAL
OTTAWA LONDON, ENG.

NEXT DUTCH QUEEN.

The Princess Juliana Had a Birthday Lately.

Recently the Princess Juliana, heiress to the Dutch throne, attained the age of 3, and her birthday was the occasion of many festivities throughout Holland.

The Queen of Holland lives the greater part of the year at her country seat of the Loo, near Apeldourn, in Gelderland. There the Princess spends the whole day in the royal park, where she has her little baby house, her poultry yard with the fowls she feeds with her own hands, her dog, two ponies, and a deer, says the London Daily Mail.

Every day at the Loo as well as at The Hague some children are invited to play with her in order to mitigate as much as possible the double loneliness of her position as a future queen and as an only child.

The Queen likes to invite various children by turns, so that the Princess may learn at an early age to be friendly to all sorts of people and not to show too great a preference for a chosen few. These little three-year-olds are quite free in their games, and often treat their royal hostess with scant respect.

One of them, proud of her dainty patent leather shoes, said to the Princess: "I think my shoes much prettier than yours." Whereupon little Juliana looked ruefully at her strong laced-up boots, saying, "And yet these are my very best."

A few days before the Court left The Hague the Princess was taken for a walk in the Scheveningen woods. It had rained during the night, and for the first time it dawned upon her young mind how delightful it is to walk in the puddles, and especially to stamp one's foot in them till the drops fly about.

This performance was witnessed by some admiring juvenile subjects, whose parents will no longer be able to admonish them with the saying so common in Dutch nurseries: "Juliana never does this," or "Juliana never does that." Their paragon has proved to be only human after all.

During an audience which the Prime Minister, Mr. Hoeniskerk, had with the Queen a few days ago the Princess was sent for. When the nurse came to take her out for a drive the Queen said: "Now say 'Good-by, your Excellency.'"

She could not be made to repeat those words, but as soon as the footman had opened the door so that her retreat was safe, she cried out, "Good-by, curly head," which allusion to Mr. Heensikerk's flowing mane was much appreciated by those present.

SUMMER SKIN TROUBLES.

Sunburn, blistering, and irritation are the commonest form of summer skin troubles, and Zam-Buk ends these very quickly. It works in two ways. As soon as applied, its antiseptic powers get to work and kill all the poison in a wound, a sting or a sore. This generally ends the smarting and the pain. Then Zam-Buk begins the healing process, and fresh healthy tissue is built up. For sore, blistered feet, sore hands, heat rashes, baby's heat spots, sore places due to perspiration, etc., you can't equal Zam-Buk. Druggists and stores everywhere sell Zam-Buk, 50c. box. Use Zam-Buk Soap also, 25c. per tablet. All stores, or Zam-Buk Co., Toronto.

Germany started the first of the temperance societies in the year 1517.

ALCOHOL IN THE TROPICS.

German Calls It Not Only Unnecessary, but Harmful.

A German military officer, Lieut. Passche, has recently published an account of extensive travels, in a prolonged sojourn in tropical Africa, where he made a thorough test of the non-alcoholic regimen. His wife travelled with him and shared his experiences.

He hunted elephants, rhinoceroses, lions, buffaloes, braved the rainy season and the subsidence of the Nile floods, and both he and his wife were in better health when they left the country than when they entered it. According to the Scientific Temperance Journal, he never found an occasion when alcohol was necessary for any other purpose than the preservation of insects.

The abstainer, he holds, becomes acclimated without as much bodily disorder as the drinker, heat is more easily endured and suffering from thirst is less. He has less of the skin irritation peculiar to the climate. Infection is apparently less frequently contracted and more quickly thrown off.

In endurance of continued exertion the abstaining European is often superior to the native, while in all kinds of mental and physical work the European is many times more active. Sleep is sound, appetite keen; mental freshness, working power, the spirit of enterprise are unlimited. There are no tedious moments. The abstainer is always in condition to give attention to the impressions and problems of unexplored country.

ABSOLUTELY SAFE FOR LITTLE ONES

Mrs. Nelle Steeves, Hill Grove, N.B., writes:—"I know Baby's Own Tablets are an absolutely safe medicine for little ones and they are the only medicine I would give a child without first consulting a doctor." The Tablets are guaranteed by a government analyst to be absolutely safe and free from opiates and narcotics and cannot possibly do harm—but always good. They are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Produce and manufactures of the United Kingdom find their largest markets in India, Germany, the United States, Australia, France, South Africa, Canada, the Argentine, and Brazil.

For Burns and Scalds. — Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil will take the fire out of a burn or scald more rapidly than any other preparation. It should be at hand in every kitchen so that it may be available at any time. There is no preparation required. Just apply the oil to the burn or scald and the pain will abate and in a short time cease altogether.

When birds of a feather flock together it is a pretty safe bet they'll try to pluck each other.

Minard's Liniment Lumberman's Friend.

Postcards, chiefly illustrated ones, to the number of 109,500,000, were sent through the Swiss postoffices last year.

For years Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator has ranked as the most effective preparation manufactured, and it always maintains its reputation.

HOPEFUL VIEW.

He (despondently)—Our marriage will have to be postponed. I have lost my situation, and haven't any income at all.

She (hopefully) — That doesn't matter now, my dear. We won't need any. I've learned how to trim my own hats.

If attacked with cholera or summer complaint of any kind send at once for a bottle of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial and use it according to directions. It acts with wonderful rapidity in subduing that dreadful disease that weakens the strongest man and that destroys the young and delicate. Those who have used this cholera medicine say it acts promptly, and never fails to effect a thorough cure.

"Spinster," as a term, owes its origin to the fact that in olden days the law did not permit a woman to marry until she had spun a complete set of linen.

Mileage of the railways of the United Kingdom exceeds 23,000.

A Cure for Fever and Ague.—Disturbance of the stomach and liver always precede attacks of fever and ague, showing derangement of the digestive organs and deterioration in the quality of the blood. In these ailments Parmelee's Vegetable Pills have been found most effective, abating the fever and subduing the ague in a few days. There are many who are subject to these distressing disturbances and to these there is no better preparation procurable as a means of relief.

Think this over!
Is there any beverage that costs you less per cup than
LIPTON'S TEA
GOES FARTHEST FOR THE MONEY

TO CLEAN THE CLOCK.

Oftentimes when the clock refuses to work it may be clogged with dust. All it needs to make it as good as new is to place inside the case a bit of white cotton thoroughly saturated with kerosene oil. Let this remain two or three days or a week, and at the end of that time all the dust will have been loosened by the fumes of the oil. The clock will be in good condition, while the cotton will be quite black from the dirt it has collected.

CURE FOR CONSUMPTION.

Such is the recuperative power contained in Copeland's Cure for Consumption that even the most advanced cases have been cured by its beneficial action. It can be taken by the weakest patient, to whom it gives a fighting strength as nothing else will. The appetite comes back. That weakening perspiration is stopped. The lungs and respiratory organs are healed at the same time. Its efficacy to fight consumption, weak or bleeding lungs, lingering coughs and bronchitis is proven beyond doubt not by what I state, but by what is stated by those who have taken it for those ailments and have been cured. Copies of testimonials of those who, after being given up by doctors and specialists, as only having a few days to live, and are alive and well to-day, are sent on request. Price $1 per bottle at your druggist, or direct from Wm. Copeland, 511 Pape Ave., Toronto, Canada.

THE WAITER'S REBUKE.

Sims—"While in Paris I paid $3.75 in tips alone."

Waiter (assisting him on with his coat)—"You must have lived there a good many years, sir."

It is a Liver Pill.—Many of the ailments that man has to contend with have their origin in a disordered liver, which is a delicate organ, peculiarly susceptible to the disturbances that come from irregular habits or lack of care in eating and drinking. This accounts for the great many liver regulators now pressed on the attention of sufferers. Of these there is none superior to Parmelee's Vegetable Pills. Their operation though gentle is effective, and the most delicate can use them.

Portugal, Russia, and the Malay Peninsula issue coins of the lowest value; in South Russia there is a coin in use worth one four-thousandth part of an English penny, and the Malays circulate a wafer worth one ten-thousandth part of a penny.

I was cured of Bronchitis and Asthma by MINARD'S LINIMENT.
MRS. A. LIVINGSTONE.
Lot 5, P. E. I.

I was cured of a severe attack of Rheumatism by MINARD'S LINIMENT.
Mahone Bay. JOHN MADER.

It was cured of a severely sprained leg by MINARD'S LINIMENT.
JOSHUA A. WYNACHT.
Bridgewater.

THE REASON.

Pa Bilkins—"Son, never tell a fish story unless——"

Sonny—"Unless what?"

Pa Bilkins—"Unless you can tell it the same way at least fifty-five times."

When Your Eyes Need Care **Try Murine Eye Remedy**

No Smarting—Feels Fine—Acts Quickly. Try it for Red, Weak, Watery Eyes and Granulated Eyelids. Illustrated Book in each Package. MURINE is compounded by our Oculists—not a "Patent Medicine" but used in successful Physicians' Practice for many years. Now dedicated to the Public and sold by Druggists at 25c. 50c per bottle. Murine Eye Salve in Aseptic Tubes, 25c. 50c. **Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago**

The young man who tells a girl she is a dream is likely to bump up against a rude awakening shortly after marriage.

The ease with which corns and warts can be removed by Holloway's Corn Cure is its strongest recommendation. It seldom fails.

London boroughs send fifty-nine Members to Parliament.

Keep Minard's Liniment in the house.

A WAY OUT.

A tailor with more ingenuity than education had occasion recently to order two large flatirons of the variety known as the "tailor's goose." He scratched his head in some perplexity over the proper plural form to use.

"Two tailors' gooses," he muttered. "That doesn't sound right at all. Two tailors' geese—that sounds worse yet."

He puzzled over the question till it began to worry him, but suddenly a bright idea popped into his head. He sat down and wrote:

"Messrs. —— Please send me one tailor's goose. P.S. You may send two instead of one."

Minard's Liniment used by Physicians

FARMS FOR SALE.

H. W. DAWSON, Ninety Colborne Street, Toronto.

EIGHT THOUSAND DOLLARS WILL buy beautiful hundred acres in Northumberland County, including Stock and Implements. There is in the stock 4 horses, 10 cows, etc. This is a snap, and can be had on easy terms. Possession at once.

GOOD FARMS IN LINCOLN, WELLAND, Halton, Peel, York, Durham, Northumberland, Prince Edward counties at reasonable prices.

ALBERTA, SASKATCHEWAN AND Manitoba lands in large or small blocks.

FRUIT FARMS—ALL SIZES, IN THE Niagara Fruit Belt.

H. W. DAWSON, Toronto.

MALE HELP WANTED.

RAILWAY AGENTS, TELEGRAPHERS and Clerks in great demand throughout Ontario and North West. Six months will qualify you. Day and Mail courses. Positions secured. Free Book 18 explains. Dominion School Telegraphy, Toronto.

MISCELLANEOUS.

HAY AND FARM SCALES. Wilson's Scale Works, 9 Esplanade, Toronto.

CANCER, TUMORS, LUMPS, etc. Internal and external cured without pain by our home treatment. Write us before too late. Dr. Bellman Medical Co., Limited, Collingwood, Ont.

6 TON SCALE GUARANTEED. Wilson's Scale Works, 9 Esplanade, Toronto.

PROBATIONERS TO TAKE THREE years' course in training at Aultman Hospital, Canton, Ohio. Address, Supt.

LISTEN!—MANY CHAUFFEURS EARN $30.00 a week. Special reduced rates to learn automobiling and repairing. Campbell College of Motoring, 425 Bloor Street West, Toronto.

CLEANING LADIES' WALKING OR OUTING SUITS
Can be done perfectly by our French process. Try it.
British American Dyeing Co.
Montreal, Toronto, Ottawa and Quebec.

PURIFICO CURES CANCER AND TUMOR WRITE FOR PROOF
Canadian Branch: Purifico Co., Bridgeburg, Ont.

LANGMUIR'S CREOSOTE ShingleStains
Protect — Preserve — Beautify
Samples and Booklets on Application
JAMES LANGMUIR & CO., Limited
1874½ Bathurst Street TORONTO





"Do you know, little boy, that your sister promised to marry me at the party last night?" "Of course! That's what the party was for."

Ask for Minard's and take no other.

BENEVOLENCE RECOGNIZED

"How did you come to vote for that man?"

"He's the friend of the plain people."

"Has he done anything to prove it?"

"I should say so. He hires brass bands and speaks pieces and gives us more free entertainment than we ever had before in all our lives."

Baby's Rash Became a Mass of Humor

Parents Decided He Could Not Be Cured. "Cuticura" Soon Made His Skin Perfectly Clear.

A Toronto man, Mr. Robert Mann, of 758½ Queen St. East, says: "Our boy was born in Toronto on Oct. 13, 1908, and when three months old a slight rash appeared on his cheek. What appeared to be a water blister would form. When it broke, matter would run out, starting new blisters until his entire face, head and shoulders were a mass of scabs and you could not see a particle of clear skin. We did not know what to do for him and tried about every advertised remedy without avail, indeed some of them only added to his suffering and one in particular, the —— Remedy, almost put the infant into convulsions. The family doctor prescribed for him. This did not do any good, so we took him to a hospital. He was treated as an out-patient twice a week and he got worse, if anything. We then called in another doctor and inside of a week the boy was, to all appearances, cured and the doctor said his work was done. But the very next day it broke out as bad as ever.



"We decided that it could not be cured and must run its course and so we just kept his arms bandaged to his side to prevent his ... ing his flesh. The Cuticura Remedies were recommended. We started using them in May, 1909, and soon the cure was complete. Cuticura made his skin perfectly clear and he is entirely free from the skin disease." (Signed) Robert Mann, May 3, 1910.

In another letter, dated June 29, 1911, he adds: "My boy has never had any more trouble since using Cuticura."

For more than a generation Cuticura Soap and Ointment have afforded the most successful treatment for skin and scalp troubles of infants, children and adults. A single set is often sufficient. Although sold by druggists and dealers throughout the world, a liberal sample of each, with 32-p. book on the skin, will be sent free, on application to Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., 58 Columbus Ave., Boston, U. S. A.

Constipation

is an enemy within the camp. It will undermine the strongest constitution and ruin the most vigorous health. It leads to indigestion, biliousness, impure blood, bad complexion, sick headaches, and is one of the most frequent causes of appendicitis. To neglect it is slow suicide. Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills positively cure Constipation. They are entirely vegetable in composition and do not sicken, weaken or gripe. Preserve your health by taking

Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills

G. L. Meikle & Co.

The "Warm Weather"

Makes you wish for some way of keeping cool. Call in and see our up-to-date Coil-oil Stoves, one, two and three burners (with ovens attached), also our all steel refrigerators, porcelain lined—the very latest and most sanitary of its kind.

HAMMOCKS.—We have them of every kind and description from $1.50 up.

Garden Hose, Nozzles and Sprinklers.

STRAW HATS,—For Men and Boy's, we are offering a special discount this week on all straws, come and get one before they all go.

MEN'S TENNIS SHIRTS,—White and Coloured with and without collars also with French Cuffs.

Men's Lounge Collars, all Shades.

BATHING SUITS,—For Men and Boys. Now is the time. Give us a call while our stock is new and and complete.

G. L. Meikle & Co.
White Front

Professional & Commercial.

DR. HENRY MURPHY,
V.S., B.V.Sc.
Main Street, - Lachute,
Veterinary Serums and Vaccines a Specialty.

DR. G. A. CLUNIE, L.D.S.
Surgeon Dentist
Office over Banford's Store.
Absent Tuesday only.

DR. HUGH. B. FRASER, B.A
Physicin & Surgeon,
Brownsburg, Que.
Graduate of McGill Medical College.

DR. T. W. BANNERMAN,
B.A., M.D., C.M., L.R.C., P., Ed., L.R.C., S., Ed., L.F.P. & S., Gl.
Lachute.

DR. J. H. MASON,
Physician & Surgeon.
Main St., Lachute,
Office hours;—8 to 10 a.m., 1 to 3 p.m. and 7 to 9 p.m.

DR. HUGH McCONNELL,
Surgeon Dentist
Will be in his office every day except Tuesday.
Opposite T. Christie's Drug Store.

DR. EDMOND DUROCHER,
Veterinary Surgeon,
Ste. Scholastique, - Que.,
Bell Telephone No. 14.
Consultation and attendance Day and Night.

PETER CRUISE,
Licensed Auctioneer,
Sales conducted in both French and English.
Lachute Mills. - Que

L. L. LEGAULT B.C.L.,
Advocate,
Roby's Block.
Main St., Lachute.

J. E. VALOIS,
Notary Public,
Lachute, P.Q
Money to loan on security.
Office . Bethany Street.

DR. ALEX. RODRIGUE,
Physicin & Surgeon,
(Successor to Dr. Menzies)
West Ward, Lachute. Phone 24.

MURDEROUS MILLINERY

Some of the Cruelties Practised for Sake of Millinery.

The havoc that is being wrought among birds to satisfy demands of modern millinery was pressed home by Mr. James Buckland in a striking speech at the annual meeting of the Selborne Society, London, England.

"The whole volume of the bird life of the world is being reduced at an alarming rate," he said, and then he gave the reason—that to obtain the feathers the birds had to be killed in the breeding season.

At that time birds' natural fear of man disappears under the stress of providing for and protecting their young, and it is under conditions such as these that the old birds are shot and rifled of their plumes, and the young left to die of starvation in the nest.

Scenes of Slaughter.

Thirty years ago there were heronries in the United States which were estimated to contain about 3,000,000 white herons. At the same period these birds roamed widely over China in prodigious multitudes. But even these vast hordes could not withstand slaughter during the breeding season, and now the white heron is practically exterminated both in North America and in China. Now the same havoc is being wrought in South America—in every country of the world, indeed, where the white heron is still found.

The feeding grounds of the American jabiru, the largest but one of living storks, are also the scenes of slaughter during the very period when the bird should have respite. Thirty thousand quills of these birds are sold annually in London alone, and as the species was never very numerous, it will soon be wiped out.

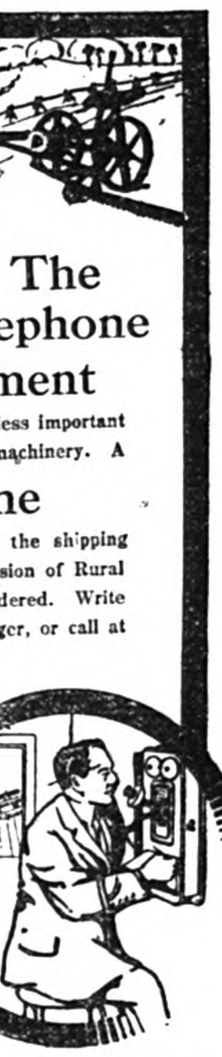
So wary is the bird that it keeps beyond the range of a fowling-piece, but is shot to-day with a soft-nosed bullet from a Mauser rifle—a dreadful missile, which often tears away a great piece from the body of the bird. Even in this sickening condition, unless the mutilation be such as to prevent flight, the majestic creature will take wing in one last effort to escape. Of a sudden it falls lifeless to the earth—and woman's wish is gratified.

Cheap !!.

Selling out much lower than cost any and everything must be cleared off within a month, no reasonable offer refused. Before you buy elsewhere. Come and see our fashionable hats, ves's, etc., at a ridicules low price, save money by buying now. We will sell also sewing machines, safe, show case, fixtures

A. LAPOINTE, Lachute.

You can always depend on
"Red Rose" Baking Powder
It is made of the finest French Cream of Tartar, and is absolutely pure. Does not lose its strength, and is always the same. Put up in tins, 10c. to 45c., at your Grocer's.
A. W. Hugman, Limited, Makers, Montreal.



Some Special Features of the
LAYTON BROS., PIANOS.



1. Gold Medal check repeating action
2. Finest sounding boards imported from the United States,
3. Five ply compound sectional tuning-pin block,
4. Full iron frame,
5. Grand Scales, and overstrung bass,
6. Dulcephone silencing stop (for practice,)
7. Hammers of finest German felt,

Fully guaranteed 10 years.
Used in over 100 Convents and Institutions.
Endorsedby leading Musicians.
Prices $320. and $350.
Payable $7. monthly.
Liberal discount for cash.

WM. BERRY
MAIN ST. - LACHUTE



BIG SALE

Of Ladies' And Men's Summer Foot-wear

Special Offers for Cash

100 pr. Women's Laced Dongola, 100 pr. Women's Pums and Oxfords, 50 pr White Canvas Shoes at 25 p.c. discount; 25 Tan and Choc. Laced Boots, reg $3 & $4 at $2; 50 Men's Patent Leather $4.50 and $5 now for $3.00. Extra special bargains in Men's strong working boots. Don't forget that we are the Slater Shoe agents for this town and carry the latest styles in stock. Slater footwear has correct shape, fit perfectly and wear the longest. What more do you want in shoes?

W. G. Staniforth, Main St.

Buy Hamilton's Bread!

Telephone No. 80

Because it is good bread, and because it is made in a sanitary manner. We have installed one of the most improved bread mixers to our bakery, so that the most fastidious may be assured of perfect cleanliness in the production of the bread that is proving so palatable to our many patrons. We are also specialists in the cake line and any order, both large and small, will alike receive our careful attention. Parties catered for at very moderate prices. Wedding Cakes a specialty.

We also handle Flour and Feed in large quantities. Ice Cream supplied by the gallons or in bricks. Choice Confectionery, Fruits, Etc. in season.

R. HAMILTON, - Lachute.

NEW SPRING Carpets, Rugs, Curtains and Linoleums.

Just Arrived from Great Britain.

They are a handsome collection. Come in and see them. We can save you from $5.00 to $10.00 on a carpet by buying from us.

RUGS in all the leading sizes and shades in Wilton's, Exminsters, Brussels, Tapestry, Union and Wools.

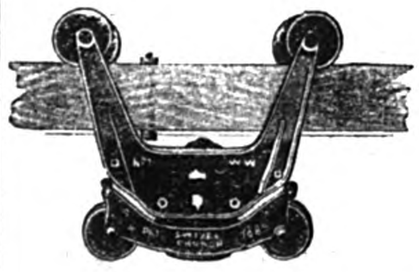
ONE THOUSAND yards Carpet, less 25 per cent or $1.00 for 75c., 80c. for 60c., 50c. for 37½c.

English and Scotch Cork Linoleums in 1, 2, 3, 3½ and 4 yards wide. Our prices cannot be matched for quality.

New Wall Papers, Paints and Varnishes, Alabastine, in fact everything for fixing up the house, and at prices that we have no competition.

McFAUL BROS., West End

Haying Tools of all Kinds





Hay Cars, Horse forks, Horse fork Rope Hay Forks, Scythes, Snaths, Fork Handles, Etc. and Mowing Machine Repairs.

T. McOuat & Son, Lachute.

CALGARY
PRAIRIE DIAMOND

Are you satisfied with your Investments?

Have you any desire to have your $ $ $ earn more Golden Coin? If so, clip out this Coupon and get free information how this is accomplished.

HUNT & CO.
Underwood Block
CALGARY.

I shall be pleased to receive your book } Name.....
How Dollars Grow while you sleep! } Address.....

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The Watchman,

And Ottawa Valley Advocate.

VOL. XXXVI — LACHUTE, FRIDAY, JULY 19, 1912. — NO. 26

Spring Greens!

Lettuce, Celery and Green Onions direct from the Greenhouse every Friday.

Ripe Tomatoes, Pine-apple and Bannanas now in.

As we make a specialty of fruits and vegetables you can depend on getting fresh goods and only the very best that goin.

We also keep a good assortment of fresh, smoked and salted fish. We get a new stock of them every week.

P. PAQUIN, Lachute.

Central Market, - Main Street, Lachute.

The People's Restaurant.

Mr. P. Goyette wishes to inform the public that he is now occupying his new premises in Brownsburg and will be able to serve his many patrons better than ever before. He will always keep fresh goods and of the best kinds at reasonable prices. Fruits and garden vegetables fresh every week. Lunches served at all hours and on shortest notice.

Richelieu and Ontario Navigation Company

R & O — Niagara to the Sea

Montreal-Quebec-Saguenay Line. Steamers leave Montreal at 7.00 p.m.

Toronto-Rochester-Montreal Line. Steamers leave Montreal commencing June 1st, daily except Sunday.

Montreal-Bay of Quinte-Hamilton line. Steamer "Belleville" leaves Montreal every Friday at 7.00 p.m. commencing May 3rd.

Good White Shorts and Extra Ground feed, shipped anywhere in small or car lots.

J. D. CAMPBELL, Lachute.

Miss Hampton offers her stock of hats for 79cents each. Values up to $2.50. A bargain for early buyers.

Strictly Pure Paris Green. Plenty of it on hand all the time, don't let the bugs get ahead of you.

T. McOUAT & SON.

Our $10.00 and $12.00 Suits are perfect in fit and style. The cloth is excellent also. We buy only from the best makers. W. BANFORD & SON.

Seasonable Goods. Screen Doors and Window Screens, Oil Stoves and Ice Cream Freezers, Hammocks and Hamo Couches, Lawn Mowers, Lawn Rakes, Lawn Sprinklers, Hose, Nozzles, Watering Cans, Etc., Etc.

T. McOUAT & SON, Lachute.

BUSH LOT FOR SALE,—The undersigned will receive tenders up to the 1st of August, for purchase of a one hundred (100) acre lot. Ninty (90) acres in solid bush. Principally Maple, Birch, Elm, and Cedar, within one and a half miles from the town of Lachute by winter road. Apply to

P. S. DUNBAR, Lachute, Que.

CRESWELL'S

Popular Ice Cream Parlors

Enthusiastically Endorsed

OPEN DAILY

Intelligent attention assured.

"LOWNEY'S" High-Class Chocolates.

FRUIT.

GEO. H. CRESWELL.

ROBERT McFAUL

The House of Fair Dealing.

A Visit to Our Store

Will convince you that there is every inducement held out for you to deal with us. Because we only handle goods that are the best value for your money and always reliable. Our Grocery Department is always strictly up to the mark with the Choicest of Goods that are Strictly Fresh.

The Time is Coming

And rapidly, too, when you will be thinking of Spring Cleaning. Just here we want to tell you that we have a splendid assortment of Wall Papers, of pretty designs and latest patterns, also paints, varnishes, alabastine etc.

Phone No. 2

And we will show you that Courtesy and prompt attention are part of our business that will afford you pleasure in dealing with us.

The One-Priced Store, Main St., Lachute

LOCAL NEWS.

Mr. Jas. Norval, is visiting friends in Montreal this week.

Mrs. Thos. Christie is visiting her parents in Scottstown.

Miss A. Percival, of Ottawa, is the guest of Mrs. J. R. Parris.

Mr. Walker McArthur, of Montreal, spent Sunday in town.

Mrs. and Miss Ash of Montreal, are guesrs of Mrs. K. S. Massiah.

Miss Martha Stewart, of Montreal, was the guest of Mrs. M. Jones last week.

Miss Janet McDougall, of Dunany, was the guest of Mrs. Hampton over Sunday.

Miss Margaret Jones, spent last week in Brownsburg, the guest of Mrs. Wm Stewart.

Mrs. Geo. Creswell and daughter, are spending the summer months at Lake St. John.

Miss Mabel Green, of Ft. Lambert, was the guest of Mrs. Jas. Drysdale this week.

Miss Clark, and Miss Kettyle, of Montreal, are spending two weeks with Mrs. Jas. Drysdale.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Calder, are spending a couple of weeks in Charlottetown, P. E. I.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Moncrieff and family, left on Tuesday last, for Vancouver, B. C.

Mrs. (Dr.) Bruneau, and daughter of Montreal, are spending the summer months in town.

Mrs. J. D. Campbell returned on Wednesday from a two weeks visit in Plymouth, Mass.

Misses Mildred and Margery Carpenter were in town on Wednesday en route for Lake Louise.

Mrs. F. Stanley and daughter Elizabeth is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Paul for a few weeks.

Mrs. Alex Riddell left on Monday for a months visit to her son Mr. Austin Riddell, of Grand Rapids, Mich.

The Misses. Pearl Stewart, and Robina McLeod, of Calgary, were the guests of Mrs. Crozier for the week-end.

Dr. and Mrs. Arthur Stackhouse, and son, of Montreal, were the guests of Dr. and Mrs. Alexander over Sunday.

Miss Christina Falliser has returned from New York, where she has been visiting Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Baird Palliser.

Mrs. R. Morrow and Miss Dorothy Ryan, of Pierrepont, N.Y., are spending a week with the latter's mother, Mrs. Letitia Ryan.

Evening services in the Methodist Church will be held at 7.30 p.m. instead of 7 p.m. after Sunday next for the summer months.

Dr. R. B. Ewan and family, Methodist Missionary from Chentu, China, will spend the week-end in Lachute, the guests of Mr. Dunbar.

Mr. Jas. P. McKimmie has received the contract for erecting the new cattle sheds on the exhibition grounds for the sum of $385 00.

Mrs. McGillis and family who have been visiting Mrs. Mackie for the past few weeks leave for their home in Lancashire, Ont., on Friday.

Mrs. Joseph Falliser Sr., of Brooklyn N. Y. (formerly of St. Andrews East, Que.,) is spending the summer with her nephew, Mr. Joseph Palliser.

A wire received from Vancouver to-day announces the sudden death of Mr. A. J. Periard, which occurred on the 17th. The funeral takes place on Saturday, July 20th.

Services will be held in the Meithoist Church on Sunday next at 10.30 a m, subject, "The Holy Spirit" Evening at 7.30 p m subject, "Delays of Providence" Prayer-meeting on Wednesday evening at 7, 30.

The Board of Directors of the Agricultural Society, on account of the very late season, have decided to hold their Annual Fall Exhibition on the 1st, 2nd and 3rd of October next, instead of the 3rd, 4th and 5th of Sept, as pre-arranged for.

The "Recreation Club" of St. Andrews are giving a Grand Concert in the Town Hall, St. Andrews, on Friday july 26th, The programme will be given by visitors and members of the club. Admission 25 cts., Children 10cts. Come and enjoy yourself.

Saturday, August 17th, is the day of the Dominion Cartridge Co's. picnic at Brownsburg. This is their 16th annual, and the committee in charge promise a splendid programme of sport for young and old. The entries for the clay pigeon contests will close at 11.30 a.m. Particulars will be further announced by small programmes.

The many friends of Mr. Jno. Henry McFaul will be sorry to learn that he met with a painful accident on Tuesday afternoon last. He was engaged in sharpening some saws on an emery wheel when it burst and inflicted a serious wound in his jaw which necessitated his removal to Montreal for treatment, where he is now in the Homeopathic Hospital under care of Dr. Archibald.

Don't miss the lawn Social which will be held on Mr. Wm McCluskey's lawn on Tuesday evening July 23rd. A good programme is being prepared and a good time can be looked forward to. Please reserve the date.

Orange Celebration.

On Friday last, the Orangemen held their Annual picnic, in Drennans Grove. The day was perfect, and the large assembly from Lachute and vicinity testified of their loyalty to the order. Both trains were met and after gathering at Rice's Hall, the different lodges paraded the town, under the Leadership of King William, in the person of E. Biglow en route for the Grove, where dinner was served in good style.

During the afternoon much pleasure was spent at the dancing platform, and the refreshment counter was well batronized. Having gathered the crowd around the grand stand Mayor John A. McGibbon, after a few remarks, called upon Rev. Gagnon, who stated that we wanted everyone to know that Orangemen stand for loyalty and Freedom. None could say they were anything but benevolent because they were Irishmen and they stood for the same today as they did in days of old. "Our country is free to all" he said; "No matter of what nationality." Energy is giving place to enterprise and there is no bigotry or prejudice left. We look at Canada as part of the Empire and what is not good for Canada is not good for me. I have known no more religous or honest people than some of those met among the Orangemen."

Mr. Gagnon was then followed by Rev. J. H. Forsythe who complimented the gathering on their good looks and fine behaviour. "I want to emphasize two points: 1st Loyalty, let us be loyal to the Bible, which I think is one of the strong words of your order; then to our homes, for our country is a land of homes, and is to be what we make it, (Protestant as far as possible). Secondly Opportunity This is a day of opportunity, and we must take advantage of it to the best of our ability. Every man is your brother and you have a chance to save him.

THE LATE MR. FERRIS

On July 6th 1912, at "Trebar Place" Buckingham, there occured the death of Mr. James G. Ferris, 2nd son of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Ferris. An aged father and mother, one brother and eight sisters are left to mourn his loss. These are T. E. Ferris, Niagara Falls, Mrs. Wm. Somerville, Lachute, Mrs. J. E. Arnold, Grenville, Mrs. E. W. Bengry, Moose Jaw, Mrs R. A. Steward, Aylmer, Mrs. W. A. Kneeland, Macdonald College. Misses Edna and Hilda, teachers in Montreal, and Miss May, of Portland, Maine. All the family were present at the funeral.

THE LATE MRS. GORDON.

On Tuesday, July 9th, 1912, there passed away at her home in Genoa, one of its best known inhabitants in the person of the late Elizabeth Gordon, wife of Mr. James Gordon, the deceased was born in River Rouge, on April 12th, 1844, and for the last 46 years has resided in Genoa.

She leaves to mourn her loss a husband, four daughters and two sons.

Mrs. McAdam lives in Nebraska, Wm. and Mrs. Walker in Genoa, Angus in New Hampshire, Mrs. Wood in Montreal and Mrs. Hadley in Vide Sac. The funeral took place on Thursday afternoon from her late residence and was largely attended by many old friends and acquaintances.

News of Brownsburg.

Mr. E. J. Johnson spent Wednesday last in Montreal.

Mr. Harry Gardiner, of Montreal spent the week-end in town.

Mrs. George Rushbrooke left on Monday morning for England.

The Dominion Cartridge Co. will hold their annual picnic on Saturday August 17th 1912.

Messrs. Geo McAllister and M. Seary left on Friday evening for a trip through the Eastern Townships.

Some of the Young People, of Brownsburg, attended the Lawn Social in Dalesville on Tuesday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Harris, of Toronto, Miss R. Brown, of North Nation and Mr. W. Brown, of North Bay are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. H. Mosely.

The D C. Co. Base-ball team weakened by the absence of four of their regular players, lost their first game to the Hawkesbury nine in Hawkesbury on Saturday afternoon by the score of 16—9.

The D. C. Co. Foot-ball Team won their second victory of the season on Saturday evening, when they defeated the Y.M.C.A. in a good game, by the score of 6 to 3. A league composed of three teams, St. Joseph, D. C. Co. and the Y.M.C.A. will be formed, these teams will play for the Silver Cup which Lachute, D. C. Co. and Quarry Rangers used to battle for.

If you are travelling East or West, North or South, by rail or steamer, don't forget that **J. S. Giles, Lachute,** can book you over the best routes. Booklets and information can be obtained upon application to the Watchman Office Lachute, or phone No. 27.

We have a tremendous stock of Carpet Squares which we are very desirous of reducing. Come in and have a look at them whether you need them or not.

W. BANFORD & SON.

YOU CAN'T BLOT from your memory the through and through goodness of quality and price found in a pair of

$4.00, $4.50 & $5.00 Shoes

after you have worn one pair. Every time you think of shoes, your steps will turn towards us. Better come in and see the new styles.

J. A. BEDARD

OUR SHOES

are made by the best known manufacturers in all parts of the country. We don't care who makes them If they are better than ordinary shoes we buy them. We are famous for our big values. We guarantee every pair we sell to give better service than any others you ever bought at the same price.

Men's and Women's Shoes of high value.

THE ELITE

Grand Display of Ready-to-Wear Wash Dresses for Misses and Children. Underwear, Hosiery, Corsets and Gloves. A few special lines in New York Blouses for Ladies.

Millinery of all kinds at very low prices.

A few ends of wash material for summer dresses. Hair Goods, Side Combs, Barrettes, Small-wear of every description.

A lot of New Books suitable for Children's Prizes 15 c. to 50 c. each.

H. E. BURWASH

Brooches! Lockets! Brooches

Brooches & Lockets at less than Wholesale Prices

WHY?

BECAUSE I have purchased all of the Sample lockets and brooches of one of the largest Jewellers in Montreal, at a substantial cut below wholesole cost price and am able to offer to my patrons the benefit of my experience in buying lockets and brooches from 75c. up. Call and see them.

W. H. GARRETSEE - Main Street

Watch Repairing a Specialty. LACHUTE.

A Splendid Assortment from which to Choose

We have on hand a fine assortment of Solid Gold, Gold-filled and Silver Jewellery, comprising Watches, Brooches, Lady's & Gent's chains, Lockets, Bracelets, Rings, Necklaces, Scarf pins. Also: Silverware, Cut Glass, Clocks, Waterman Fountain Pens and Edison Phonographs.

SPECTACLES: Eyes tested by the latest methods. Repairs of all kinds.

T. JOUSSE, - Main Street

Lachute

The Home

Notes of Particular Interest to Women Folks

CHOICE RECIPES.

Cream Dressing—Whip one-half cup of heavy cream, add one-quarter teaspoon of salt, one tablespoon of sugar, and, very slowly, one tablespoon of lemon juice.

Fruit Salad—Two bananas sliced crosswise, one cup of pineapple cut in small pieces, one cup of strawberries cut in halves, one-half cup of broken nut meats. Mix and marinate with three tablespoons olive oil, one-half teaspoon of salt, one-quarter teaspoon paprika and one tablespoon of lemon juice.

Celestial Pudding—One pint of hot boiled rice, one-quarter cup of butter, three-quarters cup of powdered sugar, one cup of crushed strawberries. Cream the butter, add the sugar slowly, and when light and creamy add the crushed strawberries. Serve with the boiled rice.

Strawberry Dreams — Cut thin slices of bread diagonally across both ways, which will leave four three-cornered pieces. Spread each piece with a thin layer of mild cheese, then with mayonnaise. Press two together and saute in butter in a chafing dish. Serve with crushed and sweetened strawberries.

Cream of Spinach—Rub a cup of chopped spinach through a sieve; add one pint of stock, if you have it; otherwise, add one pint of hot water and boil five minutes. Soften three tablespoons of butter and blend with it two tablespoons of flour and stir into the hot soup. Cook five minutes and add one cup of hot milk. Season with salt and pepper.

Philadelphia Potatoes—Boil small new potatoes in their skins; cool and remove skins and cut in slices. Have ready one cup of white sauce. Butter a shallow dish, put in the potatoes and cover with the sauce. Over all pour one egg, well beaten, to which has been added two tablespoons of milk. Bake in a hot oven until the egg is cooked.

Raspberry Whip.—White of one egg, one cup of raspberries, one-half cup of powdered sugar. Put the white of egg, raspberries and sugar in a bowl and beat until it will stand alone. Arrange on a glass dish and serve with a custard made with the yolk of egg, one and one-half cups milk, two tablespoons of sugar, two teaspoons of cornstarch and a few grains of salt. Put the cornstarch and salt with a little cold milk; stir into the milk and cook ten minutes, add the yolk of egg, slightly beaten, and cook one minute longer.

Cheese Puffs.—Two tablespoons of butter, one-quarter cup of boiling water, one-quarter cup of grated cheese, one egg and one white of egg and a few grains of cayenne. Put butter and water in saucepan; when boiling add salt, cayenne and flour, stir until the mixture cleaves to the spoon. Remove from the fire and add the cheese and one egg; beat well; add the white of egg and again beat. Drop by teaspoonfuls on a buttered baking sheet, sprinkle with grated cheese and bake twenty minutes in a hot oven. They should be puffed up and hollow inside like a cream puff.

Lemon Pie—One cup of sugar, one-half cup of stale breadcrumbs, three tablespoons of lemon juice and a grated rind of half a lemon, two eggs, one cup of milk, one tablespoon of melted butter and a few grains of salt. Soak the crumbs in the milk ten minutes; add the sugar, lemon juice and egg yolks slightly beaten; add the salt and whites of eggs beaten stiff. Pour into a pie plate lined with pastry. Bake in a moderately hot oven thirty minutes. It is a good plan to make enough pastry at one time for a number of pies. Roll the pastry in a clean piece of cheesecloth, put in a bowl and cover close and keep in a cold place and cut off pieces as needed.

COOKING OF VEGETABLES.

Vegetables should, and do, form a large part of the food of every civilized nation, but the importance of care in selecting when buying, waste in preparing and the art of cooking them have never been recognized by the housekeeper as they so well deserve. Too many buy unseasonable vegetables which are not rich in the necessary food values and are often expensive and wilted. We tire of them before the regular season for them has arrived. There is not the anticipation which should be looked forward to in the use of regular seasonable vegetables and fruits. Strawberries and asparagus were not intended for January and February, and the desire for them is very much lessened when the natural time comes for them, in May and June. Nature has planned for our bodies in all seasonable foods, and it is much better for us to follow her ways from a health and a financial point of view.

Vegetables, as a class, do not contain the muscle-making elements; but a large percentage of this element is found in the old peas, beans, lentils and nuts, which have meat value and take the place of meat. These vegetables contain even a higher percentage of the muscle-forming elements than many meats. They also contain a very large quantity of heat and energy-giving material. Besides these, there are some which have a small percentage of the nitrogenous element, such as Brussels sprouts, spinach, mushrooms, cauliflower and cabbage, but all vegetables contain various valuable organic salts, without which life would be impossible. Knowing this to be true, is it worth while to devote more care and time to their preparation? It is quite an easy matter to find a very good meat cook, but of the cooking or preparation of vegetables they seem to know little and care less.

First—Select seasonable vegetables on market days, when fresh. If they are wilted before reaching your home, freshen them by soaking in cold water before cooking.

Second—All vegetables, such as celery, potatoes, beets, etc., should be well cleaned with a vegetable brush and a vegetable knife. Both are inexpensive and great helps for such purposes.

Third — All boiled vegetables should be put on to cook in rapidly boiling water in uncovered vessels—onions, cabbage and other vegetables strong in volatile oils included. The odors are dissipated in the cooking.

Fourth—All vegetables except beets, turnips, carrots, etc., should be cooked in salted boiling water.

Fifth—Steaming and baking is a most excellent way of cooking vegetables to retain food value and flavor. All canned vegetables should be reheated in a double boiler and never on the direct flame. Cooking is not necessary, and the flavor is ruined by too strong contact with heat.

USEFUL HINTS.

Fish is very unwholesome when not well cooked, as well as unpalatable.

When making meringue use granulated sugar in preference to powdered sugar.

A slice of tomato is good on individual casseroles of baked spaghetti and cheese.

A delicious stuffing for roast pig or the boned fresh ham is made of celery and apples.

A simple and delicious salad is lettuce, asparagus tips, sliced tomatoes and French dressing.

Rub stiff leather shoes with a piece of flannel dipped in vaseline to make them soft and pliable.

Cream to be whipped should be one day old. No sugar should be added before or after whipping.

Cream and eggs will beat much more quickly if they are very cold. A pinch of salt, too, aids the process.

Knives not in daily use should be well polished and buried in a box of sawdust until required for use.

A little salt added to the water in the outer utensil of the double boiler will aid materially in the cooking.

When next making chicken salad, try adding a little of the jellied chicken stock to the mayonnaise dressing.

Pans greased with butter will make the bottom crust of pies soft and flaky and prevent them from being soggy.

A woman who washes silk hosiery in cold water says that the stockings wear longer than if warm water is used for washing.

When next serving baked potatoes break them open the moment they come from the oven, and sprinkle with a little paprika.

If the oven is generally so hot as to burn a cake on the bottom, put more than a single layer of paper in the bottom of the pan.

Potato balls which are sauted in butter after being boiled are delicious. They should be served with a generous sprinkling of minced parsley.

A great deal of time will be saved if a shaker filled with salt and pepper, mixed in right proportions, is kept at hand for seasoning purposes.

Window glass should not be cleaned with soap, as this treatment renders the glass cloudy. A little borax or household ammonia may be added to warm water.

To remove a rusty screw, apply a hot iron to its head for a few minutes and then remove it in the usual way with a screw driver. The screw will then come out easily.

An excellent substitute for cloths in window washing is an old newspaper or a chamois skin, which should be wrung from the water and passed rapidly over the glass. Both water and chamois should be clean and the water should be changed as often as it becomes cloudy. A soft cloth moistened in alcohol and rubbed on glass adds lustre to it.

TWENTY-FIVE CENT MEALS.

British M.P.'s Enjoy Cheapest Dinners.

Economical members of the British Parliament have not been long in undisturbed enjoyment of their much-advertised twenty-five-cent dinner. It was started for the labor members, and consisted of joint, two vegetables, sweets, bread, butter and cheese. But even rich M.P.'s found it attractive, for such a meal cannot be obtained at the price anywhere outside the dining-room of the House of Commons, and as the number of cheap Parliamentary diners grow, it at first surprised, and then alarmed, the kitchen committee.

A special meeting was called to discuss the delicate matter, when interested members learned that the twenty-five-cent meal could not be carried on. Good dollars were being lost over the transaction, and the kitchen committee were liable to public criticism. So it was boldly suggested that the price of the dinner should be raised to thirty-six cents, but the Nationalist and Labor members stoutly objected to any increase. They can get a good dinner elsewhere for that figure, so the spirit of rebellion once more raised its head.

Then a compromise was arrived at. The sweet was knocked out of the menu, and the figure allowed to stand at the old price, an arrangement which gives general satisfaction. The House of Commons remains "the best club in Europe," and rich as well as poor legislators escape the soaring cost of living by dining there.

SWEDISH WOMEN IN COUNCIL

In Sweden there are about fifty women serving on Town Councils in the various municipalities. The Town Council of Stockholm boasts seven women members, some of whom have served in that capacity for many years, and have been re-elected time and again. The Minister of Sweden is using his influence to secure the extension of suffrage to women on the same terms as men during the present session of Parliament. The King has publicly declared in favor of the bill.

ATMONTE CARLO

An Amazing Experience of a Gambler

I once had an experience at Monte Carlo that would never do to tell it as fiction, for although it is true it is too improbable and unconvincing for a story, says a writer in London Answers.

Some time ago I found myself with time on my hands and somewhat more money in my pockets than was good for me. It was only money in a modest sort of way, just about enough to pay for a trip round the world, and I was thinking about the congenial company to be found in the smoke-room of an eastern-bound mailboat, when he who is supposed to occupy himself with the finding of employment for idle hands put it into my head that it wouldn't cost me much more to take Monte Carlo on my way east of Suez, and that by giving a tenner or two a chance I might make it pay for my trip.

I went to Monte Carlo, then, and was given permission to occupy a room in an old hotel. I didn't get the permission until I had paid the week's rent, four pounds. I suppose they wanted to make sure that I didn't lose that hundred francs, anyway.

I had made up my mind that I wasn't going to let the bank have more than twenty pounds of my money at the outside, but I found that I ought to have put the rest of my money where I couldn't get at it as well, for it is just about as useful to make a resolve that you won't eat when you're hungry as to make up your mind when once in the playing-rooms, that you won't keep on staking as long as you have anything to stake.

I lost the twenty pounds I had decided was all I had to lose in less than half an hour after I entered the rooms, on twenty-five successive turns of the roulette-wheel, but I could no more get up and come away than would have been the case if my legs had been paralyzed. I felt extremely miserable, for I had convinced myself that I was going to lose all my money, but I was obliged to go on playing, in spite of my thoughts.

I put my thirty-fifth five-franc piece on number thirty-five, and the number came up. As the bank pays thirty-five times the stake on a number, I had, after subtracting my previous losses, won just one twenty-franc piece.

My pessimistic thoughts vanished instantly from my mind, and were replaced by the conviction that I was going to have a run of luck. I left the whole lot down on passe—that is, on the even money chance of any number from nineteen to thirty-six turning up. The number that did turn up was eighteen, so I lost the whole lot.

This sort of thing went on, sometimes winning and playing up my winnings, and now and again bringing off the double, for the whole day without my missing a single turn of the wheel. When I last got up from the table I had lost on the balance over two hundred pounds.

Much the same thing happened on the second day, and when the table opened on the third morning of my stay I was down to my last ten pounds; but I had taken the precaution to take a through ticket to London, having accepted it as a certainty that I was going to be skinned outright.

As I sat down to the table for my last flutter or two, as I thought, a very richly-dressed and charming-looking lady took the seat next to me, smiling at me in a very friendly fashion when I stood up to allow her to settle herself down.

I was absolutely certain that I was going to lose the little money I had left, and I wanted to get the misery over as soon as possible. When I sat down to play I had no hope whatever of saving anything from the wreck. Yet I couldn't get away and save that ten pounds.

For the first turn of the ball I put the whole lot on black, an even-money chance. Black came up. I left the whole lot down, cynically thinking that I wasn't going to be so easily misled into taking an interest in the play. "Rouge perd!" (red loses) chanted the croupier again, and my ten pounds had become forty.

This looked as if my luck was in. Well, if my luck was in, I thought, I might just as well leave the lot down. If my luck wasn't in, I couldn't do any good by taking the money up, unless I was prepared to go away with it.

I decided that I would get more satisfaction from leaving the lot behind me than going away with forty pounds, for if I went away with it I would be tormented by the thought that if I had possessed a little more pluck I would have got all my money back, and perhaps some of the bank's money in addition. I left it down, and up popped black again, and I was eighty pounds strong.

There were but few people in the rooms at that early hour, and those who were playing were mostly "daily-breaders," or people who haunt the table day by day, and go away as soon as they have won enough to pay their daily expenses, but such as there were gathered round the table at which I was sitting, as if they expected to see something worth looking at.

The charming lady on my left had put maximums on numbers that hadn't turned up, but now she turned to me with a charming smile, and asked in broken French if I would select her a number.

Silently I pointed to number seventeen, and she at once put the maximum stake of a hundred and eighty francs upon it. Seventeen is a black number, the first black number to catch my eye, and I had indicated it because I had already decided to leave my eighty pounds down on the black.

The number that came up was twenty-eight, so the lady lost, but the color was black, so I won again, and had now a hundred and sixty pounds on the board.

The lady had a heap of thousand-franc notes in front of her, perhaps fifteen or twenty of them, and she now pushed these towards me, and asked me prettily to take them and play for her.

It was a rather embarrassing situation for a man. It could hardly be expected that she would be satisfied if I lost her money for her, and I found it very difficult to tell her to play for herself while I had her splendid eyes fixed upon me with such a pretty pleading look in them.

I played for her, and both her heap and mine grew to enormous proportions. I dodged about from red to black, putting the maximum of two hundred and forty pounds on each time, and the color I selected popped up with unfailing regularity. I must have had more than a couple of thousand pounds in each of our heaps when she bent over me and mixed the two heaps together.

"Madame!" I ejaculated in a surprised tone.

"It is all right," she said, with that enchanting smile of hers, "we will divide afterwards."

I didn't like the mixing of the money; but what could I do?

Her touching the money seemed to change the luck. I couldn't win afterwards and after losing two hundred and forty pounds five times in succession I thought it time to stop.

I had just commenced to gather up the notes, when the lady produced a hand-bag and held it open for me to put the money in it. I did so, and we left the rooms together, she carrying the bag.

When we got outside I asked her if we should go to her hotel to divide up the money.

"What money, monsieur?" she asked coldly. "This money in my bag is my own money. You lost all yours on those five last coups."

And I never got a single farthing out of her. No, she wasn't an adventuress—they called her Madame la Princesse, and she had a right to the title.

I was very thankful that I had bought that ticket to London.



A NEW PORTRAIT OF "THE HOPE OF HOLLAND."

Queen Wilhelmina of Holland, Prince Henry, and Princess Juliana, on board the warship "Hunskill." The little princess, who is the heiress of the Dutch throne, was three years old on April 30.—From the Sphere.

JAPANESE CHINA PAINTING.

Great Skill and Minute Accuracy are Required.

In painting, as in writing, the Japanese artists hold the brush, which they use for both purposes, perpendicularly over the surface to be inscribed or ornamented, the first and fourth fingers over the two middle ones.

China painting in Japan is conducted on the co-operative system. Each artist confines himself to one particular part of the work. One specialist sketches the figures, another the landscape, and a third the scrolls and arabesques. The cup, vase, dish, or whatever it may be, is then handed over to the colorists, who also subdivide their labor, one of them doing the scarlet, another the blue, and so on, until the masterworker crowns their efforts by adding the gilding either in broad lines and masses or in multitudes of tiny dots.

When one reflects that every one of these touches must be repeated with the minutest accuracy from seven to nine times on the best china, some idea may be had of the amount of skill and attention required to produce good Kioto ware. Then, after all, the whole of this labor may be wasted upon a faulty article which shows its flaws only on being submitted to the fiery ordeal of the last baking.

The artists are paid according to the class of their work, the gold painter and final critis receiving most. Next ranks the designer, and lowest of all are the colorists, whose work is purely mechanical, though it requires a long and arduous apprenticeship.

The final baking lasts for several hours. The furnace is fed with logs of a close-grained wood as hard and heavy as lignum vitae, which burns slowly and gives a uniform and intense heat. The fire is allowed to die out, and the furnace to cool very gradually, in order that the porcelain may be properly annealed. The porcelain is ready for removal in 48 hours after it has been first placed in the oven.

SEVERE NEURALGIA

Cured Through the Use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills

There is an excellent reason why Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have cured the most severe cases of neuralgia, sciatica and other complaints in the group known as disorders of the nerves. This group also includes St. Vitus dance, partial paralysis and the common state of extreme nervousness and excitability. Each of these complaints exists because there is something the matter with the nervous system. If the nerves have tone and are strong and healthy you will not have any of these complaints. The reason why Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cure nervous disorders is, that they restore weak, run down nerves to their proper state of tone. They act both directly upon the blood supply and the nerves. The highest medical authorities have noted that nervous troubles generally attack people who are bloodless and that the nerves are toned when the blood is renewed. It is thus seen that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cure nervous disorders by curing the cause of the trouble. The following is an instance. Miss Annie Jones, London, Ont., says:—"For over a year I was an intense sufferer from neuralgia, which located in my face and head. The pain at times was so intense that I could scarcely keep from screaming, and nothing I was doing for the trouble seemed to help me. As time went on my whole nervous system was affected. At last when I felt that my case was almost hopeless I was advised to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. The result of this treatment was that I am now enjoying such comfort as I had not known for years, and only those who have suffered from neuralgic pains can realize what a blessing the Pills have been to me."

If you are suffering from any blood or nervous disorder begin to cure yourself to-day with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, which you can get from any medicine dealer or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

SETTLED.

A lady and gentleman were standing with their son on the platform of a railway station awaiting the arrival of a certain train. Suddenly they heard the shrill whistle of an engine in the distance. "Here he comes," exclaimed the gentleman. "Here she comes," said the lady, while the boy shouted, "Here it comes," and immediately a hot discussion arose as to which was the proper word to use—"He," "she," or "it." On the arrival of the train, however, the argument was settled, and all agreed the gentleman was right. It was a "mail" train.

As a vermifuge there is nothing so potent as Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator, and it can be given to the most delicate child without fear of injury to the constitution.

He laughs best over his summer clothes when they are least.

Keep Minard's Liniment in the House.

"You used to say," she complained, "that you could hear the rustle of angel's wings whenever I was near you." "Yes," he bitterly replied; "I thought that was what it was; but I have since learned that it was merely the creaking of your corset!"

Eczema Always Burning and Itching



Mr. N. Ostiguy.

Used Box of Cuticura Ointment and It Completely Disappeared.

"I have suffered from eczema for two years. The trouble began on one arm where there appeared a red spot of about a five-cent size, and it always widened, all the time itching and burning. The first days I didn't care, but seeing that it gained in size, I tried —— Ointment and —— Ointment, but both without success. It was always burning and itching. Having seen in the newspaper the advertisement of the Cuticura Remedies, I tried a little, and seeing that it improved, I bought a box of the Cuticura Ointment. After having used one box, my eczema completely disappeared. The Cuticura Ointment should be kept in every home." (Signed) N. Ostiguy, Marieville, Que., Jan. 14, 1911.

A Generation of Success

For more than a generation Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment have afforded the speediest and most economical treatment for itching, burning, scaly and bleeding skin and scalp humors, of young and old. A single set is often sufficient. Sold by druggists and dealers everywhere. For a liberal sample of Cuticura Soap and Ointment, post-free with 32-p. book on skin eruptions, send to Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., sole props., 45 Columbus Ave., Boston, U. S. A.

RECLAMATION IN EGYPT.

Project to Grow Cotton on Waste Land in the Delta.

One of the most costly and comprehensive drainage projects for the reclamation of lands undertaken by any Government in the world, and certainly the greatest enterprise of its kind in Mediterranean countries, has just been begun by the Egyptian Government to make cultivable one million acres of fertile land in the delta of lower Egypt.

The reclaiming of these lands will necessitate an expenditure approaching $15,000,000 for drainage and approximately a like amount for irrigation. The work as planned will require over four years and will be brought to completion about the end of 1915. The principal object is to redeem a tract of unproductive land and bring a fertile but now worthless region of the delta under cotton cultivation.

When this is done it is roughly estimated that the increase in value of the reclaimed and improved land will approximate $100,000,000. The land to be reclaimed is 90 per cent. Government owned. The two projects, known as the West Behera and Gharbia drainage systems, while entirely separate and distinct and many miles apart, will, nevertheless, be proceeded with coincidently. A feature of the Western, or Behera plan, is the draining of Lake Mariout, which covers an area of over 35,000 acres. This lake, an ancient historical site, will thus disappear forever and be replaced by fertile cotton producing fields equal to those found anywhere in the world.

COUNTRY AND CRIME.

Those who make a study of crime speedily discover that the criminals of each nation are more or less specialists—adepts at some particular branch of crime. All the most expert pickpockets, for example, are English or American. Nine-tenths of Spanish and Russian criminals attain notoriety for plausible swindling; these two nations produce the most ingenious confidence tricksters in the world. The Hungarian streets literally are alive with beggars—picturesque mendicants to the stranger, but a great nuisance to the country. More murders and murderous assaults pass unsolved in Italy than anywhere else.

DOCTOR'S SHIFT.

Now Gets Along Without It.

A physician says: "Until last fall I used to eat meat for my breakfast and suffered with indigestion until the meat had passed from the stomach.

"Last fall I began the use of Grape-Nuts for breakfast and very soon found I could do without meat for my body got all the nourishment necessary from the Grape-Nuts and since then I have not had any indigestion and am feeling better and have increased in weight.

"Since finding the benefit I derived from Grape-Nuts I have prescribed the food for all my patients suffering from indigestion or overfeeding and also for those recovering from disease where I want a food easy to take and certain to digest and which will not overtax the stomach.

"I always find the results I look for when I prescribe Grape-Nuts. For ethical reasons please omit my name." Name given by Canadian Postum Co., Windsor, Ont.

The reason for the wonderful amount of nutriment, and the easy digestion of Grape-Nuts is not hard to find

In the first place, the starchy part of the wheat and barley goes through various processes of cooking, to perfectly change the starch into dextrose or grape-sugar, in which state it is ready to be easily absorbed by the blood.

The parts in the wheat and barley which Nature can make use of for rebuilding brain and nerve centres are retained in this remarkable food, and thus the human body is supplied with the powerful strength producers, so easily noticed after one has eaten Grape-Nuts each day for a week or 10 days.

"There's a reason," and it is explained in the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true and full of human interest.

THEIR FATE.

While in church one man invariably fell asleep during the sermon, and the parson had determined on a drastic cure. Breaking off his discourse, and speaking quietly so as not to disturb the sleeper, the parson said, "All those who wish to go to Heaven stand up." Quietly still—"Sit down." Then, in a loud voice, "All those who wished to go to the other place stand up." The sleeper, who had caught the last words, stood up, rubbed his eyes, looked slowly about him, and drawled, "Well, parson, I don't know what the votin's about, but you and me seem to be in a minority."

Minard's Liniment Lumberman's Friend.

AN EXCELLENT REMEDY FOR LITTLE ONES

Mrs. John C. Lepage, Rimouski, Que., writes:—"Your Baby's Own Tablets are an excellent remedy for little ones and I always keep them in the house." Thousands of other mothers say the same thing. The Tablets always do good—they cannot possibly do harm. They are the only medicine for children sold under the absolute guarantee of a government analyst to contain no opiates or harmful drugs. They sweeten the stomach; regulate the bowels; break up colds; expel worms; cure indigestion and promote healthful sleep. The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

MEASURE DISTANCE BY PIPE.

In the rural parts of Schleswig Holstein people do not measure distance by miles, as we do, or by hours, as in other parts of Germany. They say that a place is a pipe, or two pipes or three pipes off according to the number of pipes one could smoke while walking there. Shorter distances are reckoned by dogs' barks. A village under a mile away would be "Zwei oder drei hunds blaef." (Two or three dogs' barks).—London Chronicle.

Happy is he who, as his sun is going down behind the western, is himself ascending the eastern hill, returning through old age to the better childhood. He who turns his back on the setting sun goes to meet the rising sun.

Pills of Attested Value.—Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are the result of careful study of the properties of certain roots and herbs, and the action of such as sedatives and laxatives on the digestive apparatus. The success the compounders have met with attests the value of their work. These pills have been recognized for many years as the best cleansers of the system that can be got. Their excellence was recognized from the first and they grow more popular daily.

GERMAN AIRSHIP'S FEAT.

Zeppelin III. Shows What Can Be Done in War.

The magnificent flight of the Zeppelin III. at midnight on Friday from Friedrickshaven to Hamburg, a distance of 425 miles, has been hailed with pride by the German press. As was the case in England when the navy aeroplanes and hydroaeroplanes achieved such fine results at the King's review of the fleet, so in Germany the Zeppelin's success has turned public and expert attention to the possibilities of aircraft in future warfare. The Tagliche Rundschau goes straight to the point in saying:

"What this signifies is at once clear when one realizes that the distance from Heligoland to Rosyth Bay—the English North Sea naval base—is also 425 miles.

"In this future naval base on the Firth of Forth will be stationed sixteen English first-class battleships and ten armored cruisers, which would be of the utmost importance in deciding a naval engagement. From here also a blockade of the North Sea from Scotland to Norway would be initiated.

"From the aeroplane dock at Hamburg, if necessary, with a halt at Heligoland, a Zeppelin airship can now fly with absolute safety to Rosyth, and could reconnoitre the movements of dreadnoughts, and when its task was done either return, or, if necessary, remain for days on the horizon, sending by wireless everything that had been discovered.

"A still simpler task would be that of reconnoitring Harwich, with its active destroyer flotilla. This harbor is only 285 miles from Heligoland and the distance would be child's play to our large airships. Dover, with its six battleships and four cruisers, and Sheerness, with its reserves, lie only a mere trip away and could be patrolled at the same time.

"As soon as the German Admiralty has four airships with a capacity of 500,000 cubic feet they will be able to reconnoitre the whole English coast in the event of mobilization."

Shakespeare's birthplace at Stratford-on-Avon was visited by 40,000 people last year.



GOOD NATURE.

Good nature has its lights and shades, and we need to recognize them both. Easy, amiable people do not always do their full share towards the world's progress. They oil the wheels of life, it is true, and thus, by preventing friction, make its motion easier; but they do not always supply the force needed to move it. Good nature needs for its true balance a strong and firm sense of justice. If that be present and active there is no danger of our kindliness going to an extreme. But where it is absent, or at least imperfectly developed, the good-natured person may easily fall into a habit of indiscriminate patience and forbearance, of easy approval and of condoning what is wrong, that is quite as self-indulgent as it is indulgent to others.

ZAM-BUK AND OUTDOOR LIFE.

Every tennis or ball player, every swimmer, every canoeist, every man or woman who loves outdoor life and exercise, should keep a box of Zam-Buk handy.

Zam-Buk is a purely herbal preparation, which, as soon as applied to cuts, bruises, burns, sprains, blisters, etc., sets up highly beneficial operations. First, its antiseptic properties render the wound free from all danger from blood poisoning. Next, its soothing properties relieve and ease the pain. Barbed wire scratches, insect stings, skin diseases, such as eczema, heat rashes, ringworm, babies' heat sores, chafed places, sore feet—are all quickly cured by Zam-Buk. All druggists and stores. Use Zam-Buk Soap also, 25c. per tablet.

THE ONLY ONE.

"I want a license to marry the best girl in the world," said the young man.

The clerk nodded smilingly and replied. "Sure. That makes 1,300 licenses for that girl this season."

They Cleanse While They Cure.—The vegetable compounds of which Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are composed, mainly dandelion and mandrake, clear the stomach and intestines of deleterious matter and restore the deranged organs to healthful action. Hence they are the best remedy for indigestion available to-day. A trial of them will establish the truth of this assertion and do more to convince the ailing than anything that can be written of these pills

SHE WAS NO BIRD.

"I don't eat enough to keep a bird alive."

"You couldn't, my dear, proportionately speaking. Science tells us that a bird eats two and one-half times its own weight every twenty-four hours."

I was cured of Bronchitis and Asthma by MINARD'S LINIMENT.
MRS. A. LIVINGSTONE.
Lot 5, P. E. I.

I was cured of a severe attack of Rheumatism by MINARD'S LINIMENT.
JOHN MADER.
Mahone Bay.

It was cured of a severely sprained leg by MINARD'S LINIMENT.
JOSHUA A. WYNACHT.
Bridgewater.

Mrs. Green—"You spoke just now of social tact. Precisely what do you mean?" Mrs. Wyse—"By social tact I mean getting familiar with all sorts of people without letting them get familiar with you."

When Your Eyes Need Care

Try Murine Eye Remedy. No Smarting—Feels Fine—Acts Quickly. Try it for Red, Weak, Watery Eyes and Granulated Eyelids. Illustrated Book in each Package. Murine is compounded by our Oculists—not a "Patent Medicine"—but used in successful Physicians' Practice for many years. Now dedicated to the Public and sold by Druggists at 25c and 50c per Bottle. Murine Eye Salve in Aseptic Tubes, 25c and 50c.

Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

Cotton is now grown extensively in Africa.

Ask for Minard's and take no other.

"I can't make my living by my pen." "I make a good living by my pen." "Do you, too, write poems?" "No; I keep pigs!"

For Frost Bites and Chilblains.—Chilblains come from undue exposure to slush and cold and frost-bite from the icy winds of winter. In the treatment of either there is no better preparation than Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, as it counteracts the inflammation and relieves the pain. The action of the oil is instantaneous and its application is extremely simple.

HE GOT THE PIN.

Timmins, who believes in the old saying, "See a pin, pick it up, and all day long you'll have luck," one day saw a pin in the street. Bending down to get it his hat tumbled off and rolled into the gutter, his eye-glasses fell and broke on the pavement, his braces gave way behind, he burst the buttonhole on the back of his shirt-collar, and apoplexy almost claimed him for its own. But he got the pin.

The Empire's most delicious beverage

LIPTON'S TEA

SOLD IN AIRTIGHT PACKAGES ONLY

International Poultry Food

Prevents Cholera and Saves the Little Chicks

A little chick is just like a little baby—its health depends on its food. Improper feeding opens the way for disease. Chicken Cholera, Roup, Apoplexy, can be prevented and cured by feeding INTERNATIONAL POULTRY FOOD.

My chickens had Cholera until some of their combs were turning black. After using a few feeds of "International Poultry Food," I never lost another fowl, and Cholera has left my premises.—J. F. BARNETT.

Give all your chickens a daily feed of "International." It keeps them well—fattens up the broilers—makes hens lay all the year round—keeps the cocks vigorous—and insures raising the little chicks. If you want to make money out of your fowls, feed "International Poultry Food."

25c., 50c. and $1.00 a box. At dealers everywhere. Write for free copy of our $3,000.00 Stock Book, the greatest book ever written for farmers.



INTERNATIONAL STOCK FOOD COMPANY Limited TORONTO

70

LANGMUIR'S

CREOSOTE

ShingleStains

Protect — Preserve — Beautify

Samples and Booklets on Application

JAMES LANGMUIR & CO., Limited

1874½ Bathurst Street TORONTO

When buying your Piano insist on having an

"OTTO HIGEL"

Piano Action

School Teachers

WE have a splendid position to offer in each Town in Ontario, to bright, active men, to

EARN $500

DURING VACATION, by spending a part of their time each week.

Apply at once for particulars.

MANAGER, 33 W. ADELAIDE STREET, TORONTO



COW COMFORT

Is guaranteed to keep Flies off your Cattle

$2.00 PER GALLON

Dilute with 4 gallons of water.

Write for a gallon now to

THE MACLAREN IMPERIAL CHEESE CO., LTD., WOODSTOCK, ONTARIO.

Sole Mfrs.—The Sapho Manufacturing Co., Limited, Montreal.

Mrs. Green—"You spoke just now of social tact. Precisely what do you mean?" Mrs. Wyse—"By social tact I mean getting familiar with all sorts of people without letting them get familiar with you."

When Your Eyes Need Care

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"Did you know that they can make shoes out of all kinds of skins?" "How about bananaskins?" "They make slippers out of them."

No person should go from home without a bottle of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial in their possession, as change of water, cooking, climate, etc., frequently brings on summer complaint, and there is nothing like being ready with a sure remedy at hand, which oftentimes saves great suffering and frequently valuable lives. This Cordial has gained for itself a widespread reputation for affording prompt relief from all summer complaints.

Half the world don't know how they live themselves.

Minard's Liniment used by Physicians.

Tokio, in Japan, has a population of nearly two millions, and almost half a million houses.

No one need endure the agony of corns with Halloway's Corn Cure at hand to remove them.

NOTHING BETWEEN THEM.

"I hear you had words with Casey?"

"We had no words."

"Thin nothin' passed between ye?"

"Nothin' but one brick."

CAT'S PAW RUBBER HEELS



Tread softly — Step safely.

CAT'S PAW RUBBER SOLES

Embody the patented features of Cat's Paw Heels. 150

FARMS FOR SALE.

H. W. DAWSON Ninety Colborne Street, Toronto.

EIGHT THOUSAND DOLLARS WILL buy beautiful hundred acres in Northumberland County, including Stock and Implements. There is in the stock 4 horses, 10 cows, etc. This is a snap, and can be had on easy terms. Possession at once.

GOOD FARMS IN LINCOLN, WELLAND, Halton, Peel, York, Durham, Northumberland, Prince Edward counties at reasonable prices.

ALBERTA, SASKATCHEWAN AND Manitoba lands in large or small blocks.

FRUIT FARMS—ALL SIZES, IN THE Niagara Fruit Belt.

H. W. DAWSON, Toronto.

MALE HELP WANTED.

RAILWAY AGENTS, TELEGRAPHERS and Clerks in great demand throughout Ontario and North West. Six months will qualify you. Day and Mail courses. Positions secured. Free Book 18 explains. Dominion School Telegraphy, Toronto.

MISCELLANEOUS.

HAY AND FARM SCALES. Wilson's Scale Works, 9 Esplanade, Toronto.

CANCER, TUMORS, LUMPS, etc. Internal and external, cured without pain by our home treatment. Write us before too late. Dr. Bellman Medical Co., Limited, Collingwood, Ont.

6 TON SCALE GUARANTEED. Wilson's Scale Works, 9 Esplanade, Toronto.

PROBATIONERS TO TAKE THREE years' course in training at Aultman Hospital, Canton, Ohio. Address, Supt.

Your Overcoats

and faded suits would look better dyed. If no agent of ours in your town, write direct to Montreal, Box 33. Gold Medalist.

British American Dyeing Co.



CHALLENGE COLLARS

Acknowledged to be the finest creation of Waterproof Collars ever made. Ask to see, and buy no other. All stores or direct for 25c.

THE ARLINGTON CO. of Canada, Ltd. 86 FRASER AVENUE TORONTO

AROUND THE WORLD

TWO CRUISES

—ON THE—

VICTORIA LUISE

(15,500 Tons)

From New York Nov. 12, 1912

From San Francisco Feb. 27, 1913

Will visit Madeira, Spain, Italy, Egypt, India, Ceylon, Straits Settlements, Java, Philippines, China, Japan, Sandwich Islands, with Overland American Tour.

INLAND EXCURSIONS AND SIDE TRIPS

OPTIONAL TOURS { 17 Days in India / 14 Days in Japan

Duration 110 Days Each

$650 and up (including all necessary expenses aboard and ashore.

"Ask anyone who has made the Cruise."

Write for Booklet.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE

41-45 BROADWAY, N.Y.

or Ocean Steamship Agency, 53 Yonge St., Toronto, Canada.

'KING OSCAR' SARDINES

WHOLESOME NOURISHING APPETIZING

For an added tasty touch to luncheon, picnic, or garden party nothing can excel these fine flavored, carefully packed, delicious little fish—

"KING OSCAR" SARDINES.

Put up in Sanitary packages.

Get Them From Your Grocer

Trade supplied by John W. Bickle & Greening, Hamilton.

The Watchman
AND
OTTAWA VALLEY ADVOCATE

FRIDAY, JULY 19, 1912.

The WATCHMAN will be published every Friday.

J. S. GILES, Propritor.

The WATCHMAN will be mailed to subscribers in Canada and the United States for $1.00 in advance or $1.50 at the end of the year.

Notices of Births, Marriages and Deaths inserted free

Locals, constituting 5 lines or less 25 cents per each insertion.

All transient advertising matter charged at 10c. per line nonpareil measurement.

Address all communications to The WATCHMAN,

LACHUTE. - . QUE

TRANSCONTINENTAL IN ONTARIO.

It is announced that the double-tracking of the Canadian Pacific Railway, line from Fort William to Sudbury has been placed under contract. From Fort William westward for a distance of seven or eight hundred miles the line is already double-tracked, and in the near future the main line of the Canadian Pacific Railway will be a four-rail road all the way from the head of the lakes to the Rocky Mountains. Sir Thomas Shaughnessy recently stated that the double tracking of the section traversing British Columbia would be proceeded with in a short time. Hence the day is not far distant when the Canadian Pacific Railway will have two pairs of tracks from Vancouver on the Pacific to Sudbury. Both the Canadian Northern and the National Transcontinental are being pushed rapidly towards to Pacific Coast and towards Eastern points of connection in Ontario. Like the Canadian Pacific Railway, they are hastening to prepare both Eastern and Western vents for the tremendous volume of traffic produced in the prairie country. While the railway people are doing everything to supply more spouts to the Pacific, it is satisfactory to know that they are leaving nothing undone to provide additional channels for the moving of traffic eastward. The Canadian Pacific Railway expects to have its main line double-tracked to Sudbury in less than a year and the Canadian Northern is likely to have its main line extended from Port Arthur to Sudbury vicinity in about the same time. One hundred and eighty miles of a gap remains to be closed in the Northern Ontario stretch of the National Transcontinental line. The commissioner, Mr. Leonard, says that the gap may be closed in time for the road to assist in the transportation of this year,s wheat from the Far West by way of Cochrane to ports on the Atlantic.

QUEBEC'S NORTHERN RAILWAY.

At the time the district of Keewatin south of the sixtieth parallel was divided between Manitoba and Ontario the Borden Government handed over to Quebec the large and valuable territory of Ungava. This transference to provincial authority of the work of promoting exploration and development in these territories has already enterprises of an important character. Terms have been arranged with Montreal capitalists by the Gouin Government for the building of a railway to connect Montreal with the Nottaway River mouth, crossing the National Transcontinental en route. Besides provincial land subsidies of 4,000 acres per mile for the section north of the Transcontinental, and 5,000 acres for the section south of the Transcontinental, a Dominion subsidy of $6,400 per mile has been granted, having been voted at the last session of Parliament. By this railway Montreal will be brought into close touch with the Transcontinental territory, and will also be in a position to share in whatever sea traffic may develop from Port Nelson when the Hudson Bay Railway is in operation.

Financial Statement of Lachute Academy.

For year ending June 30th, 1912.

RECEIPTS.

To School Taxes	$4,011 47
" " " Interest	37 15
" School fees direct	1,977 65
" 7 Perley Scholarships	105 00
" 1 John Hay Scholarship	7 50
" Academy Grant	465 00
" Refund from Department	5 07
" Special grant on "	150 00
" 2 p c. on Pension Fund	86 40
" E. H. Wilson Seating No I Elementary	199 10
" T. Christie for Strathcona Shield	5 00
" E. H. Wilson for Prize Books	13 72
" Commissioners for " "	2 00
" H. Slater M.P.P. " "	3 50
" Miss G. M. Plaisted "	3 00
" Miss F. M. Wilson " "	1 80
" C. McBurney " "	1 73
" Interest on Bellingham Legacy P. O. S. B.,	7 00
" Balance	353 03
Total	$7,435 17

EXPENDITURE.

By Balance	48 67
" Chas. McBurney (salary)	1500 00
" Miss G. M. Plaisted (salary)	550 00
" A. D. Hogg (salary)	600 00
" Miss G. M. Plaisted (special)	50 00
" Miss F. M. Wilson (salary)	400 00
" Miss A. D. Forbes (salary)	325 00
" Miss C. McIntyre (salary)	325 00
" Miss B. Paton (salary)	345 00
" Miss C. Banford	275 00
" Nat Copeland (salary)	329 00
" Nat Copeland (washing)	6 75
" J. W. Raitt (part salary sec'y)	15 00
" G. A. Clunie " "	75 00
" Nat Copeland laying Floor	55 00
" O. B. Lafleur & Fils Flooring	39 60
" O. B. Lafleur & Fils Seats	12 00
" Dissentient Taxes	64 80
" V. M. Gregor Bellingham Scholarship	18 00
" Barlow Whiteside Bellingham Scholarship	18 00
" Harold McOuat Bellingham Scholarship	18 00
" Prize Books John Meikle Legacy	24 67
" Prize Books other	25 75
" Standard Life Assurance Debentures	665 62
" Draft for same	50
" C. McBurney Equipment Grant	25 00
" C. McBurney Expence to MacDonald College	4 90
" No I Elementary Seated	199 10
" Other School seats or furniture	23 10
" Strathcona Shield	5 00
" McFaul Bros. for Flag	3 00
" A. Dumas repair windows	4 00
" W. V. Walker, Cutting Grass	2 00
" Lachute Water Works	15 00
" J. C. Wilson, Stationary	9 25
" St. John's News reports	8 00
" W. V. Dawson, Exam. Paper	18 21
" David Stalker, part loan	500 00
" David Stalker, Int. on loan	50 45
" Hamelin & Ayers, for light	5 30
" Mundirloit, & Co., ele. sup's	4 37
" A. E. Bishop, repair to Bells	4 95
" R. MacArthur Cesspool	30 90
" T. McOuat & Son 4 steel plates	22 80
" St. Andrews telephone	20
" G. Y. Deacon Furnace and repairs	159 25
" G. Y. Deacon clearing pipes	3 12
" G. Y. Deacon repairs	2 75
" H. H. McBride cleaning pipes	15 00
" H. Sutton cartage on seats	1 00
" Levi Gagnier new wheelbarrow and repairs	5 80
" W. H. Garretsee 3 clocks	16 50
" Howard Kennedy rebate	7 50
" Interest at various times	11 40
" J. S. Giles Printing	4 25
" D. McDougal 50 cords Wood	200 00
" G. L. Meikle 30 " "	90 00
" G. Thompson 13½ " "	40 50
" M. Mathews 15 " "	45 00
" A. McFaul & Bros. slabs	3 75
" X. F. Mallet put wood in cellar	3 00
" H. Kettyle put wood in cellar	3 25
" John McCormick put wood in cellar	16 23
" Montreal Star Advertising for Teachers	4 56
" Witness Advt. for Teachers	1 52
" G. L. Meikle & Co., School supplies	28 03
" H. J. Giles and Bros., School Supplies	19 31
" Lockhart Gall service Deputy Examiner	5 00
" J. W. McOuat service Deputy Examiner	12 75
" Express Exam papers to Quebec	1 50
" Postage, Telegrams and Telephone Messages.	12 22
Total	$7,435 17

G. A. CLUNIE
Secretary-Treasurer

G. J. Walker.
Auditor.

We have a great variety of patterns and colourings in our $15.00 to $18.00 Suits. They are most attractive and newest styles.

W. BANFORD & SON.

Hampton,s Millinery sale!

Big sale of millinery, Hats trimmed and untrimmed. $5.00 hats for $2.50. Shapes from 75cts. up, and children's hats at half price. Come early and get the choice

Cheap Sale.

Selling out much lower than cost any and everything must be cleared off within a month, no reasonable offer refused. Before you buy elsewhere. Come and see our fashionable hats, vests, etc., at a ridicules low price, save money by buying now. We will sell also sewing machines, safe, show case, fixtures.

A. LAPOINTE, Lachute.

1913
HUDSON
MOTOR CARS
4 cylinder, 37 h.p.
6 cylinder, 54 h.p.
Runabouts
Touring Cars
(5 and 7 passengers)
Limousines
Agents Wanted

Liberal Commissions and exclusive territory. If you want the most profitable and satisfactory automobile agency correspond with us at once.

The Motor Import Co. of Canada, L'td.
Forum Building, Montreal
Sole Distributors for Eastern Canada.

CUSHING.

Miss Alberta Cleland spent a few days in Montreal last week.

Mr. Cooper, of Montreal, is staying at Mrs. C. L. Cooke's for a couple of weeks.

Mrs. Douglas, of Hawkesbury, is at present the guest of her brother Mr. Geo. Nicholls.

Mr. W. J. Holliday, of Montreal, is spending a weeks vacation the guest of Mr. and Mrs. James Watson.

Mrs. W. J. Warwick, of Mount Maple, and Miss H. McCoy, of Lachute, are also guests at Highland Home this week.

Miss Grace Hartley, nurse graduate of the Hospital of St. Barnabas, Newark, N. J. is spending a few weeks with her parents Mr. and Mrs. H. Hartley.

Mrs. W. Davidson, of Como, Que., accompanied by her sister Mrs.C. MacDonald, were welcome visitors in this vicinity for a few days this week.

Mrs. James Robertson, and three children, have arrived to spend a couple of months at Mrs. E. Pinkertons.—Mr. Robertson also spent the week-end here.

The lawn social held by the ladies of St. Mungo's at the stone Hall on Tuesday evening was a very pleasant and successful event. There was a good attendance and great quantities of ice cream lemonade etc. were consumep. The fancy work and candy tables were also well patronized. Toward the end of the evening an entertaining little program was rendered consisting of instrumenal duets by the Misses. McAllister, vocal solas by the Misses. D. Nicholls, Jean McAllister, Katie Hartley, and last but not least a charming little song by little Miss Bessie Hartley, of Montreal. There was also a recitation by Miss Grace Fraser and an amusing Irish Dialogue which was composed by our talented fellow townswomen Mrs. Archie Graham, and performed by the Misses. A. Weir, G. Fraser, M. Whelehau, and Mr. Murray McAllister caused much amusement.

Proceeds amounted to over $80.00 which will leave quite a snug sum when expences are paid.

Have you seen our ready-to-wear dresses for girls from 6 to 14 years. The style and prices are right.

Secure one early, as the numbers are limited. H. E. BURWASH.

BIRTHS.

HADLEY,—On July 13th, 1913, at Vide-Sac, to Mr. and Mrs. John G. Hadley a daughter.

Buggy Harness For Sale Cheap

The undersigned has a few sets of harness, all hand-made and of good quality, that he will sell as a reasonable price, also cloth collars, leather collars, straw stuffiing and yellow sweat pads, all sizes. Bridles, halters, double reins, double bretchen, pole straps, martingales, hames, straps and snaps, all sizes.

Farmers ! I want all your harness repairing and I will do it cheaper and better than any svddler in town.

Old stand, opposite the old post-office.
WM. CRESWELL
Clyde Street, - Lachute

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

Equipment has the universal Recommendation of every traveller.

Electric-lighted Sleepers and Compartment Cars.

Montreal to Toronto

Young Street Station at 10.45 p.m. daily.

Union Station trains daily at 8.45 a.m. and 10 p.m.

REDUCED RETURN FARES to PACIFIC COAST, COLONIZATION EXCURSION
New Ontario and Temiskaming.
Going June 26th. Return until July 26th.

ST. ANDREWS, N.B.

Daily through sleeper. Leave Windsor Street Station 7.25 p.m.

Going until September 30th.
Montreal to
Vancouver, Victoria, Seattle, Portland and return.... $100.50
San Francisco, Los Angeles, and return (via Chicago).. $105.45
San Francisco, Los Angeles, and return..... $115.50
Going via C.P.R., returning via U.S. lines lines and Chicago or vice versa.
Return limit, Oct. 31, 1912.

Homeseekers' Excursion
— TO —
Manitoba, Saskatchewan & Alberta
June 25th, July 9th, and every second Tuesday until September 17,, 1912.
Tickets good for 60 days.
J. S. GILES, Agent.
Watchman Office, Lachute.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM
MONTREAL TORONTO and WEST
9 a.m., 9.30 a.m., 7.30 p.m., 10.30 p.m.
Dining, Parlor and Library Cars on Day Trains; Pullman Sleeping Cars Electric-Lighted, on night trains.

TORONTO
in 7½ HOURS via
"International Limited"
Leaves Montreal 9 a.m. every day.
Four Express Trains Daily
The only double track route
Finest and Fastest Train in Canada
HIGHEST CLASS OF EQUIPMENT.

NATIONAL CONVENTION
Ancient Order of Hibernians
CHICAGO, ILL., July 16 to 20
Round Trip From MONTREAL $30.20
Going July 13, 14, 15; return limit, July 25.

Summer Tourist Fares, Montreal to Pacific Coast Points and Return.
In effect daily until Sept. 30, inc.: return limit Oct. 31, 1912, stop-overs allowed.
Vancouver, Victoria, Seattle Portland etc... $100.50
San Francisco, Los Angeles, St. Diego, via Chicago and direct lines in both directions $105.05
San Francisco, via Portland, in one direction..... $115.50
Special Return Fares will also be in effect from Montreal July 10 and 11; return limit, September 11; Vancouver, Victoria, Seattle, Portland, etc., via Chicago, $93.00; to San Francisco, via Portland, Ore., in one direction, $108.00.

Homeseekers' Excursions
Round Trip Tickets to Western Canada, via Chicago on Sale May 28; June 11; 25; July 9; 23; August 6, 20; September 3, 17, at very low rates.
*Daily. †Daily except Sunday.
J. QUINLAN,

We Invite You

To See
Our Carpet Squares
Our Dress Goods
Our Wash Goods
Our Silk Dress Goods
Our Ladies' Shoes
Our Men's Shoes
Our Boys Boots
Our Lace Curtains
Our Men's Clothing
Our Boy's Clothing
Our Children's Clothing

W. Banford & Son,
Main Street, Lachute

THE PROVINCIAL BANK OF CANADA
Incorporated by Act of Parliament, July 1900.
Capital authorized: $2,000,000,00
Capital paid up: $1,000,000,00
Reserve Fund and Undivided Profits $512,463.19.

Collections
We have special facilities for making collections promptly and at reasonable rates. Sale notes given special attention.

Savings Department
You ought to save money. Your physical and mental strength cannot last for ever. Now that your earning capacity enables you to earn more than your living *Open a Savings Account* and provide for hard times and old age.

General Banking Business Transacted.

J. H. DUMOUCHEL : MANAGER.

Offices Lachute and Brownsbug.

Lachute Grist & Flour Mills.
Wholesale and Retail.

Flour, Bran, Snorts, Middlings, Cornmeal, Oatmeal, Rolled Oats, Graham and Buckwheat Flour, Oil Cake and Gluten Meals, and Grain of all kinds, at lowest market prices.

FINE GROUND FEED OUR SPECIALTY.
All grinding and our work guaranteed.

J. D. CAMPBELL,
Main Street. Lachute.

Men's and Boy's balbriggan underwear, Men's shirts all sizes "Tookes," Men's outing pants and shirts, collars, ties, half hose, etc., Men's overalls, jumpers, ecc., etc.
(Peabody and The Star Brand.)

Paints !

Paint oil, (double boiled and raw), White Lead, Roofing Paint, Turpentine, Elephant Brand of Mixed Paints, Coach Colors, Varnishes, Floor Paints, Varnish Stains, Etc.

Harness !

Double and Single, for heavy work, Express, Ploughing and driving, buggy and Cart Harness, Trunks, Valises, Satchels, Hand-bags, etc.

We are always stocked with the choicest and best groceries.

Boots and Shoes as reliable as we can procure.
Staple and Fancy Dry Goods.

GILES BROS.
Main St. Lachute.

1912 DOMINION EXHIBITION 1912

CENTRAL CANADA EXHIBITION ASSOCIATION

OTTAWA

Sept. 5th to 16th

7 DAYS — FULL PROGRAM FROM SATURDAY TO SATURDAY — 7 NIGHTS

Dominion Grant of $50,000 spent on extensions and innovations. Cash prizes increased 50 per cent.

Reduced Railway Rates over all Canada east of Port Arthur and from points in New York and Vermont. Excess of freight over on exhibits 100 miles will be paid by the Exhibition Association.

Every Province competing for special big premiums, offered for field produce. New $100,000 machinery hall.

Daily balloon flights, Chariot races, Midway of fifty shows, New Fireworks, Royal Canadian dragoons, Ten Vaudeville Troops, Horse races and dog show.

"Siege of Omdurman" illustrating Kitchener's famous Egyptian triumph, Hundreds of Soldiers, Military Tattoo.

6 for $1.00 tickets on sale. Entries close August 20.

Write for prize list and programme to

E. McMAHON, Mgr. and Secretary,

26 Sparks St. Ottawa.

—: o: —

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tenders for Montreal Examining Warehouse" will be received at this office until 4.00 P. M., on Thursday, August 8, 1912, for the construction of the building mentioned.

Plans, specification and form of contract can be seen and forms of tender obtained at the office of Mr. H. N. Lymburner, Supt. of Public Buildings, No. 103 St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal, Que., and at this Department.

Persons tendering are notified that tenders will not be considered unless made on the printed forms supplied, and signed with their actual signatures, stating their occupations and place of residence. In the case of firms, the actual signature, the nature of the occupation, and place of residence of each member of the firm must be given.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque on a charted bank, payable to the order of the Honourable Minister of Public Works, for the sum of seventy five thousand dollars ($75.000), which will be forfeited if the person tendering decline to enter into a contract when called upon to do so, or fail to complete the work contracted for. If the tender be not accepted the cheque will be returned.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order.

R. C. DESROCHERS,
Secretary

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, July 11, 1912.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH, WEST LAND REGULATIONS.

—: o: —

Any person who is the sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan, or Alberta. The applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the district. Entry by proxy may be made at any agency, on certain conditions by father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister of intending homesteader.

Duties.—Six months' residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within 9 miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres solely owned and occupied by him or by his father, mother son, daughter brother or sister.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter-section alongside his homestead. Price $3.00 per acre.

Duties.—Must reside upon the homestead or pre-emption six months in each of six years from date of homestead entry (including the time required to earn homestead patent) and cultivate fifty acres.

A homesteader who has exhausted his homestead right and cannot obtain a pre-emption may enter for a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price $3.00 per acre. Duties.—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate fifty acres and erect a house worth $300.00.

W. W. CORY.

Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

New Spring and Summer G

Suitings, Pantings & Overcoatin

I have just received a large assortment of Spring Summer Tweeds, of the latest designs and Best Qu

Over 500 hundred Different Patterns to choose f Leave your order now as to get the pick of these mag cent goods.

I also keep as usual the largest and best assortmer Gent's Furnishings, Hats and Caps, and Ready-to-W Clothing, of the very latest styles and designs.

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THE TAILOR,

Main Street, - Lachu

House-work is a pleas



If you use our Automatic Vacuu You will be surprised and pleas amount of work it will accomplish If you have not seen it workin let us demonstrate it to you.

What about a nice Gasoline Co this Summer? We have many kinds and prices to suit. Have yo Curtain stretchers?—the new kind is to buy. Also a fine line of refri

Our aim is to please our custo

G. Y. Deacon, - West End Lac

CANADIAN NORTHERN

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—: o: —

Homeseekers Excursions to St. John District, July 9th and August 6th, 1912.

—: o: —

First class fare and return $7.60
Second " " " " $5.10

—: o: —

Good for one month.

For further information apply to

J. M. ROBY, Agent.

DR. E. LAURIN,
VETERINARY-SURGEON,
125 Rushbrooke Set,
Montreal, Que.
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10% In Cash

to experienced agents to sell lots in NEW ROCHELLE. Most desirable location on South side of the river from Montreal. Electric Car connection with City. Clear titles. Extremely low prices: Forty dollars and upwards per lot on easy terms of payment.

Write or wire for plans, terms, etc.

SOUTH SHORE LAND CO.,
591 St. Catherine St. West, Montreal.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

FARM FOR SALE.

A good farm situated in the Parish of St. Jerusalem of d'Argenteuil, six miles from Lachute, one mile from cheese factory and saw-mill half mile from school, containing about 300 acres, large sugar bush of 1000 trees with other wood included. Large modern house and out buildings water in both. Particulars made known on premises or by letter to.

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Upper Lachute.



Hardie & Co.

General Merchants, Brownsburg, P. Q.

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ESTABLISHED 1874

Capital Paid Up	$ 3,500,00
Rest and Undivided Profits	$ 4,118,16
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Every facility extended to depositors i operating their accounts. No formalit when depositing or withdrawing money

Lachute and St. Andrews Branch, - J. R. Parris, M
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LACHUTE MARBLE & GRANITE WORKS

We deal in Foreign & Domestic Marble and Granite, first class work and best material in all the latest designs, always on hand.

Satisfaction guaranteed in all kinds of cemetery work, Monuments, Headstones, Posts, Fencing, etc.

Terms to suit Purchasers.

W. M. SCOTT, Prop.

Grand Whitewear Sale!!

5 Patterns in Corset Covers at 25c.; 3 Styles in Corset Covers at 49 c.; A Splendid Choice at 99 c.; Also a very fine line at 74 c. Drawers at 25, 49, 74; Night Gowns at 49, 74, 99, 1.49; Underskirts 49, 99, 1.49.

All our offers are of Special Value at this sale. The Garments are the Choice Fruits of the Loom and Machine. Just honor us with a visit, we will be only too pleased to show the goods.

P.S.—We take produce in exchange for goods.

E. LAVIGNE.

Foundry Street, Lachute.



Just what you want for summer com on lawn, porch or in camp, the

"IDEAL" Hammo-Cou

Everywhere replacing the old-fashioned, saggy, shift "half- hammocks. Used as a seat or lounge or as a couch for outdoor slee gives real comfort and years of service.

But be sure you get the genuine "IDEAL" Hammo-Couch kind with steel frame supporting the springs. Others have in wooden frames, with uncomfortable hard edge. No others have th support, all-round windshield, adjustable canopy sun-shade and "IDEAL" features.

Sold with steel frame support for lawn use, or without if to be hung from porch roof.



The ge Hammo-C bears this tra — and gives comfort and

Complete with iron frame support and canopy -

Hammo-Couch only, with chains to hang from porch roof

Get Yours Here!

(YOUR NAME AND ADDRESS HERE)

O. B. LAFLEUR & Sons, Limited.

YOUR SATISFACTION IS GUARANTEED

Flour Bran, Shorts, Middlings. Cornmeal, Oatmeal, Buckwheat Flour, Graham Flour, Hay. Oats and all kinds of feed.

I am also agent for all kinds of Massey Harris farm implements. Give us a call and examine our goods, you will find our prices are right. Phone No. 73.

W. J. BOYD, Main St., Lachute.

Everything must be Sold!!

Having Sold Out my Property in St. Philippe, I have now decided to run out my entire stock of Goods at wonderful values.

$9,000 STOCK

Comprising Ready-made Clothing, Dry Goods, Hardware, Crockery, Boots and Shoes, & Farming Implements of all kinds.

30 p.c. Discount. Terms Cash or Note.

Also 1 horse, weighing about 1350 lbs., Buggies, Harness etc.

H. PAQUIN, St. Philippe

A FRIEND IN NEED;

OR, THE PICTURE IN THE LOCKET.

CHAPTER XVI.—(Cont'd).

"Making our way back is equally impossible," he returned, gravely. "Ruby, my poor child," he added, compassionately, "there is no help for this predicament in which a fate over which neither you nor I had any control, has placed us. I will shield you from the fury of the storm the best I can. Let me take the umbrella."

She was only too glad to yield the umbrella to him—her arms ached with the strain of it.

Nobly he endeavored to lighten the tediousness of those long hours of waiting by exerting himself to interest her.

For some little time he was successful.

Then at length the quivering sighs that broke from her lips every now and then ended.

"The storm is abating, Ruby," he exclaimed, joyfully, at length. "Thank Heaven for that; don't you say so?"

There was no answer, and he discovered Ruby had forgotten her surroundings in a deep sleep.

"My beautiful darling," he murmured, tears coming to his eyes, strong man though he was, "I will be the guardian angel who watches over you."

Adjusting th eumbrella that it might best shield her from the storm, which was dying away in low, sullen muttering, Gordon sat patiently by her side, waiting for morning to break.

The longest night will wear away at last, and at length a faint pink streak in the dusky eastern sky heralded the approach of another day.

As soon as it became light enough to discern objects in close proximity, Gordon gazed anxiously around him, and found, to his dismay, Ruby had been driving a circuitous route, and that they were scarcely half a mile from where they had started—at the farmhouse.

Gordon lost no time in driving there at once, and he was surprised that the shaking of the carriage did not awaken Ruby.

He was careful not to disturb her until they, at last, drew rein before the door.

Ruby's anger at finding herself again at the farmhouse knew no bounds.

Although he explained that she herself had turned the horse into the circuitous road, she would not listen—she would not believe it.

She persisted that he had driven back there purposely, instead of on to the village.

The terrible drenching and exposure to the storm brought on a relapse of the fever, and it was another fortnight before Ruby was able to be about again.

On the first day of her convalescence she sent for Gordon Leigh.

"Tell me how long I am to be detained here?" she cried—"or, in other words, when will you take me to the village?"

He looked gravely down into the beautiful, impatient, childish face.

How could he tell her that pitiful episode of a fortnight before had in some manner become known, and gossip was rife with the subject?

He took the little hand, which lay on the arm of the great easy-chair, in his, answering slowly:

"Never until this little hand is given in marriage to me—even though the heart of its owner can never be mine. Marry me, my darling," he went on earnestly; "take the protection of my name—then you shall go where you like, do what you like, even though you choose to procure a separation from me at once. I will not speak of my love; I leave that out of consideration altogether. For your own sake Ruby, you must acquiesce, dear."

"Never!" she cried hotly; "I will not marry you. I would die first!"

"Then, for your own sake, I must insist upon your staying here until you do, Ruby."

A cry of astonishment burst from her lips.

"I could almost imagine myself dreaming, or that my ears have deceived me," she cried. "Would you marry an unwilling bride?—one whom you know scorns and despises you?"

"I am a gentleman," he said slowly; "I could never see a lady innocently suffer for any action of mine, no matter what force of circumstances brought it about. I repeat again, we will leave all sentiment out of the discussion—a little reflection on your part will convince you that the wisest course you could pursue would be to accept me—you must, Ruby.'

"When I marry I shall marry for love," she retorted.

"It would be marrying for love on my part, dear," he replied. "You know full well how madly I love you—that I would purchase a kind look—a kind word from you with my life almost.

"It would be like parting with my heart's blood to give you up, dear—still—accept my name—marry me—and you shall leave me at the church door if you so will it."

"You have my answer for now and all time to come," she returned. "I will not marry you. I will stay here forever first."

"So be it then," he answered. "I shall be forced to keep you here until a realization of the case as it stands, occurs to you. Oh, my darling, ponder well, even though you are indignant now at what you are pleased to call forcing the question upon you. You will some day see the matter in its true light. I said we would leave all sentiment out of the conversation, but perhaps it is best for me to speak. I love you with a love surpassing the love of man, I almost think—I will be your very slave, dear. Oh, Ruby, pause and consider——"

"Though I should consider the matter forever, I repeat, my answer will still be—no! I wouldn't marry you to save your life, Gordon Leigh."

He was too noble a man to retort that it was to save her reputation that he demanded an answer in the affirmative.

He turned and quitted the room, and Ruby laid her curly head on the window-sill, all her defiance melting away, now that she was alone—sobbing as though her heart would break at this extraordinary state of affairs.

CHAPTER XVII.

"It is all nonsense to threaten me in that extraordinary manner!" she declared indignantly to herself. "When my ankle recovers sufficiently to trust my weight upon it, all I shall have to do will be to walk away."

Then she remembered the immense stone wall which no one would undertake to scale which surrounded the place. Still, that did not matter—the gate was always left open.

To her intense dismay, when she was able to reach it, she found it securely fastened.

Then for the first time it dawned upon ehr that Gordon Leigh meant to keep his word. He would detain her there by force until she gave her consent to the marriage.

In vain she protested with bitter denunciation and tears.

Gordon Leigh was firm in his determination.

Ruby had endeavored to make known the exact situation by some kind of signs to Mrs. Burdick; but it was quite useless.

She could not understand the language in which Gordon conversed with her, and the woman, besides being deaf and dumb, could neither read nor write.

Ruby bent all her energies in attempting to persuade the boy Jack to help her to get away from the farmhouse; but he stolidly refused.

"Master Gordon said that I was to watch and see that you did not leave here," he answered; "and whatever Master Gordon tells me to do must be right."

At length Ruby thought of the golden key.

"If money will bribe you, you shall have half of the contents of this purse," she said eagerly.

The lad gave a gasp; his dull eyes brightened at the sight of the handful of crisp new bills.

"You shall have these, Jack," she whispered, "if you will only aid me in getting away from here. See! not only do I cheerfully offer you the money, but I kneel to you, I pray to you, plead with you, Jack. Oh, surely you are a kind-hearted lad; you cannot find it in your heart to refuse me."

"Master Gordon would be so dreadfully angry," he said hesitatingly.

Ruby remembered the old adage: "Whoever hesitates is lost," and redoubled her pleadings, assuring him that no one need ever know that he had assisted her.

"Master Gordon always keeps the gate locked nowadays," replied the lad, "and carries the key in his pocket; so how could I open it, though I might want to ever so much."

"Who locks the gate at night?" she asked.

"Master Gordon does mostly; but when he is very busy he sends me to do it, bidding me bring the key back to him at once."

"You can let me know the next time he hands you the key," said Ruby, delighted at the outlook: "then you can lock the gate, and before you remove the key from the lock, unfasten it again, and take back the key to him. You need know nothing about it as to when I go, or in which direction."

"I would do it but for Master George's anger," reiterated the boy, doubtfully.

"Will not this suffice to make you forget that?"

And again his eyes brightened at the sight of the bills.

"You mean that you would really give me all those if I leave the gate unlocked?" he asked eagerly.

"Yes,' she replied; "and to show you that I really mean what I say, you shall have one in advance."

And she placed one of the notes in his hand.

"I shall wait with the utmost impatience for your words, 'I have the key to-night.' You must not fail me."

Promising devotion, the boy left her.

In an hour's time he came to her hurriedly.

"If you want to go this very evening, I can arrange it for you, Miss," he said eagerly; "for just a little while ago Master Gordon came to me and said: 'I am going away for a few hours, Jack. I shall leave the key with you. Be sure to keep the gate well fastened.'"

"Oh, Jack," sobbed Ruby, "I am so glad! When it is dark, I shall come to the gate. You will be there?"

He nodded assent, and they parted just in time to escape the calm, searching glance of Gordon Leigh, who at that moment came quickly up the graveled path.

His eyes brightened as he saw Ruby standing in the sunlight on the ivy-wreathed porch.

He raised his hat with a deferential bow, which she idd not even deign to return.

"Ruby," he said gently, "I am sending in an order for a few articles for your comfort. A Turkish lounging chair, a few pictures, and——"

"You might have spared yourself the expense and trouble," she retorted, her eyes flashing with indignation. "I shall not require them."

"I thought perhaps there was some little commission you might wish executed at the village—some books, flowers, or something like that which you might want."

"I have a commission; it is this—telegraph Mr. Arnold that I am detained here against my will, and beg of him to come here quickly and set me free."

"Ruby," he said sorrowfully, "are you so very unhappy here with me?"

"Could you imagine that I would be otherwise?" she inquired with bitter scorn. "If you desired me to hate you, you could not have undertaken surer means to accomplish it."

"It is but a step from hate to love," he answered. "Even were your heart harder and colder than marble, I shall win you yet, Ruby. I shall win you yet by the force of my own great passionate, mighty love."

"I cannot even prevent you from telling me what you choose," she said with an air of resignation. "I have no choice save to listen."

He looked at her; she was to him so royally beautiful in her scorn, so fair in her anger and defiance, so much more winning—even so—than any other woman in her most complaisant mood, that he felt that he could have given his life even for one kind word from her.

He had been so hopeful, still he would not despair. He had told himself from the first that they would be under the same roof, they would have at least some cares, some duties in common, and that it would be strange if with these opportunities he could not win her love.

(To be continued).

ABOUT A TON OF COAL.

We have heard so much about coal during the last few months that there seems nothing fresh to say about it. But how many people know what an immense number of things can be produced from a ton of black diamonds? You can get 1,500 lb. of coke, 20 gallons of ammonia water, and 140 lb. of coal tar. If you distil the coal tar it will yield 69 lb. of pitch, 17 lb. of creosote, 14 lb. of heavy oils, 9 lb. of naphtha yellow, 6 lb. of naphthaline, 4 lb. of naphthol, 2 lb. of alazarin, 2 lb. of solvent naphtha, over a pound each of aurine, benzine, analine, toluidine, nearly half a pound of anthracine, and nine-tenths of a pound of toluene. From the last-named we obtain the valuable substance known as saccharine, which is 230 times as sweet as the best cane sugar, one part of it giving a very sweet taste to a thousand parts of water. By using a ton of coal in this way you get more profit out of it than by selling it for burning.

THE SEA IS CALLING YOU.

Much interest is being taken in the district contiguous to New London, Conn., by the summer resident if requests for literature and information is any criticism. Thousands of copies of the booklet, "The Seashore," which may be had for the asking from Grand Trunk Agents, have been distributed. The booklet is profusely illustrated and also contains valuable information as to names of hotel, rates, etc. New London is only twelve hours from Montreal and a new through train service will be inaugurated from Montreal on June 23rd. Features of this district: warm sea bathing, deep sea fishing and splendid hotel or cottage accommodation.

FATHER HAS INSTRUCTIONS.

When a man proposes to a girl and she tells him to ask her father she means she already has done it.

A CLEVER CANADIAN.

Mr. Donald MacMaster, the Unionist member for the Chertsey Division, is a Canadian who has rapidly made his mark in Great Britain. When he contested the Leigh Division of Lancashire in 1906 he made a great impression on the electorate, and it caused no surprise when he found his way to Parliament, by way of Chertsey, at the election of 1910.

Mr. MacMaster was born at Williamstown, Ontario, and educated at McGill University. He displayed the greatest aptitude for legal studies, and when he began to practice at the Canadian bar he was marked out as a man with a brilliant future. He soon fulfilled these



Mr. Donald MacMaster, M.P.

expectations, and rose to be the Crown prosecutor in many celebrated cases.

He acted as arbitrator between the Newfoundland Government and the Reid-Newfoundland Railway. He was also counsel for the United States in the Gaynor and Green extradition enquiry, and served on a Royal Commission which was appointed to inquire into the Government of Quebec. For four years he was a member of the Canadian House of Commons, and was elected president of the Montreal bar. He was offered a seat on the Bench, which he declined, and after securing all these honors he evidently looked for fresh worlds to conquer.

He went over the water a few years ago to practice at the English bar, and soon obtained a commanding position. Though well advanced in years, he is hale and vigorous, and may be said to be only on the threshold of his career in England.

A self-made woman never gets through putting on the finishing touches.

The teacher was earnestly trying to picture the outcome of laziness and idleness. He drew a terrible picture of the habitual loafer, the man who hates work, and his ultimate fate. "Now, Charlie," he continued to a little boy who had been looking out of the window and whose mind was far from the lesson of the hour, "tell me who is the wretched, miserable individual who gets clothes, food and lodging and gives nothing in return?" Charlie's face glowed. "Please, sir," he replied, "the baby!"

Refined to absolute purity—sealed tight and protected from any possible contamination—

Redpath

Extra Granulated Sugar

in this new 5-Pound Package is the cleanset, purest sugar you can buy. Each Package contains 5 full pounds of sugar.

Ask your Grocer for it.



Canada Sugar Refining Co. Limited.

10



Good Meals at Camp Comfort

The boys at Camp Comfort are using the same stove that they had last year. It was the best they could get. It was a

New Perfection Oil Cook-stove

This year they got a New Perfection Oven
Also a New Perfection Toaster
Also a New Perfection Broiler

"Gee, what a difference in the meals a good stove makes," said one of the boys. So they called their shack "Camp Comfort." And they will tell their mothers and wives about the stove, too. For the New Perfection Oil Cook-stove is as convenient for the home as for the camp. It will bake, broil, roast and toast as well as a regular coal range.

The New Perfection Stove

is handsomely finished in nickel, with cabinet top, drop shelves, towel racks, etc. Long chimneys, enameled turquoise-blue. Made with 1, 2 or 3 burners. All dealers. Free Cook-Book with every stove. Cook-Book also given to anyone sending 5 cents to cover mailing cost.

THE IMPERIAL OIL COMPANY, Limited
Winnipeg, Montreal, St. John, Halifax and Queen City Division, Toronto

In Central Africa there is a tribe that only bestows the privileges of citizenship and marriage upon a man when he has climbed down a precipitous cliff.

The canny grocer sized up his customer. She had ordered six strictly fresh eggs. He took down the paper bag, and, going to the basket picked them out. Twisting the top of the bag together he handed it to the woman, who paid him and went away. The canny grocer smiled. He had given the woman seven eggs when she ordered but six. He knew that when she reached home and found she had seven instead of six eggs she would be so delighted with the supposition that she had over-reached him that she would entirely disregard the fact that six of the eggs were storage and one was dubious! For the grocer understood human nature. And he was canny.

Will you be one of the 108 farmers who will receive our Prize Contest checks?



THERE will be twelve cash prizes in each of the nine provinces (108 in all) in the 1912 Prize Contest for Canadian Farmers. The 1911 Contest was so successful in awakening interest in the use of Concrete on the farm, that a second contest, in which three times as many prizes are offered, was decided upon for this year.

The Contest this year is divided into three classes, "A," "B" and "C," and there will be four prizes in each class. (First prize, $50; Second prize, $25; Third prize, $15; Fourth prize, $10.)

Thus there are three $50 Prizes, three $25 Prizes, three $15 prizes, and three $10 Prizes, *for each province.*

DESCRIPTION OF CLASSES

In Each Class there will be First, Second, Third and Fourth Prizes ($50, $25, $15, and $10) for Each Province.

CLASS "A"—Prizes to be awarded to the four farmers in each province who use most "Canada" Cement on their farms in the year 1912.

CLASS "B"—Prizes to be awarded to the four farmers in each province who send photographs of the *best concrete work* done with "Canada" Cement on their farms in 1912.

CLASS "C"—Prizes to be awarded to the four farmers in each province who send in the best *description*, telling how any piece of concrete work was done with "Canada" Cement. (Entries for this prize must be accompanied by photographs of the work.)

Don't think that you must use a large quantity of cement in order to win a prize. The quantity of cement used does not count in Classes "B" and "C." Many of last year's prize winners used very little cement.

When you enter the Contest, you have a chance to win a cash prize of $50 as well as the certainty that you will add a *permanent improvement* to your farm. If you haven't a copy, be sure and ask for our book, "What the Farmer Can Do With Concrete." It will not only suggest many improvements that you can use in entering the Contest, but will tell you all about the use of concrete on the farm.

Just write your name and address on the attached coupon, or use a postal card, and we will send full particulars of the Prize Contest and a copy of "What the Farmer Can Do With Concrete" to you absolutely free.

COUPON

CANADA CEMENT COMPANY LIMITED
Herald Building, Montreal

Please send me full particulars of the 1912 Farmers' Prize Contest, and a free copy of your book "What the Farmer Can Do With Concrete."

Name _____

Address _____

_____

Address Publicity Manager
Canada Cement Company Limited
3C-35 Herald Bldg. - - Montreal

Buying Bonds on the Instalment Plan

You may become a bondholder under our Periodical Payment Plan in precisely the same manner that you become a savings bank depositor—by putting aside money as you can spare it.

Under this plan you may purchase from us the Bond or Bonds that most strongly appeal to you as an investment suited to your purposes, by making a small initial payment and paying the remainder in monthly instalments to suit your income.

In this manner you become a bondholder at once without having to save the face value of the Bonds you want to purchase—and you receive the interest on the Bonds while paying for them.

We should be glad to submit a list of leading Canadian investment securities which yield from 5% to over 6%, which may be purchased on this Periodical Payment Plan.

DOMINION BOND COMPANY, Limited

TORONTO MONTREAL
OTTAWA LONDON, ENG.

MAKING SAFE INVESTMENTS

How One Should Invest to Secure Greatest Proportion of Safety

There is No Investment Absolutely Safe Under All Conceivable Conditions—Careful Distribution of Capital Lessens the Risk in Proportion to Number of Investments.

The articles contributed by "Investor" are for the sole purpose of guiding prospective investors, and, if possible, of saving them from losing money through placing it in "wild-cat" enterprises. The impartial and reliable character of the information may be relied upon. The writer of these articles and the publisher of this paper have no interests to serve in connection with this matter other than those of the reader.

Is there any investment absolutely without risk?

To answer this question one must know exactly what is meant by risk.

I think it is safe to say that for the man who may want to realize on his investments in a hurry there is no absolutely safe investment. Suppose, at the present time, he bought British Consols—a gilt edged investment if there ever was one. Their price is the lowest it has ever been. The yield, however, is only 3.33 per cent.—by no means excessive—for they bear only 2 1-2 per cent. on their par value. Formerly, when they have carried a higher rate they have sold at a price approximately as low, taking yield into consideration. But suppose a man bought these securities and Great Britain was involved in a war with Germany. Why, there would be a sharp drop at once, and if he wanted to, or had to, sell the investor would experience a severe loss.

Or suppose he bought City of Montreal Bonds. A German fleet might sail up the St. Lawrence, and all the combined efforts of the Niobe and Rainbow would not prevent a bombardment of Montreal and a consequent drop in Montreal bonds.

Is an investor never safe? you say. Has he no means of avoiding such a catastrophe?

Of course he has, and the means moreover are in his own hands.

Those who have read this column during the past year will remember the oft-repeated admonition against keeping all one's eggs in the same basket, lest the basket be overturned and all the eggs broken. The wise farmer avoids such a loss by putting his eggs in different crates, each egg in a compartment by itself, so that one might be broken, but the rest escape. Now, that is exactly what the wise investor does. He buys a small amount of Montreal bonds to yield him 4 1-2 per cent. To offset the chance (very remote to be sure) of an invasion of a hostile fleet up the St. Lawrence River, he buys some City of Toronto debentures, yielding 4 1-4 per cent. But as Toronto may, at some future time, be affected by just such an industrial crisis as London, England, is now threatened by, he buys the bonds of Victoria, B.C., and so he spreads his risk. He buys Winnipeg bonds, which is the centre of the grain trade, and those of Yorkton, the centre of a farming district. Then he shifts back to Ontario cities and towns, and so he spreads his risk over a multitude of different and divergent interests. Perhaps, to offset his bonds he buys a few mortgages, and to increase his income he takes on some industrial bonds. But the wise investor is careful to distribute his investments not only over a number of different securities, but geographically over a wide stretch of territory, avoiding too heavy bonds of one class. Then, no matter what happens, he cannot lose everything.

A few years ago the town of Campbellton, N. B., was completely wiped out by fire. An investor whose whole fortune was tied up in the debentures of that town might have been ruined had not the Provincial Government of New Brunswick come to its aid and guaranteed the investors against loss. But if he had had only a tenth, or a twentieth, of his holdings in the debentures of that place he wouldn't have needed to be very uneasy. Although unpleasant, the loss would not have been crippling.

Perhaps another man had some of the Black Lake Asbestos Company bonds, as about 250 Canadian investors had. If he had been wise his loss would not have been severe enough to have caused him the loss of more than a year's interest on all his investments.

But, you say, I have only a few thousand dollars, and I cannot spread that very much. In these days of hundred dollar bonds no one need make that excuse. True, municipalities do not, as a rule, issue such small denominations, but they can be purchased in very small amounts. But, in the case of most municipalities, such a catastrophe as overtook Campbellton is so very remote as to be negligible—a chance of one in five hundred at the very least. And almost all industrial companies of any account issue debentures of $100 now-a-days, although unfortunately few public service companies have done so as yet. But they all are coming to it.

To anyone who cares to take the trouble, may, with the advice of his investment banker, arrange a distribution of his investments so as always to keep him from apprehension of any unexpected loss of a large part of his savings.

GET ACQUAINTTD WITH YOUR NEIGHBORS.

If you are genteel in appearance and courteous in your manner, you will be welcomed in every home in your locality, when you are showing samples of our superior toilet goods, household necessities, and reliable remedies. The satisfaction which our goods give, places the users under an obligation to you, which wins for you the same respect, esteem, and intimate friendship given the priest, physician, or pastor, and you will make more money from your spare time than you dream of, besides a host of friends.

This is your opportunity for a pleasant, profitable and permanent business. Address, The Home Supply Co., Dept 20, Merrill Building, Toronto, Ont.

Bella—"He said he would kiss me or die in the attempt." Della—"Well?" Bella—"He has no life insurance, and I pitied his poor old mother."

OF COURSE NOT.

"Do you think any girl ever proposes in Leap Year, as they say, Jennie?" he asked. "Not unless she is obliged to," answered the maiden. "H'm! I hadn't thought of that," he said, after a pause. "But, George," she said, laying her hand affectionately upon his arm, and looking into his eyes, "you, I am sure, will never force me to that humiliation?" "No—er—that is to say—of course not. I——" The ice was broken, and three minutes later George was Jennie's accepted.

A woman never thinks her husband so unreasonable as when he expects her to be reasonable.

CURIOSITIES OF PAIN.

Pain sometimes behaves in a curious fashion. There was a soldier in London, after the Boer War, who complained of excruciating neuralgic pains in his right foot. This very much amused his friends, for he had lost his right leg, and both leg and foot were long buried near Ladysmith.

The explanation was, that the pain happened to be in the trunks of those nerves, which had sent branches to the foot. Sometimes a patient comes to a doctor complaining of pain in the knee, and he is greatly surprised when the doctor tells him that the site of the affection is not the knee, but the hip. We are all familiar with the pain under the shoulder-blade which comes from an afflicted liver.

The stomach, too, can produce pain in many parts of the body. A disordered stomach will give us pain as far away as the head, and, when one gets a cramp in his toe, it is often due to acidity of the stomach. Swallow a pinch of soda, and the cramp will disappear.

An aching tooth will produce neuralgic pains in the face, and very often a violent pain at the back of the head is due to the far-away kidneys, which themselves may suffer no pain at the time.

CAREFUL.

"Yes; she quarrelled with Jack and returned all his presents."

"And he hers?"

"Every one of them. Why, he even went so far as to send her half a dozen boxes of face powder with a note explaining that since he first met her he must have taken that much home on his coat."

HE KNEW HIM.

"D'ye know that man? His name is Grant. He lives in a big house at the bottom of our street." "Oh, yes, I know him. He's a man with the worst reputation possible." Don't reproach him with that. It's the only thing he has that he didn't steal."

Ever Notice A Field of Indian Corn

in the glory of its growing?

The best part of selected pearly white Indian Corn is used in making

Post Toasties

This food is carefully cooked—in a factory that is clean and spotless—not a hand touching it at any stage of the making.

Post Toasties with cream and a sprinkle of sugar are an ideal dish. Serve sometimes with fresh strawberries added.

"The Memory Lingers"

Sold by Grocers.

Made by
Canadian Postum Cereal Co., Ltd
Windsor Ontario, Canada.

TORONTO CORRESPONDENCE

New Head of the Works Department—City Pays Big Salaries—Simcoe's New Member—An Interesting Move.

It is only a few short years since there appeared in the Toronto City Solicitor's office at the City Hall a new office boy. He was so round and well fed that he was immediately nicknamed the 'fat boy from Pickwick." When it was found that his first name was Roland it was immediately cut down to "Roly," and Roly it remains to this day.

The boy's mother was a widow, and had been caretaker of the old city hall for many years. She was very proud of her son, and when it came time for him to begin to do something for himself she had no trouble in getting him a position in one of the offices at the Hall, which she looked after.

NOW GETS $8,000 A YEAR.

To-day that boy is known officially as Mr. R. C. Harris, head of the Works Department of the City of Toronto, and the salary he is to draw is $8,000 a year. He has never held any position outside of the municipal administration of the city. He has never run for office. He has just attended to the business that lay at his hand in his civic service job, and he has got on. Each year has seen a new administration installed, but the good-natured fat boy, and the man he developed into, quarrelled with none of them. At the same time he had initiative to formulate plans and the force to carry them into effect. He was some years getting to be a chief clerk, but from that point his progress has been rapid. The control of one department after another has been put under his control until now he has the management of the chief spending offices of Toronto, which spends more money in a year than does the Government of Ontario.

MANY OTHER GOOD SALARIES.

Mr. Harris' example demonstrates that a successful career is possible in municipal service. And he is not the only Toronto official getting a good salary. The City Treasurer, Mr. R. T. Coady, who is shortly to sail for England to sell more City of Toronto bonds, gets $8,000 a year. The salary of the Mayor is now $7,500; until last year it was $5,000. The Assessment Commissioner gets $5,500. The Medical Health Officer gets $5,000. The City Solicitor gets $4,500. So does the City Architect. The City Clerk and the Chief of the Fire Brigade each receive $4,000. Police Magistrate Denison's salary is $5,000 a year. But the highest priced man in the city's employ is the City Counsel, Mr. H. L. Drayton, K.C., a comparatively young man, who gets $10,000 a year as City Counsel, and draws another $4,000 as the Provincial Government's representative on the Toronto Hydro-Electric Commission, making $14,000 a year in all. This figure, no doubt, explains, in part, why he declined the Chairmanship of the Dominion Railway Board, which, according to report, was offered to him.

TENNIS CHAMPION NOW M. P.

Some local interest has been aroused by the announcement that the vacancy in the Dominion House in South Simcoe, caused by the elevation of Mr. Haughton Lennox to the bench, has been filled by Mr. W. A. Boys. It is recalled that he was for many years one of the leading athletes of Canada, being an expert hockey player and holding for several seasons the tennis championship of Ontario. Mr. Boys is still young—he is only 45—but he has given up tennis and hockey. He has now taken to golf and curling and politics.

MINISTER OF EDUCATION MOVES.

As soon as the new wing of the Parliament Buildings is completed there will be a more than usually interesting moving. The Education Department, which for half a century has occupied quarters in the Normal School building, occupying an entire block between Gould, Gerrard, Church and Victoria streets, will at last make its headquarters with the other departments of the Government in Queen's Park. This will, no doubt, be some convenience to the Minister and the staff, who have been obliged to make a half-hour's journey every time they wished to consult the Premier or the other departments; but it is safe to say that the old Normal School building will be left, with many regrets. The chief educational associations of the Province cluster around the building. The Minister's quarters there have long been famous for their spaciousness and elegance, and it is doubtful if the department will find as much comfort in their new quarters as they are leaving in the old.

The final disposition of the museum and art gallery, which has long been one of the show places of Toronto, has not yet been finally decided. It may remain where it is, or it may be divided between the Art Museum, that now finds a beautiful home in the late Goldwin Smith's old residence, the Grange, and the Provincial University Museum in Queen's Park.

DOMINION DAY.

Canada's own holiday, year after year, passes in Toronto without the slightest celebration of the day as a real national holiday. As many people as can get out of town, and when the day falls on a Monday, as this year, the number is unusually large. Those who remain amuse themselves as best they can. It is safe to say that every canoe, rowboat, bowling green, tennis court, or picnicking site within reach of the city is fully occupied all day. For the owners of the amusement franchises the day is one of the biggest harvests of the year. A fine day will take from 15,000 to 18,000 people to the afternoon ball game alone. Even lacrosse, which is making desperate efforts to get off the down grade to popular favor, may get as high as 10,000 spectators.

But as for a real national celebration there is nothing. No one wants the spread-eagleism of the American Fourth, but many people regret that some effort should not be made to make the day in Canada's second city in a way that would be distinctively Canadian.

GREATEST KNOWN COLD.

Temperature of One Degree Above Zero Reached.

How 272 degrees of cold, only one degree above absolute zero, is artificially produced is told by Prof. Kamerlingh-Onnes of Leyden University, who has gained a world-wide reputation by his successful attempts to liquefy helium.

The method followed is to reduce the temperature by stages, the so-called cycles of cold, in which different chemical substances with gradually lower boiling points are successfully employed.

The first stage is when chloromethyl is made to boil in vacuum at 90 degrees below zero. It is then evaporated by means of ethylene, which has a lower boiling point, and reduces the temperature to 160 degrees below zero.

By subsequent manipulations the temperature is reduced successively as follows: With liquid oxygen to 210 degrees, with liquid hydrogen to 259 degrees, and finally with liquid helium to 272 degrees below zero.

The most scrupulous precision has to be observed with regard to the purity of the substances used and also in point of watching the exact time needed to complete each stage, which is a matter of seconds. The first stage takes forty-five minutes, the second thirty-seven, and so on. To attain the lowest artificial temperature known, 272 degrees below zero, it takes seven and a half hours of hard work.

EXTERMINATION OF RATS AND MICE.

If it were generally known that there is no trouble to rid a house, barn or any building of rats and mice by the use of Gillett's Lye, it is doubtful if the article could be made as fast as it would be used for this purpose alone. The process connected with using it is very simple, the plan being to sprinkle a little of the article in and around the holes made by these pests in floors, partitions, etc. In addition to this it is well to use a thin piece of board about a foot square, or even smaller, and make a complete circle of the lye on the board about a quarter of an inch deep, and inside of the circle place some meat or cheese. In endeavoring to get at the bait the feet of the rats and mice will be burned, and the whole colony, whether large or small, will immediately disappear from the premises.

The plan is worth trying, but the good kind—Gillett's Lye—should be procured. Refuse the many cheap imitations and substitutes.

HOW THEY MAKE TEA.

Scarcely Two Nations Prepare It In the Same Way.

In England, France and Germany tea is made in much the same plebeian way, but in other countries the method of enjoying the cup which cheers is a more picturesque ceremony.

In China, for example, a large artistic cup is set in a brass or silver holder, and in this cup the tea is placed and covered with boiling water. A little saucer which just fits it is placed inside the cup to keep in the steam and flavor of the tea. When it is drawn it is poured from the big cup into dainty little ones no bigger than an eggshell. The method followed in Japan is almost similar.

Tea making in Russia is a simple process, involving merely the use of a samovar and a slice of lemon or of lime.

In Java tea is served in broad, flat cups and flavored with Batavia arrack, and in Formosa it is steeped with tea flowers and one or two orange flowers.

For their tea drinking the Uruguayans employ silver tubes, each of which has at the end a ball-like strainer, known as a bomba or bombilla.

In Martinique an aromatic tea is used, and a peculiar liquor made by the monks and by the old French housewives is added.



PERSONALITIES.

Barber—"Your hair's getting very thin on top, sir."

Customer—"What's that to do with you! I didn't make any remarks about your beastly red nose, did I?"

MAGIC BAKING POWDER

MADE IN CANADA
CONTAINS NO ALUM
CONFORMS TO THE HIGH STANDARD OF GILLETT'S GOODS.



THE TRAVELS OF A NEEDLE

X-RAY PHOTOGRAPHY FINDS THEM.

Cases Where Needles Have Been In People's Bodies for Many Years.

If an ordinary needle, or a portion of it, runs into the hand or any other part of the body, it displays a strange propensity to start off on what may prove a long course of travel.

Some years ago a lady called upon a surgeon, stating that a part of a needle had broken in the first joint of her left thumb. The surgeon's attempts to extract the needle being ineffectual, he advised her to let it alone. About a year afterwards he was again visited by the lady, who stated that a few days previously she had felt a pricking sensation in the right forefinger, and that on breaking the skin she had without difficulty extracted the portion of the lost needle. The needle had in this case travelled from the left thumb along the arm, across the chest to the right arm, and down the latter to the finger, whence it was extracted.

HAT PIN CASE.

Another well-authenticated case is the following. A man having been stabbed in the back of the right shoulder with a hatpin, the blow inflicted caused the pin to break. Only the head and upper part of the pin could subsequently be found, but as the man suffered no inconvenience from the injury, he thought no more about it. Some time afterwards he was troubled with pain in the right shoulder, and this being supposed to be caused by rheumatism he was treated accordingly. The treatment brought no relief, but in several weeks the pain passed away apparently without any cause. Some time after this he observed a long, hard substance under the skin on the lower part of the breastbone, and he bethought himself of the pin that had been run into his shoulder some twelve months previously. A surgeon being called in, he soon extracted the foreign body, and found it to be a portion of the pin 2⅝ inches in length.

SOMETIMES STATIONERY.

But needles do not always travel when they enter the body. Sometimes they remain in a fixed position—namely, at that spot where they originally entered. A young girl being admitted to a country infirmary stated that four years previously, while kneeling on a hearthrug, a needle had run into her right knee. A careful examination was made, but the surgeons failed to detect any indication of the presence of a foreign body. The girl, however, was positive in her assertion that she could feel the point of the needle, and that upon pressure it caused her pain in a particular spot.

PROVED IT THERE.

This statement induced the surgeon to make an incision over the tissues of the right knee, but with no result therefrom. Nothing could be felt or seen. A deeper incision (under an anaesthetic) was made, but still without result. The tissues were now divided still further, and, at last, lying almost upon the capsule of the joint, the needle was discovered, and, with some difficulty extracted. The wound healed quickly, and in the course of a few days the girl was quite well.

Nowadays, however, such operations are rarely needed, for by means of the X-ray photography the position of travelling needles or any other foreign substance in the human body can be immediately ascertained and the offender extracted.

SENTINELS OF THE SEA.

How the Men Are Employed Aboard a Lightship.

A faint splash of light on a dark waste of waters; the wash of the sea against the ship's side; the creak of clockwork; the measured footfall of the watch on the deck; the barely-heard throb of a distant steamer, or the near loom of ghostly sails passing in the night; and, through a pall of chilling mist, the boom of the foghorn hurling its note of warning into the far-off silences.

Such, in the long night hours, is one of the many lightships which keep keen vigil around our coasts—the sentinels of the sea, the protectors of those who go out on the deep waters, says London Answers.

To understand the spell of the life, let us step aboard a lightship. No sooner are we on the deck than we feel at home. Spacious and cosy, one can picture happy hours spent in this craft, remote from the stress of shore life. There are even plants and flowers to give a picturesque touch of the domestic life.

And the men who make their home here? They are only eight all told—it may be only six—a master and his mate, three sailormen, and three lamplighters; and of this small but sufficient crew only five are on duty—the remaining three are taking a well-earned rest ashore, turn and turn about.

No long-faced hermits are these guardians of our lightship; cheery men, all of them, and hospitable, as becomes a sailor, though they roam no seas.

"Dull?" said the mate of the Norship to the man on a visit. "Why," we've no time to be dull! No time for grizzling here!"

And this is the truth. From rising to sleeping no moment need be unoccupied. The lantern alone keeps two of the five constantly busy. At sunset the lamps are lit, and the lantern is hoisted to its eminence, a few feet below the ball of the mast; then the clockwork is started which sets it revolving. All through the night, at frequent intervals, a gong sounds the signal for the laborious re-winding, and woe betide the watchman who is deaf to the signal, or does not keep an eye on his revolving light.

At sunrise the lantern is lowered, and a busy hour or more of cleaning follows, with rag and leather and cans of oil, until each reflector almost blinds one with its glitter. There is the foghorn to keep booming every two minutes by strenuous work with a foot-pedal whenever the mist-clouds roll up.

Eyes must be kept ever on the alert night and day, the watchers ready at any instant to send a warning signal by gun or flag. It may be a vessel heading for a shoal; a ship in distress; an imminent collision which only the promptest action can avert. And every happening of night or day must be carefully noted by the master in his log.

But, of course, it is not all work. There are hours of leisure for those off duty. And there is always the prospect of that month on shore, which comes round with such welcome frequency, and which lends wings to the days aboard.

No; with a cheerful spirit, plenty of work and play, good pay, and a pension to look forward to, the life of a lightshipman is far from being undesirable, even in the isolation of a foggy night amid the lone waters of the sea.

A loafer is an animal that feeds on a workers' time.

An Absolutely Safe 6% Investment

¶ The First Mortgage Bonds of Price Bros. & Company 6 per cent. on the investment---secured by first mortgage on one of the finest paper mills and over four million acres of the best pulp and timber land in America---insured with Lloyds, of London, England, against fire---offer a most attractive investment. The present net earnings of the Company are sufficient to pay the bond interest twice over. The growing demand for pulpwood is yearly increasing the value of the Company's propertics. These bonds have been purchased by the best informed financiers in both Canada and England. At their present price they yield 6 per cent interest. Considering security, earnings, assets, and the likelihood of appreciation in value, Price Bros. & Company bonds constitute an exceptional investment.

Write for full description of these bonds.

ROYAL SECURITIES CORPORATION LIMITED

164 ST. JAMES STREET - MONTREAL, Que.

TORONTO OTTAWA QUEBEC HALIFAX LONDON, ENGLAND

G. L. Meikle & Co.

The "Warm Weather"

Makes you wish for some way of keeping cool. Call in and see our up-to-date Coil-oil Stoves, one, two and three burners (with ovens attached), also our all steel refrigerators, porcelain lined—the very latest and most sanitary of its kind.

HAMMOCKS.—We have them of every kind and description from $1.50 up.

Garden Hose, Nozzles and Sprinklers.

STRAW HATS,—For Men and Boy's, we are offering a special discount this week on all straws, come and get one before they all go.

MEN'S TENNIS SHIRTS,—White and Coloured with and without collars also with French Cuffs.

Men's Lounge Collars, all Shades.

BATHING SUITS,—For Men and Boys. Now is the time. Give us a call while our stock is new and and complete.

G. L. Meikle & Co.
White Front

Province of Quebec.
Electoral District of Argenteuil.

—: o :—

Abstract of detailed statement of all election expenses incurred by or on behalf of Harry Slater, Esquire, a candidate at the Election held on May 15th, 1912, fyled with the undersigned Returning Officer by Francis A. Brennan, Election Agent.

Personal expenses of candidate...	$ 70 25
Halls for meetings	17 00
Committee Rooms	80 00
Printing	530 50
Voters' Lists	43 43
Stationery	16 30
Livery	78 00
Telephones	36 74
Electric Light	55 30
C.P.R. Telegraph	5 00
Office Staff	59 50
Postage, etc.,	39 00
Total,	$1031 10

Lachute, July 15th, 1912.

G. F. CALDER,
Returning Officer.

Province of Quebec.
Electoral District of Argenteuil.

—: o :—

Abstract of detailed statement of all election expenses incurred by or on behalf of John Hay, Esquire, a candidate at the Election held on May 15th, 1912, fyled with the undersigned Returning Officer by John A. McGibbon Election Agent.

Personal expenses of candidate...	$110 00
Halls for meetings	40 00
Committee Rooms	35 00
Printing	86 00
Voters' List	43 43
Stationary	18 29
Livery	152 00
Telephones	24 95
Electric Light	11 00
Office Staff	95 00
G.N.W. Telegraph	5 00
Total,	$6.0 67

Lachute, July 15th, 1912.

G. F. CALDER,
Returning Officer.

Great reductions in Millinery. All the trimmed hats up to $5.00 to be sold for $2.50. Come early and get your choice. Some special values in childrens hats and bonnets.

H. E. BURWASH.

LOST,—On Friday, June 28, in the vicinity of Lachute, a wire haired terrier, white with black markings on eye, ear and tail, answers to the name of "Spot." Finder please notify, MISS HARRINGTON, St. Andrews and recieve reward.



BIG SALE

Of Ladies' And Men's Summer Foot-wear

Special Offers for Cash

100 pr. Women's Laced Dongola, 100 pr. Women's Pums and Oxfords, 50 pr. White Canvas Shoes at 25 p.c. discount; 25 Tan and Choc. Laced Boots, reg $3 & $4 at $2; 50 Men's Patent Leather $4.50 and $5 now for $3.00. Extra special bargains in Men's strong working boots. Don't forget that we are the Slater Shoe agents for this town and carry the latest styles in stock. Slater footwear has correct shape, fit perfectly and wear the longest. What more do you want in shoes?

W. G. Staniforth, Main St.

In making **Red Rose Baking Powder** only the finest French Cream of Tartar is used. It is absolutely pure, full strength, always the same.

A. W. Hugman, Limited.



If you use **Red Rose Baking Powder** your cakes, pastry and biscuits will be light, appetizing and wholesome. Put up in 10c. to 45c. tins. Get it at your Grocer's.

Makers, Montreal. 8

Buy Hamilton's Bread!

Telephone No. 80

Because it is good bread, and because it is made in a sanitary manner. We have installed one of the most improved bread mixers to our bakery, so that the most fastidious may be assured of perfect cleanliness in the production of the bread that is proving so palatable to our many patrons. We are also specialists in the cake line and any order, both large and small, will alike receive our careful attention. Pattes catered for at very moderate prices. Wedding Cakes a specialty.

We also handle Flour and Feed in large quantities.
Ice Cream supplied by the gallons or in bricks.
Choice Confectionery, Fruits, Etc. in season.

R. HAMILTON, - Lachute.





The Telephone as a farm implement

is regarded by the modern farmer as no less important than his most efficient piece of farm machinery. A

Bell Telephone

keeps him in touch with the markets, the shipping points and the trade centres. The extension of Rural Lines in this section is now being considered. Write for particulars to our nearest Local Manager, or call at any of our Offices.



The Bell Telephone Company of Canada



NEW SPRING Carpets, Rugs, Curtains and Linoleums.

Just Arrived from Great Britain.

They are a handsome collection. Come in and see them. We can save you from $5.00 to $10.00 on a carpet by buying from us.

RUGS in all the leading sizes and shades in Wilton's, Exminsters, Brussels, Tapestry, Union and Wools.

ONE THOUSAND yards Carpet, less 25 per cent or $1.00 for 75c., 80c. for 60c., 50c. for 37½c.

English and Scotch Cork Linoleums in 1, 2, 3, 3½ and 4 yards wide. Our prices cannot be matched for quality.

New Wall Papers, Paints and Varnishes, Alabastine, in fact everything for fixing up the house, and at prices that we have no competition.

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Professional & Commercial.

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Veterinary Serums and Vaccines a Specialty.

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Office over Banford's Store.
Absent Tuesday only.

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Physicin & Surgeon.
Brownsburg, Que.
Graduate of McGill Medical College.

DR. T. W. BANNERMAN,
B.A., M.D., C.M., L.R.C., P.,
L.R.C., S., Ed., L.F.P. & Gl.
Lachute.

DR. J. H. MASON,
Physician & Surgeon.
Main St., Lachute,
Office hours;—8 to 10 a.m., 1 to 3 p.m. and 7 to 9 p.m.

DR. HUGH McCONNELL,
Surgeon Dentist
Will be in his office every day except Tuesday.
Opposite T. Christie's Drug Store.

DR. EDMOND DUROCHER,
Veterinary Surgeon,
Ste. Scholastique, - Que.,
Bell Telephone No. 14.
Consultation and attendance Day and Night.

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Licensed Auctioneer,
Sales conducted in both French and English.
Lachute Mills. - Que

L. L. LEGAULT B.C.L.,
Advocate,
Roby's Block.
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J. E. VALOIS,
Notary Public,
Lachute, P.Q
Money to loan on security.
Office . Bethany Street.

DR. ALEX. RODRIGUE,
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(Successor to Dr. Menzies)
West Ward, Lachute. Phone 24.

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PRAIRIE DIAMOND

Are you satisfied with your Investments?

Have you any desire to have your $ $ $ earn more Golden Coin? If so, clip out this Coupon and get free information how this is accomplished.

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CALGARY.

I shall be pleased to receive your book — Name.....
How Dollars Grow while you sleep! — Address.....

PRAIRIE DIAMOND
CALGARY

CALGARY
PRAIRIE DIAMOND

Some Special Features of the
LAYTON BROS., PIANOS.

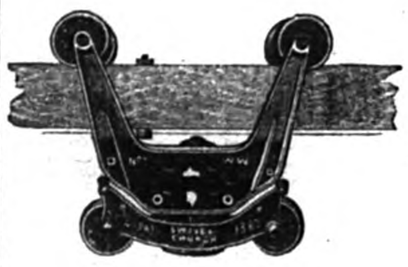


1. Gold Medal check repeating action
2. Finest sounding boards imported from the United States,
3. Five ply compound sectional tuning-pin block,
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5. Grand Scales, and overstrung bass,
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Fully guaranteed 10 years.
Used in over 100 Convents and Institutions.
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Prices $320. and $350.
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Haying Tools of all Kinds





Hay Cars, Horse forks, Horse fork Rope Hay Forks, Scythes, Snaths, Fork Handles, Etc. and Mowing Machine Repairs.

T. McOuat & Son, Lachute.

The Watchman,

And Ottawa Valley Advocate.

VOL. XXXVI — LACHUTE, FRIDAY, JULY 26. 1912. — NO. 27

Spring Greens!

Lettuce, Celery and Green Onions direct from the Greenhouse every Friday.

Ripe Tomatoes, Pine-apple and Bannanas now in.

As we make a specialty of fruits and vegetables you can depend on getting fresh goods and only the very best that goin.

We also keep a good assortment of fresh, smoked and salted fish. We get a new stock of them every week.

P. PAQUIN, Lachute.

Central Market, - Main Street, Lachute.

The People's Restaurant.

Mr. P. Goyette wishes to inform the public that he is now occupying his new premises in Brownsburg and will be able to serve his many patrons better than ever before. He will always keep fresh goods and of the best kinds at reasonable prices. Fruits and garden vegetables fresh every week. Lunches served at all hours and on shortest notice.

Richelieu and Ontario Navigation Company

—:o:—

R&O Richelieu Ontario Nav Co

Niagara to the Sea

Montreal-Quebec-Saguenay Line.
Steamers leave Montreal at 7.00 p.m.

Toronto-Rochester-Montreal Line.
Steamers leave Montreal commencing June 1st, daily except Sunday.

Montreal-Bay of Quinte-Hamilton line.—Steamer "Belleville" leaves Montreal every Friday at 7.00 p.m. commencing May 3rd.

On Tuesday July 30th, we will place on Sale $400. dollars of Samples just received from Great Britain, comprising of Ladies Cashmere and wool hose, gloves, Mens socks, Rain coats, Braces, Carpet ends, Rugs, and many other articles too numerous to mention. These are the greatest bargains ever offered in town, so don't miss it.

McFAUL BROS.

Strictly Pure Paris Green.

Plenty of it on hand all the time, don't let the bugs get ahead of you.

T. McOUAT & SON.

Our $10.00 and $12.00 Suits are perfect in fit and style. The cloth is excellent also. We buy only from the best makers. W. BANFORD & SON.

Seasonable Goods. Screen Doors and Window Screens, Oil Stoves and Ice Cream Freezers, Hammocks and Hamo Couches, Lawn Mowers, Lawn Rakes, Lawn Sprinklers, Hose, Nozzles, Watering Cans, Etc., Etc.

T. McOUAT & SON,
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Property for Sale or Store to Rent.

—:o:—

A most desirable property on Main Street, opposite the Post Office. Apply for particulars to.

D. LAPOINTE,
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CRESWELL'S

Popular Ice Cream Parlors
Enthusiastically Endorsed
OPEN DAILY
Intelligent attention assured.
"LOWNEY'S" High-Class Chocolates
FRUIT.

GEO. H. CRESWELL.

ROBERT McFAUL

The House of Fair Dealing.

A Visit to Our Store

Will convince you that there is every inducement held out for you to deal with us. Because we only handle goods that are the best value for your money and always reliable. Our Grocery Department is always strictly up to the mark with the Choicest of Goods that are Strictly Fresh.

The Time is Coming

And rapidly, too, when you will be thinking of Spring Cleaning. Just here we want to tell you that we have a splendid assortment of Wall Papers, of pretty designs and latest patterns, also paints, varnishes, alabastine etc.

Phone No. 2

And we will show you that Courtesy and prompt attention are part of our business that will afford you pleasure in dealing with us.

The One-Priced Store, Main St., Lachute

LOCAL NEWS.

Miss Marion Slater is visiting friends in Dorval.

The Rev. Mr. Cliff spent the week-end in Howick.

Miss Margaret Hewitt spent the week-end in town.

Mrs. F. Brennian spent this week at Lake Louisa

Mr. J. Godin wrs in town Wednesday visiting his many friends.

Mrs. Wm Black and son, are visiting friends in Vankleek Hill.

Mrs. (Dr.) Alexander entertained to afternoon tea, on Friday last

Mrs. Wooster, of Montreal, is the guest of Mrs. A. Beers this week.

Miss Ko Yule, of Ottawa is spending a short visit with friends in town.

Mr. A. Burnett, of Montreal, is the guest of his aunt Mrs. J. S. Giles.

Miss Keating and Miss Clarke of Montreal, are guests of Mrs. Drysdale.

Miss Nora Christie is the guest of her sister Mrs. W. Lamb, of Grenville.

Mr. Legault, of Hintonburg, is in town relieving the Bank of Ottawa Staff.

Mr. Thos McNaughton is enjoying a short vacation with friends in Huberdeau.

Mrs. Beaumont and daughter, of Montreal, were week-end guests of Mrs. H. Slater.

Mrs. Shufelt, Mrs Copping and Master Allan were week-end guests of Mrs. Holland.

Mr. and Mrs. Eakin and family are occupying their summer residence at Hill Head.

Mr. Ramie Ponhomme and wife were in town for the week-end, the guest of Mrs. Roby.

Mr. A. P. Wilson is spending a couple of weeks vacation with his parents in Scottstown.

Mrs. Beech and family, of New York are the guests of Mrs. John McFaul, at Lake Louisa.

Mr. G. R. Dewar, and Mr. and Mrs. McLeod, of Montreal, are guests of Dr G. A. Clunie.

Mr. Mossman Galt returned on Monday last from a weeks visit with friends in Gould, Que.

Mr. J. R. McOuat and Miss Gladys left on Friday for their summer cottage at 16 Island Lake.

Mr. E. Darlington returned last week from a very pleasant week spent with friends in Toronto.

Mr. and Mrs. McFarlane of St. Anne de Bellevue, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Barron.

Mrs. Buchanan and daughter, of Newark, N. J. are guests of the Misses Wilson for a short visit.

Mrs. Paul Nicoll, of Upper Lachute, arrived home after spending a few weeks with friends in New York.

Mr. and Mrs Wm. McOuat and family accompanied by Miss M. McFarlane visited at Fleet Wood Lake last week.

Mr. Henry Sutton has received the contract for delivery of the rural mail on the Vide-Sac and East Settlement route.

Mr. D. Lapointe has sold his stock of gent's furnishing to Mr. Geofroy Bedard and his store is now being offered for tenancy.

The following subjects will be presented at the Baptist Church on Sunday next, July 28th;—Heroes of Faith, 11 a.m.; Patience and Perseverance, 7.30 p.m.

The marriage of Miss Mary Emma Nicoll to Mr. Robert E. Canning is announced to take place at the home of Mrs. Thos. Nicoll of Lachute on Wednesday August 14th.

Mr. Thos. Pollock and daughter Pearl left on Tuesday for a two months trip to Edmonton and other points and Mrs. Salter Clarke will spend a pleasant visit with friends at McAuley, Man.

The Board of Directors of the Agricultural Society, on account of the very late season, have decided to hold their Annual Fall Exhibition on the 1st, 2nd and 3rd of October next, instead of the 3rd, 4th and 5th of Sept, as pre-arranged for.

Mrs. Jno. A. McGibbon met with an agreeable surprise on Friday evening last when she was waited on by a delegation of ladies from the W.C.T.U. and presented by Mrs. Mackie with a very pretty silver dish in recognition of her valued services rendered during the Convention last fall.

The Presbyterian Services on Sunday next will be conducted as follows: Upper Lachute at 11 a.m.; Hill Head at 3 p.m. and Lachute at 7.30 p.m., by Mr Buzzel, of Montreal. Lachute 11 a.m., East Settlement 3 p.m., Brownsburg 7.30 p.m. by J. A. MacKenzie.

The advertising of some of the large Departmental Houses of Toronto has again been offered to us and we have steadfastly declined the same. In the stand we take, however, some merchants who send out of town for their stationery can find food for thought. By sending to Toronto or Montreal for their printed matter they are not helping to strengthen an institution which is their strongest weapon against the inroads of the Departmental System.

Mr. Jas. W. Cottingham returned on Saturday from a three months trip out West during which he saw many of Lachute's former residents who have made a success of their varied ventures Needless to say the glad hand was extended to him wherever he went and now, calmly ruminating over his travels, one can hear him say, "Yes, there are some very pretty towns, and some places I would not accept at a gift, but its good to get back to old Lachute."

Free Social

The Ladies of the Lachute Baptist Church, being desirous of assisting in the erection of a Parsonage, have decided upon holding a Free Social on Thursday, August 1st, on the lawn of Mrs. Jno. McGillivray. Refreshments, comprising Ice Cream, Cake, Home-made Candy, Soft Drinks, etc. will be sold at reasonable prices. There will be no charge for admission to the grounds where a nice program of music and song will be given.

The ability of always seeing the bright side or shining up the dark one is a blessing to the person who possesses the power as well as to those with whom he has to do. It changes our daily struggle in the performance of duty into playing the joyful game of life. Instead of the home being a place of growling and grumbling, it becomes a place of laughter and song. Wrinkles will not come so soon upon your fair countenance. To live daily with sun-beams flowing from the heart is a trick that may be learned by everyone with a little patience, determination and daily practice.

We notice in the Postmaster General's report a suggestion that people writing letters should sign their full names and addresses to their letters, and there would never be a letter but what could be returned if it failed to reach the person it was intended for. The Report suggests a better way than that too, but one which is a little more expensive. That is to have a small card printed on the corner of the envelope. This will cost only a trife and if the letter cannot be delivered to his address, or the address should be wrong, the letter would come back in the course of five to seven days instead of going through the dead letter office, and finally being returned to the writer after a lapse of two weeks or more. The latter suggestion is much the best, and can be adopted at a very small expense.

If we would not make any mistakes, we would either exhibit ourselves in a dime museum as a most wonderful freak, or go directly to heaven as altogether unfit for this imperfect mundane life. But, thank fortune, we prove our humanity by the very mistakes that we make. Every one makes mistakes in his profession, but the mistakes of a newspaper editor are spread out for all to see. Then there are some persons who find great pleasure apparently to criticize and to abuse us because of an error in grammar, spelling or punctuation. Or if we omit an item or report an event not perfectly correct, then somebody will call us all sorts of most agreeable names. But very few persons really know what it is to edit a newspaper, and therefore, we are ready to forgive and to forget all manner of fault finding.

COL. BROCK'S HORSE PRIZES.

—:o:—

With the object of encouraging the bringing to camp of more suitable horses, the last Colonel of this Regiment donated $40, which has been distributed, $10 to each Squadron.

In 'C' Squadron the prizes have been awarded as follows:—H. Hamilton, $5.00, D Mitchell $3.00, Sergeant Major Cruise $2.00.

Both Col. Brock and Col. Riley trust that the men of this Regiment will be encouraged not only to bring a more suitable type of horse to Camp but that they may be ultimately encouraged in breeding these horses for themselves.

DALESVILLE.

—:o:—

Mr. Jas. White, of Montreal, spent last week with his family here.

Miss Olive Boyd, of Lachute, is the guest of her friend Miss Alma Dixon.

Miss M. Kavanagh, of Montreal, is the guest of Mrs. H Morrow for a week.

Mrs. Morrow, of Plantaganet, is visiting her daughter Mrs. A. J. Campbell.

A number of our people enjoyed the social held in Brownsburg Tuesday evening.

Miss Hilda Aiken, of Brownsburg, is the guest of her Grand-parents Mr. and Mrs. M. Graham.

Miss Lottie Murdoch accomdanied her brother to Longeuil where she will visit for some time.

Mr. Watson who is the guest of Mrs. J. McGibbon this month spent a few days in Montreal this week.

Mr. Wm. Murdoch accompanied by his little son Charlie, spent Tuesday the guest of his father and sisters.

Mrs. R Cregeen with her daughters Elsie and Elizabeth and her neice Dorothy, is spending a holiday the guest of Mr. A. Murdoch.

Mrs. R. T. MacArthur entertained a number of young people on Tuesday afternoon and a very enjoyable time was spent by the little ones.

Music in the Home.

It is impossible to believe that music is not universally loved.



Style 105 LOUIS
Sherlock-Manning
20th Century Piano.

When you invest your good money in a Piano, it is well to be sure that adequate steps have been taken to preserve the tone.

The Sherlock-Manning is solidly constructed of the highest grade materials. It has a full Iron plate whereas many pianos have only a three quarter plate.

Around each tuning pin there is a wooden bushing which prevents tuning pin from sagging.

You see it is wise to purchase the Sherlock-Manning 20th Century Piano which has its beautiful tone-quality so fully preserved, so write us a line for further particulars. We are in a position to save you a hundred dollars.

J. A. Bedard, MAIN STREET, LACHUTE.

THE ELITE

Grand Display of Ready-to-Wear Wash Dresses for Misses and Children. Underwear, Hosiery, Corsets and Gloves. A few special lines in New York Blouses for Ladies.

Millinery of all kinds at very low prices.

A few ends of wash material for summer dresses. Hair Goods, Side Combs, Barrettes, Small-wear of every description.

A lot of New Books suitable for Children's Prizes 15 c. to 50 c. each.

H. E. BURWASH

Souvenir Goods!

Call and see our line of enamelled Brooches, Belt Buckles, Beauty Pins and Souvenir Goods. A large and select stock to choose from.

How about your Eyes? Don't neglect them! We will examine them by the most scientific methods, free of charge.

W. H. GARRETSEE - Main Street

Watch Repairing a Specialty. LACHUTE.

A Splendid Assortment from which to Choose

We have on hand a fine assortment of Solid Gold, Gold-filled and Silver Jewellery, comprising Watches, Brooches, Lady's & Gent's chains, Lockets, Bracelets, Rings, Necklaces, Scarf pins, Also: Silverware, Cut Glass, Clocks, Waterman Fountain Pens and Edison Phonographs.

SPECTACLES: Eyes tested by the latest methods. Repairs of all kinds.

T. JOUSSE, Main Street Lachute

MAKING SAFE INVESTMENTS

WHAT THE SAO PAULO AND RIO SHAREHOLDERS WILL GET

Details of the Generous Plum—Danger of Being Carried Away by Good Fortune of Others—How to Speculate if You are Bound to Take a Chance—Avoid Marginal Speculations and Buy Outright.

The articles contributed by "Investor" are for the sole purpose of guiding prospective investors, and, if possible, of saving them from losing money through placing it in "wild-cat" enterprises. The impartial and reliable character of the information may be relied upon. The writer of these articles and the publisher of this paper have no interests to serve in connection with this matter other than those of the reader.

(By "Investor.")

The one topic of conversation in the market during the past few weeks has been, "What will happen to Rio and Sao Paulo." Now that this question has been answered and the excitement incidental thereto somewhat lessened, investors and speculators are asking themselves and everybody they meet just what the new order of things will bring about.

A new company with a modest capital of $120,000,000 has been formed to be known as the Brazilian Tramways Company, or some similar name. This company is to take over the shares of the Rio de Janeiro Tramway Light and Power Company, giving in exchange its stock in the ratio of four shares of Brazilian preference shares and four shares of common for each five Rio shares. The preferred shares will bear dividends at the rate of six per cent., and the directors state that probably six per cent. will be paid on the common stock. That will mean that Rio shareholders will come out with a nice substantial profit. For example, the new preference shares should sell at around 103 or 104. The common shares should also sell around par, for although not so high class a security as the preference, the common stock has a great chance to take advantage of the future earnings of the company, which cannot fail to be great. So the holder of ten shares of Rio will get stock worth at least $1,625—that is eight shares of preferred worth 103, or $824, and eight shares of common worth 100, or $800. In point of dividends the present holder of ten shares gets $50 a year. In future he will get $96, and of course more when the dividends are increased.

In the case of Sao Paulo the shareholders, of course, get a larger proportionate slice of the new company. For each share of Sao Paulo a share and a half of the new preferred and an equal amount of common are to be given. Thus, the holder of ten shares of Sao Paulo will come out as follows, figuring on the probable market prices cited above:

15 Shares, preferred	$1,545
15 Shares, common	1,500
	$3,045

Or an equivalent of 304 for his stock in the present company, while his dividends will be $180 a year instead of $100, as they are at present.

That, in brief, is the situation, and there is no question of the very good fortune of the shareholders. Unfortunately, there is one great drawback. Many people who know little or nothing about local and general financial conditions will jump into the stock market in the vain hope of making a similar "killing." And in 90 per cent. of the cases they won't.

Now, I have no quarrel with people who invest in stocks. Investing in shares may be done wisely, so as to make a tidy profit, and at the same time take no more than an ordinary business risk, but those who do invest in this fashion invest. They do not speculate. No man who buys on margin can be said to invest; he speculates, and too often speculation is just another term for gambling.

A man may look around the market at the present time, and after carefully looking at all sides of the question, decide that a certain company is in good shape, its earnings showing regular increases over a series of years and a good and growing market for its product—it may be gas, electric light, or ploughs. All companies, industrial, public service or financial, should be considered along almost identical lines, with the few variations pointed out at various times in this column. After deciding that the company's future is bright the next step is to decide whether or not the company's shares have not already discounted this future as far as the market is concerned. If the stock is returning about 6 1-2 or 7 per cent. on the market value, and earnings appear to justify an increase in dividends before long, it is a good buy. Pay for it outright and put it away until your judgment has been justified. Then, if you want to take a profit sell. At all events your income will show a very handsome rate of interest on your investment.

On the other hand, a few years ago a man decided just these points about Sao Paulo. He bought it at 156 and put up a 20 point margin. Then the hard times of 1907 came and Sao Paulo went down to 140. He had only four points of margin left, so his brokers called him for more. He put up another 20 points. Still the stock declined, and at 120 in desperation he sold out. Later the stock sold at 98. At that price another man who had also studied conditions, bought it and paid for it in full. This year, only four years afterwards, he sold his stock at 254, and would have made more if he had had patience.

These two men had exactly the same idea. They were both right, but one took the wrong way of obtaining his end. He took a chance and the market went against him. If he had bought outright he wouldn't have made as much as number 2, but he would have made 100 points and got 10 per cent. dividends—6 66 per cent. on his investment—during the four years. But he was a speculator and lost.

There is a very obvious moral.

TORONTO CORRESPONDENCE

Chairman Dominion Railway Board—Poverty in the City—Housing the Poor—Echoes of Bygone Days.

Hon. W. J. Hanna, Provincial Secretary, is again in the lime light in connection with the Chairmanship of the Dominion Railway Board. It is curious to note how many positions Mr. Hanna's name has been associated with during the past five years. For a long time there was a rumor recurring about once a month that he was going into Dominion politics. Then September, 1911, came and passed, and it was Mr. Cochrane who went. In connection with this incident there is an interesting story, that Mr. Hanna could have been the campaign organizer for Ontario just as he was in 1908, and probably subsequently a Dominion Cabinet Minister, but that he guessed wrong as to the probable result. But that may be just a yarn. Then, there have been persistent rumors that Mr. Foy would resign and that Mr. Hanna would be the next Attorney-General. And it has been generally understood that as matters stood he was the logical successor of Sir James Whitney. At one time he was offered the position of Corporation Counsel of Toronto at a fat salary, a position which afterwards went to Mr. Drayton, and in this connection it was interesting to see the other day an interview with Mr. Drayton, in which he told of having declined the Railway Board Chairmanship. But meantime, Mr. Hanna has stayed on year after year as Provincial Secretary.

PLAYED WITH THE WAIFS.

Mr. Hanna's heartiness and good humor are infectious. He loves children. One day a group of little waifs were waiting at the Parliament buildings to see some official. Mr. Hanna corralled them, took them into his luxurious private office, to which millionaires sometimes impatiently wait admittance, and had a half-hour's good play with them.

As to his mental capacity, it is doubtful if his present position has revealed his real worth to the public. The continuous linking up of his name with some new position has no doubt reflected a popular notion that he was too big a man for the position of Provincial Secretary.

POVERTY IN TORONTO.

In the midst of bounding prosperity, and of increasing luxury for the classes there is probably more acute poverty in Toronto than ever before. This is merely the history of large cities everywhere, but it is discouraging to those who hoped that we in Canada might avoid some of the evils which have grown up in the old world.

A "Fresh Air Fund," collecting money to give picnics to children "who would not otherwise be able to have a single half-day's outing on the beach or in the country during the summer," announces that last summer it was necessary to accommodate not less than 5,000 Toronto children. The testimony of other funds and charities is to the same effect. From which it may be deduced that there are upwards of 2,000 families in the city whose condition is one approaching, if not already arrived at, abject poverty.

There is no lack of work for both men and women who will work. The trouble in most cases is a result of sheer shiftlessness and vice, chiefly drunkenness. We are developing our proportion of "unemployables," the same as old-world cities. Despite immigration laws, which are supposed to exclude all such, they sometimes get in. But the saddest fact is that many of them are Canadian born and bred. The lure of the city attracts the dross as well as the gold.

NEW FAD FOR "HOUSING."

In connection with charitable work, the latest fad is schemes for housing the poor, the "housing problem" it is called. Perhaps "fad" is a too derogatory word to apply to an enterprise that is altogether commendable. In England housing schemes are no new scheme, and while they have no doubt done good in their way, it is doubtful if they have accomplished the end they have been aimed at. Instead of abolishing slums they have simply shifted their location.

Now a company of public-spirited citizens has been organized to lay out a few acres of moderate-priced Toronto land in small homes of model design and construction for poor people. It is to be hoped they will achieve their purpose.

Certainly there is need of some relief for overcrowding. Within the last few days almost indiscribable conditions have been discovered in several sections of the city. In one house of ten rooms ten families were found to be living. In another house of moderate size 77 lodgers were found. And, of course, overcrowding is nearly always accompanied by social vices; for example, in one small house one woman was found living with twenty men. In nearly all these and similar cases the men are foreigners, who left conditions in Europe probably worse than those in which they are now.

PASSING OF GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

The beautiful old grounds of Government House at the corner of Simcoe and King streets are no more, and the last vestige of the house itself will soon have disappeared. A building-wrecker paid $2,800 for the privilege of tearing the place down. The grounds have been ploughed up and levelled; a beautiful ravine, where a creek rippled in the old days before all Toronto's creeks were turned into sewers, has disappeared. The beautiful old elms have been turned into cordwood, and the whole scene varies not at all from that which may be seen anywhere that a railway is putting in new sidings. The building dated only from 1874; before that its site was a favorite picnicking ground "out in the country," for the city of that date lay to the east. When it was constructed the adjoining streets, Bay, Simcoe and Wellington, became the fashionable district, just as Chorley Park, five miles away, is now having its boom.

MORE ECHOES OF BYGONE DAYS.

Nearby was the residence of Sir Mortimer Clark, one of the finest of its day, which now also makes way for the C. P. R. freight yards. For the last twenty years Sir Mortimer refused to follow the procession to the outskirts, but braved the smoke and noise of shunting trains and factories. The residence of William Cawthra, landed proprietor, the richest Torontonian of his day, and founder of the Cawthra estate, who during the Crimean war used to take his deposits—in silver—to the bank in a wheelbarrow, has been turned into a bank. It stands at the north-east corner of Bay and King.

The late Goldwin Smith's "Grange" has been turned into an Art Gallery. The house built in 1822 by Sir William Campbell, then Chief Justice, at the corner of Frederick and Duke, survives as part of a horse-nail factory.

GET ACQUAINTED WITH YOUR NEIGHBORS.

If you are genteel in appearance and courteous in your manner, you will be welcomed in every home in your locality, when you are showing samples of our superior toilet goods, household necessities, and reliable remedies. The satisfaction which our goods give, places the users under an obligation to you, which wins for you the same respect, esteem, and intimate friendship given the priest, physician, or pastor, and you will make more money from your spare time than you dream of, besides a host of friends.

This is your opportunity for a pleasant, profitable and permanent business. Address, The Home Supply Co., Dept 26, Merrill Building, Toronto, Ont.

Nearly one-half of the people of Denmark live exclusively by agriculture.

THE NEWEST NAVAL WEAPON

BRITISH FLEET SEES FEATS IN FLYING.

A Demonstration of Tactics in the Naval Battle of the Future.

The future of naval warfare has been the favorite topic of writers on naval matters ever since their attention was captured by the fine work of the aeroplanes and hydro-aeroplanes during the King's recent inspection of the fleet, writes a London correspondent.

To-day the gun, the torpedo and the submarine are the great factors. Battleship fire in these days would open with the 13.5 inch guns at a range of about eight miles. The captains of a squadron of four battleships when they had fired a broadside of forty shells of 1,250 pounds would be disappointed if they did not place thirty of them on the foe.

Even at this distance the gunners would particularize in their aim. They would not aim merely to hit one of the ships, but to hit a vulnerable part of one special ship.

Twenty years ago the Royal Sovereign class with four 13.5 inch guns were regarded with pride. Today the Orion mounts ten 13.5 inch guns firing the same shell, but with nearly twice the force, so that whereas the Royal Sovereign could pierce twelve inches of Krupp cemented armor at 3,000 yards the Orion's weapons at the same distance can penetrate twenty-six inches and at 6,000 yards—the range at which she fired her broadsides before the King—she can send her shells through about

EIGHTEEN INCHES OF ARMOR.

The latest battleships carry no greater thickness than twelve inches. Hence the gun in the present stage of the duel between gun and armor has apparently triumphed.

The torpedo, however, is a menacing rival. Any ship is in peril from the torpedo within about 4½ miles. The weapons now carried by the British ships, battleships, cruisers, and destroyers, have an explosive charge of 330 pounds—330 pounds of concentrated destructive force.

If the speed of the torpedo when it is discharged from the launching tube, situated either above or below water, is set at twenty-seven knots, this automobile weapon will run with sure aim for 4½ miles. The officer will calculate the speed and course of the enemy and make his aim accordingly, and the gyroscope, revolving in the torpedo, will see that the currents do not deflect it from its victim.

But the combination of submarine and torpedo has made the latter a deadlier weapon than ever. The submarine can approach an enemy submerged, discharge a torpedo and withdraw, still submerged.

During the King's inspection a submarine officer was permitted to practise this mode of attack. Until the thud of the collapsible head of the torpedo against the hull of the Dreadnought was noticed no one on board the big ship which carried the King was aware of the attack.

Nothing was to be seen on the surface of the water. Some moments later far away the submarine rose like a porpoise to the surface, her stern pointing

DEAD ON TO HER VICTIM,

indicating that if she had desired so to do she could have discharged a second torpedo at the adversary while retreating after the first blow.

So confident are the officers in command of these ships that they handle them now with an assurance which is marvellous. With only the periscope showing above the water, a mere speck, they travel for long distances, and then further submerge their craft if need be and proceed on their mission without a ripple being seen on the surface of the water to indicate their course.

And now comes the aeroplane. Even their brother officers were surprised at the exhibition during the King's inspection given by Commander Samson and his companions. From their ships they have watched the hydroplane rise from the water with the ease and grace of a seagull, cleave the sky in a bold sweep, observing from a great height and with extended vision everything on or under the water, and then sinking again to the top of the waves, ready at a word of command to soar again and survey the scene.

They have watched aeroplanes sailing among the masts and funnels of the assembled men-of-war, their naval pilots revealing a confidence in their craft which is apparently as complete as that of the skipper of a Thames steamboat in

HIS WELL TRIED VESSEL.

They have seen the battleship Hibernia with her launching platform forward steaming at fifteen knots against the wind, when suddenly Commander Samson has risen in a biplane from her deck and soared away ahead of the fleet at a speed nearly twice that of the swiftest vessel ever built. They have seen him scan the ocean's surface, observe even the rocks in shallow waters, and then volplane down to the sea again, his machine resting gracefully on her floats, and ready to be lifted on board for another reconnoissance expedition.

In the summer manoeuvres Orions, with their 13.5 inch guns; submarines, with their invisible menace, and aeroplanes are to take part. When these manoeuvres are over it is generally thought that a considerable new development will have been made in the science of naval warfare.

GOOD HUNTING.

Instances Where Tigers Have Been Killed With a Club.

A wooden club is not a weapon to recommend for hunting tigers; usually you need all the firearms that you can take along. However, a correspondent of The Youth's Companion who has lived in Siam recalls some interesting instances in which Master Stripes fell before attacks with a club, which succeeded through their mere daring and unexpectedness—and the good luck that attended them.

Although the tiger usually does his hunting at night, he departs at times from this habit, especially if he happens to be a man-eater.

In the province of Nam, in the northern part of Siam, a villager and his wife were gathering wood one afternoon in the jungle. Suddenly a tiger leaped on the man, seized him by the ankle, threw him over its back, and made for the woods. The wife mad with grief and excitement, followed. After going perhaps two hundred yards, the tiger stopped, dropped its victim, and began to play with him precisely as a cat plays with a mouse.

The woman, armed only with a stout bamboo club, stole up behind the beast and smote it on the neck. By great good luck she broke two of the vertebrae, and killed the animal instantly. Then she dragged her senseless husband back to their hut and called the neighbors. The man, although badly mauled, finally recovered. In token of admiration for the woman's bravery, the Chao Phya, or governor of the province, gave her a life pension and a silver medal.

A somewhat similar incident once came under my own observation. At a place called Anghin, about forty miles south of Bangkok, a Chinaman and his wife cultivated a small sugar-cane plantation. The man had been greatly annoyed by having his cane eaten by his neighbors' buffalo calves. Coming home one evening just at dark, he saw what he thought was one of the marauders at work on the cane. Stealing silently up behind it, he struck it a mighty blow with a heavy club. The animal dropped without a sound. The Chinaman told his wife what he had done, and added, "That calf will steal no more of my cane."

In the morning he found that the "calf" was a full-grown tiger; he had killed it by breaking its neck just as the woman of Nam had done. And John was so much impressed with his own narrow escape that he took to his bed, and was sick for a week.

WHAT WE REQUIRE.

The things we actually require are not nearly so many as the things we can do without. We must have sleep and food and air, but beyond these elemental needs, most of the other things we think we must have are superfluities. The millionaire can never make entirely his own the multitude of material possessions by which on every hand he is surrounded, and often encumbered. His paintings, his books, his pleasure-gardens and his palaces are the property of any who behold them; for we grasp with our eyes as well as with our hands, and we own just as far as we can see. The best things any mortal hath are those that every one shares, and we all possess in fee simply what Heaven has given mankind—the morning sun light and the evening star, the love of friends and family, the duty and the dignity of labor. Such things as these are the few simplicities we need; the rest are not among the essential ingredients of content.



CLEVER!

Pat—"I've such a joke on the railway."

Mike—"What is it?"

Pat—"I've bought a return ticket and I'm not comin' back."



A TOWN WITHOUT THE CASH

HOW A STRANGER PROSPERED THEREIN.

A Writer Tells of the Early Days of the Now Prosperous City of Vancouver.

I was once in a town where there was practically no money. Everything was done on credit. Everybody trusted everybody else. If you worked you trusted your employer for your wages. And the place where you got food and lodgings trusted you till you got your wages, writes Bart Kennedy in London Answers.

It was a place where the occupation of the most skilful borrower was gone. The finest exponent of the noble art of "touching" would be powerless. And still, somehow, things boomed merrily along.

The sun rose in the east each day, and glared at noonday, and sank down in the west, after the usual time-honored manner. Night came in the good old way when the sun sank to rest. And the beautiful air we breathed somehow seemed to be quite normal. Water, I may say, was as wet as usual.

No money! No money anywhere! And still we breathed and lived!

THE HOD ON THE NOD.

At that time I was indulging in the noble art of carrying the hod. Carrying the hod is toil of what might be called an extremely toily nature, and why I found myself indulging in it is one of the mysteries of my varied life. Perhaps it was because I was not getting paid for doing it. Human beings are the oddest kind of odd animals. To put it in a slangy way, I was carrying the hod on the nod.

Why there was no money in this town I don't know. Being neither a Rothschild nor a Pierpont Morgan, I am not up in the subtleties of finance, but I must bear witness to the fact, as I have before pointed out, that things plopped along just as usual. The difference, if there were any difference, was that people took things more easily.

I remember one day, after I had filled my hod with bricks, leaning upon the hod and thinking calmly about the world and life.

THE TONE I RESENTED.

"Hurry up with that hod!" shouted a voice. It was the voice of the bricklayer who had engaged me for this arduous task. But I paid no heed. I felt somewhat tired, and it had occurred to me that thought was an easier kind of toil than mounting the steep ladder with my hod of bricks.

"Hurry up with that hod!" shouted the voice again. The owner of the voice looked down at me, and I looked up at him. His rude method of spurring me on to doing valorous work-deeds slightly jarred my susceptibilities. I felt pained.

"You'll hurt your voice!" I called up to him. "Don't be in a hurry."

"If you don't bring that hod up swift you can quit!"

I was thrilled with joy. I had been three weeks working for this man, and I had never seen the color of a coin.

"Am I to understand that you discharge me?" I added, in a more-in-sorrow-than-in-anger voice.

"Yes; I guess you can understand it, if you don't bring up that hod."

"Very well, then," I said, resting my hod carefully against the wall. "Pay me off!"

"I can't pay you off now," he said, "because I can't get the money till next week but one."

A DOUBLE DILEMMA.

"Shut up, then!" I said, resuming my hod with dignified ease. I began slowly to mount the ladder, and as I mounted it I felt that I had this pushful person in the hollow of my hand. He was building the chimney of the house, and when I got up to the platform I put the bricks down and smiled.

"Do you mean me to leave?"

"Oh, no!" he said. "I guess you'll do. You're doin' very well."

We were both of us in a fix. He couldn't discharge me because he could get no money to pay me off, and I couldn't leave him because leaving work without being paid the wages that were coming to me was, to put it mildly, against my principles. And so it was that I kept on working in a calm and thoughtful and easy way.

The place where this occurred was in Vancouver, British Columbia.

The Canadian Pacific Railway had not yet reached it, and the town was in a roughly-hewn state.

No one stole, for the reason that there was nothing to steal. There were houses there and real estate, but carrying off houses and real estate is a somewhat herculean job.

Everybody was in debt to everybody else. How they settled up and managed I have no idea. But that they did manage is a fact.

I lived very well, and I worked very easily, and I was very happy. I had everything I wanted—in reason. And when I grew tired of the noble and gentle art of carrying the hod I took what was owing to me out in kind. I lived like a prince at the boarding-house—a rough, rude place—where there was plenty of good food to eat. The only criticism that I could pass upon the food was that salmon appeared somewhat often upon the menu.

WHEN I LEFT.

In fact, this rich and delightful fish made its appearance at every meal. And I may say that when I left Vancouver it was a couple of years before I could look upon salmon with intent to devour. Good things are good things, but you can have too much of them.

At last the time came when money appeared in the town. It had definitely been settled that Vancouver was to be the terminus of the great railway that was being built across the Continent. Before that there had been talk of having Port Moody as the terminus. Whether this had any thing or not to do with the scarcity of money in Vancouver I don't know. I only know that in time it became possible to be paid for labor when you did it.

But, sad to relate, as the money came in the great, green, flourishing bay-tree of honesty suddenly, so to speak, shrank to a tiny plant. Robbers and footpads and card-sharpers and other adventurous persons threw their shadows upon the scene.

I left.

NOT SO HARD.

There is no period of life at which we ought to say that there are no more glad surprises for us in the future. Life is hard enough, but not so hard as some would make it, and its rewards come to those who have worked for them more often than many would have us believe.

ONE FAMILY OF 20,000,000.

The rapidity with which rats multiply is the main reason why man appears to make so little headway in their destruction. It is calculated that a single pair of rats and their progeny, breeding without interruption and suffering no losses, would in three years increase to more than 20,000,000.

BONDS PAYING 6% INTEREST

¶ The First Mortgage Bonds of Price Bros. & Company at their present price pay 6 per cent interest. The security they offer is first mortgage on 6,000 square miles of pulp and timber lands scattered throughout the Province of Quebec. The timber is insured with Lloyds of England against loss from fire. The earnings at present are sufficient to pay bond interest twice over, and when the mill now in course of construction is in operation, earnings will be enormously increased. These bonds can be quickly converted into cash, as there is a ready market for them.

¶ From standpoints of interest return and security, these bonds constitute an investment of exceptionally high order. There is every reason to believe these bonds will considerably increase in value.

We will be glad to send you literature further describing these bonds.

ROYAL SECURITIES CORPORATION LIMITED

164 ST. JAMES STREET - MONTREAL, Que.

TORONTO OTTAWA QUEBEC HALIFAX LONDON, ENGLAND

NEW STRENGTH FOR NURSING MOTHERS

Aching Backs and Tired Limbs Need Not be Endured

Aching backs, tired limbs, attacks of faintness, headaches and backaches, need not be a part of woman's life. There are times when her blood needs special attention, and these times are indicated by one or more of the above symptoms. It is at such times that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are worth their weight in gold to women, for they actually make the rich, red health-giving blood which makes weak, tired, despondent women, active and strong, and feeling equal to all their household duties. Such a sufferer was Mrs. William Sullivan, Main River, N. B., who says: "I am writing to acknowledge the great good I received through Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. After my baby was born last summer I was so run down that life was really a burden. I had to drag myself about to do my housework, and every moment was one of trial. If I went upstairs I would be breathless and tired out, and my heart would palpitate violently, and I would have a feeling as though I was smothering. My appetite was poor, and my baby was suffering from my weakness. I was advised to try Dr. Willims' Pink Pills and got six boxes, and before they were all quite used I was like a different woman. My appetite returned; I regained my strength, and the work about the house no longer bothered me. As the result of my experience I would strongly urge all weak women and nursing mothers to use Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

There is no woman, no matter what her station in life, who will not enjoy better health if she occasionally fortifies her blood through the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. The Pills are sold by all medicine dealers or may be had by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

CURE FOR RHEUMATISM.

Several inquiries have been made recently for Lord Anson's cure for rheumatism, and in case other victims may care to try it we publish the prescription:—1 lb. honey, 1 oz. sulphur, 1 oz. cream of tartar, ¼ oz. rhubarb, 1 dr. gum guiacum, 1 nutmeg. The invalid takes one or two tablespoonfuls in a small tumbler of hot white wine and water when going to bed; the same quantity before rising in the morning (but if perspiration is occasioned he remains in bed till it has subsided), and he continues the course till perceptibly good effects have ensued, and then takes one teaspoonful till the quantity is used up. No precaution is considered necessary except to avoid damp and cold and ardent spirits.

Here is another:—When the rheumatism begins take for a few nights one teaspoonful of sulphur and one-third teaspoonful cream of tartar in a cupful of cold water, to which a few drops of the juice of a lemon have been added to make the sulphur mix with the water.

It is an excellent thing that a man's actions should often be so much better than his principles.

Boards of Guardians in England and Wales spent on the relief of the poor during the past official half-year over seven millions sterling.

Why Should I Use Cuticura Soap?

"There is nothing the matter with my skin, and I thought Cuticura Soap was only for skin troubles." True, it *is* for skin troubles, but its great mission is to *prevent* skin troubles. For more than a generation its delicate emollient and prophylactic properties have rendered it the standard for this purpose, while its extreme purity and refreshing fragrance give to it all the advantages of the best of toilet soaps. It is also invaluable in keeping the hands soft and white, the hair live and glossy, and the scalp free from dandruff and irritation.

While its first cost is a few cents more than that of ordinary toilet soaps, it is prepared with such care and of such materials, that it wears to a wafer, often outlasting several cakes of other soap, and making its use, in practice, most economical. Cuticura Soap is sold by druggists and dealers everywhere, but the truth of these claims may be demonstrated without cost by sending to "Cuticura," Dept. 7M, Boston, U. S. A., for a liberal sample cake, together with a thirty-two page book on the skin and hair.



A GARDEN-PARTY GOWN.

Of palest marquisette, with collar and knot of mauve satin; under sleeves and berthe of lace.

DUBIOUS

About What Her Husband Would Say.

A Mich. woman tried Postum because coffee disagreed with her and her husband. Tea is just as harmful as coffee because it contains caffeine—the same drug found in coffee. She writes:

"My husband was sick for three years with catarrh of the bladder, and palpitation of the heart, caused by coffee. Was unable to work at all and in bed part of the time.

"I had stomach trouble, was weak and fretful so I could not attend to my housework—both of us using coffee all the time and not realizing it was harmful.

"One morning the grocer's wife said she believed coffee was the cause of our trouble and advised Postum. I took it home rather dubious what my husband would say—he was fond of coffee.

"But I took coffee right off the table and we haven't used a cup of it since. You should have seen the change in us, and now my husband never complains of heart palpitation any more. My stomach trouble went away in two weeks after I began Postum. My children love it and it does them good, which can't be said of coffee.

"A lady visited us who was usually half sick. I told her I'd make her a cup of Postum. She said it was tasteless stuff, but she watched me make it, boiling it thoroughly for 15 minutes, and when done she said it was splendid. Long boiling brings out the flavor and food quality." Name given by Canadian Postum Co., Windsor, Ont.

Look in pkgs. for the famous little book, "The Road to Wellville."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

RIGHT KIND OF SUCCESS.

Free yourself at this moment of the delusion that success means piling up heaps of money. Most anybody can make money, but when it comes to building up a noble character—ah, there's where the difficult problem lies. Remember that success in its true sense, means achieving good in this world. Your life has been a dismal failure if those that live after you cannot say when you are gone that the world has been made better by you having lived in it. This is true, although you may have accumulated thousands of dollars.

GOT DESPERATE.

An Italian who kept a fruit stand was much annoyed by possible customers who made a practice of handling the fruit and pinching it, thereby having it softened and often spoiled. Exasperated beyond endurance, he finally put up a sign which read:

If you mus pincha da fruit—
Pincha de cocoanut!

The Dutch have a saying that "God gave the wilderness for man to turn it into a garden."

CHILDHOOD DANGERS.

No symptoms that indicate any of the ailments of childhood should be allowed to pass without prompt attention. The little ailment may soon become a serious one and perhaps a little life passes out. If Baby's Own Tablets are kept in the house minor troubles can be promptly cured and serious ones averted. The Tablets are guaranteed absolutely safe and can be given to the newborn babe as well as the growing child. Mrs. Arthur Drapeau, Mont Carmel, Que., says: "I can give Baby's Own Tablets to my little one without fear, well knowing the beneficial results that will follow their use." The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

RECORD HUNTING BAGS.

There Are Other Hunters Besides King George and the Kaiser.

King George and the Kaiser are not the only mighty hunters, says Outing, as the following statistics furnished by Charles Askins will prove:

"Elephants—Sir Samuel Baker, in Ceylon, fourteen in one day; thirty-one in five days. These were shot with a double four bore rifle weighing twenty-one pounds; load, sixteen drams of powder and a bullet weighing a quarter of a pound.

"Bengal tigers—Four were killed in forty seconds by W. H. Collins near Ootacamund, India, in 1903. The rifle used was a 400 bore.

"Lions—Seven killed in two minutes in West Africa in 1909. Rifle a 600 bore, double barrel. Nine cartridges were used.

"I have found few definite records of American game shooting. Buffalo Bill is said to have killed over a hundred buffalo in one day. In, I think, the American Field, of a date about twenty years since, some hunter reported killing eight antelope from one flock as it ran past him.

"I have no doubt that this has been exceeded many times. I have been told that one market hunter in southern Illinois, in an early day, using a muzzle loading rifle, killed one hundred and seventy-five deer in one month.

"He still-hunted, using a dog to track the animals, the beast trailing without sound directly in front of his master. The saddles of these deer alone were saved, together with the hides—the saddles selling in St. Louis for about $2 apiece.

"The English record on grouse is something over one thousand birds in a day, made by Lord Walsingham. Since 1900 the Duryeas of New York, who took the shooting rented in Scotland by the late W. C. Whitney, killed over a thousand grouse a day for several successive days.

"How many prairie chickens have been killed in a day by one man will never be known. The best work, or the worst, as you may put it, was that of Francke, two hundred and fifty.

"The English record on partridges is something over seven hundred brace, made by the Maharajah of something or other—I have forgotten his exact title, as well as the exact number of birds he killed—also I have forgotten where to look for it now.

"Of American quail an Oklahoma market shooter is said to have killed two hundred in a day, but I cannot vouch for this. I do know, however, of an Illinois market shooter who killed seventy-two in an afternoon—all shot fairly upon the wing. This happened in the '80s.

"In the late '70s a Louisiana planter killed six hundred and twenty-six jack snipe in one day.

"Ducks—One hundred and seventy-nine killed with one charge from a punt gun on the Illinois River."

HER COMPLAINT.

A woman crossing in a ferry steamer told a deckhand that she wanted to see the captain when the boat reached the slip and make a complaint. When the captain came the woman said:—"I want to make a complaint about those lifebuoys; just look at them." "Well, what in the world is the matter with 'em, madam?" asked the captain as he looked up at them. "Matter with them?" echoed the woman, "don't you see that they're dirty? They ought to be washed. If a woman with a nice summer dress on had to put one of those dusty things on over it it would never be fit to wear again."

Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills

are made according to a formula in use nearly a century ago among the Indians, and learned from them by Dr. Morse. Though repeated attempts have been made, by physicians and chemists, it has been found impossible to improve the formula or the pills. Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills are a household remedy throughout the world for Constipation and all Kidney and Liver troubles. They act promptly and effectively, and

Cleanse the System

FOR DOMESTIC UPLIFT.

Switzerland Is Fussy About Her Little Laws.

About the only country in Europe that is free from international complications, Switzerland finds plenty of time to devote to the domestic uplift. For instance, in the street cars the following signs have recently been posted: Do not smoke; do not spit; have small change ready; pay your fare promptly; speak clearly when naming your destination; do not move until the conductor summons you; do not cross your legs or otherwise impede the passage. Conductors are under orders to straighten out any legs they find crossed.

Fines for various infractions of the law are placarded everywhere thus: For throwing rubbish on the pavement, 5 francs; for ill-treating a dog, 3 francs; for walking on the grass, 2½ francs.

On application to the police stations citizens may be provided with neatly printed tags, with blanks to be filled out with their names and addresses, and reading: "If I am found in a condition which renders me incapable of going home, kindly conduct me to the above address."

A Boon for the Bilious.—The liver is a very sensative organ and easily deranged. When this occurs there is undue secretion of bile and the acrid flows into the stomach and sours it. It is a most distressing ailment, and many are prone to it. In this condition a man finds the best remedy in Parmelee's Vegetable Pills, which are warranted to speedily correct the disorder. There is no better medicine in the entire list of pill preparations.

One-sixth of the territorial surface of the globe is occupied by the Russian Empire.

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows.

When a man's conscience troubles him he thinks he has indigestion.

Thousands of mothers can testify to the virtue of Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator, because they know from experience how useful it is.

DEVICE FOR LIFE SAVING.

A safety device which has given excellent satisfaction on modern passenger vessels is one for releasing life rings fore and aft, both on the port and starboard side of the vessel as soon as the news, "man overboard," reaches the bridge, either by "wig wag" or the ship's telephone. The officer on duty there gives one turn of a valve and the rings are automatically released. After they have all reached the water a red electric light flashes up at the top of the bridge apparatus, showing the officer that the mechanism has performed its duty.

An Always Ready Pill.—To those of regular habit medicine is of little concern, but the great majority of men are not of regular habit. The worry and cares of business prevent it, and out of the irregularity of life comes dyspepsia, indigestion, liver and kidney troubles as a protest. The run-down system demands a corrective and there is none better than Parmelee's Vegetable Pills. They are simple in their composition and can be taken by the most delicately constituted.

Incompetence always has an idea that a few medals would make it a genius.

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

Farmer (to one of his laborers, who had come home after his first training in the militia)—"Which would you rather be, a soldier or a farmhand, Paddy?" Pat—"A soldier, of course. Farmer—"And why so, Paddy?" Pat—"Well, you see, you'd be a long time working for a farmer before he'd tell you stand at ease."

Warts are disfigurements that disappear when treated with Holloway's Corn Cure.

"I will never marry a woman who can't carve," said Jones. "Why not?" he was asked. "Because she would not be a help-meat for me."

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

HOW IT HAPPENED.

An Irishman applying for a pension insisted on the justice of his claim, owing to the fact that he had been wounded while in the service of his country. "How and where were you wounded?" one of the committee inquired. Placing his hand over his heart he said—"I was shot in the breast on a retreat, your honor." "Shot through the breast on a retreat?" "I had the indiscretion to turn and look back, yer honor." "But if you were shot through the breast in the place you indicated the ball would have gone through your heart. How is that?" "My heart was in my mouth at the time, yer honor."

It is a great world, and it would be childish to expect to have everything in it to suit ourselves.

The Empire's most delicious beverage

LIPTON'S TEA

SOLD IN AIRTIGHT PACKAGES ONLY

FATAL COMBINATION.

"Why did they quarrel?" "He told her he would go through fire and water for her." "Well?" "And she asked him if he would give up firewater for her."

Nearly all infants are more or less subject to diarrhoea and such complaints while teething and as this period of their lives is the most critical, mothers should not be without a bottle of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial. This medicine is a specific for such complaints and is highly spoken of by those who have used it. The proprietors claim it will cure any case of cholera or summer complaint.

THE RIGHT OF IT.

Young Wife—Do you think it is justifiable for a wife to take money from her husband's pockets?

Older Wife—It isn't a case of justification at all; it is a question of finding any to take.

Minard's Liniment Co., Limited.

Dear Sirs,—This fall I got thrown on a fence and hurt my chest very bad, so I could not work and it hurt me to breathe. I tried all kinds of Liniments and they did me no good.

One bottle of MINARD'S LINIMENT, warmed on flannels and applied on my breast, cured me completely.

C. H. COSSABOOM.

Rossway, Digby Co., N. S.

Wife—"It's time that gal of ours was married." Husband—"Let her wait till the right man comes along." Wife—"Why should she? I didn't."

When Your Eyes Need Care — Try Murine Eye Remedy

No Smarting—Feels Fine—Acts Quickly. Try it for Red, Weak, Watery Eyes and Granulated Eyelids. Illustrated Book in each Package. MURINE is compounded by our Oculists—not a "Patent Medicine" but used in successful Physicians' Practice for many years. Now dedicated to the Public and sold by Druggists at 25c-50c per bottle. Murine Eye Salve in Aseptic Tubes, 25c-50c. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

HAD HIM THERE.

Wife—You promised me that if I would marry you my every wish should be gratified.

Husband—Is it not?

Wife—No. I wish I hadn't married you.

IMPERIAL YEAR AT THE FAIR.

This is Imperial year at the Canadian National Exhibition and H.R.H. the Duke of Connaught will perform the opening ceremonies on Monday, August 26th.

Over 2,000,000 volumes are contained in the Library at the British Museum.

For Asthma and Catarrh.—It is one of the chief recommendations of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil that it can be used internally with as much success as it can outwardly. Sufferers from asthma and catarrh will find that the Oil when used according to directions will give immediate relief. Many sufferers from these ailments have found relief in the Oil and have sent testimonials.

Glasgow Central ranks as the finest and best-equipped railway-station in Britain.

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, Etc.

BUSY.

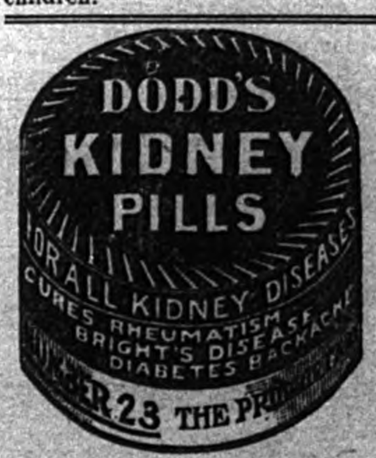
"She's the busiest woman I know."

"So?"

"Yes, she married a widower with three children."

"Well?"

"When she isn't fighting with her husband she's battling with his children."



FARMS FOR SALE.

H. W. DAWSON, Ninety Colborne Street, Toronto.

EIGHT THOUSAND DOLLARS WILL buy beautiful hundred acres in Northumberland County, including Stock and Implements. There is in the stock 4 horses, 10 cows, etc. This is a snap, and can be had on easy terms. Possession at once.

GOOD FARMS IN LINCOLN, WELLAND, Halton, Peel, York, Durham, Northumberland, Prince Edward counties at reasonable prices.

ALBERTA, SASKATCHEWAN AND Manitoba lands in large or small blocks.

FRUIT FARMS—ALL SIZES, IN THE Niagara Fruit Belt.

H. W. DAWSON, Toronto.

99 ACRES IN ESSEX COUNTY—SOIL clay loam; Nineteen acres mixed timber; 1 acre orchard; frame house; frame bank barn. Price Eight Thousand Two Hundred Dollars. Will exchange for 50 acre farm. The Western Real Estate, London.

MALE HELP WANTED.

RAILWAY AGENTS, TELEGRAPHERS and Clerks in great demand throughout Ontario and North West. Six Months will qualify you. Day and Mail courses. Positions secured. Free Book 18 explains. Dominion School Telegraphy, Toronto.

MISCELLANEOUS.

HAY AND FARM SCALES. Wilson's Scale Works, 9 Esplanade, Toronto.

CANCER, TUMORS, LUMPS, etc. Internal and external, cured without pain by our home treatment. Write us before too late. Dr. Bellman Medical Co., Limited, Collingwood, Ont.

6 TON SCALE GUARANTEED. Wilson's Scale Works, 9 Esplanade, Toronto.

FARMERS! SEND YOUR NAME AND get valuable information. D. Bell, 93 Argyle Street, Toronto.

THE TORONTO HOSPITAL FOR INcurables offers two years' training; complete course in Massage; Post Graduate Course in Bellevue and Allied Hospitals, New York. Applications will be received by Miss Greene, Lady Superintendent, 130 Dunn Ave., Toronto.

PURIFICO WRITE FOR PROOF

CURES

CANCER AND TUMOR

Canadian Branch: Purifico Co., Bridgeburg, Ont.

Men's Suits FRENCH-CLEANED —or— DYED

Best Work in Canada. Gold Medalist

BRITISH AMERICAN DYEING CO.

P. O. BOX, 233, MONTREAL



LANGMUIR'S CREOSOTE **Shingle Stains**

Protect — Preserve — Beautify

Samples and Booklets on Application

JAMES LANGMUIR & CO., Limited

1874½ Bathurst Street TORONTO



COW COMFORT

Is guaranteed to keep Flies off your Cattle

$2.00 PER GALLON

Dilute with 4 gallons of water.

Write for a gallon now to

THE MACLAREN IMPERIAL CHEESE CO., LTD., WOODSTOCK, ONTARIO.

Sole Mfrs.—The Sapho Manufacturing Co., Limited, Montreal.

"King Oscar" Sardines

DELICIOUS, ZESTY, NUTRITIOUS, TASTY.

The very thing for a refreshing lunch in hot weather.

Get Them From Your Grocer

Trade supplied by John W. Bickle & Greening, Hamilton.

A CONCLUSION.

"If it is a crime for a man to fall in love——"

"Then I suppose marriage is a capital punishment."

No fewer than 2,500 trains, engines, etc., work into and out of Waterloo Station, London, on a busy day.

The Watchman
AND
OTTAWA VALLEY ADVOCATE

FRIDAY, JULY 26, 1912.

The WATCHMAN will be published every Friday.

J. S. GILES, Propritor.

The WATCHMAN will be mailed to subscribers in Canada and the United States for $1.00 in advance or $1.50 at the end of the year.

Notices of Births, Marriages and Deaths inserted free

Locals, constituting 5 lines or less 25 cents per each insertion,

All transient advertising matter charged at 10c. per line nompareil measurement.

Address all communications to
The WATCHMAN,
LACHUTE. - - QUE

WESTERN HARVEST HANDS

Though the acreage under crop in Western Canada is greater than it was last year, the increase is no more than might have been made if their had been no addition to the Western population in the meantime. As the immigration movement has added very largely to the population of the Prairie Provinces in the last year, the manning of the harvest fields there next month ought not to involve the drafting of so many hands from Eastern Canada as in past years.

We all hope that the West now will have a very much bigger crop to take of than it ever had before. Its wheat yield will, it is estimated be not less than 250,000,000 bushels. That would make it 70,000,000 or 80,000,000 bushels more than the wheat yield of last year, and bring it up to a parity with the largest yield of the Spring wheat States across the border. Of other grains the Canadian West is expected to reap a proportionately rich harvest. Thus there will be work for a larger force of grain-gatherers than the West ever employed in the past. But, as we have already said, the population there has increased in the last twelvemonth by a very much greater ratio than the grain acreage, and the great mass of the immigrants into the Canadian West is understood to have gone on the land, and the scores of thousands of men in that mass are understood to be more or less experienced in farm work. It would seem therefore that there should be a much smaller deficiency of harvest labor in the West than there was last year.

A consideable percentage of the adult male immigrants who entered the prairie country in the last year as farmers or farm workers may be making their living at other callings. In these times there is a large demand for able-bodied men in railway construction. But whatever they are doing, the men supposed to be capable farm workers are far more numerous in the West now than they ever were before. It is hoped, at all events, that the West will be able to enlist enough of its own people in its harvest army this year to take off the crop without large recruiting from the East, for there does not seem to be much likelihood of the East having many hands to spare.

News of Brownsburg.

—:o:—

Mr. M. Seary spent last week in Montreal.

Mr. Loyd Tomalty was in town on Sunday last.

Mr. J. Jeffries returned to Brownsburg on Tuesday.

Mrs. Thomas Maskell is visiting friends in Montreal.

Mr. Norman Fisher, of Montreal, spent the week-end in town.

Mrs. Fred. Winterburn left for a trip to England on Tuesday last.

Mr. Geo. Hamilton, of Grand Rapids Mich., is home on a visit to friends in town.

Mr. Daniel Smith and Master Harold Hooper left on Wednesday last for Kingston in Mr. Smith's new Automobile.

Miss Lela McOuat, of Montreal, and Mr. Lorne Mc Arthur, of Lachine, were guests of Mrs. Wm. McOuat for the week-end.

Mr. and Mrs. Thompson and two sons and Mrs. Singleton, of Montreal, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Beacroft during the week-end.

Mrs. Wm. Wylie who was taken to the Hospital on Monday morning last suffering from appendecitis, is doing well. Her many friends wish her a speedy recovery.

Dr. Gagnon, of Laval University, Montreal, has opened an office in Brownsburg and is now prepared to offer professional services to the people of this Burg and surrounding community.

On Tuesday evening last, the ladies of the Metoodist Church held their annual ice-cream social. Although the weather was somewhat cool, ice-cream and candy sold well, and everytoing proved a great success.

Okanagan's Crop A Record Breaker

In reply to many inquiries from friends in Lachute concerning the fruit crop in the Okanagan Valley, B. C., Mr. Alex Brown of Vernon writes to the Watchman in very glowing terms.

Unless something unforseen intervenes between now and the ripening season in the fall, the fruit growers of the Okanagan district will harvest by all odds the largest fruit crop in the history of this fast developing section of the province. At no time brevious has the Okanagan shipped more than five hundred cars of fruit in one season. This year there seems to be a prospect that the output will be very far in advance of that figure.

There are a number of circumstances which have brought about this happy condition. In the first place the past winter was comparatively mild, and the season has been favorable. There have been no severe spring frosts. Then, again, new orchards are coming into bearing every year to swell the output. Further, the various growers, largely under the gnidance of a splendid department of agriculture' are employing the best known methods of cultivation and scientific horticulture, the results of which are easily apqarent.

Financial Statement of School Municipality No. 1 Grenville Township.

Valuation of school municipality, $1467 35, at 10 mills on $	1467 35
Arrears to June 30th, 1911	127 96
Monthly Fees for current year	189 80
Interest on arrears of taxes	7 42
Total	$1792 53
Amount of current years assessment collected	1371 18
Amount of Arrears collected,	38 34
Amount of current years monthly fees collected	146 45
Amount of interest on taxes collected	2 04
Assessment, Arrears, Fees and interest uncollected June 30, 1912	234 52
Total	$1792 53

Abstract of Receipts and Disbursements of the Sec'y.-Treas. from the 1st July 1911, to the 30th June 1912.

RECEIPTS.

Amount of current years assessment collected	1391 18
Ammount of arrears collected	38 34
Amount of current years monthly fees collected,	146 45
Amount of interest collected,	2 04
Gov't Grants recieved from July 1st, 1911 to June 30th 1912	293 43
Miscellaneous receipts, July 1st, 1911 to June 30th 1912	28 30
Cash on hand July 1st 1911	476 09
Total	$2360 83

EXPENDITURE.

Paid Teachers salaries current year	1573 00
Paid for fuel	82 00
Paid forinsurance on school building	18 40
Paid postage and stationery	23 83
Paid Sec-Treas. salary	120 00
Paid for transporting pupils from District No 5	66 75
Paid for improving school grounds District No. 7	12 10
Paid repair fence District No. 1	9 60
Paid for repairs to school house District No 2	14 23
Paid Trustees portion of taxes collected from incorporated Co's	9 90
Paid miscellaneous items	3 96
Gen. Govt of municipality	87 82
Paid rent for school building District No 10	14 70
Cash on nand June 30th 1912	324 50
Total	$2360 83

Financial standing of Municipality.

Assetts.

Cash on hand	324 50
Arrears of taxes	234 52
Total	$559 02

Liabilities.

Amount of uncollectable school fees and taxes	47 71
Nett amount of assets over liabilities	511 31

Calumet, Que., July 15th, 1912.

A. R. ROBINSON
Secy-Treas.

CUSHING.

—:o:—

Miss Violet Kerr, returned last week from a pleasant visit to friends in Weir and Arundel.

Mrs. J. Derrick, of Winnipeg, is at present the guest of her sister-in-law Miss M Derrick at Stonefield.

Mrs. E. O. Heatley and children, arrived on Saturday and will spend a few weeks with her parents Mr. and Mrs. J. Watson.

Miss Mamie Mooney, of Barb, Ont. is visiting her cousins the Misses Nichols,—Miss Hazel McGibbon, of Lachute, is also a guest at Highland Home.

Mr. Chauncy Johnson, of Toronto, spent a few days last week with his friends at St. Mungo's Manse,—The Misses. Helen and Edith Johnson, of Ottawa, were also guests of their aunt (Rev.) Mrs. Fraser for few days last week.

A number of men are engaged in putting in the foundation for the new lights which the government is placing in the river one at the western point of Chute-a-Blondeau Island and another at the old Locks.

Miss Grace Hartley left on Wednesday to resume her duties at the Hospital of St. Barnabas, Newark, N. J., the Misses Stella and Katie Hartley accompanied her as far as Montreal and will spend a few days in the city.

The Ladies Aid of the Methodist church held their monthly meeting on Thursday last at the residence of Mrs. Wm. Davidson when it was decided to hold a lawn social at the church on the evening of Thursday the 1st, of August next.

Mr. and Mrs. Brodie McMeekin held the fifth anniversary of their wedding on Wednesday evening of last week. A number of their friends assembled and spent a very jolly evening at their home. The happy couple (still happy though five years married) received a number of useful and pretty gifts appropriate to the anniversary.

We have a great variety of patterns and colourings in our $15.00 to $18.00 Suits. They are most attractive and newest styles.

W. BANFORD & SON.

Hampton,s Millinery sale!

Big sale of millinery, Hats trimmed and untrimmed. $5.00 hats for $2.50. Shapes from 75cts. up, and children's hats at half price. Come early and get the choice

MONALEA.

—:o:—

Mrs. Madden, of Montreal, is visiting Mrs. John Funcheon.

Miss M. Mondoux and Miss L. Fitzgerald spent Sunday with friends in St. Eustache.

Miss Maggie Wylie, of St. Eugene, spent the week-end with Miss McCoy.

Miss Maggie Fitzgerald visited friends in St. Hermas recently,

Mr. C. Mondeau spent a few days this week in St. Joseph.

The Misses Minnie and Maggie Fitzgerald, of St. Andrews, are spending a few weeks at their home here.

Miss Helena Funcheon is visiting her aunt, Miss Madden, of Montreal.

1913
HUDSON
MOTOR CARS
4 cylinder, 37 h.p.
6 cylinder, 54 h.p.
Runabouts
Touring Cars
(5 and 7 passengers)
Limousines
Agents Wanted

Liberal Commissions and exclusive territory. If you want the most profitable and satisfactory automobile agency correspond with us at once.

The Motor Import Co. of Canada, L'td.
Forum Building, Montreal
Sole Distributors for Eastern Canada.

DEATHS.

FARRELL,—On Wednesday July 10, 1912, at Centreville, Mary Veith, wife of the late P. Farrell, in her 87th. year.

Buggy Harness For Sale Cheap

—:o:—

The undersigned has a few sets of harness, all hand-made and of good quality, that he will sell as a reasonable price, also cloth collars, leather collars, straw stuffiing and yellow sweat pads, all sizes. Bridles, halters, double reins, double bretchen, pole straps, martingales, hames, straps and snaps, all sizes.

Farmers ! I want all your harness repairing and I will do it cheaper and better than any svddler in town.

—:o:—

Old stand, opposite the old post-office.

WM. CRESWELL
Clyde Street, - Lachute

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

Equipment has the universal Recommendation of every traveller.

Electric-lighted Sleepers and Compartment Cars.

Montreal to Toronto

Young Street Station at 10.45 p.m. daily.

Union Station trains daily at 8.45 a.m. and 10 p.m.

REDUCED RETURN FARES to PACIFIC COAST, COLONIZATION EXCURSION

New Ontario and Temiskaming.
Going June 26th. Return until July 26th.

ST. ANDREWS, N.B.

Daily through sleeper. Leave Windsor Street Station 7.25 p.m.

Going until September 30th.

Montreal to Vancouver, Victoria, Seattle, Portland and return....	$100.50
San Francisco, Los Angeles, and return (via Chicago)..	$105.45
San Francisco, Los Angeles, and return.....	$115.50

Going via C.P.R., returning via U.S. lines lines and Chicago or vice versa.
Return limit, Oct. 31, 1912.

Homeseekers' Excursion

— TO —

Manitoba, Saskatchewan & Alberta

June 25th, July 9th, and every second Tuesday until September 17,, 1912.
Tickets good for 60 days.

J. S. GILES, Agent.
Watchman Office, Lachute.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

MONTREAL TORONTO and WEST 9 a.m., 9.30 a.m., 7.30 p.m., 10.30 p.m. Dining, Parlor and Library Cars on Day Trains; Pullman Sleeping Cars Electric-Lighted, on night trains.

TORONTO
in 7½ HOURS via
"International Limited"

Leaves Montreal 9 a.m. every day.

Four Express Trains Daily

The only double track route
Finest and Fastest Train in Canada
HIGHEST CLASS OF EQUIPMENT.

NATIONAL CONVENTION

Ancient Order of Hibernians

CHICAGO, ILL., July 16 to 20
Round Trip From MONTREAL $30.20

Going July 13, 14, 15; return limit, July 25.

Summer Tourist Faces, Montreal to Pacific Coast Points and Return.

In effect daily until Sept. 30, inc.: return limit Oct. 31, 1912, stop-overs allowed.

Vancouver, Victoria, Seattle Portland etc...	$100.50
San Francisco, Los Angeles, St. Diego, via Chicago and direct lines in both directions	$105.05
San Francisco, via Portland, in one direction.....	$115.50

Special Return Fares will also be in effect from Montreal July 10 and 11; return limit, September 11; Vancouver, Victoria, Seattle, Portland, etc., via Chicago, $93.00; to San Francisco, via Portland, Ore., in one direction, $108.00.

Homeseekers' Excursions

Round Trip Tickets to Western Canada, via Chicago on Sale May 28; June 11; 25; July 9; 23; August 6, 20; September 3, 17, at very low rates.

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday.

J. QUINLAN,

We Invite You

To See

Our Carpet Squares
Our Dress Goods
Our Wash Goods
Our Silk Dress Goods
Our Ladies' Shoes
Our Men's Shoes
Our Boys Boots
Our Lace Curtains
Our Men's Clothing
Our Boy's Clothing
Our Children's Clothing

W. Banford & Son,
Main Street, Lachute

THE PROVINCIAL BANK OF CANADA

Incorporated by Act of Parliament, July 1900.

Capital authorized:	$2,000,000,00
Capital paid up:	$1,000,000,00

Reserve Fund and Undivided Profits $512,463.19.

Collections

We have special facilities for making collections promptly and at reasonable rates. Sale notes given special attention.

Savings Department

You ought to save money. Your physical and mental strength cannot last for ever. Now that your earning capacity enables you to earn more than your living *Open a Savings Account* and provide for hard times and old age.

General Banking Business Transacted.

J. H. DUMOUCHEL - MANAGER.

Offices Lachute and Brownsburg.

Lachute Grist & Flour Mills.
Wholesale and Retail.

Flour, Bran, Snorts, Middlings, Cornmeal, Oatmeal, Rolled Oats, Graham and Buckwheat Flour, Oil Cake and Gluten Meals, and Grain of all kinds, at lowest market prices.

FINE GROUND FEED OUR SPECIALTY.

All grinding and our work guaranteed.

J. D. CAMPBELL,
Main Street. Lachute.

Men's and Boy's balbriggan underwear, Men's shirts all sizes "Tookes," Men's outing pants and shirts, collars, ties, half hose, etc., Men's overalls, jumpers, etc., etc.
(Peabody and The Star Brand.)

Paints !

Paint oil, (double boiled and raw), White Lead, Roofing Paint, Turpentine, Elephant Brand of Mixed Paints, Coach Colors, Varnishes, Floor Paints, Varnish Stains, Etc.

Harness !

Double and Single, for heavy work, Express, Ploughing and driving, buggy and Cart Harness, Trunks, Valises, Satchels, Hand-bags, etc.

We are always stocked with the choicest and best groceries.

Boots and Shoes as reliable as we can procure.
Staple and Fancy Dry Goods.

GILES BROS.
Main St. Lachute.



Dominion Grant of $50,000 spent on extensions and innovations. Cash prizes increased 50 per cent.

Reduced Railway Rates over all Canada east of Port Arthur and from points in New York and Vermont. Excess of freight over on exhibits 100 miles will be paid by the Exhibition Association.

Every Province competing for special big premiums, offered for field produce. New $100,000 machinery hall.

Daily balloon flights, Chariot races, Midway of fifty shows, New Fireworks, Royal Canadian dragoons, Ten Vaudeville Troops, Horse races and dog show.

"Siege of Omdurman" illustrating Kitchener's famous Egyptian triumph, Hundreds of Soldiers, Military Tattoo.

6 for $1.00 tickets on sale. Entries close August 20.

Write for prize list and programme to

E. McMAHON, Mgr. and Secretary,
26 Sparks St. Ottawa.

CANADIAN NORTHERN

ROYAL MAIL

Homeseekers Excursions to St. John District, July 9th and August 6th, 1912.

—:o:—

First class fare and return $7.60
Second " " " " $5.10

—:o:—

Good for one month.

For further information apply to

J. M. ROBY, *Agent.*

DR. E. LAURIN,
VETERINARY-SURGEON,
125 Rushbrooke Set,
Montreal, Que.
Bell Tel. No. 1397.

10% In Cash

to experienced agents to sell lots in NEW ROCHELLE. Most desirable location on South side of the river from Montreal. Electric Car connection with City. Clear titles. Extremely low prices: Forty dollars and upwards per lot on easy terms of payment.

Write or wire for plans, terms, etc.

SOUTH SHORE LAND CO.,
591 St. Catherine St. West, Montreal.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

FARM FOR SALE.

A good farm situated in the Parish of St. Jerusalem of d'Argenteuil, six miles from Lachute, one mile from cheese factory and saw-mill half mile from school, containing about 300 acres, large sugar bush of 1000 trees with other wood included. Large modern house and out buildings water in both. Particulars made known on premises or by letter to.

RICHARD HODGE.
Upper Lachute.

LACHUTE MARBLE & GRANITE WORKS

We deal in Foreign & Domestic Marble and Granite, first class work and best material in all the latest designs, always on hand.

Satisfaction guaranteed in all kinds of cemetery work, Monuments, Headstones, Posts, Fencing, etc.

Terms to suit Purchasers.

W. M. SCOTT, Prop.

YOUR SATISFACTION IS GUARANTEED

Flour Bran, Shorts, Middlings. Cornmeal, Oatmeal, Buckwheat Flour, Graham Flour, Hay, Oats and all kinds of feed.

I am also agent for all kinds of Massey Harris farm implements. Give us a call and examine our goods, you will find our prices are right. Phone No. 73.

W. J. BOYD, Main St., Lachute.

—:o:—

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tenders for Montreal Examining Warehouse" will be received at this office until 4.00 P. M., on Thursday, August 8, 1912, for the construction of the building mentioned.

Plans, specification and form of contract can be seen and forms of tender obtained at the office of Mr. H. N. Lymburner, Supt. of Public Buildings, No. 103 St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal, Que., and at this Department.

Persons tendering are notified that tenders will not be considered unless made on the printed forms supplied, and signed with their actual signatures, stating their occupations and place of residence. In the case of firms, the actual signature, the nature of the occupation, and place of residence of each member of the firm must be given.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque on a charted bank, payable to the order of the Honourable Minister of Public Works, for the sum of seventy five thousand dollars ($75.000), which will be forfeited if the person tendering decline to enter into a contract when called upon to do so, or fail to complete the work contracted for. If the tender be not accepted the cheque will be returned.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order.
R. C. DESROCHERS,
Secretary
Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, July 11, 1912.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the uncersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Supplying Coal for the Dominion Buildings," will be received at this office until 4.00 p. m., on Wednesday, August 28, 1912, for the supply of Coal for the public Buildings throughout the Dominion.

Combined specification and form of tender can be obtained on application at this office.

Persons tendering are notified that tenders will not be considered unless made on the printed forms supplied, and signed with their actual signatures.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque on a charted bank, payable to the order of the Honourable Minister of Public Works, equal to ten per cent (10 p.c) of the amount of the tender, which will be forfeited if the person tendering decline to enter into a contract when called upon to do so, or fail to complete the contract. If the tender be not accepted the cheque will be returned.

By order,
R. C. DESROCHERS
Secretary
Dedartment of Public Works.
Ottawa, July 17, 1912.

Summary Procedure.

Province of Quebec
District of Terrebonne } Circuit Court.
No. 352.

Leon Lavallee, of Hanmer Province of Ontario, merchant, Plaintiff.

vs

Sam Leclair, formerly of the Village of St. Scholastique, district of Terrebonne, and now absent of this province, Defendant.

The Defendant is ordered to appear within the month at St. Scholastique July 17th, 1912.

GRIGNON & FORTIER.
Clerk C. C.



Hardie & Co.

General Merchants, Brownsburg, P. Q.

Grand Whitewear Sale!!

5 Patterns in Corset Covers at 25c.; 3 Styles in Corset Covers at 49 c.; A Splendid Choice at 99 c.; Also a very fine line at 74 c. Drawers at 25, 49, 74; Night Gowns at 49, 74, 99, 1.49; Underskirts 49, 99, 1.49.

All our offers are of Special Value at this sale. The Garments are the Choice Fruits of the Loom and Machine. Just honor us with a visit, we will be only too pleased to show the goods.

P.S.—We take produce in exchange for goods.

E. LAVIGNE,

Foundry Street, Lachute.

Everything must be Sold!!

Having Sold Out my Property in St. Philippe, I have now decided to run out my entire stock of Goods at wonderful values.

$9,000 STOCK

Comprising Ready-made Clothing, Dry Goods, Hardware, Crockery, Boots and Shoes, & Farming Implements of all kinds.

30 p.c. Discount. Terms Cash or Note.

Also 1 horse, weighing about 1350 lbs., Buggies, Harness etc.

H. PAQUIN, St. Philippe

New Spring and Summer Good

Suitings, Pantings & Overcoatings.

I have just received a large assortment of Spring and Summer Tweeds, of the latest designs and Best Quality.

Over 500 hundred Different Patterns to choose from. Leave your order now as to get the pick of these magnificent goods.

I also keep as usual the largest and best assortment of Gent's Furnishings, Hats and Caps, and Ready-to-Wear Clothing, of the very latest styles and designs.

Geoffroy Bedard

THE TAILOR,

Main Street, - Lachute

House-work is a pleasur



If you use our Automatic Vacuum Clea
You will be surprised and pleased at
amount of work it will accomplish for y
If you have not seen it working call a
let us demonstrate it to you.

What about a nice Gasoline Cook Sto
this Summer? We have many differe
kinds and prices to suit. Have you seen o
Curtain stretchers?—the new kind?—to s
is to buy. Also a fine line of refrigerator

Our aim is to please our customers.

G. Y. Deacon, - West End Lachute

THE BANK OF OTTAWA

ESTABLISHED 1874

Capital Paid Up	$ 3,500,000
Rest and Undivided Profits	$ 4,118,167
Total Assets Over	$46,000,000

Savings Bank Department

Every facility extended to depositors in operating their accounts. No formality when depositing or withdrawing money.

Lachute and St. Andrews Branch, - J. R. Parris, Manager.
Grenville Branch, - W. H. Lamb, Manager.



Just what you want for summer comfort on lawn, porch or in camp, the

"IDEAL" Hammo-Couch

Everywhere replacing the old-fashioned, saggy, shift "half-moon" hammocks. Used as a seat or lounge or as a couch for outdoor sleeping it gives real comfort and years of service.

But be sure you get the genuine "IDEAL" Hammo-Couch—the kind with steel frame supporting the springs. Others have insecure wooden frames, with uncomfortable hard edge. No others have the back support, all-round windshield, adjustable canopy sun-shade and other "IDEAL" features.

Sold with steel frame support for lawn use, or without if to be hung from porch roof.

TRADE MARK THE IDEAL GUARANTEED LINE REGISTERED

The genuine Hammo-Couch bears this trade mark—and gives greatest comfort and service

Complete with iron frame support and canopy - -

Hammo-Couch only, with chains to hang from porch roof

Get Yours Here!

(YOUR NAME AND ADDRESS HERE.)

O. B. LAFLEUR & Sons, Limited.

A FRIEND IN NEED;

OR, THE PICTURE IN THE LOCKET.

CHAPTER XVII.—(Cont'd)

He would give all and take nothing; he would pour out his devotion with such a lavish hand that she would not be able to help returning some of it.

Only to be near her, to breathe the same air with her, to look at her fatally fair face, to listen to the music of her voice, to watch the grace of her movements—it would be bliss to him. He would win her yet; great love must win great love. It was worth all the scorn, all the contempt, all the weary waiting.

He was content, and with the whole force of his honest heart he resolved to do his best, to make her happy and let her have her own way, patiently awaiting the result.

It was wonderful to note how his love had strengthened by daily contact with her, even though she often passed him by without so much as a word or a look, and now he would have given his life sooner than lose her.

He left Ruby with a strange misgiving at his heart that day, which he could not quite shake off.

"Be sure and keep the gate securely fastened, Jack," he said to the lad at parting. "Not only because I wish to prevent Miss Trevalyn from leaving us, but a little extra precaution is not out of place just now, for the whole country hereabouts is infested with tramps."

The light of day faded at last, and "the dusk of night gathered its sable curtains close and pinned them with a star," as Ruby watched from her window, cloaked and hooded ready for her departure.

It was no slight task to evade the watchful eyes of the woman who was devoted to Gordon Leigh's interest, but Ruby succeeded in stealing quietly out of the house unobserved at last.

Jack was at the gate in accordance with his promise.

"Take the road to the right, miss," he directed, "and at the cross-roads you will be just in time to catch the stage that runs between Dover and Ashville."

Thanking the lad, and pressing the roll of bills in his hand which she had promised him, Ruby hurried away.

It was a lovely starlit night, but the road on which Ruby found herself was desolate and lonely, and a sigh of relief escaped her as she saw the gleaming light of the stage waiting-room a little way ahead.

The room was empty, and Ruby seated herself on one of the wooden benches, wondering if she were to be the only passenger.

"I hope I shall have money enough left to see myself through this affair," she thought nervously, drawing her purse from her pocket, and proceeding to count over the bills it contained.

Suddenly a severe nervous chill seemed to take possession of her, she felt intuitively another presence.

Raising her eyes suddenly, she saw distinctly a white haggard man's face, horrible in its expression, pressed close against the window pane, watching her intently.

Ruby sprung to her feet with a cry of terror; she knew by instinct it was one of the tramps who infested the country.

The face disappeared instantly and the terrible truth burst upon her—the man was going around to the open door.

CHAPTER XVIII.

Ruby Trevalyn was brave, but, in the face of the peril which menaced her, the stoutest heart would have quailed; for there was danger; she read it in the look of the man who stood in the doorway, gazing upon her with glittering eyes.

A thrill of horror passed over her as she realized that she was alone with him in the stage waiting-room.

He was a powerfully built man, evidently of the lowest order of tramps.

He watched her as he strode up to her with an evil smile on his face—a terrible smile!—that, brave as she was, made her shudder.

"Have you anything to give, young lady, to a man who is starving and tired?" he asked.

For a moment Ruby stood irresolute.

If she gave money, she might be encouraging idleness and vice, and, if she refused, he might die of starvation.

While she hesitated, he sprung nearer her, his savage face darkening threateningly.

"Did you hear me?" I am starving!" he cried. "You can walk about with fine rings on your fingers and your purse filled with gold, while I get nothing to eat. I say it is not right!"

"You have no right to speak to me in that way," said Ruby, bravely, although her heart beat with fear. "I have not refused to help you."

"If you help me, it is all right," he retorted doggedly; "but I say again it isn't fair. Why should a puny girl have money, and a strong man have to lie down because he is too weak from hunger to stand?—and all for the want of something to do."

Ruby made no answer.

The man certainly looked hungry, and something to eat might be really what he wanted.

She took out her purse, but, when she saw the evil gleam in his eyes as they rested upon it, she knew that she had done a very imprudent thing.

If he became rough or violent, no help was near.

"I tell you what," he said gruffly; "you seem one of the right sort. I will make a bargain with you. I will say nothing about the rings on your fingers, if you will give me the purse just as it is. I could snatch it from your hands, if I liked; I could tear the rings from your fingers; but, if you will give me the purse, I will let you go. Now, what do you say?"

"I will give you what I think proper for wour relief," she said; "nothing more."

She spoke bravely, yet her heart was trembling with fear.

Ah, Heaven! if the stage due that moment at the cross-roads would but come.

She was alone in the lonely waiting-room with this man; if he killed her, and threw her body into the dense brush-wood close by, no one would ever know.

She had read of ladies being murdered for plunder; she thought of it as she looked up into the man's brutal face.

"I'm starving while you are thinking!" he cried, with glowering eyes. "I don't want no more parleying! Give me that purse quickly!—refuse, and one blow will place you at my mercy!"

As he spoke he drew nearer to her and raised his arm menacingly.

She looked at him; she tried to cry out, but the sound died on her lips.

He clutched her arm in a vise-like grip in one hand, and would have felled her with the other which was upraised, but in that instant of horror some one sprung between them, and, with one well-directed blow, stretched the burly form of her enemy on the floor at her feet.

With a cry more thankful than words could express, Ruby raised her eyes to her rescuer's face—beholding—Gordon Leigh.

"Ruby," he said gently, taking the unresisting little cold hands in his, "you did wrong in attempting to leave the farmhouse. It just happened that I was riding by—seeing and hearing all in the very nick of time."

Tears of mortification filled her eyes, and anger filled her heart to think she was always indebted to him for rescuing her from perilous situations.

"My carriage is at the door," he went on gravely. "Allow me to take you to it."

"Are you asking me to return with you to captivity?" she cried, drawing herself up to her fullest height. "Do I understand that you dare make that proposition?"

"I am indeed so brave," he returned smilingly.

"Then take my answer—I will never go back with you!" she cried.

To her surprise, he bowed and turned away—pausing at the door, to say:

"If you are awaiting the stage, you are doomed to disappointment; but two trips are made this way each week—Tuesdays and Fridays—this is Wednesday. The nearest village is twelve miles distant, but it is quite inaccessible now—owing to the bridge which crosses the river below here, being swept entirely away by the recent freshet. In fact, the despised farmhouse is the only place of shelter for miles around. Will you come with me?"

"No!" she cried defiantly, too provoked to readily acquiesce.

"Then I am forced to say good-bye," he said.

The color fled from her lovely face—she caught her breath with a quick gasp.

Did he really intend to leave her there alone? at the mercy of the ruffian who had picked himself up with alacrity and disappeared, but who was undoubtedly somewhere near.

Terror seized her at the very thought.

She held her hands clinched together, watching him with bated breath.

He walked quickly to his carriage, sprung into it, gathered up the reins and cracked his whip.

The horse shot forward, but ere he had gone a dozen paces Gordon heard the piteous appeal:

"Gordon!—Gordon!"

He turned back at once—she was standing in the doorway, bravely endeavoring to keep back the rebellious tears.

"Did you call me, Ruby?" he asked kindly.

"Yes," she answered, in mortification and anger; "I—concluded I might as well go—go to the farmhouse under the trying circumstances—that is, if I cannot persuade you to take me on to the village."

"As I have explained, Ruby, the bridge which spans the river and leads to it has been swept away; the nearest crossing-place is quite forty miles distant; you see, I am powerless to carry out your wishes in that respect."

Too chagrined to hide her resentment at the state of affairs, Ruby allowed him to place her in the carriage.

As the vehicle whirled out of sight, the tramp emerged from his hiding-place among the bushes, shaking his fist after the retreating buggy with angry, muttered cureses and threats.

"I know you, my fine Mr. Leigh," he muttered, "and I swear that I will be even with you for this before the week is out, or my name is not Stephen Dunn. I will take a fine revenge upon you for this, and upon the girl, too, as for that matter, curse her! You have both made an enemy to-night."

No word was spoken during the entire drive back between Gordon and Ruby, though his curiosity was great to know how she had effected her escape.

The consternation of Jack, as he went to the gate to open it for his master, and found Ruby with him, can better be imagined than described.

One glance at his guilty face as he stared at them told Gordon the truth, but he said nothing to him then.

When Ruby reached her own room, she threw herself on her couch, sobbing as though her heart would break.

"It seems as though I am doomed to never leave this place," she cried. "Oh, Charlie, Charlie, if you knew, you would come to me."

(To be continued.)

QUICK IN EMERGENCY.

The Bright-Witted Irishman "Did Very Well."

One year the autumn manoeuvres at Aldershot had been brought to a close by a long and fatiguing field-day, in which the whole of the troops had been engaged. Owing to recent heavy rain the ground had proved very heavy for the cavalry and artillery, and by the time they returned to their quarters guns, horses and men were covered with mud.

The following day a grand and final march-past was to take place, which was to be graced by the presence of Royalty, and every exertion was ordered to be made to render the "turn-out" as good as possible.

At "morning stables" a little Irishman, who was the leading driver of No. 1 gun (the post of honor) of a battery of Royal Horse Artillery found his horses, owing to the heavy work of the previous day and the late hour of the return of the battery in a terrible state of mud, etc.; but he set to work to remedy matters as well as time would permit. When the officer came round and saw how much there was to be done he expressed some doubt to the driver as to whether he would be finished in time, and, pointing to his horses, said:

"Why, they are filthy, Driver Maguire!"

"Oh," said the man, "just look at the other side of them, sir. If we keep them together we shall do very well."

The quick-witted Irishman had seen at a glance that time did not permit of his grooming both horses all round, so he had polished the off-side of the off and the near side of the near horse, and no doubt, as he foretold his officer, he "did very well."

EXPERIENCED.

"How dare you kiss me?" she exclaimed, indignantly.

"Oh," he replied. "I've kissed a lot of worse-lookers than you."

Antwerp, one of the world's four largest ports, is 33 miles from the sea.

Owing to the popularity of automatic cigarette-lighters, 433,000,000 fewer matches were used in France last year.



HE JUMPED FOR IT.

IS SMOKING INJURIOUS?

IT DEPENDS ALTOGETHER ON THE PERSON.

A Physician Gives Facts About What Use of Tobacco May Do to Man.

Much has been said and much ink wasted in writing about the injury to health that may be affected by use of tobacco, writes Dr. James Welsh. The whole subject is, of course, as yet quite undecided. There are distinguished physicians who insist that smoking probably does harm by its actions upon the nervous system, and through that upon the blood vessels. Ten years ago in Berlin two of the most distinguished professors at the university, one of them a non-smoker and the other an inveterate smoker, were agreed that smoking probably hastened that degeneration of arteries which characterizes old age and which represents the gradual decadence of the body. The smoker, Professor Mendel, thought that even though it did shorten life it was worth while. There was so much of placid enjoyment and soothing peacefulness to be obtained from it in the midst of the hurry and bustle and worry of life that he preferred to take the risk. Professor von Leyden did not smoke, and hoped to enjoy a longer life as a consequence. The non-smoker outlived the other and perhaps thus proved his point.

WHERE RESULTS ARE FOUND.

If there is any serious result produced by smoking the indication of it is surely to be found in the arterial system. Some recent investigations of the arteries of mummies are very interesting from this standpoint, however. An English pathologist who had the opportunity to procure the arteries of a series of mummies from the eighteenth to the twenty-seventh dynasty—that is, mainly from 1,600 to about 500 B.C.—published his results in the English Journal of Pathology and Bacteriology last year. He found abundant evidence of the characteristic degeneration of arteries which physicians are prone to think of as due to various abuses in modern life. The use of tobacco and alcohol and living the strenuous life are all considered to be the most important factors in the production of this early arterio-sclerosis.

Dr. Ruffer, who made this investigation, found that arterio-sclerosis was just as common in Egypt as it is now, and perhaps even a little commoner, though the Egyptians had no tobacco, used intoxicating liquors only in great moderation, ate but small quantities of meat compared to the modern time and were noted for not living the strenuous life.

DOES HURT SOME.

It is probable that certain individuals are harmed by the use of tobacco. They have an idiosyncrasy for its effects. Such people suffer from heart palpitation, from irritable nervous systems, even from tendencies to insomnia, as a consequence of the free use of tobacco. The "tobacco heart" is well known and possessors of it are likely to suffer from considerable discomfort at least, if not from actual disturbance of circulation, from the use of tobacco. The tobacco heart is a family trait that passes by heredity from one generation to another. There are a number of people who stand a certain amount of tobacco well, but who suffer much from excess, and what constitutes excess in an individual matter. In many of these cases local conditions are responsible for the symptoms. Some of the sufferers have hyperemic mucous membranes in their mouth and throat, or enlarged sensitive tonsils, and they are likely to absorb more nicotine than others.

INJURES STOMACHS.

Where local conditions exist smoking has to be limited until an improvement is brought about or the habit may have to be given up. Then there are individuals where salivary glands furnish more saliva than others, and this has to be either swallowed or expectorated. As expectoration has gone out of fashion to a great extent, their stomachs are disturbed by the amount of saliva holding in solution acrid products from the tobacco that finds its way into them.

BEWARE BROKEN WRAPPER.

There are other adventitious circumstances that make tobacco harmful or at least productive of passing disturbances of health for which tobacco itself is often blamed. There is no doubt, for instance, that certain gaseous products which result from incomplete combustion have toxic effects distinctly disturbing at least to sensitive nervous systems. Cigars that draw poorly, then, or those in which a break in the wrapper prevents proper combustion, are likely to prove disturbing because of this and similar products. Every smoker knows that a cigar with a broken wrapper produces certain effects not noted when cigars draw well. Pipes that become clogged with nicotine have something of the same effect. There are good authorities who think that it is such products of incomplete combustion that represent more of the harmfulness of smoking than the nicotine that is absorbed.

AN OPEN QUESTION.

The whole question of the place of the use of tobacco in pathology is as yet open. There is no doubt that there is gross exaggeration on the part of opponents of the habit who have the fanatic's way of believing all the worst. There is a definite tendency on the part of those who themselves have an idiosyncrasy against tobacco and who should not use the weed in any form to prevent others from using it because, forsooth, it affects them unfavorably. It is probable that people who feel nervous and irritable and restless after smoking are likely to be harmed by it.

Whenever a man is using such an amount of tobacco that these irritable conditions develop and he finds it difficult to sit quiet and be restful after smoking, then, no matter how little tobacco he is using, the amount is, for him, an excess. On the other hand, when men are soothed by smoking, when worries of the day drop from them under its influence, when they are able to sit quietly for hours without being disturbed by thoughts of business, just because they are looking at business troubles through a fine tobacco haze, it is probable that smoking does them good rather than harm.

WHY GEMS SHINE IN DARK.

What we call darkness is really the absence of all light, and in such a condition neither precious stones nor anything else will shine. But should there be even a little light, then anything that has a polished surface, such as a diamond, reflects that light from it, giving rise to the appearance of shining; and so one might be able to notice a stone of this kind in a very dim light, which we might be inclined to call darkness. But there must be a little light, or we could not get the reflection.



THE newest thing in sugar—and the best—is this 5-Pound Sealed Package of Redpath Extra Granulated. In this carton 5 pounds full weight of Canada's finest sugar comes to you fresh from the Refinery, and absolutely free from any taint or impurity. Ask your Grocer for the Redpath 5-Pound Package.

CANADA SUGAR REFINING COMPANY, LIMITED, MONTREAL.

8

NO COTTAGES, CAN'T MARRY.

Complaint of Lack of Homes in Rural England.

There is a lack of cottages and homes for laborers in many of the rural districts, more particularly in the counties of Essex and Somerset, England.

At Dulverton, Somerset, many cottages have been condemned by the medical officer of health. They are overcrowded and inmates are forced even to sleep on the landing.

Neither the district council nor the land owners are preparing to build, partly for the reason that the recent land taxes have greatly increased the risk of any development. The result is that many families must live in unsanitary condiitons and those who desire to marry cannot.

In Essex there are parishes where none has been married for fifteen years and more. In the neighborhood of a small holding district of Berkshire some couples were recently forced to the workhouse solely for want of a cottage accommodation.

Every year the situation is getting worse. It does not pay to build and the thousands of pretty old cottages built before the days of agricultural depression are falling into ruins.

PARIS ADOPTS NOVEL PLAN.

As the Family Grows the Rent Goes Down.

The City of Paris, France, is about to build a large number of dwelling houses to be rented to the poor at a rate far lower than that prevailing. These houses are to be reserved for families having at least three children, and it is proposed to grade the rents according to the number of children—the larger the family the lower the rent. The plan now under consideration contains the following schedules, the figures being the annual rent:

For families counting not more than three children: Four rooms, 400 francs ($77.20); three rooms, 333 francs ($64.27); two rooms, 223 francs ($44.97).

Families counting more than three children: Four rooms, 300 francs ($57.90); three rooms, 290 francs ($55.97); two rooms, 179 francs ($34.55).

For this purpose the city is considering a loan of 200,000,000 francs ($38,600,000), bearing 3.80 per cent. interest, payable in seventy-five years from 1915.

An Australian native rarely lives more than 50 years.

Warts are disfigurements that disappear when treated with Holloway's Corn Cure.



Try it—test it—see for yourself—that "St. Lawrence Granulated" is as choice a sugar as money can buy.

Get a 100 pound bag—or even a 20 pound bag—and compare "St. Lawrence" with any other high-grade granulated sugar.

Note the pure white color of "St. Lawrence"—its uniform grain—its diamond-like sparkle—its matchless sweetness. These are the signs of quality.

And Prof. Hersey's analysis is the proof of purity—"99 99/100 to 100% of pure cane sugar with no impurities whatever". Insist on having "ST. LAWRENCE GRANULATED" at your grocer's.



ST. LAWRENCE SUGAR REFINING CO., LIMITED, MONTREAL. 66

THE UNWISHED WISH

Tale of a Magic Ring.

A ploughman paused in his work one day to rest. As he sat on the handle of his plough he fell a-thinking. The world had not been going well with him of late, and he could not help feeling down-hearted. Just then he saw an old woman looking at him over the hedge.

"Good morning!" she said. "If you are wise you will take my advice."

"And what is your advice?" he asked.

"Leave your plough and walk straight on for two days. At the end of that time you will find yourself in the middle of a forest, and in front of you there will be a tree towering high above the others. Cut it down, and your fortune will be made."

With these words the old woman hobbled down the road, leaving the ploughman wondering.

He unharnessed his horses, drove them home, and said good-bye to his wife; and then, taking his axe, started out.

At the end of two days he came to the tree, and set to work to cut it down. As it crashed to the ground a nest containing two eggs fell from its topmost branches. The shell of the eggs was smashed, and out of one came a young eagle, while from the other rolled a small gold ring.

The eagle rapidly became larger and larger, till it was of full size, then flapping its wings, it flew up.

"I thank you, honest man, for giving me my freedom," he called out. "In token of my gratitude take the ring—it is a wishing-ring—if you wish anything as you turn it round on your finger your wish will be fulfilled. But remember this—the ring contains but one wish, so think well before you use it."

The man put the ring on his finger, and set out on his homeward journey. Night was coming on when he entered a town. Almost the first person he saw was a goldsmith standing at the door of his shop. So he went up to him and asked him what the ring was worth.

The goldsmith looked at it carefully, and handed it back to the man with a smile.

"It is of very little value," he said.

The ploughman laughed.

"Ah, Mr. Goldsmith," he said, "you have made a mistake this time. My ring is worth more than all you have in your shop; it's a wishing-ring, and will give me anything I care to wish for."

The goldsmith felt annoyed, and asked to see it again.

"Well, my good man," he said, "never mind about the ring. I daresay you are a long way from home, and in want of some supper and a bed for the night. Come in and spend the night in my house."

The man gladly accepted the offer, and was soon sound asleep. In the middle of the night the goldsmith took the ring from his finger and put another just like it in its place without disturbing him in the least.

Next morning the countryman went on his way, all unconscious of the trick that had been played on him. When he had gone the goldsmith closed the shutters of the shop and bolted the door; then, turning the ring on his finger, he said, "I wish for a hundred thousand sovereigns."

Scarcely had the sound of his voice died away than there fell about him a shower of hard, bright golden sovereigns. They struck him on the head, on the shoulders, on the arms. They covered the floor. Presently the floor gave way beneath the weight, and the goldsmith and his gold fell into the cellar beneath.

Next morning when the goldsmith did not open his shop as usual the neighbors forced open the door and found him buried beneath the pile.

Meanwhile the countryman reached his home and told his wife of the ring.

"Now, good wife," said he, "here is the ring; our good fortune is made. Of course we must consider the matter well; then, when we have made up our minds as to what is best we can express some very big wish as I turn the ring on my finger."

"Suppose," said the woman, "we were to wish for a nice farm; the land we have now is so small as to be almost useless."

"Yes," said the husband; "but, on the other hand, if we work hard and spend little for a year or two we might be able to buy as much as we want. Then we could get something else with the wish-ring."

So it was agreed. For a year the man and his wife worked hard. Harvest came, and the crops were splendid. At the end of the year they were able to buy a nice farm, and still had some money left.

"There," said the man, "we have the land, and we still have our wish."

"Well," said his wife, "we could do very well with a horse and a cow."

"They are not worth wishing for," said he; "we can get them as we get the land."

So they went on working steadily and spending wisely for another year. At the end of that time they bought both a horse and a cow. Husband and wife were greatly pleased with their good fortune, for, said they, "We have got the things we wanted, and we still have our wish."

As time went on everything prospered with the worthy couple. They worked hard, and were happy. Indeed, the husband would probably have forgotten all about the ring had not his wife constantly asked him to wish for something.

"Let us work while we are young," her husband would answer. "Life is still before us, and who can say how badly we may need our wish some day."

So the years passed away. Every season saw the bounds of the farm increase and the granaries grow fuller. All day long the farmer was about in the fields, while his wife looked after the house and the dairy.

Sometimes, as they sat alone of an evening, she would remind him of the unused wishing-ring, and would talk of the things she would like to have for the house. But he always replied that there was still plenty of time for that.

The man and his wife grew old and grey. Then came a day when they both died—and the wishing-ring had not been used. It was still on his finger as he had worn it for forty years. One of his sons was going to take it off, but the eldest said—

"Do not disturb it, there has been some secret in connection with it. Perhaps our mother gave it to him, for I have often seen her look longingly at it.'

Thus the old man was buried with the ring, which was supposed to be a wishing-ring, but which, as we know, was not, though it brought the old couple more good fortune and happiness than all the wishing in the world could ever have given them.

A PRESENT OF FLOWERS.

How They Should Be Gathered and Packed to Keep Fresh.

Flowers should be gathered the night before they are sent and placed in tepid water in a cool room. Discretion should be used in choosing the blooms, for wide open blossoms will naturally drop soon. Half open buds are the best for sending by post, as they will then open when they are placed in water at their destination, says the London Standard.

Cut them with a sharp knife, for if the stems are severed by scissors the sides of the stalk are pressed together, thus stopping the flow of the sap and consequently curtailing the flower's existence.

All superfluous leaves should be taken off, as fresh foilage must be enclosed with the blossoms. This is very difficult to procure in town, so as much care should be exercised over the choice of the greenery as the flowers themselves.

The box in which the flowers are to be packed, should be a light, strong, wooden one, its size varying according to the length of the flowers that are being packed. Small blossoms will keep in a better condition if tied in bunches than packed separately. It is a mistake to think that flowers travel better if packed loosely; they should be placed close together.

Line the box with paper and then put a layer of foliage. Place the heaviest blooms at the bottom, so that they will not crush the more delicate flowers. Tissue paper should be used in preference to damp moss, for this is apt to become heated and absorb the moisture of the flowers. Flowers will generally travel quite safely without the aid of either of these, the damp foliage keeping them cool.

Unpack the flowers at once when they arrive and cut the ends of the stalks. Then place them in warm water in a cool place. Hard stalked blossoms, such as roses, should have the ends split so that they can absorb the water more easily. Should the flowers be faded hold them in steam for a few minutes or place the ends of the stalks in boiling water. This revives them wonderfully.

The vases in which the flowers are to be arranged must be scrupulously clean and filled with fresh water, to which has been added a little salt. This helps to prolong the life of the flowers. The water should be changed every other day and the stalks clipped. If the leaves of the foliage are allowed to touch the water they will taint it and spoil both flowers and foliage, but with a little care they will last for a week.

Care should be taken when various species of flowers are being packed together that they are suitable, for very heavy blooms spoil the fragile ones. For instance, if Shirley poppies are packed in the same box as peonies they are utterly spoiled. Sweet peas, carnations, lilies of the valley and mignonette travel well together, but roses should be sent in a box by themselves.

Mrs. Youngbride—"My husband is very determined; he never gives up." Mrs. Klosefist (sadly)—"Neither does mine."

OLD RESORTS OF LONDON

FAMOUS RESTAURANTS OF THE LONG AGO.

Fashionable Ones Are of Modern Origin—Some of the Old Resorts.

Curiously enough, the fashionable restaurants of London are for the most part of comparatively modern origin. Their interest and fascination—for they have undeniably a spell all their own—is a totally different thing from the old-world charm of the historic coffee-houses, taverns, and ordinaries which are among London's places of pilgrimage. Few cities can show more brilliant gatherings of rank and wealth, fame and fashion than those which throng the sumptuous dining-rooms of the Carlton, the Ritz and the Savoy during the London season. Restaurant parties are becoming more and more frequent with the growing tendency among fashionable folk to keep up smaller establishments and entertain less at home, and it is not wonderful that the proprietors of the great restaurants have to be somewhat careful about their patrons. Some of these resorts—notably the Carlton—do not admit diners except in correct dress, a restriction which has been the subject of vigorous discussion from time to time. Gunter's, famed for ices, and their new rivals from America, Fuller's, may be mentioned among those who cater more especially for the lighter forms of refreshment.

RESORTS OF OLD LONDON.

The celebrated diners' resorts of older London would in themselves fill a volume, and space will only allow here of a brief account of the most important. First and foremost comes the "Cheshire Cheese," famous as the resort of Dr. Johnson and Oliver Goldsmith. The present building is now about two-and-a-half centuries old, and its old traditions and quaint atmosphere are respected carefully in its furnishing and appointments. On the left of the principal entrance in Fleet Street is the genuine old eating-room, with its plain old tables, homely seats against the walls, and spindle-backed chairs, its floors sprinkled with sawdust and a portrait of Dr. Johnson, after Sir Joshua Reynolds, looking down from its place above the nook in the far corner where the great man was wont to sit.

Below the portrait is the inscription: "The favorite seat of Dr. Johnson. Born 18th September, 1709. Died 13th December, 1784," concluding with the following quotation from the lexicographer's own own conversation: "No, sir! There is nothing which has yet been contrived by man, by which so much happiness has been produced as by a good tavern." The ceremony of cutting the cheese at the famous hostelry has been performed by distinguished visitors on various occasions, amongst others by a baby elephant, whose sagacity was the rage of London a few years ago.

HAUNTS OF CELEBRITIES.

Of more recent literary celebrity is the "Cock," whose room "high over roaring Temple Bar," was Tennyson's favorite London dining-place, amid the

Old boxes, larded with the steam
Of thirty thousand dinners,

of which he sings in "Will Waterproof's Lyrical Monologue." The poet's son in his biography tells how "a perfect dinner in his estimation was a beefsteak, a potato, a cut of cheese, a pint of port, and afterwards a pipe (never a cigar)."

And how many memories linger about the "Mermaid" Tavern in Cheapside, the haunt once of Ben Johnson, Beaumont and Fletcher, and, according to some authorities, of Shakespeare and Sir Walter Raleigh! Its good cheer, as well as its literary past, is immortalized by Keats in his "Lines on the Mermaid Tavern":

Have ye tippled drink more fine
Than mine host's Canary wine?
Or are fruits of Paradise
Sweeter than those dainty pies
Of venison? O generous food!
Dressed as though bold Robin Hood
Would, with his maid Marian,
Sup and bouse with horn and can.

GEORGIAN COFFEE-HOUSES.

The most famous of the eighteenth century coffee-houses as a meeting place of the wits and men of letters of the day was "Will's," near Covent Garden, of which Macaulay gives a vivid description, but this, like "Button's," its great rival, has passed away, and only memories remain of the "Wit's room," where Dryden was the central figure of the "witty and pleasant discourse" to which Mr. Pepys alludes in his "Diary." Another vanished coffee-house of interesting associations is the Chapter in Paul's Alley, with its memories of Goldsmith and Johnson and Chatterton, who wrote to his mother: "I am quite familiar at the Chapter Coffee-house, and know all the geniuses there;" most interesting of all, perhaps, its two quiet, countrified lady visitors from the Yorkshire on their visit to London. And while the subject of the old London coffee-houses is uppermost, reference may be made to the fact that the national institution known as "Lloyd's" was in the first place an establishment of this kind, to which shipbrokers and marine insurance agents were wont to repair, together with more literary men like Addison and Steele.

HAS COME TO STAY.

Neither youth nor Semitic faith has availed to prevent the rapid advancement of the Rt. Hon. Herbert Samuel, Postmaster-General of Great Britain, and in due course he will probably don the robes of the Chancellor of the Exchequer. The historic phrase which Lord Randolph Churchill used—or is said to have used—with regard to Mr. Goschen is never likely to be applied to him, for Mr. Lloyd George



Rt. Hon. Herbert Samuel.

will never have cause to exclaim, "I forgot Samuel." Moreover, he revels in figures, as befits one of the chosen race, and one cannot imagine him asking, as did Randolph when he saw the decimal figures, "What are all those damned dots for?" It was not without significance that when, a few weeks ago, the Prime Minister wanted some one to expound in a popular style, the intricacies of the financial proposals of the Home Rule bill, he turned, not to the Chancellor nor to the Secretary of the Treasury, nor to the Chief Secretary for Ireland, but to the Postmaster-General. Herbert, in fact, is no longer among the "coming men"; he has come, and he has come to stay.

A DEMORALIZING TREE.

The Cocoanut-Palm Does Too Much For Man.

The history of civilization proves that man needs the spur of necessity to keep him up to his work. It is not good for him to have life made too easy. That is why Mr. Lowe, the author of "A Naturalist on Desert Islands," calls the cocoanut-palm "a demoralizing tree." It does too much for man without requiring anything in return. If it needed the constant care that has to be given to some of our delicate fruit-trees, it would be a greater blessing to the human race.

The cocoanut-palm is exactly the thing that some of our "unemployables" are looking for. You need only summon energy enough to plant a sufficient number of young trees, and time does the rest. All that the tree asks of you is to wait patiently for some seven years, until it becomes full grown. Then it will produce on the average a hundred nuts a year—not all at once, which might be inconvenient, but in four or five harvests at intervals through the year. And this it considerately goes on doing for sixty, seventy or eighty years, and you need never lift a finger to help it.

The tree, in fact, simply encourages you to be lazy, and if you have any energy left in you after living in its company for any length of time, the climate in which the palm flourishes will soon take it out of you.

With a tree like that, the South Sea islanders never had a chance. Why should they either work or worry when a few of these trees will provide them with everything they can possibly require—fiber to make mats; shell to burn as fuel or to use as water-vessels, cups or ladles; leaves to use as thatch for the house, or as mates, screens and baskets? Why should they go afield when they can use the wood of the trunk or the midrib of the leaf in making the walls of their dwellings; when they can make rope out of the fibrous tissue of the young stem; when they can get oil enough to swim in from the flesh of the nut itself, and soap from the oil mixed with the ashes from the burned husks; when they can eat the nut not only in its ripe state, but in its young and unripe state, and in its old and overripe state; and when indeed they can make the tree do almost anything but talk?

Neither wealth nor rank will ensure happiness. Without love and charity and peace of mind you may be rich and great and powerful, but you cannot be happy.

"HERE COMES THE BRIDE!"

LATEST NOVELTIES IN WEDDING GREETINGS.

Effective Displays in Some Recent Marriages in Old England.

The wedding of a sweep at Maesteg, Glamorganshire, the other day created quite a sensation. At the invitation of the bridegroom, all his friends of the brush attended the ceremony in raiment "sooted"—if not suited—to the occasion, says London Answers.

Each appeared in his soot-begrimed workaday attire, with blackened face to match, and carrying the round sweeping-brush used in his work of chimney-cleaning. The blackness of this implement was intensified by a white ribbon with which it was adorned.

The policeman's baton was much in evidence at the wedding of a member of the Force at St. Margarets-on-Thames a day or two later. As the "happy pair" left the church, a squad of the bridegroom's comrades of the "A" Division of the Metropolitan Police assembled in line on each side of the footway.

With raised batons they formed a novel archway, beneath which the couple and their "entourage" walked from the sacred edifice. This was quite a unique guard of honor.

KNIGHTS OF THE CLEAVER.

A much more effective display was made at the wedding of a Nottinghamshire woodman. He happened to be very popular with his fellow-workmen, who attended the ceremony in a body, each armed with his axe, specially polished for the occasion.

Lined up on each side of the churchyard path, with their shining axes held aloft, back to back, they constituted quite a glittering archway for the wedding-party as they emerged from the church. It proved a delightful surprise for the newly-wedded pair.

The part played by butchers' boys at a wedding of one of their number at Reigate on one occasion was quite worthy of the days of chivalry. At the conclusion of the ceremony they strewed their aprons on the path for the newly-married couple to walk over.

The driver of the wedding equipage was a stalwart knight of the meat-block; while two others, with shinbones dangling from their sides, admirably filled the role of footmen.

THE FIREMAN'S MARRIAGE.

There was a very interesting novelty at the wedding of Mr. Thomas Clulee, chairman of the Midland District National Fireman's Union, and Miss Emma Finney, at Halesowen Church.

More than two hundred uniformed firemen from all parts of the country attended as a guard of honor. With their axes they formed a picturesque arcade down the aisle of the church, beneath which the smiling bride and groom walked out to the waiting carriages.

Holy Trinity Church, Sloane Square, was the scene of a wedding at which there was a very novel guard of honor. The contracting parties were Miss Ida Hamilton, daughter of Lord and Lady Claud Hamilton, and Mr. Hugh Flower.

The aisle of the church was lined by uniformed guards and porters of the Great Eastern Railway. As she beamed upon them, the bride looked exceedingly charming in her white satin array.

WHY IT WENT SWIMMINGLY.

The crossing-sweeper has now become an almost unknown quantity in London, but a few years ago he flourished there, and loved and married like other people. At one such marriage there was quite a gathering of the fraternity, who all attended with brand-new brooms, decorated with gaily-colored ribbons.

They lined up on each side of the footpath, and, raising their brooms as the wedding-party emerged from the church, formed quite a novel archway for the bridegroom and his bride. With their gaudy-hued ribbons, the brooms made quite a striking show.

There were some quite unique decorations at a wedding in a Blackburn church. The chancel was set out as a rustic arbor, and profusely decorated with roses. Arranged on either side were floral arches, while miniature fountains played over ponds, in which sported live goldfish.

It was the first time that the finny element had been introduced at a wedding ceremony. Small wonder that everything went off so "swimmingly."

The boy had come in with his clothes torn, his hair full of dust, and his face bearing unmistakable marks of a severe conflict. "Oh, Willie, Willie!" exclaimed his mother, deeply shocked and grieved, "you have disobeyed me again. How often have I told you not to play with that wicked Stapleford boy!" "Mamma," said Willie, "do I look as if I had been playing with anybody?"

FROM ERIN'S GREEN ISLE

NEWS BY MAIL FROM IRELAND'S SHORES.

Happenings in the Emerald Isle of Interest to Irishmen.

The Clontarf baths on the Dublin coast were recently opened.

About 700 young men and women of the Dublin branch of the Irish Drapers' Association inaugurated the Saturday weekly half holiday by a trip to Graystones.

The 15th Feis Ceoil, or great Irish Musical Festival, was recently held in Dublin.

James Clerkin, who recently resigned his position as schoolmaster in Monaghan Union has been granted a pension of $235 per year.

John Garvey received from the congested districts an offer for purchase of his Rossduane estate, Kilmeena. He at once wrote accepting the offer, so that the transfer of the estate will be proceeded with

The Limerick Urban Council is arranging for the construction of sixty-six new houses for workmen at a cost of $80,900.

An old-age pensioner named Michael Hanrahan, residing at the Cornmarket, Wexford, was accidentally drowned in a well in the yard of his premises.

The Commissioners are engaged in valuing the Bernard estate at Castlehackett, Galway, which will be divided among the tenants.

The death has occurred at Castlequarter House, Inch, of Mr. W. Fitzgerald Fleming, who had been for a long time identified with the Burt District, and is a member of one of the oldest families in the County Donegal.

The Balyconnell district, Cavan, has assumed a recent addition of 49 cottages erected by the Rural Council. The houses are entirely of brick—one storey each, with a kitchen, three rooms and scullery, and half-acre plots.

Alderman O'Shea has been elected Lord Mayor of Cork, in succession to Alderman Simcox, who resigned the office owing to an attack on him in a Cork paper.

Fire in the house of an old woman getting outdoor relief in Ireland showed she had mone hidden all over the dwelling—$4.80 in silver, $105 in gold, and $20 in coppers. Bundles of notes were burned, and about 3 lbs. of melted silver was found.

THE MAGYAR RACE.

Allied to Turks on One Side and to Finns on the Other.

The Magyars, or Hungarians, are distinct from all the other peoples of Europe, the Finns alone excepted. Their ancestors many centuries ago swept down from the plateaus of the Ural Mountains upon the rich prairies of Hungary, and, by the very force of their inherent character, as well as by their valor at arms, overcame or assimilated the former barbaric inhabitants, and ever since, amid the vicissitudes of almost constant wars and even frequent defeats by many enemies, have maintained their individuality and, for the most part, their undisputed supremacy, in southeastern Europe. In race and language they are allied to the Turks on one side, and to the Finns, another branch of the same family tree, on the other. Yet, though related to the Turks, they were the most consistent and successful enemies of Mohammedanism in all Europe. In fact, Hungary, for centuries, was the buffer state between Christian Europe and Mohammedan Asia, and many a hard-fought war did her people wage, almost single-handed, to repel the tide of Islamism, which often threatened to submerge all Europe.

WISE SAYINGS.

All effort for the amelioration of the material conditions of the people must begin by elevating the moral tone.

The conflict of many minds from many sides is the essential condition of intellectual progress.

The progress of civilization depends on the extension of the sense of duty which each man owes to society at large.

The probable result of Socialism would be the adoption of very severe means for supposing those who did not contribute their share of work.

Duty cannot be neglected without harm to those who practice as well as those who suffer the neglect.

The incapacity of men to understand each other is one of the principal causes of their ill-temper towards each other.

Once married, make the best of it. There is consolation in the word inevitable.

The best of every man's work is above and beyond himself, and is accomplished in the struggle to attain a lofty ideal.

JOHNNY'S ERROR.

"Johnny, why don't you sit down?"

"I druther stand up, ma'am."

"What's the matter?"

"Pa was puttin' up a stovepipe this morning and I laughed."

G. L. Meikle & Co.

The "Warm Weather"

Makes you wish for some way of keeping cool. Call in and see our up-to-date Coil-oil Stoves, one, two and three burners, (with ovens attached), also our all steel refrigerators, porcelain lined—the very latest and most sanitary of its kind.

HAMMOCKS.—We have them of every kind and description from $1.50 up.

Garden Hose, Nozzles and Sprinklers.

STRAW HATS,—For Men and Boy's, we are offering a special discount this week on all straws, come and get one before they all go.

MEN'S TENNIS SHIRTS,—White and Coloured with and without collars also with French Cuffs.

Men's Lounge Collars, all Shades.

BATHING SUITS,—For Men and Boys. Now is the time. Give us a call while our stock is now and and complete.

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White Front

Province of Quebec.
Electoral District of Argenteuil.

Abstract of detailed statement of all election expenses incurred by or on behalf of Harry Slater, Esquire, a candidate at the Election held on May 15th, 1912, fyled with the undersigned Returning Officer by Francis A. Brennian, Election Agent.

Personal expenses of candidate	$ 70 25
Halls for meetings	17 00
Committee Rooms	80 00
Printing	530 50
Voters' Lists	43 43
Stationery	16 30
Livery	78 00
Telephones	36 74
Electric Light	55 30
C.P.R. Telegraph	5 00
Office Staff	59 50
Postage, etc.,	39 00
Total,	$1031 10

Lachute, July 15th, 1912.

G. F. CALDER,
Returning Officer.

Province of Quebec.
Electoral District of Argenteuil.

Abstract of detailed statement of all election expenses incurred by or on behalf of John Hay, Esquire, a candidate at the Election held on May 15th, 1912, fyled with the undersigned Returning Officer by John A. McGibbon Election Agent.

Personal expenses of candidate	$110 00
Halls for meetings	40 00
Committee Rooms	35 00
Printing	86 00
Voters' List	43 43
Stationary	18 29
Livery	152 00
Telephones	24 95
Electric Light	11 00
Office Staff	95 00
G.N.W. Telegraph	5 00
Total,	$620 67

Lachute, July 15th, 1912.

G. F. CALDER,
Returning Officer.

Great reductions in Millinery. All the trimmed hats up to $5.00 to be sold for $2.50. Come early and get your choice. Some special values in childrens hats and bonnets.

H. E. BURWASH.

LOST,—On Friday, June 28, in the vicinity of Lachute, a wire haired terrier, white with black markings on eye, ear and tail, answers to the name of "Spot." Finder please notify, MISS HARRINGTON, St. Andrews and recieve reward.



BIG SALE

Of Ladies' And Men's Summer Foot-wear

Special Offers for Cash

100 pr. Women's Laced Dongola, 100 pr. Women's Pums and Oxfords, 50 pr. White Canvas Shoes at 25 p.c. discount; 25 Tan and Choc. Laced Boots, reg $3 & $4 at $2; 50 Men's Patent Leather $4.50 and $5. now for $3.00. Extra special bargains in Men's strong working boots. Don't forget that we are the Slater Shoe agents for this town and carry the latest styles in stock. Slater footwear has correct shape, fit perfectly and wear the longest. What more do you want in shoes?

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We also handle Flour and Feed in large quantities. Ice Cream supplied by the gallons or in bricks. Choice Confectionery, Fruits, Etc. in season.

R. HAMILTON, - Lachute.





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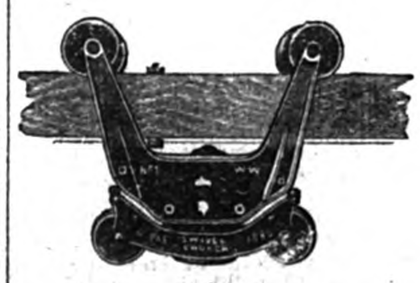
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