

# The Watchman.

And Ottawa Valley Advocate.

VOL. XXVIII.

LACHUTE, FRIDAY, DEC. 4, 1903.

NO. 43

## NEW MILLINERY.

♦♦♦♦♦

A complete line of fancy articles, also a lot of ready-made clothing. A full stock of hats and hat trimmings. First-class work done at moderate prices. Satisfaction guaranteed.

It will always be our aim to please and we solicit a share of your patronage.

## The MISSES SHEPHERD.

### MILLINERY OPENING.

Thursday, October 1st, and following days.

All that is newest in trimmed millinery and ready to wear hats, can be found at

MRS. HAMPTON'S,  
Main St. Lachute.

We pay \$6.00 per 100 lbs. for cow hides.  
H. GILES & BBO.

Have you seen our \$5. slater for men. It gives good idea of what we can do for you in all lines of Ready to Wear.

W. BANFORD.

Genuine Castoria always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria. When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria. When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria. When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

WANTED:—1 or 2 rooms with use of kitchen stove for small family of three. Apply at the Butter Factory. Foundry St., Lachute.

Why need away for goods you can get better and cheaper at home? In Overcoats, or instance see our large stock in many lines, and all styles. The Chamberlain Trade.

W. BANFORD.

YEP KEE has opened his laundry in the house adjoining W. Berry's Shop, Main St., and solicits a share of your patronage. All washing and ironing done on shortest notice and satisfaction guaranteed.

WINTER HARDWARE.—Sligh Bells, Horse Blankets, Kross Kut Saws, Kant logs, Snow Shovels, Saw Wedges, Meat saws and Butcher Knives, Axes, and we specifically ask you to see "Our Best Axes."

McOUAT & McRAE.

Our Ladies' Jackets are running well. We have had to reorder some lines, but we hope to sell every coat. Come early.

W. BANFORD.

MY FALL STOCK is coming in now, and those who want high grade overcoatings will find them at my place. I have also purchased a stock of Ladies' cloth for Coats, to which we invite your inspection. We have ready furnishings of all kinds.

D. LAPOINTE.

Great Snap in Dinner Sets: A big chance came our way and we bought the lot clean out for cash. Your surprise will come when you see the goods and hear the price.

W. BANFORD.

### FOR SALE

Two lots of bush land, situated one of 6 acres in North half of lot No. 27 in the 1st range of Wentworth, and lot No. 3 in the 6th range of Harrington, containing 100 acres. For particulars apply to Box 264, Lachute, or C. Stanforth, Arandel.

GOOD FARM in Centreville, containing 65 acres. Well built and well watered. I never failing supply of water in the stable. For particulars apply on the premises to

MRS. JNO. MORROW,

Centreville.

BUSH LOT FOR SALE.—The south half of lot No. 13, on the 8th range of Grenville, Que. A bargain for anyone wanting such a lot. Apply to W. W. COLE, Chute-au-Blondeau.

Choice stock of Cigars, Tobaccos, Pipes, etc. Always good at

OMER PAQUETTE'S,

Main St. Lachute.

The ice in the Ottawa river is gradually closing up to the centre from both sides. The mails from L'Orignal and Hawkesbury have difficulty in crossing to Calumet station. A boat has to be pushed from shore to the open water in the centre.

On Tuesday last the Ladies of St. Simeon's Church gave a Parlor Social in the Victoria Hall, which was greatly enjoyed by all who attended. During the evening games of every description and social chat were indulged in, interspersed with music by the orchestra and songs by the Rev. H. Charters and Mr. Duffy, and at the close excellent refreshments were served to which all did great justice. Mr. Hampton in his usual happy style making a genial chairman. The proceeds amounted to about \$35.

The Annual meeting of the Lachute Ladies' Hockey Club was held on Friday last at the residence of Mrs. P. H. McGibbon. There was a good attendance and the officers for the ensuing year were elected as follows: President, Miss C. McGibbon; Secretary, Miss Lily Hampton; Captain, Miss May Styan; Committee, the Misses S. Smith, Alice Drennan, Edith Styan, Ada Creswell and Verda Joss; Social committee, the Misses Gladys McGillivray, Mildred McNiece, J. Drennan, Maggie Marshall, and A. McArthur.

The Secretary-Treasurer of the School Commissioners of the Parish of St. Jerusalem, will sell by Public Auction upon the school ground in Upper Lachute School district, on Monday, the seventh of December next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, the work of the building of a new school-house, and the furnishing of material for the same, for said school district. Specifications and plans of the same may be seen by applying at the Secretary-Treasurer's office, Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

FOR SALE.—The three year old Holstein Friesian. Is very quiet and of the best strain. Apply to THOS. DOBBIE, Lachute.

Mr. D. Lapointe has secured the agency of the British American Dyeing Co. that was formerly represented by Mr. Farland. Your patronage is solicited.

SKATES, HOCKEY STICKS, PUCKS, ETC.—Just arrived, a well assorted stock of skates, hockey sticks and pucks, at prices to suit all pockets and all people, from the school boy and girl to the Lady and Gentlemen Hockey Players.

McOUAT & McRAE.

FOR SALE.—Two horses, suitable for work or driving. Apply to J. A. McGIBSON.

Main Street, Lachute.

WANTED.—A young girl to come to Montreal for winter months, to assist with light housework in a family of two. Apply to Mrs. Painter, Main St. Lachute.

"The second shipment of Ladies' and Gentlemen's fur garments received by C. T. WALES & SON, St. Andrews. Buy early to secure sizes.

NEW NECKWEAR.—My selection of cravats for New Year, shows the latest ideas in English and American designs, which surpass anything previously shown in this town. We have the New English square tie in four-in-hand or the large puff. Heavy silk bowing and ties. Rich silk reversible Derby's. Large selection and everything new, so don't fail to call and secure your choice.

D. LAPOINTE.

HOCKEY PLAYERS WANTED.—To call in and examine our up-to-date stock of Hockey requisites, such as Spalding's Best Sticks, Michas Feather Weight Skates, Hockey Skates, Regulation Pucks at reasonable prices, also practice and boys sticks at reasonable prices.

McOUAT & McRAE.

The best assortment of Perfumes are secured at reasonable prices. OMER PAQUETTE.

BOYS' CLOTHING.—Do not put off getting your boy's fitted with our nice winter suits. Double and single-breasted. The largest stock, and always kept large by new goods regularly arriving.

WM. BANFORD.

### OYSTERS

At J. B. Bonhomme's shop in Campbell's flour store. We will also keep on hand a full supply of vegetables, fruit, and fish in season.

Oysters a specialty: We get them in fresh every Thursday and Saturday. Telephone No. 50.

For Sale.—Two valuable lots on Main Street. Apply to Dr. STACKHOUSE, LACHUTE.

## LOCAL NEWS

The Hon. Wm. Owens spent Wednesday last in Lachute.

Mr. Frank Brennan spent Sunday in Montreal.

Mrs. Wm. Dale, of Toronto is visiting her sister, Mrs. Alexander.

Miss Jean Gill, of Grenville, was visiting friends in town this week.

Mr. Garfield Evans, of Montreal, spent Sunday with his friends in town.

Mrs. T. Christie returned on Monday from a pleasant visit with friends in Montreal.

Mrs. C. C. Stewart is the guest of her brother Mr. Thos. McOutt for a few days.

Services are being held in St. Simeon's Church every Wednesday during Advent.

Mr. W. A. Ball left on Monday evening for a two weeks vacation at his home in Papineauville.

Mrs. Wilfred Prevost left on Thursday last for Vancouver to join her husband who left Lachute last July.

Miss M. Mitchell, who has for several years been residing in Brownsburg, left last week for California.

The first league match of the hockey season is to be played here with Hawkesbury on January 9th.

Miss Florence E. Hutchings has returned home after an absence of three months at Saranac Lake, N.Y.

The Ladies of St. Simeon's Church intend holding their usual Annual Sale of Work in the Victoria Hall on Thursday, Dec. 17th.

Commencing on Sunday evening next the Rev. M. Styan will conduct a series of addresses in the Baptist Church, on "The Wayward Boy."

Mr. J. D. Boyce, who has been with the McCormick Harvesting Machine Company for the past ten months, has returned home and will spend the winter in Lachute.

The Executive of the Liberal-Conservative Association for the County of Argenteuil met on Tuesday and decided to hold a Convention on Thursday next, Dec. 10th, as will be seen by announcement elsewhere in this issue.

At the Annual Meeting of the Lower Ottawa Hockey Association held in Calumet on Friday last, the honor of the presidency was conferred upon our representative in the League, Mr. A. D. Kennedy, who we are sure will do credit to the position.

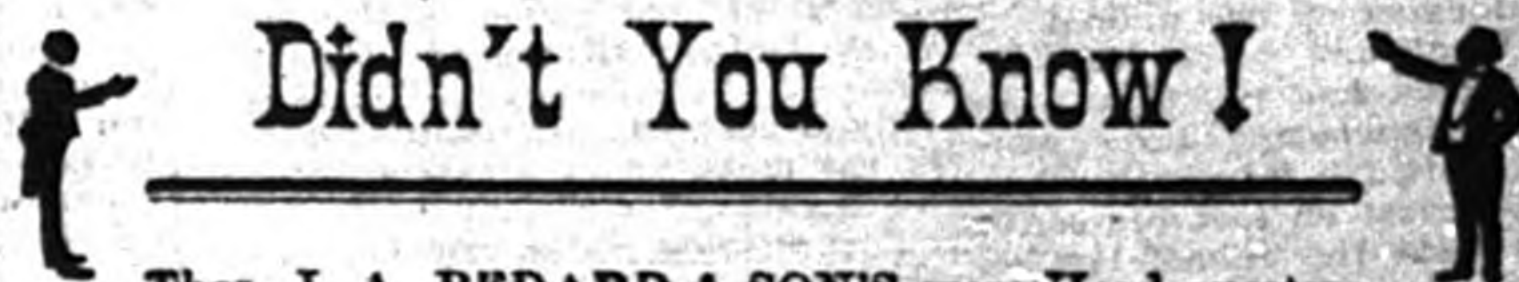
On Tuesday afternoon, while delivering bread for Mr. Jno. Hope, a dog belonging to Mr. S. McKimmie made a charge on young "Dick" Hampton, and inflicted a nasty wound in the calf of his left leg. It is hoped no serious consequences will follow. The dog has since been shot.

Mr. G. Herbert Simpson, for some years with the Manufacturers' Life, has been appointed manager for the Montreal district of the North American Life, taking over his new duties on December 1st next with offices in the Royal Insurance Building.

At the meeting of Argenteuil Lodge A.F. & A.M. held in the Masonic Hall on Monday evening last, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year:—Dr. Alexander, W.M.; Geo. McGregor, S.W.; G. E. Bampton, J.W.; H. M. Gall, Chaplain; H. Hampton, Treasurer; W. H. Garretsee, Secretary; Wm. O. Davidson, Tyler.

On Thursday of last week the Ladies' of the Presbyterian Church gave their "New England Supper" which has been talked of for the past few weeks and all who partook of it pronounced it one of the best ever served by the fair sex. During the evening some excellent singing was rendered by the choir and speeches by the Rev. Mr. Ballantyne of St. Andrews and the pastor. Proceeds amounted to nearly \$90, and will be devoted to clearing off the church debt.

Mr. G. J. Walker attended the Quarterly Meeting of the Protestant Committee of the Council of Public Instruction at Quebec on Friday last, at which session Mr. John Parker, Inspector of Common Schools, was appointed to succeed Dr. Harper, late Inspector of Superior Schools, at a salary of \$7,000 per year, he to pay his own travelling expenses. It was also decided that no teacher would in future receive a bonus two years in succession. Prof. Kneeland spoke regarding a motion for poor students to obtain degrees without attending the univer ities, to which Principal Peterson objected and no definite action was taken.



## Didn't You Know!

That J. A. BEDARD & SON'S were Head-quarters for Pianos, Doherty Organs, New William's Sewing Machines, Parlor Suites, Couches, Bedroom Suites, Spring beds, Mattresses, Sideboards, Chairs, Hall Racks, Iron Beds, Parlor Tables, Washing Machines, Wringers, Mouth Organs, Sheet Music, Jew's Harps, Violin Strings, Sewing Machine Needles and Machine Oil, Shoe Dressing etc.

Trunks, Whips, Boots & Shoes, etc., may be secured from

J. A. BEDARD & SON.  
MAIN STREET, LACHUTE.

## "THE ELITE."

### CHRISTMAS IS COMING,

And we have goods in variety, style & elegance such

as were never before exhibited in Lachute. Be sure and see them before selecting your presents. The following in French, German and Japanese China, Five o'clock teas, Bread & Butter Plates, Cups & Saucers, Jardiniers, Cheese Dishes, Rose Bowls, Bon bons, etc. Japanese silk drapes, Cushion tops and table covers.

H. E. BURWASH.

## 90% of Head-Aches

are caused by eye-strain. Cured permanently by Eye-glasses.

Eyes are bread-winners. Take care of them.

Eyes examined [free by the most Scientific Methods.

Glasses recommended only when absolutely necessary.

W. H. GARRETSEE,  
WATCHMAKER, JEWELLER, and OPTICIAN,  
LACHUTE.

## The Alaska Boundary Question

Has been settled, though not to the satisfaction of Canada, but if you will call on KENNEDY, he will soon settle that suit and overcoat question to your satisfaction.

My stock is larger and better than ever, and you will find me at the old stand in the Roby block, Main St.

A. D. KENNEDY, Main St., Lachute.



## FARM FIELD AND GARDEN

### THE BONE OF THE HOG.

This is a part of the hog which produces much discussion, as we have three divisions on the bone question. Some breeders want the heavy bone, others the light bone, and others the medium bone.

Size of bone does not seem to be the index of his strength. There is a fineness of structure in bone that is necessary to greatest strength. This equality of bone goes with highest vitality or completeness of development of all the parts that go to make up the animal of highest type and fullest development. No man has yet seen the bullock with an abnormally large bone take a prize at the fat stock show for the best beast on foot or on the block, and until the animal law of growth is changed, no man will find prize-winners among the big, spongy-boned brutes. The animal of highest vitality is the one, with strength of muscle, bone, fibre and every vital organ above the average. The big spongy bone always means low vitality. Its texture and coarseness is an index of flesh and skin. The coarse-boned beast is a poor handler.

Quality of bone is of first importance and it seems impossible to find this along with abnormal bigness. The size and quality of bone may be affected by character of feed, but this cannot wholly overcome the inherited effect of selection and heredity. The highest quality of bone is the product of good breeding and judicious feeding. The eye can not always detect the quality of bone in the living animal, but the practiced eye, along with the practiced hand, can tell much of the quality and texture.

The extremes of bigness and smallness of bone are to be avoided. Each has its objections. The bone of greatest excellence is found between the two extremes. After the breeders have been selected let it be borne in mind that quality is easily affected by feeding. This means the feed must not be all corn, or of the fat-forming kind but must furnish the elements for making bone and fibre as well as fat.

### TEACHING A COLT TO BACK.

To teach and train a colt properly is a science which too few understand. Learn to understand your animal, his peculiarities, and train him accordingly. Many exposures difficulty in training a colt to back. There should be no serious difficulty in this if proper methods are followed. The following from Horse Sense, one of the many champions of the horse, will help:

"After the colt fully understands the legitimate use of the halter, in leading is a good time to teach it to back—an important and necessary duty in its after life of usefulness—which is easily accomplished by complying with the natural law again by pressing the extended fingers of one hand between the point of the shoulder and the breastbone and using the other hand at the halter strap to simply keep the colt straight in line, to back in any desired direction. Do not try to force the colt backwards by yanking at the halter or bit, but simply press in this sensitive chest cavity with the fingers, and the colt will naturally go backwards, provided there is nothing of any obstruction behind it. When this pressure has been made at the front and the colt has moved backward (if it is only one step) it should be rewarded for this action; then try it again. About the third time this pressure has been made it is a good time to associate the word 'back' with the pressure, and the reader will be surprised to see how soon the colt will comprehend what is wanted, and willingly the young thing complies with our every wish as soon as it understands what is wanted."

### INJURY FROM WEEDS.

Almost every one understands that a rank growth of weeds robs the soil of much fertility that would be useful in growing the cultivated crops. But we have seen those who claimed to be good farmers who thought that by supplying manure or fertilizer enough they could grow the two crops together, the useful one and the weed crop, and the saying of labor by not trying to destroy the weeds would counterbalance the cost of the fertilizing elements taken up by them. A little thought will show the fallacy of this idea. When the weeds take the fertility from the soil, they also take the water in which they are made soluble. Often the plants in our fields suffer more in the growing season from a lack of moisture in the soil than from a lack of fertility and a coarse, rank growing weed absorbs more than any food vegetable. The weeds also blind the ground and keep it cool, while many plants, like the corn plant, need all the heat of summer to fully develop them. A few crops may do better or being partially shaded, but certainly corn does not. Add to this the fact that many of our most common weeds may ripen more than a thousand seeds, and some of them ten thousand to a plant, and

we can see the injury done by neglecting to destroy the weeds before they mature. The benefit derived by a frequent stirring of the soil is so great that it will pay to do it often even when there are no weeds, but to neglect to stir it and kill the weeds is but little less than criminal.

### HORSE NOTES.

Undeveloped horses, as a rule, are uncertain. A blemish or injury on a sucking colt may ruin him.

Sores or bruises on horses should be healed up as soon as possible. Excessive sweating indicates weakness and in hot weather is hard.

With horses hot weather and heating food do not go well together. Irregular feeding makes thin horses no matter what quantity is given.

Soundness is an essential feature in the make up of a riding or driving horse.

Fast driving makes stiff horses unless extra care is taken after each spurt of speed.

The horses that are beatable, to stand hard strains are those which work steadily every day.

A horse for use does best with just enough food to replace the waste of his system and to keep him feeling well.

It is not so much overwork or scant keep that injures horses as it is irregularities to which the animal is exposed.

A heavy, well proportioned draft horse with plenty of spirit and style enough to show off well presents a more attractive appearance than any small horse.

The advantage in using good horses is as much in being able to sell at any time as it is in getting good prices when you do sell.

It is easier to teach a horse what to do than to break up habits that have been established. It is very important to start in right.

The walk is the foundation of all other gaits, and with beginning at the foundation all future developments will be unsatisfactory.

### HOW YOU MAY KEEP YOUNG.

"Don't Worry." One of the Most Important Rules.

There is no trouble at all about keeping young if you know what to do. Sarah Bernhardt says that she has kept her youth by the aid of hot water and soap.

"When I am tired I take a hot bath," she says. "When I am nervous I take a hot bath and massage. When I am depressed nothing exhilarates me and puts me in form so soon as a hot bath. Every night when I am playing, as well as when I am at leisure, I take a hot scrub before going to bed. Yes, I scrub my face with soap and hot water twice, and sometimes three times in the twenty-four hours. There is no beautifier like soap and water, and no preservative against illness, nerves and age that compares with hot water."

Clara Barton keeps young by not putting.

"I don't putter," she says. "That's what ages women—puttering. When I am not working I either rest or play. When I am a woman breaking down with nervous prostration, I wonder when women will learn to stop puttering. Sleep is a great thing for women. Half the women don't sleep enough. I've cultivated the accomplishment of napping. I shut my eyes and go to sleep whenever there's a full in my work. It isn't the work that wears women out—it's fretting and puttering. Here's the way to keep young: Stop puttering and go to work."

Indulging in a bit of ugly temper not only shortens a woman's life, but makes her old and ugly before her time," says Mrs. Annie Jenness Miller, the apostle of dress reform. "Control your temper, for every time you allow it to control you you spoil your good looks and injure yourself physically. Not only that, but the woman who governs her temper is the woman who wins in this life; and, as a rule, she makes the best match, because men like sweet tempered wives. They, anger curdles the blood, hinders circulation and consequently makes the complexion bad and dulls the eye."

One woman who is beautiful, though 60, gives her recipe for retaining youth as: "Have great patience with fools." Worrying or being annoyed by the foolishness of others only makes unnecessary lines on brow and cheeks.

Here are a few rules for the guidance of the woman who would be beautiful at 60 or 80, with a fresh complexion—not one of parchment—and bright eyes and mental faculties active:

Sleep eight hours during the twenty-four. Don't drink hard water. That long-lived race of people, the Chinese, drink only rain water, if they can possibly obtain it.

Avoid food that contains lime. Every article of food contains lime, but of course there are some that are freer from lime than others. Onions are admirable youth preservers, so are fish, rice and eggs.

Eat fruit of all varieties. Fruit contains a large amount of acid, and this neutralizes the effect of those elements which make old age creep fast upon us.

Not long ago a German discovered that all you had to do to live forever and be beautiful forever was to eat a sufficiency of lemons. There was only one objection to the plan,

## MONEY KINGS OF EUROPE

### THE JEWS ARE THE LEADING FINANCIERS.

Little Known Facts About Their Wealth, Power and Position.

Foremost among the money kings of Europe, as the great financiers of the world are called, stands the name of Rothschild. Without attempting to trace the history of the present family, which has been told so many times, it is nevertheless interesting to note its rapid rise. Before the middle of the eighteenth century there were no Rothschilds known to fame.

The father of the first Rothschild was a Jewish merchant of the name of Mayer Bauer, who resided at Frankfurt. He intended to make his son a Rabbi, but the latter preferred a business career, and started in Frankfurt as a money-lender. By law he was required to hang out a sign, just as public-houses do. Mayer chose a red shield in German, Rothschild. He prospered so well under that sign that he discarded the family appellation of Bauer and borrowed the one on the sign, Rothschild, therefore, is purely an adopted name.

From a money-lender he became a banker and, in 1802, just over a century ago, he made his debut as a financier on the international stage by raising a loan for the British Government. Four years later, when Napoleon invaded Prussia with his army, young Rothschild hid a large quantity of silver and other treasures belonging to a Prussian nobleman in his garden, where they remained for years until they were reclaimed by their rightful owner, who received all his wealth plus 5 per cent. interest, which earned the banker the title of Baron.

### THE HONEST JEW.

At his death, in 1812, he left five sons and five daughters. The most famous of these was the third son, who came to England in 1800 to buy cotton goods for his father at Manchester. Five years later he settled down in London as a banker and financier, and during the following century he and his offspring played no mean part in the financial history of this country.

When the sturdy, far-seeing Jew arrived at the capital England was at war with Napoleon, and fully convinced that she held the winning card he backed her, far all her worth. When Wellington's army from the Peninsula in 1810 and there was no money in the National Treasury to meet them, Rothschild took them up and renewed them from time to time until the hard-pressed Chancellor of the Exchequer could redeem them. But Rothschild did not oblige the Government for nothing. He paid all the bills less a heavy discount, every one of which was subsequently redeemed, at par, getting the financier a huge profit.

At the Battle of Waterloo he made a big haul on the London Stock Exchange. Receiving news that the French had been defeated through a Dutch paper brought to him by a captain in his employ, he hastened at once to inform Lord Liverpool of the glad tidings, who strange to say, refused to believe it. Rothschild then made his way to the Stock Exchange, which had just received a rumor that Blucher had been defeated. All stocks were subsequently depressed to the lowest point. Rothschild bought up almost everything, and two days later, after the victory had been confirmed, sold out at a tremendous profit. He is said to have

### MADE OVER \$5,000,000

by this one important item of news. He died in 1836 and was succeeded by his son Lionel. He was the first Jew who ever sat in the House of Commons, and his son, the present Lord Rothschild, was the first Hebrew financier admitted to the House of Lords. England owes much to this family of Jewish financiers. They made London the financial centre of the Continent by the stipulation they imposed upon foreign Governments that all drafts they issued

but that was fatal. You had to eat daily one lemon for each seven years of your age.

When, therefore, you arrived at the second or third century, your length of life would be of very little use to you, for it would take all your time to eat the prescribed quantity of lemons.

Neglect a cough and contract consumption.

## Shiloh's Consumption Cure

The Lung Tonic

cures consumption—

but don't leave it too long.

Try it now.

Your money back if it doesn't benefit you.

Prices 25c, 50c, and \$1.00

C. C. Wells & Co.

Toronto, Can. L.R. 77, N.Y.

## You Will Marvel

How you ever drank Japan after once tasting

# "SALADA"

CEYLON NATURAL GREEN tea. Pure, delicious and wholesome, just like "Salada" black tea

Sold only in sealed lead packets. By all Grocers

were to be repaid in London. They saved the Suez Canal from passing into the hands of the French Government by lending \$30,000,000 at the right moment. They also raised the \$1,000,000,000 war indemnity demanded by Germany from the French after the Franco-German War. This famous peace treaty was signed at the Baron Rothschild's chateau, on the outskirts of Paris, the firm having long ago established branches at Paris and Vienna.

Although honored by almost every Government of Europe, the Rothschilds have not been permitted to enter Russia. They have a prejudice against Spain. Many are inclined to think that they favor war for the interest they obtain on their loans. This is far from the case, and during at least one critical moment of late years, when there was imminent danger of war between England and a European Power, the whole influence of the Rothschilds was thrown unhesitatingly and steadily in favor of peace.

### LORD ROTHSCHILD

is regarded as the ablest of the present generation. No one has ever interviewed him. Nor has he ever written a book, or an article, or made a speech upon any topic of public interest of the least public importance.

Although the wealth and power of the Rothschilds were never so great as to-day, other money kings have sprung into existence within the last generation who have wielded no small influences in the affairs of the world. One recalls the name of the late Baron Hirsch. He made most of his money by building railways in the Balkans and in speculating on the European exchanges. He is rewarded for his magnificent bequest of \$35,000,000 to improve the conditions of the poor Jews of Austria. It is to be regretted, however, that although the wealthy Baron's intentions were of the best, the application of the enormous sum has scarcely realized the hopes of the munificent founder.

Another famous Jew who made millions in railway construction was M. Jean Bloch, the eminent Warsaw banker and political economist. M. Bloch, although influential as a money king, was much better known by his writings, and especially by his prophetic encyclopaedic work on the "Future of War." M. Bloch was a statesman and a seer as well as a great railway builder and financier. He spent his money lavishly in the promotion of his ideas, and on his death he left large sums to be devoted to public charities and to the education of girls.

In Scandinavia the manufacture of dynamite gave Alfred Nobel an almost regal position. The dynamite king abstained during his life from taking any part in public affairs, but on his death he left a fortune of \$10,000,000 to found prizes to be distributed annually in lump sums of about \$40,000 each to the five persons who have rendered best service to their fellow-men.

The Nobel prizes are awarded annually, first to the man who has made the most important discovery in the domain of physical science; secondly, to the man who has made the most important discovery or introduced the greatest improvement in chemistry; thirdly, to the author of the most important discovery in the domain of physiology or medicine; fourthly, to the man who has produced the most remarkable literary work of an idealistic nature; and, fifthly, to the man who has done the most and the best work for the fraternity of the nations, the suppression or reduction of standing armies, and the formation and propagation of peace congresses.

It is worth while to record the testimony of this master of many millions as to the evil of inherited wealth. Speaking shortly before his death, he said: "I am a thorough Social Democrat, but with moderation. Experience has taught me that great fortunes acquired by inheritance never bring happiness; they only dull the faculties. Any man possessing a large fortune ought not to leave more than a small part of it to his heirs, not even to his direct heirs—just enough to make their way in the world."

In Denmark the only money king is Jacobson, the brewer. Jacobson I. presented to his country or spent in scientific or philanthropic purposes about \$5,000,000. The Carlsberg fund which he founded celebrated its twenty-fifth anniversary in 1901, when his son, Jacobson II, handed over the famous brewery, the source of all their wealth to the fund, only reserving for himself and his family one-third of the income for fifty years. Jacobson also presented Copenhagen with the largest private collection of sculpture in the

world, the estimated value of which was not less than \$3,000,000. Of American money kings one could write at great length, but their influence has not been particularly felt in Europe, with the exception, perhaps, of that famous financier, Mr. J. P. Morgan. The associated capital of the enterprises with which he is connected on one shape or another has been stated to amount to no less than \$9,000,000,000, a sum easily written down on paper, but almost impossible for the human mind to grasp. London Times.

### COMPLIMENTS FOR THE KING.

Again and for all time does the Irishman show himself the finest artist in witty compliments in the world. These compliments to King Edward from sons of the "sister island" which are the result of the English press, are triumphs over political rancor. Thus wit performs a service of almost importance.

Two London journalists, on their way from Dublin to Cork, accosted a chatty native at Queen's County station. "Well, Pat, what do you think of the King of England now?"

"King of England, is it?" replied the Irishman and their stole over his face an expression of drollery as he went on in a stage whisper "Sure, avic, ye'll want a viceroi over there, I'm thinkin'. Himself an' herself, are not goin' back to yez at all."

Another quaint anecdote of the same epoch-making trip comes from Galway. An old dame in that "City of the Tribes" who had spoken with the king was questioned as to what she thought of his majesty. She delivered herself of a long and enthusiastic eulogy to the effect that "Edward the First of Ireland" was "a grand man intirely," closing with the remark that she had only one thing to find fault with him.

"And what was this fault?" "Och, sure, they kept the poor man so long in the Phoenix Park beyond that they have him talkin' with a strong Dublin accent!"

### NEXT.

Catherine Bernin was a charming Welshwoman of long ago. She had so many husbands and so numerous yet her progeny that says the Rev. S. Baring-Gould in his recent book about her country, she is known to genealogists as the "Mother of Wales."

Catherine never went begging. She married early the first time, and often and at rather startling intervals—afterward. Her first husband, by whom she had a son, was John Salsbury of Llewellyn. At his funeral, Sir Richard Clough gave her his arm. Outside the churchyard stood Maurice Wynn of Gwydir, awaiting a decent opportunity of proposing to her. As she issued from the gate he did this.

"Very sorry," said the widow, with some regret, "but I have just accepted Sir Richard Clough. Should I survive him I will marry you."

She was as good as her word, when the opportunity came. Local history has it that she married yet a fourth husband.

"Ma'am," began Terence, who had been selected to break the news, "there was an explosion at the quarry the day, ah—" "Oh, it's my Patrick!" cried Mrs. Cassidy. "Oh, don't tell me O'Fl never see him again!" "Indeed, O' wouldn't tell ye that, ma'am, fur whatever goes up must come down."

## Heart Disease

RELIEVED IN 30 MINUTES.

Dr. Agnew's Heart Cure is the Mystic Remedy.

This remarkable preparation gives perfect relief in 30 minutes in all cases of organic or sympathetic heart disease and speedily effects a cure. It is a natural remedy for palpitation, shortness of breath, smothering spells, pain in the side and all symptoms of a diseased heart. It also strengthens the nerves and cures stomach disorders.

Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills are the best, 40 doses per



# AT THE POST OF DUTY

OR, THE WATERMAN'S SONS.

## CHAPTER XXXI.

Time sped on apace, and in its train came many changes.

To the confusion of the doctor and despite the would-be order, David Boone recovered. But that brought no relief to Gorman, whose remorse increased daily, inasmuch that he became, if not quite, very nearly insane, and his fear of being caught was so great that he never ventured near the quarter of London in which Boone dwelt. He therefore remained in ignorance of the failure of his murderous attempt. What would he not have given to have known the truth? To have had the dreadful word removed from the light which shone upon it, brighter and brighter every day until it was made red-hot, as it were, and became within him as a consuming fire! Preferring darkness to light more than ever, Gorman kept in secret places during the day, and only ventured out, with other human creatures, at night. The wretched man feared the darkness too, although he sought it, and what between the darkness that he feared, yet courted, and the light that he feared, and fled from, and the light within that he feared but could not fly from, he became one of the most miserable of all outcasts in London.

As for his deep-laid plans, they were all scattered to the winds. In the presumption of ignorance he had fancied that he knew his own power, and so in one sense he did, but he was not aware of his own want of power. He knew, indeed, that he had the brute courage to dare and do anything desperate and dastardly, but he did not know that he lacked the moral courage to bear the consequences of his deeds. The insurance policies, therefore, lay undisturbed, even unopened.

Another change for the worse affected by time was the death of Loo Aubrey. Gradually and gently her end approached. Death was so slow in coming that it was long expected; yet it was so very slow that when it came at last it took her friends by surprise. James Aubrey continued stiff and stately to the last. He refused to believe that his child was dying, and spared no expense to provide everything that money could procure to restore her health. He also refused to be reconciled to his son Fred who had succeeded in his novel profession beyond his expectations, and who had sought, again and again, to propitiate his father. At last Fred resolved to go abroad and study the works of the ancient masters. He corresponded regularly with Loo for some time, but his letters suddenly ceased to make their appearance, and nothing was heard of him for many months.

During the long and weary illness Loo had three friends whose visits were to her soul like gleams of sunshine on a cloudy day—Miss Tippet, Emma Ward, and a poor artificial-flower maker named Zina Cattle.

Those three, so different yet so like, were almost equally agreeable to the poor invalid. Miss Tippet was "so funny but so good," and Emma's sprightly nature seemed to charm away her pain for a time, while grave, gentle, earnest Zina made her happy during her visits, and left a sensation of happiness after she went away. All three were equally untiring in talking with her about the "old, old story"—the love of Jesus Christ.

Yes, it comes to this at last, if not at first, with all of us. Even the

professed infidel, though as he may in the spring tide of life usually listens to that "old, old story" when it's tide is very low, if not with faith at least with seriousness, and with a hope that it may be true. May be true! Why, if the infidel would only give one tithe of the time and trouble and serious inquiry to the investigation of that same old story and its credentials that he gives so freely to the study of the subtleties of his art and profession, he would find that there is no historical fact whatever within his ken which can boast of anything like the amount or strength of evidence in favor of its truth than exists in favor of the truth of the story of the Life, Death, and Resurrection of Jesus Christ our Lord.

When Loo died the stateliness and stiffness of James Aubrey gave way, and the stern business-like bearing upon the coffin, as he sat alone in the darkened room, wept as if he had been a little child.

There was yet another change brought about by that great over-turner Time. But as the change to which we refer affects those who have yet to take a prominent part in our tale, we will suffer them to speak for themselves.

One afternoon, long after the occurrence of those changes to which reference has just been made, Mrs. Willers, who sat quietly at her own bedside (although there was no fire there, the month being June), was interrupted in her not unusual though innocent occupation of darn ing socks by the abrupt entrance of her son Frank, who flung his cap on the table, kissed his mother on the forehead, and then flung himself on the sofa, which piece of furniture being old and decrepit, groaned under his weight.

"Mother," he exclaimed with animation, "I've got strange news to tell you. Is Willie at home?"

"No, but I expect him every minute. He promised to come home earlier to-day, and won't be long for he is a boy of his word."

Mrs. Willers persisted in calling her strapping sons "boys," despite the evidence to the contrary on their cheeks and chins.

"Here he comes!" cried Frank, as a rapid step was heard.

Next moment the door burst open and Willie, performing much the same ceremony that Frank had done, and in a wonderfully similar way, said he had come home with something strange to tell, though not altogether strange either, as his mother he said, knew something about it already.

Mrs. Willers smiled and glanced at Frank.

"Which is to begin first?" she asked.

"What do you know about it too?" cried Willie, turning to his brother.

"Know about what?" said Frank.

"You have not told me what it is; how can I answer you?"

"About Mr. Aubrey," said Willie.

Frank said that he knew nothing new or peculiar about him, except that he was not, he wouldn't say anything bad of him, for must be a miserable man at that time.

"But out with your news, Willie," he added, "mine will keep, and as yours is according to yourself, partly known already to my mother, it's as well to finish off one subject before we begin another."

"Oh, then, you have news too, have you?" said Willie.

Frank nodded.

"Strange coincidence!" exclaimed Willie.

"Did you ever hear of a coincidence that was not strange, lad? Go on with your news, else I'll begin before you."

Thus admonished, Willie began.

"Oh, mother, you're a nice deceiver; you're a my old lady, ain't you? and you sit there with a face as meek and sweet and smiling as if you had never deceived anybody in all your life, not to speak of your two sons. O, my!"

As Mrs. Willers still smiled, and went on with her knitting serenely, without vouchsafing a reply, Willie continued with an off-hand air—

"Well, then, I am as well tell you that I have just had an interview with Uncle Aubrey—hallo! you seem surprised!"

Mrs. Willers was indeed surprised. Her serenity of aspect fled in an instant.

"Oh, Willie, how comes it that you know? I am sure I did not mean to tell you. I promised I never would. I must have let it out inadvertently, or when I was asleep."

"Make yourself quite easy, mother," said Willie; "I'll explain it all presently. Just go on with your knitting, and don't put yourself into a state."

The widow, recovering herself a little, resumed her work, and Frank, who had listened with an amused smile up to this point—supposing that his brother was jesting—elongated his face and opened his eyes wider and wider as he listened.

"You must know," resumed Willie, "that I received a note from Mr. Aubrey last night, asking me to call on him some time this afternoon. So I went, and found him seated in his library. Poor man, he has a different look now from what he had when I went last to see him. You know I have hardly ever seen him since that day when I bamboozled him so about 'another boy' that he expected to call. But his spirit is not much improved, I fear. 'Sit down,' Mr. Willers, he said. 'I asked you to call in reference to a matter which I think is well that the parties concerned should understand thoroughly. Your brother Frank, I am told, has had the presumption to pay his addresses to Miss Ward, the young lady who lives with my relative, Miss Tippet. Yes, Mr. Aubrey, I replied, and Miss Ward has had the presumption to accept him—'

"It was wrong of you to answer so, Willie," interrupted Mrs. Willers, shaking her head, as usual.

"Wrong, mother! how could I help it? Was I going to sit there and hear him talk of Frank's presumption as if he were a chimney-sweep?"

"Mr. Aubrey thinks Miss Ward above him in station, and so deems it advisable to her hand presumption," replied the widow gently.

"Indeed, you have remembered the respect due to age."

"Well, but, mother," said Willie, defending himself, "it was very impudent of him, and I did speak very respectfully to him in tone if not in words. The fact is I felt nettled, for after all, what is Miss Ward? The society she mingles in is Miss Tippet's society, and that's not much to boast of; and her father, I believe, was a confectioner—no doubt a rich one, that kept his carriage before he failed, and left his daughter almost a beggar. But riches don't make a gentleman or a lady, either mother. I'm sure you've often told me that, and explained that education, and good training, and good feelings, and polite manners, were the true foundations of gentility. If that be so, mother, there are many gentlemen born who are not gentlemen bred, and many lowly born who—"

"Come, lad, don't bamboozle your mother with sophistries," interrupted Frank, "but go on to the point, and don't be so long about it."

"Well, mother," resumed Willie, "Mr. Aubrey gave me a harder rebuke than you have done, for he made no reply to my speech at all, but went on as quickly and coolly as if I had not opened my lips. Now," said he, "I happen to have a particular regard for Miss Ward. I intend to make her my heir, and I cannot consent to her union with a man who has nothing."

"I said I (and I assure you, mother I said this respectfully), my brother is a man who has little money, no doubt, but he has a good heart and a good strong arm, an arm, too, which has saved life before now. I stopped in that, for I saw it went home. 'Quite true,' he replied; 'I do not forget that he saved my lost child's life; but—' the thing is outrageous—that a penniless man should wed the lady who is to be my heir! No, sir, I sent for you to ask you to say to your brother from me, that however much I may respect him I will not consent to this union; and if it goes on despite my wishes I shall not leave Miss Ward a shilling. He had worked himself up into a rage by this time, and as I felt I would only make matters worse if I spoke, I held my tongue; except that I said I would deliver his message at once, as I expected to meet my brother at home. He seemed sorry for having been so sharp, however, and when I was about to leave him he tried to mangle me. I resist to have to speak thus to you, sir, but I felt it to be my duty. You talk of meeting your brother to-night at home; do you not live together?"

"No, sir," I replied; "my brother lodges close to his station, and I live with my mother in Notting Hill."

"Notting Hill?" he cried, falling back in his chair as if he had been struck by a thunderbolt. "Your mother—be gasped, Mrs. Willers—my sister-in-law—the Waterman's widow?"

"A sailor's widow, sir," said I, "who is proud of the husband who rose to the top of his profession."

"Why did you deceive me, sir?" cried Mr. Aubrey with a sudden frown. "I would have undeceived you, said I, 'when we first met, but you dismissed me abruptly at that time, and would not hear me out. Since then, I have not thought it worth while to intrude on you in reference to so small a matter—for I did not know till this day that we are related. He frowned harder than ever at this, and bit his lip, and then said: 'Well, young man, this will make no difference, I assure you. I desire you to convey my message to your brother. Leave me now.' I was just on the point of saying good-by, uncle, but he covered his face with his hands, and looked so miserable that I went out without a word more. There, you've got the whole of my story. What think you of it?"

"It's a curious one and very unexpected, at least by me," said Frank, "though, as you said, part of it must have been known to mother, who, no doubt, had good reasons for concealing it from us; but I rather think that my story will surprise you more, and its a better one than yours, Willie, in this respect that it is shorter."

"Come, then, out with it," said Willie, with a laugh; "why, this is something like one of the Arabian Nights Entertainments."

"Well, mother," said Frank, laying his hand gently on the widow's shoulder, "you shan't darn any more socks if I can help it for I'm a man of fortune now."

"How, Frank?" said Mrs. Willers with a puzzled look.

"The fact is, mother, that Mrs. Demman, the poor old lady whom I carried down the escape, I forget how many years ago, is dead, and has left me her fortune, which I believe amounts to something like twenty thousand pounds!"

"You don't mean that!" cried Willie, starting up.

"Indeed I do," said Frank earnestly.

"Then long life to ye, my boy!" cried Willie, wringing his brother's hand, and success to the old-well, no, I don't exactly mean that, but if she were alive I would say my blessing on the old lady. I wish you joy, old fellow! I say, surely the stately man won't object to the penniless fireman now—ha! ha! Well, it's like a dream; but tell us all about it, Frank."

"There is very little to tell, lad. I got a very urgent message the day before yesterday to go to see an old lady who was very ill. I obtained leave for an hour and went at once, not knowing who it was till I got there, when I found it was Mrs. Demman. She looked very ill, and I do assure you I felt quite unmanned when I looked into her little old face. 'Young man,' she said, in a low voice, 'you saved my life. I am dying, and have sent for you to thank you. God bless you.' She put out her thin hand and tried to shake mine, but it was too feeble; she could only press her fingers on it. That was all that passed, and I returned to the station feeling quite in low spirits. I do assure you. Well, next day a little man in black called, and said he wished to have a few words with me. So I went out, and he introduced himself as the old lady's lawyer, told me that she was gone, and that she had, almost with her last breath made him promise to go, the moment she was dead, and see the fireman who had saved her life, and tell him that she had left her fortune to him. He congratulated me; said that there were no near relations to feel aggrieved or to dispute my rights, and that, as soon as the proper legal steps had been taken—the debts and legacies paid, etc.—he would have the pleasure of handing over the balance, which would probably amount to twenty thousand pounds."

"To prove to you that Dr. Chase's Ointment is a certain and absolute cure for each and every form of itching, bleeding and protruding piles, the manufacturers have guaranteed it. See the enclosed in the daily press and ask your neighbors what they think of it. You can test it and get your money back if it does not cure you. All dealers or EDMANSON, BATES & CO., Toronto."

Dr. Chase's Ointment

## Is There Poison in Your Blood?

Then the Liver and Kidneys Have Failed to Perform Their Mission and You Need

Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills

If you are not well there must be a reason for it. Most of the common ills of life arise from poison in the system. If you would be well you must remove this cause of disease.

The work of the blood is two-fold. It supplies nourishment to the body and collects the impure and poisonous waste matter. This poisonous material is removed from the blood by the action of the liver and kidneys. When these organs fail the poison is carried back through the system in the circulation of the blood, and causes disease.

Where is your weak spot? Just here you may first expect to feel the effects of poison in the system. It may be stomach trouble or lung trouble, kidney disease or heart disease, but the beginning is with the action of the great filtering organs—the liver and kidneys.

Nine-tenths of the ills of everyday life may be cured by Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, because they set the liver, kidneys and bowels right, and so cleanse and invigorate the system.

Have you come to realize the importance of keeping the bowels regular and the liver and kidneys active? You will appreciate Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, not only on account of their wonderfully promptness, but also for their lasting effect on the system. They get at the very foundation of ill-health, and by removing the cause bring cure.

Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, the comfort of old age, one pill a dose, 25 cents a box, at all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates, & Co., Toronto. To protect you against imitations, the portrait and signature of Dr. A. W. Chase, the famous receipt book author, are on every box.

## AT DEATH'S DOOR.

THE STORY OF THE RECOVERY OF MISS FALFORD OF ST. ELIE.

She Says "I am Confident That Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Saved My Life"—Hope for all Weak, Sickly Girls.

To be well, to be strong, to possess a clear complexion, bright eyes and an elastic step, the blood must be pure and filled with life-giving energy. When you see pale, sickly girls, easily tired, subject to headaches, backaches, and violent palpitation of the heart, it is the blood that is at fault, and unless the trouble is speedily corrected the patient passes into that condition known as "decline" and death follows. The one sure, positive way to obtain rich, red health-giving blood is to take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. This medicine has saved thousands of young girls from a premature grave. Strong proof of this is offered in the case of Miss Zenaide Falford, of St. Elie, Quebec. Miss Falford tells the story of her sickness and recovery as follows: "Like many other Canadian girls, I went to the United States and found employment in a factory at Woonsocket. The close, indoor work proved too much for me and nearly ended in my death. At first I was taken with headaches, would tire very easily, had no appetite, and no energy. I tried to continue the work, but grew worse and worse, and finally was compelled to return to my home. I was so much changed and so emaciated that my friends hardly knew me. Two weeks after my return home I was forced to take my bed. I had a bad cough, was distressed by terrible dreams, and sometimes passed whole nights without sleep. Two doctors treated me, but without avail, as I was steadily growing weaker, in fact, could not hold my head above my head for more than three or four seconds, and had to be turned in bed. No one expected I would get better, and I thought myself I was about to die. At this time my brother came from Montreal to see me, and strongly urged me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. A supply of pills was procured, and I now bless the day I began taking them. It is enough to say that before three boxes were used I began to feel better, and from that on I grew stronger every day. By the time I had taken ten boxes I was once more enjoying the blessing of perfect health. No symptoms of the old trouble remain, and I am confident Dr. Williams' Pink Pills saved my life."

Pure blood is the secret of health, and it is because every dose of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills makes rich blood, that they cure such desperate cases as that above related. These pills cure all the troubles that arise from poor blood, and that means most of the ailments that afflict mankind. Give these pills a fair trial and they will not disappoint you. Sold by medicine dealers everywhere, or sent by mail, post paid, at 50c. per box or six boxes for \$2.50, by addressing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

knocking at the door which startled Mrs. Willers, and caused Willie to leap up and rush to open it.

Frank rose and put on his cap with the quiet promptitude of a man accustomed to alarms.

"That's a fire, mother; the kind of knock is quite familiar to me now. Don't be alarmed; we hear that kind of thing about two or three times a day at the station; they knew I was here, and have sent a messenger."

"A fire!" cried Willie, running into the room in great excitement.

"Tut, lad," said Frank, with a smile, as he nodded to his mother and left the room; "you'd never do for a fireman, you're too excitable. Where's the messenger?—ah, here you are. Well, where is it?"

"Tooley Street," exclaimed a man, whose condition showed that he had run all the way, "and he's dead."

Frank started and looked very grave, as he said hurriedly to his brother—

"Good-night, lad. I won't likely be able to get out to-morrow to talk over this matter of the fortune. Fires are usually bad in that neighborhood. Look well after mother. Good-night. I'll call on you in an hour."

In another moment he was gone. (To be Continued.)

WIND COLIC

"In my opinion," writes Mrs. Philip Collins, of Martindale, Que., "there is no medicine more equal Baby's Own Tablets. Before I began the use of the Tablets my baby cried all the time with wind colic and got little or no sleep, and I was nearly worn out myself. Soon after giving baby the Tablets the trouble disappeared, and sound natural sleep returned. I have also proved the Tablets a cure for hives, and a great relief when baby is teething. I would not feel that my children were safe if I did not have a box of the Tablets in the house."

All mothers who have used Baby's Own Tablets speak with a pride of them as does Mrs. Collins. The Tablets cure all the little troubles from which infants and young children suffer, and the mother has a solemn assurance that this medicine contains neither opiate nor any harmful drug. Sold by all medicine dealers or sent by mail at 25c. a box by writing The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.



FRIDAY, DEC. 4, 1903.

The WATCHMAN will be published every Friday.

J. S. GILES, Proprietor.

The WATCHMAN will be mailed to Subscribers in Canada and the United States for \$1.00 in advance, or \$1.50 at the end of the year.

Notices of Births, Marriages and Deaths inserted free.

All transient advertising matter charged 10c. per line, nonpareil measurement.

Locals, constituting 5 lines or less, 25 cents per each insertion.

Address all communications to  
The WATCHMAN,  
LACHUTE, QUE.

### TOWN COUNCIL.

The regular meeting of the Lachute Town Council was held on Wednesday last, at which were present, Mayor H. Slater, Councillors McGibbon, Lafleur, Hay, Lavigne, Tessier, Kearns, and Jousse.

A communication was received from the Locomotive Machine Co. of Montreal, enclosing plans and specifications for proposed iron bridge over the West River. On motion of Councillor Kearns, seconded by Councillor Lafleur, it was decided to call for public tenders for the same.

A motion was made by Councillor Hay, to appoint Messrs. Joss and Smith of the East End, as experts to examine the West River Bridge, and report its condition, and if it was worth repairing and the probable cost of same. This motion found a second in Councillor McGibbon.

Councillor Kearns, moved in amendment, seconded by Councillor Lavigne, that an expert from each ward be appointed in the persons of Messrs. Joss, Lafleur, and Charlebois.

The amendment carried. The suit for damages brought by Wm. Berry against the Town submitted to a committee comprising the Mayor and Councillors Hay, Lavigne, and Lafleur, to consult with the Town Attorney. Council then adjourned to Friday Dec. 11th.

### TRAGEDY AT ST. ANDREWS.

The peaceful tranquility of the quiet little village of St. Andrews has been suddenly thrown into a turbulent state by the untimely end of one of its inhabitants who came by his death through injuries received at the hands of Robert Day, according to the dying declaration of the deceased which was as follows:—

"I, Benjamin Laliberte, know that I am about to die and to appear before my God, and in this solemn moment I swear on the Holy Evangelist and declare, that on Monday, Nov. 23rd, about noon, I saw my son Joseph quarrelling with a man by the name of Charron, and Robert Day intervened in the affair. I wanted to bring my son home and Robert Day struck me on the mouth with a stone and I fell forward. Day then ran and picked up another stone from near by and struck me in the lower part of the body and I then crawled along to the home of Mr. Campeau a short distance from the scene and fell on the gallery, and it was there that my sons came to take me to my home. I have not left the bed since then."

The facts briefly are, that on Monday November, 23rd, about noon, Godfroid Laliberte, son of the deceased, was killing a pig. A little lad named Charron was looking on when the father of the boy (who was in liquor) made his appearance and started to abuse the lad and take him away. Laliberte who did not like seeing the boy treated so harshly interfered. Then it was that Day made his appearance and during a heated

discussion blows were struck and the deceased, an old man of some 68 years seeing his son in trouble, attempted to take him away. Day then called young Wm. Weightman to assist him and it was during this time that the deceased is said to have received the blow which terminated so fatally on the 29th November.

It was not at first thought that any serious consequences would follow, and the accused, it is stated, talked very glibly of the matter to many in the town, as to the manner in which he had downed the deceased. It was only when sure that Mr. Laliberte could not get better than the son appeared before Mr. O. E. Ladouceur, J.P., and laid such information as to demand the arrest of Day.

A special session of the Peace held yesterday afternoon before C. E. Ladouceur and W. S. Todd, the accused plead "not guilty" and was remanded upon motion of the representative of the Attorney-General, Mr. J. N. A. McKay, K. C. who asked for the prisoner to appear before the Court at 3 p.m. on the 4th inst. The accused was represented by Mr. J. L. St. Jacques.

The Coroner, Dr. Pierre Zoel Migneault of St. Augustin, held his enquiry yesterday afternoon before the following jurors: Messrs. Wm. Gauthier, Delphis Sauve, Severe Desjardins, Nicholas McKeracher, Antime Lapointe, Wm. Robert Jr., Henri Lalonde, Euclid Ladouceur, Louis Ladouceur, Alex. Jolin, Michel Fournier, Arthur Fournier.

Many witnesses were examined, and all the evidence goes to bear out the facts as previously presented.

The accused, Robert Day, feels no fear of conviction, owing to the fact that he was a duly sworn constable, and in that capacity was seeking to quell the disturbance when the deceased flew at him with the butcher knife, and he then threw the stones to keep him at bay. The stone that was alleged to have caused the injury was produced in court and bore blood-marks of the victim.

Much interest is centred in the affair and the verdict of the jury is being anxiously looked for.

### OBITUARY.

It is our painful duty to record the death of Mr. John W. Todd, of Jerusalem, which occurred on Wednesday last after a lingering illness of two years. The late gentleman bore an enviable reputation and was highly esteemed by all who knew him. Much sympathy is expressed to his devoted wife and six children who are called upon to mourn his loss.

### MONALEA.

Navigation has closed, and if the present weather prevails there will be crossing in a very short time.

Quite a number of our young people attended a "laffy soiree" given at the home of Mr. Peter Brierton, St. Philippe, on Nov. 25th. The evening was spent in music, dancing, etc. after which all returned home quite happy that the evening was all that had been anticipated.

Mr. Wm. Brierton has purchased what is known as the "Feeder Farm" from Mr. R. Whyte of Montreal.

Mr. P. and Miss B. Moran of Stonefield, were the guests of the Misses McCoy on Sunday last.

The hand of death has visited us once more, grasping as its victim a much respected resident in the person of Mrs. Ethier wife of Mr. Ethier Lockmaster. The deceased succumbed to consumption after quite an illness. During her residence here she was highly esteemed for her amiable and benevolent disposition. Much sympathy is extended to the bereaved husband for his sad loss.

### LAKEFIELD.

We are enjoying beautiful winter weather here now as well as good sleighing.

Miss Hodge of Montreal who has been visiting her uncle and aunt Mr. and Mrs. J. Smith for the past week returned home on Wednesday morning.

Mr. J. Smith had a very successful bee last week cutting wood, and Mr. Jno. Peet is having one this week cutting logs.

The cottage prayer-meetings which are held every Friday evening by the Methodist people are largely attended, and are proving a source of great blessing, especially to those who find it difficult to attend the regular meeting in the church on Thursday evening. Meeting this week at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Dawson.

We offer our congratulations to our esteemed friend Mr. Allan Rogers, "who recently left here for Manitoba," for being so successful as salesman for Lake Bros. Nurserymen as to have his name placed on the honor roll. Mr. Rogers has our best wishes for a successful winter's canvass.

Elaborate preparations are being made for the Xmas Tree and entertainment to be held in the Methodist Church on Xmas night, and the interest that is being taken in it by both young and old, cannot but bring desired results, if it proves as successful as the one held last year, we may well look forward to it as being the event of the season.

The Methodist Parsonage was the scene of a happy gathering on Wednesday Dec. 2nd, when Mrs. Jennie Cole, daughter of Mr. Thos. Lyster of the Seignory was married to Mr. Robert A. J. Gaulty son of Mr. John Gaulty of Thos's Gore. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. G. S. Schagel. The bride looked very pretty and was attended by her sister Miss Priscilla Lyster while the groom was supported by Mr. John W. C. Lyster of Thos's Gore. We extend to the bride and groom our best wishes for a happy future.

### BIRTH.

HARRIS.—On Wednesday, Nov. 25, 1903, at St. James Rectory, Farnham, Que., to Rural Dean and Mrs. Harris, a daughter.

BONHOMME.—At Lachute Road, on Sunday Nov. 29th, 1903, (twin sons) to Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Bonhomme

BARKER.—At Lachute, on Sunday Nov. 29th, 1903, a son to Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Barker.

### DEATH.

LAROCQUE.—At Lachute, on Wednesday, Dec. 2nd, 1903, Helen Larocque, second daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Larocque, aged 16 years and 4 months.

TODD.—At Jerusalem, on Wednesday, Dec. 2nd, John W. Todd, aged 68 years.

### CONVENTION.

A Convention of the Liberal Conservative association and electors of the County of Argenteuil will be held on Thursday Dec. 10th, inst, at 1 o'clock p.m. in the Victoria Hall, Lachute.

Mr. G. H. Perley and leading speakers will be present.

JOHN HOPE,

Pres'd. Conservative Association.

P. E. LAFLEUR, Sec'y.

Lachute, Dec. 3rd, 1903.

### TENDERS FOR STEEL BRIDGE.

Tenders will be received by the undersigned up to Dec. 11th, inst, for the construction of a steel bridge, with stone abutments, over the West River Lachute Town P. Q. Applicants will tender for the whole job, and also separately, for superstructure and for abutments.

Plans and specifications to be seen at the office of the Secretary-Treasurer, Lachute Town.

JAMES W. RAITT

Secretary-Treasurer Lachute Town.

### TENDERS WANTED.

Tenders for the erection of a new school at Edina will be received up till Dec. 20th next. Plans and specifications may be seen at the Secretary's office, Brownsburg, or at the residence of Alex. Calder, Edina. Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. Mark "Tender" and address, JNO. MCQUAT, Brownsburg.

### CARD OF THANKS.

To G. J. WALKER, ESQ.,  
Agent Commercial Union Ass. Co.  
Dear Sir,—Please convey my thanks to the Commercial Union Assurance Co'y, for the satisfactory way they have settled my claim on my recent fire.

Yours truly,  
WM. F. LAW.



James E. Nicholson.

### Almost

### Passes Belief

Mr. Jas. E. Nicholson, Florenceville, N. B., Struggles for Seven Long Years with

### CANCER ON THE LIP,

AND IS CURED BY

**AYER'S Sarsaparilla**

Mr. Nicholson says: "I consulted doctors who prescribed for me, but to no purpose; the cancer began to

### Eat into the Flesh,

spread to my chin, and I suffered in agony for seven long years. Finally I began taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla. In a week or two I noticed a

### Decided Improvement.

Encouraged by this result, I persevered, until in a month or so the sore under my chin began to heal, and after using the Sarsaparilla for six months, the last trace of the cancer disappeared."

**Ayer's Sarsaparilla**

Admitted at the World's Fair.

AYER'S PILLS Regulate the Bowels.

# CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

## What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Purgative, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant, contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Whooping Cough. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

## GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

*Chas. H. Fletcher*

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 27 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

### FORTUNES IN PATENTS

Send a Rough Drawing in Lead Pencil of your idea, improvement or invention, with a clear description of it, and we will promptly tell you if it is new and probably patentable, absolutely free. **FREE!** Valuable 100 page book "How to get a Patent." **MARION & MARION, Experts,** Temple Bldg., Montreal. The only firm of graduate engineers in the Dominion transacting patent business. **Referrals: Highest references.**

**Windsor**

Purest and Best for Table and No adulteration. Never

## Hardware, Etc. Etc.

A full Assortment of the Following Lines in Stock.

Cow Chains & Fixtures,

Horse Blankets,

Snow Shovels,

Hockey Sticks,

Skates, Etc. Etc.

**HUGH FRASER, Jr.**

## SEASONABLE GOODS.

Sealette and Wool Lap Rugs

Saskatchewan Robes.

Siberian Wolf " "

Black Bear " "

Grey Goat " "

Bells, Russian Gongs, etc.

Horse Blankets from 50c. up.

The Choicest Groceries Always Fresh.

**HENRY J. GILES & BRO.**

## CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*



## Professional & Commercial

**G. E. BAMPTON, K.C.,**  
ADVOCATE.  
Office; Main Street, East Ward,  
Lachute P. Q.,  
P.O. Box 248.  
Attends Courts in District of Ter-  
rebonne, Ottawa and Montreal.  
Collections promptly remitted.

**J. L. St. JACQUES, L.L.L.,**  
ADVOCATE,  
Office open daily (except Tuesdays and  
Saturdays) on 1st floor, Roby's Block,  
Opposite Rodrigue's Hotel  
LACHUTE

**J. E. W. SIMPSON,**  
Insurance and Financial Agent,  
Fire, Life and Accident Assurance.  
Only First-class Companies Represented  
LACHUTE, P.Q.

**DENTISTRY.**  
**H. C. McCONNELL, D.D.S., L.D.S.**  
SURGEON-DENTIST.  
Will be in Lachute every Monday, Wed-  
nesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday.  
(Absent on Tuesday only.)

**B. S. STACKHOUSE, S.E., D.D.S. L.D.S.**  
DENTISTRY.—Hereafter, Dr. B. S.  
Stackhouse will be in Lachute from  
Tuesday to Saturday, last five days  
of each week. Dr. Arthur Stack-  
house will assist every Saturday.  
Office at Mrs. Painters.

**N. FOREST,**  
NOTARY.  
STE. SCHOLASTIQUE P.Q.

**H. J. J. LADOUCEUR,**  
SURGEON DENTIST,  
Will be in St. Andrews the third Sat-  
urday of each month.

**DR. G. CHRISTIE,**  
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,  
MAIN STREET LACHUTE, P.Q.

**DR. A. A. GAUTHIER**  
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,  
Office at: Mr. A. D. Raymond's,  
Foundry St., Lachute.

**MALCOLM SMITH,**  
Licensed Auctioneer.  
P. O. Box 10. Lachute, Que-  
For the District of Terrebonne. Sales  
conducted in French and English.

**J. E. VALOIS,**  
NOTARY PUBLIC,  
LACHUTE, P.Q.  
Money to Loan on Security.  
Office BETHANY STREET.

**J. O. FOURNIER, L.L.L.**  
ADVOCATE.  
No. 16 St. JAMES ST., MONTREAL.

**STEPHENS & PALUISER**  
ADVOCATES AND ATTORNEYS,  
LACHUTE.  
C. H. Stephens, K.C., Joseph Palliser, B.U.L.  
Montreal. Lachute.  
Offices in Banford's Block.  
All matters submitted to Mr. Stephens for  
opinion and approval.

**G. J. WALKER,**  
INSURANCE AND FINANCIAL AGENT,  
LACHUTE, P.Q.  
Notes discounted and Loans Made  
Only First-class Insurance Companies  
Represented.

**J. A. O. ETHIER**  
ADVOCATE,  
STE. SCHOLASTIQUE P.Q.  
Attends all courts in the district of  
Terrebonne, and is in Lachute every  
Tuesday.



Y.M.C.A. Building, Montreal.  
Fall Session opens Sept. 7, 1903.

This institution gives a thorough up-  
to-date business training in book-keep-  
ing, Shorthand, Typewriting, French,  
etc. Write for prospectus giving full  
information regarding terms, etc.

A. W. YOUNG,  
Principal.



**Gray's  
Syrup  
of Red  
Spruce  
Gum**

For Coughs,  
Colds, Bron-  
chitis, Sore  
throat, etc.

KERRY, WATSON & CO., PROPRIETORS,  
MONTREAL.

## THE PERFECT TEA

**MONSOON  
TEA**

THE  
FINEST TEA  
IN THE WORLD

FROM THE TEA PLANT TO THE TEA CUP  
IN ITS NATIVE PURITY.

"Monsoon" Tea is packed under the supervision  
of the Tea growers, and is advertised and sold by them  
as a sample of the best qualities of Indian and Ceylon  
Teas. For that reason they see that none but the  
very fresh leaves go into Monsoon packages.

That is why "Monsoon," the perfect Tea, can be  
sold at the same price as inferior teas.

It is put up in sealed caddies of 1/4 lb., 1 lb., and  
5 lbs., and sold in three flavours at 40c., 50c. and 60c.  
If your grocer does not keep it, tell him to write to  
STEEL, HAYTER & CO., 11 and 13 Front St.  
East, Toronto.

## TENDER.

Tenders will be received up till  
noon of October 28rd, for the  
building of two stone abutments  
and one centre pier for an iron  
bridge 15 feet in width, to be built  
of solid stone, or granite, with  
cement. Tenders for the pier and  
abutments to be given separately.  
Lowest or any tender, not  
necessarily accepted.

Jas. W. Raitt.  
Sec.-Treas. Lachute Town.

## CASTORIA.

The Kind You Have Always Bought  
Bears the  
Signature of  
*Charles H. Fletcher*

Give  
the  
Baby  
Chance  
The only food  
that will build  
up a weak con-  
stitution gradu-  
ally but surely is

**Martin's  
Cardinal Food**

a simple, scientific and highly  
nutritive preparation for infants,  
delicate children and invalids.

KERRY WATSON & CO., PROPRIETORS,  
MONTREAL.

## Your Wants Supplied.

We are now well established in our new  
Enterprise, and beg to remind the Public  
that there is no necessity to go into Lachute  
to do your shopping, as our store is all well  
stocked with all the newest and best goods.

Don't forget that we take any produce  
in Exchange for goods. We want your trade.

**V. & I. McFAUL, - - BROWNSBURG.**

## A few Leaders.

**Ladies' Jackets.** This is the  
choicest line  
We have yet put on the tables. None  
of last years to worry you. The  
newest cuff, the newest shade, the  
newest style generally. The early  
buyer is always safest. Think of the  
opportunity of selecting from  
**SEVENTY-FIVE JACKETS.**

**Overcoats.** Here, as usual, we  
lead away out of sight  
between Montreal and Ottawa.  
The **CHAMBERLAIN** is the  
overcoat for this Season. You are  
dressed when you have one of these.

## SUITS.

Men's and Boys, in greatest variety  
and newest patterns.

We have just received a new lot of  
Carpets. We are having a fine run  
on them just now. No need to go to  
the city for them. People are sur-  
prised at our low prices and come  
far to buy.

**Wm. BANFORD.**

## BANK OF OTTAWA

HEAD OFFICE, OTTAWA, ONT.  
Capital, (authorized) - \$3,000,000  
Capital, [Fully paid up] - \$2,000,000  
Reserved Fund - \$1,334,373

## BRANCHES:

ONTARIO.  
Alexandria, Arnprior, Avonmore, Brace-  
bridge, Carleton Place, Cobden, Hawkes-  
bury, Keewatin, Kemptonville, Lanark,  
Mattawa, Ottawa, Parry Sound, Pemb-  
roke, Rat Portage, Renfrew, Smith Falls,  
Toronto, Vankeek Hill, Winchester,  
Maxville, North Bay, Prince Albert.

## QUEBEC.

Granby, Hull, Lachute, Montreal,  
Shawinigan Falls.

## MANITOBA.

Dauphin, Portage la Prairie, Winnipeg,  
Emerson.

Geo. HAY, PRESIDENT, DAVID MACLACHLAN,  
VICE-PRESIDENT, HENRY M. BATH, JOHN  
F. FRASER, HON. GEO. EYTON, JOHN  
MATHER, HENRY W. EGAN, DENIS MUR-  
PHY, M.L.A. GEO. H. FARLEY.

A General Banking business trans-  
acted. Drafts issued on all Banking  
points in the Dominion, United States  
and Great Britain.

Notes and Bills collected.  
Interest allowed at current rates and  
payable semi-annually.  
No delay in withdrawing deposits.

**BRANCH AT LACHUTE.**  
J. R. PARRIS, - - - Manager

Children Cry for  
**CASTORIA.**

## IF THE BREAD'S THERE

The most important part of the  
meal is—

## Our Bread.

will not only sustain life, but take  
the place of many dainties, which  
are considered indispensable to  
the well set table.

This bread is delightfully crisp  
and palatable. Never gets soggy  
or sour. Made of the finest hard  
western wheat flour.

**JOHN HOPE.**

Children Cry for  
**CASTORIA.**

## New Cash Grocery Store.

Having purchased the Commodious  
store on Bethany St. from Mr. J. B  
Raymond, I have stocked it with a  
large assortment of

## Fresh Groceries

which will be found choice, good &  
reasonable. We solicit a call.

**FRANCIS LAURIN.**



The ONLY  
Meat Cutter  
Worth Buying.

**HALL, COOK, and  
HEATING STOVES.**

**PUMPS, PIPES AND  
SINKS, and general  
Hardware.**

**McOuat & McRae,**  
Lachute, P.Q.

## SUITABLE

## PRESENTS

Sometimes it is difficult to select a suitable  
gifts for our friend. We have a nice assortment  
of Music Cases, Easels, Chairs, and Rockers to  
make presents that are always appreciated.

**LACHUTE FURNITURE FACTORY**  
O. B. Lafleur, Prop.



FOR THE HOME

Recipes for the Kitchen, Hygiene and Other Notes for the Housekeeper.

WAYS OF COOKING EGGS.

It may sound somewhat odd to speak of the "season" of eggs, since they are in evidence all the year round, but assuredly they have their season in common with all other animal and vegetable products. When eggs are cheapest and most plentiful, they are also most wholesome. A housewife is wise to seek for as many ways of using them as she possibly can. Most people take an egg for breakfast, but a new way of poaching one for an invalid's tray is to butter the inside of a cup, separate the white from the yolk of a new laid egg, whisk the former to a stiff froth and put this into a cup, making a cavity in the middle where-in to slip carefully the yolk. Squeeze a drop or two of lemon juice on the top, then set the cup in a small saucepan of boiling water, and let it poach thus until the white is set firm. In the cooking the froth will rise so as nearly to fill the cup and turn out the egg, sprinkle a pinch of chopped parsley on the top; serve at once.

Another equally delicate mode of making a sweet dish for dessert is to poach the whiskied whites in sweetened milk by dropping small spoonfuls in when it is near the boiling point. When all the whites have been poached and lifted out, the beaten yolks are added to the milk and stirred over the fire until a thickened custard is obtained; this can be flavored according to taste. Pour the custard into a compote dish and set the poached whites on the top.

Boil till hard three or four eggs, throw immediately into cold water to prevent discoloration, then strip off the shells. Divide the eggs in halves, and cut out the points so that they will stand firmly on a dish; remove the yolks from each half, and to them add a spoonful of white breadcrumbs soaked in milk, the same amount of soft butter, some chives and sweet herbs minced, also salt and pepper, or, instead of pepper, a few drops of tobacco or tomato chutney will be an improvement. Mix these ingredients and then refill the eggs. Butter a fire-proof china dish, sprinkle the bottom with fine herbs and crumbs, set the eggs thereupon and heat in a quick oven for just five minutes.

A puree is cooked separately by stewing well washed and picked sorrel in a little butter until it is so reduced that it can be beaten with a spoon. Season this with salt and pepper, and beat in a couple of spoonfuls of thick cream. The eggs are in the meantime baked in buttered cups, and when just set they are turned out on the puree, a sprinkling of finely minced fresh onion on the top of each. This dish should also be served hot as soon as cooked. It goes without saying that eggs baked in this way might be served on any other kind of puree, or surrounded with stewed fresh peas or a savory brown sauce might be substituted for the vegetable.

Another favorite dish of baked eggs is also easily prepared. Butter the bottom of a shallow enameled dish or a pie dish; sprinkle in a few breadcrumbs; break into this as many eggs as the dish will reasonably hold without their running into one another, cover these thickly with grated cheese, a sprinkling of salt and pepper, pour in the greater part of a small jugful of cream and add one or two bits of salt butter. Set this dish in a moderate oven to brown the surface slightly and cook the eggs; then serve at once.

USEFUL HINTS.

An eminent authority on nerves recommends for insomnia a cup of hot milk, to be taken after getting into bed. A well known statesman, among others, is said to have taken this cure with complete success.

Cranberries are said to be a powerful tonic. Eaten freely after typhoid fever, they clear the system and some dyspeptics carry them in their pockets and eat them raw.

Vaseline and coconut butter, mixed in equal proportions, are recommended for stimulating the growth of the eyebrows. The preparation should be rubbed in carefully, but thoroughly, every night. Care is essential in doing anything with the eyebrows because the hairs are not as a rule, very numerous, and the unnecessary loss of one is a matter of importance, especially when one is losing her best to cultivate them.

This ointment is very fine for softening the finger nails: One ounce of petrolatum, sixty grains of powdered white castile soap, five drops of oil of bergamot. It should be applied at night.

When frying oysters add a little baking powder to the cracker dust, cornmeal in which they are rolled, improves both texture and flavor. A cornmeal bath is helpful both to hands and complexion, when they get rough and harsh looking, wash first in warm, soapy water, then with an olive oil soap, then with a soft towel and rub in meal. Let it remain on all night, wearing gloves on the hands, order to keep the meal from rubbing off. A few baths of this sort generally whiten and soften the appreciable.

...the medical Journal says, but it warns people against placing any belief whatever in the contention that they are in any special way brain foods. Good digestion, says this Journal, such digestion as the ordinary man possesses, is quite equal to the task of providing the system with all the nutritive elements that any portion of it may require from the miscellaneous diet that most of us subsist on. The idea that a perfectly healthy person may be made healthier by a particular diet seems to have taken a strong hold upon many members of the community, but medical men recognize the absurdity of and omit no occasion to combat it, though it must be admitted that it is hardly likely to do harm. Not only are the cereals not brain foods, in the technical sense, but there is reason to suppose that some of the highly lauded and widely advertised preparations are actually harmful in their action.

TESTED RECIPES.

Molasses Cakes.—Beat one egg light and add one-half cup of brown sugar and continue beating; add one-half cup of shortening softened in one-half cup of hot water (using half lard and half butter), then add one of molasses, one teaspoon of soda, one teaspoon of ginger, one teaspoon of salt, one tablespoon of lemon juice, one-half teaspoon of grated nutmeg and about five cups of flour or enough to drop it from the spoon in small cakes, some distance apart, on a greased pan. Bake quickly.

Rice and Blackberry Cream.—Pick over and wash one cup of rice; cook in three pints of boiling water until it is very soft and the water all absorbed. Stir into it one teaspoon of salt, one cup of sugar and the juice and a little of the grated rind of one lemon. When the sugar is dissolved fold in one-half of cream whipped stiff and one cup of stewed and sifted blackberries. Put into moulin and when cold turn out and garnish with some of the largest of the berries.

Dates or Prune Pie.—A delicious pie can be made from dates or prunes. To make a date pie remove the stones from a large cupful of dates and stew in a little water until soft enough to beat to a pulp. There should be a cup and a half of pulp. Add a beaten egg, and a half cup of milk and a dust of cinnamon or mixed spice and bake with an undercrust only. If prunes are used they must be stewed soft before attempting to remove the stones, then proceed in the same way.

MARRIAGE BY CAPTURE.

The Custom Still Survives in Many Countries.

If one divides marriages in accordance with the methods of winning a wife there will be found to be three kinds: marriage by capture, marriage by purchase, and marriage by fascination or attraction. Man first caught and captured his wife; then he grew half-civilized and bought her; finally he wooed and won her heart in tenderness and love. The author of "Weddings and Weddings in Many Lands" whimsically points out that we have traces of all three methods, for all men have somewhat of the savage in them, and woman, man's great civilizer, has also the opposite effect of making him primitive when he is in love. Marriage by capture still survives in Australia and among the Malays; in Hindustan, Central Asia, Siberia and Kamchatka; among the Eskimos, the northern redskins, the aborigines of Brazil; in Chile and Tierra del Fuego; in the Pacific Islands; in the Philippines; among the Arabs and the Negroes, in Circassia; and until modern times it obtained throughout a great part of Europe. Relics of this old method, respectable relics sanctioned by clergyman, judge and poet, are found in the ring, which is symbol of the fetters wherewith the captor bound his struggling victim; in the shoes thrown after the bride's carriage, which are commemorative of the missiles hurled after the fleeing captor by the outstripped relatives; in the prolonged flight of the honeymoon; and in the "best man," who, as he stands in the innocent and unathletic stiffness of a flock coat, trying to remember in which pocket he put the ring, does not realize that he is the modern descendant of the chief fighter on the groom's side in the old days of violent wooing.

In northern countries, like Greenland, the romp and struggle of the chase is perhaps necessary to melt out the human heart, which is frozen by the cold and the harsh conditions of life. The young Eskimo does not often fall violently in love. He seeks a wife, and selects her chiefly for her strength and health, that she may aid him in the stern toll and stoic endurance of life in the snows.

Having selected her, he marches to her abode, or watches and lies in wait for her as she walks forth from her father's house. He seizes her by her long hair or her fur coat, and drags her to his hearth and home under a bowl of ice or in a tent of skin. She must resist him or she is looked down upon. But she must be beaten if she is to prove that he has strength to keep her and feed her after she is won.

About the only establishment that makes money without advertising is the mint.

THE DEADLY WHITE PASS

EASY WAY OPENED TO THE KLONDIKE GOLDFIELDS.

The Awful Sufferings Endured by Men When Gold Was Discovered.

It is not likely that any writer will ever be able adequately to describe the horrors of this land, or be able to tell in a fitting manner of the privations and hardships which men underwent a few years ago. During that wonderful rush that followed the announcement of the marvellous gold discoveries in the Klondike, writes a correspondent from White Horse, Yukon Territory.

Skaguay was the starting place for the terrible trip over the famous White Pass, and there are still men here who shudder when they tell of it; men whose lined faces and prematurely gray hair tell plainly the story of those awful days.

Imagine if you can a narrow trail leading through cañons and over mountains, a trail barely broken, which leads now through a rushing stream in the bottom of a rock-strewn valley, now along a precipice hundreds of feet high, now over a mountain peak thousands of feet above the sea. Strew this trail with all possible hardships, and you may have some slight idea of the perils which the gold seekers were forced to undergo.

Over this mountain trail, more than a hundred miles long, thousands of eager gold seekers rushed. At times the line was so close that if a man fell out of his place it might take him hours to get back into line. Through snow to their knees these men travelled, each one stopping in the tracks of the man ahead of him. The little pack of provisions which each man carried was small enough, but it was a load that bore many a man down, and when he fell the line closed up, and no helping hand was reached out to raise him. For gold was ahead and men's hearts were hardened. Brothers left brothers to die in the snow, and sons left fathers to gasp out their last breaths on this trail of death, while they rushed on to the Eldorado.

PAR IN THE DISTANCE.

It will never be known how many lives were sacrificed on this terrible trail over which the tourist now travels in a comfortable railway carriage; it will never be known what human toll the god of gold took from the rushing thousands who followed his standard. Men died like cattle and no one stopped to give them aid or burial.

Reaching Lake Bennett, the first stage of the journey was over. Thousands of miners camped here, then, where to-day there are not a dozen houses. Here boats and scows were built, trees being felled and the logs whipsawed into planks by hand. Weeks were consumed before boats could be made ready and the dangerous descent of the lake begun. The bleaching ribs of hundreds of scows line the shore of this lake to this day, showing where boats were lost and probably lives as well.

Through the Fifty Mile River the course ran, between the great rocky bluffs that form Miles Canyon, and through the White Horse Rapids, which are almost impossible of navigation. In the canon and in the rapids, hundreds of scows foundered and scores of lives were lost. Beyond this the Lewes river gives comparatively easy travelling until it joins the Peel river and becomes the Yukon. The current in this river is rarely less than six miles an hour and the channel is tortuous, but with the exception of the Five Finger Rapids it is free from rocks.

The entrance to the Yukon and to Alaska proper is now one of the easiest possible trips. The journey is easily made as the one from Toronto to Montreal, and almost as comfortably.

MADE ITS OWNERS RICH.

This railway is one of the most marvellous on the continent. Its construction was one of the engineering feats of the age. It travels over the mountains, taking a course that to the layman would seem impossible and to the engineer almost so.

The railway begins at Skaguay and at present ends at White Horse, a distance of 112 miles. Its construction, following closely on the rush for the Klondike, was begun in May, 1898, and it was finished to Lake Bennett in July, 1899. Scows and steamers were used to transport passengers and freight to White Horse

from this point until the railway was completed. To Mr. E. C. Hawkins, chief engineer, is due the credit for the construction of the railway.

From Skaguay the railway follows the famous White Pass route. It is twenty miles from Skaguay to the summit of the mountains, and this twenty miles cost the company an average of more than \$100,000 a mile to construct. All the way up the valley and to the pass the road twists and turns like a snake along the hillsides and the precipices. It doubles back and forth, always climbing, until at places near the summit three lines of track can be seen below the one on which the train is running. The steepest grade on the entire trip is about 3.90 per cent, although the summit of the range is nearly 3,000 feet above the sea level at Skaguay.

The first stop of the train after leaving Skaguay is at the summit of the mountains, where the temporary boundary line between the United States and Canada is reached. Here two flags, the Stars and Stripes and the Union Jack, float side by side. The actual boundary post is BETWEEN THE TWO FLAGS.

To the west of the mountains the descent is not so great. The construction of the road is much more simple, and was not nearly so expensive.

The first place of interest in Canadian territory is Lake Bennett. There is little left of the town which once stood at the head of the great lake from which it took its name. It was here that the Klondike "mushers" built the boats which took them down the river to Dawson. A large town sprang up at the head of the lake, but it was only temporary, and when the railway was completed to White Horse, seventy miles further up, the town died. A large log church and a few scattered cabins are all that are left to tell the tale of Bennett's glory.

A few miles beyond Lake Bennett one comes to the remains of Lake Lewis. This lake, four miles long and three miles wide, with an average depth of thirty feet, was drained that the railway might cross its bed. A cut was made into Watson river, a small stream running into Tagish Lake, and thence into the Yukon. All the water of Lake Lewis was gone ninety hours after the cut was made, and the lake bed was left dry as it is seen to-day, the mud of its former bottom still remaining in curious hills and valleys. So great was the flow of water when the cut was made that there was a rise of a foot and a half in the Yukon river 200 miles away. The road was built across the bed of the lake, saving more than ten miles of very expensive construction.

At Cariboo, a station at the head of Lake Tagish, a line of steamers for Atlin, the new gold country, connects with the train. The creeks about Atlin have proved very rich, although no wonderful strikes have been made. Particularly the entire country has been taken up, and large companies are now buying up claims, as the dirt is of a grade that makes large operations necessary for success in their working.

ANIMALS ARE SACRIFICED

SLAIN TO FURNISH EVIDENCE FOR THEIR MASTERS.

Pet Goat Ate Government Stamps—Parrot Stole a Valuable Diamond.

The cases on record where the lives of animals have been sacrificed in the guilt or innocence of suspected persons might be established are more numerous, perhaps, than one would at first suppose. Only the other day a pet goat belonging to the proprietor of a large public-house was obliged to give up his life to prove his master's innocence and his own lack of caution says London Tit-Bits.

The story, which was considered rather "tall" at the time, related to five barrels of whisky which were delivered to the publican by the wholesale agent, and which remained for some time on the pavement outside his establishment. According to his statement, a pet goat which the publican had had for some years came along and, seeing the barrels, went up to each one separately and, perhaps as a practical protest against Customs dues in general, ate up the Government stamps. Five minutes later the inspector arrived and, finding the stamps missing confiscated the whisky.

The publican assured him that the goat had the stamps in his "little

inside," but, being a teetotaler, the Government official refused to swallow so remarkable a story. As the fine would have been considerable, and there was a likelihood of his license being cancelled, the publican decided that, if necessary, he would sacrifice the life of his goat to prove his statement.

He appeared before the local magistrates, who after listening attentively to his story, ordered the goat to be slaughtered and the contents of

HIS STOMACH ANALYZED.

This was done, and as there were distinct traces of something which might have been Revenue stamps, or blotting-pads, or pen-wipers, the publican was given the benefit of the doubt and his whisky returned to him. He was warned, however, not to keep a goat in future or he might not be so fortunate next time should the animal evince a taste for Revenue stamps.

A short time ago a case in which a servant girl was accused of robbing her mistress of a valuable diamond stud attracted some attention. The stud was on the dressing-table while the maid was dusting the room and when she left the jewel was missing. It could not be found and the girl was accused of stealing it, her boxes searched, etc., and finally she was arrested and charged with the theft.

Probably at her wits' end for some means of proving her innocence the girl stated that the parrot had swallowed it, she was sure of that, though she had not actually witnessed the avian robbery. The parrot, it appeared, had been in the family for several years, and was allowed to fly about the rooms at will, often hopping among the trinkets on the dressing-table of his mistress. The magistrate who tried the case was inclined to believe the girl's statement, and ultimately decided that her accusers must either permit the bird to be slaughtered for the purposes of evidence or withdraw the charge. After considerable argument the lady agreed to the latter course, and the girl was discharged.

A bird doctor who examined the parrot gave it as his opinion that there was something of a hard and foreign nature in the bird's stomach which might possibly be the stud, though he would not venture to affirm this for a certainty.

A few months later, however, the parrot became ill and ultimately died and on being dissected

THE STUD WAS RECOVERED.

The conscience-stricken owner thereupon searched for the accused girl, and, having found her, made generous amends for the unjust charge she had brought against her.

Another case of an animal being cut open to produce evidence took place in Scotland in 1897. An errand boy in a grocery store in Perth was given a ten-pound note by his employer to purchase five shillings' worth of stamps. The boy started on his mission accompanied by his dog, a frisky, wire-haired terrier, named Bob, but returned half an hour later in great excitement saying that the animal had snatched the note out of his hand and before he could regain it had eaten the "tenner."

The boy was asked if he would be willing for his dog to be killed in order that portions of the note might be recovered and his own innocence established; but this he refused, saying the little animal was the only friend he had and he wasn't "going back on him." He stoutly declared his readiness to go to prison rather than sacrifice Bob.

His master, who was a kindly Scotchman, consulted a veterinary, who declared that he could examine Bob's stomach without making him forfeit his life, and when he had assured Bob's owner that the animal would be all right in the course of a few days the boy gave his consent for the operation. The dog was given an anaesthetic, his stomach cut open, and several portions of undigested paper removed.

On analysis these proved to belong to "bank-note quality" and the canny Scotchman having kept a record of the number of the note, an affidavit was sworn and the money subsequently paid. The boy was promoted, Bob was soon running about as well as ever, and what had promised to be a tragedy ended to the entire satisfaction of everyone concerned.

NOVEL USE FOR TEETH.

There is a newspaper man who does the whole of his writing with his teeth. Mr. Louis Schuelke, who has from birth been denied the use of either hands or arms, has adopted this method with great success, although able also to work with his feet. He is the Bunker's Hill correspondent of the Waterbury Republican, a Connecticut journal. In addition to writing, Mr. Schuelke draws and paints by the same means, and with considerable skill.

NAVIGATION EXPLOIT.

Exploits in navigation by small boat are extending to Eastern Europe. Simon Strabrovsky, a hardy Russian fisherman of Odessa, has just accomplished the feat of navigating alone a small sailing boat from that port across the Black Sea to Constantinople and back, putting in at Constanza and Salina on the return voyage. One peculiarity of the adventure is that Strabrovsky navigated without a compass, declaring that the stars were enough. He received a sum of \$1,000 for his exploit.





## SENTENCE SERMONS.

A liar needs no label.  
Life is the laboratory of religion.  
Our phrases are but the garments of truth.  
A day without a good deed leaves you in debt.  
Happiness is never picked up on the bargain counter.  
The best men are always looking for the best in men.  
He became the Man of Sorrows for the sorrows of men.  
You cannot carry a crooked rule along the straight road.  
The road of prejudice never leads to the realm of truth.  
It is only to-morrow's burdens that break the back of to-day.  
It is cheap makeshift to mock at what you cannot make.  
Keep your complaints out of your heart and they will die of neglect.  
The more of a man the saint is the more of a saint the man will be.  
A brotherly boost is often worth a whole lot of sisterly sympathy.  
You cannot get up an orchestra composed of people who blow their own horns.  
It is no use a man's trying to be holy unless he has made up his mind to be honest.

## MANITOBA GIVES

### STRIKING PROOF

#### WHAT DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS CURE WHEN OTHER MEANS FAIL.

Mr. J. J. Perkins Disabled by Kidney Pains, Finds New Health in the Great Canadian Kidney Remedy.

Tyndall, Man., Nov. 2.—(Special).—All over Manitoba and the Territories people are telling of benefits from the use of Dodd's Kidney Pills, and this place furnishes a striking example of how they will cure when all other means have failed in the person of Mr. J. J. Perkins.

"For two years I was troubled with my kidneys," Mr. Perkins says. "I got so bad that the doctor attending me declared me incurable."

"At times, I had such severe pains in my back that I thought I would have to give up hopes and die. I was unable to work and was becoming destitute."

"One day a friend asked me, 'Have you ever tried Dodd's Kidney Pills?' I answered 'No,' and he persuaded me to try them."

"The first box made me feel like a new man; five boxes cured me completely. Dodd's Kidney Pills saved my life."

"Dodd's Kidney Pills cure the Kidneys. Sound Kidneys take all impurities out of the blood. Thus Dodd's Kidney Pills cure Rheumatism, Sciatica, and other diseases caused by uric acid in the blood."

#### BIGGEST DOG ON EARTH.

A dog, supposed to have been the biggest in the world, has just died at Rutland, Vermont, at the age of ten years. He was a cross of English and German mastiff, and weighed 284 lb. At the shoulder he was 3 ft. high, as tall as a full-grown lion but he had not the lion's massive legs and shoulders nor his impressive length, being only 6 ft. "from tip to tip." But he was a terror to evil-doers on dark nights. His chest measured 55 in. and his mighty neck required a 35 in. collar.

#### Keep Minard's Liniment in the House.

It makes all the difference whether doubt is your terminus or but a station on your track.

Wash greasy dishes, pots or pans with Lever's Dry Soap or a powder. It will remove the grease with the greatest ease.

This life is full of sorrow,  
Which increases day by day;  
It's jolly hard to borrow,  
And it's harder still to pay.

#### For Over Sixty Years

Dr. WINDLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used by millions of mothers for their children, who, teething, soothe the child, soothe the gums, allay pain, cure colic, regulate the bowels and bowels, and is the best remedy for Diarrhoea. Twenty-five cents a bottle sold by druggists throughout the world. Write and ask for "Mrs. WINDLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP."

"John," whispered the good woman in the dead of the night, "there are burglars downstairs!" "You go down, dear," replied John, sleepily, "they wouldn't dare to strike a woman."

#### C. C. RICHARDS & Co.

I was very sick with Quinzy and thought I would strangle. I used MINARD'S LINIMENT and it cured me at once. I am never without it now.

Yours gratefully,  
MRS. C. D. PRINCE.  
Nauwigewauk, Oct. 21st.

#### CLEVER BIRDS.

It is said that parrots are the cleverest of all birds. They have such a well-organized police system that no other species of bird ever ventures to attack them, and they invariably die of old age.



Shirt waists and dainty linen are made delightfully clean and fresh with Sunlight Soap.

#### HEALTH'S DECALOGUE.

1. Rise early, retire early and fill your day with work.
2. Water and bread maintain life; pure air and sunshine are indispensable to health.
3. Frugality and sobriety form the best elixir of longevity.
4. Cleanliness prevents rust; the best cared for machines last the longest.
5. Enough sleep repairs waste and strengthens; too much sleep softens and enfeebles.
6. To be sensibly dressed is to give freedom to one's movements and enough warmth to be protected from sudden changes of temperature.
7. A clean and cheerful house makes a happy home.
8. The mind is refreshed and invigorated by distractions and amusement; but abuse of them leads to dissipation and dissipation to vice.
9. Cheerfulness makes love of life, and love of life is half of health. On the contrary, sadness and discouragement hasten old age.
10. Do you gain your living by your intellect? Then do not allow your arms and legs to grow stiff. Do you earn your bread by your pickaxe? Do not forget to cultivate your mind and to enlarge your thought.

#### LADY DOCTORS.

According to the census for England and Wales for 1891, there were then over a hundred lady doctors, but in the census for 1901 the number was 212. Whereas in 1891 there were fifty women physicians under the age of thirty-five years, in 1901 there were 120.

#### LONG VOYAGE.

A schooner has just arrived at Yarmouth, England, which took almost a month in going from Liverpool, a voyage usually completed in about five days. The vessel was delayed by contrary winds and gales.

Flowery language is just as likely to indicate a speedy character as a saintly one.

She—"If every atom of the human body is renewed every seven years, I cannot be the same woman that you married." He—"I've been suspecting that for some time."

#### A modern weapon in the battle for health.

If disease has taken your model of health, the stomach, and is torturing you with indigestion, dyspepsia and nervous prostration, South American Nerve is the weapon to drive the enemy from his stronghold, at the point of the bayonet, trench by trench, but swift and sure, it always wins.

#### RAFTING IMPROVES WOOD.

German experts say that wood which has been floated in rafts, or otherwise, gives a more trustworthy material for joinery and building purposes than does that which has been carted, or otherwise carried dry, to the sawmill and workshop. The reason is that while the wood is lying in the water its sap and albuminous and salty materials are dissolved out. If these substances remain in the wood they readily absorb moisture from the atmosphere, after coming out of the drying rooms and the wood swells. Artificial processes of washing out the hygroscopic substances from wood which has not been floated are practised in Germany.

#### WORKMANSHIP IN GLASS.

One of the greatest artistic marvels of the world is to be seen in the museum at Harvard University. This curiosity consists of hundreds of specimens of flowers and plants formed of glass, but with such exquisite fidelity to nature that they appear to be real, every tint and marking, every tiniest detail, being faithfully reproduced. The very hairs which appear on the stems on certain plants are reproduced on the glass imitations.

#### Minard's Liniment Lumberman's Friend

You cannot pray to your Father while you are praying on praying on your brother.

Ask for Minard's and take no other.

Patient—"Are you sure you can put my teeth into satisfactory condition?" Dentist—"Yes, sir, at any rate. I will spare no pains to do so."

Faulty Kidneys.—Have you backache? Do you feel drowsy? Do your limbs feel heavy? Have you frequent headaches? Have you falling vision? Have you dizzy feeling? Are you depressed? Is your skin dry? Have you a tired feeling? Any of these signs prove kidney disease. Experience has proved that South American Kidney Cure never fails.

Clerk—"I am to be married shortly. Couldn't you manage to increase my salary a little?" Employer—"Couldn't, really. But I'll tell you what I'll do for you, my boy. I'll shorten your hours during the first three months, so that you can spend your evenings at home, and after that I'll lengthen them again, so that you will have an excuse to get away."

"If," said the chemist, "you will give this new tonic a trial, I'm sure you will never use any other." "Excuse me," rejoined the customer, "but I prefer something a little less fatal."

Lou—"I declare, why, since I came back I'm quite another woman." Biddy—"Oh! won't your husband be pleased?"

"A man must have a head to do business with me." "What is your business?" "I'm a phrenologist."

#### \$100 Reward, \$100

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven Catarrh to be a constitutional disease and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by J. C. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. **Dr. J. C. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.** Sold by Druggists, 75c. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

A man has no business with religion who has no religion with his business.

Pill Science.—It stands to reason that Dr. Agnew's Little Liver Pills will crowd out of the market many of the nauseous old timers. A better medicine at less than half the price is all the argument needed to keep the demand what it has been—phenomenal—40 doses to cents. They cure Sick Headache, Biliousness, and all stomach irritations.

Mamma—"Johnny, I'm disappointed in you." Johnny—"Oh, well, you ain't just the mother I thought you'd be. But it's too late now to cry about it."

#### SETTLERS' LOW RATES WEST.

Via the Chicago and North Western Ry., on sale every day up to November 30th, settlers one way second-class tickets at very low rates from Chicago to points in Utah, Montana, Nevada, Idaho, Oregon, Washington, California, also to Victoria, Vancouver, New Westminster, Rossland and other points in the Kootenay District. Correspondingly low rates from all points in Canada. Full particulars from nearest ticket agent or B. H. Bennett, General Agent, 2 East King St., Toronto, Ont.

#### DEATH DUTIES.

During the past British financial year the capital value of estates passing on death amounted to £302,779,927, and the amount paid in death duties was £18,153,379.



#### How?

By soothing and subduing the pain, that's the way

## St. Jacobs Oil

Cures

### Neuralgia

Price, 25c. and 50c.

## BOYS! A HIGH GRADE WATCH

We will give ABSOLUTELY FREE one year's guarantee. If you will do a few hours' work for us after school. Boys must enclose references from parents. Send name—Write to-day, W. P. HUESTIS, Room 510, No. 155 Fifth Ave., New York, U.S.A.

## POULTRY, EGGS, BUTTER, HONEY.

We buy, f.o.b., or sell on commission. We do all your consignments and correspondence. **RUTHERFORD MARSHALL & CO. TORONTO.**

#### CHENILLE CURTAINS

and all kinds of home hangings, also LACE CURTAINS DYED & CLEANED LIKE NEW. Write to us at your nearest address. **REID BROS., Mfg. Co., 735 King St. W.**



The Englishman's idea of breakfast is a healthy one. Toast, jam and tea—a chop mebbe—just enough food for the stomach to assimilate properly—the warmth of the tea to draw the blood to the stomach and assist digestion. Blue Ribbon Tea is the daintiest and crispiest leaves of the tea plant. It is pure tea—free of tannin—appetizing and nutritious. Try the Red Label Brand for your breakfast.

## Blue Ribbon Ceylon Tea

Black, Mixed Ceylon Green 40c. should be 50c. Ask for the Red Label.

### FREE!

Ladies and Girls, You Can Earn This Handsome Fur Scarf In a Few Minutes

SEND your name and address, and we will mail you post paid a large beautifully-colored picture 10 x 20 inches named "The Angel's Wings," "The Family Record," and "Simply to Try Ceylon Tea." We will also give you a certificate to each purchaser. These pictures are hand-colored in 12 colors, and could not be bought in any store for less than 50c. each. Every one who orders them to will buy one or more. When sold send us the money, and we will send you this

### HANDSOME FUR SCARF

Over 40 inches long, 8 inches wide, made from selected full-furred skins with six fine full black tails, the very finest material you will be more than pleased with it. "Miss F. B. Bennett, Ceylon Tea," writes to thank you for the handsome fur scarf. It is just beautiful. I could not buy one like it in our store for 50c. The regular price in all fur stores is \$2.00, and they fully equal in appearance any scarf of its kind. We could not think of giving them for so little. We are sure that you will find a great number made especially for us during the summer, when the fur was not heavy. Ladies and girls, take advantage of this chance and write for the pictures to-day. We guarantee to treat you right, and will allow you to keep out money to pay your postage, so that your Fur Scarf will cost you only 1 cent. Write TILL COLONIAL ART CO., Dep. 20 Toronto.

When you buy a WASHBOARD see that it bears the name

X "Household Favorite" EDDY "Waverly" SPECIAL CLOBE

INSIST ON GETTING ONE OF THE ABOVE WELL-KNOWN BRANDS

The Best That Can Be Had.

USE EDDY'S FAIR'S & TUBS. USE EDDY'S MATCHES.

For Sale by Dealers Everywhere

She: "Why does woman take a man's name when she marries him?" He: "Why does she take everything else he's got?"

Minard's Liniment is used by Physicians

When you hear a man speak of a baby as "it" you can safely bet that he's a bachelor.

## PATENTS IN ALL COUNTRIES.

SPECIAL ATTENTION TO PATENT LITIGATION.

**RIDOUT & MAYBEE**

103 Bay St., TORONTO

FOR SALE

## WINTON AUTOMOBILE TOURING

Car, new springs all round, machinery not worn in the slightest, tires new this spring, spring cushions, duplicate parts. For sale at great sacrifice. Cost \$2,500. Box 7, Truth Office, Toronto.

## Dominion Line Steamships

Montreal to Liverpool Boston to Liverpool

Large and Fast Steamships. Superior accommodations at all classes of passengers. Saloons and Restaurants on main decks. Special attention has been given to the Grand Saloon and Third-Class accommodation. For all particulars and all particulars, apply to any agent of the Company, or to passenger agent.

DOMINION LINE OFFICES: 75 King St., Toronto. 11 St. James St., Montreal.

## Billiard Tables

The Best at the Lowest Price Write for Terms

**REID BROS., Mfg. Co.**

735 King St. W.

## PATENTS

SMITH & SAMERSON

77 King St., East, Toronto.

For Manufacturers, JACKET, CAPERINGS, STOLERS, RUFFS, etc., etc., etc. Send for catalogues. NEW CURS AND DESIGN: WANTED. Send for price list. Phone 4115-4.

## Poultry, Butter, Eggs, Honey, Apples,

ALL KINDS OF FRUITS

And Farm Produce generally, consign to us and we will get you good prices.

## THE Dawson Commission Co.,

214 TORONTO

FOR SALE, CHEAP FOR CASH.

- 1 Buffalo pressure blower, No. 4—9 in. outlet.
- 2 Globe valves—4 in. flanged.
- 2 Globe valve—6 in. flanged.
- 1 Earl steam blower—10 in. inlet—1 in. pipe.
- 2 Iron pulleys—30x12.
- 3 Iron pulleys—22x12.
- 1 Iron pulley—22x6.
- 2 Iron pulleys—18x6.

Also an assortment of iron cone pulleys.

**S. FRANK WILSON,**  
73 West Adelaide St., Toronto.



## BEECH RIDGE.

Mr. L. Cooke is visiting his parents at present.

Miss Jennie Catton is visiting her many friends in Lachute.

Miss F. J. Loynachan and her niece Miss M. Morrin leave for Montreal this week where they intend staying some time.

The young people held their first practice for their Christmas Tree at Mr. R. Morrin's on Tuesday.

Miss M. Cowan visited her brother Mr. Frank Cowan, of Lachute the latter end of last week.

## BROWNSBURG.

Mr. G. P. Simpson is spending a week in Toronto visiting friends.

The Auction Sale of household Effects of the A. L. Howard Estate was very largely attended, and prices bid on many articles were very high.

There has been a hockey club formed in Brownsburg under the management of Mr. E. J. Zimmer and Mr. Douglas Hamilton as Secretary. Any clubs wishing to arrange a game with the above will do well to write to the Secretary for information.

The skating rink is not yet in shape but a little more water and labor will have a good sheet of ice.

## CUSHING.

Mr. T. Lindley spent Saturday last in Montreal.

Mr. Wm. James of Lachute Mills was the guest of his grand-daughter Mrs. Emerson Cooke from Friday to Sunday last.

Our stalwart friend Mr. John O'Hoyes, being released from his duties as chief engineer of the Steamer "Hall," by the closing of navigation, arrived home on Saturday last and will spend the winter with his family in Cushing as usual.

Jack Frost forestalled St. Andrew this year and threw his icy bridge across the Ottawa some days before the usual time. The crossing is as yet however somewhat hazardous particularly at the Cushing ferry.

The funeral of Miss Jane Foreman who died on Wednesday last at the residence of her sister Mrs. J. Cameron Greene Point took place on Friday afternoon at St. Mungo's church and thence to St. Andrews cemetery and was attended by a large number of relatives and friends of the deceased lady.

## CENTERVILLE.

Rev. and Mrs. Ballantyne spent Monday the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Farrell.

Miss Mark of St. Eugene, and Miss McGregor of St. Andrews, spent a few days last week the guests of the Misses Matthews River Side.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Todd of Geneva were entertained by Mr. and Mrs. B. B. Center on Sunday last.

Mr. Hooker, and Mrs. Mitchell, and Mrs. Smith, of North River spent Sunday the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Hooker.

We are pleased to be able to report that Mrs. Moreau is able to be around again after recent illness.

Mr. T. Farrell of Montreal, Agent for the New York Life Insurance Company, is at present the guest of Mr. John Farrell.

## MOUNT MAPLE.

A little more snow in this section would make good sleighing the cold snap of last week reminds us that winter is approaching.

Mr. Wm. Gaulier has been for the past few weeks in Montreal Hospital, and is we regret to say seriously ill.

Miss Martha Stewart has returned home on Monday after spending a few months in Montreal.

Messrs. A. Murdock, David, and Leonard have recently left for the woods.

Miss Mary Chambers spent Sunday with parents in St. Philippe.

An excellent Temperance sermon delivered by Rev. Mr. Watson in the school-house on Sunday last was thoroughly enjoyed by those present.

Some people are being puzzled as to what Joe will keep bachelor hall or seek a partner.

Christmas Tree is being talked of to be set by the young people of this place.

Miss Katie McKennie has taken up dressing in Brownsburg but spends Sunday's at home.

A young man who spends Saturday evening with one young lady and returns on Sunday evening, to spend it with another one, is the want of sleep greatly the following.

Somebody feeling filled the hearts of some young folks when our worthy chesnut took his departure but occasional of him have been taken since in the orchard.

## AUCTION SALE.

Will be sold by Public Auction at the place of P. S. DUNBAR, Jerusalem, on Friday, December 15th, 1903, at 10 a.m. The following effects—1 working horse, 12 milch cows, 1 heifer old, 3 heifers 1 year old, set double set plough, harness, set light harness, a high, Wilkeson plough, cultivator, mowing machine, Massey Harris (early new), horse rake, double waggon, drill cart, express wagon, light (almost new), pair bob sleds, rack good logging chains, 2 pair traces, 1 Alaska milk pans, cook stove, a set of hay and oats, crow-bar shovels, 1 many other articles too numerous to list. All goods will be sold without reserve has sold his farm.

\$5—\$8.00 and under cash, over \$8.00 12 months credit on furnishing joint notes.

John Smith, Licensed Auctioneer.

## ASTORIA.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

# The Fur Season.

Our Magnificent Fur Display is one of surpassing interest. We are prepared to show you just what you desire in Furs. The approach of Winter indicates need of Furs. Come and examine them; you'll enjoy seeing them whether you buy or not.

Men's Fur Coats in Wallaby, Coon, Black Dog, Australian Coon, Wombat.

Ladies' Extra Fine Astrachan Raccoon, Electric Seal, Black Lambskin with Alaska Sable Trimming, Grey Lambskin.

We have an elaborate collection of beautiful Collarines, Collars and Ruffs and some extra fine grey lamb skin for young Ladies'.

We still have a nice assortment of this Fall's Cloth Jackets for Ladies. You should get one before they're all gone.

**G. L. Meikle & Co.**  
LACHUTE, QUE.

## New Store New Goods.

Having opened our new and commodious store, we have placed in stock a splendid assortment of all the best lines of BOOTS & SHOES, upon which we are offering big reductions from now till the end of August. We also carry a full assortment of Factory and Home-made Harness.

**WM. BERRY, Main St. Lachute.**

## DON'T BE COLD

That's our advice, because we can give you a good Bulgarian Fur Coat for the small sum of \$15. Also other Furs in large variety. A large assortment of Russian Coats for all corners. Splendid stock of the very latest styles in

## BOOTS AND SHOES.

A large supply of HAYING REQUISITES. Sherwin, Williams Paint always on hand.

**J. N. A. CARRIERE,**  
ST. PHILIPPE, Que.

## BOYS SERVICEABLE BOOTS

A complete assortment now in stock of **McCREADY COMPANY'S BEST MAKES!**

### Gentlemen

We had your special requirements in view when we were selecting our Shoes for Spring and Summer. Call and see how we anticipated your wishes.

### Ladies

For you we selected the daintiest, best made and best finished Shoes, including some of the best known and most popular lines in the United States.

**E. LAVIGNE,** Foundry Street, **LACHUTE.**

## Summary Procedure.

### SUPERIOR COURT.

Canada  
Province of Quebec  
District of Terrebonne.

Matthew Moody and Henry Moody, both manufacturers of agricultural implements, of the town of Terrebonne, county and district of Terrebonne, and doing business there and elsewhere in the Province of Quebec, together in society under the firm name of Matthew Moody and Sons,

Plaintiffs

vs.  
Edouard Cournoyer, heretofore of Wickham West, district of Arthabaska, and now of the United States of America,

Defendant.

The defendant is ordered to appear within a month.

St. Scholastique, Nov. 12, 1903.

GRIGNON & FORTIER,

Prothonotaries of said Court.

PREVOST & RINFRET,  
Attorneys for Plaintiffs.

## CASTORIA.

### NOTICE.

I, George Hutton, of Lake View, Township of Harrington, have bought from my mother her claim on the lot of land No. 7 A in the 8th range of the township of Harrington, and also from three of my sisters and two of my brothers, their claims on the estate of my father, Wm. Hutton, who is now dead, and I will not be responsible for any debts incurred by others against the estate.

## LACHUTE CRIST MILLS

We keep constantly on hand flour & seeds of the best quality, sold in car lots or small lots to suit purchaser.

**J. D. Campbell & Co.,**  
LACHUTE, MILLS.

## THE SHAWINIGAN FALLS ROUTE.

### Trains Leave Lachute

Lachute, St. Jerome, Montreal, St. Jean, New Glasgow, Joliette, Shawinigan and Merx, Quebec, etc. 11 a.m.

### Trains Arrive Lachute

From Hawkesbury, etc. etc. 7 a.m. From Quebec, Shawinigan Falls, Montreal and intermediate points.

All trains connect at St. Jerome with C.P.R. GUY TOMBS, A. J. GORRIE, Gen. Frt. & Pass. Agt., Gen. Supt. QUEBEC.

Jos. Hamel, Agent, Lachute.

J. M. Dorion, Agent, St. Philippe West.

## GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

The best and most popular route to Toronto, Niagara Falls, London, Detroit, Chicago, and all points in the United States and Canada.

Fast Express trains leave Montreal, for Toronto and the West, as follows—

| Leave                 | Arrive             | Leave             | Arrive                 |
|-----------------------|--------------------|-------------------|------------------------|
| MONTREAL 7:00 a.m.    | TORONTO 10:30 p.m. | TORONTO 4:40 p.m. | MONTREAL 7:15 p.m.     |
| HAMILTON 6:50 p.m.    | CHICAGO 8:30 a.m.  | CHICAGO 7:50 p.m. | HAMILTON 10:10 a.m.    |
| NIAG. FALLS 7:00 p.m. | DETROIT 11:00 a.m. | DETROIT 7:30 p.m. | NIAG. FALLS 10:00 a.m. |
| BUFFALO 7:30 p.m.     | CHICAGO 11:00 a.m. | CHICAGO 7:30 p.m. | BUFFALO 10:00 a.m.     |
| LONDON 7:40 p.m.      | CHICAGO 11:00 a.m. | CHICAGO 7:30 p.m. | LONDON 10:00 a.m.      |
| CHICAGO 7:50 a.m.     | CHICAGO 8:45 p.m.  |                   |                        |

\* Daily. † Daily Except Sunday.

The above trains make close connection at Chicago with the fast express trains for St. Paul, Winnipeg, and all points in the West and States including California, Oregon, Washington, British Columbia, and the Pacific Coast.

\* A Cafe Parlor Car is attached to the 7:00 a.m. train, serving meals a la carte and refreshments at any hour during the day.

Tourist sleeping cars leave Montreal every Monday and Wednesday at 10:30 p.m. for the accommodation of passengers holding first or second class tickets to Chicago and West thereof as far as the Pacific Coast. A nominal charge is made for accommodation in these sleeping cars. Berths reserved in advance.

The Grand Trunk Railway System is also the most direct route to Portland, Boston, and all points in the New England States, also to New York.

For tickets, reservations of space in sleeping cars apply to

J. M. Dorion, Lachute or St. Philippe Q.

W. H. GARRATT, Lachute, P.Q.

Children Cry for  
**CASTORIA.**



**McPaul Bros. Advt.**

Have you visited our store lately, since we have made such vast improvements? If not, you had better not lose any more time but come straight along and see the genuine bargains we are daily offering. Our stock is the largest, and best, and offers the greatest variety from which to select your many wants.

## UNDERCLOTHING.

Men's Fleece lined 90c. a suit. Wool from 90c. to \$4.00.  
Ladies' Underwear from 25c. to \$1.25.

## LADIES' JACKETS.

In these we excel. For value and quality they cannot be surpassed. They are of the latest styles and best of material and are perfect in fit and finish.

**\$1,000**

## SAMPLE BOOTS & SHOES

in the following sizes.  
Mens' 7 and 7½ from \$1.00 to \$2.25.  
Ladies' 4 and 4½ from 75c. to \$2.25.  
Boys 4, from 75c. to \$1.75.  
Youths 13, from 75c. to \$1.25.  
Children's from 25c. up.

## For the Benefit of OUR BOYS,

This just comes as a little help, a relief of the pressure as it were, on the parents' mind. Don't you think the little fellows haven't an eye to beauty and are not fond of having their clothes, while warm and comfortable, in possession of some snap and style. That's just what they want and if they've been worrying you for something stylish like the other little fellow has, visit our department for finely tailored suits, which we have in all sizes and in different materials at prices that will surprise you.

## SUITS MADE TO ORDER.

We have the prettiest and noblest Tweeds and Suitings in this town and having a tailor on the premises, we can turn you out a suit on the shortest possible notice.

## OUR FUR DEPARTMENT

is complete with a choice assortment of Fur Coats, Collars, Ruffs, Muffs, Caps, &c.

Anything and Everything you want can be got at

**The BARGAIN CENTRE**





# The Watchman.

And Ottawa Valley Advocate.

VOL. XXVIII.

LACHUTE, FRIDAY, DEC. 11, 1903.

NO. 44

## NEW MILLINERY.

A complete line of fancy articles, also a lot of ready-made clothing. A full stock of hats and hat trimmings. First-class work done at moderate prices. Satisfaction guaranteed.

It will always be our aim to please and we solicit a share of your patronage.

## The MISSES SHEPHERD.

FOR SALE.—One heavy draft horse will be offered for sale at P. S. Dunbar's sale on Tuesday next, Dec. 15th.

FOR SALE.—A good horse, four years old, weighs about 800 lbs. Perfectly sound in wind and limb. Good worker, kind and gentle. Apply to Jno. McDiarmid, Lachute Mills.

FOR SALE.—Any person wanting good oat straw fodder, would do well to apply as early as possible to Jas. S. Boyd, Mile End Grove, Lachute.

25 p.c. 25 p.c.  
To clear the balance of our Ladies and Children's Jackets. We offer a discount of 25 p.c. off marked prices.

J. R. McOUAT.  
FOR SALE.—Just received a car load of the best brands of flour from the Dominion Flour Mills. Also best feed and grain on hand at lowest possible prices.

MOISE PAQUETTE,  
Dominion Flour Store, Lachute.

We pay \$6.00 per 100 lbs. for cow hides.

H. GILES & BRO.  
Have you seen our \$5.00 winter for men. It gives good idea of what we can do for you in all lines of Ready to Wear.

W. BANFORD.  
We are paying for the following: Turkeys, 13c.; Geese, 8c.; Hens and chickens, 8c. to 10c.; Cow hides, \$6.00.

J. R. McOUAT.  
WANTED.—1 or 2 rooms with use of kitchen stove for small family of three. Apply at the Butter Factory, Foundry St., Lachute.

Why spend away for goods you can get better and cheaper at home? In Overcoats, for instance see our large stock in many lines, and all styles. The Chamberlain leads.

W. BANFORD.  
Skates, Skating Boots, 'Spalding' Hockey Sticks, Pucks, Electric tape at

J. R. McOUAT'S.  
Mr. Omer Paquette calls our readers attention to his fine assortment of Cigars, Tobaccos, Pipes, Pouches, Ash trays, and other novelties for remembrances to your friends. Call and see my beautiful line of Perfumes. They are elegant and just what you want for a nice Christmas present.

WINTER HARDWARE.—Sleigh Bells, Horse Blankets, Cross Cut Saws, Kant Dogs, Snow Shovels, Saw Wedges, Meat Saws and Butcher Knives, Axes, and we especially ask you to see "Our Best Axes."

McOUAT & McRAE

Our Ladies' Jackets are running well. We have had to reorder some lines, but we hope to sell every coat. Come early.

W. BANFORD.

Great Soap in Dinner Sets: A big chance came our way and we bought the lot clean out for cash. Your surprise will come when you see the goods and hear the price.

W. BANFORD.

Mr. D. Lapointe has secured the agency of the British American Dyeing Co. that was formerly represented by Mr. Periard. Your patronage is solicited.

SKATES, HOCKEY STICKS, PUCKS, ETC.—Just arrived, a well assorted stock of skates, hockey sticks and pucks, at prices to suit all pockets and all people, from the school boy and girl to the Lady and Gentleman Hockey Players.

McOUAT & McRAE.

NEW NECKWEAR.—My selection of cravats for New Year, shows the latest ideas in English and American designs, which surpass anything previously shown in this town. We have the New English square to tie in-four-in-hand or the large puff. Heavy silk flowing end ties. Rich silk reversible Derby's. Large selection and everything new, so don't fail to call and secure your choice.

D. LAPOINTE.

HOCKEY PLAYERS WANTED.—To call in and examine our up-to-date stock of Hockey requisites, such as Spalding's Best Sticks, MacIntosh Feather Weight Skates, Hockey Skates, Regulation Pucks at reasonable prices, also practice and boys sticks at reasonable prices.

McOUAT & McRAE.

The Ladies of St. Simeon's Church intend holding their usual Annual Sale of Work in the Victoria Hall on Thursday, Dec. 17th.

In accordance with the verdict of "Murder" brought in by the jury at the inquest on the death of Mr. Benjamin Laliberte, of St. Andrew, which occurred on Nov. 29th, Mr. G. Day was on Wednesday last committed to stand his trial on the above charge.

Here is a chance for our readers. To any person who can suggest premiums that can be adopted and will prove more popular and greater value than the two pictures, "Heart Broken" and "Hard to Choose," and the quick reference coloured map of the Dominion with enlarged maps of this province, which are this year given with The Family Herald and Weekly Star of Montreal, the publishers of that great Weekly will pay one thousand dollars. This year's premiums are certainly immense value, and will be hard to surpass. However there is \$1,000 waiting for any one who can improve on them.

## PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.

Municipality of the Village of Ste. Agathe des Monts.

At a Special Session of the Municipal Council of the village of St. Agathe des Monts, held at the ordinary place and hour of the Sessions of the said Council, on Thursday, the 29th day of November, One Thousand, Nine Hundred and Three (1903) in accordance with the requirements of the Municipal Code of the Province of Quebec, at which session were present His Honour, Mayor L. E. Parent, and Councillors Clodomire Forget, Jerome Tourangeau, Joseph Bechard, Michel Longpre and Frederick David, forming a quorum, with the Mayor presiding. The councillor Edmond Grignon having received due notice of this session as ascertained.

It is ordained and enacted by By-Law of this Council, as follows:

ART. I. It shall be borrowed by the Corporation of the said Village of Ste. Agathe des Monts, the sum of Eleven Thousand Dollars, (\$11,000) to be used and employed as follows:

1. The sum of Three Thousand dollars to pay the expense of the Fire Department.

2. The sum Four Thousand, One Hundred Dollars to pay the cost of the public building and a parcel of land purchased by the said Corporation.

3. The sum of Three Thousand, Nine Hundred Dollars to pay the other floating debts of the said Corporation.

ART. II. Thirty debentures bearing the signatures of the Mayor and of the Secretary-Treasurer and the Seal of the said Corporation to the amount of Seven Hundred and Twenty Dollars each, (\$720) shall be signed and payable to "La Banque d'Hochelaga," at Montreal; the first whereof to become due on the first of February, One Thousand, Nine Hundred and Five, (1905) and the others successively at the same term of every next ensuing year, without interest thereon.

ART. III. For the purpose of paying each of said debentures at their maturity as directed in the preceding clause, it shall be levied each year, in the month of October, a tax of Seven Hundred and Twenty Dollars upon all taxable properties of the Municipalities of the Village of Ste. Agathe des Monts, according to the Valuation Roll in force each year.

ART. IV. The tax, or special assessment so levied, shall become due and payable in the same manner as the other municipal taxes levied in the said municipality.

ART. 5. The present By-Law shall only come into force and effect when it will have been approved of by the majority in number and in land value of the tax payers and proprietors of the Municipality of the Village of Ste. Agathe des Monts, the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor and its publication.

L. E. PARENT, Mayor,  
W. BOHEMIER, Sec.-Treas.

## OYSTERS

At J. B. Bonhommes shop in Campbell's flour store. We will also keep on hand a full supply of vegetables, fruit, and fish in season.

Oysters a specialty. We get them in fresh every Thursday and Saturday. Telephone No. 50.

## LOCAL NEWS

Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Parris spent Tuesday in Montreal.

Mrs. Valois spent a few days in St. Scholastique.

Mr. J. W. Gallispending this week in town.

Mr. Derrick of Maxville was in Lachute on Monday last.

Mrs. Thos. Christie Sr. returned to Montreal on Saturday.

Miss Rowatt spent Saturday and Sunday at St. Andrews.

Mrs. A. Beers spent last Friday and Saturday in Montreal.

Miss May Delisle of Ottawa is the guest of her aunt Mrs. Givens.

Mr. James Raitt spent a few days in Montreal this week.

Miss Lily Hampton was in town the early part of this week.

Mr. E. Ladouceur of St. Andrews was in town on Su day.

The rink opened on Monday evening much to the delight of the young people.

Mr. Lightbody of Montreal spent a few days this week the guest of Mr. Thos. Hammond Hill Foot.

The Baptist Sunday School are holding their Christmas Tree and Entertainment in their Church on Wednesday, Dec. 23rd.

The feast of the Immaculate Conception was duly observed in the Catholic Church here on Tuesday last.

Mrs. James Wood of Vankleek Hill returned home on Tuesday after visiting friends in Lachute and vicinity.

Mr. Wm. Walker who has been living in Manitoba for a number of years is visiting his parents and relatives in Lachute.

There will be a Christmas Tree and entertainment will be held in the Genoa Church on Friday Dec. 18th. Admission 15 cts. Doors open at 7.30. Programme to commence at 8 p.m.

Mr. H. S. Lowndes of Montreal is spending a short visit in town. He informs us that his daughter, Miss Bella, is just recovering from a severe attack of appendicitis.

The Methodist Sunday-School will hold their annual Christmas Tree and entertainment in the Sunday-School hall on Tuesday Dec. 29th. Admission for adults 15 cts. Children 10 cts.

On Monday last an attempt was again made to burglarize the store and post-office of Mr. W. Lamb at St. Andrews. On this occasion the burglars used dynamite the explosion of which awoke Mr. Lamb and on his approach the burglars decamped.

The funeral of the late Mrs. Joseph Campbell whose death occurred about three o'clock on Sunday afternoon Dec. 6th, took place on Tuesday last from the Baptist Church. Service was conducted by the Rev. W. H. Raney, assisted by the Rev. Mark Syvan. The deceased was in her 84th year, and her noble, exemplary life lived in Lachute has been the real evidence of true Christianity. Never murmuring, though confined to her bed for the past nine weeks, she peacefully answered the Master's call. Her aged partner, now in his 89th year, feels keenly his great loss, but the kind sympathy of so many friends who had learned to love the aged couple will, we trust, help to cheer him in his declining years.

"In the midst of life we are in death" was brought home on Tuesday last forcibly to the loved ones of Mrs. Robert Beattie of St. Philippe who while making purchases at the G. L. Meikle Co. store suddenly fell to the ground. Dr. Alexander was at once summoned and all possible done for the unfortunate lady but he pronounced life to be extinct death having been caused by an apoplectic shock and hemorrhage of the brain.

The deceased lady was 53 years of age and leaves a large circle of friends to mourn her loss. The funeral took place on Thursday and was largely attended.

The dark cloud which has been hovering over our hockey club for some time past is now taking on the Silver Tinge. "Gum" was hardly expressive enough for hockey prospects when it became known that McRae, Raitt, Hampton, Foreman and Fraser had migrated to other climes, but now that they have all returned with the exception of Roy Fraser who, while only in Hawkesbury, is "so near, and yet so far" our prospects are looking brighter, and from present appearances our team will line up fully as strong as last year. The boys had a good practice on Wednesday evening.

## Didn't You Know!

That J. A. BEDARD & SON'S were Head-quarters for Piano, Decherty Organs, New William's Sewing Machines, Parlor Suites, Couches, Bedroom Suites, Spring beds, Mattresses, Sideboards, Chairs, Hall Racks. Iron Beds, Parlor Tables, Washing Machines, Wringers, Mouth Organs, Sheet Music, Jews Harps, Violin Strings, Sewing Machine Needles and Machine Oil, Shoe Dressing etc.

Trunks, Whips, Boots & Shoes, etc., may be secured from

## J. A. BEDARD & SON.

MAIN STREET, LACHUTE.

## "THE ELITE."

## CHRISTMAS IS COMING,

And we have goods in variety, style & elegance such

as were never before exhibited in Lachute. Be sure and see our pretty books, cards, calendars, toys, dolls, games, Fancy silk novelties, Japanese drapes, table covers, cushion tops, fancy handkerchiefs, gloves, ties, collars, brush, manicure and toilet sets, Austrian glass, French, German and Japanese China, and hundreds of other pretty things.

## H. E. BURWASH.

## 90% of Head-Aches

are caused by eye-strain. Cured permanently by Eye-glasses.

Eyes are bread-winners. Take care of them.

Eyes examined free by the most Scientific Methods.

Glasses recommended only when absolutely necessary.

## W. H. GARRETSEE,

WATCHMAKER, JEWELLER and OPTICIAN, LACHUTE.

## The Alaska Boundary Question

Has been settled, though not to the satisfaction of Canada, but if you will call on KENNEDY, he will soon settle that suit and overcoat question to your satisfaction.

My stock is larger and better than ever, and you will find me at the old stand in the Roby block, Main St.

A. D. KENNEDY, Main St., Lachute.



## FOR THE HOME

Recipes for the Kitchen.  
Hygiene and Other Notes  
for the Housekeeper.

### APPLES MADE THE MOST OF.

The apple is an invaluable resource for the cook who knows how to use it. When properly prepared it may be made attractive to every palate. Here are a number of excellent recipes for cooking apples:

**Iced Apple Pudding**—Beat together the yolks of 2 eggs,  $\frac{1}{2}$  lb. sugar and the juice of 1 lemon until well mixed. Add the whites of the eggs and beat again for five minutes over a hot stove. Continue beating while you sift in  $\frac{1}{2}$  lb. flour. Cover a baking pan with a sheet of buttered paper and pour the paste over it; spread-out half an inch thick, bake for 15 minutes and when cold cut into dice-shaped pieces. Mix the pieces with 3 grated apples, butter and sugar 7 small pudding molds, fill them equally with the cake and grated apple, then pour over them very gently a custard composed of 2 eggs, 1 pt. milk, a few drops of essence of lemon and a little sugar. Place the molds in a flat pan containing boiling water and put them into a hot oven for 30 minutes to steam. Allow them to get quite cold before placing them in the ice box. Run a sharp knife around each mold when turning them out. The same should consist of 1 pt. well whipped cream, flavored with 1 gal. brandy and left for a few moments in the ice box.

**Apple Fritters**—Pare and core 4 medium sized round apples. Cut them into round slices, sprinkle with sugar and pour over them a gill of Burgundy. Leave them in the wine while you prepare the batter. Put into an enameled saucepan 1 oz. fresh butter and  $\frac{1}{2}$  pt. lukewarm water. When the water is on the point of boiling, remove the butter with as much or as little of the hot water as you require to make  $\frac{1}{2}$  lb. flour into a thick batter. Add to this a pinch of salt and the beaten whites of 2 eggs. In the middle of each apple slice put a saltspoonful of raspberry jam. Then dip the slice of apple into the batter and fry immediately. Drain well and sprinkle with powdered sugar. Apples may also be sliced, soaked in wine, covered with flour and fried in plenty of butter.

**Pudding**—Dissolve 2 oz. butter in  $\frac{1}{2}$  pt. milk. Take it from the fire and drop in  $\frac{1}{2}$  lb. flour. Beat briskly until the mixture is entirely free from lumps, add yolks of 3 eggs, 3 oz. powdered sugar and 1 gill cold milk. Beat the whites of the eggs to a stiff froth and add them gradually. Butter a mold and put in a layer of the batter, then 2 oz. of stewed apples. Continue with the apples and the batter until the mold is full, taking care that the batter is at the top. Steam for an hour and a half. Serve with a sauce made with 1 pt. cold water,  $\frac{1}{2}$  lb. brown sugar, 1 oz. of corn flour, boiled together for three minutes, and 1 gill brandy added at the last. The sauce may also be made by boiling the parings and cores of the apples in water, and straining off the juice, to which the corn flour, sugar and brandy are added.

**Apple Porcupine**—Pare and core 10 large apples, and place on the stove to simmer in  $\frac{1}{2}$  pts. cold water, made into a syrup with 1 cup sugar. When they are cooked through, remove them whole from the syrup and put into it 6 apples which have been steamed and mashed. Add the juice and grated rind of a lemon, and simmer until a smooth marmalade is formed. When the apples are quite cool, heap them in a mound, placing a little apple jelly between each layer, and stick blanched and halved almonds firmly all over it. Fill up the spaces with apple marmalade. Beat the whites of 4 eggs to a stiff froth and add 1 teaspoon vanilla flavored icing sugar. Cover the apples lightly with the icing.

**Cream Ice**—Steam 2 lbs. apples until quite soft, then press through a sieve with  $\frac{1}{2}$  lb. sugar or less, according as the variety of apple is sweet or sharp. Stir in yolks of 4 eggs, beating until the mixture is stiff, then add the beaten whites of the eggs and 4 teaspoons brandy. Freeze until stiff. If too much sugar is added, the mixture will not freeze readily.

**Apple Ginger**—Make a syrup with 4 lbs. sugar and 4 cups water. Chop an equal quantity of apples into cubes the size of dice, and when the syrup is boiling fast, drop them in, with the grated rind of 2 lemons and 2 ozs. white or green ginger root. Boil until the apples are clear, but not broken.

**Apple Soup**—The Germans make an excellent soup with apples. Eight or 10 apples are pared, cored and boiled for an hour in 3 pts. water, with a slice of bread, a stick of cinnamon and the peel of a lemon. The soup is then rubbed through a sieve and three glasses of white wine added. It may be sweetened if necessary.

### USEFUL HINTS.

A druggist says that to remove a glass stopper from a bottle tip it to side and hold a lighted match under the neck of the bottle till the bottle,

but not the stopper, is hot. This expands the bottle so that the stopper may be removed. Or give the stopper a sharp tap with a knife, holding the finger on the opposite side to modify the jar.

"The proper way to dry woollens," says a large manufacturer of woollen goods, "is to hang the garments on the line dripping wet without wringing out at all. If dried in this way the shrinkage will be so slight as to be almost unnoticeable."

Camphor, as is well known, is useful in keeping away moths, but it should never be placed near sealskin, as it causes the fur to change color, producing streaks of gray and yellow.

Grind horseradish in a meat chopper; it beats the grating iron and there are no sore eyes.

Ham soaked in milk over night will be found exceedingly tender and sweet when used for breakfast the next morning.

Does any one know the comfort as well as the quickness with which some kinds of sewing may be done with the use of two needles? Now that shirring is coming into vogue two rows can be run in almost the same time as one, and in sewing a braid flat on the bottom of a skirt, a saving, both of the skirt (which is handled less) and of time, will be accomplished by the use of two needles.

A nice method of filling a rose jar is to dry rose leaves, lay in salt with spices such as cloves, cinnamon and cassia, and turn over the filled and so on to the top of the jar.

The worst thing his enemies could say of President Grant was, "he won't talk because he has so much to conceal"; and yet it was precisely in this silence that Grant's real strength lay. His orders and despatches were the

### OVER-WATERING PLANTS.

It is not easily understood by some that plants can be over-watered. But the fact is, they may be literally drowned—and this often happens.

The position of water in the life-workings of a plant is chiefly that of carrier—it is taken up by the roots, carries food to all parts of the plant and mostly passes off into atmosphere through the leaves. This routine is necessary—without it growth cannot be made, while a surfeit of water brings decay of the parts in touch with the excess.

The times when over-watering is most possible are when a plant is without leaves, dormant or nearly so, and water cannot be used speedily; when the soil is heavy and does not give up the moisture quickly; when a plant has been recently transplanted and new feeding fibres have not been formed to take up the moisture; and when evergreens are in question, the leaves of which do not pass the water so rapidly.

House plants may suffer for lack of regular watering if the atmosphere be warm; or they have too much water if the conditions are as described.

Transplanted plants like moisture to give them a start, and usually take a thorough soaking; but that once is all that is needed, and that the plant can well stand.

Just a little of forethought and study are needed to make evident a plant's needs and its limitations; and there is really but little excuse for over-watering, yet strange to say it is a more common occurrence than many would suppose.

## FAMOUS TONGUE-TIED MEN

MANY GREAT MEN WERE VERY TACITURN.

Famous Austrian General Was Sparing of Words—Napoleon Was Silent.

It is a curious and interesting fact that many of the world's greatest men have been sparing of words as they have been prodigal of deeds.

It is doubtful if there ever lived a more taciturn man than Wallenstein, the famous commander of the Austrian army during the Thirty Years' War. It is said of Wallenstein that he "lived in an atmosphere of silence," and never uttered a word that was not absolutely necessary. Nor would he permit others to speak in his presence more than was essential. One of his chamberlains was hanged for waking Wallenstein with needless noise; his servants were so many mutes, not daring to open their lips in his presence; and he was surrounded by patrols and the approaches to his house were barricaded by chains to preserve him from the least disturbance. In comparison with Wallenstein, it has been recorded, Diogenes would have been a chatterbox and William the Silent a brawler.

But silence is the characteristic of many of the world's most famous soldiers. Napoleon boasted that in his dealings with men he never

wasted a word and made monosyllables answer most purposes. But nothing escaped his eyes, and he could compress more within a sentence than most men could convey in a quarter of an hour.

The great Duke of Marlborough when receiving reports from his generals would produce his watch and say, "I will give you a minute," and it was likely to go hard with the officer who did not observe the limitation. To his staff the

### DUKE OF WELLINGTON

was always more or less a sphinx. A nod or a shake of the head was often the only responses they could get from him; and when once he was asked what he considered the best equipment of a commander, he answered, "A long head and a silent tongue."

Von Moltke almost rivalled Wallenstein in taciturnity. He never opened his mouth if a gesture would suffice; and when the news was brought to him that the French had declared war, he simply said to the aide-de-camp, "Second pigeon-hole on the right, first tier," and turned round to sleep again. But he had said all that was necessary, for in the pigeon-hole indicated were complete plans for the campaign which closed in brilliant victory. Von Moltke used to say that one verb in the German language was worth all the others put together, and that was "thun"—to do.

The worst thing his enemies could say of President Grant was, "he won't talk because he has so much to conceal"; and yet it was precisely in this silence that Grant's real strength lay. His orders and despatches were the

### BRIEFEST EVER PENNED;

and when once a charming young lady playfully asked him why he would not talk to her, he answered, "My dear, don't you know that silence is one of the greatest arts of conversation?"

But it has been the same in all ages. Charlemagne was a perfect miser in words, holding, with Confucius, that "silence is a friend that will never betray"; Hannibal was a "man of monosyllables"; Julius Caesar was nicknamed by his soldiers "The Oracle"; and in our own day Lord Kitchener shows the "strength that lies in silence."

Even great statesmen and writers, who cannot suffer from any lack of words, have often been among the most reserved of men. Of Addison, Johnson says: "Of his external manners nothing is so often mentioned as that timorous or sullen taciturnity, which his friends called modesty by too mild a name." According to Chesterfield he was "the most timorous and awkward man I ever saw"; and even Addison himself, speaking of his own deficiency in conversation, used to say, "I can draw bills for a thousand pounds, though I haven't a guinea in my pocket."

Dryden was unutterably dreary as a companion. "My conversation is slow," he once wrote, "my humor saturnine and reserved, and I am none of those who endeavor to break jests in company and make reparations"; and Shadwell tells how he once dined with Dryden, and from the beginning to the end of the meal the poet "never opened his lips except to eat."

### THOMAS CARLYLE

was a "hoarder of the gold of silence," and would sit for hours, puffing away at his pipe, without uttering more than a grunt or a gruff monosyllable. Leigh Hunt, his neighbor and intimate, once wrote to a friend, "Have just spent a pleasant hour with Carlyle. When I went in he growled, 'Halloo! here again!' and at parting he snapped out 'Good day!' and that is the sum of the conversation he honored me with. But how eloquent his silence is! I just sat and looked at him, and came away strengthened for a fresh struggle."

However charming Dante Rossetti was to his friends, he was, in his later years, unapproachable to strangers. A man who later became intimate with him thus describes his first meeting with the great poet-painter: "Rossetti was there, but, so far as I saw, he never opened his mouth the whole evening except to one or two of his familiar friends, though to those who know him he can be the most delightful of talkers."

James Thomson was silent to the very verge of melancholy except in the company of familiar friends, with whom he could be cheerful and pleasant enough; and Nathaniel Hawthorne was so silent and shy in company that a lady, recounting a meeting with him, wrote: "As for Mr. Hawthorne, he was as coy as any raw school miss. He withdrew himself into a corner of the room and flushed quite painfully when anyone spoke to him. I wanted to talk to him about his books, but all he would say was 'Yes' or 'No,' until I gave him up in despair."

It is not generally known that the German Empress is a sculptor and painter of more than usual ability. In her husband's study at Potsdam there is a most lifelike bust of the Emperor in bronze, while several of the young Princes have also been reproduced in marble. Many sketches and paintings by the Empress adorn the walls of the palace.

## HOLIDAYS COST FORTUNES

The Shah's Trip Cost Nearly \$2,500,000—King Edward's Train.

### KINGS AND MILLIONAIRES ON THEIR TRAVELS.

No one travels in more sumptuous fashion than King Edward, and no one—in Great Britain, at any rate—pays more for the privilege. The honor of having the King as a passenger is, of course, very highly appreciated, and the various railway companies upon whose lines our Sovereign occasionally travels vie one with the other in turning out the most luxurious Royal carriages says Pearson's Weekly.

When, not long ago, the King and Queen travelled to Gopsall Hall, Leicestershire, to be the guests of Lord and Lady Howe, the Royal train—then used for the first time—cost the London and North-Western Railway Company the sum of \$800,000.

Standing by the platform with its dazzling white and gold paint, its blazoned panels and gilt fittings, it made Euston Station appear quite dull and dingy.

Divided into two sections—one for His Majesty, the other for Queen Alexandra—the train was further sub-divided into a number of sumptuous apartments. The smoking-room had soft, green hangings and satinwood tables, on which rested little electric cigar lighters. The bedroom was an elegant apartment, with white enamel panels and silver fittings.

Queen Alexandra's section was none the less beautifully fitted, her bedroom being draped with pink silk of a delicate shade. Electric fans and heaters were fitted throughout, so that a delicious coolness or a grateful warmth could be had at a moment's notice. Yet this is but a sample of the Royal trains kept by other companies.

In the matter of luggage, as the King and Queen are the leaders of fashion, a large number of trunks and bags always accompany, or rather, precede, their Majesties.

### TWO HUNDRED TONS

was the quantity dispatched previous to the recent Royal visit to Ireland. Abroad, our Sovereigns travel in the best carriages that money can buy, the King's couriers going on beforehand to look after the luggage and correspondence.

Almost as luxurious was the hotel on wheels used by Mr. Joseph Chamberlain on his memorable South African journeys a few months ago. The train then used was the one in which the Prince and Princess of Wales travelled in South Africa during their great tour to the British Colonies. It consisted altogether of a Reid twin-coupled engine, a double-bogie buffet-car, three sleeping cars, and a postal van.

The buffet car included, besides the buffet, a smoke room, a card room, and an additional sitting-room. There was also a library and writing room. The three sleeping cars contained a bath-room, fitted with the Rhodes needle bath. The dining car saloon was furnished sumptuously, and also comprised a pantry and kitchen. At the rear of the train was the postal van, including stores, servants' quarters, and an electric light installation, under the charge of a skilled electrician.

Similar in many respects to the Colonial Secretary's tour was the recently-concluded trip to the North-West of Mr. Roosevelt. This trip—the most extensive ever undertaken by any United States President—lasted sixty-six days, when, altogether, 14,000 miles were covered. And no President ever traveled in more imposing style or greater luxury.

The train consisted of six carriages including, besides, Mr. Roosevelt's special saloon, a dining-room and observation car, three bedrooms, a private kitchen and servants' quarters. There were also other dining and combination luggage and buffet cars for the secret service guards, correspondents and railway officials who accompanied the President.

### MR. PIERPONT MORGAN,

as might be expected travels only in Pullman cars, and upon long journeys, whenever possible, engages a restaurant car for the exclusive use of himself and his party. A large pile of luggage always accompanies him, which is gradually added to, for the Trust King is ever on the look-out for art treasures. Besides other servants, a cook and waiters follow him wherever he goes, while, to secure comfort and luxury, money is thrown right and left. Afloat, nothing but the best cabin—often at a cost of \$10,000 the trip—will satisfy this would-be controller of the Atlantic.

Mr. Schwab, the late President of the Steel Trust, has also a partiality for Pullman cars, and is notorious for the number of servants who accompany him. Not more than a year ago, as a brief holiday trip, Mr. Schwab determined to visit London. Boarding the La Savole, a French steamship, at New York, he was agreeably surprised to find four Pittsburgh residents among the passengers, and there on then chartered all the cabins on the promenade deck for himself and his townsmen, at a cost running into many thousands of dollars. Never has the builder of Mr. Schwab's fortune, Mr. Andrew Carnegie himself, crossed the Atlantic in more princely state.

When Mrs. Millionaire accompanies her spouse across the "herring pond" she never thinks of returning without her pick of the gowns from London

and Paris dressmakers, and to what extent she purchases these goods may be gathered by the huge amount levied as Customs' duties. For instance, on the arrival of the Deutschland at New York last summer, Mrs. Yerkes, the wife of the tube railway king, exhibited no fewer than twenty-four trunks to the bewildered Customs officials, who let the lady off for a trifle over \$25,000. Mrs. Collis P. Huntington once had to pay a duty of \$30,000.

But it is when a foreign potentate determines to leave his native land to travel abroad that the resources of railway and steamship companies are taxed to the utmost. The fads and fancies of the Royal travellers have to be considered in the minutest detail.

### A TYPICAL INSTANCE

is the Shah of Persia's little holiday trip last autumn. As the Shah dislikes fast travelling, all the drivers of the Royal trains were given strict injunctions not to exceed twenty miles an hour, while the commander of the Empress, in which steamboat His Majesty crossed from Calais to Dover and back again, was implored to keep his vessel steady, so as not to inconvenience his august passenger with sea-sickness. This trip, by the way, was the Shah's second sea voyage of his life.

Altogether the sea months' holiday cost nearly \$2,500,000. The railway bills—for himself, his forty ministers, and the remainder of his retinue (seventy in all)—were simply enormous. For the special train that carried His Majesty to Paris the Nord Company alone received \$10,000.

Then, again, the Shah's personal luggage weighed twenty tons and more. And a miscellaneous lot it was, including furniture, toys, saucepans, and phonographs—things the Persian monarch had picked up when out shopping.

Hotel bills were no inconsiderable item. Never a day passed without the expenditure exceeding \$1,000; but during his stay at the Elysee Palace Hotel, Paris, the liberal extras ordered by His Majesty ran the bill up to \$1,250 a day. In Paris alone the hotel expenses were about \$25,000.

When leaving King Edward, after being his guest at Marlborough House, the Shah gave \$1,750 to be distributed among the King's servants. To the various officials who came into contact with him the Persian monarch gave handsome gold rings set with turquoises and diamonds. Can it be wondered at, then, that the trip cost little less than \$2,500,000?

### ANOTHER MONARCH

who has all the Shah's dislike for the sea, and much of his profligality is King Lewanika, of Barotseland, as was evident on his visit to King Edward at Coronation time. Accompanying him were piles of luggage, notable amongst the collection being a large number of leather cases containing European clothing, and all marked with Royal monogram.

But if the dusky monarch's luggage was great on entering England, it was greater still on leaving it. For besides the numerous presents he took back with him to show his numerous wives the generosity of the Great White King and his subjects, were forty boxes, each containing a silk top hat. Lavender kid gloves were there also in cases, while the boxes of guns, tools, umbrellas, and patent leather boots, to say nothing of the Liberty silk costumes (all highly colored) for each of his twelve wives, made quite a formidable array.

Yet miscellaneous as was this luggage, it was completely put in the shade by that of the Maharajah of Jaipur, another of King Edward's Coronation guests. Thirty tons was the total weight of his personal baggage alone. Among it was the sacred god, Sri Gopalji, by bringing whom with him only was it possible for the Indian Prince to cross the water at all.

He also brought six vessels resembling huge canteens and two zinc tanks containing Ganges water, and each vessel required four men to lift it.

Never did luggage contain a more curious medley of articles when the Prince finally left our shores. Among many other things were a bassinet, a sewing machine, a tricycle, a clock work engine and other toys, a huge magic-lantern, and a number of cameras.

### THE RESULT OF A BRIBE.

An amusing story, characteristic of true peasant cunning, comes from Brittany.

A peasant had gone to law with a neighbor, and, in conversation with his lawyer, suggested sending as a present a couple of fine ducks to the magistrate who was to try the case. "Don't dream of such a thing," said the horrified lawyer; "it would certainly cause you to lose."

The case was heard, and the decision given in favor of the man, who turned with a triumphant grin to his lawyer, and said:

"I did send those ducks." The lawyer looked at him in dumb amazement, which turned to irrepressible admiration when the peasant continued: "But I sent them in my neighbor's name."

A family jar is never used in preserving peace.

Never judge women or cigars by their wrappers.

Probably the best way to kill a falsehood is to let it lie.

Never judge a woman's smile by her teeth; they may be false.



## MAKE EXERCISE A HABIT.

Take Long, Slow, Full Breaths Whenever You Can.

Exercise is much more necessary to human life than most women think.

Healthy stimulation is an absolute need; without it the body will rust and fall into bits. The body that never creeps about or kicks or exercises at all either wastes into a tiny midget of bones and wrinkles, or else takes on pounds of unhealthy fat and becomes soft and short-breathed and without vitality.

The brain that never calls upon itself for work must become dull and stupid, and it is the same way with the muscles of the body. They are filled with blood vessels that should be up and doing. The blood has several purposes, and one is to carry away much of the waste fluids of the body. The lungs are a sort of refinery, and the blood is a dissolving agent. If the blood becomes thick and unhealthy and sluggish the body does not keep its youthful state. Eyes grow dull; lips lose their redness; the complexion is sallow and unlovely.

It is an easy and simple matter to make exercise a habit—just like the habit of putting out the lights at night and wondering if burglars will show up before morning.

A most excellent scheme is to take long, slow, full breaths, whenever you have a chance; when you are walking, when you are going to sleep, when you have just awakened.

Such habits are valuable, most valuable, but because they don't cost anything and are a little trouble, lots of women fancy there is nothing in such practices. Nonsense! Look at the athletic men that train. They are the healthiest, strongest, finest-looking creatures in existence. Go thou and do likewise on a little scale.

## DROVE AWAY BOTH DISEASES

3EO. ROBERTSON CURED HIS KIDNEYS BY USING DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS.

And His Rheumatism and Dropsy Departed—Never to Return—He Makes a Statement.

Montreal, Que., Nov. 9.—(Special).—The illness and cure of Mr. George Robertson, of 39 St. Antoine St., this city, is further and convincing proof that Rheumatism and Dropsy are both the results of Diseased Kidneys. Mr. Robertson had Dropsy and Rheumatism for five years. He cured his Kidneys by using Dodd's Kidney Pills and both diseases departed for good. Speaking of his case Mr. Robertson says:

"I had been troubled with Dropsy and Rheumatism for five years. I am now well and it is all owing to Dodd's Kidney Pills. Before I started using them I could hardly put my feet to the floor they were swollen so much from Dropsy. My arms used to swell at times so that I could not put my coat on. "A friend advised me to use Dodd's Kidney Pills offering to pay for them if they did not help me. Before I had used the second box I felt a great improvement. I took seven boxes in all and I don't know what it is to be sick since."

## SHADOW OF THE ASSASSIN.

Great Men Who Have Paid Penalty for Greatness.

Precautions have failed to prevent the slaughter of over a score of the highest personages in the world during the last century. Within the last nine years France and America have each lost a President, Persia her Shah, Korea its Queen, Austria its Empress, Italy its King, and Serbia her King and Queen. The assassin does not reason. "A nobler, purer soul was never released," said one who knew him intimately when the Duke of Devonshire's brother was murdered in Phoenix Park.

They preserve to-day in the Winter Palace at St. Petersburg the room in which the torn, shattered and bleeding Alexander II. was carried to die. Everything remains to this hour as at the moment the life left his tortured frame. Hardly less ghastly was the memorial of his predecessor, which came unexpectedly to the hands of poor Frederick Cavendish's successor in Ireland. Sir George Trevelyan pushed aside a curtain in his room of the Lodge in the Phoenix Park, and there found the blood-stained coat of his predecessor, forgotten by those who had brought him there, and carried him hence dead. No wonder Sir George Trevelyan's hair turned white; that the beard of the "Red Earl" lost something of its ruddy hue. Mr. Balfour's life in Ireland was one long vigil. Armed men accompanied him everywhere, even in the privacy of the golf links. The like precautions were observed as a matter of course for Mr. Morley, but Gladstone's biographer could not endure the restraint, went "neck or nothing" into his life as Chief Secretary, and came out unguarded and unhurt.

Great political crisis like that through which Britain is now passing always engender danger for their principal figures. Unknown to the

What shrunk your woollens? Why did holes wear so soon? You used common soap

# SUNLIGHT SOAP

REDUCES EXPENSE

Ask for the Octagon Bar.

public, Britain's foremost statesmen are shadowed. From the outbreak of the South African war Mr. Chamberlain has been followed day and night in his walks abroad by a skilful and powerful emissary of Scotland Yard. A man of Mr. Chamberlain's spirit does not like it, but there are other minds than his whose peace he has to consider. Mr. Gladstone hated the idea of a body-guard, and had to be tracked in secret. The accident is not infrequently a better safeguard than the sleuth hound. Mr. Gladstone, popping across the Horse Guards and into his house by the garden entrance, escaped unwittingly the man who was waiting him with a loaded revolver in the main street. Mr. Foster preserved his life by departing quite by chance from Dublin by a route contrary to that chosen.

## MUTUALLY HELPFUL.

"I am sorry to disturb you," said the gentleman burglar. "I trust you'll keep quiet while I remove the valuables." And he smiled pleasantly as he levelled a revolver at his victim.

"Why, certainly!" said the latter, with equal affability. "Perhaps you'll permit me to facilitate the proceedings by giving you some information that may save time and hasten your departure. There is very little cash in the house—only three dollars, as it happens—not a cent more, on my word as a gentleman—and you'll find it in that pocket-book. But the silverware is worth taking, and there is some valuable bric-a-brac. If you haven't room for it all in your bag I shall be happy to point out what is best worth taking. You may rely on my judgment, and I assure you that my advice will be entirely disinterested."

"You're very kind, I'm sure," said the burglar. "I shall be glad to hear what you have to say, although I shall reserve the privilege of rejecting your advice if it should not coincide with my own opinion. And as I can't quite understand your motives, you'll excuse me for keeping this revolver pointed at you while we make the rounds."

"By all means," said the victim. "I should prefer to have it so. What ever I do in this matter I wish to do under compulsion. I yield gracefully to the inevitable. Your revolver, I trust, is loaded?"

"Of course." "Good! The less likely to be discharged."

And he helped the burglar to select the desired articles.

"And now," said the victim, "if you don't mind, I should like to make an inventory of these things. It won't take very long."

"The fact is," said the burglar, "I'm rather in a hurry. And I must confess that I'm of a suspicious nature. We can't help our dispositions. I find it impossible to rid myself of the lurking suspicion that there may be a trap."

"Not at all," said the victim. "Perhaps I should have explained sooner. Pardon me for having thoughtlessly prolonged your uneasiness. The fact is, I am insured against burglary—over-insured, between you and me—so that this little affair isn't costing you and me a penny. But an inventory would greatly assist me in proving my loss. So, if you don't mind—"

"Of course I don't mind!" said the burglar, warmly. And he called off the names of the articles while the owner made a memorandum.

He: "Reggie Fitzjames has become recklessly engaged to any number of girls, but he always gets out of it." She: "With decency?" He: "Oh, yes! He merely has to go and ask the father's consent, and it's all off."

A Pleasant Duty—"When I know anything worthy of recommendation, I consider it my duty to tell it," says Rev. Jas. Murdoch, of Hamburg, Pa. "Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder has cured me of Catarrh of five years standing. It is certainly magical in its effect. The first application benefited me in five minutes. 50 cts."—9

Lender: "I've been told Rivers' name is in old Goldworthy's will." Friend: "Yes, his name is in it. He signed it as a witness. That's all, and—good gracious! What's the matter?" Lender: "Nothing; only I've lent him \$500—the strength of it."

Minard's Liniment is used by Physicians

Husband: "I am surprised, Emily, that you should have such bad taste as to wear the hair of another woman on your head." Wife: "And I am surprised that you should wear the wool of another sheep on your back."

## BEREAVED.

I heard a lover tell his love, And could but sympathize To hear him calling her his dove And note her soft replies.

I heard the man the maid adore, I saw her girlish gloe; And when the tender scene was o'er They turned and worshipped me.

But when he saw my beauty there In that delightful grove, Of ornaments he stripped me bare And gave them to his love.

Now in my heart there is no room For tender sympathy, Until next year, sweet roses bloom Again upon this tree. Columbus said the world was round, And most of us declare That since his time we've often found It anything but square.

## DECEITFUL MAN.

"Didn't you think that was a beautiful girl with me to-day, Arthur?"

"What girl, my dearest?"

"Why, she was with me when you met us in front of the church."

"Was there a girl there, dear? I didn't notice. I was looking at you."

And then she loved him all the more.

## \$100 Reward, \$100

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven Catarrh to be a constitutional disease and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Doctor: "You've got a fever, sir." Patient: "Is it what you would call a 'high fever,' doctor?" Doctor: "Well, it is and it isn't. Two dollars, please." Patient: "H'm! Is the—fever as high as the fee, would you say?"

Dear Sirs,—I was for seven years a sufferer from Bronchial trouble, and would be so hoarse at times that I could scarcely speak above a whisper. I got no relief from anything till I tried your MINARD'S HONEY BALM. Two bottles gave relief and six bottles made a complete cure. I would heartily recommend it to anyone suffering from throat or lung trouble.

J. F. VANBUSKIRK. Fredericton.

Angry Father-in-Law: "Didn't you tell me when you married my daughter that you were worth \$40,000?" Son-in-Law: "No, sir; I said that I could lay my hands on \$40,000; but had I done so I should now be in gaol."

Eat what you like.—Give the digestive organs some work to do. These functions need exercise as much as any part of the human anatomy, but if they're delicate, give them the aid that Dr. Von Stan's Pineapple Tablets afford and you can eat anything that's wholesome and palatable—Go in a box, 35 cents.—3

Bobby: "Ma, you said that I wasn't to eat that piece of cake in the pantry—because it would make me sick." Mother: "Yes, Bobby." Bobby (convincingly): "But, ma, it hasn't made me sick."

For Over Sixty Years Mrs. WINSLOW'S SCORCHING STRUP has been used by millions of mothers for their children while teething. Soothes the child, softens the gums, alleviates pain, cures colic, regulates the stomach and bowels, and is the best remedy for Diarrhoea. Twenty-five cents a bottle, sold by druggists throughout the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Scorching Strup." 25-74

Mr. Noodle: "Clever? Why, she has brains enough for two, Miss Cutting." Miss Cutting: "Has she? Then she is just the girl you ought to marry, Mr. Noodle."

Lever's Y-Z (Wise Head) Disinfectant Soap Powder dusted in the bath, softens the water and disinfects.

Papa: "How is it, Alice, that you never get a prize at school?" Mama: "And that your friend, Louisa Sharp, gets so many?" Alice (innocently): "Louisa Sharp has such clever parents!"

Itching, Burning, Oozing, Crawling Skin Diseases relieved in a few minutes by Agnew's Ointment. Dr. Agnew's Ointment relieves instantly, and cures Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Eczema, Ulcers, Blisters, and all eruptions of the Skin. It is soothing and quelling and acts like magic in all Itchy Humors, Irritation of the Scalp or Rash during teething time. 35 cents a box.—7

She: "Poor Jack says he cannot live without Miss Riche. He's worried himself into dyspepsia, and can't eat anything but bread-and-milk." He: "Well, if that's all he eats, he ought to be able to live without Miss Riche."

Keep Minard's Liniment in the House.



The real joy of an outing is good tea!

Blue Ribbon Tea is made from the tenderest and most delicate leaves and flowers of the Ceylon tea plant.

It is delicious and creamy to the taste—is simply delightful with bread and butter.

# Blue Ribbon Ceylon Tea

Black, Mixed Ceylon Green

40c. should be Fifty

Ask for the Red Label

## FREE!

Ladies and Girls, You Can Earn This

## Handsome Fur Scarf

In a Few Minutes

SEND your name and address, and we will mail you post paid 8 large beautifully-colored Pictures 16 x 20 inches, named "The Angel's Whisper," "The Family Record," and "Simply to Thy Cross I Cling," to sell at 25c. each. We also give a 50c. certificate free to each purchaser. These pictures are handsomely finished in 22 colors, and could not be bought in any store for less than 20c. each. Every one you offer them to will buy one or more. When sold send us the money, and we will send you this

### HANDSOME FUR SCARF

Over 40 inches long, 3 inches wide, made from selected full-furred skins with six fine full black tails, the very latest style. We know you will be more than pleased with it. Miss J. Bookers, Rosenberg, Can., said: "I write to thank you for the handsome fur scarf. It is just beautiful. I could not buy one like it in our store for \$2.00." The regular price in all fur stores is \$5.00, and they fully equal in appearance any \$2.00 Fur Scarf. We could not think of giving them for so little, were it not that we had a great number made specially for us during the summer when the furriers were not busy. Ladies and girls, take advantage of this chance and write for the pictures to-day. We guarantee to treat you right, and will allow you to keep out money to pay your postage, so that your Fur Scarf will not cost you one cent. Address THE COLONIAL ART CO., Dep. 20 Toronto.

He: "Could you love me if I lost all my money?" She: "How much have you to lose?"

Ask for Minard's and take no other.

Babies cry most when they realize that they look like some of their relations.

Minard's Liniment Lumberman's Friend

Charlie: "Young Biddle seems to think the girls are crazy after him." Flo: "Well, the ones who are after him certainly must be crazy."

## YOUR OVERCOATS

and faded Suits would look better dyed. If no agent at once in your town, write direct Montreal, Box 158 BRITISH AMERICAN DYEING CO. MONTREAL.

## BASTEDO & CO

17 King St., East, Toronto, Fur Manufacturers. JACKETS, CAPERINGS, STOLERS, RUFFS, at store prices. Send for catalog. RAW FURS AND GEARING wanted. Send for price list. 28-44

## Newspapers FROM THE Old Country

and MAGAZINES, PERIODICALS, BOOKS, etc., dispatched to subscribers by first mails by W.M. DAWSON & SONS, Limited, Cannon House, Bream's Buildings, London, England. The largest Subscription Agency in the world. Send for our list. Free on application. Est. 1809. Prompt and reliable.

## PATENTS IN ALL COUNTRIES.

## RIDOUT & MAYBEE

SPECIAL ATTENTION TO PATENT LITIGATION. Send for Handbook on Patents, etc. 103 Bay St., TORONTO.

Poultry, Butter, Eggs, Honey, Apples, ALL KINDS OF FRUITS And Farm Produce generally, consign it to us and we will get you good prices.

THE Dawson Commission Co., 9-15 TORONTO. LIMITED

## BOYS! We will give ABSOLUTELY FREE A HIGH GRADE WATCH

Guaranteed for one year. If you will do a few hours work for us any day after school. Boys must enclose references from parents or guardians. Write to-day. W.P. HUESTIS, Room 510, No. 156 Fifth Ave., New York, U.S.A.

## Dominion Line Steamships

Montreal to Liverpool Boston to Liverpool Large and Fast Steamships Superior accommodation for all classes of passengers. Saloons and State-rooms are splendid. Special attention has been given to the Second Saloon and Third-Class accommodation. For rates of passage and all particulars, apply to any agent of the Company, or to passenger agent. DOMINION LINE OFFICES: 156 St. St., Boston. 17 St. St., Montreal.

## The Fast Trains UNION PACIFIC

ARE VIA THE UNION PACIFIC If you want a quick and pleasant trip, select the Union Pacific, its trains from Omaha reaching the Pacific Coast: 16 Hours Quicker THAN ANY OTHER LINE.

NO CHANGE OF ROADS NO CHANGE OF CARS NO DETOURS

'The Overland Route' all the way. Be sure your Ticket reads over the UNION PACIFIC. Full information cheerfully furnished on application to H. F. CARTER, T.P.A., 14 James Building, Toronto, Canada. F. B. CHOATE, G. A., 126 Woodward Ave., Detroit, Mich.



# The Watchman AND OTTAWA VALLEY ADVOCATE.

FRIDAY, DEC. 11, 1903.

The WATCHMAN will be published every Friday.

J. S. GILES, Proprietor.

The WATCHMAN will be mailed to subscribers in Canada and the United States for \$1.00 in advance, or \$1.50 at the end of the year.

Notices of Births, Marriages and Deaths inserted free.

All transient advertising matter charged 10c. per line, nonpareil measurement.

Locals, constituting 5 lines or less, 25 cents per each insertion.

Address all communications to  
The WATCHMAN,  
LACHUTE, QUE.

## PARISH COUNCIL.

A meeting of the municipal Council of the Parish of St. Jerusalem was held on Monday the 7th, inst., when were present, Jno. Smith Esq., Mayor, and Councillors Walter Smith, James Earle, Richard Muir, James Gordon, J. Leishman Jr., Henry Drysdale, and the Secretary Treasurer G. J. Walker.

The minutes of last meeting were read and approved. The Secretary stated that according to resolution of last meeting he had settled with advocates Bampton and St. Jacques the threatened actions for roads. The question whether interest should be charged on overdue and unpaid taxes of the levy of 18th, of April last was brought up (a resolution having been passed by the Council some time ago ordering that interest should be charged.)

It was moved by Councillor Gordon, seconded by Councillor Leishman and resolved, that the Secretary charge interest only from 1st, Sept. last on the tax last levied, but that interest in full be charged on all other taxes levied and due before that date, and that the Secretary be instructed to give notice to all parties indebted to the Council to pay up within fifteen days.

The Mayor produced a plan and specifications for a Bridge to be built in place of Powers Bridge. The action of the Mayor in causing this to be made was approved of. The question of the rebuilding of the Bridge was then taken up and the process verbal governing same read. Resolved on motion of councillor W. Smith seconded by councillor Gordon, that the Secretary be instructed to get the advice of the councils attorney upon same. Meeting then adjourned to the 12th, instant.

## COUNTY COUNCIL.

The quarterly meeting of the County Council was held in the Court House on Wednesday Dec. 9th, at which were present the Warden Matthew Strickland, and Councillors E. Christie, Robert Patton, Malcolm Smith, J. Smith, T. A. Gauley, A. Pridham, Robt. Dobbie, W. D. Graham, and Oliver Woods and the Secretary Mr. G. J. Walker.

Minutes of the last session were read and approved. The Secretary read the opinion of Mr. R. P. DeLaronde on the objection raised by Mr. Bampton at last meeting regarding the action taking by County Council in matter of the report of W. S. Todd on water course on the St. Andrews and St. Jerusalem Parishes, said opinion

stated the objection of Mr. Bampton was a frivolous one and should not be entertained. The report of W. S. Todd was then read to the meeting and discussed. Mr. Bampton appeared on behalf of Messrs. M. Cleland, R. Cleland, Thos. Black, Robert Morrison, P. S. Dunbar, and others in opposition to the adoption of the report and argued the matter at some length. Messrs Robert Morrin F. Gates and others appeared in support of the report. After due consideration of arguments brought up by both parties, it was resolved, on motion of Councillor Pridham, seconded by Councillor Patton, that the said report and process verbal be referred back to the special superintendent Mr. W. S. Todd to amend so as to give the numbers of acres drained by the watercourse on each lot given cadastral number of the lots and boundaries of acres drained on each lot, so as to reconcile the report or process verbal in accordance with article N. 887. of the Municipal Code of this Province, and also to insert therein any omissions or exemptions that may have been made therein.

The Secretary stated that although he had written the St. Andrews Council more than once for the payment of the amount of \$68. paid by this council for the maintenance of one Moise Plouffe in the insane asylum during the year 1902 the amount was still unpaid. Councillors Mayor M. Smith claimed that the Municipality of Carillon should pay this amount.

Moved by Councillor Pridham seconded by Councillor Graham and resolved, that the Sec. Treas. be instructed to write F. Paquin Esq., collector of the Provincial Inland Revenue, for a copy of the record given in this case when patient was sent to the asylum.

The Secretary stated that the deposits made by the Municipalities of Wentworth and Gore to pay costs in the matter of amendments made to certain process verbal on roads in Chatham township had been \$9.20 too much, and in consequence this amount should be returned to these Municipalities.

On motion of Councillor Pridham, seconded by Councillor Gauley, the Secretary was instructed to pay back equally to each this amount. Mr. Thompson of Montcalm presented a petition from certain inhabitants of the Township of Montcalm and part of the Township of Harrington, asking that a new Municipality be established.

The petition not having the necessary number of signatures as required by articles of the Municipal Code governing such cases the Council could not take any action on the matter.

On motion of Councillor Pridham, seconded by Councillor Graham, the Secretary was instructed to procure wood for the present heating of the Court House and to advertise for tenders for wood for the heating of the Court House next winter. Meeting then adjourned.

## Mr. Perley Nominated.

Large and representative was the meeting of the Liberal-Conservatives as they gathered in Convention in the Victoria Hall on Thursday last for the purpose of naming a candidate to represent the Conservative interests of this County in the forthcoming elections.

The chair was occupied by Mr. John Hope, President of the Association, and with him on the platform were seated the candidate Mr. G. H. Perley, Hon. M. Hackett, Hon. W. Owens, J. H. Bergeron, G. E. Bampton, K. C., Mayor H. Slater and J. L. St. Jacques and Secretary Mr. P. Lafleur.

With a few well-chosen remarks Mayor Slater moved the nomination of Mr. G. H. Perley which was promptly seconded by Ex-Mayor Bedard and one or more delegates from every poll in the county with three exceptions, who through unavoidable circumstances were unable to be present.

Mr. G. H. Perley, in tendering his thanks to the meeting for the unanimous call that had just been extended to him asked the indulgence of the meeting for a short time in which to consider the matter. Last year he said, odds were greatly against us, but I think, he said to the credit of this good

old county, that we did remarkably well. One thing sure, whoever the candidate may be, he will not have to fight all the Crown Ministers and other elements that were used in the previous contest. It is true that conditions are forcing the people to desire a change and there can be no doubt that the Ministers at Ottawa so regard the situation, otherwise they would not think of effecting the leap in such a hurry. It is the feeling the country is going against them that forces the politicians to take time by the forelock and save whatever they can of their support. The tax on the expenditures, in fact all the principles, instead of conforming more nearly than they did to the platform upon which the party was elected are further away than ever. The \$125,000,000 involved in the Grand Trunk Pacific testifies to the unwisdom of the expenditure programme.

The Hon. M. Hackett then addressed the meeting and gave a general survey of what the Grand Old Conservative party had done for this Canada of ours of which we are so justly proud, and for the credit of which the Liberals were so loudly clamouring. The Liberal Conservative party are nominating excellent candidates in all constituencies and the prospect is that when the day is named the Conservative party, united as it never was before, will be ready for a manly fight which will result in victory. Turning to the record of the Liberal Party the speaker stated there was nothing in it that was at all attractive. It is true that we have had good times. But what had they to do with that? Times have been good the world over. No Dominion legislation propounded by the present Ministers has favorably affected the conditions.

Mr. Bergeron then briefly addressed the meeting in French and English and expressed his great pleasure in once more appearing before the Conservatives of Argenteuil. He said that as his friend, the Hon. M. Hackett had covered the ground so thoroughly there was little use in him enlarging upon it. He congratulated the meeting upon its choice of the candidate, and hoped Mr. Perley would see his way clear to accept the nomination.

Short addresses from Senator Owens, G. E. Bampton, K.C., Mayor H. Slater, and the President were delivered, and vociferous cheers for Mr. Perley and the speakers brought the meeting to a close.

## HOME.

Grand are the beauties that abound  
Where mountains rise and billows foam:  
Yet life's serene joys are found  
Within a well-conducted home.

Home is the fountain clear and sweet  
From which the purest streams proceed:  
Home makes our earthly life complete,  
And yields the fruit our spirits need.

A room, a cottage, or a tent,  
Or palace with its stately dome,  
If filled with love and sweet content,  
Becomes a bright and happy home.

As bees at sunset bring their spoil  
From flowery fields in which they roam;  
So from the scenes of care and toil  
Kind hearts return to bless the home!

And though along the shore of time,  
Home's fairest flowers may droop and die,  
With fearless steps we upward climb  
Until we reach our home on high.

T. WATSON.

Dalorville, Que. 1903.

## MONTREAL CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

To the Editor of the WATCHMAN,  
SIR:—At a meeting of the above-mentioned body Dec. 2nd, one of the members moved a resolution, which was referred to the transportation committee, to the effect that the government be petitioned to keep the canals open on Sunday's although the season of navigation, instead of for two months as at present.

One of the reasons given for such a request was, the Erie canal (one of the United States canals) is open every day.

The mover of that resolution might have gone farther and asked that the city council be petitioned to open the markets on Sunday and have the farmers bring in their produce and sell it on that day, and he could point out Mexico as an example.

The government might as well be asked to disannul the law with regard to stealing. The late Dr. Micar once said, that when he heard a man swearing he felt like buttoning his coat as he considered his purse was not very safe. The same thing may be said of any person who has no fear of violating any of God's commands.

Two years ago when travelling through North Dakota a family came on board the train in which I was travelling at a station near Grand Forks. In conversing with the father of the family he told me that he had previously come from the Province of Ontario and was now leaving Dakota for Manitoba on account of the regardless way in which the sabbath was kept. He said he had been managing a large farm in Dakota and in the beginning of harvest the owner of the farm came to him on a Sunday morning and asked to get out all the binders and set them to work. (To have complied with that request would have been a direct violation of that command six days thou shalt work but on the seventh day thou shalt rest: in plowing time and in harvest thou shalt rest. Exodus 34 and 21, revised version.) He told him that he had never done that work on Sunday and he was not going to begin now. The next morning he came along again and ordered them out with the command that they were not to stop for neither man nor God Almighty. These are the kind of people that are held up as an example for the government to follow. It is to be hoped that the government will not only refuse such a request but that they will close the canals the remaining two months on Sunday.

WALTER McQUAT.

Lachute Dec. 9th, 1903.

YEP KEE has opened his laundry in the house adjoining W. Barry's Shop, Main St., and solicits a share of your patronage. All washing and ironing done on shortest notice and satisfaction guaranteed.

# CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of *Dr. H. Fletcher* and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

## What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

## GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

*Dr. H. Fletcher*

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 27 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

## FORTUNES IN PATENTS

Send a Rough Drawing in Lead Pencil of your Idea, Improvement or Invention, with a clear description of it, and we will promptly tell you if it is new and probably patentable, absolutely Free. **FREE!** Valuable 100 page book "How to get a Patent." **MARION & MARION, Experts,** Temple Bldg., Montreal. The only firm of graduate engineers in the Dominion transacting patent business exclusively. Highest references.

**Windsor Salt**

Purest and Best for Table and Dairy

No adulteration. Never cakes.

## Hardware, Etc. Etc.

A full Assortment of the Following Lines in Stock.

Cow Chains & Fixtures,

Horse Blankets,

Snow Shovels,

Hockey Sticks,

Skates, Etc. Etc.

**HUGH FRASER, Jr.**

## SEASONABLE GOODS.

Sealette and Wool Lap Rugs.

Saskatchewan Robes.

Siberian Wolf

Black Bear

Grey Goat

Bells, Russian Gongs, etc.

Horse Blankets from 50c. up.

The Choicest Groceries Always Fresh.

**HENRY J. GILES & BRO.**

**CASTORIA**  
For Infants and Children.  
The Kind You Have Always Bought  
Bears the Signature of *Dr. H. Fletcher*



## Professional & Commercial

**G. E. BAMPTON, K.C.,**  
ADVOCATE.  
Office; Main Street, East Ward,  
Lachute P.Q.,  
P.O. Box 243.  
Attends Courts in District of Ter-  
rebonne, Ottawa, and Montreal.  
Collections promptly remitted.

**J. L. St. JACQUES, L.L.L.,**  
ADVOCATE,  
Office open daily (except Tuesdays and  
Saturdays) on 1st floor, Roby's Block,  
Opposite Rodrigue's Hotel  
LACHUTE

**J. E. W. SIMPSON,**  
Insurance and Financial Agent,  
Fire, Life and Accident Assurance.  
Only First-class Companies Represented  
LACHUTE, P.Q.

**DENTISTRY.**  
**H. C. McCONNELL, D.D.S., L.D.S.**  
SURGEON-DENTIST.  
Will be in Lachute every Monday, Wed-  
nesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday.  
(Absent on Tuesday only.)

**B. B. STACKHOUSE, S.A., D.D.S., L.D.S.**  
DENTISTRY.—Hereafter, Dr. B. B.  
Stackhouse will be in Lachute from  
Tuesday to Saturday, last five days  
of each week. Dr. Arthur Stack-  
house will assist every Saturday.  
Office at Mrs. Paint's.

**N. FOREST,**  
NOTARY.  
STE. SCHOLASTIQUE P.Q.

**H. J. J. LADOUCEUR,**  
SURGEON DENTIST,  
Will be in St. Andrews the third Sat-  
urday of each month.

**DR. G. CHRISTIE,**  
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,  
MAIN STREET LACHUTE, P.Q.

**DR. A. A. GAUTHIER**  
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,  
Office at: Mr. A. D. Raymond's,  
Foundry St., Lachute.

**MALCOLM SMITH,**  
Licensed Auctioneer,  
P. O. Box 10. Lachute, Que.  
For the District of Terrebonne. Sales  
conducted in French and English.

**J. E. VALOIS,**  
NOTARY PUBLIC,  
LACHUTE, P.Q.  
Money to Loan on Security.  
Office - BETHANY STREET.

**J. O. FOURNIER, L.L.L.**  
ADVOCATE.  
No. 16 St. JAMES ST., MONTREAL.

**STEPHENS & PALLISER**  
ADVOCATES AND ATTORNEYS,  
LACHUTE.  
C. H. Stephens, K.C., Joseph Palliser, B.C.L.  
Montreal. Lachute.  
Offices in Banford's Block.  
All matters submitted to Mr. Stephens for  
opinion and approval.

**G. J. WALKER,**  
INSURANCE AND FINANCIAL AGENT,  
LACHUTE, P.Q.  
Notes discounted and Loans Made  
Only First-class Insurance Companies  
Represented.

**J. A. C. ETHIER**  
ADVOCATE,  
STE. SCHOLASTIQUE P.Q.  
Attends all courts in the District of  
Terrebonne, and is in Lachute every  
Tuesday.



Y.M.O.A. Building, Montreal.  
Fall Session opens Sept. 7, 1903.

This institution gives a thorough up-  
to-date business training in book-keep-  
ing, Shorthand, Typewriting, French,  
etc. Write for prospectus giving full  
information regarding terms, etc.

A. W. YOUNG,  
Principal.

**Gray's  
Syrup  
of Red  
Spruce  
Gum**

For Coughs,  
Colds, Bron-  
chitis, Sore  
throat, etc.

KERRY, WATSON & CO., PROPRIETORS,  
MONTREAL.

**THE PERFECT TEA**

**MONSOON  
TEA**

THE  
FINEST TEA  
IN THE WORLD

FROM THE TEA PLANT TO THE TEA CUP  
IN ITS NATIVE PURITY.

"Monsoon" Tea is packed under the supervision  
of the Tea growers, and is advertised and sold by them  
as a sample of the best qualities of Indian and Ceylon  
Teas. For that reason they see that none but the  
very fresh leaves go into Monsoon packages.

That is why "Monsoon," the perfect Tea, can be  
sold at the same price as inferior teas.

It is put up in sealed caddies of ½ lb., 1 lb., and  
5 lbs., and sold in three flavours at 40c., 50c. and 60c.

If your grocer does not keep it, tell him to write  
to STEEL, HAYTER & CO., 11 and 13 Front St.  
East, Toronto.

## Your Wants Supplied.

We are now well established in our new  
Enterprise, and beg to remind the Public  
that there is no necessity to go into Lachute  
to do your shopping, as our store is all well  
stocked with all the newest and best goods.

Don't forget that we take any produce  
in Exchange for goods. We want your trade.

**V. & I. McFAUL, - - BROWNSBURG.**

## A few Leaders.

**Ladies' Jackets.** This is the  
choicest line  
We have yet put on the tables. None  
of last years to worry you. The  
newest cuff, the newest shade, the  
newest style generally. The early  
buyer is always safest. Think of the  
opportunity of selecting from  
**SEVENTY-FIVE JACKETS.**

**Overcoats.** Here, as usual, we  
lead away out of sight  
between Montreal and Ottawa.  
The **CHAMBERLAIN** is the  
overcoat for this Season. You are  
dressed when you have one of these.

**SUITS.**  
Men's and Boys, in greatest variety  
and newest patterns.

We have just received a new lot of  
Carpets. We are having a fine run  
on them just now. No need to go to  
the city for them. People are sur-  
prised at our low prices and come  
far to buy.

**Wm. BANFORD.**

## TENDER.

Tenders will be received up till  
noon of October 28rd, for the  
building of two stone abutments  
and one centre pier for an iron  
bridge 15 feet in width, to be built  
of solid stone, or granite, with  
cement. Tenders for the pier and  
abutments to be given separately.  
Lowest or any tender not  
necessarily accepted.

Jas. W. Raitt.  
Sec.-Treas. Lachute Town.

**CASTORIA.**  
The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the  
Signature of  
*Charles H. Fletcher*

**Give  
the  
Baby  
a  
Chance**

The only food  
that will build  
up a weak con-  
stitution gradu-  
ally but surely is

**Martin's  
Cardinal Food**

a simple, scientific and highly  
nutritive preparation for infants,  
delicate children and invalids.

KERRY WATSON & CO., PROPRIETORS,  
MONTREAL.

## BANK of OTTAWA

HEAD OFFICE, OTTAWA, ONT.  
Capital, (authorized) - \$1,000,000  
Capital, (Fully paid up) \$2,000,000  
Reserved Fund - \$1,334,273

**BRANCHES:**  
ONTARIO.  
Alexandria, Arnprior, Avonmore, Brace-  
bridge, Carleton Place, Cobden, Hawkes-  
bury, Keewatin, Kemptville, Lanark-  
Matawa, Ottawa, Parry Sound, Pemb-  
roke, Rat Portage, Renfrew, Smith Falls,  
Toronto, Vankeek Hill, Winchester.  
Maxville, North Bay, Prince Albert.

QUEBEC.  
Granby, Hull, Lachute, Montreal,  
Shawinigan Falls.

MANITOBA.  
Dauphin, Portage la Prairie, Winnipeg,  
Emerson.

Geo. HAY, PRESIDENT, DAVID MACLAREN,  
VICE-PRESIDENT, HENRY M. HAY, JOHN  
B. FRASER, HON. GEO. BRYSON, JOHN  
MATHER, HENRY W. EGAN, DENNIS MUR-  
PHY, M.L.A. GEO. H. PERLEY.

A General Banking business trans-  
acted. Drafts issued on all Banking  
points in the Dominion, United States  
and Great Britain.

Notes and Bills collected.  
Interest allowed at current rates and  
payable semi-annually.  
No delay in withdrawing deposits.

**BRANCH AT LACHUTE.**  
J. R. PARRIS, - - - Manager

Children Cry for  
**CASTORIA.**



## IF THE BREAD'S THERE

The most important part of the  
meal is—

## Our Bread.

will not only sustain life, but take  
the place of many dainties, which  
are considered indispensable to  
the well set table.

This bread is delightfully crisp  
and palatable. Never gets soggy  
or sour. Made of the finest hard  
western wheat flour.

**JOHN HOPE.**

Children Cry for  
**CASTORIA.**

## New Cash Grocery Store.

Having purchased the Commodious  
store on Bethany St. from Mr. J. B.  
Raymond, I have stocked it with a  
large assortment of

## Fresh Groceries

which will be found choice, good &  
reasonable. We solicit a call.

**FRANCIS LAURIN.**



The ONLY  
Meat Cutter  
Worth Buying.

**HALL, COOK, and  
HEATING STOVES.**

**PUMPS, PIPES AND  
SINKS, and general  
Hardware.**

**McQuat & McRae,  
Lachute, P.Q.**

## SUITABLE

## PRESENTS

Sometimes it is difficult to select a suitable  
gifts for our friend. We have a nice assortment  
of Music Cases, Easels, Chairs, and Rockers that  
make presents that are always appreciated.

**LACHUTE FURNITURE FACTORY**  
O. B. Lafleur, Prop.



## About the ....House

### USEFUL HINTS.

Bacon fat imparts a delicious flavor to chicken if used for basting or frying.

If in cooking too much salt has been put into an article add the same amount of brown sugar to counteract the effect.

When making a beefsteak pie remove every particle of fat, as it never bakes well and makes the pie both greasy and indigestible.

To clean mirrors remove the fly stains by rubbing with a cloth dipped in methylated spirit. Then polish with a woolen cloth and powdered blue.

When marble is spotted scatter over some powdered borax where it is stained or soiled, and then wash the marble with warm water, using a flannel.

To set delicate colors soak them for ten minutes previous to washing in a pail of tepid water, in which a teaspoonful of turpentine has been well stirred.

Apply glycerine to a scald directly the accident happens and cover it with strips of rag soaked in glycerine. If glycerine is not at hand apply salad oil in the same way.

Use-tails dried and pulled apart into down are said to make a capital filling for sofa pillows. This cat-tail down does not absorb dampness, neither does it ever grow mouldy.

After using olive oil in place of butter to saute potatoes, small fish, tomatoes, etc., few housekeepers will care to go back to the old fashion. Oil, even the best, costs very little more than butter, and less of it is required in cooking.

Hardwood floors should not be washed. It is better to take equal parts of turpentine and crude oil and rub the floor well with a woolen cloth moistened with the mixture.

Melt together a little mutton fat and beeswax, and, when liquid, rub a little of it over the edges of boot soles, where the stitches are. This will render your boots quite waterproof.

Lima and red kidney beans are very good baked with pork, as ordinary white beans are prepared. Green or dried beans may be used. The dried ones must, of course, be soaked before baking.

Turpentine cleans tin or zinc and makes it beautifully bright. It is also useful for cleaning discolored white bath enamel. Take a soft cloth, dip it in a little turpentine, apply to the stained parts, then polish with a duster.

To keep flowers fresh mix a little carbonate of soda in the water in your vases and you will find that the flowers will keep fresh much longer. Again, it is a good plan to keep them in a dark room when not required for use.

New milk put into a stone jar, tied over tightly with greased paper, and placed in a moderate oven for several hours, makes a nourishing drink, which is nearly equal to cream. Baten with stewed fruit or preserve this is excellent.

When frying doughnuts have a kettle of boiling water on the stove, and as each doughnut is taken from the fat, plunge it for a second in the water, then drain. The doughnuts are said to be entirely free from greasy taste or feeling when so treated.

You can really manage very well without scales if you follow this simple plan. One ordinary teacup full of flour is four ounces, so that four teacupfuls make a pound. Sugar is heavier, so do not take a full cup of it to make four ounces. Shredded suet is so light that a teacupful is only two ounces.

Earthenware and stoneware pots and pans for cooking are greatly to be recommended. They are easy to keep clean and slow to burn, and give no unpleasant flavor to anything cooked. Earthenware jars may be stood on the stove or in the oven equally well, and the contents will not suffer by remaining in them till cold.

### TRIED RECIPES.

Pickled Grapes—Fill a jar with alternate layers of grapes that are just ripe and sugar, leaving the grapes in bunches after freeing them from any that are imperfect. Fill the jar with cold vinegar and cover tightly.

Cream Pudding—Melt a rounding teaspoon of butter in two cups of milk scalded in a double boiler, then stir in three rounding tablespoons of sugar. Add a few gratings of nutmeg and the yolks of three eggs well beaten. Beat the whites of the eggs until stiff and stir into the pudding lightly. Butter a shallow pudding dish and dredge one-quarter inch deep with cracker crumbs; pour in the custard, then sprinkle the top with crumbs. Bake and serve cool.

Lemon Layer Cake—Beat a level tablespoon of butter and one cup of sugar together, add one beaten egg, two-thirds cup of milk, two cups of flour sifted with three level teaspoons of baking powder. Bake in layers. Spread with a filling made

from the grated rind and juice of one lemon, one spoonful of water, one-half cup of sugar, one egg, and one rounding teaspoon of butter. Boil ten minutes, then spread between the cakes.

Indian Pudding—Heat one pint of milk to the scalding point, then add seven slightly rounding tablespoons of corn meal and scald it. Add one pint of milk, and skimmed milk will do as well as whole milk, one-half cup of molasses, one-half level teaspoon each of cinnamon and ginger and a pinch of salt. Stir well and bake three hours. About half an hour after the pudding begins to cook stir it from the bottom of the dish, then do not stir it again. Sometimes for a change add a rounding tablespoon of chopped suet.

Orange Omelet—Three eggs, 8 tablespoonfuls of powdered sugar, 1 orange, using the grated rind and 3 tablespoonfuls of juice; beat the yolks of the eggs with the sugar to a cream; add the grated rind and the orange juice, then fold in lightly the beaten whites of the eggs. Have a clean smooth frying pan, put in a teaspoonful of butter, rubbing it round the side as well as the bottom of the pan. When the butter bubbles turn in the omelet mixture and spread it evenly. Do not shake the pan. Cook until it is a delicate brown and seems cooked through, but not hard. Fold the edges over a little and turn it on to a flat dish. Sprinkle plentiful with powdered sugar.

### WASHING DISHES.

Dishwashing is usually considered a disagreeable task although it would not be an easy matter to account for the aversion to it. It is not sloppy dirty work unless one is careless, and the hands need not be roughened by it. Scrape all the crumbs from the plates into a bowl and empty them into a slop pail. Do not pile the dishes up indiscriminately, but put all the dishes of one kind together. There should be a clean dish cloth or mop and at least two dry towels. These may be of linen.

### WHAT TO READ.

Essay Read by Mr. R. J. McKesock, Solina, at the Durham County Teachers' Association, Bowmanville.

To many of our teachers working hard in the preparation of candidates for the various examinations, it may seem an injustice to expect them to add any heavier burden to an already heavy curriculum. Yet since education is to fit the child for true citizenship, should it not be some part of our duty as teachers to help and lead out on broader lines. The chief function of the school is to direct mental activity, and when I see the eagerness with which many pupils grasp at a story to read, either in book or paper, it seems to me that we ought to have some course in reading in our public schools that would give us a chance to direct the reading of our pupils, and if possible create in them not only a love for literature, but what is more important, a love for good literature.

It is required of the professional man of to-day that he should have not only the technical knowledge pertaining to his profession, but a fair degree of culture as well. Is there any good reason why the mechanic or the farmer should have less. Where will he get it better than by reading, and where will he get a love for reading if he does not get it in the Public School before his whole attention is taken up with his daily tasks. These men are not mere money-making machines, and the possession of cultivated literary tastes would be a valued means of relaxation after the day's work.

If all our Public School pupils were going to the High School to complete their education, then leave Supplementary Reading to the High Schools, but with a very small percentage of our pupils ever entering a High School should we not give the majority who stay at home at least a share in the benefit to be derived from a course in reading outside of the short selections in our Public School reader.

I notice a High School announcement among the good features of its work, says:—A regular course in Supplementary Reading to encourage in pupils a love of literature and to beget a habit of thoughtful reading. Why not give the less favored boy a taste of that love for literature also?

The taste for that which is pure in literature is a taste which begets refinement in every department of life,

action, and thought. The boy who loves a pure poem will not indulge in evil language. The boy who will sit down and enjoy a pure story, or who delights in Tennyson's or Longfellow's poems and who stores his memory with them, is the one who will have the highest ideals in life. Human beings must think, and if children's minds are not filled with noble thoughts there is much room for baser ideas.

And what of the child's ideals. We are told that the ideal is to be attained by selecting and assimilating into our whole the perfections of many individuals, excluding everything defective. It is our effort to become like our ideals that tends to make us great. Children strive to imitate the highest model of man or woman they know. Any trait of character displayed by a favorite friend or teacher is quickly acquired, because it is human nature, to do the best they can, that is, to become like their ideals. To get the highest ideals they ought to read the best literature. Here poetry and fiction are of foremost importance, as they are the representation of idealized characters. They stimulate the imagination and arouse the mind to greater activity and stronger desires to attain the realization of their ideal.

It is a well-known principle that no new idea may be implanted in the mind without some principle in the inner nature akin to that which is being taught. Children readily recognize that of which they have some knowledge. These powers of recognition are the basis of advancement, and it is our duty to multiply these as far as possible in the children under our care. Life is too short to let the pupil have actual contact with all the difficulties to be overcome so we must let the child supply them through imagination, inspired by the reading of books suitable to his mental condition and advancement. Do not children coming from homes where they have access to good reading matter grasp with ease thoughts presented to them, while others of similar age and temperament who have not the same advantage acquire these principles with difficulty? Of course we must admit, a part of this may be due to heredity, for the possession of that literature indicates the intellectual tendencies of the parent; but at the same time, the ideas the child is gaining from that library proves exceedingly valuable in the acquiring of further knowledge. But the question then arises, are there any practical results to be derived from a course in Supplementary Reading that will repay us for the time necessarily taken from our other school work. The mere fact that the course in Supplementary Reading will broaden the mind of the child ought amply to reward us for the time spent. For surely the increased intellectual power will to some extent lessen the difficulty with which the pupil grasps the underlying principles in the other subjects. As a first example take history. Are the dry details of history sufficient to establish a thirst after historical knowledge? I fear not. Our Public School history says little, much too little, to give us inspiration. The historical novel is as necessary here as is the ballad, the song, or the military display to the patriotism of the nation. Let us then supplement these dry facts where we can by giving to our class something with a little more in it to inspire a love for history as well as a love for country.

Another subject in which the pupil would receive a great deal of benefit from a course in Supplementary Reading is in composition. Success in composition requires a large stock of ideas and a copious vocabulary. It is an old doctrine that we learn to do by doing, but in composition at least, this has its limitations. Before the boy can write he must have something to express, and the best training for the average boy is not in always writing composition, but in doing a fair share of reading composition as well, that is in the reading of good literature. What an increased power of expression on their answer papers, more extended reading would give. An examiner on entrance papers cannot help but notice the difficulty with which most children find words to express their ideas. Would not a carefully outlined course in Supplementary Reading, properly used, give an increased power of expression, which, on examination papers alone go far to repay the time spent on it. It would be to our present school course what the side lines of railway, or the tributaries to the mighty river, adding a little here and a little there, all going to increase the one great whole.

In geography how many facts would be more firmly impressed by stories of travel or exploration, and what new life it would add to literature after some time spent in reading something more substantial than the mere scraps provided by some of our lessons. How can we inculcate the true patriot feeling into our boys better than by letting them hear or read tales of our own great British and Canadian heroes. The promiscuous reading of books is to the mind what the mastication of all kinds of material is to the body.

There are dangers in attractive literature of the sentimental character, which leaves the mind in a

surfeited condition, and unable to grapple with the problems that face the average youth of to-day. Books of travel, adventure and exploration give life and reality to the dry details of the past; while lives of explorers, warriors, heroes, statesmen, historical characters and religious celebrities all leave lasting impressions for good and elevate and ennoble our ideals.

The demands which the needs of children have made on the authors of the present age have brought forth an abundance of books for their special use. There are books on geography, history and nature study reduced to suit the minds of children of any age. The journals and monthly magazines also might be used with very good results in school. They teem with history and biography, as well as facts concerning the inventions of the age. Our Canadian Magazine is a library in itself taking up everything from the plant and animal life of our Dominion to her wars and the heroes engaged in them.

Last of all, in the line of reading, outside of text-books, might I mention the newspaper. The newspaper of to-day contributes much to the moulding of public opinion; might it not also be used to assist our pupils in preparing for the battles of life? Newspapers are practical, and that is one class of education much in demand at the present time. They are the product of men who come in contact with the world, and are full of interesting accounts of current events much relished by the pupils. For example, during the South African war how much of both history and geography might have been stored in the minds of the pupils by following the main events as they appeared from week to week in our papers; and by looking back over its causes, how much past history could have been linked with the present. The boy who reads the papers will be able to tell you a good deal more about Russia and Japan, the boundary line of Alaska, or the government of Canada than is to be found in text books.

The question of how to deal with Supplementary Reading in school I will not attempt to discuss, but leave it to those of you who have more experience; but I doubt not, that if we get the Supplementary Reading we will find ways and means of dealing with it with profit to our schools.

### PERSONAL POINTERS.

Notes About Prominent People on the World's Stage.

Five hundred thousand dollars for twenty concerts is the sum Kubelik is to receive for his tour in December in the land of the Czar.

King Oscar of Sweden, it is said, is a speculator on a fairly large scale, and has made a large amount of money by dealing in stocks and by privately buying up out-of-the-way slums in Stockholm on the chance that they would be wanted for street improvements in course of time.

Mr. Andrew Carnegie gets at least 200 letters a day about libraries, and he answers them all. He is a great lover of the bagpipes, and every morning the inmates of Skibo are awakened from their slumbers by the merry music evoked by the castle piper, who is also on duty during dinner.

A French astronomer, M. Joubert, head of the St. Jacques Observatory, has had all his children named after stars. He has a Uranus, Jupiter, Saturn, and a Venus. In completing the family firmament he has the good fortune to be presented by his wife with twins, and has christened them Castor and Pollux.

The late Emeritus Professor Bain, of Aberdeen University, like many notable men of humble origin, was not ashamed of proclaiming the fact. On one occasion he jocularly said to his students in the logic class, "Gentlemen, my wife may be connected with the Thames of Cawdor; but I am descended from the tinkers of Braemar."

Lady Constance Mackenzie is nothing if not original, and she has just had built a kind of light Norwegian carole, in which she drives about in Ross-shire. In Somaliland Lady Constance's costume was unconventionally picturesque, for it consisted of a soldier's grey flannel shirt, worn open at the throat, and with sleeves rolled up, khaki trousers, and a broncho-buster's hat. She rode astride, and always at a canter, and shot, too, remarkably straight.

The Hon. Charlotte Knollys (pronounced Knowles) who has been the constant attendant of Queen Alexandra for the last thirty years, is said to be the only lady not related to the Queen who calls her by her Christian name, or rather its diminutive, "Alx." In return Her Majesty and the Princesses Louise, Maud,

Coughing is the outward sign of inward disease.  
Cure the disease with  
**Shiloh's Consumption Cure** The Lung Tonic

and the cough will stop.  
Try it to-night.  
If it doesn't benefit you  
we'll give  
your money back.

Prices 25c., 50c. and \$1.00

S. C. WELLS & CO.  
Toronto, Can. LeRoy, N.Y.

and Victoria always address Miss Knollys as "Chatty." She invariably travels with the Queen and has apartments in all the palaces.

Canon Horsley, of England, tells many quaint stories of his experiences as a prison chaplain. One of these relates how he took a reformed burglar out for a drive in the country after an enforced seclusion in one of His Majesty's prisons. The burglar appeared to enjoy himself immensely, but when they passed a pretty house standing back from the road, and bearing evidence of the taste and wealth of the owner, the burglar fairly gloated over it, and, turning to the Canon, exclaimed, "What a lovely little crib that would be to crack, sir, wouldn't it?"

King Edward VII. has now two Emperors in his Army, and both are Field-Marshal. One, the Emperor of Austria, received his commission only quite recently; but the other, the German Emperor, has been a soldier for over two years, his baton being a birthday present from his Royal uncle on January 27th, 1901, during his sad sojourn in England at the time of Queen Victoria's death. In addition to being a Field-Marshal in the Army, the Kaiser is an Admiral of the Fleet in the British Navy, an honorary post conferred on him by Queen Victoria fourteen years ago.

Madame Nordica, the famous vocalist, relates with amusement that her first fee was paid to her not for singing, but for consenting not to sing. When a child the great singer had two elder sisters, whose singing practice (for they also were vocalists) was greatly disturbed by the effort of their little sister to join in their songs. In vain they appealed and protested; the little one had talent and was not to be denied. Indeed, it sometimes happened that she learned their songs before they did. At last resort was had to bribery, and the ambitious little vocalist received a money payment to secure her silence.

No European ruler uses the telegraph so much as the Emperor of Russia. He has a secret code both for his private and his official messages, and expends \$25,000 a year in this kind of correspondence. The German Emperor spends \$15,000 a year in the same way, and he uses a code which he has invented himself, and which he finds very useful whenever he desires to communicate with the Cabinet Ministers or other prominent officials. The telegraph is not used to any extent either by the King of Italy, the Emperor of Austria, or the King of Greece; but, on the other hand, King Edward and Queen Alexandra use it constantly. King Edward signs his private despatches "Albert Edward" or "Bertie," and the Queen, who always signs hers "Alexandra," writes quite as many in German as in English.

Sir Harry Johnston, the defeated Liberal candidate for Rochester, England, even when far from civilization always likes to be well dressed and well found in every way. Even in the wilds of Uganda he always had his meals at a table with a spotlessly clean table cloth, whereon reposed silver and glass such as you might find in some Belgravian home. Sir Harry once had to raid a noted slave-raider named Tmose. He first gave him warning that when captured he would be hanged, and when the fight was over and Tmose was a captive he was led into the Englishman's presence. "Tmose, you were foolish to fight," said the victor. "You shall have a good dinner and the best bottle of champagne I have now, and at seven to-morrow morning you shall be hanged." The hanging was carried out with punctuality, and immediately Sir Harry sent the following laconic message to Lord Salisbury: "Advanced against Tmose defeated, captured, hanged him.—Johnston."

**St. Jacobs Oil**  
Is the greatest remedy in the world for all bodily  
**Aches and Pains**

For which an external remedy may be used.  
Price, 25c and 50c.

**Catarrh is not a  
Luxury**

### OR A NECESSITY

Catarrh makes a man ridiculous—it makes him an offensive nuisance and it makes him dangerously sick. It is pretty sure to bring on consumption, pneumonia or at least a throat affection. You can not afford either, but you can afford the cure for it. It is Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder. It relieves a cold or catarrh, or cures a headache in 10 minutes. Don't hawk and spit and disgust your friends, but cure yourself by the use of this remedy.

Dr. Agnew's Ointment relieves eczema in a day. 3c



# AT THE POST OF DUTY

OR, THE WATERMAN'S SONS.

## CHAPTER XXXII.

One of those great calamities which befall us once or twice it may be in a century, descended upon London on Saturday the 22d of June, 2861. It was the sudden, and for the time being, attack of an old and inveterate enemy, who found us, as usual, inadequately prepared to meet him.

Fire has fought with us and fed upon us since we became a nation, and yet, despite all our efforts, its flames are at this day more furious than ever! There are more fires only in London now than there ever were before. Has this been properly met? is a question which naturally arises out of this fact. Referring to the beautiful organization of the present Fire Brigade, the ability of its chiefs and the courage of its men, the answer is, Yes, decidedly. But referring to the strength of the brigade; to the munitions of war in the form of water; to the means of conveyance in the form of mains; to the system of check in the shape of an effective Act in reference to partition walls and moderately-sized warehouses; to the means of prevention in the shape of prohibitions and regulations in regard to inflammable substances—referring to all things, the answer to the question, "Has the foe been properly met?" is emphatically, No.

It is not sufficient to reply that a special inquiry is being made into this subject now; that steps are being actually taken to remedy the evils of our system (or rather of our want of system) of fire prevention. Good may or may not result from this inquiry; that is yet to be seen. Meanwhile the public ought to be awakened more thoroughly to the fact that an enemy is and always has been abroad in our land, who might be, if we chose, more effectively checked; who, if he has not yet attacked our own particular dwelling may take us by surprise any day when we least expect him, and who does at all times very materially diminish our national wealth and increase our public burdens. Perhaps we should not style fire an enemy, but a mutinous servant, who does his work faithfully and well, except when neglected or abused!

About five o'clock on Saturday afternoon intelligence of the outbreak of fire in Tooley Street reached the headquarters of the brigade in Watling Street.

Fire in Tooley Street! The more summons lent energy to the nerves and spring to the muscles of the firemen. Not that Tooley Street in itself is more peculiarly dangerous in regard to fire than are the other streets of shops in the City. But Tooley Street lies in a dangerous neighborhood. The streets between it and the Thames, and those lying immediately to the west of it, contain huge warehouses and bonded stores, which are fitted to suffocation with the "wealth of nations." Dirty streets and narrow lanes here lead to the fountain-head of wealth untold—almost inconceivable. The elegant filigree-work of West-End luxury may here be seen unadorned, as it were, and in the ore. At the same time the rich substances on which fire feeds and fattens are stored here in warehouses which (as they are) should never have been built; and in proximities which should never have been permitted. Examine the wharves—Brook's Wharf, Beal's Wharf, Cotton's Wharf, Chamberlain's Wharf, Freeman's Wharf, Griffin's Wharf, Stanton's Wharf and others.

Investigate the lanes—Hay's Lane, Mill Lane, Morgan's Lane; and the streets—Bermondsey, Dockhead, Pickle-Herring Street, Horsleydown, and others,—and there, besides the great deposit and commission warehouses which cover acres of ground, and are filled from basement to ridge pole with the commodities and combustibles of every clime, you will find huge granaries and stores of lead, alum, drugs, tallow, chicory, flour, rice, biscuit, sulphur, and saltpetre, mingled with the warehouses of cheese agents, ham-factors, provision merchants, tarpaulin-dealers, oil and color merchants, etc. In fact, the entire region seems laid out with a view to the raising of a bonfire or a pyrotechnic display on the grandest conceivable scale!

Little wonder, then, that the firemen of Watling Street turned out all their engines, including two of Shand and Mason's new land steam fire-engines, which had at that time just been brought into action. Little wonder that the usual request for a man from each station was changed into an urgent demand for every man that could possibly be spared.

The fire began in the extensive wharves and warehouses known as Cotton's Wharf, near London Bridge and was first observed in a warehouse over a counting-room by some workmen, who at once gave the alarm, and attempted to extinguish it with some buckets of water. They were quickly driven back, however, by the suffocating smoke, which soon filled the various floors so densely that no one could approach the seat of the fire.

Mr. Braidwood, who was early on the spot, saw at a glance that a pitched battle was to be fought, and like a wise general, concentrated all the force at his command. Expresses were sent for the more distant brigade engines, and these came dashing up, one after another, at full speed. The two powerful steam floating-engines which guard the Thames from fire were moored off the wharf, two lengths of hose attached to them, and led on shore and brought to bear on the fire. A number of land-engines took up a position in Tooley Street, ready for action, but these were compelled to remain idle for nearly an hour before water was obtainable from the fire-plugs! O London! with all your wealth and wisdom, how strange that such words can be truly written of you!

The vessels which were lying at the wharf discharging and loading were hauled out of danger into the stream. In course of time the engines were in full play, but the warehouse burst into flames from basement to roof in spite of them, and ere long eight of the great storehouses were burning furiously. The flames made rapid work of it, progressing toward the line of warehouses facing the river, and to the lofty building which adjoined on the Tooley Street side.

Dale and his men were quickly on the scene of action, and had their engine soon at work. Before long, Frank Willders joined them. They were playing in at the windows of a large store, which was burning so furiously that the interior appeared to be red-hot.

"Relieve Corney, lad," said Dale, as Frank came forward.

"Och! it's time," cried Corney, dashing over the branch to Frank and Moxey; "sure Baxmore and me are melted intirely."

Frank made no reply. He and Moxey directed the branch which the

others resigned, turning their backs as much as possible on the glowing fire, and glancing at it over their shoulders: for it was too hot to be faced.

Just then the Chief of the brigade came up.

"It's of no use, sir," "we can't save these."

"True, Dale, true," said Mr. Braidwood, in a quick, but quiet tone; "this block is doomed. Take your lads round to the north-east corner; we must try to prevent it spreading."

As he surveyed the progress of the fire, with a cool, practical eye, and hurried off to another part of the battle-field to post his men to best advantage, little did the leader of the forces think he was to be the first to fall that day!

Engines were now playing on the buildings in all directions; but the flames were so fierce that they made no visible impression on them, and even in the efforts made to check their spreading, little success appeared to attend them at first. Warehouse after warehouse ignited.

To make matters worse, a fresh breeze sprang up and fanned the flames into redoubled fury; so that they quickly caught hold of vast portions of the premises occupied by the firm of Scovell and Co.

"There's not a chance," said Frank to Dale, while he wiped the perspiration from his forehead, and sat down for a few seconds to recover breath; for he had just issued from a burning building, driven back by heat and smoke. "There's not a chance of saving that block; all the iron doors that were meant to keep the fire from spreading, have been left open by the workmen!"

"Chance or no chance, we must do our best," said Dale. "Come lad, with me; I think we may get at a door inside the next warehouse, through which we might bring the branch to bear. Are you able?"

"All right," exclaimed Frank, leaping up, and following his leader through the smoke.

"Have a care!" cried Frank, pausing as a tremendous explosion caused the ground to tremble under their feet.

"It's sulphur or saltpetre," cried Dale, pushing on, "there are tons upon tons of that stuff in the cellars all round."

This was indeed the case. It was said that upward of 2000 tons of saltpetre were in the vaults at the time; and several explosions had already taken place, though, fortunately, without doing injury to any one.

Dale had already partially examined the warehouse, into which he now led Frank; and, therefore, although it was full of smoke, he moved rapidly along the narrow and intricate passages between the bales of goods until he reached an iron door.

"Here it is, we'll open this and have a look," he said, grasping the handle and swinging the heavy door open.

Instantly, a volume of black smoke drove both the men back, almost suffocating them. They could not speak; but each knew that the reclosing of that iron door was all-important, for the fire had got nearer to it than Dale had imagined.

They both darted forward; but were again driven back, and had to rush to the open air for breath. Frank recovered before his comrade, in consequence of the latter having made a more strenuous and prolonged effort to close the door which he had so unfortunately opened.

Without a moment's hesitation, he sprang into the warehouse again; regained and partially closed the door, when the stifling smoke choked him, and he fell to the ground. A few seconds later, Dale followed him, and found him there. Applying his great strength with almost superhuman energy to the door, it shut with a crash, and the communication between the buildings was cut off! Dale then seized Frank by the collar, and dragged him into the open air, when he himself almost sank to the ground. Fresh air, however, soon restored them both, and in a few minutes they were actively engaged at another part of the building.

Bravely and perseveringly though this was done, it availed not, for nothing could withstand the fury of the fire. The warehouse caught, and was soon a glowing mass like the others, while the flames raged with such violence that their roaring drowned the shouting of men, and the more distant roar of the innumerable multitude that densely covered London Bridge, and clustered on every eminence from which a safe view of the great fire could be obtained.

The floating fire-engines had now been at work for some time, and the men in charge of their branches were suffering greatly from the intense heat. About this time, nearly seven o'clock in the evening, Mr. Braidwood went to these men to give them a word of encouragement. He proceeded down one of the approaches to the river from Tooley Street, and stopped when nearly half way to give some directions, when a sudden and tremendous explosion took place, shaking the already tottering walls, which at this place were of great height. A cry was raised: "Run! the wall is falling!" Every one sprang away at the word. The wall bulged out at the same time;

and one of the firemen, seeing that Mr. Braidwood was in imminent danger, made a grasp at him as he was springing from the spot; but the heavy masses of brick-work dashed him away, and, in another moment, the gallant Chief of the Fire Brigade lay buried under at least fifteen feet of burning ruin.

Any attempt at rescue would have been impossible, as well as unavailing, for death must have been instantaneous. The hero's warfare with the flames, which had lasted for upward of thirty-eight years, was ended; and his brave spirit returned to God who gave it.

That a man of no ordinary note had fallen was proved, before many hours had passed, by the deep and earnest feeling of sorrow and sympathy which was manifested by all classes in London, from the Queen downward, as well as by the public funeral which took place a few days afterward, at which were present the Duke of Sutherland, the Earl of Caithness, the Rev. Dr. Cumming, and many gentlemen connected with the insurance offices; the committee and men of the London Fire Brigade; also those of various private and local brigades; the secretary and conductors of the Royal Society for the Protection of Life from Fire; the mounted Metropolitan and City police; the London Rifle Brigade (of which Mr. Braidwood's three sons were members); the superintendents and men of the various water companies; and a long string of private and mourning carriages—to witness the progress of which hundreds of thousands of people densely crowded the streets and clustered in the windows and on every available eminence along the route; while in Cheap-side almost all the shops were shut and business was suspended; and in the neighborhood of Shoreditch toiling thousands of artisans came forth from factory and workshop to "see the last of Braidwood," whose name had been so long familiar to them as a "household word." The whole heart of London seemed to have been moved by one feeling, and the thousands who thronged the streets "had" (in the language of one of the papers of the day) "gathered together to witness the funeral not of a dead monarch, not of a great warrior, not of a distinguished statesman, not even of a man famous in art, in literature, or in science, but simply of James Braidwood, late superintendent of the London Fire-Engine Establishment—a true hero, and one who was said, by those who knew him best, to be an earnest Christian man."

But at the moment of his fall his men were engaged in the thick of battle. Crushing though the news of his death was, there was no breathing-time to realize it. The fierce heat had not only driven back the firemen on shore, but had compelled the floating fire-engines to haul off, in consequence of the flaming matter which poured over the wharf wall and covered the surface of the river the entire length of the burning warehouses: while the whole of the carriage-way of Tooley Street was ankle deep in hot oil and tallow. After the fall of their Chief, Messrs. Henderson and Fogo, two of the principal officers of the brigade, did their utmost to direct the energies of the men.

Night closed in, and the flames continued to rage in all their fury and magnificence. News of this great fire spread with the utmost rapidity over the metropolis. Indeed it was visible at Hampstead while it was yet daylight. When darkness set in, one of the most extraordinary scenes that London ever produced was witnessed. From all quarters the people came pouring in, on foot in omnibus, cab, pleasure-van, cart, and wagon—all converging to London Bridge. At nine o'clock the Bridge and its approaches presented all the appearance of the Epsom road on the Derby day. Cabs and buses plied backward and forward on the Bridge all night, carrying an unlimited number of passengers at 2d. and 3d. each, and thousands of persons spent the night in thus passing to and fro. The railway terminus, Billingsgate Market, the roof of the Coal Exchange, the Monument, the quays, the windows, the house-tops, the steeples, and the chimney-stacks—all were crowded with human beings, whose eager upturned faces rendered intensely bright against the surrounding darkness by the fierce glare of the fire. But the Thames presented the most singular appearance of all,—now reflecting on its bosom the inky black clouds of smoke; anon the red flames, as fresh fuel was licked up by the devouring element, and, occasionally, sheets of silver light that flashed through the chaos when sulphur and saltpetre explosions occurred. Mountains of flame frequently burst away from the mass of burning buildings and floated upward for a few moments, and the tallow and tar which flowed out of the warehouses floated away blazing with the tide and set the slipping on fire, so that land and water alike seemed to be involved in one huge terrific conflagration.

The utmost consternation prevailed on board the numerous craft on the river in the vicinity of the fire, for thick showers of sparks and burning materials fell incessantly. Gusts of wind acted on the ruins now and then, and at such moments the gaunt walls, cracked and riven out of shape stood up glowing with intense white heat in the midst of a sea were vomited, as from the crater of some mighty volcano, with a roar that mingled with the shouts of excited thousands, and drowned even the dull incessant thumpings of the engines that worked in all directions.

## CURED OF ASTHMA.

THE REMARKABLE EXPERIENCE OF A NOVA SCOTIA MAN.

He Had Suffered for Years and Often had to Sit Night After Night at an Open Window Gasping for Breath.

Mr. Thomas Johnson is well known in the vicinity of Hemford, N.S. He has taught school in Lunenburg county for more than thirteen years, and his reputation as a teacher is deservedly high. It is known that Mr. Johnson has been a severe sufferer from asthma, and as he has found a cure for the trouble, a reporter thought the facts of his case would prove interesting to similar sufferers. "One evening," said Mr. Johnson, "while lighting my pipe I inhaled the sulphur from the match. The fumes appeared to penetrate every portion of my lungs, and nearly strangled me. It was more than an hour before I recovered from the effects of this mishap, and I believe that that was the starting point of the trouble that has made my life so frequently miserable since. At all events a few days later I had my first attack of asthma. Following this the attacks became more and more frequent, sometimes continuing for a week or more at a time. When these attacks came on I dare not lie down, and many a long, cold winter night I have passed at an open window gasping for breath. I was treated by two of the best doctors in the country, but derived no benefit. Then I began, as trying the remedies usually advertised as a cure for this trouble, but with no better results. I was continually growing worse and life was becoming a burden. About a year ago my wife was using Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and was deriving so much benefit from them that one day she said to me, 'Why don't you try these pills, they might do you good, and they certainly can't do you harm.' To please my wife I began taking the pills, but only occasionally at first, but inside of a few weeks I felt that I was improving in many ways. Then I began to use the pills in earnest, and soon found that breathing was becoming easier, the spasms came less frequently, and I could go about out of doors without danger of bringing the trouble on as was formerly the case. I took twelve boxes of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills in all, and after the improvement began every box added to it until all signs of the trouble had disappeared, and I have not since had any recurrence of it. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have saved me from a life of misery, and I am glad to make this public acknowledgment."

The above strong evidence proves that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are not an ordinary medicine and that they cure when other medicines fail. Every pill makes new, rich, red blood, and thus enables the system to resist the inroads of disease and works a cure. Only the genuine pills can do this, however, and the purchaser should see that the full name, "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People," is printed on the wrapper around every box. Sold by all medicine dealers or sent post paid at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50, by writing direct to the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Moored alongside of Chamberlain's Wharf was a small sloop. Little blue blisters of light broke out on her rigging; soon these increased in size, and in a few minutes she was on fire from stem to stern. Immediately after, there came a barge with flowing sails, borne on the rising tide. She passed too near to the conflagration. Her crew of three men became panic-stricken, and lost control of her. At sight of this a great shout was raised, and a boat put off and rescued the crew; but almost before they were landed their barge was alight from stem to stern. The tremendous cheer that burst from the excited multitude at sight of this rescue rose for a moment above the roaring of the conflagration. Then another barge was set on fire by the blazing tallow which floated out to her, but she was saved by being scuttled.

(To be Continued.)

## THE FIRST BABY.

What joy there is in the home when the first baby comes, and yet to the young and inexperienced mother who has to care for it there is no other period of her life so trying. In the little ills that are certain to come the inexperienced mother scarcely knows what to do. To the young mother—to all mothers—Baby's Own Tablets are a real blessing. They promptly cure such troubles as constipation, colic, sour stomach, diarrhoea and simple fevers. They break up colds, destroy worms, allay the irritation accompanying the cutting of teeth and prevent more serious ills. These Tablets are sold under a guarantee to contain no opiate, nor any other of the harmful drugs always found in the so-called "soothing" medicines. They are good for all children from the new born babe to the well grown child. If you do not find the Tablets at your medicine dealers send 25 cents to The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont., and a box will be mailed you post paid.

## Standard Cure for Itching Piles.

When Doctors and Surgeons, Medicines and Operations Fail, You Can be Cured by Dr. Chase's Ointment.

There is always some standard by which the merits of an article are measured. Among ointments the standard is Dr. Chase's. If a dealer tries to sell you any other kind he tries to clinch his argument by saying "This is as good as Dr. Chase's."

Don't be satisfied with substitutes or imitations, for Dr. Chase's Ointment is the only positive and guaranteed cure for every form of piles.

Rev. Wm. Thomas, Brownsville, Ont., writes: "As a man of seventy years I am grateful to God and to Dr. Chase's Ointment for a cure of piles which has caused me endless annoyance and much misery. The itching and burning was almost beyond endurance, but Dr. Chase's Ointment brought quick relief, and as the trouble has not returned, I have reason to believe that the cure is lasting."

Mr. Duncan MacLean, Caledonia Mines, N. S., writes: "For a number of years I have been troubled with bleeding and protruding piles,

which only afforded me temporary relief. Sometimes I would be laid off from work for weeks. One day last winter one of your books came into my hands, and after reading the testimonials of Mr. Donald MacLean of Tarbot Vale, N.S., and Rev. S. A. Duprau of Belleville, Ont., I decided to give Dr. Chase's Ointment a trial. After using two boxes of this ointment I found myself completely cured. What I suffered from that awful disease would fill a big book. You are at liberty to publish this, as it may be the means of convincing some poor sufferer, such as I was, that there is a cure for piles. To all sufferers from piles in any form I would recommend Dr. Chase's Ointment as the only cure."

Dr. Chase's Ointment, 60 cents a box at all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Company, Toronto. To protect you against imitations the portrait and signature of Dr. A. W. Chase, the famous receipt book author, are on every box of his remedies.

**DR. A. W. CHASE'S 25c. CATARRH CURE ... 25c.**

Is sent direct to the diseased parts by the Improved Blower. Heals the ulcers, clears the air passages, stops droppings in the throat, and permanently cures Catarrh and Hay Fever. Blower free. All dealers, or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Toronto and Buffalo.



# CUSHING.

Miss Edith Davidson of St. Philippe spent a day or two last week with her Cushing friends.

Mr. Jack Canning left on Monday for Conception where he expects to remain for the winter.

Master Earnest Foyes arrived home from Ottawa on Saturday last after an absence of several months.

The annual Christmas Tree intertainment in connection with St. Mungo's Church will be held on the evening of Friday Dec. 18th, and promises to equal if not surpass those held there in former years.

We would respectfully remind the farmers of Chatham of the meeting of the Agricultural Society to be held at Lachute on the 16th, inst, and of the advisability of as many as possible being present to "hold up our end of the log."

The Ladies' Aid of the Methodist Church met on Thursday last at the residence of Mrs. Wm. Davidson St. Philippe and held a very pleasant meeting. There were quite a few present outside of the Methodist congregation but needless to say all received a hearty welcome under that hospitable roof. It was decided to hold a tea-meeting in the church here some time during the early part of January. The exact date will be announced later.

# LAKEFIELD.

Miss Armstrong teacher of our village school spent last Saturday visiting friends in Mills Isle.

Cottage prayer-meeting will be held this week at the home of Mrs. Thos. Scott.

Miss Lizzie Sutton who has been visiting her mother for the past two weeks returned to Montreal on Saturday morning.

In the absence of Mr. J. Armstrong Mrs. [Rev.] Schagel took charge of the prayer service in the Methodist Church last Sabbath evening.

We are pleased to learn that Mrs. Jas. McDonald who has been seriously ill for a short time is now convalescent and we trust she will soon be fully restored to health.

A largely attended and very successful practise was held at the Methodist Parsonage on Monday evening, preparing for the Christmas Tree and entertainment to be held in the Methodist Church Christmas night.

Long lake and Seignory schools which have been vacant since the opening of the Scholastic year opened last week, with Miss Shepherd of Lachute in charge of the former and Miss Bella Rogers of Lakefield in charge of the latter.

The annual Missionary services in connection with the Methodist Church will be held next Sabbath day at 3 p.m. the Rev. W. S. Lennon of Montreal will preach.

# MOODY'S PRIZE WINS PRIZE.

At St. Henri de Mascouche, last week, by request of Mr. E. Chaput, there was a public trial between Moody's and Dore's presses. The first named secured the prize. In five hours and 32 minutes it pressed 27,699 pounds of hay, and the second 24,815 pounds. Messrs. Moody & Sons did not wish to draw any pecuniary benefit from the trial, but to maintain the renown of their machines. The prize, \$50, they divided between the Sisters of Providence in St. Henri de Mascouche and the Anglican Church of Verrebonne.

# TENDER.

Tenders will be received up to the 1st of January next by the undersigned for the following quantity of wood to be delivered the Court House, Lachute, on or before 15th of March, next:—10 cords hard pine, 2 ft. long, 10 cords hard maple, 3 ft. g, 10 cords birch, 3 ft. long, and 5 cords hemlock 3 ft. long. Lowest or any ten not necessarily accepted.

G. J. WALKER,  
Lachute, Dec. 10th, 1903.

# AUCTION SALE.

There will be sold by Public Auction at residence of  
P. S. DUNBAR, Jerusalem,  
Tuesday, December 15th, 1903,  
at 10 a.m. The following effects:—1  
working horse, 12 milch cows, 1 heifer  
are old, 3 heifers 1 year old, set double  
sow, set plough, harness, set light harness  
plough, Willson plough, cultivator  
(new), mowing machine, Massey Harris  
er (nearly new), horse rake, double wag-  
tambriel cart, express wagon, light  
y (almost new), pair bob sleds, rack  
y, 2 good logging chains, 2 pair trace  
s, set Alaska milk pans, cook stove, a  
city of hay and oats, crow-bar shovels,  
s, and many other articles too numerous  
to mention. All goods will be sold without  
reserve has sold his farm.  
BMS.—\$5.00 and under each, over  
amount 12 months credit on furnishing  
red joint notes.  
Malcolm Smith, Licensed Auctioneer.

# The Fur Season.

Our Magnificent Fur Display is one of surpassing interest. We are prepared to show you just what you desire in Furs. The approach of Winter indicates need of Furs. Come and examine them; you'll enjoy seeing them whether you buy or not

Men's Fur Coats in Wallaby,  
Coon, Black Dog, Australian  
Coon, Wombat.

Ladies' Extra Fine Astrachan  
Raccoon, Electric Seal, Black  
Lambskin with Alaska Sable  
Trimming, Grey Lambskin.

We have an elaborate collection of beautiful Collarines, Collars and Ruffs and some extra fine grey lamb skin for young Ladies'.

We still have a nice assortment of this Fall's Cloth Jackets for Ladies. You should get one before they're all gone.

G. L. Meikle & Co.  
LACHUTE, QUE.

# New Store New Goods.

Having opened our new and commodious store, we have placed in stock a splendid assortment of all the best lines of BOOTS & SHOES, upon which we are offering big reductions from now till the end of August. We also carry a full assortment of Factory and Home-made Harness.

WM. BERRY, Main St. Lachute.

# DON'T BE COLD

That's our advice, because we can give you a good Bulgarian Fur Coat for the small sum of \$15. Also other Furs in large variety. A large assortment of Raglan Coats for all corners. Splendid stock of the very latest styles in

# BOOTS AND SHOES.

A large supply of HAYING REQUISITES.  
Sherwin, Williams Paint always on hand.

J. N. A. CARRIERE,  
ST. PHILIPPE, Que.

# BOYS SERVICEABLE BOOTS

A complete assortment now in stock of  
McCREADY COMPANY'S BEST MAKES.

# Gentlemen

We had your special requirements in view when we were selecting our Shoes for Spring and Summer. Call and see how we anticipated your wishes.

# Ladies

For you we selected the daintiest, best made and best finished Shoes, including some of the best known and most popular lines in the United States.

E. LAVIGNE, - - Foundry Street,  
LACHUTE.

PEOPLE SAY:— We are Dealing with **McFaul Bros.** West End, Lachute. PEOPLE SAY:— What bargains We had.



# A Message from Santa Claus

DEAR McFAUL BROS.,

Hearing of the great improvements you have made in your store during the past twelve months, I have determined to pay a visit to you and see for myself what kind of people live in your pretty town. If all goes well and no accidents happen, I shall arrive about Tuesday or Wednesday and take up my residence in your store, bringing with me toys for the babies, and presents enough for all. No need to ask "What shall I give for a present" come and make our acquaintance and we will soon tell you. I hope the weather will be fine so that everyone may come and see all my pretty things. Good bye for now, and don't forget to look out for your friend

SANTA CLAUS.

— \$1,000 —  
of  
OUR BOYS,

# SAMPLE BOOTS & SHOES

in the following sizes.

Mens' 7 and 7½ from \$1.00 to \$2.25.  
Ladies' 4 and 4½ from 75c. to \$2.25.  
Boys 4, from 75c. to \$1.75.  
Youths 13, from 75c to \$1.25.  
Children's from 25c. up.

# OUR FUR DEPARTMENT

is complete with a choice assortment of Fur Coats, Collars, Ruffs, Muffs, Caps, &c.

# UNDERCLOTHING.

Men's Fleece lined 90c. a suit. Wool from 90c. to \$4.00.  
Ladies' Underwear from 25c. to \$1.25.

# LADIES' JACKETS.

In these we excel. For value and quality they cannot be surpassed. They are of the latest styles and best of material and are perfect in fit and finish.



Is not far off, but you will find everything in the choice confectionery lines in our store. You will wear the smile that won't come off when you see our assortments. Chocolates of the most exquisite flavors, bon bons creams, butter scotch, in beautiful boxes, finest and purest of mixed candies. Florida, Jamaica and Navel Oranges, (Sweet and fine), Grapes, etc. Fruit Cake, Citron Cake, Sponge Cake, Scotch Cake, Currant Buns, etc. Try a package of our self-raising flour for your home baking, only 25c.

JOHN HOPE, Main St. Lachute.



**MISSING**



# The Watchman.

And Ottawa Valley Advocate.

VOL. XXVIII.

LACHUTE, FRIDAY, DEC. 25, 1903.

NO. 47 46

## NEW MILLINERY.

A complete line of fancy articles, also a lot of ready-made clothing. A full stock of hats and hat trimmings. First-class work done at moderate prices. Satisfaction guaranteed.

It will always be our aim to please and we solicit a share of your patronage.

## The MISSES SHEPHERD.

### TENDER.

Tenders will be received up to the 1st of January next by the undersigned for the following quantity of wood to be delivered at the Court House, Lachute, on or before the 15th of March, next:—10 cords hard maple, 1 ft. long, 10 cords hard maple, 3 ft. long, 10 cords birch, 3 ft. long, and 5 cords of hemlock 3 ft. long. Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

G. J. WALKER,  
Lachute, Dec. 10th, 1903.

### DIED.

Departed this life at Winchester, Mass., U.S.A., Dec. 15th, 1903, buried at Lowell, Mass., Dec. 17th, Harriet M. Barle, wife of Richard Cottrill, aged 50 years and four months. Born at Lachute, Que.

A shooting match will take place at 11. V. Cameron's 8 onefield, for a year old pig on New Year's Day. Any rifle used at 300 yards, shooting target to be used, 5 shots 50 yds., points count. Anybody can't shoot can get anybody to shoot for them. Second chance of 5 shots for 25 cents. Come one, come all, it is going to be the shooting match of the season. Come and have a good time.

Commencing the 1st week in January our store will close every Wednesday and Friday evening at 7 p.m. Open other evenings until 8 o'clock.

T. McOTAT & SON.

25 p.c. 25 p.c.

To clear the balance of our Ladies and Children's Jackets. We offer a discount of 25 p.c. off marked prices.

J. R. McOUAT.

We pay \$6.00 per 100 lbs. for cow hides.

H. GILES & BRO.

Have you seen our \$5.00 winter for men. It gives good idea of what we can do for you in all lines of Ready to Wear.

W. BANFORD.

We are paying for the following: Turkeys, 1 lb.; Geese, 2 lb.; Hens and chickens, 8. to 10c.; Cow hides, \$5.00.

J. R. McOUAT.

Why send away for goods you can get better and cheaper at home? In Overcoats, for instance see our large stock in many lines, and all styles. The Chamberlain leads.

W. BANFORD.

Skates, Skating Boots, "Spalding" Hockey Stick, Pucks, Electric tape at

J. R. McOUAT.

Mr. Omer Paquette calls our readers attention to his fine assortment of Cigars, Tobaccos, Pipes, Pouches, Ash trays, and other novelties for remembrance to your friends. Call and see my beautiful line of Perfumes. They are elegant and just what you want for a nice Christmas present.

WINTER HARDWARE.—Sleigh Bells, Horse Blankets, Kross Kut Saws, Kant Dogs, Snow Shovels, Saw Wedges, Meat Saws and Butcher Knives, Axes, and we especially ask you to see "Our Best Axes."

McOUAT & McRAE.

Great Soap in Dinner Sets! A big chance came our way and we bought the lot clean cut for cash. Your surprise will come when you see the goods and hear the price.

W. BANFORD.

WANTED.—A young man about (18) to learn the baking business. Apply to JNO. HOPE, Lachute.

LOST.—On Thursday, Dec. 10th, a Scotch Collie, white breast and white legs. For color, answers to the name of "Fido." Finder will please communicate with M. McCluskey Laurel, and receive reward.

POSTMASTER LAUREL.

NEW NECKWEAR.—My selection of cravats for New Year, shows the latest ideas in English and American designs, which surpass anything previously shown in this town. We have the New English square to tie in-four-in-hand or the large puff. Heavy silk flowing end ties. Rich silk reversible Derby's. Large selection and everything new, so don't fail to call and secure your choice.

D. LAPOINTE.

## Christmas Examinations.

### LACHUTE ACADEMY.

GRADE III. ACADEMY.—Gustavus Caron 85, Douglas Gall 74, Jessie Drennan 69, Frank Boudreau 68, Ella Riddell 65, Jessie Hunter 65, Gertrude McEwan 64, Norman Rogers 61, Annie McLachlan 54.

GRADE II. ACADEMY.—Eva Christie 95, Kate Campbell 92, Amy Hyde 89, Irene Caron 81, Alice Kennedy 80, Elmer Palliser 78, Edward Christie 73, Horace Strong 72, Edwin Bampton 72, Edna Hammond 68, Ivan Fraser 62, Lillian Boyce 69, Minnie Smith 58.

GRADE I. ACADEMY.—Kate Stanforth 85, Ettie Murdoch 84, Della Dewar 80, Katherine McPhee 80, Pearl Pollock 79, Nora DeLisle 77, Kate McGibbon 72, Clara McQuat 70, Ada Dewar 68, Clara Banford 65, Jessie Smith 65, Amy Copeland 65, Elsie McIntyre 64, Ruby Funcheson 63, Ada Strong 58, Ida Manning 55.

GRADE III. MODEL (highest marks obtainable 900).—Amy Hammond 789, Jeannie Arthurs 789, Katie McGibbon 782, Linton McLaren 718, Miles Walker 708, Max Davis 705, Gordon Drennan 698, Eleanor McNaughton 688, Minnie Muir 688, Christina Drennan 575, Maggie Marshall 574, Jessie Pollock 556, Mildred McNiece 535, John McGibbon 531, Edna Marshall 529, Ross Todd 520, Geo. Paul 511, Maude Black 496, Florence Gauley 477, Lena Stewart 469, Annie McArthur 463.

GRADE II. MODEL.—Isabel Raitt 79, Eugene Jousse 77, Melvin McGregor 73, Hughie Kearns 72, Mossman Gall 71, Gordon Marshall 71, Margaret Scobbie 70, Howard Joss 69, May McGibbon 68, Mary Palliser 65, Annie Millar 64, David Boyce 63, Leith Joss 63, Austin Riddell 62, Norman Beers 61, Thomas Todd 59, Stewart Dewar 58, Alice Morell 56, Willie Hampton 54, Linda Graham 50.

GRADE I. MODEL.—Dora Watt 763, Margaret Hay 715, Lockhart Gall 652, Violet Joss 642, Mamie Cottingham 601, Lorne McArthur 569, Tina McRae 500, Ruby Hampton 556, Christina Sutherland 555, Lily Palliser 550, Louise Bampton 548, Willie McKimmie 543, Charlie Joss 479, Katie Giles 454, Russel McGibbon 431, Gillie Demaree 417, Helen Simon 399, Wil. Barrie 322.

GRADE III. ELEMENTARY 8th.—Max marks 1000.—Lowell Banford 944, Edith Fraser 930, Harold McQuat & Leslie Barley 902, Robbie McGibbon & Emma Morell 890, Winnie Riddell 882, Sydney Styan 818, Melchior Roby 804, Robbie Giles 775, Willie Manning 762, Harlow Giles 748, Ethel Winters 734, Charles Charlebois 650, Peter Demaree 622, Omer Lavigne 608.

GRADE III. ELEMENTARY 7th.—Max marks 900.—Irene Kiddell 809, Alex. McGregor 770, Walker McArthur 754, George Mitchell 731, John Calder 718, Mildred Joss 679, Winnifred Banford 627, Maggie McDiarmid and Isabel Kearns 683, Jessie McArthur 592, Jennie Scobbie 520, Harry McIntyre 500.

GRADE II. ELEMENTARY 8th.—Max marks 1000.—Norah Christie 987, Elmer Giles 938, Harry Joss 868, Bessie McGibbon 842, Reid Giles 835, Bessie Fraser 834, Arthur Drennan 832, May Orville 820, Jennie Forbes 817, Bessie Menzies 799, Douglas McGibbon 793, Vera McLaren 781, Nellie Scobbie 780, Pearl Sutherland 765, Arthur Joss 757, Lily Kirpatrick 749, Norman Boyce 740, Aggie McGillivray 702, Jack Menzies 674, Willie Griffith 500.

Junior Division.—Max marks 1000.—Amy Brown 973, Robby Carpenter 887, Willie Calder 878, Francis Joss and Jessie Cruise 863 equal, Annie McCoy 851, Hattie McCoy 835, Vernie Hammond 830, Helen Barrie 802, Thayer Carpenter 749, Wilfred Jourdan 748, Eleanor Carpenter 734, Vernie Riddell 720, Robert Beers 710, David Campbell 709, Alice Kearns 660, Eleanor Hay 662, Dorothy Mitchell 634, Robert Robinson 496.

Primary Dept.—2nd Primer Class.—Aida Patterson 852, Catherine McGibbon 594, Laura McLaren 583, Cameron Hay 531, Gordon Harkness 530, Wilma Sutherland 478, Justina Nelson 433, Ellice Palliser 429, Hazel Nelson 398, Bradford Manning 384, Stewart McPaul 380, Myrtle Styan 364, Gilbert Woods 335, Bella Woods 290.

Primary Dept.—1st Primer Senior Div.—Sydney Davis 583, Donald Fraser 505, Violet Smith 497, Stewart Harkness 478, John Drennan 456, Eric Lowe 429, Grace Marshall 407, Kyle Patterson 403, Hazel McGibbon 392, Roy McGree 378, Reginald Campbell 317, Elsie Neil 314, Eddie Jones 311.

Primary Dept.—First Primer, Jr. Div.—Lila Giles 631, Maggie McKimmie 491, Laura Campbell 421, Glad Smith 320, Violet Higgins 280, Donald Beers 247, Grace Carpenter 212, Robt. Higgins 165, Allan McNaughton 135.—Unranked Stanley McNaughton and Alex. McNaughton.

Mr. Robert McArthur left on Monday last for a trip to Seattle and other points West. While away, Mr. McArthur expects to visit a brother whom he has not seen for over thirty years.

## LOCAL NEWS

Mr. & Mrs. Dewar spent Christmas in Montreal.

Miss Paton is spending the Christmas holidays in Montreal.

Mr. Donald Beers of Montreal spent Christmas in Lachute.

Mrs. Deacon of Renfrew is the guest of her sister Mrs. R. McArthur.

Miss Nettie Giles of Shawville returned home last week.

The Misses McAdam of Montreal spent Christmas in Lachute.

Mrs. Jas. McFaul is visiting her friends in the city this week.

Mr. Conolly is spending the holidays with his parents in Kingston.

Mr. and Mrs. Watson of Lachute Road spent Christmas in Montreal.

Miss Moore, of Montreal Annex, was visiting friends in town this week.

Mr. Andrew Scobbie of Hawkesbury spent a few days in town this week.

Miss Palliser of Danville, is spending the holiday season in town with her parents.

Miss Edna McQuat, of the Ottawa Laidie's College, is home for the holiday vacation.

The Rev. Mr. Ballantyne of St. Andrews was the guest of Mr. Chas. Calder on Sunday last.

Mr. James Mason of Montreal is in town on a short visit, and is the guest of Mrs. A. McGibbon.

Mr. Clarke and daughter of Calgary arrived in town on Monday, and are the guests of Mrs. Mackie.

Miss Sarah McGibbon, who has been visiting friends in Vankleek Hill for the past few weeks, has returned home.

Mrs. Thomas Gill, Mr. Horace Styan and Miss Edith Buxell of Magog, are spending a short visit with the Rev. M. Styan.

Miss M. Gordon left on Monday last to spend the Christmas and New Year holidays with friends in Montreal.

The many friends of Dr. G. Christie will be pleased to hear he has recovered from his recent illness and able to be out again.

The Misses Ruth and Maggie Heavysege of Montreal, and Mr. Henry Heavysege of Lachute are spending their holidays in town.

Mr. Smith, President of the Ontario Powder Co., and Mrs. Smith of Kingston, are guests of Mr. F. H. Hooper, of Brownsburg.

The many friends of Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Lister are pleased to see them safely home again after an absence of several months in the West.

Mr. G. Hunter has rented the house formerly occupied by Mr. J. McRae, and is expecting his family to arrive from Napanea the early part of next week.

Mr. W. D. Chapman of Calgary is spending a few months with his brother Caleb, and his sisters Mrs. Morrison and Mrs. Andrews whom he had not seen for thirty years.

LOST.—On Thursday morning Black and White dog, answering to the name of "Herbie." Finder will please return dog to Mr. Davis, Main Street and be rewarded.

The St. Andrews Presbyterian Ch. are announcing their Annual Tea-Meeting to take place on the 28th of January. Their Parlor Social has been indefinitely postponed.

Among those who have passed the Semi-annual examinations in the Model School Class at McGill were: Grace Fraser, Cushing; Margaret Heavysege, Lachute; Alexander McPhee, Grenville. Advanced Elementary.—Mabel Christie, Christieville; Alice Strong, Lakefield; Ella Bryerton, Carleton.

### BIRTH.

PAQUETTE.—At Lachute Mills, Dec. 11th, wife of Felix Paquette, of a son.

JONES.—At Lachute, on Monday, Dec. 11st, a daughter to Mr. & Mrs. Matthew Jones.

### DEATH.

PAQUETTE.—At Lachute Mills, on Monday, Dec. 14th, infant son of Mr. & Mrs. Felix Paquette.

McKIDDIE.—On Monday, Dec. 14th, 1903, Maggie, the beloved wife of John B. McKiddie, of Chatham, aged 79 years and 4 months.

## Didn't You Know!



That J. A. BEDARD & SON'S were Head-quarters for Pianos, Doherty Organs, New William's Sewing Machines, Parlor Suites, Couches, Bedroom Suites, Spring beds, Mattresses, Sideboards, Chairs, Hall Racks, Iron Beds, Parlor Tables, Washing Machines, Wringers, Mouth Organs, Sheet Music, Jews Harps, Violin Strings, Sewing Machine Needles and Machine Oil, Shoe Dressing etc.

Trunks, Whips, Boots & Shoes, etc., may be secured from

**J. A. BEDARD & SON.**  
MAIN STREET, LACHUTE.

## "THE ELITE."

### CHRISTMAS IS COMING,

And we have goods in variety, style & elegance such

as were never before exhibited in Lachute. Be sure and see our pretty books, cards, calendars, toys, dolls, games, Fancy silk novelties, Japanese drapes, table covers, cushion tops, fancy handkerchiefs, gloves, ties, collars, brush, manicure and toilet sets, Austrian glass, French, German and Japanese China, and hundreds of other pretty things.

## H. E. BURWASH.

### 90% of Head-Aches

are caused by eye-strain. Cured permanently by Eye-glasses.

Eyes are bread-winners. Take care of them.

Eyes examined free by the most Scientific Methods.

Glasses recommended only when absolutely necessary.

**W. H. GARRETSEE,**  
WATCHMAKER, JEWELLER and OPTICIAN,  
LACHUTE.

## The Alaska Boundary Question

Has been settled, though not to the satisfaction of Canada, but if you will call on KENNEDY, he will soon settle that suit and overcoat question to your satisfaction.

My stock is larger and better than ever, and you will find me at the old stand in the Roby block, Main St.

**A. D. KENNEDY, Main St., Lachute.**



## THE RETURN

Mrs. Carrington paced the length of the verandah and back again half a dozen times, sat down for a restless moment; then rose and began taking short turns up and down in front of the short flight of steps that led down to a widening path of gravel.

Every now and then she paused, with a hand on one of the polished railings, to peer anxiously—perhaps a trifle eagerly—through the thick-laced tree branches shadowing the lawn. Her hair, a heap of shredded copper, tumbled picturesquely over the smooth white forehead just revealing it of a sternness begotten by the deeply grave eyes beneath.

A half hour passed and the sound of a familiar footstep brought the blood in a rush of scarlet to the woman's face; in an instant it had receded leaving her almost as pale as the Le Marquis rose at her throat.

Etheridge fastened the gate carefully behind him and came rapidly up the walk flicking the flowers on either side with a nervous cane.

Mrs. Carrington extended both hands at once. "Tom!" she said, her voice subdued that he might not catch its trembling. "I'm half afraid," she continued clinging to him with cold, shaking fingers.

Etheridge stooped and touched her face lightly with his lips. "With me?" he asked.

The element of reproach in his questioned forced back her self-control.

"Of course not, dear. I was foolish, a trifle hysterical—that's all." "We haven't any too much time. Nona," he reminded, pulling out his watch, and glancing apprehensively at the minute hand; "a half hour at the outside."

She whitened and caught her breath at his words, but collected herself immediately and left him for a moment, returned cloaked and hatted for the journey. "We'd better take this side street," she suggested as they left the house, "the usual comes the other way."

Dusk was falling rapidly, so that they were not likely to be recognized as they walked on with swift, nervous footsteps, past all the familiar landmarks, and down the wide clay road that led to where the team was waiting.

Few words were exchanged. Once Etheridge glanced furtively into the woman's eyes and averted profile, a shock running through him at its bitterness and pallor.

"Wait for me just a moment," she said with quivering lips. I want to go—there for the last time, Tom." Her eyes, strained with dry misery, looked toward the gleaming shafts pointing skyward in the distance.

Etheridge released her mechanically, turning away to hide a gathering frown.

Mrs. Carrington lifted her skirts in one hand and sped swiftly across the long, sun-rusted grass, through a small revolving gate, and on down to the tiny violet-bloomed grave, with its simple cross of white marble.

Within ten feet of the grave she paused, the sound of a man's voice and that of a woman breaking sharply on her ears. To the left was a wire bench, screened from observation by a dense clump of shrubbery. She sat down, out of breath, instinctively drawing the dark veil closer about her face.

"There's hardly any need of discussing it further," the man was saying in a low, determined tone. Mrs. Carrington's teeth sank into her lip until the blood started as she recognized, distinctly, her husband's voice. And the woman—who was she? A fierce pang shot through her—the bitterest she had ever known. After all, then, she had been right; he had not only ceased to care for her—but there was another woman.

In a moment they came into view and both sat down on one of the benches. Mrs. Carrington shrank closer behind the sheltering shrubbery, observing with a sign of utterable relief, that the woman was her husband's sister, who had brought him up from knickerbockers. "However," she insisted, "you must admit, John, that she has given you precious little attention since the boy died."

The man lifted his hand, enjoining silence. "Now, I never was much of a believer in divorces, myself," she kept on, "but it appears to me that's about the only thing left for you now."

Carrington looked up quickly, a challenge in his eyes. "What do you mean by that, Esther?"

"Mean?" she retorted, scornfully. "Is it possible, John Carrington, that you are such a fool as not to know the talk that your wife's been making around town with that Etheridge person?"

The man's face flushed a slow red under its mask of bronze, and the eyes he turned to her were terrible in their sternness.

"That will do," he said, in a concentrated voice. After a bit he went on more calmly, a little sadly: "May be it's the truth that she doesn't care for me any longer; I don't blame her for that, though. No man or woman, either, can govern these things; but, in God's name, Esther, don't tell me that a woman

like Winona could deliberately put a stain on her dead baby's memory."

The other gave a little short, sneering laugh. "Very well," she responded curtly. "I've warned you, that's all. When she has succeeded in dragging your name through the mire you'll remember that your sister tried to open your eyes in time."

Carrington rose and moved away toward the grave. "Leave me now," he said coldly, "and never attempt to re-open the subject. Your advice is well meant. I don't doubt that; but you have made a very serious mistake in following me here with tales; and let me tell you this much, whatever my wife does or has done, she is the stainless mother of my dead boy. I have sworn to be her protector, and I intend to keep my oath. Good-bye, Esther," he finished quietly.

A minute passed—five, then ten, and the man still knelt by the violet-bloomed mound.

Mrs. Carrington roused herself as from a dream; a strange dizziness blinded her and made her limbs powerless to move. After what seemed an eternity, she rose, shaking almost beyond her control as she moved noiselessly through the deep grass and stood on the opposite side of the grave.

The man stood up at the sharp crackling of a twig, and two faint points of color sprang in his white cheeks.

"Nona."

For an instant she stood erect, then tottered and flung herself on his bosom.

"Jack!" she cried with a little broken sob. "Jack—take me—take me home—with you!"

## THE GREAT POTATO LAND.

Germany Leads the World in Its Production.

The annual crop of potatoes in Germany is colossal, and far exceeds that of any other country in the world. Last year, for example, the area under potatoes was 8,907,465 acres.

The yield in Germany was 1,593,621,076 bushels. A very large part of the great northern plain of Germany is covered with potato fields. Last year Germany raised 28.27 bushels of potatoes for every man, woman and child in the empire.

The Germans export comparatively few potatoes, and they cannot begin to eat what they produce. They have ways, however, of disposing of their potatoes that have not yet been adopted to any large extent in other countries.

Almost seven-eighths of the alcohol produced in Germany is obtained from potatoes. Potato distilleries are found on many of the large farms, and Germany has stimulated the industry by removing the internal revenue tax on alcohol of inferior grades, which may be used for fuel, but not for human consumption.

The Germans are now utilizing far more alcohol for illumination and for driving automobiles and so on, other forms of machinery than any other nation. They have no great petroleum fields, and they are trying to reduce the imports of kerosene by substituting alcohol.

Their inventors and scientific men have been giving great attention to this problem for several years, and many new and successful lamps and engines have been introduced for the consumption of alcohol as fuel. Last year Germany produced 92,965,940 gallons of alcohol, and the production is increasing every year.

Many factories also use potatoes in the manufacture of starch, glucose and other products. Still, by far the greater part of the potatoes raised in Germany are consumed as food, about half by the people and the remainder by domestic animals.

## RESTAURANTS ON WHEELS.

The Berlin streets are about to be supplied with perambulating restaurants of the size of furniture vans, fitted up with small tables. The prices will vary from 8 cents to 12 cents for a hot dinner, consisting of soup, meat, vegetables. These perambulating restaurants are intended for shop assistants and young clerks, who are only given a brief period for the mid-day meal. When the lunch-time is over, coffee and cake will be supplied, and in the evening hot sausages and cutlets. Through the night and in the early morning, hot soups will be available.

Aunt Susan: "Did the story you were just readin' in the newspaper end happily, Joshua?" Uncle Joshua (at length): "Yes, the beautiful heroine got cured of an incurable disease, and it tells the name and price of the pills that cured the tick."

"Now, then!" cried her father angrily. "How is it I catch you kissing my daughter?" "I think, sir," replied the truthful youth, "it was because we didn't hear you coming!"

We need scarcely state that the following incident took place in the Western States—Prosecuting Attorney: "Your honor, that bull-pup of yours has chawed up the court Bible." Magistrate: "Well, make the witness kiss the bull-pup, then. We can't adjourn the court for a week to hunt up a new Bible."

"So you have decided to get another physician?" "I have," answered Mrs. Cumrox. "The idea of his prescribing linseed tea and mustard plasters for people as rich as we are!"

## LONDON'S LOST PEOPLE

THOUSANDS OF PERSONS ARE MISSING IN A YEAR.

Total of Close on Seventy Thousand for the Past Two Years.

It might be supposed from the sensation created by the mysterious disappearance of Miss Hickman, the lady doctor of the Royal Free Hospital, Gray's Inn road, that such occurrences are rare in London, says the London Express. This is very far from the fact, though it is seldom that a lady of Miss Hickman's professional rank and attainments is missing, to say nothing of the wholly unaccountable manner in which she vanished on an August afternoon. Probably it would be found impossible to name a profession or occupation from which one or more members have not recently been mysteriously lost in London.

Scotland Yard furnishes astounding statistics which show that 34,000 persons were lost in London last year, and much the same number in the preceding year, making a total of close on seventy thousand for the new century. These figures tax credulity, but they are within the mark. They relate only to cases reported to the police, and it is well known that relatives very often shrink from seeking police intervention in the fear that such measures might still further alienate their missing friends. Account must also be taken of hundreds of private enquiry agencies in London that make the quest of lost persons a main branch of their business. These agencies grow in number every year, and are understood to be profitable concerns.

Retired detectives frequently take up this vocation as a means of increasing the income derived from their pensions. That ubiquitous institution, the Salvation Army, whose usefulness cannot be gainsaid, is another ally of Scotland Yard in tracking human derelicts and run-aways. There is an international investigation department in White Chapel under the direction of Col. Sturgess, who has little to learn in

## THE ART OF DETECTION.

The officer in charge of the "We Miss You" section had no fewer than two thousand cases in hand one day recently. He pointed to a cabinet full of correspondence under this head and to a basketful of letters on his desk. His correspondence had got into arrears while his energies were monopolized by the search for the lady doctor. He mentioned that people usually came to the Army in their extremity as a last resource. That was an unfair handicap. Like every proficient detective agency, the Army prefers an untrodden track, while yet the quarry had not been startled.

As the fugitives from home and the unwittingly lost are of all classes, so their reasons for disappearing are many and varied. It seems a trifle paradoxical to say that one of the commonest motives is the absence of motive; but this is so.

Thousands of men, women, and children literally drift from their domestic moorings like beings in a dream. Questioned by their rescuers, they generally confess themselves unable to tell why they went away or why they did not return of their own accord. This sort of aimless wandering has become an unconscious habit especially among the poorer classes in the East End, where there is often little enough to stay at home for.

But experts agree that most disappearances are premeditated and ingeniously planned to elude detection. Many clues that reach the police are anonymously furnished by missing persons, to throw them off their track. This is Scotland Yard's chief source of annoyance, as no clue can be despised until it has been found useless.

## MARRIED MEN

are eternally on the run. Ninety per cent. of those "reported missing" should be "reported deserters" from wives and families. In the words of a detective: "Instead of killing the fatted calf when these prodigals return like bad pennies, it would be much more sensible to nail the prodigal. It would appal respectable citizens if an estimate could be made of the number of women struggling in London to bring up their families whose husbands have vanished from their ken for years, hoping to be considered dead."

It is an axiom that London is the best hiding place in the world. Though this might be challenged, it is nevertheless obvious that the metropolis, by simple reason of its vastness, offers many facilities for concealment. The distance from Bow to Hammersmith and from Woolwich to Hornsey is not represented by mere miles. There is plenty of proof that people migrate from one place to another, assume new names, and begin new lives, sometimes better lives. Men have been known to return to their wives by a short journey on the underground railway, who have been lost for from five to fifteen years.

Occasionally such reunions are happy and succeeded by domestic prosperity; but oftener the penitent parent is requested to return to his place of concealment. Children who have grown up in the interval do not readily forgive these missing fathers. Those who leave their homes in de-

spair or to escape a skeleton in the cupboard usually find their quietus in the river which flows accessible to the suicidal impulse. During each year the Thames gives up several hundreds of dead, many of whom go to their graves unidentified.

## YOUNG GIRLS

often take offence at the parental interference in their love affairs, and leave their homes for the "sweet revenge" of knowing that the home circle will be saddened.

It goes without saying that poverty drives many to despair and disappearance; but persons of position have been known to conceive a fierce disgust of their supposed advantages.

An heir to a Scottish earldom disappeared for years, and was found working as a common sailor before the mast. Some years ago all England seemed to have joined in the hue and cry after a clergyman who was wanted by his friends. He was discovered at last dressed in a drover's smock, and living up to it.

Sorely pressed creditors have been known ere now to have deposited articles of their own clothing by the seashore, and to have decamped to America or Australia, leaving this country in the earnest hope that their numerous creditors would think that they had been drowned.

In a well-known case a man left his coat, boots, and trousers at the edge of a cliff, and disappeared for a long time. His supposed widow obtained a sum of money on an insurance policy on the presumption of her husband's death; but that gentleman himself was some years after met walking in Fleet street by a clerk of the insurance office that had paid the money, and was given over to the police.

Hawthorne pictures a man leaving his wife and family and, in a disguise that was never penetrated, going to live in the next street, and seeing his household every day.

## MANY RIP VAN WINKLES

PERSONS SLEEP FOR MONTHS AND YEARS.

But Awakening Generally Means Death—Recent Case in Paris.

Rip Van Winkle, created in fiction, has rivals in reality, for scattered over the world to-day are men, women, and children who have been sleeping for months and even years, and who have defied all the efforts of the greatest savants of the age to awake them from their slumbers.

Perhaps the most recent instance of a lengthy sleep comes from Paris, where the victim died last May after a nap which had lasted two years. In the latter week of April, 1901, Marguerite Boyenval of Thesseles, near St. Quentin, was engaged in the kitchen of her home, ironing some handkerchiefs, when a girl friend ran in and jokingly exclaimed: "Fly Marguerite, the gendarmes are coming to arrest you!"

With a cry the girl fell to the ground in a cataleptic sleep, from which she awoke on May 26 last.

## BAFFLES PHYSICIANS.

Dr. Cherlier, an eminent French physician, tried every means to awaken the girl, but without success, and at last, abandoning his efforts in that direction, turned his attention to the best means of nourishing and sustaining the patient until she should awake of her own accord. The method adopted was to bathe the sleeper night and morning in thin gruel and milk, ejecting a little of the same fluid into the throat by means of a reed; the liquid thus absorbed by the pores of the skin being found sufficient to keep the heart beating and sustain life.

When the girl fell asleep in 1901 she was pretty, fair in complexion, and about 19 years of age, but as the months rolled on the flesh wasted away, the eyes, over which the lids were closely drawn became sunken, while all the facial bones could be counted. The skin turned as white as marble, and when the flesh was cut by one of the surgeons the blood, instead of being red and flowing easily, was white and of the consistency of glycerin.

## DEATH FOLLOWS AWAKENING.

Doctors went from all parts of the continent to visit the slumberer, but among them all there was not one who could succeed in arousing her. During the last week in May of this year the sleeper, who was closely watched during every moment of her long slumber, was seen to move her right arm, then her head, and at last, slowly opening her eyes the young girl—now in appearance an old, old woman—looked wonderingly round the room.

The physicians present spoke to her, but, though she apparently had a desire to reply, no words came from her mouth. For twenty minutes the heart continued to beat, and the doctors were in high hopes of saving her life, when, raising herself by some extraordinary and momentary effort, she uttered a few unintelligible words and fell back dead.

## CASE OF A RUSSIAN.

Men and women who have slept for periods of six months and longer seldom live after their awakening. An exception to this, however, is found in the case of a Russian of the name of Piatkowska, who is reported to have slept for seven months in his home in a small village some twenty miles from Moscow. Piatkowska, who had

years in the mines, was a man of 40, strong and wiry, though he had always been subject to periodical fits of slumber which had lasted for two and three days at a stretch.

In 1893, according to a Russian writer, he fell asleep while working in the fields, and was there found by his wife. She had him carried to their cabin and laid on the trestle bed, so that he might have his sleep out in comfort as he had done on many previous occasions. The next day and for several days he still slumbered, and when a week had gone by his wife became alarmed.

She managed to secure the services of a local doctor whose practice was among the peasantry, but though he tried his best to awaken the sleeper all his efforts were futile. The doctor visited the patient for five months, when his duties called him to St. Petersburg, and he was obliged to relinquish the case.

## LONG WITHOUT FOOD.

Another physician, however, undertook to watch the man, and two more months passed. No effort was made to feed the sleeper, and he did not appear to have lost flesh to any great extent.

In the spring of 1894 the man, who had been lying on his back, was found to have turned over on his left side, his left arm being tucked under his head. The doctor was quickly sent for, and after examining the patient he injected a powerful hypodermic, which took instant effect. The man opened his eyes, stretched his arms above his head, yawned, and attempted to get out of bed.

But his limbs were weak as an infant's, and he would have fallen had not the doctor pushed him back. He was carefully fed and nursed, and in a fortnight was sufficiently recovered to go about his work.

## DEATH SLEEP IN NEW YORK.

A more recent case was that of Winifred Earle, living in Sixth avenue, New York, who fell asleep in December of last year, and, after slumbering for three days, was sent to Bellevue hospital to see if the physicians there could succeed in waking her. Everything, from electric batteries to saline injections, was tried, but without success.

The girl, who was only 16, continued to slumber peacefully for three weeks, when a slight movement of the eyelids was noticed. A strong light was held before her eyes, and a few moments later she awoke.

So weak had she become, however, that though every effort was made to save her she gradually sank, and after two days fell into that deep slumber from which there is no awakening.

## STUDYING NIAGARA FALLS.

Getting Points for Electrical Installations in Africa.

Little has been said about the arrival in America of Sir Charles Metcalfe, consulting railroad engineer of the British South Africa Company, and J. F. Jones, manager and secretary of the company, who have come from England on a special mission.

The Cape to Cairo railroad is drawing nearer every day to Victoria Falls, the famous waterfalls in the Zambesi River. It is intended to utilize this water power to generate electricity for service in the coal mines only a few miles away and for other purposes.

The principal purpose of these gentlemen is to go to Niagara Falls to inquire into the methods of the transmission of power there and to collect information that may be useful in the effort to turn the immense energy of Victoria Falls to good account.

The meeting of the British Association in 1905 is to be held at Victoria Falls, and the South Africa Company intends to expend about \$35,000 to give the members a free trip and to entertain them comfortably at the falls. England's men of science will see there one of the wonders of the world.

The broad Zambesi suddenly seems to vanish into the bowels of the earth. Ages ago a wide crack was opened from bank to bank in the hard basaltic rock, and the great river suddenly disappears in the narrow, rocky chasm.

At the bottom of this deep rift in the rock the engulfed waters emerge through a narrow gullet on the left, which is thirty-six times narrower than the river above the falls. Any geologist would jump at the opportunity to study this remarkable freak of nature.

The effort is to be made to put in at least a part of the electricity plant before the British scientific men arrive on the ground.

Livingstone's prediction with regard to these falls and the surrounding region is coming true. He believed, when he discovered Victoria Falls, about forty-nine years ago, that the region thereabouts was marked for special development. He saw water power, coal, abundant vegetable products, cattle, intelligent, though barbarous, natives, and other elements of material progress. He said in one of his books that the world would utilize this region some day, and his prediction is coming true.

Sims that look like dwarfs often have gigantic children.

Social duties cannot be hidden in theological difficulties.

The teatime have no monopoly on vain repetitions.

You cannot have pure religion.



## WINDFALL FOR DRAYMAN.

At Work in Brewer's Yard While Fortune Waited.

A brewer's drayman has been working for upwards of thirty years in London when he might have been living at that time on a fortune of many hundreds of thousands. In the meantime the money has accumulated to upwards of \$7,500,000.

Wood is about fifty years of age. For the last thirty years he has been employed as a drayman by Messrs. Watney, Combe, and Reid, of Castle street, Longacre. Until the unexpected windfall came Wood had never spoken to any of his fellow-workmen of hopes of coming money.

But in talking over his good fortune with Mr. Charles Eveleigh, foreman of the brewery yard, he told him that he recollected his father saying that they had relatives in the had emigrated to Australia in the early years of last century. They had, however, been entirely lost sight of.

Wood was a strong, well-built man, and had a good character in his situation. When a solicitor, who had found out his existence by the search of church registers at Cambridge and Wisbech, told Wood of his good fortune, and handed him a draft for £5,000 as a guarantee of good faith, the hard-working drayman did not lose his head and buy up all the tasks in the yard for entertainment of self and friends. He calmly gave a fortnight's notice, and millionaire that he was, worked out his time.

Wood lost his wife about eighteen months ago, and has no children. The lucky drayman has a half-sister living, but apparently she is not entitled to any of this wealth.

The estate from which the fortune is derived is about 150 miles from Sydney. Wood has gone out to settle up matters.

## RAILROAD MEN

### GET SURE RELIEF

THEY USE DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS FOR THE TROUBLES BROUGHT ON BY THEIR WORK.

They Profit by the Experience and Advice of Mr. Lew Dake, of the Dake House, St. Thomas—Dodd's Kidney Pills Cured Him.

St. Thomas, Ont., Nov. 23.—(Special).—Mr. L. Dake, the well-known proprietor of the Dake House here and one of the most popular men in this railroad centre, is completely cured of Backache and Kidney Disease of five years' standing and he has no hesitation in stating that the cure was effected by Dodd's Kidney Pills.

"Yes," Mr. Dake says speaking of his cure, "I am perfectly satisfied that two or three boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills cured me, as I have not been troubled by my Kidneys since I took them."

"I had been troubled with my Kidneys and pains in my back for over five years and nothing I used gave me any relief till I took the advice of a friend and tried Dodd's Kidney Pills. I advise all my friends to try them."

Many of the railroad men have taken Mr. Dake's advice and are using Dodd's Kidney Pills. This work is particularly hard on the Kidneys and they find Dodd's Kidney Pills bring them sure relief.

That woman has yet to be born who would mistake a plush sack for a sealskin on the back of a neighbor.

## Minard's Liniment Lumberman's Friend

Most of the women who go shopping in the matrimonial market start in the silk department and end up at the remnant counter.

**These Worrying Piles!**—One application of Dr. Agnew's Ointment will give you comfort. Applied every night for three to six nights and a cure is effected in the most stubborn cases of Blind, Bleeding, or Itching Piles. Dr. Agnew's Ointment cures Eczema and all itching and burning skin diseases. It acts like magic. 35 cents.—15

Travers: "You have actually sent a bill with my clothes! What insult! What infamy!" Tallor: "It was all our new book-keeper's fault, dr. He got you mixed up with those people who pay!"

When you think you have cured a cough or cold, but find a dry, hacking cough remains, there is danger. Take

## Shiloh's Consumption Cure

The Lung Tonic

at once. It will strengthen the lungs and stop the cough.

Prices 25c., 50c. and \$1.00

S. C. WELLS & CO. Toronto, Can. LeRoy, N.Y.

"Pure soap!" You've heard the words. In Sunlight Soap you have the fact.

## SUNLIGHT SOAP REDUCES EXPENSE

Ask for the Octagon Mark.

TRUE BRITISH SEA DOG.

Lord Beresford Adds Another Laurel to His Name.

The collision between the Prince George and the Hannibal, off the coast of Spain, took place at ten o'clock at night, while the fleets were manoeuvring, with all lights out, under war conditions, eighty miles, north of Ferrol. The vessels were performing the movement known as "turning in succession" when the Hannibal struck the Prince George on the port side just below the water-line, abaft the centre of the ship.

It was impossible to avert the collision, and the order was given in both ships, as the two great hulls touched, to take up collision stations and get out the collision mats. The discipline was excellent.

It was seen at once that the results of the collision had been serious to the Prince George. Her stern sank markedly in the water, and for some minutes it was feared that she might go altogether. At this moment Admiral Lord Charles Beresford, who commands the fleet, left his own flagship, the Majestic, and went on board the injured battleship to share her fate.

He assumed control of her, and under his direction, while he remained on board, the difficult and dangerous operation of navigating her into Ferrol was undertaken.

While the Hannibal, so far as could be seen, escaped uninjured, the Prince George was dangerously damaged. Her thin steel plating, half an inch thick, is sheathed at the point where the Hannibal struck her by four inches of teak, but the great prow of the Hannibal shore through this as though it had been paper, and tore a large hole in the skin of the ship, admitting floods of water to the after-torpedo flat. The gun room and fresh water tank were pierced, and the curve of the heavy armour deck was forced downwards two feet before the impact of the ram. The side was also much dented and strained.

After great exertions the hole in the ship's side was closed with collision mats, and with the Hogue alongside, working salvage pumps, the Prince George made her way into Ferrol, heavily down by the stern. She arrived at three o'clock the following afternoon.

## BETTER LEFT UNSAID.

At a public dinner in the country a farmer, while relating something to the company about two Chinese women said:

"I declare they were the ugliest women I have seen anywhere."

There happened to be two maiden ladies present of no remarkable beauty. The farmer, who was a little misty, began to think that he had made a mess of it, and that they would imagine he was alluding to them, so to put matters straight as he thought, he added:

"Present company excepted." Roars of laughter ensued, and in a few minutes both farmer and ladies had vanished.

## HE WOULDN'T RISK IT.

"There is one question I want to ask you, George, dear," said the dear girl who had promised to merge her future with him. "When we are married, will you expect me to bake my own bread?"

"You may do as you like about it, darling," replied the diplomatic candidate for matrimonial honors, "but I certainly shall insist upon your not baking mine."

## Minard's Liniment is used by Physicians

### FELL FROM HIGH ESTATE.

To What the Horses of Royalty Have Been Reduced.

Queen Victoria's favorite horses were greys, and special care was taken in their selection. On the old greys becoming unsound in wind or limb, they had to descend from their high estate to follow humbler pursuits. Usually sold for what they would fetch, many a man made a good bargain thereby.

Some years ago a Windsor cabman purchased one of the Queen's greys for 36 guineas, subsequently hiring the animal out to a lady for a pound a week during five years, the lady providing for the horse.

The grey's appeal strongly to side-street Romeos and Juliets who desire to enter the matrimonial state driven to church by an ex-royal horse, and one cabman has increased his income in satisfying this wish. Some of the horses, however, have to follow more lowly callings, such as drawing parcel vans and other humble, though useful, conveyance.

Some comments are made at this rather ignominious ending of such fine horses, and not a few are sorry to see the animals now drawing other people's washing home.

## ARTFUL JOHN!

"John," said Mrs. Griggsley, "if you are too much of a coward to go down and scare those burglars out, I'll go myself. I'll let them know that there is at least one man in the house."

"Maria," said Mr. Griggsley, as she started for the stairway, "I wouldn't go. It sounds like a mouse."

After she had jumped back into bed and covered herself with two quilts and a blanket, Mr. Griggsley heard these words, in low, plaintive, tones:—

"If you love me, John, please don't desert me."

"We've had to dismiss our coachman." "For what reason?" "Oh, he got too ambitious. He wanted to be paid regularly."

## \$100 Reward, \$100

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven Catarrh to be a constitutional disease and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 76c. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Parker: "Can your daughters make puddings and cakes?" Darker: "Oh, yes, they can make them, but they can't make the family eat them."

**Kidney Duty.**—It is the particular function of the kidneys to filter out poisons which pass through them into the blood. When the kidneys are diseased they cannot do their whole duty, and should have the help and strength that South American Kidney Cure will afford in any and all forms of kidney disorder. It relieves in 4 hours.—14

Finagan: "Phwat did yez do whin McGarry hit zea wid the pick?" Finagan: "Ol done McGarry."

## Ask for Minard's and take no other.

Young Lady (watching game of football): "Oh, mercy! my brother has been hurt! He's being carried off the field." Young Man: "Oh, never mind; they have a substitute who is just as good."

I Believe MINARD'S LINIMENT will cure every case of Diphtheria. Riverdale. MRS. REUBEN BAKER.

I Believe MINARD'S LINIMENT will produce growth of hair. MRS. CHAS. ANDERSON.

Stanley, P. E. I. I Believe MINARD'S LINIMENT is the best household remedy on earth.

MATTHIAS FOLEY. Oil City, Ont.

2-17

Madge: "Don't you think a girl should marry an economical man?" Dolly: "I suppose so, but it's just awful being engaged to one."

**For Over Sixty Years** Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used by millions of mothers for their children while teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays pain, cures wind colic, regulates the bowels, and is the best remedy for Diarrhoea. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Sold by druggists throughout the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup." 23-11

"I wonder why bees make honey?" queried the inquisitive man. "I suppose," replied the man who knew all, "they make it to sell!"

Bella: "So she's engaged at last. She seems likely to beat us all in the matrimonial race." Stella: "Yes. At any rate, she told me she was on her last lap this time."

**That Cutting Acid** that arises from the stomach and almost strangles, is caused by fermentation of the food in the stomach. It is a foretaste of indigestion and dyspepsia. Take one of Dr. Von Stan's Pineapple Tablets immediately after eating, and it will prevent this distress and aid digestion. 60 in a box, 35 cents.—15

## SISTERLY AFFECTION.

Chatting with one of her neighbors not long since, a woman related her experiences many years ago as follows:

"I used to be very gay and fond of the world and all its fashions till I saw my folly. I liked silks and satins, and ribbons and laces, and feathers, but I found they were dragging me down to perdition, so I gave them all to my sister!"

## WEAK HEARTS, WEAK BLOOD, WEAK NERVES

RELIEF IN 30 MINUTES.

Dr. Agnew's Cure for the heart never fails to cure the heart and nerves and to enrich the blood. It relieves in 30 minutes. It is a beacon light to lead you back to health. W. H. Musselman, of G.A.R., Waukegan, Pa., says: "Two bottles of Dr. Agnew's Heart Cure entirely cured me of heart palpitation and extreme nervousness. Its value can not be estimated."

Dr. Agnew's Ointment relieves eczema and better in a day, 35c

For family use there is no better tea than

## Blue Ribbon Ceylon Tea

particularly for those families who like the best and most delicious tea at a reasonable price.

Black. Mixed. Ceylon Green. Ask for Red Label. FORTY CENTS—SHOULD BE FIFTY



## Only "Shells"

WIVES AND MOTHERS READ THIS.

Lawyer Bruce Thornton is examining into the affairs of his late friend and client, A. R. Winston. He finds that his Life Insurance Policies are only "shells." They were all mortgaged to the moneylenders for advances used in speculation. There is, therefore, nothing left for the dead man's family. "A very sad case, a very sad case indeed," remarked lawyer Thornton. "I wish the poor fellow had carried a policy in the Independent Order of Foresters; that Order would not have allowed him to mortgage it and his family would now be able to enjoy it."

## Your Family's Daily Bread

It is handy to have a life insurance policy upon which you can raise a loan with which to speculate.

Remember, however, that it is your family's daily bread that you are risking.

Every man should carry a life insurance policy which is pure life insurance, and such a policy is the policy of the L.O.F.



## Hotel Belleclaire

Broadway and 77th Street, New York.

LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED ROOMS for permanent and transient guests, at moderate prices. ORCHESTRA OF SOLO PLAYERS, 9 p.m. till 1 a.m. RESTAURANT, PAIN ROOM AND CAFE, grand of artistic perfection. Cuisine and service daily delightful. A SPECIAL FEATURE IS OUR AFTER THEATRE SUPPER. BILLIARD PARLOR FOR LADIES is another pleasant feature. Our Gallery of Beautiful Paintings, valued at \$50,000, is open evenings to visitors. Affability and courtesy guaranteed from every BELLECLAIRES employe. ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF. MILTON ROBLEE, Proprietor.

## Newspapers from Old Country

and MAGAZINES, PERIODICALS, BOOKS, etc., dispatched to subscribers by first mails by Wm. Dawson & Sons, Limited, Cannon House, Bream's Buildings, London, England. The largest Subscription Agency in the world. Send for our list. Free on application. Est. 1869. Prompt and reliable.

**Poultry, Butter, Eggs, Honey, Apples.** ALL KINDS OF FRUITS And Farm Produce generally, consign it to us and we will get you good prices.

## THE Dawson Commission Co., TORONTO

## UNION PACIFIC

SHORTEST LINE—FASTEST TIME TO OREGON

AND WASHINGTON

Daylight Ride of 200 Miles along the beautiful Columbia River.

Two Through Trains Daily Accommodation for all Classes of Passengers.

Steam Heat—Pinch Light. TOURIST SLEEPING CARS A SPECIALTY.

Full information cheerfully furnished on application to

H. F. CARTER, T.P.A., 14 James Building, Toronto, Canada.

F. B. CHOATE, G.A., 126 Woodward Ave., Detroit, Mich.

**Dyeing! Cleaning!** For the very best and your work to the "BRITISH AMERICAN DYEING CO." Look for agent in your town, or send direct. Montreal, Toronto, Ottawa, Quebec.



# The Watchman

AND  
OTTAWA VALLEY ADVOCATE.

FRIDAY, DEC. 25, 1903.

The WATCHMAN will be published every Friday.

J. S. GILES, Proprietor.

The WATCHMAN will be mailed to Subscribers in Canada and the United States for \$1.00 in advance, or \$1.50 at the end of the year.

Notices of Births, Marriages and Deaths inserted free.

All transient advertising matter charged 10c. per line, nonpareil measurement.

Locals, constituting 5 lines or less, 25 cents per each insertion.

(Address all communications to

The WATCHMAN,

LACHUTE. QUE.

— 1904. —

One thousand nine hundred and three  
Like rivers that flow to the sea,  
Now joined with past ages must be;  
For only its record remains:  
One thousand nine hundred and four  
Has opened its wonderful door  
And bids us arise and explore  
The gift which its treasure contains.

And friends with its coming appear,  
In accents melodious and clear,  
To wish a most happy New Year,  
Made bright with contentment and peace;  
Through Him whom we praise and adore  
One thousand nine hundred and four  
Shall bring us in basket and store  
True riches and constant increase.

Sustained by His strength-giving arm,  
In office and forest and farm,  
That goodness which shields us from harm  
We will not in silence ignore;  
We dread not the prospects that frown;  
In country and city and town—  
His goodness most surely will crown  
One thousand nine hundred and four.

By all that surrounds us to-day  
He comes in all kindness to say  
That He will be with us always  
And keep us in peace evermore;  
And if we upon Him depend  
And unto His teachings attend  
We shall most successfully spend  
One thousand nine hundred and four.

Refreshed by His life-giving dew,  
And keeping past memories in view  
Our strength for the work we renew  
To serve Him with purpose sincere;  
As long as we sojourn below  
In faith and in love may we grow,  
And help all His creatures to know  
A Happy and Prosperous Year.

T. WATSON.

Daleville, Que. 1903.

TA: TA: 1903.

We have about reached the close of another year—a period which has been likened to a narrow isthmus between two eternities, that of time past and time to come. This is essentially a time of retrospection, when we may look back at the experiences of the past year, rejoice over its blessings, profit by its mistakes and lay aside vain regrets. We may also look forward into the future with hope and courage. We trust that all readers of "The Watchman" have shared in the general prosperity which has blessed our land. In many ways the faith of the people has been tried. Not within the memory of those now living has this country ever been visited with such prolonged drought as we experienced last summer, nor have we often experienced such a prolonged season of wet weather as that which followed the drought, and yet all has been well and Providence has only taken that means to convince us that we are utterly dependent upon His bounty, that our prosperity is the free gift of His bountiful hand, and that the seasons are His. In wishing our readers the compliments of the season, we thank them for their liberal support and hope that the close of 1904, may find us all here, even more prosperous, more happy, better men and women than we are now, even if we are one year older.

CASTORIA.

Bears the  
Signature of  
The Kind You Have Always Bought  
of  
J. S. GILES

## Annual Meeting of the Bank of Ottawa.

The Twenty-ninth Annual Meeting of the Shareholders of the Bank of Ottawa was held on Wednesday, the 9th day of December, 1903, in the Bank. Among those present were: Messrs. J. Roberts Allan, James Ballantyne, H. N. Bates, Newell Bates, Geo. J. Bryson, Hon. Geo. Bryson, W. G. Black, John Christie, J. F. Cunningham, A. H. Edwards, J. D. Fraser, Rev. T. G. Hay, John Mather, Denis Murphy, M.L.A., J. L. Murphy, David MacLaren, Albert MacLaren, J. B. MacLaren, W. S. Odell, Geo. H. Perley, C. E. Russell, Sheriff Sweetland, F. J. Wilson, J. G. White.

Moved by Mr. Geo. H. Perley, seconded by Mr. Henry N. Bates, "That the president take the chair and the general manager be requested to act as secretary."

The chairman then asked the secretary to read the

### REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS.

The Directors have pleasure in submitting to the Shareholders the Twenty-ninth Annual Report, showing the result of business for the year ended 30th Nov. 1903, together with Balance Sheet as on that date.

The balance sheet of Profit and Loss Account on 30th Nov. 1903, was: \$30,373.01  
Vote at last Annual Meeting to Chas. McGee Esq., retiring Pres't. 10,000.00  
\$20,373.01

Net profits for year ending 30th of Nov. 1903, after deducting expenses of management, and making necessary provision for the interest due to depositors, unearned interest on current discounts, and for all bad and doubtful debts, \$25,410.53  
\$20,373.01

Appropriated as follows:  
Dividend No. 54, 4 1/2 p.c., paid 1st June, 1903, \$38,735.54  
Dividend No. 54, 4 1/2 p.c., payable 1st Dec. 1903, 109,947.63  
Applied in reduction of Bank premises and furniture, 19,828.60  
Carried to Profit and Loss Account 100,000.00  
\$28,593.78

Balance carried forward to credit of Profit and Loss Account, \$28,593.78

The Profit and Loss Account on 30th Nov. 1903, was: \$1,845,000.00  
To which has been added Profits on New Stock Issued, 424,179.00  
Transferred from Profit and Loss Account, 100,000.00  
Making the present balance, \$2,369,179.00

Under the authority given your Directors at the last Annual Meeting to increase the capital stock of the Bank by the sum of \$1,000,000.00, they allotted to the Shareholders on 2nd February last, \$500,000.00 of New Stock at a premium of 90 per cent.  
Branches of the Bank have been opened during the year at Backinham, Port Ouellet, and Maniwaki, in the Province of Quebec; Carp, Ont., and Regina, Assiniboia; and an office is opened twice a week at Jasper, O.T., as a sub-agency to the Smith's Falls Branch.

To meet the need of more suitable premises for the Montreal Branch, a desirable site has been secured on St. James Street in that City and a building is now being erected thereon. The office of the Bank has all been inspected during the year.

The Directors have pleasure in testifying to the zeal and efficiency with which the officers of the Bank have performed their respective duties.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

GEORGE HAY, President.

products of industry in field and forest reached a market was the great lumber trade, which has continued, with some changes in its processes, and still remains, a chief factor in the commerce of Canada, and an important feature in our operations as a bank. A notable change has taken place in recent years, in farming operations, by which, instead of subjecting the soil to extensive as heretofore to the exhaustive processes of grain production, a system of mixed farming has been substituted, under which both the volume and value of dairy and animal products exported have been immensely increased. As a consequence a considerable increase in the accumulation and distribution of wealth has taken place around several rural centers, which, possessed by a desire for greater business facilities, are urgently demanding the establishment of local branch banks. The extent to which this desire has been presented to your board, while valued as a sign of popular regard, yet sometimes in its frequency and persistence has been, in the experience of our general manager, somewhat embarrassing. It will, however, be observed that in several cases it has been met by the opening of new branches during the year. But far beyond this normal growth arising from changes in modes of industry has been the increased demand for banking expansion directly due to the flow of immigration since the discovery by the outside world of the great wheat lands of our western prairies. This stream of homeseekers, many of them possessing goodly pocket books, suggestive of deposits for enterprising branch bankers, your board has not allowed to pass without some notice. Our semi-annual deputation to the west, consisting of the vice-president Mr. David MacLaren, and the Ottawa manager, Mr. Finnie, recently made an extended investigation of that region a valuable report of which has been filed for future reference.

The volume of business transacted during the year has been augmented by the issue of additional capital authorized by the last annual meeting, together with a substantial increase in deposits and the general management of the bank has been conducted with caution regard for the strength of our available resources. During the year the world of finance has not been exempt from the influence of events which, either immediately or remotely, affect the market value of securities and although the banking system of Canada is materially different from that which centers in Wall Street, and we may not be fully competent to diagnose with precision the dyspeptic effect of "undigested securities," we might not be held altogether blameless were we to disregard the signs of the times over the border. When a neighbor's house is on fire, it is not amiss to see that one's own does not need the service of the chimney sweep, therefore, while not indulging in any financial hysterics caused by the blowing of an ungenial wind, we have deemed it proper in our stock preparatory to this meeting, to make a substantial allowance for shrinkage in securities. We trust that the dividends paid, and the exhibit of affairs presented in the report, will be found satisfactory.

As regards the outlook; while disclaiming any special precedence, I may yet be permitted as a business man of some years'

on the figures before us:

The general manager then said:

The figures of the profit and loss statement show increased profits of \$37,046 over the previous year but although the amount is higher the percentage of earnings to average capital is slightly lower, being 14.47 against 14.93.

A review of the balance sheet shows an increase in the circulation of \$542,545. The general demand for circulation has not been quiet so great as a year ago, and the banks have been able to meet it without difficulty through the increased capital stock issued by many of them, The Bank of Ottawa among the number.

Our deposits show a gratifying increase of \$2,073,076. This increase is well distributed among the various offices of the bank. In view of the competition of loan companies and other financial corporations receiving deposits and offering a higher rate of interest for them than we do, I cannot help regarding it as a striking mark of confidence in the banks generally that the deposits should show so substantial an advance all round, the total increase in the year of all the banks being over \$32,000,000.

The new issue of capital stock was readily taken up by the shareholders, of whom there are now 421, 62 new shareholders having been added during the year.

The assets of the bank usually known as liquid, or easily convertible, give manifest evidence that we are in a strong position in this regard.

Our total holdings of cash, securities and call loans are \$1,071,803 greater than a year ago and are over 44 per cent of our liabilities to the public.

The current loans of the bank are higher by \$2,331,051 than last year. Our available funds, it will thus be seen, are well employed, money is in good demand and while the events of the past summer in the stock markets have undoubtedly brought to an end much rash speculation and caused considerable loss to individuals, the general growth of the country as manifested by the increase in the deposits of all the chartered banks already quoted does not appear to have been retarded. For how long this growth of material wealth will continue, it is difficult to predict; we regard it as our duty, while availing ourselves of the prosperous times, to be always on the watch for a "turn in the tide" whenever or from whatever quarter it may come. In banking, as well as in other business, constant vigilance is the price of safety.

It was then moved by the president, seconded by the vice-president, and resolved: "That the report of the directors and statement now read be adopted and printed for the information of the shareholders."

Moved by Mr. J. G. Whyte, seconded by Mr. J. L. Murphy: "That the thanks of the shareholders are due and are hereby tendered to the president, vice-president, and directors for their careful attention to the interests of the bank during the past year."—Carried.

Mr. D. MacLaren, the vice-president said: "On behalf of the directors I thank you for your expression of confidence as manifested in your vote of thanks. If I were called on to speak for the worth of any one of my co-directors I could be fluent, but to speak for a body of men of which I am one cripples my tongue: However, under the protection of our president's address I may be permitted to say this much: Your directors are a careful body of men, thoughtful in their advice, and earnest in endeavor for the good of the bank."

Moved by Sheriff Sweetland, seconded by Mr. Jas. Ballantyne: "That the thanks of the shareholders be tendered to the general manager and other officers of the bank in the efficient manner in which they have performed their respective duties."

Sheriff Sweetland said: "I move this motion with no ordinary degree of pleasure. With our general manager it would only be gliding pure gold. I know that he is a little difficult so I do not like to say very much of a personal nature, but I am sure I am only voicing the sentiments of the directors and of the general public and business community throughout the country in saying that we have been very fortunate in having such a general manager, and I think the bank has been equally successful in the choice of our subordinate officers. It is seldom we hear anything going wrong with any of the men employed, and I think the stockholders will support me in passing this resolution. I am glad also to have heard of the provision made for the meeting of the officials socially. It keeps them together and establishes a spirit of esprit de corps which is good for the well working of the institution."

In seconding the resolution [Mr. Ballantyne said: "From the very fact that the Bank of Ottawa enjoys such an ever-increasing patronage, it is evident that the Bank is well managed."

The general manager replied briefly on behalf of himself and the staff.

Rev. Thos. Garrett in moving the appointment of J. F. Cunningham and F. J. Wilson as scrutineers said: "I want to say that I think we are all pretty well satisfied after hearing these remarks and having heard this report of our business. When the deed is sound and the body is testified to be in good condition, I think there should be no difficulty in showing our appreciation of the members of the staff."

Moved by Rev. Thos. Garrett, seconded by Mr. Newell Bates: "That a ballot box be now opened and remain open until five o'clock for the election of five directors for the ensuing year, and that Messrs J. F. Cunningham and Frederick J. Wilson be appointed scrutineers, the poll to be closed whenever five minutes shall have elapsed without a vote being tendered."

The scrutineers presented the following report:—

Ottawa, December 9, 1903.

To GEORGE BURN, Esq.

General Manager.

Sir:—We, the undersigned scrutineers, appointed at the general meeting of the shareholders of The Bank of Ottawa, held this day, hereby declare the following gentlemen duly elected directors for the ensuing year: Henry Newell Bates, Esq., Hon. George Bryson, Esq., George Hay, Esq., John Burns Fraser, Esq., George Hay, Esq., David MacLaren, Esq., John Mather, Esq., Denis Murphy, Esq., M.L.A., George Halsey Perley, Esq.

(Sgd.) F. J. WILSON.

JAMES F. CUNNINGHAM.

Scrutineers.

At a meeting of the newly elected board, held subsequently, Mr. Geo. Hay was elected president and Mr. David MacLaren vice-president for the ensuing year.

GEORGE BURN,

General Manager.

## Hardware, Etc. Etc.

A full Assortment of the  
Following Lines in Stock.

Cow Chains & Fixtures,  
Horse Blankets,  
Snow Shovels,  
Hockey Sticks,  
Skates, Etc. Etc.

HUGH FRASER, Jr.

## SEASONABLE GOODS.

Sealette and Wool Lap Rugs.  
Saskatchewan Robes.  
Siberian Wolf " "  
Black Bear " "  
Grey Goat " "  
Bells, Russian Gongs, etc.

Horse Blankets from 50c. up.

The Choicest Groceries Always Fresh.

HENRY J. GILES & BRO.



## Professional & Commercial

**G. E. BAMPTON, K.C.,**  
ADVOCATE.  
Office; Main Street, East Ward,  
Lachute P.Q.  
P.O. Box 248.  
Attends Courts in District of Ter-  
rebonne, Ottawa and Montreal.  
Collections promptly remitted.

**J. L. St. JACQUES, L.L.L.,**  
ADVOCATE,  
Office open daily (except Tuesdays and  
Saturdays) on 1st floor, Roby's Block.  
Opposite Rodrigue's Hotel  
LACHUTE

**J. E. W. SIMPSON,**  
Insurance and Financial Agent,  
Fire, Life and Accident Assurance.  
Only First-class Companies Represented  
LACHUTE, P.Q.

**DENTISTRY.**  
**H. C. McCONNELL, D.D.S., L.D.S.**  
SURGEON-DENTIST.  
Will be in Lachute every Monday, Wed-  
nesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday.  
(Absent on Tuesday only.)

**B. S. STACKHOUSE, S.A., D.D.S. L.D.S.**  
DENTISTRY.—Hereafter, Dr. B. S.  
Stackhouse will be in Lachute from  
Tuesday to Saturday, last five days  
of each week. Dr. Arthur Stack-  
house will assist every Saturday.  
Office at Mrs. Painters.

**N. FOREST,**  
NOTARY.  
STE. SCHOLASTIQUE P.Q.

**H. J. J. LADOUCEUR,**  
SURGEON DENTIST,  
Will be in St. Andrews the third Sat-  
urday of each month.

**DR. G. CHRISTIE,**  
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,  
MAIN STREET LACHUTE, P.Q.

**DR. A. A. GAUTHIER**  
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,  
Office at: Mr. A. D. Raymond's,  
Foundry St., Lachute.

**MALCOLM SMITH,**  
Licensed Auctioneer.  
P. O. Box 10. Lachute, Que.  
For the District of Terrebonne. Sales  
conducted in French and English.

**J. E. VALOIS,**  
NOTARY PUBLIC,  
LACHUTE, P.Q.  
Money to Loan on Security.  
Office BETHANY STREET.

**J. O. FOURNIER, L.L.L.**  
ADVOCATE.  
No. 16 St. JAMES ST., MONTREAL.

**STEPHENS & PALLISER**  
ADVOCATES AND ATTORNEYS,  
LACHUTE.  
C. H. Stephens, K.C., Joseph Palliser, B.U.L.  
Montreal. Lachute.  
Offices in Banford's Block.  
All matters submitted to Mr. Stephens for  
opinion and approval.

**G. J. WALKER,**  
INSURANCE AND FINANCIAL AGENT,  
LACHUTE, P.Q.  
Notes discounted and Loans Made  
Only First-class Insurance Companies  
Represented.

**J. A. O. ETHIER**  
ADVOCATE,  
STE. SCHOLASTIQUE P.Q.  
Attends all courts in the district of  
Terrebonne, and is in Lachute every  
Tuesday.



Y.M.C.A. Building, Montreal.  
Fall Session opens Sept. 7, 1903.

This institution gives a thorough up-  
to-date business training in book-keep-  
ing, Shorthand, Typewriting, French,  
etc. Write for prospectus giving full  
information regarding terms, etc.  
A. W. YOUNG,  
Principal.

## MOUNT MAPLE

Miss McKenzie spent Sunday last at  
home in Mount Maple.

Miss L. Warwick is spending the  
winter months in Lachute.

Mr. John Stewart has recently taken  
his departure for McFaul Bros. shanty  
Miss Murdoch is spending a few  
weeks in St. Andrews.

The prayer-meetings will for the  
future be held in the homes of the re-  
sidents in this place.

Miss Daisy Kennedy spent a few days  
at "Dufferin Cottage" a welcome  
guest of the Misses Amy and Edythe  
Murdoch.

The young man who some time ago  
went South looking for a warmer  
climate, has decided that the North  
route is the more pleasant after all.

The young man with the red cutter  
is taking a Northward road and his  
"Cathedral chiming" bells may be  
heard quite frequently on the Pine  
Hill road.

Some of our young people attended  
the Christmas Tree in Ogdensburg  
school house and report a very pleasant  
evening, the programme being excep-  
tionally good.

We are sorry to report the death of  
one of our oldest inhabitants in the  
person of Mrs. McKiddie the deceased  
lady, had been for some time in a very  
poor state of health and passed away at  
her home on Dec. 15th.

## CHATBORO SCHOOL.

GRADE IV. MAX. 1400.—Alice War-  
wick 1367.

GRADE III. MAX. 1300.—Beatrice  
Donaldson 1297 James Donaldson 1243  
Donald Forrester 987.

GRADE II. MAX. 1100.—Lily O'Brien  
972, Ruby Donaldson 951, Archie  
Forrester 811, Willie Warwick 640.

GRADE I. Katie Warwick, Maggie  
Warwick, Bertha Murdoch, (absent  
for part of exams.)

## Chatham School No. 6.

GRADE I. Jr.—Edna Paton 536, Jas.  
Smith 485.

GRADE I. sr.—Mabel Somerville 590,  
James Kettyle 587, Mabel Nichols 555,  
Willie Smith 491.

GRADE II.—Irene Hewitt 881, Alice  
Somerville 795, Eva Smith (absent)

GRADE III. Maggie Hewitt 1079,  
Effie Chambers 1001, Reuben Cham-  
bers 965.

GRADE IV.—Beatrice Fuller (absent)

FOR SALE.—A good horse, four years  
old, weighs about 800 lbs. Perfectly sound  
in wind and limb. Good worker, kind and  
gentle. Apply to Jas. McDiarmid,  
Lachute Mills.

YEP KEE has opened his laundry in  
the house adjoining W. Berry's Shop,  
Main St., and solicits a share of your pa-  
tronage. All washing and ironing done on  
shortest notice and satisfaction guaranteed.

Our Ladie's Jackets are running well. We  
have had to reorder some lines, but we hope  
to sell every coat. Come early.  
W. BANFORD.



**Gray's  
Syrup  
of Red  
Spruce  
Gum**

For Coughs,  
Colds, Bron-  
chitis, Sore  
throat, etc.

KERRY, WATSON & CO., PROPRIETORS,  
MONTREAL.

## Methodist Church Re-opening.

The Methodist Church, which has  
been closed during the past two  
months for repairs and improve-  
ments will be re-opened next Sun-  
day. At the time of our going to  
press it is not certain who will preach  
the sermons at the re-opening ser-  
vices but it is expected that either  
the Rev. David Winter of Centenary  
Church, or the Rev. Melvin Taylor  
of Mountain Street Church, will be  
present. The Ladies' will give a Tea  
in the Sunday School Hall on the  
Monday evening following beginning  
at 5.30 o'clock, and this will be fol-  
lowed by a musical programme and  
an address by the Rev. Dr. Griffith,  
chairman of the Montreal district.  
During the past two years the value  
of the church property has been in-  
creased by about \$2,800 and when  
further slight improvements are  
made on the grounds and on the ex-  
terior the property will be in a satis-  
factory condition for many years.  
The greater part of the above amount  
has been paid in quietly and freely,  
and when the present work is com-  
pleted this week, the total remaining  
indebtedness will not exceed \$500.  
The trustee Board decided at the last  
meeting to ask for at least half of this  
amount in cash and subscriptions.  
The painting done by Mr. Robin-  
son has greatly improved the ap-  
pearance of the interior; the choir  
platform has been enlarged, and the  
new pews purchased from the Valley  
City Seating Co., Dundas Ont., com-  
bine in a marked degree the qualities  
of elegance and durability. The old  
system of renting pews has been fi-  
nally abandoned and all the pews in  
the church are now absolutely free.  
It is expected, however, that all  
families and individuals attending  
the church regularly shall occupy  
the same pew every Sabbath as far as  
convenient.

**CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.**  
Bears the  
Signature of  
*Chas. H. Fletcher*

## SUPERIOR COULET

CANADA  
Province of Quebec } No. 271  
District of Terrebonne

Mathilde Renaud of Larose Station, of  
the Township of Montcalm, in the district  
of Terrebonne, wife of Eliah Benjamin  
Beaven, farmer and trader of the same  
place, duly authorized, a ester on justice,  
has instituted against her husband, an ac-  
tion for separation of property the 5th  
November, 1903.

St. Scholastique, Dec. 21, 1903.  
NANTEL & ROCHON,  
Attorneys for Plaintiff.



## CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S HOLIDAYS.

**One Way First-Class Fare.**  
Dec. 24th and 25th, '03, good to return  
until Dec. 29th, and on Dec. 31st '03,  
and Jan. 1st '04, good to return until  
Jan. 4th, '04.

**First-class Fare & On Third**  
Dec. 23, 24 and 25, and Dec. 30, 31,  
'03, and Jan. 1st, '04, good to re-  
turn until Jan. 5, '04.

**FOR SALE**  
Two lots of bush land, situated one of  
50 acres in North half of lot No. 27 in the  
5th range of Wentworth, and lot No. 3 in  
the 6th range of Harrington, containing 100  
acres. For particulars apply to Box 254,  
Lachute, or C. Staniforth, Arundel.

## BANK of OTTAWA

HEAD OFFICE, OTTAWA, ONT.  
Capital, (authorized) - \$3,000,000  
Capital, [Fully paid up] - \$2,000,000  
Reserved Fund - \$1,334,273

**BRANCHES:**  
ONTARIO.  
Alexandria, Arnprior, Avonmore, Brace-  
bridge, Carleton Place, Cobden, Hawkes-  
bury, Keewatin, Kemptville, Lanark,  
Mattawa, Ottawa, Parry Sound, Pemb-  
roke, Rat Portage, Renfrew, Smith Falls,  
Toronto, Vankleek Hill, Winchester.  
Maxville, North Bay, Prince Albert.

QUEBEC.  
Granby, Hull, Lachute, Montreal,  
Shawinigan Falls.

MANITOBA.  
Dauphin, Portage la Prairie, Winnipeg,  
Emerson.

GEO. HAY, PRESIDENT, DAVID MACLAREN,  
VICE-PRESIDENT, HENRY N. HATE, JOHN  
B. FRASER, HON. GEO. BRYSON, JOHN  
MATHER, HENRY W. EGAN, DENNIS MUR-  
PHY, M.L.A. GEO. H. FERLEY.

A General Banking business trans-  
acted. Drafts issued on all Banking  
points in the Dominion, United States  
and Great Britain.

Notes and Bills collected.  
Interest allowed at current rates and  
payable semi-annually.

No delay in withdrawing deposits.

**BRANCH AT LACHUTE.**

J. B. PARRIS, - - - Manager

## Children Cry for CASTORIA.

## GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

The best and most popular route to  
Toronto, Niagara Falls, London,  
Detroit, Chicago, and all points in  
the United States and Canada.

## CHRISTMAS - AND - New Year Holidays

Round trip tickets will be issued at  
Single First-Class Fare.

Going December 24 and 25. Return limit  
December 28. Also going Dec. 31, and  
Jan. 1. Return limit Jan. 4, 1904.

## First-Class Fare & One Third

Going Dec. 23, 24, 25, 30, 31, 1903, and  
Jan. 1, 1904. Return limit, Jan. 5th.

The Grand Trunk Railway System is  
also the most direct route to Portland,  
Boston, and all points in the New Eng-  
land States, also to New York.

For tickets, reservations of space in  
sleeping cars apply to

J. M. DORION, Lachute or St. Philippe Q.

W. H. GARRETT, Lachute, P.Q.

## Children Cry for CASTORIA.

## New Cash Grocery Store.

Having purchased the Commodious  
store on Bethany St. from Mr. J. B.  
Raymond, I have stocked it with a  
large assortment of

## Fresh Groceries

which will be found choice, good &  
reasonable. We solicit a call.

## FRANCIS LAURIN.



The ONLY  
Meat Cutter  
Worth Buying.

HALL, COOK, and  
HEATING STOVES.

PUMPS, PIPES AND  
SINKS, and general  
Hardware.

**McQuat & McRae,**  
Lachute, P.Q.

## SUITABLE

## PRESENTS

Sometimes it is difficult to select a suitable  
gifts for our friend. We have a nice assortment  
of Music Cases, Easels, Chairs, and Rookers that  
make presents that are always appreciated.

**LACHUTE FURNITURE FACTORY**  
O. B. Lafleur, Prop.

## Your Wants Supplied.

We are now well established in our new  
Enterprise, and beg to remind the Public  
that there is no necessity to go into Lachute  
to do your shopping, as our store is all well  
stocked with all the newest and best goods.

Don't forget that we take any produce  
in Exchange for goods. We want your trade.

**V. & I. McFAUL, - - - BROWNSBURG.**



## TEDDY'S NOMINEE

Tom Dexter was sitting in his room at Balliol College, Oxford, doing some heavy reading, for schools were in near proximity, and he was anxious to do well.

Presently the door burst unceremoniously open, and a pair of mischievous blue eyes, in a sunburnt face, surmounted by a head of tousled, fair hair, peeped round the corner.

"Come in, old man!" said Tom, when he saw who the intruder was.

Edward Parsons walked gracefully forward into the centre of the room and sank into the biggest armchair.

"Fang schools!" he ejaculated cheerfully. "Something far more important is going to happen to me, at any rate. Tom, my best girl's coming down to the Balliol ball."

Tom wheeled round slowly.

"And who is she?"

Teddy sighed gustily.

"Kitty Seymour," he said.

There was silence for a moment, and then Teddy, who evidently considered this indifference heartless, waxed impatient.

"You can't ever have seen her, old man, or you wouldn't stand there looking like any graven image when I tell you that I love her. I know Seymour himself is an awful ass, but his sister—Oh, ye gods, she is the sweetest girl in the world!"

"So were they all in turn."

Teddy picked up a cushion which had fallen off the sofa and shielded it at Tom's head.

"Don't be cynical, Tommy; it doesn't suit your style of ugliness."

Teddy paused for a moment; then:

"The long and short of the whole thing is, Tommy, I simply found that I couldn't stand the suspense any longer, and decided to propose to her at this ball."

He paused again, as if expecting an answer, but Tom was still silent.

"The worst of it is Tom, I'm in a fearful fix. That's what I came to you about. My eldest sister's going to be married, and if she hasn't fixed the ceremony for the very day of our ball! It's just like a sister to go and do a silly thing like that! It's impossible for me to get back here that night, we live so far away, and I must be present at the wedding. You see, I'm her only brother, and she—she'd think it rather unkind if I didn't turn up, I suppose."

He broke off again, and leant back in his chair, frowning heavily and looking the image of dejection.

Tom raked his brains for means of comforting the unhappy lover.

"Can't you write to her?" he said at last.

Teddy sat up in his chair and stared at him as if he thought he had suddenly taken leave of his senses.

"Write! My dear fellow, do recall to your mind some letters I have written to you, and then tell me, as a candid friend, if in spelling, or legibility, or literary style altogether, you consider that one of them would be capable of conveying so delicate a matter as a proposal of marriage to a young lady? Write! My dear old chap, I wonder you don't ask me to telephone it!"

"No," he went on; "there's only one other course open," he said slowly—"and that is for you to propose for me."

"Good heavens!"

The pipe, loosened from Tom's hand, fell with a sharp thud into the grate.

"Well, of all the outlandish ideas—"

Teddy interrupted him with a delightful, seraphic smile.

"Not at all outlandish," he said affably; "but, on the contrary, extremely cute. All you've got to do, Tommy, is to ask Miss Seymour for one dance, and then, when you get her to some secluded, romantic spot, you—well—er—ah—"

Teddy broke off, chuckling like a naughty schoolboy, and the rest of the sentence was left to an eloquent silence.

Tom frowned.

"It's ridiculous—absurd! And as insulting to Kitty—to Miss Seymour—as it is—er—embarrassing for me! I've never proposed to anyone in my life, Teddy!"

Teddy's chuckle had evolved into a loud, reverent laugh.

"My dear old chap," he said, "you're twenty-four years old, and the sooner you learn what to say to a girl when you want to propose to her, the better, I think. Anyway, we've been chums ever since we were little chaps at school, Tommy, and I don't think you've ever refused me a favor yet."

Tom looked up into the handsome eager young face bending over him.

"You've never asked me to do anything harder, Teddy," he said, rather feebly.

Tom touched the programme that was dangling at the end of Miss Seymour's white-feathered fan.

"May I have the pleasure?" he said humbly.

The girl raised a pair of lovely, shining eyes and smiled encouragingly.

She held out her programme toward him, and Tom bent over it.

"Thanks so much! No. 13? Thank you. It is a waltz."

He scribbled his initials opposite the dance rather hastily, and then, with a courteous bow, walked swiftly away.

When he came up to claim his dance he held out his arm silently. The girl took it without a word, and together they passed into the ballroom. They had not gone for two turns round the room, when Tom suddenly stopped and looked into her eyes.

"Miss Seymour," he said, "don't think me awfully rude, but would you—would you mind sitting this dance out, please? I've got something important to say to you."

The girl glanced up at him, rather a surprised expression in her eyes.

"Certainly!" she answered courteously.

—

And Tom, without another word, led her away from the ballroom.

"It's—it's a message," he continued nervously, when a moment later they were established in two chairs in a secluded sitting-out corner, "from Teddy Parsons. You know him, don't you?"

Miss Seymour smiled.

"It would be difficult to know you," she answered, "without knowing Mr. Parsons as well. My brother always calls you Jonathan and David."

Tom did not smile; he was fidgeting nervously with the buttons of his glove.

"I can't imagine what you will think of me," he said desperately, "but Teddy made me do it—on my honor he did. And he knows—the young beggar—that I never refused him anything in his life."

He looked up at her, and saw that the perplexed expression on her face had deepened.

"Yes?" she said.

Tom sat down again in his chair and bent towards her.

"Miss Seymour," he said gravely, "Teddy sent a message to you, and this message was this. He bent a little nearer, and almost unconsciously took her hand. 'The long and the short of the whole thing is,' he said, 'Teddy loves you, and he wants to know if you will marry him.'"

"It was noble of you," she faltered; "but I am only so sorry that it should have happened, for I can never marry Mr. Parsons."

"Not—not marry him?" he gasped.

"No," she said slowly; "I do not love him."

—

It was about five o'clock on the following afternoon when Teddy Parsons strolled leisurely into Tom Dexter's rooms.

"Come out of that, you fossilised old idiot!" he remarked affably.

"Drop classics for once, for goodness sake, and let's talk of something sociable! How did you get on last night, that's what I want to know?"

Tom laid down the book and looked up at his friend with very anxious haggard eyes.

"I'm awfully sorry, old chap," he said gently, "but I'm afraid I haven't good news. Perhaps you'd better see her about it, Teddy. I always was a stupid fool over that kind of thing, and I dare say I've blundered."

"She refused me, then?"

Tom turned his head away. He feared to meet the sorrow which he felt was rising up in those happy blue eyes.

"I'm afraid that's about it," he said sadly.

Another silence. Then:

"Does she love anyone else?" came in a queer, choked voice from the table.

Tom's head was turned still further away.

"I'm afraid so."

"Do you know who he is?"—again in that muffled undertone.

Tom's hitherto white face flushed suddenly scarlet. He did not reply.

"Because if you don't, I do."

Tom turned round sharply. There was Teddy loling on the table, with his straw hat tipped over his eyes, shaking with suppressed laughter.

"Oh, you jolly old juggler!" he said weakly, when his laughter would allow him to speak. "Can't you see what I've seen all along, and have known for the last year? Don't you know that you are the man she loves?"

"Then you've been making fools of us both?"—hotly.

"And it's not me at all!"—ungrammatically. "Why, she never loved me, and I never thought about her, but I—"

Tom sank into his chair again.

"Then you knew that I—that I cared for her?" he said, still rather sternly.

Teddy relaxed into another fit.

"Knew it?" he said, after the necessary interval. "Bless you, Tommy, I trust me for finding things out! Oh, yes, I knew it. And I knew something else, too, just as well."

"And what was that?" interrupted Tom, still fuming.

"Why, that, although you're safe for a first-class in most things, in a simple matter like this you are about as big a dunder as ever was born! You've got no gumption in you, Tom—no go. You ought to have more conceit. Why, d'you think that if I hadn't made you propose to Miss Seymour you would ever have got up to the scratch at all? Of course not!"

Tom got up out of his chair.

"I—I can hardly believe it," he said, in a dazed voice. "It seems that, instead of having done you a good turn, you have done one for me—the best one I ever had yet, Teddy. But she—she still doesn't know that I love her."

"Then go and enlighten her, Tommy."

"I can't do it, Teddy—I can't! Pro-

## About the ... House

### GOOD THINGS TO EAT.

Eggless Ice Cream—Use 1½ pts. milk, ½ pt. whipped cream, 2-3 cup sugar, 1 teaspoon vanilla. Beat ingredients thoroughly and freeze.

Silver or Delicate Cake—Whites of 6 eggs, 1 cup sweet milk, 2 cups sugar, 4 cups flour, 2-3 cup butter, 2 teaspoons baking powder. Stir sugar and butter to a cream, add milk, flour, flavoring and eggs. Bake carefully in moderate oven. This makes an excellent cake.

Higdom—Take 2 qts. green chopped cucumbers, 1 qt. chopped tomatoes, 1 qt. chopped cabbages, 1 qt. chopped onions, 1 tablespoon ground cloves, 1 tablespoon allspice and black pepper, or 6 large green peppers chopped fine, same of whole mustard, ½ cup sugar. Chop and cover with salt, let stand over night. Drain off, add spices and sugar and cover with vinegar.

Banana "Cup" is made from the pulp of 3 not over-ripe bananas rubbed through a fine wire sieve. Add the grated rind of 1 large lemon, the juice of 1 lemon and 1 orange, and pour over this ½ pt. boiling water. Set in a cool place for several hours. When quite cold, stir well together, sweeten to taste, add, if liked, a wineglass sherry, a siphon of soda water, and a few lumps of ice.

Eggs a la Goldenrod—Boil 6 eggs 20 minutes and throw into cold water. When cold chop whites (not fine) and grate yolks. Make a white sauce by blending 1 tablespoon butter and 1 tablespoon flour. Stir this into ½ pt. hot cream. When thickened stir in the chopped whites, season with salt. Have ready rounds of buttered toast. Pour mixture on these, taking care to just cover toast. On this sprinkle the grated yolks and a dash of pepper. Garnish with bacon cut in ribbons and crisped in hot spider. This may be made in a chafing-dish if desired.

Suet Pudding—One egg, ½ cup sweet milk, ½ cup light molasses, ½ cup of suet, 1 teaspoon baking powder, 1½ cups flour, 1 lb. currants, 1 lb. raisins or 1 pt. of any kind of fruit. Put this in a small tin pail and put in to a kettle of boiling water and boil for four hours. It can be kept for weeks. Cut in slices and steam, and eat with cream and sugar. For a sauce to eat on this pudding, take ½ cup butter, 2 tablespoons flour, rub together till flour is mixed, add 1 teacup sugar and pour on boiling water and cook. Flavor with vanilla.

Bread Omelet and Potatoes.—Soak three-quarters cup of fine stale bread crumbs in three-quarters cup of milk for twenty minutes. Drain off all the milk not absorbed by the bread, add a level teaspoon of salt, a few dashes of pepper, the yolks of five eggs beaten a long time, and when well mixed fold in lightly the stiffly-beaten whites of the eggs. Have a frying pan buttered and heated, turn in the omelet and set where it will cook slowly; when the under side is done, set the omelet in the oven to brown on top. Run a large knife under one-half of the omelet and fold over, tipping the pan sideways. Lay a hot platter over the frying pan, reverse both and lift the pan, leaving the omelet on the pan unbroken. Garnish the top with slices of bacon fried crisp and pour a cream sauce round the omelet.

Ice Cream Cake.—Beat one cup of butter to a cream, add two cups of powdered sugar and beat until light. Sift together one-half cup of corn starch, two and one-half cups of flour and four level teaspoons of baking powder. Add this prepared flour gradually with one cup of milk, putting in a little of one and then of the other. Beat well and stir in lightly the whites of eight eggs beaten stiff and dry. Bake in four layers. For the filling for this cake make a boiled frosting. Stir three cups of sugar into one cup of water and let it come to the boiling point, stirring all the time; then let it boil without stirring for ten minutes and begin to test it with a cold fork to see if it will thread. When it

posing for the sake of obliging you was one thing, proposing for myself is another."

He paused abruptly, and stood with his head held high in a listening attitude. Down the passage a door was heard to open suddenly, and a man's voice called out:

"Dexter, come over to my rooms, will you, and have tea?"

Teddy chuckled delightedly.

"You see, even Providence is interested in your case," he explained roundly, "for here is everything being made smooth for you. Go in and have tea with Seymour at once; she's there."

Teddy gripped his fingers into Tom's shoulders and, opening the door, ejected him forcibly into the passage.

Then another voice, much softer and more melodious, and in gentle, though equally persuasive, tones:

"Mr. Dexter!"

"Forward young lady!" chuckled Teddy.

But Tom did not bear him. He was striding towards Seymour's rooms, as fast as his legs could carry him.—London Answer.

ha, reached the stage where long threads will spin from the end of the tins, pour the syrup very slowly on the well-beaten whites of three eggs. Add a teaspoon of lemon juice and beat until cold, when it will be of the right consistency to spread.

### USE FOR OLD WATERPROOF ROOFS.

You housekeepers who happen to have stowed away in attic or closet one or more of those old waterproof capes in use 12 or 15 years ago, will find them exceedingly serviceable as chair covers on sweeping day. To make them more convenient, sew up the slits in the covers which were used for armholes, and remove the hoods. Then see what a protection it is from the dust, which, however carefully a broom is used, is sure to lodge upon all upholstered furniture.

In the case of a large easy chair, which for some reason it may be inconvenient to remove from the room during the sweeping process, this rubber cover will prove a boon. Ordinarily it may be carelessly thrown over the back, arms and seat; but in case it may be found necessary to remove the chair to a sunny piazza or porch during cleaning time, this cover pinned securely around it will protect it from either rain or sunshine, as the case may be.

Another advantage which such a cover has over a shawl or other woollen covering is that dust does not cling to it, but a slight shake will remove it.

If you happen to own an old-fashioned square piano, with pictures and bric-a-brac standing on the open cover, it is some trouble to remove them and close the piano every time you sweep. A friend who owns one of these old waterproof capes often throws it over her open piano while sweeping, thus saving the trouble of closing it.

### CARE OF DRUGS AND POISONS.

Every little while we read of deaths due to accidental poisoning, where the fatal dose was administered from the wrong bottle, or where some little one had fallen a victim to carelessness. It cannot be too strongly urged that medicines and drugs of all kinds should be kept where the children cannot gain access to them.

If no special cabinet or case can be procured for the necessary and all important household remedies, a cupboard can be made from a shallow box fitted with narrow shelves and with cover fastened on with small hinges. It should be fastened securely to the wall, out of reach of baby fingers, a lock and key will make it doubly safe. The one now in use in our family is made of the case of a square cabinet clock. The works, having fulfilled their mission long ago, were taken out, and the space filled in with shelves which are deep enough to accommodate bottles of common size.

As to marking the bottles containing poisons, in addition to the gruesome labels attached by the druggist, we run a sharp pin through the cork of each bottle, so that the point protrudes above the top of the cork, about a quarter of an inch. In this way, the bottle is easily distinguished from the others, even in the dark, and no mistake can be made if ordinary care is used.

### USAFUL HINTS.

One servant girl in the kitchen is worth two at the front gate.

Vases and specimen glasses discolored by flowers are best cleaned with vinegar and tea leaves, used together.

To preserve the condition and color of the teeth, it is more important to clean them before retiring at night than on rising in the morning.

Typhoid and scarlet and rheumatic fevers, measles and diphtheria are diseases of the autumn. Whooping cough, influenza and company usually wait until the weather grows still colder.

To clean an oven, dust it thoroughly, plates and all, with powdered lime, and sprinkle this thickly at the bottom. Heat the oven well, let it cool, and then brush it out. The lime will soak up grease.

Water that has stood in an insufficiently ventilated sleeping chamber all night is not only unpleasant, but positively injurious to drink, since it readily absorbs the poisonous gases given off by respiration and the action of the skin.

If you sleep with your mouth open you will get about half the benefit you ought to from your night's rest. This is frequently the cause of "that tired feeling" on waking in the morning. The habit weakens the lungs.

### HELPFUL AMMONIA.

Few people realize the possibilities of ammonia. The preparation known as common spirit of ammonia is valuable in many ailments. For example, 10 or 20 drops in a large wineglass of water will revive a fainting person. It is an excellent stimulant in case of nervous depression and headache, as it restores circulation. Again, a few drops of ammonia poured into hard water makes the water soft, and it takes the dirt off of paint more quickly than anything else, takes the stains out of carpets, cleans combs and hair brushes and makes gold and silver look as good as new.

Shyleigh—"Are you fond of animals?" Miss Mature—"Very!" Shyleigh—"Which one do you like best?" Miss Mature (with a far-away look)—"Man."

Shyleigh—"Are you fond of animals?" Miss Mature—"Very!" Shyleigh—"Which one do you like best?" Miss Mature (with a far-away look)—"Man."

Shyleigh—"Are you fond of animals?" Miss Mature—"Very!" Shyleigh—"Which one do you like best?" Miss Mature (with a far-away look)—"Man."

Shyleigh—"Are you fond of animals?" Miss Mature—"Very!" Shyleigh—"Which one do you like best?" Miss Mature (with a far-away look)—"Man."

Shyleigh—"Are you fond of animals?" Miss Mature—"Very!" Shyleigh—"Which one do you like best?" Miss Mature (with a far-away look)—"Man."

Shyleigh—"Are you fond of animals?" Miss Mature—"Very!" Shyleigh—"Which one do you like best?" Miss Mature (with a far-away look)—"Man."

Shyleigh—"Are you fond of animals?" Miss Mature—"Very!" Shyleigh—"Which one do you like best?" Miss Mature (with a far-away look)—"Man."

Shyleigh—"Are you fond of animals?" Miss Mature—"Very!" Shyleigh—"Which one do you like best?" Miss Mature (with a far-away look)—"Man."

Shyleigh—"Are you fond of animals?" Miss Mature—"Very!" Shyleigh—"Which one do you like best?" Miss Mature (with a far-away look)—"Man."

Shyleigh—"Are you fond of animals?" Miss Mature—"Very!" Shyleigh—"Which one do you like best?" Miss Mature (with a far-away look)—"Man."

Shyleigh—"Are you fond of animals?" Miss Mature—"Very!" Shyleigh—"Which one do you like best?" Miss Mature (with a far-away look)—"Man."

Shyleigh—"Are you fond of animals?" Miss Mature—"Very!" Shyleigh—"Which one do you like best?" Miss Mature (with a far-away look)—"Man."

Shyleigh—"Are you fond of animals?" Miss Mature—"Very!" Shyleigh—"Which one do you like best?" Miss Mature (with a far-away look)—"Man."

Shyleigh—"Are you fond of animals?" Miss Mature—"Very!" Shyleigh—"Which one do you like best?" Miss Mature (with a far-away look)—"Man."

Shyleigh—"Are you fond of animals?" Miss Mature—"Very!" Shyleigh—"Which one do you like best?" Miss Mature (with a far-away look)—"Man."

Shyleigh—"Are you fond of animals?" Miss Mature—"Very!" Shyleigh—"Which one do you like best?" Miss Mature (with a far-away look)—"Man."

Shyleigh—"Are you fond of animals?" Miss Mature—"Very!" Shyleigh—"Which one do you like best?" Miss Mature (with a far-away look)—"Man."

## WHERE AUSTRALIA ER

### ABOUT THE INDUSTRIAL ARBITRATION ACT.

Instead of Lessening Troubles Has Increased Them.

The working out of the Industrial Arbitration Act in Australia has excited considerable attention in London, England, and the results have turned out, as many anticipated, unfavorable to such legislation. The London Evening Globe of a recent issue has an excellent article from its Sydney correspondent which shows plainly the situation as it is to-day. He writes:—"The New South Wales Industrial Arbitration List, which was introduced with such a loud flourish of trumpets as constituting an effectual means of settling disputes between employers and employed, and encouraging the development of more friendly relations between capital and labor, is not producing the results anticipated by those who framed it."

True, strikes and lock-outs have been declared illegal, but they have become replaced by such multitudes of petty claims on the part of the workers, and anomalous decisions by the Arbitration Court, that not a few employers have abandoned the manufacture of goods and taken to importing them from over-sea countries.

The general idea of the Arbitration Court is that of a tribunal for the settlement of disputes which may arise between master and workman, but in New South Wales it has become simply a machine for effecting an expansion and consolidation of the power of trade unionism.

### INDUSTRIAL UNIONS.

Before the workers of any particular trade or calling can seek the intervention of the court they must become registered as an "industrial union." Only one such body is allowed in each trade, and non-members are bound by the decisions of the court, although they are refused a voice in the proceedings. The result of this is that the multitude of small "industrial unions" have sprung into existence, each advancing claims more or less numerous, in the hope that some may be successful.

Again, a semi-political organization, known as the Australian Workers' Union, consisting principally of men employed in connection with the sheep shearing industry, which is mainly responsible for the shearing strikes of recent years, was refused registration on the ground that it was not purely an industrial union, but the desired permission was accorded another body, called the "Machine Shearers' Association," consisting wholly of practical men, who refused to allow the political or socialist element to enter into the management of their organization. They wanted to have everything conducted on business principles.

### CANNOT DISCHARGE MEN.

Again, one of the leading coal-mining companies engaged a number of men subject to a fortnight's notice on either side. After a time they dismissed portions of the men, who received the stipulated fortnight's notice; but were ordered by the court to take them back, it being suggested that the men were discharged because they were trade unionists.

The employers are now appealing to the State Supreme Court to reconsider the decision, which, if allowed to stand, will give the men a power refused to their employers, the right of the men to leave at a fortnight's notice being maintained. If an employer decides that any of his men are unsuitable for the work required of them, he must prove it to the satisfaction of the union of which they are members, a somewhat difficult task in any circumstances; otherwise he is not allowed to dispense with their services. Neither is he allowed to employ aged workmen, or others unable to earn the minimum wage, unless he can obtain the sanction of the "industrial union" in his trade.

### FIXING THE PROFITS.

One of the difficulties of employers is occasioned by clashing legislation. Under the State Early Closing Act, butchers are required to close their establishments at one hour, while by a decision of the Arbitration Court they must close an hour earlier. But the wholesale butcher, who does not keep a shop, is under no restriction whatever. At present the court is engaged in hearing the case of the employees in hotels, dining-rooms, and refreshment places generally, the evidence showing that any advance in the current rates of wages would lead to many of the establishments being closed, as customers would not pay the necessary increased rates for meals.

An attempt was made to include domestic servants, but this threatened a position outside the power of the court to deal with. In the case of the hotel employees, the proprietors had to submit all their business books and papers to the inspection of the court, for the purpose of enabling it to ascertain whether the profits would admit of increased rates of wages.

### WIN ALL ALONG THE LINE.

In almost every instance the leading demands of the employees are conceded, the result being a steadily increasing disinclination on the part of capitalists to invest in business enterprises over which they have little or no control.

In almost every instance the leading demands of the employees are conceded, the result being a steadily increasing disinclination on the part of capitalists to invest in business enterprises over which they have little or no control.

In almost every instance the leading demands of the employees are conceded, the result being a steadily increasing disinclination on the part of capitalists to invest in business enterprises over which they have little or no control.

In almost every instance the leading demands of the employees are conceded, the result being a steadily increasing disinclination on the part of capitalists to invest in business enterprises over which they have little or no control.

In almost every instance the leading demands of the employees are conceded, the result being a steadily increasing disinclination on the part of capitalists to invest in business enterprises over which they have little or no control.

In almost every instance the leading demands of the employees are conceded, the result being a steadily increasing disinclination on the part of capitalists to invest in business enterprises over which they have little or no control.

In almost every instance the leading demands of the employees are conceded, the result being a steadily increasing disinclination on the part of capitalists to invest in business enterprises over which they have little or no control.



# KING OLAF

Or, Kinship Between Man and Horse

## CHAPTER I.

"Listen to this, Mary. It's the very thing!" exclaimed a young lady, who, while sipping a cup of tea at the breakfast-table, was engaged in carefully poring over the advertisement sheets of the Field with an air of profound interest.

The speaker, without any absolute claim to regular beauty, was a decidedly good-looking girl, with the air of freshness, health, and rosiness that, accompanied by youth, have an unerring power to please. Her small head was covered by thick glossy brown hair; the broad, thoughtful brow gave evidence of a considerable amount of natural intelligence; the eyebrows were dark and delicately arched; while the eyes which sparkled and flashed beneath them constituted the principal charm of an interesting countenance. They were dark grey, fringed by the longest of lashes, and looked you straight in the face with such a candid, innocent expression, such resolute, fearless honesty, that they seemed to mirror the soul within, sufficing to prepossess the ordinary observer, and to instill a belief in the integrity of their owner. A slim shapely figure completed the sum total of Kate Brewer's attractions.

"What's the very thing, Kate?" asked her companion, a gentle, fair-haired, low-voiced girl of about eight-and-twenty, roused to display symptoms of lively curiosity by the other's ejaculation. "Have you at length found this celebrated hunting-box we have heard so much about lately, or is your imagination soaring to yet higher flights, and contemplating a deer-forest in the wilds of Scotland for the ensuing autumn?"

"No, no," replied Kate with a laugh. "I'm scarcely advanced enough yet in my sporting proclivities to be able to shoulder a rifle. Somehow the slaughter of the stag possesses no attraction for me, but, as regards the hunting-box, if all advertisements were not such abominable cheats and delusions, if they did not convert every tumbledown cottage into a commodious mansion replete with modern conveniences, every wretched little two-acre field into an undulating and well-timbered park, every dilapidated outhouse into a substantial stone building, and every miserable evergreen into a thriving shrubbery; in short, if it were possible to believe in anything or anybody in this wicked world of ours, I should be greatly tempted to declare that I had found what I wanted; but alas! though young in years, it is my misfortune to be old in experience, and experience has taught caution, distrust, and suspicion."

And the girl shrugged her shapely shoulders with a gesture of unbelief so hopelessly cynical that it verged on the ludicrous.

"Come, come, Kate!" returned Mary Whitbread, remonstratingly. "While you have been amusing yourself by a sweeping condemnation of advertisements in general, please to remember that I remain in a state of Egyptian darkness as to this one in particular. Won't you take pity on my ignorance and deign to enlighten it? At present I feel thoroughly mystified."

"Really? Then I will proceed at once to do away with the mystery, if mystery there be. But," she went on in tones of mock despair, "although, as before remarked, the ad-

vertisement in question sounds the very thing, I am much too sceptical to be really sanguine."

Whereupon Miss Brewster, once more taking up the newspaper from the table, proceeded in a clear and distinct voice to read as follows:—

"To be let, for the winter months or by the year, as agreed upon, a most perfect, commodious, and well-arranged hunting-box, late in the possession of Reginald Rich, Esq., known by the name of Sport Lodge, and within three-quarters of a mile of the market-town of Foxington, in the county of Huntingshire. The residence is replete with every convenience, and the stabling, which has just been put into thorough repair, is unexceptionally good, consisting of six loose-boxes, four stalls, double coach-house, wash-house, and excellent accommodation for the men. The Critchley, the Scottsmore, and Sir Beauchamp Lenard's hounds hunt the immediate neighborhood, while the Horn, the Lever, and the South Garrick are easily attainable by rail. For particulars and cards to view apply to Messrs. Fulton, Brown, and Son, estate agents and auctioneers, Foxington."

"There, Mary! What do you think of that?" exclaimed Kate, as she came to a conclusion, looking up with an air of prospective ownership, already strongly visible in spite of her vaunted prudence. "Does not that sound everything the heart of hunting man or woman could desire?"

"It sounds too good, almost," suggested the cautious Mary, who, less talkative, and with fewer theories, was in some ways more practical than her friend. "The number of packs of hounds is positively overwhelming. If so inclined, you could apparently hunt every day of the week. Despite such attractions, there is, however, one thing I emphatically protest against—at least so far as you and I are concerned."

"And what might that be, dear Miss Propriety? Some social hesitations, I suppose, as usual?"

"Well, to tell you the truth, Kate, it's the name. I call it positively dreadful. Indeed, I can't conceive any one in their senses bestowing such a heathenish, outlandish title upon a dwelling-place. No doubt Mr. Reginald Rich and gentlemen of his calibre may have found Sport Lodge eminently suited to their peculiar propensities; but fancy two respectable young women, like ourselves, going to live in such an abode! What would the world say of us? Ugh! there is something horsey and fast and utterly disreputable in the very nomenclature! Does not Sport Lodge conjure up all sorts of bachelor extravagance to the mind? Can't you smell brandies and sodas in the air, a fine aroma of stale tobacco in every habitable room; in short, spir-its and pipes impregnating the entire atmosphere with their nauseous fumes? Oh! I can imagine it so well! A small square drawing-room with hermetically sealed windows, a dirty dingy carpet, fusty red or green rep curtains, an armchair or two, covered in a hideous chintz, with the inevitable wool antimacassars of every color under the sun. Come, Kate, you must confess my sketch of a bachelor apartment is not far out on the whole."

"I confess no such thing. Besides which my imagination is not so lively nor my olfactory organs so sensitive as your own. We have

only to show ourselves proof against the insidious attractions of a "B and S," or calumet of peace, in order to render poor Sport Lodge absolutely harmless. Now to show how tastes differ, I, for my part, consider there is something quaint and original about Sport Lodge—something a trifle removed from the everlasting commonplaces of every-day life. I am quite sick of Mount Pleasants, Hermitages, Bellevues, etcetera, etcetera. The sameness and monotony about such names wearies me extremely, especially when in nine cases out of ten the misnomer is palpable to the most indulgent eyes. If only for the sake of variety, I welcome Sport Lodge as a positive relief, and Mr. Reginald Rich, instead of being abused, deserves a fair meed of praise as a daring and original innovator; and both courage and originality, in this prosaic age, are qualities entitled to the highest respect."

"Why, Kate," interposed Mary, smiling in spite of her inward convictions at the dexterity of the other's argument, "what a funny girl you are, to be sure! You talk like a regular old grandmother; nevertheless I am far from being convinced, and stick to my assertion that Sport Lodge sounds decidedly fast, and the chances are if we go to live there the greater portion of the community will pronounce a similar verdict upon you and me."

"And what if they do? Do you suppose I care what people say?" retorted Kate contemptuously. "Let them make what ill-natured remarks they like."

"This was all very well in theory, Kate Brewster having not yet arrived at an age to recognize what a tyrannical mentor the world is—what a harsh, uncharitable, fault-finding, scandal-loving taskmaster; but the criticisms, if made, would probably have caused the young lady a considerable amount of vexation."

Rambling and fishing among the glorious mountains of Wales with his brother Willie, he speedily regained health and strength. While wandering with delight through one of the most picturesque scenes of that wild and beautiful region, he came suddenly one day on a large white umbrella, under which sat a romantic-looking man, something between an Italian bandit and an English sportsman, who was deeply engrossed with a sheet of paper on which he was depicting one of the grandest views in the splendid pass of Llanberis. At this man Willie rushed with a shout of surprise, and found that he answered at once to the name of Fred Aubrey! Fred was thrown into such a state of delight at the sight of his old friends that he capsize the white umbrella, packed up his paints, and accompanied them to their inn. Here, on being questioned, he related how that, while in Rome, he had been seized with a fever which had laid him prostrate for many weeks; that, on his recovery, he wrote to Loo and his father, but received no reply from either of them; that he afterwards spent some months in Switzerland making more than enough of money with his brush to "keep the pot boiling," and that, finally, he returned home to find that dear Loo was dead, and that the great Tooley Street fire had swept away his father's premises and ruined him. As this blow had, however, been the means of softening his father and effecting a reconciliation between them, he was rather glad than otherwise, he said, that the fire had taken place. Fred did not say—although he might have said it with truth—that stiff and stately Mr. Aubrey had been reduced almost to beggary, and that he was now dependent for a livelihood on the very palette and brushes which once he had so ruthlessly condemned to the flames!

After this trip to Wales, Frank returned home and told his mother abruptly that he meant to marry Emma Ward without delay to which Mrs. Willers replied that she thought he was quite right. As Emma appeared to be of the same mind the marriage took place in due course. That is to say, Miss Tippet and Emma managed to put it off as long as possible and to create as much delay as they could. When they had not the shadow of an excuse for further delay—not so much as a forgotten band or an omitted hook of the voluminous trousseau—the great event was allowed to go on—or, to "come off."

Many and varied were the faces that appeared at the church on that auspicious occasion. Mr. Aubrey was there to give away the bride, and wonderfully cheerful he looked, too, considering that he gave her to the man whom he once thought so very unworthy of her. Willie was groomsmen, of course, and among the bridesmaids there was a little graceful, dark-eyed and dark-haired creature, whom he regarded as an angel or a fairy, or something of that sort, and whom everybody else, except Frank and Mrs. Willers, thought the most beautiful girl in the church. In the front gallery,

just above this dark-eyed girl, sat an elderly man who gazed at her with an expression of intense affection. His countenance was careworn and had a somewhat dissipated look upon it. Yet there was a healthy glow on it too, as if the dissipation were a thing of the distant past. The dark-eyed girl once or twice stole a glance at the elderly man and smiled on him with a look of affection quite as fervent as his own. There was a rather stylish youth at this man's elbow whose muscles were so highly developed that they appeared about to burst his superfine black coat. He was observed to nod familiarly to the dark-eyed girl more than once, and appeared to be in a state of considerable excitement—ready, as it were, to throw a somersault over the gallery on the slightest provocation.

Of course Miss Tippet was there in "such a love of a bonnet," looking the picture of happiness. So was Mr. Tippet, beaming all over with joy. So was Miss Deemas, scowling hatred and defiance at the men. So was David Boone whose circumstances had evidently improved, if one might judge from the self-satisfied expression of his face and the splendor of his attire. John Barret was also there, and, close beside him, stood Ned Hooper, who appeared to shrink modestly from observation, owing, perhaps, to his coat being a little threadbare. But Ned had no occasion to be ashamed of himself, for his face and appearance showed clearly that he had indeed been enabled to resist temptation, and that he had risen to a higher position in the social scale than a vender of gingerbeer.

In the background might have been seen Hopkins—tall and dignified as ever, with Matty Meryon at his side. It was rumored "below-stairs" that these two were engaged, but as the engagement has not yet advanced to anything more satisfactory, we hold that to be a private matter with which we have no right to meddle.

Close to these stood a group of stalwart men in blue coats and leather belts, and with sailor-like caps in their hands. These men appeared to take a lively interest in what was going forward, and evidently found it difficult to restrain a cheer when Frank took Emma's hand. Once or twice during the service one or two other men of similar appearance looked into the church as if in haste, nodded to their comrades, and went out again, while one of them appeared in the organ loft with a helmet hanging on his arm and his visage begrimed with charcoal, as if he were returned from a recent fire.

This man, feeling no doubt, that he was not very presentable, evidently wished to see without being seen. He was very tall and stout, and was overheard to observe, in very Irish tones, that "it was a purty sight intirely."

When the carriage afterward started from the door, this man—who bore a strong resemblance to Joe Corney—sprang forward and called for three cheers, which call was responded to heartily by all, but especially by the blue-coated and belted fellows with sailor-like caps, who cheered their old comrade and his blooming bride with those deep and thrilling tones which can be produced in perfection only by the lungs and throats of true-blue British tars!

Now, it must not be supposed that this was the end of Frank's career. In truth it was only the beginning of it, for Frank Willers was one of those men who know how to make a good use of money.

His first proceeding after the honeymoon was to take a small farm in the suburbs of London. He had a tendency for farming, and he resolved at least to play at it if he could make nothing by it. There was a small cottage on the farm, got far from the dwelling-house. This was rented by Willie, and into it he afterward introduced Ziza Cattley as Mrs. William Willers. The widow inhabited another small cottage not a hundred yards distant from it, but she saw little of her own home except at night, being constrained to spend most of her days with one or other of her "boys."

As the farm was near a railway station, Willie went to town every morning to business—Saturdays and Sundays excepted—and returned every evening. His business prospered and so did Mr. Tippet's. That eccentric old gentleman had, like Mr. Aubrey, been ruined by the great fire, but he did not care—so he said—because the other business kept him going! He was not aware that Willie's engineering powers turned in all the money of that other business, and Willie took care never to enlighten him, but helped him as of old in planning, inventing and discovering, to the end of his days.

There was one grand feature which Frank introduced into his suburban establishment which we must not omit to mention. This was a new patent steam fire-engine. He got it not only for the protection of his own farm, but, being a philanthropic man, for the benefit of the surrounding district, and he trained the men of his farm and made them expert firemen. Willie was placed in com-

## A WOMAN'S FACE.

PLAINLY INDICATES THE CONDITION OF HER HEALTH.

How to Obtain Bright Eyes, Rosy Cheeks and the Elastic Step of Perfect Health.

"A woman's face," said a well-known physician, "is a mirror which reflects unfailing the condition of her health. One can tell at a glance if she is well or not and usually one can tell what the trouble is. It so often happens that instead of bright eyes, rosy cheeks and an elastic step, there are dull eyes, pale, sallow or a greenish complexion, and a languidness of step that bespeaks disease, and perhaps an early death if the right treatment is not resorted to. The whole trouble lies with the blood, and until it is enriched and invigorated there will be no release from suffering and disease. Unquestionably the greatest of all blood-renewers is Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Good blood means health, vigor, life and beauty, and the one way to make your blood good is to take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

Out of many cases which illustrate the truth of this may be cited that of Miss Amanda Damphousse, Ste. Anne de la Perade, Que., who says: "For more than six months I suffered greatly from weakness, bordering almost on nervous prostration. I suffered from headaches, palpitation of the heart, and pains in all my limbs. I had no energy, no appetite, no color, and my nights were frequently sleepless. At different times I consulted three doctors, but none of them seemed able to cure me. A friend strongly urged me to take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and I finally followed her advice. With the use of the first box my health began to improve, and five boxes completely restored me. I now have a good appetite, headaches and pains have disappeared, and I never felt better in my life than I do now. If I am ever sick again you may be sure that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills will be my only doctor."

If you have any disease like anemia, indigestion, heart palpitation, neuralgia, rheumatism, or any of the other host of troubles caused by bad blood, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills will surely cure you. Be careful to get the genuine, with the full name, "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People," printed on the wrapper around the box. Sold by all medicine dealers or sent post paid at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 by writing to the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

mand of this engine, so that the great wish of his early years was realized! There was not a fire within ten miles round them at which Willie's engine was not present; and the brothers continued for many years to fight the flames together in that neighborhood.

As for stout George Dace, and sturdy Bammore, and facetious Joe Corney with his comrades Moxey, Williams and Mason, and Sam Forest, these heroes continued to go on to the end of their way, fighting more battles with the flames in six months than were fought with our human enemies by all our red-coats and blue-jackets in our many years, and without making any fuss about it too, although danger was the element in which they lived, and wounds or death might have met them any day of the year.

For all we know to the contrary, they may be carrying on the war while we pen this chronicle, and, unless more vigorous measures are adopted for preventing fire than have been taken in time past, there can be no question that these stout-hearted men will have more occasion than ever for fighting the flames.

The End.

## WHEN BABY CRIES.

When a baby cries almost continually it is a certain sign that there is something the matter with its stomach or bowels, and the mother should at once give it a dose of Baby's Own Tablets, which sweeten the sour little stomach, promote digestion and gently relax the bowels. Mrs. Fred McIntosh, Wabigoon, Ont., who has had experience, writes: "When my little boy was two months old he began to cry and kept it up almost continually day and night for several weeks. I gave him medicine, but it did not seem to ease him a bit. I had not at this time used Baby's Own Tablets, but the poor little fellow was suffering so much that I sent for a box. He obtained ease almost from the first dose, and in a few days was quite well. Since then he has grown splendidly, and is a bright, laughing, good-natured baby. I hold the Tablets in the highest regard and cheerfully recommend them to all mothers."

This is the verdict of all mothers who have used the Tablets. They are good for children of all ages and always cure all their minor ailments. Sold by medicine dealers or sent by mail at 25 cents a box by writing The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

"How is the earth divided?" asked a confident teacher of his class before the examiners. "By earthquakes, sir," was the prompt answer from one of the most eager pupils.

## Kidneys and Liver Affected by Colds

Backache and Pains in the Legs the Common Symptoms—Cure Comes with the Use of

## Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills

Exposure to damp, cold weather is a frequent cause of kidney disease. Sitting in a draught so as to chill the feet and legs is frequently enough to bring on congestion of the liver.

Colds settle on the liver and kidneys as well as the lungs. The results are diseases of the most dreadfully painful and fatal sort.

As yet there has never been discovered a preparation equal to Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills as a prompt and thorough cure for derangements of these great filtering organs.

Pains in the back, headache, urinary disorders, biliousness, liver complaint, dyspepsia and constipation soon disappear when Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills are used.

Mr. Arthur Walden, Ferryville, Carleton County, N.B., writes "My wife was a great sufferer from kidney

troubled with pains in the small of the back and in the side, was gradually losing flesh and growing weaker. She got into a very bad state, suffered dreadful pains and her ankles would swell up so that we were afraid of dropsy. We had a box of Dr. Chase's in the house, and, reading about Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, decided to try them. Relief soon came with this treatment. My wife has been entirely cured, and says she would not be without Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills for ten times the price."

"I am using Dr. Chase's Nerve Food myself, and it is building me up wonderfully."

Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, one pill a dose, 25c a box, at all dealers, or Edmondson, Bates & Co., Toronto. To protect you against imitations the portrait and signature of Dr. A. W. Chase, the famous receipt book on every box.



## CUSHING.

No. 2 school closed for the Christmas vacation on Wednesday.

Miss Edith Davidson spent Saturday last in Lachute the guest of the Misses MacKay.

Mr. and Mrs. Emerson Cooke and Miss Annie Weir spent a day with their in Lachute last week.

Mr. A. Dunn of Montreal spent a day in Cushing last week the guest of his sister Mrs. E. Wheelahan.

Mr. Samuel Townsend who has been absent at La Conception for some time returned last week to gladden the hearts of his friends in Cushing.

Miss Grace B. Fraser has returned from Montreal for the Christmas vacation. Miss Grace Weir who has been attending the classes Vankleek Hill Model School is also at home for the holidays after which she goes to take charge of a school at Glen Andrew Ont.

The Christmas Tree entertainment which was held in St. Mungo's church on the evening of Friday last was well attended and may be considered a success in every way. Much credit is due Miss Hodgson of No. 2. school and her pupils for the nice little programme with which they entertained the audience and in which they were assisted by some of their friends notably the Misses Bradford of Chuteau-Blondeau and the little Misses McAllister also the Misses Hewitt of St. Philippe, and Miss Maggie Fitzgerald of Carillon. At the close of the programme the large and handsome tree was diseste of the gifts with which it was loaded. The proceeds amounted to \$19.00.

## LAKEFIELD.

Mrs. John Smith who for the past two weeks has been visiting friends in Montreal, returned home last Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Dixon visited friends in Montreal last week, returning home on Saturday.

Our aged and esteemed friend and neighbor Mr. West, who we learn is seriously ill, we trust his illness will not be of long duration.

Roads are a little heavy in this section at present owing to the recent heavy snow fall, but our energetic road makers will soon have them in good condition.

Mr. Albert Rogers spent of last week in Montreal, and while there he met his brother the Hon. Robt. Rogers of Winnipeg, a former resident of this place.

The Methodist Parsonage was again the scene of a very happy event. In the presence of a number of friends and well wishes Miss Miria Lyster daughter of Thomas Lyster, Esq., of the signory, and Mr. Frederick Gain of Dunany were united in marriage on Wednesday afternoon Dec. 23rd, Rev. Geo. S. Schagel officiated. The bride looked charming and was attended by her sister Miss Priscilla Lyster, while the groom was supported by Mr. Henry Lyster brother of the bride. They unite in wishing them many years of happy and prosperous wedded life.

## PINE HILL.

Mr. Dougal McGibbon is still in the Hill.

Mr. Wm. Moncrieff is slowly overing his recent illness.

Mr. Wm. Stewart paid a flying visit Pine Hill recently.

Mr. Adrien Sicottie has gone to Montreal for the winter.

Miss Daisy Kennedy spent last week Mount Maple the guest of the Mrs. Murdoch's.

Some of our young people intend ending Christmas in Glengary. We wish them a merry trip.

Mr. Nap Carriere's saw mill is doing excellent work this season, after being thoroughly repaired by Mr. G. Blair.

Mr. A. Campbell has a number of in this vicinity and also Moore and Mr. L. Barron.

Harbing is being carried on to a extent in this section of the Y.

Mr. and Mrs. Broomfield of Montreal have returned to Avoca after a visit to the guests of Mr. and Joseph Tomalty.

CE.—We wish to advise the public have a very large stock of flour and bran, and grain of all kinds, at market prices over 200 tons in all. Flour which is the best, Lake of the Good Luck flour, made by J. Lake, Huron flour Buck-Wheat, Wham flour, Whole-Wheat flour, Made flour, Rolled Oats, Oatmeal, Ritten, Rolled Barley, Pot Barley, Malted Peas, Malted Wheat, etc. International stock food of all Try it! Hay, Straw, Shingles, etc. J. D. CAMPBELL & Co.

# The Fur Season.

Our Magnificent Fur Display is one of surpassing interest. We are prepared to show you just what you desire in Furs. The approach of Winter indicates need of Furs. Come and examine them; you'll enjoy seeing them whether you buy or not

Men's Fur Coats in Wallaby, Coon, Black Dog, Australian Coon, Wombat.

Ladies' Extra Fine Astrachan, Raccoon, Electric Seal, Black Lambkin with Alaska Sable Trimming, Grey Lambskin.

We have an elaborate collection of beautiful Collarines, Collars and Ruffs and some extra fine grey lamb skin for young Ladies'.

We still have a nice assortment of this Fall's Cloth Jackets for Ladies. You should get one before they're all gone.

**G. L. Meikle & Co.**  
LACHUTE, QUE.

## New Store New Goods.

Having opened our new and commodious store, we have placed in stock a splendid assortment of all the best lines of BOOTS & SHOES, upon which we are offering big reductions from now till the end of August. We also carry a full assortment of Factory and Home-made Harness.

**WM. BERRY, Main St. Lachute.**

## DON'T BE COLD

That's our advice, because we can give you a good Bulgarian Fur Coat for the small sum of \$15. Also other Furs in large variety. A large assortment of Hagan Coats for all corners. Splendid stock of the very latest styles in

## BOOTS AND SHOES.

A large supply of HAYING REQUISITES.  
Sherwin, Williams Paint always on hand.

**J. N. A. CARRIERE,**  
ST. PHILIPPE, Que.

## BOYS SERVICEABLE BOOTS

A complete assortment now in stock of  
**McCREADY COMPANY'S BEST MAKES!**

### Gentlemen

We had your special requirements in view when we were selecting our Shoes for Spring and Summer. Call and see how we anticipated your wishes.

### Ladies

For you we selected the daintiest, best made and best finished Shoes, including some of the best known and most popular lines in the United States.

**E. LAVIGNE, - - LACHUTE.**

PEOPLE SAY:—  
We are  
Dealing with

**McFaul Bros.**  
West End, Lachute.

PEOPLE SAY:—  
What bargains  
We had.



## A Message from Santa Claus

DEAR McFAUL BROS.,

Hearing of the great improvements you have made in your store during the past twelve months, I have determined to pay a visit to you and see for myself what kind of people live in your pretty town. If all goes well and no accidents happen, I shall arrive about Tuesday or Wednesday and take up my residence in your store, bringing with me toys for the babies, and presents enough for all. No need to ask "What shall I give for a present" come and make our acquaintance and we will soon tell you. I hope the weather will be fine so that everyone may come and see all my pretty things. Good bye for now, and don't forget to look out for your friend

SANTA CLAUS.

— \$1,000 —  
of

For the Benefit of

## OUR BOYS,

**SAMPLE BOOTS & SHOES**  
in the following sizes.

Mens' 7 and 7½ from \$1.00 to \$2.25.

Ladies' 4 and 4½ from 75c. to \$2.25.

Boys 4, from 75c. to \$1.75.

Youths 13, from 75c to \$1.25.

Children's from 25c. up.

## OUR FUR DEPARTMENT

is complete with a choice assortment of Fur Coats, Collars, Ruffs, Muffs, Caps, &c.

## UNDERCLOTHING.

Mens' Fleece lined 90c. a suit. Wool from 90c. to \$4.00.

Ladies' Underwear from 25c. to \$1.25.

## LADIES' JACKETS.

In these we excel. For value and quality they cannot be surpassed. They are of the latest styles and best of material and are perfect in fit and finish.



Is not far off, but you will find everything in the choice confectionery lines in our store. You will wear the smile that won't come off when you see our assortments. Chocolates of the most exquisite flavors, bon bons creams, butter scotch, in beautiful boxes, finest and purest of mixed candies. Florida, Jamaica and Navel Oranges, (Sweet and fine), Grapes, etc. Fruit Cake, Citron Cake, Sponge Cake, Scotch Cake, Currant Buns, etc. Try a package of our self-raising flour for your home baking, only 25c.

**JOHN HOPE, Main St. Lachute.**