

The Watchman

And Ottawa Valley Advocate.

VOL. XXVII

LACHUTE, FRIDAY, MAY 2, 1902.

NO. 8

Professional & Commercial

J. E. VALOIS,
NOTARY PUBLIC,
LACHUTE, P.Q.
Money to Loan on Security.

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opinion and approval.

DENTISTRY.
R. C. McCONNELL, D.D.S., L.D.S.
SURGEON-DENTIST.
Will be in Lachute the last four
days of each week.

DENTISTRY.
B. S. STACKHOUSE, Sr., D.D.S. L.D.S.
SURGEON DENTIST,
LACHUTE P.Q., QUE.
Will be after be in Lachute the last
four days of each week.

THE ELITE.

New blouse waists in large as-
sortment in Print, Muslin, Linen
Gingham, and Saton the latest
style, buttoned in the back and
elbow sleeves; fit guaranteed.

Children's and Infants' dresses.
Ladies' summer underwear and
white wear at all prices.

Figured muslin, Swiss muslin,
Lawn, Dimities.

Organdies in Black, White,
and colors.

The latest in Belts, Belt Buck-
els.

Ladies sailor hats from 20c. up.
Trimmed hats to suit everyone.

CORONATION Novelties and ties.

H. E. BURWASH.

Mr. T. Simpson, veterinary surgeon
will be in Lachute every Saturday

Headquarters for best oranges,
bananas, nuts, dates, etc.
at John Hope's.

For Sale—Large brick residence in
West End. All conveniences. Ap-
ply to Dr. McConnel.

Our clothing is a household word
Everyone now in the county should
know we are the people for clothing.
W. Banford.

Herbageum is to horses, cattle and
pou try what cereal breakfast foods
are to man. B. Hugman & Son al-
ways keep a full line of them all.

Our new Felt Hats are the latest
made and placed on the market. Fine
fur and common wool lines. Beaps
of them. W Banford.

Use 'Force' and you will gain
strength 'Force' is for sale by B.
Hugman & Son.

A big drop from last year's prices in—

Cut nails, wire nails, garden rakes
manure forks, hay forks, fork hand-
les, at—**J. R. McQUAT'S.**

The Dore Seeder sows and har-
rows to perfection, has 16 teeth in 8
sections, its a wonder in the spring
goods line, see it at the McCormick
Central Agency.

Roy Dewar.

Household needs at this season—
Pain's—we have them Ramsays best
Varnish Stains in 6 colors, makes old
furniture look young Muralo, differ-
ent colors, best wall finish on earth
Paint, white wash, scrubbing and
stove brushes, carpet sweepers,
screen doors and green windows.
All to be had at lowest prices in town
at McQuat & McRae's.

Say Boys,—We cant all attend the
Coronation, but if you are on for a
buggy deal, drop in to the McCorm-
ick Central Agency, Main Street,
and we will make the prices that in-
teresting you can have a celebration
right at home.—Roy Dewar, Agent.

Garden and Field needs at this
season—
Manure Forks, Hoes,
Spades, Garden Rakes,
Shovels, Post Augers,
Mowers,
Sprinklers,
Shears,
Hose

LAWN
at lower prices than ever.
McQuat & McRae.

A fine fresh supply of good wall
paper including several patterns of
ingrain paper with borders to match.
All shades in Lachute for tinting
purposes. G. L. Meikle & Co.

Prints for your children, Prints for
yourself. Scotch gingham in pretty
colors. Now is the time to make
them up before the spring rush of
work is on. W. Banford.

New Supply of Garden Seeds, field
seeds, timothy seed, long Vermont
clover, alsike clover, short red clo-
ver, oil cake feed.

G. L. Meikle & Co.

Ramsay's Paints. are the right
paints to paint right. See new pic-
ture ad on inside page. For sale by
all dealers in town.

You may travel all night and travel all day
You may travel from east to the west.
You cannot deny what all people say
That our 20c Tea is the best.
B. HUGMAN & Son.

BIRTHS

VALOIS.—At Lachute, on Sunday, April
27th, the wife of J. E. Valois of a daughter.

WHITEMAN.—At Lachute, on Tuesday, Ap-
ril 29th, the wife of Geo. Whiteman of a
daughter.

DEATH.

PARKER. In Winnipeg, on April 24th,
Elizabeth McGregor, wife of Geo. Parker.
Interred at Lachute.

We are pleased to learn that
Messrs. McQuat & McRae, Founders
and Machinists of our town, are un-
usually busy and are obliged not
only to increase their capacity, but
to work night and day to get out the
orders on hand for machinery, and
among present customers are Wil-
lamson & Morrison, L'Original, A.
Cole, Pt. Tremblant, Que., W. D.
Graham, Arundel, E. Carriere, St.
Canute, Que., G. H. Perley, Calumet,
G. E. Higginson, Calumet, Canadian
Dairy Supply Co., Montreal, Lincoln
Paper Co., Merritor, Renfrew Power
Co. Renfrew, W. Duncan, Montreal,
besides the usual large amount of
work from Messrs. J. C. Wilson & Co.
and Messrs. Hamelin & Ayers of our
own town and 10 or 15 small mills in
the vicinity. Every department is
taxed to its utmost and more men
and machines are needed. This is
what we like to hear of in Lachute
may it long continue.

LOCAL NEWS

Mr. T. Dobbie spent last Saturday
and Sunday in Montreal

Mr. Slater and family removed into
their new home on Saturday last.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Stewart returned
home on Thursday last.

Mr. J. D Boyce is spending this
week in Lachute.

Mr. Geo Clunie, who has been in
Chicago for some time, is again home
on a visit.

Mr. A. D. Kennedy has in a new
supply of straw hats in latest styles.
Call and see them.

Mrs. T. Jousse and Mrs. J. S. Giles
were the guests of Miss S. Piche,
Shawenegan Falls, last week.

While working at the paper mills
on Thursday night Peter Demarse
had 4 fingers on his left hand badly
crushed.

WANTED—A strong intelligent lad
to learn the bread and cake trade.
Apply to John Hope,

An entertainment under the aus-
pices of the young folks, will be
given in Dalesville house on May
2nd. An enjoyable time is expected.
Admission 10 cts.

Mr. C. Currier of Carleton Place
has been appointed to the position
lately occupied by Mr. Butler in the
Bank of Ottawa.

The Oddfellows are going ahead
with their excursion to Shawenegan
on the 26th of June. Keep date open
and watch for particulars.

Mrs. Alice Nunn-Keough, Miss
Lillian Herron, Miss Thomas and
Mrs. Campbell spent the last two
days of last week the guests of Mrs.
B. Hugman.

Mr. G. Hay and Mr. Feenie left on
Monday last for McGregor, Man., at
which place Mr. Feenie intends
making his future home.

Mrs. W. W. Alexander will receive
Wednesday and Thursday afternoons
the 7th and 8th of May, and the 1st
and 2nd Wednesdays of the month
thereafter.

A loving tribute was given to the
memory of Miss Maud McGibbon on
Thursday last, when the Ladies of
the Hockey Club decorated the grave
with flowers and the colors of the
club.

C. E. LaBranch of La Banque
Nationale, Miss MacPherson and
Mrs. Gunn of Joliette have been in
town a few days, the guests of Miss
Hervey.

The standard excellence of our
Coffee is undisputed. We sell the
pure coffee beans and grind them
while you wait. There is no adulter-
ation in Hugman's Coffee.

Mr. Jas. McFaul has started oper-
ations upon his grist mill in rear of
McFaul Bros. store which he expects
to have in running order by the mid-
dle of June.

Mrs. J. Fred Fetheron of Mon-
treal with her two daughters, Hazel
and Daisy, who have been the guests
of Mrs. B. Hugman for the last ten
days have returned home after
spending a very pleasant time.

Mr. and Mrs. P. R. McGibbon de-
sire to express their appreciation of
the thoughtful kindness of those
members of the Ladies Hockey Club,
who, in loving remembrance decorat-
ed with flowers the last resting
place of their beloved daughter,
Maud, on the anniversary of her
death

After the concert last Thursday all
the performers and several invited
guests who took part in the concert
spent the night till the " wee sma'
hours " in fun and frolic at the re-
sidence of Mr. and Mrs. B. Hugman
and on their return home declared
they never had a better time. We
hope to hear them all again soon.

The Concert given in Victoria Hall
on Monday last, under the auspices
of the Forrester's was a hugosuccess.
The hall was crowded to the door
and Mr. Plumstead in his many se-
lections was well received. During
the evening, Mr. Ingram, Supreme
Organizer, placed briefly before the
audience the benefits of the order. Mr.
W. C. Davidson made a very pleas-
ing chairman.

Special Bargains in

PIANOS,
ORGANS,
SEWING
MACHINES



AT

BEDARD & SON,

MAIN STREET - LACHUTE.

Spectacles and Glasses.



I have just passed a success-
ful examination as an optician
and hold a diploma from "The
Optical Institute of Canada."

I am now prepared to do all kinds of refraction
work. The latest instruments employed. Testing Free
of Charge where glasses are purchased.

W. H. GARRETSEE

WATCHMAKER, JEWELLER and OPTICIAN.

Spring Importations



Are all received, and they com-
prise the choicest goods on the
market in—

**SUITINGS,
OVERCOATINGS,
TROUSERINGS.**

Cent's Furnishings

I still lead in these goods and
others follow. For strictly up-to-
date Hats, Ties, Shirts, and other
gent's furnishings stylish dressers
patronize.....

A. J. PERIARD,
LACHUTE

THE CENTRAL IMPLEMENT HOUSE,

Main Street - LACHUTE.

We are right in the Implement Business; the best that
the Canadians and Americans can produce.

Seeders, Disks, Spring and Drag Tooth Harrows, Plows,
Cultivators, Horse Forks, Corn and Grain Binders, Reapers—
double and single—Mowers from 3½ to 7 ft. cut, Steel Rakes
—all sizes for one or two horses—Concord and Top Buggies,
Expresses and Heavy Waggons.

Put your Seed Grain in good condition with a Chatham
Fanning Mill. We sell them with or without bagging
attachment.

Reserve your Twine order for us. The McCor-
mick Company ship us direct from their factory in car load
lots. We can tie you up in good shape with special prices.

We want your trade and will treat you right.

ROY DEWAR - AGENT

The Fatal Dower

—OR—

THE DESTRUCTION OF A PROUD SPIRIT.

SYNOPSIS OF PRECEDING CHAPTERS.—Margaret Howard, on the eve of departure to join her secretly married husband, leaves her child with Susan Rivers and is drowned at sea. Susan rears the child, Daisy, as her own, and dies. Her daughter, Margaret, alone knows Daisy's secret. Lord Lisle seeks his child, and Margaret, taking Daisy's birthright, announces herself his daughter. She falls in love with his nephew, Philip. Daisy, Lord Lisle's true daughter, joins her foster-sister, and captivates Philip, who Lord Lisle, on his death-bed, makes promise to marry Rita.

CHAPTER XVII.

Brightly the London season opened. Lord Lisle went to the family mansion in Grosvenor Square. Mrs. Wyverne took a beautiful house in Hyde Park, and went there with Daisy and Rita. Mrs. Marche had left them. The three ladies were very happy together. Daisy was the sunbeam; her sweet, unselfish disposition, her gentle patience and interest in others never seemed to fail. She listened to Rita's egotistical conversation, and never wearied. She was Mrs. Wyverne's confidante; and Philip, Lord Lisle, despite his promise, thought the day dark that passed without one glimpse of her.

Yet Daisy had her trials. Before Lord Lisle's illness and death she had, in some vague, dreamy way, begun to think that Philip cared very much for her. He never seemed to forget her; he had talked to her more than to any one else; his face wore a different look when she was near him; and once—she had never forgotten the day—after singing to him for some time, he caught her hand and kissed it.

"Daisy," he said, "I hope your voice will be the last sound I shall hear on earth."

She was not vain, but many little things had happened which made her think that Philip loved her. He had not said so in words, but his eyes had told some passionate love tales. Modest and gentle, she had treasured these things in her own heart. Daisy was not one to love unsought; there was a quiet dignity hidden under her affectionate manner and graceful, winning way. She was capable of loving deeply as her sister, but in a different way. Rita would have schemed, planned, and maneuvered to win the one she loved. Daisy would have buried her secret and remained true to it all her life.

Vague, happy thoughts of what might be came to her—sweet, girlish dreams, in which Philip took the place of a king. They were never of rank or position—never of grandeur or riches—but of him.

On the night of the late lord's death she stood by when the engagement was announced, and heard the words—"Rita is to be Philip's wife." In her pure humility, she felt no surprise. After all, it was right and natural that Philip should prefer his beautiful cousin to one so lowly as herself. So the pretty dream was dispelled—the bright, vague hopes that had thrilled her heart were buried. If she suffered, no one knew it. She listened to Rita's plans for the time when she should be Lady Philip Lisle, and wondered at what she thought her own vain folly.

The sun shone brightly one May morning. London was unusually gay. The tall trees in the park were green and full of leaves; the birds sang in the branches; crowds of gayly dressed people filled the wide streets. There was a subdued murmur in the air—the roll of carriages, the sharp ring of horses' feet, the pealing of church bells, and the bands of music in the squares.

In a superbly furnished drawing-room Mrs. Wyverne sat on that May morning with Miss Lisle. It was the day after the presentation, and the two ladies were discussing the triumph she had won. Every one agreed that no such debutante had been seen for years; the beautiful

southern face, the dark, lustrous eyes and profusion of black hair were rare among the daughters of England. Even royal lips had spoken in praise of her magnificent loveliness.

The gay world followed its leaders; before the day came to an end Miss Lisle was established the belle of the season. Her triumph exceeded her fondest—nay, most sanguine dreams.

On the following morning the breakfast table was half covered with cards—invitations for balls, soirees, and parties. Daisy laughed, and a flush of gratified vanity crimsoned Rita's face.

"I told you so, my dear," was Mrs. Wyverne's comment. "I wish your father had lived to see this day; he would have been proud of it."

Among other invitations was one from Lady Carlyon—the queen par excellence of the fashionable world. She was one of the prettiest and most fashionable women in London, and at the same time so exclusive that to belong to her set, to have the entrée to her house, was a stamp and seal of superiority.

Lady Carlyon always gave a ball directly after the Drawing-room. It was a gleaming of beauty, fashion, and talent. She had procured an introduction to Mrs. Wyverne and Miss Lisle, foreseeing, with her usual shrewdness, that a new star had arisen on the great world.

Rita held the pretty card of invitation in her hand when Lord Lisle entered the room. He smiled at the quantity of notes.

"Lady Carlyon!" he said, in answer to some remark of Mrs. Wyverne's. "Wherever else you may go, or whatever else you may forego, you must go there. She is the most exclusive woman in London, and gives the best balls. One meets all the best people there. If you make an effective appearance at Lady Carlyon's, Rita, your success in society is certain. When is the ball?"

"On Thursday night," she replied.

"You should go to Madame Durand's at once," he said. "I called to ask if you would go to the opera this evening."

Daisy raised her head suddenly at this question, and Philip caught a wistful glance of the violet eyes.

"You would like it?" he said, gently.

"Better than anything in the world," she said. "I know all the music of 'Trovatore,' but I never heard it sung."

"We will go this evening," said Mrs. Wyverne, good-naturedly. "Of course you will join us, Philip?"

"I intended doing myself that pleasure," he replied, with a smile.

"Why should he not have that one gleam of happiness?" he asked himself. "The time must inevitably come when Daisy would leave them; sooner or later some happy man would discover the full value of this fair pearl, and win it for himself. Surely, from a lifetime of sacrifice, he might snatch one hour's brightness, and sit by Daisy's side and look in her pure, sweet face without any wrong."

Lord Lisle was proud of the ladies he escorted. Rita wore a superb dress of sheeny, gleaming white and gold; rich rubies flashed from the coils of dark hair and shone upon her neck and arms. Daisy looked fresh and fair as a spring morning; her dress of white lace had no ornament save the pretty violet that looped it up. Purple violets nestled in the ripples of golden hair. She carried a bouquet of the same sweet flowers in her hands. In personal beauty she was inferior to Rita, but Rita lacked the graceful patrician manner that characterized her sister. Philip was charmed beyond all prudence. He sat by the side of the woman he promised to marry, looking at the girl he so fervently loved.

Mrs. Wyverne's box was the great center of attraction that evening. No one was so captivated by Rita as Captain Darcy. He was introduced to her by Lord Lisle as one of his friends, and at the first glance of

her eyes fell a victim to their light—fell, without any hope or chance of recovery, fathoms deep in love.

Philip looked on with quiet amusement. Ah, if it could only be so! If Rita were free and he were free! If he might woo that fair, gentle girl for his wife, life would recover its lost charm. It was too late for such dreams. The die was cast—his honor was pledged. Let his heart ache ever so much, he must marry Margaret Lisle.

But for this one evening he yielded himself to the charm. Captain Darcy rushed on to his fate, lingering by Rita, while Philip talked to Daisy.

How fair and pure she was! The delicate bloom in her face, that deepened at his every word; the tender radiance of those clear eyes; the perfume of the violets she carried had some secret, subtle charm for him. For many long months afterward that same perfume struck him with a deep sense of pain.

It must end. Lord Lisle left Daisy with a deep sigh, and a shadow on his bright face. Mrs. Wyverne heard the sigh and saw the look, but she misunderstood both.

She pitied Philip, and thought him jealous of Captain Darcy. Until the opera ended she sat making up her mind that on this very evening she would speak to him, as she had long intended to do.

"Call to-morrow morning, Philip," she said, as Lord Lisle left them. "I want to see you particularly."

Going home that evening Philip made some excellent resolutions. He loved Daisy. How could he help it? But he would not break his promise. For the future he would avoid her; her presence had a fascination for him that no words could describe. From this evening he would avoid her, and keep his honor intact.

Mrs. Wyverne received Lord Lisle in her own room, giving order that she was at home to no one else.

"Philip," she said, "be seated. I shall detain you some time. What I have to say is important. Have you decided when your marriage with Rita is to take place?"

The question came to him like a sharp blow; for a moment it unnerved him.

"I have not thought about it yet," he said. "There is no immediate hurry, I suppose?"

"No," she replied. "But your engagement should be made known. It will save many disappointments and much mortification. That poor Captain Darcy fell quite in love last night with Rita."

"She did not seem to reciprocate it," he said, with a smile.

"No," replied Mrs. Wyverne. "Rita sees, hears, and cares for no other but herself."

Which information would have been pleasant enough had Philip been of the same mind.

"It should be known at once; and I think, unless you see any obstacle, that the marriage should take place at the end of the season. Any longer delay would be useless."

Ah! useless, indeed! No delay could avert his fate. Let the blow fall quickly.

"Whenever you wish, madame," he said, wearily.

She looked up in wonder at his tone.

"Your own wish must dictate to you," she said, "not mine. I merely advise the autumn. Do you think that time will suit?"

"I see no objection to it," said Philip.

"Then you had better speak to Rita about it. She is not in now, but if you like to call this evening we shall all be pleased to see you."

"I have an engagement this evening," he replied. "I shall meet you all at Lady Carlyon's to-morrow evening, and I will mention it to her then."

As Philip closed the door behind him, thankful the interview was ended, Mrs. Wyverne sighed deeply.

"I cannot understand them," she said—"these men of the present day. What an unfortunate love affair my poor son's was; and here is Philip—he talks of love and marriage far more coolly than he would of a new picture! I cannot understand it. Surely the ancient spirit of chivalry must have died away."

As Lord Lisle was leaving the house he met Daisy just coming in from the garden. Her hands were full of pretty flowers; she herself looked like their queen.

"What is the matter, Lord Lisle?" she asked, looking at his sad, tired face. "Have you heard bad news?"

"No, Daisy," he replied, taking

the flowers from her hands and clasping the little fingers in his own. "Help me to be very brave. I have sorrow to bear; tell me how to bear it."

"Bravely!" she said, her face glowing with light—"bravely, as great men and great heroes do!"

"I am no hero," he said, sadly.

"Any man is a hero who bears a sorrow in silence and well," Daisy continued—"and there are many such in the world."

"I will try to be one of them," he said. "Daisy, say 'God bless you.'"

She repeated the words, and he left her wondering what had saddened and wearied him on that bright May morning, when every one else looked happy and gay.

(To Be Continued.)

CAME TO GRIEF.

Mr. Topnoody went to a minstrel show last night, and the funny conundrums and jokes he heard set him thinking. So at breakfast he began on Mrs. Topnoody. She was fretful and not very much in the humor for pleasantness, but Topnoody slashed away.

"I say, Mrs. Topnoody, can you spell money with four letters?"

"No, I can't!" she said.

"Ha, ha! that's good. A woman never can get at this sort of thing in the same clear-headed way a man can. Well, the way to spell it is c-a-s-h. Isn't that money?"

Mrs. T. failed to smile, and Topnoody started out with another.

"Wait a minute," she interrupted. "I've got one. Let's see if you can get it. Spell 'Topnoody' with five letters."

Topnoody puckered his brows awhile and gave it up.

"Ha, ha!" laughed Mrs. T. "that's good. A man can never get at this sort of thing in the same clear-headed way a woman can. Well, the way to spell it is I-d-i-o-t. Isn't that Topnoody?"

But Topnoody never smiled and breakfast was finished in silence, except an occasional chuckle from Mrs. Topnoody's end of the table.

FOR EVERY MOTHER.

A Manitoba Mother Gives Practical Advice on the Care of Babies.

It is well known that nearly all infant troubles spring from a disordered stomach. Indigestion in a child will cause at first peevishness and sleeplessness, but other more serious troubles will follow fast, such as colic or cramps, constipation in some cases, diarrhoea in others, with fatal results in many cases. The mother who neglects having constantly at hand the means for treating these ills takes an awful risk. Mrs. R. L. McMillan, Logoch, Man., is one mother who is particularly well fitted to give advice on the care of babies. Her standard medicine for the minor ailments of her little ones is Baby's Own Tablets, and she says:—"They are the best medicine I have ever used for infant ailments. I have given them to my baby for indigestion and stomach trouble and they are prompt and thorough in making a cure. No mother should be a single day without the Tablets in the house."

Baby's Own Tablets are for children of all ages, and will cure such troubles as constipation, colic, sour stomach, diarrhoea and simple fevers. They are invaluable for teething children, and will break up colds and prevent croup. Guaranteed to contain no opiate or other harmful drug. Dissolved in water they can be given with perfect safety to a new-born babe. Sold by all dealers in medicine, or sent post paid at 25 cents a box, by addressing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Mrs. Newed—"Will you have a piece of this angel-cake, my dear?"

Newed (cautiously)—"Well, er— you know I don't care for cake. Did you make it?"

Mrs. Newed—"No; mamma sent it over."

Newed—"Give me two pieces, darling."

DR. A. W. CHASE'S 25c. CATARRH CURE ...

Is sent direct to the diseased parts by the Improved Blower. Heals the ulcers, clears the air passages, stops droppings in the throat and permanently cures Catarrh and Hay Fever. Blower free. All dealers or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Toronto and Buffalo.

HE THOUGHT IT.

A guardian of the law was relating to a small audience, how, after arresting a misdemeanant, he was obstructed by another person, whereupon he also arrested the obstructionist.

"What would you have done?" queried a bystander, "if instead of actually interfering, he had simply spoken his mind, and called you an impertinent, officious, loafing scoundrel, who only loitered about and laid hands on his betters—adding that he considered you a vagabond and a black-guard?"

"Oh," replied the policeman, "I would have arrested him all the same for inciting others to commit a breach of the peace."

"But," continued the querist, "suppose he said nothing, but just thought so?"

"Well was the reply, 'I can't arrest a man for thinking. He can think what he likes.'"

"Then," said the querist, "I think so."

HEALTH IN SPRING.

NATURE REQUIRES ASSISTANCE DURING THESE MONTHS.

To Help Throw Off the Impurities That Have Accumulated During the Winter Months—Purgatives Should Not be Used—It Is a Tonic That is Needed.

In this climate there are many reasons why people feel all out of gear in the spring months. Perhaps the chief of these is the long hours in imperfectly ventilated offices, shops and houses during the winter months. You may feel that there is nothing serious the matter; you are only a little tired after slight exertion, or perhaps your appetite is fickle, or little pimples or eruptions on the skin show that the blood is not as pure as it should be. If you feel this way, not only your comfort but your health demands that you take proper steps to cleanse yourself of the blood impurities that are responsible for your condition. You need a tonic, blood purifier, nerve strengthener and general up-lifter of the entire system. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People meet all these requirements more perfectly than any other medicine. These are tonic pills and not violent and weakening like purgative medicines. Nature does not require a violent measure in spring, but a helping hand to throw off the impurities which have accumulated during the winter, and so toning and strengthening every organ and function that a condition of perfect health will prevail. Everyone—old and young—ought to take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills in the spring. There is no other medicine will do you so much good. Mr. James Salm, postmaster, Salmon Creek, N. B., says:—"Last spring I was feeling decidedly unwell. I was weak, dizzy at times, and continually felt tired. My appetite was poor and I was losing in weight. I tried several medicines, but nothing did me any good until I began the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and a few boxes of these made me feel like a new person. I would advise all who feel run down and out of sorts to take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are also effective in the cure of all diseases due to poor, thin, watery blood or weak nerves. Do not take a substitute for these pills—it is a waste of money and a menace to health to do so. See that the full name "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People" is on the wrapper around every box. Sold by all medicine dealers, or sent postpaid at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for \$2.50 by addressing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

THE LONGEST BEARD.

10 Feet 10½ Inches Long—Moustache 1½ Yards Long.

Jean Coulon needs a shave more badly than any other living man. If his strength lay in the length of his hair, this Frenchman would be a very Hercules. His beard measures 10 feet 10½ inches in length, while his moustache is over a yard and a half long. Of course he has taken his time to cultivate these amazing adornments, as you may gather from the fact that he is 76 years of age. He is very proud of them, and this is perhaps one reason among many why he does not permit the vulgar to gaze on his grandeur every day of the week. The inhabitants of Montlucon, in the department of Allier, where Coulon re-



sides, are very proud of him, and by way of acknowledging their appreciation, the man with the unlimited beard exhibits his luxurious growth to all and sundry who care to come and see him any Sunday. Indeed, it may be said that for him the Sabbath is scarcely a day of rest, for when not on view, he is carefully dressing his amazing appendage and moustache. During the week he rolls his beard in a sort of bag, so that he may be able to go about his occupation the more conveniently.

Fell Exhausted and Unconscious

A Frightful Case of Exhausted Nerves and Debilitated System—From a Mere Skeleton, Pale, Weak, Trembling and Almost Wild With Pain, Mrs. Edwards Was Made Strong and Well by Dr. Chase's Nerve Food.

Mrs. R. W. Edwards, 33 McMurray st., Brantford, Ont., describes her case as follows:—"For five years I have suffered more than words can tell from nervous headache, nervous dyspepsia, and exhaustion. The pains in my head would at times almost drive me crazy. I could not sleep nights, but would walk the floor in agony until I fell exhausted and unconscious and my husband would have to carry me back to bed."

"Sometimes I could take no food for four days at a time, and experienced terrible gnawing sensations in the stomach, had bad taste in the mouth and coated tongue. I was pale, nervous, irritable, easily exhausted, was reduced to a mere skeleton of skin and bone, and my heart would palpitate as though it was about to stop beating. My greatest suffering was caused by the dreadful pains in my head, neck and back, and all this was in spite of the best efforts of three leading doctors of this city."

"For the past nine months I have used Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, and for a considerable time I have not experienced a headache, or any of the symptoms mentioned above. From a mere skeleton this medicine has built me up in flesh, and weight, until now I am strong and well. Do my own housework, walk out for two hours without feeling tired, and am thoroughly restored to health. Is it any wonder that words fail to express my gratitude for this remarkable cure? You can use this testimonial for the benefit of other sufferers."

It would be impossible, we believe, to produce stronger evidence to prove the wonderful power of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food as a system builder. It contains the very essence of the most potent restoratives of nature, and is certain to be of benefit to you. 50 cents a box, 6 boxes for \$2.50; at all dealers, or Edman-son, Bates & Co., Toronto.

SUNLIGHT SOAP

One woman with Sunlight Soap will do quicker work than Two will with Impure soap. **REDUCES EXPENSE**

Ask for the Octagon Bar.
If your grocer cannot supply, write to LEVER BROTHERS LIMITED, Toronto, sending his name and address, and a trial sample of Sunlight Soap will be sent you free of cost.

THEY NEEDED THE LIGHT.

In a certain town there is a fire brigade composed wholly of volunteers. Not long ago a fire broke out in the town at midnight, and the volunteer firemen were quickly on the spot. The smoke was rising in heavy clouds out of the building, but no flame appeared, and the night was very dark. Presently a tongue of flame shot out of one corner of the building, and the crowd cheered as the man at the nozzle directed a stream of water towards it. But at this crisis the excited captain interfered. "Be careful what you're doing, man!" he shouted. "Keep the water off that blaze! Don't you see that's the only light we've got to put the fire out by?"

A TORONTO MAN.

THE MR. JARDINE REFERRED TO LIVES IN THE QUEEN CITY.

Well Known Throughout Canada as One of Canada's Commissioners to the Paris Exposition. —His Statement is a Very Valuable One and Has Been Read With Much Interest.

Toronto, March 17.—(Special)—Mr. J. G. Jardine, whose statement as to the wonderful curative and tonic properties of Dodd's Kidney Pills has been published in many of the papers, is a resident of this city. His home is at 305 Crawford street.

Mr. Jardine was chosen as one of the Canadian Commissioners to the Paris Exposition two years ago, and performed the onerous duties of that office with honor to himself and credit to his country.

It is to his experience in the French capital at this time that Mr. Jardine makes particular reference in the published statement in which he says:—

"During my stay in Paris I felt many times quite run down owing to the complete change and to the worries and work of our business there. I suffered not a little with backache, with general feeling of depression and I found Dodd's Kidney Pills invaluable.

"I had learned the value of this medicine before going to Europe as I had it very successfully for backache which I found it relieved almost instantly. So when I went to Paris I was careful to take with me some of this my favorite remedy.

"Every time I was threatened with a return of the trouble I used a few Dodd's Kidney Pills and can say they did not disappoint me. They are the best medicine I know of to tone up the system generally and they do certainly relieve backache instantly.

What Mr. Jardine has said is simply borne out by many others in this city whose experiences have been and are being published from day to day. Dodd's Kidney Pills are certainly without an equal as a medicine for those who are "tired out," "run down" or "used up."

Dodd's Kidney Pills have been endorsed most heartily by all classes.

INFECTION PROTECTION.

The odor from burning leather is considered a protection against infectious disease. During the prevalence of cholera in Vienna, years ago, no shoemaker was attacked. They prevented it by burning scraps of leather in their houses.

ROYAL MUSKOKA HOTEL.

This new modern, up-to-date hotel was opened for the reception of guests in 1901. It is situated in the centre of the finest summer resort region in America, known as the Muskoka Lakes, within easy reach of the principal points in Canada and the United States. The interior of the hotel is planned to the best advantage for comfort and convenience, special attention being given to ventilation and sanitary arrangements. Its spacious suites, with handsome bathrooms attached, are especially adapted to either large or small families. Cuisine and service are the best. Open for guests June 15th. For further particulars, descriptive matter and all information, write M. C. Dickson, District Passenger Agent, Toronto.

MOUNTAIN ACCIDENTS.

During the last ten years 249 accidents occurred in the Swiss mountains, resulting in 313 deaths. Thirty-seven of the victims were guides. It is said that of the whole number 287 deaths could have been prevented by the observation of common precautionary rules.

DID HIS BEST.

A soldier of the Black Watch, while passing a private of the Bushmen regiment, stepped heavily, and perhaps intentionally, upon the foot of the latter. Up sprang the "Bushie." "You stepped on my foot," he hissed menacingly. "Well," said the Highlander apologetically, "I did ma best tae leap over it, but a Hielan' mon is only human. I'm nae a kangaroo." A fierce battle immediately ensued.

A MOVABLE TOWER.

A novel fort has just been completed at San Paolo Island, at the entrance to the military harbor of Taranto, Italy. The fort is a large steel tower, with external armour 5ft. thick. It contains two 12-ton guns. The entire tower can be turned in any direction by hydraulic power. The tower weighs 50,000 tons and cost \$2,400,000.

A POPULAR HEALTH RESORT.

The Grand Trunk Railway System have included in the large list of summer and winter resorts which they are bringing before the public, the Sanitarium at St. Catharines, Ont., a retreat for rest and recuperation. A mineral spring from which the water flows and which is used for bathing and massage purposes at this establishment, was discovered years ago, and has been the means of attracting hundreds of the best class of people from the south to enjoy the benefits derived from bathing in it.

Considerably denser than sea water, the effects are very marked, and when heated and skillfully applied cures rheumatism, gout, sciatica, neuralgia, liver trouble, skin diseases and cases of nervous prostration. Many of the cures are simply wonderful. The waters of this spring are referred to in Encyclopaedia Britannica, Appleton's American Encyclopaedia, Hare's System of Therapeutics, etc.

It is only during the last few years that a commodious Sanitarium has been established at this point, combining rest-cure and family hotel.

Copies of a neat little booklet giving further particulars may be had by applying to M. C. Dickson, District Passenger Agent, Toronto.

The United Kingdom uses 3½ tons of coal a year per head of her population, the United States comes next with 2½ tons. Germany uses a little over 1½ tons per head.

A HANDSOME MENU CARD.

It is a noticeable fact that the dining car department of the Grand Trunk Railway System is second to none on the American Continent, and new improvements and modern innovations are continually being made. The Cafe-Parlor cars which have been running on nearly all of the divisions of this great System are a constant source of praise from the travelling public. The company has recently altered the style of the menu cards used on all of the dining cars and cafe-parlor cars, and have gotten up a very handsome and neat bill of fare that appeals to the artistic sense. The stock used is what is known as Old English Ruskin Bristol of fine texture, and mist grey in color. The Grand Trunk trade mark in black appears at the top left-hand corner surrounded by a neat combination of scroll work of Italian renaissance design, printed in gold and embossed in high relief. The name of the meal is also embossed in high relief, and the tout ensemble is a pleasing and artistic combination. The wine lists have the same design at top, and are printed on the same quality of card, but an olive color for distinction.

In 15 years there have been 12 gales in May in England. The windiest month is not March, which has had 117 gales in that period, but January, with 171.

Mirard's Liniment Lumberman's Friend

WHICH ONE?

President Schwab, of the U.S. Steel Trust, once said that he could not help knowing that he was a great man. The fact was brought home to him in a little town not far from Pittsburgh. "I had my colored driver, Bob, sitting beside me," Mr. Schwab said, "and was driving through the town. A woman and a little girl, evidently her daughter, were watching us. That's Mr. Schwab," I could not avoid hearing the mother say, "Which one?" asked the child."

SHE KNEW HER FATHER.

A teacher was trying to convey to a six-year-old pupil some conception of beauty considered in the abstract, and its power to move the human heart, but the little girl was slow to grasp the idea.

"Suppose, Nellie," said the teacher "your mamma should fill a vase with lovely flowers and place them in the center of the dining-table. What would your papa say when he first saw them, on sitting down to eat?"

"He'd say, 'What are those weeds doing here?'" promptly replied Nellie.

Lawyer—"When I was a boy my highest ambition was to be a pirate." Client—"You're in luck. It isn't every man who can realize the dreams of his youth."

SALADA

Ceylon Tea is the finest Tea the world produces, and is sold only in lead packets. Black, Mixed and Green.

Japan tea drinkers try "Salada" Green tea.

A LONG SILENCE.

A woman named Marie Eska has just died at Spring Valley, in the State of New York, who for thirty years lived with her husband without exchanging a single word with him. This long silence was the result of a vow voluntarily taken.

A DOZEN FAST EXPRESS TRAINS EVERY DAY.

This is a large number of fast trains each way between Buffalo and New York, and they are all splendid trains. The Empire State Express is one of them, (daily except Sunday) and is the most popular train in the country. Ask your ticket agent for tickets by the New York Central if you wish to travel in comfort.

Fare same as by other lines except by Empire State Express.

There are five rivers in the world which drain over a million square miles. They are the Amazon, La Plata, Obi, Congo, and Mississippi.

ATLANTIC PULP AND PAPER COMPANY, LIMITED.

The prospectus of the recently organized Atlantic Pulp and Paper Company, Limited, is being sent out this week by the brokers, Messrs. Sutherland & Cameron, Ottawa. The capital stock of the company is \$3,000,000, and its property is situated on the little Cascapedia River, at New Richmond, on the north of the Baie des Chaleurs. Prospectuses and application forms may be had from any office of the National Trust Company, Limited, Toronto or Montreal, or from Sutherland & Cameron, brokers, Ottawa, Canada.

Markley—"No; I don't like Borrowings." Parkley—"Why, I understood you to say you thought a great deal of him." Markley—"No; I merely think of him a great deal. He owes me money."

Stops the Cough and works off the Cold. Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, No Pay. Price 25 cents.

Herrings hardly ever exceed fifteen inches in length.

Messrs. C. C. Richards & Co. Gentlemen,—After suffering for seven years with inflammatory rheumatism, so bad that I was eleven months confined to my room, and for two years could not dress myself without help. Your agent gave me a bottle of MINARD'S LINIMENT in May, '97, and asked me to try it, which I did, and was so well pleased with the results I procured more. Five bottles completely cured me and I have had no return of the pain for eighteen months.

The above facts are well-known to everybody in this village and neighborhood.

Yours gratefully, A. DAIRT. St. Timothee, Que., May 16th, 1899.

Croquet balls are made of beech or Turkey boxwood.

Deafness Cannot be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed, you have a running ear, or it impedes hearing, and when it is entirely closed deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; also cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surface.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that can not be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Permanente of potash injected under the skin is the best cure for the bite of the common adder.

Mirard's Liniment Is used by Physicians

If you drink Japan tea try a packet of Blue Ribbon Ceylon Green which is fast displacing it.

Put up Black Mixed & Ceylon Green

MAPLE SYRUP

We are handling large quantities. We can handle yours to advantage.

The Dawson Commission Co., Limited, Toronto.

Consignments of Butter, Eggs, Apples and other Produce Solicited.

Well Painted.



When a house is well painted it attracts attention. To be well painted it must be done with good paints. Get the best that can be had, don't pay an exorbitant price, but pay a fair price.

RAMSAY'S PAINTS

Are sold by all dealers at fair prices, and you get all that can be put into the best paints that can be made, by the oldest paint house in Canada. It's the best to cover, best to wear, preserves and beautifies, ready for use. Drop a card and ask for our BOOKLET "K" FREE, showing cuts of beautiful homes.

A. RAMSAY & SON, Estab. 1842. MONTREAL Paint Makers

Non-Sulphurous.

Odorless.

Every Stick—A Match

Every Match—A Lighter

Every-body ask for..... **Eddy's "Headlight" Parlour Matches**

The finest matches in the world, made from soft corky pine, and especially suitable for domestic use—put up in neat sliding boxes, assorted colors each box containing about 500 matches—three boxes in a package.

For Sale by All First Class Dealers.

BOYS BRIGADE

Bugle Band

Instruments, Bugles, Flies, Drums, Caps, etc.

EVERY TOWN OR SCHOOL

Can have a Flute and Drum or Bugle Band.

Lowest prices ever quoted. Illustrated price-list mailed free. Write us for ANYTHING in MUSIC or MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

WHALEY, ROYCE & CO., Limited

Winnipeg, Man. Toronto, Canada

CLEANING LADIES'...

Can be done perfectly by our French Process. Try it.

BRITISH AMERICAN DYING CO.

MONTREAL, TORONTO, OTTAWA & QUEBEC

CAN YOU TOUCH IT?

If so you can cure it with Glaxo. It is our most potent salve and heals the most delicate tissues. Positively unequalled for disease or injury affecting skin or membrane. Try it for Inflamed Eyes, Catarrh, Chaffing Sores or any sore you can touch.

25c. Druggists, or Glaxo Co., Toronto. Money refunded if not satisfactory.

TO PRINTERS

FOR SALE.—Two 2-revolution Campbell Presses, bed 40x60 inches. Splendid order. Price \$1,000 each. Terms easy.

S. FRANK WILSON,

73 West Adelaide St., Toronto

Dominion Line Steamships

Montreal to Liverpool. Boston to Liverpool. Portland to Liverpool. Via Queens-town.

Large and Fast Steamships. Superior accommodation for all classes of passengers. Saloons and Restaurants are superb. Special attention has been given to the Second Saloon and Third-Class accommodation. For rates of passage and all particulars, apply to any agent of the Company, or

Richards, Mills & Co. D. Torrance & Co.

77 State St. Boston. Montreal and Portland.

WOOD & PHOTO ENGRAVING

J. L. JONES ENG. CO.

168-BAY STREET.—TORONTO

THE CANADA PERMANENT

and WESTERN CANADA

MORTGAGE CORPORATION

Invites investors of large or small amounts to investigate its

Four Per Cent. Debentures

with half-yearly interest coupons attached. They are issued for fixed terms of not less than one year and are secured by assets amounting to

\$23,000,000.

OFFICES, TORONTO STREET, Toronto.



Page Metal Ornamental Fence. We now make ornamental, very strong and surprisingly cheap. It is just what is wanted for door yards, division fences in town lots, grave yards, orchards, etc. It is 20 cts. PER RUNNING FOOT. Painted and retails at only 25 cts. Just think of it. Let us send you full particulars. We also make farm fences, poultry netting, nails and staples. The Page Wire Fence Co., Limited, Walkerville, Ont.

The Watchman AND OTTAWA VALLEY ADVOCATE

FRIDAY, MAY 2 1902.

The WATCHMAN will be published every Friday.

J. S. GILES, Proprietor.

The WATCHMAN will be mailed to subscribers in Canada and the United States for \$1.00 in advance, or \$1.50 at the end of the year.

Notices of Births, Marriages and Deaths inserted free.

All transient advertising matter charged 10c. per line, nonpareil measurement.

Locals, constituting 5 lines or less, 25 cents each per insertion.

Address all communications to
The WATCHMAN,
LACHUTE - - - QUE.

THE FUTURE OF THE WEST.

Probably never before in its history has there been so much trading in the stock of the Canadian Pacific Railway as during the past week or ten days. The steady rise in this stock has been marked by one peculiarity to close observers, and that is, that the increase in price has in most instances been the result of trading on the English market.

This is due, no doubt, to a large extent to the very large crops which the great West of Canada has turned out during past few years, but there is another reason which has played an important part. Since the beginning of the war in South Africa Canada and Canadian affairs have attracted much attention from all classes in the Mother Country. It is just dawning upon the English people that in the enormous wheat-growing acres of Manitoba and the North-West Territories, Canada has the promise of a great and important future.

During the past eighteen months the immigration of bona fide settlers into our North-West has been unprecedented. Stories have gone to England of the wave of immigration which we are now getting from the Western States of the Republic to the south. The peopling of that western country with experienced farmers from the Western States is evidently recognized among English investors as the beginning of an immigration boom for which Canada has been waiting for many long years. The future of the C.P.R. is so bound up in the progress and development of our Western wheat fields that a rise in the price of C.P.R. stock on the London market is an indication that the English investor is beginning to have faith in the future prosperity of Canada.

It is difficult to estimate what two or three grain crops like those of last year and the year previous will mean for the Dominion. One thing is certain, that if the tide keeps on coming as it has been during the past eighteen months, in a few years the population of our great West will have almost doubled. That means an enormous increase in our output of grain for export, and a corresponding increase in the wealth and prosperity of the country.

WEDDING BELLS.

On Wednesday afternoon, at the home of the bride's parents, Miss Gertrude M. Joss was united in marriage to Mr. S. Mitchell by Rev. W. H. Raney. The bride

was prettily dressed in her traveling suit of grey, and carried a choice bouquet of flowers, being attended by Miss Murray, while Mr. Geo. Joss acted as best man. The grooms present to the bridesmaid was a pretty turquoise ring. Among the many wedding presents received was a handsome silver cake basket from the ladies of the Lachute Hockey Club.

AWARDS OF MERIT.

We are pleased to notice that at the Annual Meeting of the Good Samaritan Hospital, Montreal on Friday April 26th, Nurse Bertha Halam, Wauless, and Nurse Mary Younger received their diplomas from Mr. Farquhar Robertson [the chairman of the meeting] who complimented them on their industry and painstaking. They were likewise each presented by Mrs. Liddell with a beautiful silver badge in the form of a shield with a centred enamel cross, and the words Samaritan Hospital engraved above and below. At a graduating class of Nurses of the Montreal General Hospital, on Monday last we also notice Miss Barron received her diploma accompanied by a handsome gold medal with her name embossed upon it.

CUSHING

The parlor social held at the residence of Mr. Frank Fuller on Friday evening last, fulfilled entirely the expectation of everyone, being a very pleasant and successful affair. The people of Cushing, Stonefield, Chabro and St. Philippe, turned out in goodly numbers and the attendance was very acceptably augmented by a party from St. Andrews and one from Hawkesbury, who assisted very materially in making the evening a pleasant one. The singing of Miss H. Johnston of Hawkesbury and a recitation by Miss Sherman of the same place were very much enjoyed. Miss Wales of St. Andrews, Miss E. Davidson of St. Philippe, and Miss Ewing of Hawkesbury gave some nice selections on the piano. Miss Conway of Stonefield performed on the violin in her usual charming style. Little Miss Aggie Gunn and her sweet little songs must not be forgotten, and mention must also be made of the excel-

lent supper prepared and served by the ladies for the refreshment of the inner man and woman.

Navigation on the Ottawa opened for the season at Midnight on Sunday, and traffic has been brisk up and down the old river so far.

The C. & G. trains made their first trip over the road on Saturday.

Miss Beatrice Robert of St. Philippe was the guest of Miss Whelan on Saturday and Sunday.

T. Weir and Sons are engaged on the Government works at Carleton with their steam tug the "Maggie May."

MILLE ISLE.

Mr. Dunbar preached his farewell on Sunday, and the Misses Carley and McClarhey will resume the work.

Mr. Fred Jordan of Belleville returned on Thursday to again take charge of Monaloe No 16.

We regret to chronicle the death of Mrs. Wm. Riddell. Deceased, who has been ill for some time was much esteemed by a large circle of friends who will regret to hear of her demise. The bereaved have the sympathy of the entire community.

SUPERIOR COURT. CANADA.

District of Terrebonne, } No. 403
Ste. Scholastique.

Ex Parte.—EDOUARD MARCHAND, Secretary-Treasurer of the Town of St. Jerome in the said district, requesting the nomination of a curator to the vacant succession of Charles Edmond Tardif de Montigny, late prothonotary of the Superior Court of the said district of Terrebonne.

Seeing the said petition, it is hereby ordered to the relations and creditors of the said Charles Edmond Tardif de Montigny, to appear before me, the Honorable Henri T. Taschereau, one of the judges of the said superior court for the Province of Quebec, in the district of Terrebonne at the Court House, in the village of Ste. Scholastique, in the said district, on Saturday, the 3rd of May next at ten o'clock in the forenoon to give their advice as to the nomination of a curator to the said vacant succession; and that the present order be published twice in French in "La Nation" newspaper published in the town of St. Jerome, and twice in English in the "Watchman" English paper published in Lachute in the said district. Ste. Scholastique, 8th April, 1902.

(Signed) Henri T. Taschereau, J.S.C.
True copy:—Ch. Ed. Marchand,
Solicitor for petitioner.

NEW DEPARTURE Bargain Counter on 2nd Floor.

Seeds. | SPRING | Seeds.
1902.
JUST RECEIVED

Timothy Seed; Long Red Vermont, Red Western and Alsike
Clover Seed; Bromo Grass, and Tares.
Flower, Garden and Vegetable Seeds.

We are to-day offering a Cut Price in Flour and Feed.

A SPECIAL DRIVE

In Carpets, Carpet Felt, Floor Oilcloth, Wall Paper,
Alabastine, Mixed Paints, Floor Paints, Pure White Lead,

At J. R. McQuat's

The largest assortment of Cereal Foods in town.

Flaked Wheat
Flaked Barley
Rolled Oats
Oatmeal



Grape nuts
Force
Swiss Food
Postum

Malt Breakfast Food

B. HUGMAN & SON.

Groceries, Hardware, Paints, Crockery,
Enamelled Ware Saucepans at half price.

PINE APPLES
PEARS
PEACHES
LE APPLES

Our Soda Fountain will be in operation next week.

CANADIAN PACIFIC
COLONIST SPECIAL TRAINS
TO THE
CANADIAN NORTHWEST
For settlers and their effects will leave Carleton Jct. at 9 p.m. every Tuesday during
MARCH and APRIL
should sufficient business offer. A Colonist Sleeper will be attached to each train.
The object of these special trains is to enable colonists to travel with their effects and stock etc., have good accommodation and make quick time. Ask any Canadian Pacific Railway Agent for a "SETTLERS' GUIDE," which will tell passenger and freight rates, times of trains, Government and railway land regulations and how to procure.
A FREE FARM.

SUPERIOR COURT.
CANADA.
PROVINCE OF QUEBEC } 394
DISTRICT OF TERREBONNE
Donald Alexander Campbell of Copper Cliff, County of Nipissing, Province of Ontario, Miner. Plaintiff.
vs.
Mary McRae, widow of the late Alexander Campbell, formerly of the Township of Harrington, said District, and now residing in the United States of America. Defendant.
The Defendant is ordered to appear within one month.
Ste. Scholastique 16 April 1901.
Grignon & Fortier,
Prothonotary S. C.

Children's for
CASTORIA.

CORSETS.
Our stock of the
—CROMPTON'S—
Celebrated Corsets and Waists is now complete.
We have a nice range of the Latest style in French Girdles, in white, blue, and pink fancy silks
LA REINE
Corsets, erect form - from 50c.
Summer Corsets, erect form " 50c.
We had a large sale for these lines last year; they gave good satisfaction, and we expect to double the sales this year.
Children's, Misses', and Ladies'
Waists from - - - 30c.
HUGH FRASER, Jr.
LACHUTE.

900 DROPS
CASTORIA
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS & CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr. SAMUEL FLETCHER
Pumpkin Seed -
Aloe Senna -
Rhubarb Sals -
Aster Seed -
Peppermint -
St. Catharine Sals -
Warm Seed -
Clarified Sugar -
Whiskey Flavor -
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and Loss of Sleep.
Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DROPS - 35 CENTS
EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

SEE
THAT THE
FAC-SIMILE
SIGNATURE
—OF—
Chas. H. Fletcher.
IS ON THE
WRAPPER
OF EVERY
BOTTLE OF
CASTORIA
Castoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It is not sold in bulk. Don't allow anyone to sell you anything else on the plea or promise that it is "just as good" and "will answer every purpose." See that you get C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A.
The fac-simile signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* is on every wrapper.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The fac-simile signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* is on every wrapper.

THE PRE-EMINENCE OF CHARITY.

SYNOPSIS OF SERMON BY THE REV.
J. R. CRESWELL, TO THE I.O. ODD-
FELLOWS ON SUNDAY LAST.

And now abideth Faith, Hope, Charity, these three: but the greatest of these is Charity. I Cor. XIII. 13.

Some passages of Scripture are liable to misunderstanding, on account of the change of meaning which some English words have undergone in the course of time.

Our text is a striking instance. Charity is a word now limited in meaning to kindness shown to the poor. By a charitable man we usually mean one who gives liberally of his substance to feed the hungry, to clothe the naked, to instruct the ignorant, to supply the need of the destitute. But that application of the word does not exhaust its meaning as used by Paul. He supposes the possible case of a man very charitable in one sense of the term, yet lacking the true grace of charity. "Though I give all my goods to feed the poor, and though I give my body to be burned, and have not charity, it profiteth me nothing."

What do we understand by charity? It is an old word for love, that inner fountain, of which charity is only one of many streams. It is that which is the very essence of the Divine Being, for "God is Love." I need not tell you what it is, whom Love weaned into the world, Love is associated with the first face our dawning faculties recognized, with the first name our infant lips began to lip, and with the deep pure affection of one who folded us to her happy bosom, forgetting all the world in the helpless creature cast upon her care. Love is the strongest factor in our nature; it bridges distance, defies time, triumphs over impassable barriers, and illuminates with golden light the most prosaic circumstances and commonplace people. We cannot explain it. We only know when it takes possession of us it illuminates self, and makes another's interests the centre of thought and effort of life. To love, more than to anything else, this world owes its highest blessedness. It shines in life's darkest nights like stars in a wintry sky. Without it, life would scarcely be worth living; without it, though living in a palace, you could not have a home.

Bible story is full of beautiful examples of this strongest and truest passion. But there is one whose glory far transcends all other illustrations of love, as the blazing light of day swallows up all the stars. You have already in your thought anticipated it. Love, perfect, divine hangs on Calvary's Cross; reveals itself in the gaping wounds and dying agonies of the Son of God; and speaks to us in Him, who looking with pity on His bloodthirsty murderers, cries "Father forgive them for they know not what they do."

Let us look at a few features of the graces of charity or love. It is a power universal in its influence. In the natural world we find the law of gravitation working everywhere and affecting everything. Of all agencies in nature it alone extends its empire from the centre to circumference of creation. Now such a place as that Love holds in the kingdom of grace. It is the ruling principle which should govern all our relationships to God and man. The two commandments from which all duties spring, are brought into the compass of a single, simple word, Love. It is this that makes a happy life. With love a home is heaven, without it, hell. With love obedience is liberty, without it, slavery. As if by some power we could be transported to some distant starry sphere, we should still find gravitation working so we shall find, on rising from earth to heaven, that we have but ascended to a sphere of purer and sublimer love.

"Love is the golden chain which binds
The happy souls above,
And he's an heir of heaven who finds
His bosom glow with love."

What will parents not bear from their children and believe and hope of them. The mother of Saint Augustin prayed 20 long years for his conversion, and it is the hope born of love which sustains the arms of all praying mothers and fathers. You cannot quench the hopes born of love. From the experience of everyday life I could bring before you many examples of the might of love. If such cases of natural affection appeal to us, how will not the thought of the Divine Love confirm God's people in their confidence that He will never leave nor forsake them. It is by this mighty love of God, as seen in the face of the dying

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TWO STORES

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Son of God, that He melts stubborn hearts and subdues stubborn wills. So must we trust to the power of love if would reclaim the wand ring and save the lost. The voice harsh with severity the eye fierce with anger but never moist with tears, will never make the wicked good, or the good, better. Men cannot be scolded or frightened into the love of goodness. We are to hate their sins but love the sinners. Oh! for more gentle compassionate, Christ-like love, which is more ready to praise and pity than to criticize and blame; which seeks not her own; which touches the wounded spirit with a tender hand; which converts a multitude of sins; which speaks as Christ. "Neither do I condemn thee; go and sin no more."

Love is the supreme test of the church and of the individual. Every church claim to be the true one and the true representative of Christ upon earth, but the chief mark and characteristic of the true church is love. In the middle ages faith was the chief test. Uniformity of belief was sought after. And it is still, "What do you believe," rather than "how much do you love." In these a man is permitted to be covetous, grinding, tyrannical in temper, uncharitable and slanderous in speech, without losing his position or prestige in the church, so long as he assents to the clauses of an orthodox creed. But with Christ, love is all-important. It is not the theology in your head, but the love in your heart which makes you a Christian. A man may have a very poor creed, but if he has love to Christ and love to men, he has that which will stand the test of the crashing of worlds, the time when every man's work shall be tried by fire; he has that which will abide for ever.

The great day is coming when all institutions, and organizations, social, political, fraternal, ecclesiastical, shall be put to the test, and in so far as all these have been founded upon and denominated by the spirit of Love, their work will abide; but lacking love, they will crumble away. Love never faileth. She is crowned queen of all the graces, because she will endure for ever.

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(One farm of 100 acres with good house and farm buildings, sugar bush, orchard and quantity of lumber. The other two about 175 acres, with large quantity of mixed lumber, close to saw mill. Terms will be made to suit purchaser. Apply

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ST. ANDREWS.

Dr. Maude Abbott spent the early part of this week at "River View."

Miss Blackburn of Montreal has rented Miss Abbott's house on Main St. for the summer. The house was formerly occupied by Dr. Shaw, who has removed to the house of Herbert Simpson.

Miss Barr of New York is the guest of Mrs. John McGregor this week.

The first boat of the season is expected here on 3rd inst.

The Ladies of the Episcopalian church have been improving the chancel this week, renovating the carpets etc.

Mrs. Reeves is spending a few weeks with her sister, Mrs. de Boucherville of Ottawa.

We now hear that R. W. Barclay has bought the Baptist church and intends utilizing it for an office and show room for McCormick Machinery and cream separators.

MOUNT MAPLE

The seeding in this section is pretty well on; another week will about complete it.

Our cheese factory opens next week for the coming season with Mr. V. Morrison as manager.

Quite a number of people from here attended the service over in Ogdensburg last Sunday.

Miss Ettie Stewart left for Montreal on Tuesday after visiting her parents here.

Miss Annie Forbes attended her sister's wedding in Lachute last week returning on Thursday.

Mr. Jas. McKenzie Sr., met with a very serious accident a couple of weeks ago by getting his leg badly fractured, and at present is recovering slowly.

Mrs. Jasin Stewart has almost recovered from her recent illness. A few of the young people being entertained by her on Friday evening.

SUPERIOR COURT

Canada
Province of Quebec } No. 443
District of Terrebonne.

JOSEPH SEALE, of the township of Morin, in the district of Terrebonne farmer.

Plaintiff.

vs.

JOHN McLAUGHLIN, of Massena State of New York, in the United States of America.

Defendant.

The Defendant is ordered to appear in the month.

Grignon & Fortier,

Prothonotary S. C.

St. Scholastique, April 26, 1902.

Children Cry for
CASTORIA.

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The Strike At Little's.

There was a bad strike up at Little's, and the locked-out iron workers were desperately resolute. Just as determined were the masters, Messrs. Little & Son. Black as the faces of the men were wont to be with the grime of toil, now they were blacker still with the passion of hatred for the two rich men who were as obstinate as themselves and stronger.

The strike fund was gone; credit there was none. Every man's family were hungry, hollow-cheeked and hoarse. Every day fresh families were thrust from their homes into the streets, snow-clad or frost-bound, or sodden with rain—thrust out bodily, scant goods and all. Little & Son were behind the landlords; Little & Son were wealthy, and knew the power of gold. Every day the men gathered together, five hundred of them, and vowed that day should end the strike, for Little & Son should give in; but noon came, dragged on to evening, evening to night, and still the strike went on, and the men slouched to their homes, whatever kind of places they were, growling threats against Little & Son such as might have turned white the full red wine Little & Son drank at their dinner.

Of all the desperate strikers perhaps the most desperate was James Cassell. There was more than his own hunger to think about—there was his wife and child. Other of Little's men had wives and children—in fact, most of them had—but to none of them was their family's hunger the same as in Cassell's case, for no man in the town of Grimly loved his wife and child as he loved his.

Cassell was big and brawny, with a heart full of tenderness. He wore a beard which grew up almost to his blue eyes, but which was not so thick that one could not see his firm-set mouth when he smiled.

Morning after morning Cassell left his home, his wife, and boy, to see how the strike was going; night after night he went back with no news to tell, no food to give, no money to spend, with his waist-strap pulled a hole tighter and a darker look than ever on his face.

One night he did not return until very much later than usual, and Mary Cassell was growing very anxious for him, for in such grim times no one knew what might happen next, when he pushed the door open and entered. He kissed her as he had not done since the early days of the strike, with almost boyish excitement, and glanced joyfully in the corner of the dingy room, where little Jimmy, sleeping, lay. Then he began to empty his pockets of things that filled his Mary with speechless wonderment. There were butter and cheese, tea and a knuckle of bacon, and sugar and rice.

"I've sold meself," he said, solemnly regarding the provisions, "an' I don't know who's got the best of the business—them or me."

Mary sprang up and seized his big arm. "Sold yerself for them!" she exclaimed. "An' what are yer goin' to do?"

"There's no tellin'," he muttered. "I'm goin' out again."

"Jim, what d'yer mean? If the lock-outs 'ave bought yer, I know we'll rue the day; and if Little's 'ave bought yer, I'm almost a widdy woman now. Take 'em back. Jim; take 'em back where they come. I'd rather starve to death than die of sorrow on your grave, or 'ave a prison wall between my man and me!"

"Ow yer talk, Mary!" he replied, with an effort to command a reassuring manner, "there's no prison nor grave in this job, so far as I know, but there's food."

"I couldn't touch a morsel," she said, looking at the bacon with hungry eyes, "if I thought it was paid for you, my man."

"You eat the food my wages bought, an' the wages was paid for me," he argued. "Danger there ain't none, that I can see."

"Tell me who gave yer the money?" she asked, looking him straight in the eyes.

"No."

"Tell me!"

"No, Mary no. See what it's bought, an' take my word for it nothin's wrong."

He had not been gone again full twenty minutes when a knock fell on the door. Before Mary could get to it the door opened and a man looked in.

"The man 'ere?" he inquired, looking round the room, and his pale face darkening as his eyes fell on the provisions on the table.

"No," said Mary shortly. She was not pleased to see Sam Stains, for at one time he was a suitor for her hand, and he and Cassell were bitter rivals.

"Back soon?" he asked, as if it really did not matter.

"I expect 'e will."

Stains withdrew and closed the door, and she heard him muttering outside. This made her uneasy because of the look that had sprung into the man's face when he had seen the food upon the table, and because of what her husband had said regarding the way he had obtained it. Had he sold himself to Little's as a spy on the men's designs, and did the men suspect it? It seemed possible. Mary understood that her husband

would not consider such conduct traitorous; he would argue in his simple-minded way that his first duty was to provide for his wife and child, and if he could do so by warning the Little's of any illegal plots and plans that the strikers were hatching, there was nothing on earth, no duty to his fellow-strikers, no loyalty worthy of the name to make him hesitate. But he would be running through the direst peril. If the men only half believed he was Little's spy his life would not be worth a fair day's wages, for the men were in a desperate mood, as men must be to scheme the plots the men were scheming in hope of bringing Little's to their knees. And it seemed to Mary Cassell that there was something ominously significant in the fact that Stains had been the one out of five hundred odd who had called to know if her husband was in. Had Stains been following her husband?

Had he waited outside, lurking in some shadow, on the chance of discovering something more than what-ever he had learnt; and had he watched Cassell leave the house again, and thought it a fair chance to see what evidence of Cassell's perfidy might be visible there? The idea fitted in with her knowledge of the man, whereas the notion that he had actually called to speak with her husband did not. The two were rivals still; starvation's bond had bound them in no sympathy, and Stains's steely eyes still gleamed when they fell upon the face of the woman he would have wed.

"There's ill a-growin'," was Mary's final conclusion, "an' Sam is at the 'andle end of it. What'll I do?"

She glanced hungrily at the knuckle of bacon again, and winced.

"Is that the price of my man?" she muttered. "Is that, and them?" nodding at the other packages—"to tempt my man to lay 'imself out? Not if my name is Mary, an' my wits is as good as they was."

She snatched up her shawl and pinned it over her head and shoulders. She blew out the candle and went away, locking the door behind her.

It was a rather hopeless mission, hers; she wanted to know the truth, and was going to Little's great house to learn it. Would the rich employers ever consent to see the poor striker's rag-clad wife? She thought they would, for she intended sending in a message to say the matter was most urgent and concerned James Cassell, and she calculated that, if her husband were the Little's spy, they would be too interested by her message not to receive her.

Her natural logic stood her in good stead. The only difficulty she encountered was in getting the footman who opened the door to take her message in.

She was too much wrapped up in her mission to feel embarrassed at standing amid such light and warmth and color before the two grave gentlemen. She plunged straight into what she had to say, and as she spoke the grave expression faded from the faces of her hearers.

"It's true your husband has been here, Mrs. Cassell," said the white-haired Mr. Little, glancing at the son; "but he did not come to report to us the plots of the strikers, that is done by the police, and that, I may say, alone has been the reason for our holding out against the men's terms; but we could not concede a point while the men threatened, and if any of the more serious threats had been carried out—the West-mill blown up, for instance—we should have shut down, never to open again. Cassell knows this. The police reported a week ago that the men had ceased to use threats against us. We were anxious to learn if this report were reliable, and sent for the striker whom we thought could and would tell us the truth, for we were only waiting for the threats to cease to take the men back on the old terms, or for some threat to be carried out for us to shut down. We sent for your husband and explained the matter to him."

"Rather unwisely," interposed the younger gentleman.

"I do not think so. Your husband fully corroborated the police report, and in consequence the foundry will be re-opened to-morrow. Your husband was anxious to convey the news to the men—extraordinarily anxious, and, as I did not wish that, I gave him money to keep silent. That is all, my good woman. You have no reason to think he has betrayed his fellow-strikers, or to fear that even if he had he would be in danger of violence from them. Violence has gone no farther than it could go in words, and even that has ceased."

"I have explained all this to you," the old gentleman concluded, "as I want it to become generally known after to-morrow while we have held out against the men's demands while admitting they were reasonable when trade was brisk, as it has since become—I want it known that we could not give way simply because the men threatened us with divers perils unless we did. But until to-morrow you and your husband will keep the matter secret."

"We will, sir," said Mary breathlessly. "I am only the wife of one of the strikers, but I say Heaven bless you, gentlemen, for giving in."

"You can call it that, if you like," said Mr. Little, smiling.

Mary's heart was battled for by happiness and fear as she left the ironfounders' house and made her way to the town. The prospect was delightful, but the situation full of

perils menacing that prospect. If the night passed as the other nights had done, without any violent acts on the part of the strikers, and Little & Son remained in their belief that the strikers had ceased to threaten them, the lock-out would be raised at noon. But for the last few days the men had been threatening less in words but more in looks and gestures, which was significant; and there was, Mary felt assured some desperate plot afoot. If that plot were fixed for execution that night, and carried out, the very worst would come of it. And what had the men to deter them? If the men knew what she and her husband knew the situation would be safe. But they did not! Was it not her duty to tell them, bind them not to betray that she had done so, and so arrest them in any evil designs they had conceived? She felt it was. But how was she to hunt up five hundred loafing men, or pick up just those who might happen to have been appointed to execute some threat that night?

She quickened her steps and made in the direction of the foundry, whose gaunt smokestacks stretched up like appealing arms into the starry sky. She thought it probable she would find some of the strikers loitering around the foundry walls; the hour was late, but many of the strikers, having no homes, might still be loitering outside the foundry's bolted gates.

She reached the gates but found no one there; the square before the gates was deserted. Wondering what she could do, she looked up at the factory, and as she looked something like a small cloud passed across the sky. It was followed by another and a train of others, they seemed to rise from behind the West-mill stack, drifting away.

"Oh," she gasped. She could hardly contain the pleasure the sight gave her. The West-mill fires were being kindled. It was many weeks since she saw the smoke that had meant bread and meat to her and hers.

But who could be kindling the fires? She could only think of one man, and he was her husband. To him Little & Son had confided their secret intention to re-open the works next day, and he would naturally be the man they would appoint to light the fires.

Mary tried the gates but they were locked, barred and bolted, as they had been for weeks past.

Supposing—! A terrible thought sprang into her mind. Supposing the oft-repeated threat to blow up the West-mill were to be carried out that night? Her husband, the man who ruled her life, the father of her bonnie brown-haired boy—

Stains had called that evening. What had he called to learn?

Supposing Stains had been appointed, or had resolved of his own choice, to carry out the awful threat that night—had by some strange chance heard that her husband would be in the mill?

She turned a sharp corner, and started back to avoid a man who was springing to the ground from a low part of the wall. As he set off at a hard, noiseless run she recognized him, and she felt full sure her awful fear was shadowed by the truth, for the man was none other than Sam Stains.

"Stop!" she cried, when she had thrown off her amazement to some extent. But the man was already lost to her sight.

It was useless to run after him, she could never catch him; and even if she could his capture would not save the situation if it were what she feared.

Without allowing herself longer to wonder, she began to attempt to scale the wall. On her third attempt she got her hands on the ledge, her foot in a chink, and was able to draw herself up. It was an ugly drop on the other side, for the ladder which Stains had apparently used had been dropped back to the ground; but she did not hesitate. As her feet touched the ground her right ankle gave way, and with a moan of pain she fell in a heap.

For a moment or two the pain of the sprain blinded her and made her forget what she might have to do. Then she raised herself and looked across the yard towards the West-mill. What she saw chilled the marrow in her bones. It was a small light, the size of a pea, perhaps, but in the deep shadow of the West-mill it was clearly visible to her. And it sputtered.

She tried to rise on her feet, but sank on her knees and began to crawl towards the burning fuse. It was a race between the fuse and herself. Would she win? Yard by yard she drew nearer to it. She grew faint and sick with pain, fear, and excitement.

"I can't do it," she groaned. "It's going."

As she said it she saw a figure suddenly dart out of a back doorway. The next instant the fuse spluttered vividly, as if it had been dashed to the ground and stamped upon.

"Jim!" she cried, "Jim!"

"Mary!" said the voice of her husband, in great surprise, "what are you doin' 'ere?"

"I was after that," she panted, as she fainted.

Little's opened at noon next day, and all the strikers returned to work except one. Sam Stains was absent. To this day Little & Son do not know why.—London Tit-Bits.

Cumulus or thunder-cloud rarely rises over two miles. Seven miles is the outside height for any cloud.



APPLYING BARNYARD MANURE.

As a general rule, barnyard manure is best applied as soon as it is available. Some farmers will not agree with this, but most of those who have tried it know that if the manure is applied to the land, there will be less waste than if held in piles until a more convenient season. Of course, if the manure is well taken care of in the barnyard or under a shed, there is not much loss. The difficulty comes, however, in giving it the proper care to prevent fire-fanging and loss of nitrogen, the most valuable element.

As a general proposition then, distribute the manure as it comes from the barn or feed lot. In winter time spread it over plowed fields when the ground is frozen and over meadows and pastures when the fields are not too soft to hold up a wagon or team. Do not place in piles, as is the common practice in many localities. There can be no possible advantage from this. The soluble elements are washed down into the soil, small patches over the field have an oversupply, while others are lacking in fertility. Distribute the manure evenly over the ground. It will be taken up and held by the soil until needed as plant food.

There are circumstances under which it is preferable to hold the manure for some time before putting on the ground. For example, where a large amount of coarse material is used for bedding. In this case it should be placed in heaps and worked over frequently until the whole

MASS IS WELL ROTTED.

The best way to do this is to put it under a shed where rains cannot reach it. Fork it over frequently, or what is still better, allow hogs to root it over. If it becomes dry wet it down. If kept in this condition for several months it will then be ready for application.

Arrange so that the manure can be taken out of the barn and deposited in this shed without much work. This can be accomplished by the proper arrangement of tracks and traveling boxes. Of course this method of treatment requires more work than hauling direct to the field, but under some circumstances it will pay.

Then, too, there are periods, notably during the growing season, when it is not possible to distribute the manure, as the fields are occupied with growing crops. In this case it should be heaped up and given proper attention until such a time as it can be spread on the land.

Where cattle or sheep are kept in a feed lot during the winter, the manure is seldom in condition for spreading in time for the spring crops. If a great deal of bedding has been used, this will not be sufficiently rotted. It is the general rule to allow this manure to remain untouched until after the harvest, when it is spread during the comparatively leisurely interval between harvest time and the opening of

THE FALL WORK SEASON.

The manure can then be applied to the stubble fields and plowed under at once. It is also desirable to spread manure on worn-out meadows and pastures which need renewing. This is especially true where hay has been fed. The seed in the manure will take root and result in a thickening of the sod.

Nothing is better or more economical for distributing manure than the modern manure spreader. It will take care of any kind of fertilizer, whether fine or coarse, and will put it on the ground evenly. The results are much better than is distributed by hand, as perfect uniformity of distribution is not possible without the employment of a spreader. The work can not only be done better but can be done much more quickly. The machine will last a lifetime if it is well taken care of. It is then not necessary to get the wagon dirty and make cleaning imperative once a week or oftener. The machine will tear up great chunks of manure, will distribute material from feed lots where corn fodder has been fed, will spread perfectly manure from around a straw pile or will distribute any kind of fine fertilizer like lime, gypsum, etc.

LICE ON CATTLE.

Where cattle are housed there is a possibility of lice getting into the stable and on to the stock. When such occurs it is very important that the parasites be exterminated as soon as possible, or they will not only infest the cattle but the stable as well. Occasionally we hear a report of a farmer who had apparently got rid of the lice about the time his cattle got out to pasture and he flatters himself that he has got rid of the pests. What is his surprise to find the following winter that his stock begins to show the appearance of the louse again, and he is at a loss to understand where they came from. He does not know that the pests will readily live through the summer and be ready to attack the cattle again at the opening of winter. Thus the importance of making a thorough effort to rid the stable as well as the stock. We have seen sheep dip used to good advantage. It may be applied to the backs of cattle with a coarse brush, and if necessary about the places most infested. Sheep-dip is rather

an ill-smelling material, but it has the faculty of doing good execution

THOROUGH MILKING.

The richest portion of the milk is that drawn from the udder at the last. In experiments made to test the matter it was found that the difference was so great that with some cows the strippings consisted almost entirely of butter fat.

It is important, therefore, that milking the cows should be done in a thorough manner, leaving nothing in the udder. If this is done the cow will not be so liable to become dry as soon as when the milk is not entirely removed at each milking. The practice of careful stripping also serves as a check upon careless milkers, as the farmer can, and should, examine each cow after she is milked in order to observe if the milking has been done thoroughly. Where there is no supervision the milking is sometimes performed carelessly and at a loss to the farmer.

ENGLISH EXPERIENCE.

The county of Essex has for some years past set an example to other counties in the way of scientific agricultural experiments and its technical committee has just concluded a six years' experiment dealing with pasture land and the hay crop. These experiments have been conducted in nine different localities and on as many different soils, and the net result shows that by judicious fertilization the hay crop can be enormously increased. For instance, it has been proved that nitrogenous manures, nitrate of soda and sulphate of ammonia, have a greater effect on newly laid down pastures than on old. Thus 1½ cwt. per acre of nitrate of soda produced on new grass land an average increase of 49½ per cent. Sulphate of ammonia has, with scarcely an exception, produced more hay than nitrate of soda in the first years of the experiment, but latterly nitrate of soda has produced the better yield, showing that sulphate of soda is the more exhausting to the soil, and that the other in the long run is the more profitable. Phosphatic manures also produced a large increase, the average being 49½ per cent. with the further advantage that when these manures are used the herbage improves each year.

It is, however, when the nitrogenous and phosphatic manures are combined that the greatest results are shown, and the increase obtained from a combination of the two has amounted to as much as 102 per cent. Experiments were also made with ordinary barnyard manure, and the results show that while the increase obtained from each year's manuring was considerable, very little permanent improvement is effected, and that the manuring of a previous year is only responsible for 10 per cent. increase in the hay crop.

Another interesting experiment was the mowing of the hay and grazing of sheep in alternate years. For this purpose a field was divided, one-half being grazed by sheep fed on oil cake, and the other half by sheep not fed. The result of the hay crop next year was that on the part where the sheep were fed oil cake the cut was 19½ cwt. per acre, and where the sheep were not fed oil cake, only 14 cwt.

HIS BEST GIRL.

He hurried up to the office as soon as he entered the hotel, and inquired eagerly:

"Any letters for me?"

The clerk sorted out a package with a negligent attention that comes with practice, then flipped one—a very small one—on the counter. The travelling man took it with a curious smile. He smiled more as he read it. Then, oblivious of the other travellers who jostled him, he laid it gently against his lips and actually kissed it. A loud laugh startled him.

"Now, look here, old fellow," said a loud voice, "that won't do, you know. Too spoony for anything."

Said the travelling man:

"The letter is from my best girl."

The admission was so unexpected that everyone stared.

"It's no use, you've got to read it to us," said one of them. "We want to know all about your best girl."

"So you shall," said the one addressed, with great coolness. "I'll give you the letter, and you can read it for yourselves."

"No, you don't," said one who had been the loudest in demanding it: "we like to chaff a little, but we hope we are gentlemen."

"But I insist upon it," was the answer: "there is nothing to be ashamed of, except the spelling; that's a little shaky, I'll admit; but she won't care in the least. Read it man, and judge for yourself."

Thus urged, the other took the letter shamefacedly enough and read it. First he laughed, then coughed suspiciously, and as he finished threw it upon the table, and again rubbed the back of his hand against his eyes, as if troubled with dimness of vision.

"Pshaw! if I had a love-letter like that—" and then was silent.

"Fair play!" cried one of the others, with an uneasy laugh.

"I'll read it to you, boys," said their friend, "and I think that you'll agree with me that it's a model love-letter—"

"My Oween Dear Papa,—I sa ml Praises every nite, and wen I kiss your Picshure I ask God to bless you. Good bi, Papa, yours bvt gurl."

FOR FARMERS

Seasonable and Profitable Hints for the Busy Tillers of the Soil.

THE CLAY SOILS.

Some of you know all about it—how white it looks, how red, how yellow, or even how blue! You have dragged your teams through its sticky fields with clogged plows and harrows; you have driven over miles of road when your wheels were almost solid with its putty-like masses, and perhaps you have even cut it off your boots with a case-knife when you reached home. The one comfort in all this clogging stickiness has been the thought that your farm has a strong, durable soil, best able to retain the fertilizing elements of manures, and, if well managed, most certain to be valuable and productive. Some scientists tell us that clay consists largely of sand, ground as if by the mills of the gods, "exceedingly fine," so that it has lost its grit; others that it is largely alumina—a plastic abundant earth resembling a white tasteless powder in its pure state, and in its crystalline forms worn as sapphires and rubies. Clay seems, when found in lowlands, to be the sediment left by the muddy floods of the early ages; but on the hillsides, to be due to the decay of slate rock. The feldspar which is the basis of the alumina contains also potash and soda, hence lime and gypsum are a benefit. Clay soils have a great affinity for ammonia and other elements that feed plants, for this reason barnyard manure is one of its.

BEST FERTILIZERS.

Coarse vegetable manures, such as straw, cornstalks, and fine chips, loosen the soil. Sand also lessens the compactness of heavy clay, but large fields could not be treated with it. In parts of Europe heavy soils are improved by burning the clay. The clods, when perfectly dry are raked in rows on the plowed fields, faggots are piled on them and slowly burned, but such a method could not be largely practiced in this country where labor is much more expensive.

Under drainage is a necessity for wet clay soils. After fall plowing, heat, frost or rain will work on your field all winter pulverizing the soil, then barnyard manure, if applied, will act both chemically and mechanically to produce a texture that will admit air, warmth and moisture, and result in fertility. If plowed in the spring the soil may have its soil texture injured for years, for if either too wet or too dry clods will harden in the sun and lose much of their chemical value. Plowing green crops under is very beneficial to clay soils, but one of the most important points is to keep the texture of the soil in good condition by using implements that will reduce the clods. Thorough mixture is most important for increased fertilization and moisture, and deep plowing is an old rule. Clay soils are admirably adapted to the growing of most grains, specially wheat, beans, clovers and grasses.

USE THE FANNING MILL.

Will it pay to buy and use a fanning mill? asks Mr. J. S. Field. Some will say it does not, especially now, when most grains are so cheap, but that is a mistake. It does not pay to sow chaff and seeds of half a dozen kinds of weeds in with your grain. Your time and land is too valuable for that. In olden times the different kinds of grain were cleaned or winnowed by pouring it out of a vessel in a current of air. Modern improvements have brought about the fanning mill, which is not a luxury but a necessity, if one wants to farm successfully.

I have used fanning mills for 25 years, mostly for cleaning seed grain—wheat, oats, flax and timothy—and have found that my grain when threshed was of better quality and cleaner than it otherwise would have been. In later years I have sold my grain—the greater part of it—for seed, and am getting considerably more than the market price. It takes but little figuring to find that it does not pay to sow foul seed. Weeds choke out the grain and use up the moisture and fertility. If you are going to sow anything at all, be sure that your seed is clean. You will get more grain to the acre and it will be of better quality.

With reasonable care a fanning mill will last 15 to 20 years and pay for itself in a few years at the most. If you have large fields it may pay for itself in one year. There are many kinds of fanning mills, and prices differ somewhat, but \$15 ought to buy a good one. Farmers are finding that they cannot farm in the old slipshod way—not if they want to make money at it. There is money in farming if it is done systematically and well.

GOOD LINE FENCES.

There is nothing that will promote harmony among neighbors and landholders more than good division fences. The lines should be definitely known, even if a special survey is made, and when once marked the fence should be put upon it and kept there. A little economy in moving fences on to the division where they should be has caused more trouble probably than any other matter con-

cerning the ownership of land. Men will fight for a principle, or what they regard as a principle, with the utmost tenacity. Many communities can recall some instance where farms have changed hands entirely because two owners held an insignificant area of ground in dispute. There is probably a time when the decision of a surveyor is sufficient to satisfy both parties; but we have known of delays which permitted other factors to enter the problem that seem to require expensive legal means to determine the right or wrong. "A stitch in time saves nine" is eminently true with the line fence question. Whatever you may neglect, do not be careless of this or some time it may cost you much money or bitter humiliation and possibly both.

WEED SEEDS.

If a farmer desires to know how to select good clover seed, he must learn to know weed seed as soon as he looks at it. Then if his eyesight is not good enough to distinguish it when it is among the clover seed, let him spend from fifty cents upward for a good magnifying glass and let him buy no clover and not much other seed until he has examined it reasonably clear of the weed seeds. It may be hard to find it perfectly clear but there is no use in buying such seeds as a sample sold in Vermont last year, which had 58,310 weed seeds in a pound. Just think of sowing ten, twenty or more pounds of such seed on an acre. The seeds of plantain, sorrel, pigweed, smartweed, curled dock and the fox-tail grass were the most abundant in this lot, and each of them might pass for clover seed at first glance, but can be detected under a magnifying glass. It would be a good lesson for the boys to collect samples of each of these and some other seeds in little vials, and label each, that they might study them until they knew them too well to buy them as clover seed.

8 MONTH'S MURDER CHASE

CLEVER WORK OF NORTHWEST MOUNTED POLICE.

Charles Bullock Hanged at Fort Saskatchewan for the Murder of Leon Stainton.

One of the most remarkable murder cases in the history of Canada, resembling, in the long patient search for the murderer, the O'Brien case in the Yukon, was closed by the hangman at Fort Saskatchewan, Alberta, recently.

In 1900 the Great Northern Railway was engaged in extensive tunnel work at Aspen, Wyo. Among others who secured work there was a machinist named Leon C. Stainton. He was about 18 years of age and a native of Kalamazoo, Mich. Employed in the engine room at the tunnel works was Charles B. Bullock also a native of Michigan. The two became chums.

In March, 1901, Bullock's father, mother and two brothers emigrated from Nebraska to the free grant land of Northern Alberta, and took up a farm on the Battle River, not far from Ponoka, a station on the Calgary and Edmonton Railway, and about thirty miles by trail from Edmonton. Shortly after the arrival of the family in Alberta, Bullock's mother wrote to him at Aspen urging him to come to Alberta and take up a farm before all the land adjacent to the railway was settled. She wrote frequently to him in this strain, and Bullock must have shown these letters to young Stainton and induced him to go to Canada. The two quit work at Aspen, drew from the master of the works what money was coming to them and left the place, after telling several persons that they were going to Alberta, Canada, to take up land.

THIS WAS IN APRIL, 1901.

In June last Edward Bullock, who was then living on his father's farm, but now has a place of his own, went out to search for the nest of a turkey that was missing. Near the Bullock farm there is a clump of brush not far from the Battle Lake trail, which runs past the farm. Thinking this a likely place for a turkey to hide her nest, Edward proceeded to search the brush, but had not gone far when he came upon a human head protruding from a shallow grave. The body had evidently been hastily buried some time before when the frost was in the ground, so that a deep grave could not be dug. Word was sent to the authorities at Ponoka, who notified the Northwest Mounted Police post at Wetaskiwin, a neighboring town.

Sergt. Hetherington, in charge of the post, rode out to where the body lay. He found a bullet hole behind the left ear. The body was that of a young man.

Looking over the clothing, the sergeant found that the buttons on the blue jean trousers bore the name of a Kansas City firm. There was in one of the pockets a curious bunch of matches issued as an advertisement by a Cheyenne, Wyo., business house, and a metal badge of a street fair held in Kalamazoo, Mich. On the socks and drawers were found curious tin tags which afterward turned out to be tags of a laundry in Ogden, Utah.

With these slender clues the police sergeant set about tracing the murderer. In reference to the Kalamazoo fair badge, he wrote to the chief

of police at that place, asking if any one was missing from that town. The answer was that the mother of a boy named Leon Stainton was inquiring for her son, who had left Aspen, in Wyoming, in April, and had not afterward been heard of. He then learned Stainton had been a patron of the laundry in Ogden. The officer, instructed by the Department to make the fullest investigation

REGARDLESS OF EXPENSE

went to Aspen. There he learned of the departure of Stainton and Bullock for Canada and got his first straight clue to the murderer. Hetherington, when he took the trail to Aspen, put on his scarlet police coat and travelled in civilian garb. He traced Bullock and Stainton from Aspen to Ogden, Utah, to Salt Lake City, to Great Falls, Minn., thence to Canada at Lethbridge, Alberta, and to Calgary, where the two took tickets for Ponoka, 120 miles northward. Inquiries at Ponoka showed that Charles Bullock had been there in April with a young companion and that they had set out on foot for Bullock's father's. On the way they had a lift from the mail carrier.

Bullock reached his father's house alone between 10 and 12 o'clock at night. The first intimation that the family had of his approach was the furious barking of the dogs on the place. On entering the house Charles Bullock told his family that a strange man had accompanied him to the gate and had gone on to Battle Lake. Bullock did not take up land. He stayed at his father's from Sunday, April 28, till Wednesday, May 1, when he left, saying that he was going to British Columbia to work in the mines. His father drove him to Ponoka, where he took the train.

Before leaving he went to a hotel and got an autoharp, which he had previously left there. This autoharp he presented to his father, and that act served to send him to the gallows, for it was clearly shown subsequently that Stainton had brought this instrument to Ponoka.

Charles Bullock, when he left Ponoka, did not go to British Columbia. He returned to Great Falls, Minn., where under the name of Charles Spencer he went to work on railway construction. Sergt. Hetherington started after him, but his change of name baffled him. He sought Bullock through five States, but without success and probably would not have got him but for two mistakes that Bullock made.

William Tirrell was master mechanic at the works at Aspen. Bullock, ostensibly to get work, but in reality to discover if any inquiries had been made about Stainton,

WROTE TO MR. TIRRELL,

asking if there was an opening for him at Aspen. The letter concluded "any news of Bud Stainton? Haven't heard of him since I left him in Calgary." The letter was written from Great Falls.

Mr. Tirrell sent this letter to Stainton's mother at Kalamazoo, as she had been inquiring anxiously for tidings of her son. This letter Stainton's mother sent to Sergt. Hetherington. It established two facts, that Bullock was in Great Falls and that he had been with Stainton in Calgary. Hetherington went to Great Falls, but having no picture of Bullock and but a poor description could find no trace of him.

Then there came into the sergeant's hands another letter. Bullock, in order to throw pursuit off the track, wrote under the name of Charles Spencer to Miss Gill in Kalamazoo, a friend of Stainton, with whom the latter corresponded, to the effect that she would regret to hear that Charles Bullock, Stainton's friend, was dead. The Chief of Police of Great Falls found Charles Spencer on the railway work and brought him in. At the police station he said his name was Charles Spencer.

"You are Charles B. Bullock," said Sergt. Hetherington, "and you are wanted in Alberta for the murder of Leon C. Stainton."

"He was my best friend," was all Bullock said. In his baggage were found many articles belonging to Stainton, for the possession of which he could not account. He waived extradition proceedings and was brought to Edmonton, Alberta, for trial and convicted.

The motive of the crime was robbery. When Bullock left Aspen he had \$42; Stainton had over \$800. On arriving home Bullock gave his mother \$25, his sister-in-law \$10, and he had a twenty-dollar gold piece, which he could not get changed at a neighboring ranch store. He had other money, but the Crown proved that he had at least \$55, or \$13 more than when he left Aspen. The defence attempted to show that the body found was not Stainton's, but this failed.

Sergt. Hetherington spent nearly eight months on the case and the expense to the Crown has been nearly \$3,000.

The hangman was one Capt. Binkley, from Ohio, but now living near Ponoka. Bullock made no confession. The Americans at Edmonton are very indignant at Capt. Binkley, who qualified for the place by showing he had officiated at 143 executions in Ohio. He is a neighbor of the Bullocks.

One is never more on trial than in the moment of excessive good fortune.—Lew Wallace.

FOR THE HOME

Recipes for the Kitchen. Hygiene and Other Notes for the Housekeeper.

SOME SPRING SOUPS.

Vegetable Soup—2 turnips, 2 potatoes, a small head of cabbage sliced fine, 2 small carrots and 1 onion. Place these in a kettle with a small piece of salt pork, and cover with water. Cook two hours over a brisk fire, always adding water as it evaporates. About 15 minutes before serving, add 1 cup canned tomatoes, with a small pinch of soda to neutralize the acid. Thicken slightly with flour and milk. Season to taste and serve hot.

Asparagus Soup.—Boil a beef bone for several hours in 2 quarts water, to make a good stock. Add to this 1 qt tender asparagus sprouts, carefully washed and cut into small bits. Salt to suit taste. Before taking from the fire stir 1 heaping tablespoon flour with a little milk until mixed, and stir this into 1 cup milk or cream, adding the whole to the soup stock. Remove from the stove as soon as it comes to a boil. Add pepper just before serving.

Spring Chicken Soup.—Pluck and draw a young chicken, and after washing thoroughly plunge in cold water, letting it remain over night. The following forenoon cut the chicken in small pieces and place in a kettle over the fire, covering well with water. Simmer for an hour, adding about 1 tablespoon salt. When the meat becomes tender pour in sufficient boiling water to make the desired quantity of soup. While it is boiling briskly, add 1 cup rice, thoroughly washed. A lump of butter improves the soup, and pepper may be added before removing from the stove. As soon as the rice is thoroughly done, the soup is ready to serve, unless one wishes it a little thicker, when a little flour beaten up in water will accomplish the desired result. This is an excellent soup for convalescents.

Green Pea Soup.—This comes later in the spring and is excellent. Take about 1 qt green peas, and if you have them, several small new potatoes. Cook in water to cover until soft, adding a lump of butter a little larger than a walnut, and 1 teaspoon salt. Before time to serve, put 1 qt sweet milk in the kettle and heat the whole to the boiling point. Thicken slightly with flour stirred into cold milk, and season with pepper. Soups may be made in a similar manner from other young vegetables when they first make their appearance in the spring or early summer.

Tomato Soup.—This may be made with new or canned tomatoes. If canned, 1 qt is sufficient, and if fresh use three or four good-sized ones. A little beef stock is desirable but any fresh meat stock will do. Heat about 2 qts this stock on the stove, and add to it the tomatoes with a pinch of soda. When all are boiling, chop up a head of celery and draw into the kettle with a small lump of butter, and shake in a little pepper. An onion finely chopped may be added if desired. Thicken with broken cracker crumbs or flour, and serve hot.

A quick soup may be made from any cold boiled meat. Mince and place over the stove after covering with boiling water. Add salt, pepper, a small lump butter, 1 cup bread crumbs and $\frac{1}{2}$ cup sweet milk.

SCHOOL LUNCHEONS.

In the attempt to provide a variety for the school luncheon box while eggs are high, I have discovered that the fairy gingerbread rule seasoned with different spices, rolled thin, makes a good wafer-like cookie writes a correspondent. The rule is as follows:

One-half cup of butter, one cup of light brown sugar, one-half cup of milk, one and seven-eighths cups of bread flour, two level teaspoons of ginger. Cream the butter, add sugar gradually and milk very slowly. Mix and sift the flour and ginger and combine the mixtures. Spread very thinly with a broad, long-bladed knife on a buttered, inverted dripping pan. Bake in a moderate oven. Cut in squares, before removing from the pan. Watch carefully and turn pan frequently during baking, that all may be evenly cooked. If the mixture round the edge of the pan is cooked before the centre, pan should be taken from the oven, cooked part cut off and remainder returned to the oven to finish cooking.

Fill an old candy box with chocolate fudge wrapped in waxed paper and it will be a treat. Homemade peanut candy, oysterettes with peeled orange, are better than cake and less expensive.

A great variety can be made in bread and in sandwich fillings. Thin breakfast bacon and sausage fillings are good on cold days and later roast beef or rare steak minced and seasoned with mustard pickle juice, chili sauce or sweet pickle.

GINGERBREAD.

Soft Gingerbread.—Use only the best materials. It is the poorest kind of economy to try to save cheap molasses by using it in the gingerbread. Three eggs, 1 cup sour cream, 1 cup butter or lard, 1 cup sugar, 1 cup molasses, 1 teaspoon soda and 2 of

cream of tartar, 1 tablespoon ginger 1 teaspoon each of cinnamon and cloves, flour for soft batter, too much flour will make the cake tough, and too little will cause it to fall. It is always best to bake a tester in making all kinds of cakes. This makes a good-sized loaf, sufficient for a family of eight.

One without sugar—Six cups flour, 3 cups molasses, 1 cup cream, 1 cup lard or butter, 2 eggs, 1 teaspoon soda, 2 teaspoons ginger, 1 teaspoon each cloves and cinnamon.

A Small Loaf—Take one cup molasses, 1 egg, 3 tablespoons melted butter, 3 tablespoons sour milk, 1 teaspoon soda, $1\frac{1}{2}$ cups flour, 1 teaspoon each ginger, cinnamon and cloves.

WOMEN OF FIFTY.

Women in middle life, and from there onward, should take more and more care of their personal appearance. As the eyes and complexion fade and the hair grows dull all the cunning secrets of the toilet become important. Happiness may depend upon the shade chosen for a dinner dress or the set of a hat upon the tresses that are just tinged with gray. The woman of 40 needs all the help she can get from dress, and the woman of 50 needs it still more. When age comes at last—if age ever does come to the modern woman—the dress problem has become easy. Richness and elegance of material, plainness of cut and making, these are rules all old women should follow. If lack of money stands in the way there is still plainness and neatness to be sure of, and the materials of a well-made dress, after all, do not count so much.

BOILING A FISH.

The simple matter of boiling a fish properly seems to be beyond the intelligence or the practice at least of the average cook, yet the difference between any way and the right way amounts to the difference between a palatable, appetizing dish, and one which is flavorless, if not positively repugnant. To every two quarts of water allow a teaspoonful of salt and a tablespoonful of vinegar. Let the water be thoroughly warm, but not boiling, when the fish is carefully put in, unless a fish soup is contemplated, when it should be cold to extract the flavor. The water should be brought quickly to the boiling point, after receiving the fish, and almost immediately drawn to the side of the range to simmer until done, an allowance of ten minutes to each pound being sufficient time after the simmering has begun.



"TOP" HATS OF STRAW.

Bell-crowned high hats, it is believed, will be adopted next summer by London's smart set for their coachmen. Their adoption in this country is also regarded as probable.

All grades of servants have heretofore been provided with appropriate headwear for hot weather service excepting the "man on the box."

THOROUGHLY CHINESE.

Canton Is One of the Oldest Cities in the World.

Canton, the capital of the province of Kwang Jung, has a population of about 2,600,000, is one of the oldest cities in the world, and until the port of Hong Kong was opened, it was the export city of the empire. Its old walls and fortifications with their old guns are all now obsolete and entirely neglected, remaining only as monuments of departed ages. They have never been of service except as warning of danger to an invading foe, and no doubt had the desired effect until the last half century. Canton is said to be absolutely and thoroughly Chinese, and there is no other city in the empire that is more so. There it exists today with its narrow streets, its old temples, its wealth its extreme poverty and its peculiarly constructed buildings; and when one considers the habits and achievements of its people and their achievements in the arts so characteristic of that country, its ancient history so resplendent centuries ago unless that story is a fable, and sees there now so much that is filthy and repugnant to common decency and civilization, the present state of the country needs but to be seen to be condemned. No stranger is respected or safe from insult within its limits, unless he has an official or military bearing, or is in the care of a trusty guide, one of their own countrymen armed with plenary license and power.

"When I grow up," said little Ethel, with a dreamy, imaginative look, "I'm going to be a school-teacher." "Well, I'm going to be a mamma and have six children," said tiny Edna. "Well, when they come to school to me I'm going to whip 'em, whip 'em." "You mean thing!" exclaimed Edna, as the tears came into her eyes. "What have my poor



DUKE OF ARKLAN

Standard Bred. Rich brown color, black points, good action. Foaled March 1916, 1893; stands 16½ hands, weighs 1300 lbs.; record 2:29½ at 4 years old. Terms: \$10 for the season, single trial \$5. All mares at owner's risk.

MOISE LAFRAMPOISE,
Proprietor - Ste. Scholastique.

ST. CLOUD.

This is the Elliott horse of St. Andrews, which took 2nd prize in the Argenteuil Exhibit last yr. as a general purpose. He is Canadian bred, weighs 1300 lbs and is a sure foal getter. Farmers desirous of raising a good general purpose horse will do well to use him this season. See posters.

GEO. BRADFORD, Cushing.

SUPERIOR COURT.

Canada.
Province of Quebec.
District of Terrebonne.

Victor Lamoureux, of the parish of Ste. Agathe des Monts, said district, farmer.

Plaintiff.

vs.

Beront Lavalee, heretofore of the same place, and now absent from the Province of Quebec, farmer.

Defendant.

The defendant is ordered to appear in one month.

The said defendant is hereby notified that the claim (creance) which Joseph Lavalee of the parish of Ste. Agathe des Monts, farmer, holds against him, in virtue of a deed of sale passed before J. S. P. Bazin, Notary, the 13th of June 1899, wherein Joseph Lavalee of the parish of Ste. Agathe des Monts, farmer, sold to the defendant all his rights, parts, pretensions, works and improvements in a certain lot of land known and designated upon the official plan and in the book of reference of the cadastre for said parish under the No. 31. of the first range of the township of Beresford, has been sold and transferred to Damase Lamoureux of the parish of Ste. Agathe des Monts, farmer, in virtue of a deed of transfer made before J. S. P. Bazin, notary, the 6th of September, 1901, and that this same claim [creance] has been transferred to Victor Lamoureux, of the parish of Ste. Agathe des Monts, farmer, in virtue of a transfer made before J. S. P. Bazin, notary, at Ste. Agathe des Monts, the 8th of March, 1902.

Ste. Scholastique, April 12, 1902.
GEIGNON & FORTIER,
Prothonotary.

F. X. MATHIEU,
Attorney for Plaintiff.

FARM FOR SALE.

A good Farm on the Bethany Road, situated one mile from the Railway Station. Containing about 170 acres. For further particulars apply to

Box 8, Lachute.

BANK of OTTAWA

HEAD OFFICE, OTTAWA, ONT.

Capital, [Fully paid up] \$2,000,000
Reserve - - - - - \$1,765,000

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A GRAND SUCCESS.

The Concert last Thursday in Victoria Hall in aid of the Methodist church was in every sense a grand success. The proceeds are towards the completion of the new Sunday School building. Too much praise cannot be given to the ladies and gentlemen from Montreal who took part in the choice programme, every item of which came off as promised, without a hitch. Mrs. Alice Nunns-Keough's rendering of two piano solos, as well as her accompaniment of the several items, at once marks her as an accomplished pianist of very high class. Little Daisy Featherston surprised everyone by her recitation of the "October Party" for which she received an encore. Miss Lillian Herron in "Snow Flakes" and the "Madrigal" was vociferously encored, as she well deserved. Miss Thomas in her rendering of the the "Ruggle's Dinner Party" convulsed the audience with laughter and received a well merited encore. Mr. Jas. E. Warner and Mr. Ezra Campbell as tenor and basso soloists were heard to good advantage and each in turn were encored. Mr. A. W. Hugman in the "Bandolero" acquitted himself well and also received a well merited encore. Perhaps the most appreciated part of the concert was the Male Quartette whose *piece de resistance* was Dudley Bucks "Lead Kindly Light" and in response to an encore in the second part, amused the audience with the Coon song "Honey I Want You Now." We hope to hear them all again for in every sense the Concert was a grand success.

Children Cry for CASTORIA.

— TRY —

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BEST CONFECTIONERY,
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PROMPT ATTENTION TO ALL ORDERS. GOODS DELIVERED.

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We have just put in stock a number of Cook Stoves in all the latest improved styles by different makers at prices to suit all.



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HARDWARE MERCHANTS,
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GILES' ADVERTISEMENT.

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Pasticular Attention is directed to our stock of DRY GOODS which was never larger nor better assorted.

HATS! HATS!

MEN'S and BOYS' FELT—Soft and Stiff—in Black and Colors.
CHILDREN'S TAMS, CAPS, ETC.

SEEDS! SEEDS!

TIMOTHY (different grades), Alsike, Long Vermont,
— Clovers, Garden and Field Seeds, etc.

GOODS DELIVERED EVERY MORNING.



THE
SHAWINIGAN
FALLS
ROUTE

Trains Leave Lachute

9.18 a.m.—
For St. Canute, St. Jerome, Ste. Agathe, New Glasgow, Joliette, Shawinigan Falls, Grand Mere, Quebec, etc.

6.33 p.m.—
For Stenfield, Hawkesbury, etc.

Trains Arrive Lachute

9.18 a.m.—
From Hawkesbury, etc.
6.33 p.m.—
From Quebec, Shawinigan Falls, and intermediate points.

GUY TOMBS, J. G. SCOTT,
Gen. Mgt. & Pass. Agt. Gen. Manager.
QUEBEC.

Jos. Hamel - Agent Lachute.

LACHUTE GRIST MILLS.

Always on hand.....

Gilvie's Hungarian and Glenora Patents, Dowd's Hungarian and strong Bakers, Best Feeds, Cornmeal, and White Shorts,

.....At Market Prices.

Call up Telephone No. 44, and your orders will be delivered anywhere in town.

J. D. CAMPBELL & Co.
LACHUTE MILLS - QUE.

Spring Arrivals!

That means that we have now opened up a stock of goods suitable for the occasion, and a stock to select from that is bound to please and give you every satisfaction.

Ladies, ASK To See "Horrackses Madappolans" Specialty in Underwear. This is something extra value in that line.

We are showing in great variety Cottonade, Gingham, Spot and Check and Lawn Muslins.



Corsets

ERECT

FORM,

FRENCH

GIRDLE,

LA REINE,

From
50 cts.
Up.

CHILDREN'S WAISTS - 30c UP.

New Display of
DRESS GOODS, SATEENS,
PRINTS, CORSETS, Etc.

A splendid line of Ladies' Sailor Hats and Blouses. A choice stock of Ladies' Waists, dark and light colors.

CARPETS and LINOLEUMS.

If you want something to brighten up your home why not treat yourself to a nice new Carpet, or a handsome rug. We have the largest stock in town to select from.

Linoleums can be had from us in pretty patterns. At this time of the year they are the very thing to protect your painted floors from the wet and mud, and are the easiest to keep clean. Prices are very low.

We are showing the Largest Stock, Best and Nobbiest Style of Hats we ever had.

G. L. MEIKLE & Co.

THE LACHUTE BAKERY.
ESTABLISHED 1877.

As usual we are still to the front at the old stand where we will be glad to see our friends and customers from town or country.



JOHN HOPE
Baker and Confectioner.

A few pointers

To those who are
wanting anything in

JEWELLRY,
WATCHES,
CLOCKS,
AND FANCY PRESENTS.

We have in a splendid lot of new goods at low prices.

Remember that we have the agency for the Berliner Gramophone.

We shall be pleased to receive a call from you.

WOOD TAKEN IN EXCHANGE.

T. JOUSSE,
Main St. - LACHUTE.

The Watchman

And Ottawa Valley Advocate.

VOL. XXVII

LACHUTE, FRIDAY, MAY 9, 1902.

NO

11/9

Professional & Commercial

J. E. VALOIS,
NOTARY PUBLIC,
LACHUTE, P.Q.
Money to Loan on Security.
Office - BRIDGEMAN STREET

DR. G. CHRISTIE,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
MAIN STREET LACHUTE, P.Q.

N. FOREST,
NOTARY,
STE. SCHOLASTIQUE P.Q.

MALCOLM SMITH,
Licensed Auctioneer.
P. O. Box 10. Lachute, Que.
For the District of Terrebonne. Sales conducted in French and English.

J. L. St. JACQUES, LL.B.,
ADVOCATE,
Office open daily (except Tuesdays and Saturdays) on 1st floor, Roby's Block, Opposite Lachute's Hotel LACHUTE.

J. E. W. SIMPSON,
Insurance and Financial Agent,
Fire, Life and Accident Assurance.
Only First-class Companies Represented LACHUTE, P.Q.

JAS. W. RAITT,
Agent for Leading Fire Insurance Companies. Apply at LACHUTE, P.Q.

G. J. WALKER,
INSURANCE AND FINANCIAL AGENT,
LACHUTE, P.Q.
Notes discounted and Loans Made Only First-class Insurance Companies Represented.

Dr. D. C. McLAREN & Dr. A. QUACKENBUSH
916 Dorchester Street, MONTREAL.
SPECIALTY: Chronic Diseases.
Write for appointment.

J. A. C. ETHIER,
ADVOCATE,
STE. SCHOLASTIQUE P.Q.
Attends all courts in the district of Terrebonne, and is in Lachute every Tuesday.

STEPHENS & PALLISER
ADVOCATES AND ATTORNEYS,
LACHUTE.
C. H. Stephens, E.C., Joseph Palliser, B.C.L. Montreal. Lachute.
Offices in Banford's Block.
All matters submitted to Mr. Stephens for opinion and approval.

DENTISTRY.
R. C. McCONNELL, D.D.S., L.D.S.
SURGEON-DENTIST.
Will be in Lachute the last four days of each week.

DENTISTRY.
B. S. STACKHOUSE, D.D.S., L.D.S.
SURGEON DENTIST,
LACHUTE. PRO. QUE.
Will hereafter be in Lachute the last four days of each week.

THE ELITE.

New blouse waists in large assortment in Print, Muslin, Linen Gingham, and Satin the latest style, buttoned in the back and elbow sleeves; fit guaranteed.
Children's and Infants' dresses.
Ladies' summer underwear and white wear at all prices.
Figured muslin, Swiss muslin, Lawns, Dimities.
Organdies in Black, White, and colors.
The latest in Belts, Belt Buckles.
Ladies sailor hats from 20c. up. Trimmed hats to suit everyone.
CORONATION Novelties and ties.
H. E. BURWASH.

Mr. T. Simpson, veterinary surgeon will be in Lachute every Saturday

Headquarters for best oranges bananas, nuts, dates etc. at John Hoppe's.

For Sale—Large brick residence in West End. All conveniences. Apply to Dr. McConnel.

Our clothing is a household word. Everyone now in the county should know we are the people for clothing. W. Banford.

Herbageum is to horses, cattle and poultry what cereal food is to man. B. Hugman & Son always keep a full line of them all.

The Place for the New Delightful Drink, ICE CREAM SODA. Kearns' West End Bakery.

Our new Felt Hats are the latest made and placed on the market. Fine fur and common wool lines. Heaps of them. W. Banford.

House To Let—In the West End. Modern convenience and large garden. Apply to Dr. Stackhouse.

Ice Cream! Ice Cream!! First of the season on Saturday at Kearns' West End Bakery.

Use Force and you will gain strength. Force is for sale by E. Hugman & Son.

A big drop from last year's prices in—

Cut nails, wire nails, garden rakes, manure forks, hay forks, fork handles. at—**J. R. McQUAT'S.**

The Dore Seeder sows and harrows to perfection, has 16 teeth in 8 sections, its a wonder in the spring goods line, see it at the McCormick Central Agency.

Roy Dewar.

—Household needs at this season—Paints—we have them Ramsay's best Varnish Stains in 6 colors, makes old furniture look young. Murals, different colors, best wall finish on earth. Paint, white wash, scrubbing and stove brushes, carpet sweepers, screen doors and screen windows. All to be had at lowest prices in town at McQuat & McRae's.

Say Boys,—We can't all attend the Coronation, but if you are on for a buggy deal, drop in to the McCormick Central Agency, Main Street, and we will make the prices that interesting you can have a celebration right at home.—Roy Dewar, Agent.

Garden and Field needs at this season—Manure Forks, Hoes, Spades, Garden Rakes, Shovels, Post Augers, Mowers, Sprinklers, Shears, Hoes.

LAWN

at lower prices than ever. McQuat & McRae.

A fine fresh supply of good wall paper including several patterns of ingrain paper with borders to match. All shades in lakestone for tinting purposes. G. L. Meikle & Co.

Prints for your children, Prints for yourself. Scotch gingham in pretty colors. Now is the time to make them up before the spring rush of work is on. W. Banford.

New Supply of Garden Seeds, field seeds, timothy seed, long Vermont clover, alsike clover, short red clover, oil cake feed. G. L. Meikle & Co.

Ramsay's Paints, are the right paints to paint right. See new picture ad on inside page. For sale by all dealers in town.

You may travel all night and travel all day. You may travel from east to the west. You cannot deny what all people say. That our 20c Tea is the best. E. HUGMAN & Son.



IT'S A FACT!

We have the finest line of Shirts in town. Men's Negligee soft, Men's and Boy's Stiff Bosoms. Good Quality and prices right. G. L. MEIKLE & CO.

BIRTHS

McKIMMIE—At Lachute on Wednesday, April 29th, the wife of J. McKimmie of a son.

LOCAL NEWS

Mrs. J. R. McQuat is visiting in Montreal.

Miss Jessie Banford of Hawkesbury is visiting friends in town.

Miss Martin of Vermont, is the guest of Mrs. J. P. Martin.

Mrs. Hatterforth is visiting friends in Montreal.

Mr. T. G. Hunt spent Sunday in Buckingham.

Miss Bertha Brown of Calumet was in Lachute last week.

Mr. John McQuat of Avoca, was in town on Tuesday.

Miss Lily Forbes is spending a short visit with friends in Montreal.

Thursday being Ascension day. Divine service was held in St. Simeon's church.

Mr. A. D. Kennedy has in a new supply of straw hats in latest styles. Can and see them.

Mrs. Hamilton of Montreal is spending a short visit in town the guest of her sister, Mrs. Jas. McFaul.

For Sale—Half bred Holstein Bull Calves. Something good. Apply T. Dobbie, Box 61, Lachute.

The many friends of Mr. Hector Banford will be pleased to see him around again after his serious illness.

Professor Frank Hume is an ounce a special musical treat for the people of this County on the 24th of May. Particulars next week.

Mr. Jas. Griffith returned on Saturday from Halifax, and other points after a successful business trip for Messrs. Hamelin & Ayers.

Mrs. Wanless of Chicago, and Mrs. G. B. Parkhurst of Bath, N. Y., were guests of Mrs. W. J. Simpson, last week.

Coronation Day will be celebrated on the 26th of June with the Oddfellows by a huge excursion to Shawenigan Falls. Keep date open.

The many friends of Mr. Roy Watson will be sorry to learn he is suffering from a broken collar bone, the result of a runaway on Wednesday last.

The Misses McAdam, Miller, McGillivray, Burwash, Walker, Strong and Demaree, returned from taking a course at the Normal School on Friday last.

Mr. J. Kennedy was in town over Sunday and left on Monday for the Sault, where he has secured a good position with the Clergue Syndicate. We wish him every success.

Quite a large number of people turned out to see the exhibition of stallions on Saturday. On the whole the exhibit was good, most of the stallions exhibited were of the carriage or general purpose class with the exception of about three.

The Parish Council met in the Court House on Monday last. The only business of importance arising was the consideration of a petition made by certain inhabitants of the Parish requesting that the process-verbal of W. Smith on a ditch crossing the land of Andrew Boa be amended so as to relieve these parties from work thereon. Not being a full meeting was considered advisable to leave the matter over till next meeting.

At a meeting of the Caledonian Society held in Montreal last week, it was decided to offer a trophy valued at \$75.00 to be competed for in a tug-of-war between Argenteuil and the Glengarrigans at their Annual Caledonia Games. Messrs. Hope and Kennedy have the matter in charge and we feel sure they will be able to get a team together that will do honor to our county.

The Executive of the Lachute Branch of the Montreal Auxiliary Bible Society, held a meeting on Saturday last, for the purpose of making arrangements for the annual meeting and appointing of collectors for the districts. Dr. Christie, the President presided. The annual meeting is to be held this year in the Methodist church on Monday May 26. Addresses will be given by the General Secretary and Revs. Messrs. Creswell and McLaren.

Special Bargains in

PIANOS,

ORGANS,

SEWING

MACHINES

AT

BEDARD & SON,

MAIN STREET - LACHUTE.

Spectacles and Glasses.



I have just passed a successful examination as an optician and hold a diploma from "The Optical Institute of Canada."

I am now prepared to do all kinds of refraction work. The latest instruments employed. Testing Free of Charge where glasses are purchased.

W. H. GARRETSEE

WATCHMAKER, JEWELLER and OPTICIAN.

Spring Importations



Are all received, and they comprise the choicest goods on the market in—

SUITS, OVERCOATS, TROUSERS.

Cent's Furnishings

I still lead in these goods and others follow. For strictly up-to-date Hats, Ties, Shirts, and other gent's furnishings stylish dressers patronize.....

A. J. PERIARD,
LACHUTE

THE CENTRAL IMPLEMENT HOUSE,

Main Street - LACHUTE.

We are right in the Implement Business; the best that the Canadians and Americans can produce.

Seeders, Disks, Spring and Drag Tooth Harrows, Plows, Cultivators, Horse Forks, Corn and Grain Binders, Reapers—double and single—Mowers from 3½ to 7 ft. cut, Steel Rakes—all sizes for one or two horses—Concord and Top Buggies, Expresses and Heavy Waggon.

Put your Seed Grain in good condition with a Chatham Fanning Mill. We sell them with or without bagging attachment.

Reserve your Twine order for us. The McCormick Company ship us direct from their factory in car load lots. We can tie you up in good shape with special prices.

We want your trade and will treat you right.

ROY DEWAR - AGENT

PERSONAL POINTERS.

Notes of Interest About Some Leading People.

The life of Mr. Marconi has been insured by the Wireless Telegraph Company for £150,000. The object is to compensate the company for the loss which they would suffer by his death.

When Mr. Chamberlain was eight years old he went to a dame's school at Camberwell, and is said to have been a fairly mischievous boy. One day the old lady found young Chamberlain and a dozen other boys fighting. On asking the cause of the scrimmage the school-mistress was informed that the boys had formed themselves into a Peace Society, and were fighting as to who should be the first president.

The Dowager Duchess of Abercorn has just become a grandmother for the seventy-first time by the birth of Lady Evelyn Cavendish's child, but there are actually twice as many of her descendants still living! This wonderful old lady is a peeress of the three kingdoms. She will be ninety in July, and three months later will witness, let us hope, the seventieth anniversary of her wedding day.

The death of Lord John Hervey, brother of the Marquis of Bristol, recalls the adventure which, in company with Mr. Strutt, afterwards Lord Belper, and Mr. H. G. Coore, he underwent many years ago while on a yachting cruise along the coast of Greece. Potting into a little harbor in search of sport and being betrayed by a guide, they were captured by brigands, Mr. Coore being held as a hostage while a ransom of £3,000 was secured.

There are many stories current in South Africa regarding Mr. Kruger's immense strength. It is related of him that some thirty years ago, when he was out buffalo hunting, a huge bull that he was after stumbled into a water-hole. The ex-President, unable to pull up in time, came plump on the back of the animal. Fearing lest he should lose his "bag" Mr. Kruger literally "took the bull by the horns" and held the animal's head under water until it was drowned.

Though close upon seventy years of age, Mr. Baring-Gould, the author of more books than any other living Englishman, is as upright to-day as he was thirty years ago. He attributes this erectness to his invariable custom of writing at a high desk in a standing position. Mr. Gould, always writes with a quill pen, and his manuscript is not beloved by printers. As a relaxation from literary work Mr. Gould, like the late Mr. Gladstone, often spends a couple of hours chopping down trees.

Mark Twain moved into a "strict" recently where there were a good many burglaries, and consented to be interviewed on the subject. As he talked to the interviewer he fondled a revolver. He said: "I think any decent burglar is entitled to something for his pains. The burglar, like everyone else, must make a living; perhaps he has a family to support." Then he whistled, and three great dogs came bounding into his study. "What a pity it would be," he said, thoughtfully, "if the burglar's family should be deprived of its means of support." Evidently the burglars thought the same; at all events they left Mark Twain's house severely alone.

The din and monotony of the acclamations accorded to Royalty on the occasion of public processions are, of course, fearfully trying to the nerves. In the course of their recent tour the then Duke and Duchess of York paid a visit to Tikitere, in the Maori territory. H.R.H. asked the driver of the coach what sort of a place it was. He was informed that it was usually called "The Inferno" on account of the weird sights to be seen there; on that day, however, the inhabitants would be away at Rotana.

"What!" exclaimed the delighted Duke, "no band, no soldiers, no school-children, no 'God Save the King'—thank Heaven for that!"

An anecdote significant of the ways of the house of Fitzwilliam, is told of the late Earl Fitzwilliam. A farmer came to him to represent that his wheat had been damaged seriously by the hounds. The earl inquired at what he appraised the damage. The man said £50, and it was at once paid. After harvest the farmer came again and said that the wheat, far from being injured where most trampled on, seemed the strongest when they came to cut it, and consequently he had brought back the £50. "Ah," said Lord F., "this is as things should be 'twixt man and man." Then he wrote out a cheque for £100, saying, "Take care of this, and when your eldest son is of age present it to him, and tell him of the occasion which produced it."

COASTING A MILE A MINUTE.

Terrible Ride of Two Men Down a Steep Mountain.

It would be hard to imagine a more reckless and thrilling adventure than that of two men sliding down a steep, ice-crust mountain-side, one in a prospector's pan and the other on a miner's shovel. The feat was accomplished not long ago by two miners, Peter McGoff and William Murphy, in the descent of one of the Sierra Madre ranges.

On the morning of the day of the adventure the two men climbed to the top of the peak through two feet of heavy snow, to wash out some de-

One ounce of Sunlight Soap is worth more than two ounces of common soap.

SUNLIGHT SOAP REDUCES EXPENSE

Ask for the Octagon Bar

composed quartzite rock which showed rusty iron ore, and which, they believed, must carry gold. In the afternoon it turned cold and a crust formed on the snow, so that the mountain seemed to be encased with glass.

It was near sundown when the two men had finished prospecting and started to retrace their way down the mountain. The descent was steep, icy and dangerous at best. They had gone down a hundred feet or more, when Murphy said: "Pete, I reckon it would be safer to slide down in the pan and shovel eh?"

"All right," said McGoff. "I will if you will." And without further hesitation or debate, he sat down in the pan.

"I'm with you!" cried his companion, and he squatted on his shovel, unmindful of the danger ahead.

At first both men slid over the crust in a jerky fashion, for they were obliged to hitch themselves along with hands and feet. But suddenly the descent became more abrupt, and the two miners almost shot into space, so great was their speed. They tore down the mountain side like an avalanche, each holding on to his metal sled with vice-like grip.

Down, down they flew, breathless, their eyes blinded with tears, faster and faster. Luckily there were no trees, and no precipices. The two miles were covered in less than two minutes. They shot over Cow Creek, a forty-foot canon which they had forgotten, and plunged out of sight into a snowbank like two human drills.

When they were finally dug out by their friends the two miners did not require the services of an undertaker, but it is said that there was not enough court plaster and liniment in camp to cover their scratches and soothe their bruises. Nevertheless they were counted fortunate, and contented themselves so, to have escaped so lightly from so foolhardy an adventure.

LUMBAGO CURED.

A SERIOUS CASE OF THIS PAINFUL DISEASE IS RESTORED TO GOOD HEALTH.

Satisfactory Improvement Leads to a Continued Treatment Which Results in a Complete Cure—An Interesting Story Which Will No Doubt Profit Anyone Suffering With Lumbago.

Holyrood, Ont., Mar. 24 (Special).—Mr. Bat. Pinnell, of this place, has for the past two years been a great sufferer with that most painful and stubborn disease—Lumbago.

The pain he suffered was almost beyond description and many were the medicines and treatments he used to try and get some relief. However, nothing he could find seemed to help him in the least, and he became very downhearted.

At last someone suggested Dodd's Kidney Pills and Mr. Pinnell, although very skeptical, thought he would make one more trial for a cure and began to use them.

The first box did not do him very much good, but after he had used part of the second he began to feel a change for the better, so he kept on until he had used in all seven boxes, when he was delighted to find that every symptom of the Lumbago had entirely disappeared.

His general health is much improved and he feels better to-day than he has for years.

To say that Mr. Pinnell is pleased does not begin to express it. Only those who have suffered as he did with this very painful disease can understand the extreme satisfaction of one who has found a complete cure and restoration to health and strength.

Lumbago is a direct result of disordered kidneys and should always be treated as a Kidney disease.

Efforts to cure or even relieve by outward applications are invariably unsuccessful. Rubbing may in itself for the time being produce a little relief, but in order to secure a complete cure it is absolutely necessary to go right to the root of the trouble.

The Kidneys must be restored to their normal condition. This is just what Dodd's Kidney Pills do, and this done the Lumbago very soon leaves for without diseased Kidneys there can be no Lumbago.

LIMITED APPLICABILITY.

"Variety is the spice of life," said Cumso.

"That doesn't apply to the weather," objected Cawker.

Keep Minard's Liniment In the House

ELEVEN MILES OF SNOWDROPS.

In the grounds of Longford Castle, Ireland, there is a large tongue of land known as "The Underwood." The spot is given up to nature, and is intersected with a network of shady and delightful walks. The late head gardener planted the sides of the many paths with snowdrops, so that in the early spring the whole surface of the Underwood is covered with these graceful flowers. In order to ascertain the length of the ground covered by the flowers the present Earl of Radnor recently pedalled along the paths, making the distance that is whitened by these early blossoms no less than eleven miles.

TO TEST PURE MILK.

The Echo de Paris has inaugurated a novel competition, a direct outcome of the present anti-adulteration scare in the French capital. A prize of 5,000f. is offered to the successful competitor, irrespective of nationality, who, before the 15th of May, shall devise a simple and efficient test of pure milk, such as can be used at the door when buying and without waiting for the official report from the city laboratory.

England has a yearly surplus of births over deaths of 369,000; Scotland, 51,000; Ireland, of 27,000.

Minard's Liniment Is used by Physicians

Between 1859 and 1874 wages rose 41 per cent. in England. Since 1874 the rise has been much more gradual.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY. Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Groves' signature is on each box. 25c.

NO DOUBT ABOUT IT.

"Bridget, what did you say to Miss Smith when she called?" "I told her you were out this toime for sure, ma'am."

Messrs. C. C. Richards & Co.

Gentlemen.—After suffering for seven years with inflammatory rheumatism, so bad that I was eleven months confined to my room, and for two years could not dress myself without help. Your agent gave me a bottle of MINARD'S LINIMENT in May, '97, and asked me to try it, which I did, and was so well pleased with the results I procured more. Five bottles completely cured me and I have had no return of the pain for eighteen months.

The above facts are well-known to everybody in this village and neighborhood.

Yours gratefully, A. DAIRT. St. Timothee, Que., May 16th, 1899.

NOTHING COLD.

Hungry Hank.—"Hav' youse enny-ting cold ter ete, lady?"

Mrs. Squelchem.—"Do you think I'm going to the trouble to keep things on ice for specimens of your class!"

Deafness Cannot be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surface.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that can be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

J. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

1896 was the record year for British shipbuilding for foreigners. 100 sailing-ships and 232 steamers were built that year to foreign orders.

A HANDSOME MENU CARD.

It is a noticeable fact that the dining car department of the Grand Trunk Railway System is second to none on the American Continent, and new improvements and modern innovations are continually being made. The Cafe-Parlor cars which have been running on nearly all of the divisions of this great System are a constant source of praise from the travelling public. The company has recently altered the style of the menu cards used on all of the dining cars and cafe-parlor cars, and have gotten up a very handsome and neat bill of fare that appeals to the artistic sense. The stock used is what is known as Old English Ruskin Bristol of fine texture, and mist grey in color. The Grand Trunk trade mark in black appears at the top left-hand corner surrounded by a neat combination of scroll work of Italian renaissance design, printed in gold and embossed in high relief. The name of the meal is also embossed in high relief, and the tout ensemble is a pleasing and artistic combination. The wine lists have the same design at top, and are printed on the same quality of card, but an olive color for distinction.

GROWTH OF CHILDREN.

At five years of age boys are mainly taller than girls, but the girls appear to equal them at the seventh year, and continue thus up to and including the ninth year, after which the boys rise again above the girls for two years. At about twelve years the girls suddenly become taller than the boys, continuing until the fifteenth year, when the boys finally regain their superiority of stature.

If you drink Japan tea try a packet of Blue Ribbon Ceylon Green which is fast displacing it.

Put up Black Mixed & Ceylon Green

MAPLE SYRUP

The Dawson Commission Co., Limited, Toronto.

Consignments of Butter, Eggs, Apples and other Produce Solicited.

THE BEST PAINT



is the paint made from the best materials, studied out, thought out, by practical paint men, and put to the test in actual use in Canada for many years.

RAMSAY'S PAINTS

are the best, and the most economical, ready for use in handy cans, containing the best paint pigments known, ground fine and mixed by experienced men to prevent cracking, blistering or chalking. They are made to wear. Drop us a card and ask for BOOKLET "K" FREE, showing cuts of beautiful homes.

A. RAMSAY & SON, Estab. 1842 MONTREAL Paint Makers



Ornamental Gates and Lawn Fences

are a specialty with us. Prices on application.

THE FROST ornamental gates are the handsomest and best. Write for catalogue.

THE FROST WIRE FENCE CO. LTD., WELLAND, ONT.

ALWAYS PAINTING.

In order to preserve the steel of the gigantic Forth Bridge in Scotland from the effects of the weather, it is painted every third year, and the structure is so large that it takes three years for the workmen employed, about 35 in number, to cover the entire bridge, so that, being compelled as soon as they have reached one end to begin at the opposite end, they are continually at work. The bridge contains 50,000 tons of metal, and is 3,295 feet in length.

For Over Sixty Years

Mrs. Winklow's Sooty-Smoke Syrup has been used by millions of mothers for their children while teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, relieves pain, cures the wind colic, regulates the stomach and bowels, and is the best remedy for Diarrhoea. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Sold by druggists throughout the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winklow's Sooty-Smoke Syrup."

Mrs. Gaddie.—"My husband is so sliphed. His buttons are for ever coming off." Mrs. Goode (severely).—"Perhaps they are not sewed on properly." Mrs. Gaddie.—"That's just it. He's awfully careless about his sewing."

Ask for Minard's and take no other

8,600,000 of the inhabitants of the United Kingdom are between one and five years of age, a number about equal to all who are over 35 years old.

Stop the Cough and work off the Cold. Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, No Pay. Price 25 cents.

Of foreigners in England, Germans come first in point of numbers, with 50,600, and next to them Russians and Poles, of whom that country shelters 45,000.

Minard's Liniment Lumberman's Friend

£31,000,000 of gold and £18,000,000 worth of silver are imported into England in the course of a year, and a little more than these amounts exported.

Monkey Brand Soap makes copper like gold, tin like silver, crockery like marble, and windows like crystal.

In the south-western counties of England, 37 out of every 1,000 persons are in receipt of out-door relief. This number falls to 19 in the north-west counties.

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Preserves the teeth. Sweetens the breath. Strengthens the gums.

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and faded Suits would look better dyed. If no agent of ours in your town, write direct Montreal, Box 154. BRITISH AMERICAN DYEING CO., Montreal.

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Can have a Flute and Drum or Bugle Band. Lowest prices ever quoted. Illustrated price-list mailed free. Write us for ANYTHING in MUSIC or MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

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The Fatal Dower

—OR—

THE DESTRUCTION OF A PROUD SPIRIT.

SYNOPSIS OF PRECEDING CHAPTERS.—Margaret Howard, on the eve of departure to join her secretly married husband, leaves her child with Susan Rivers and is drowned at sea. Susan rears the child, Daisy, as her own, and dies. Her daughter, Margaret, alone knows Daisy's secret. Lord Lisle seeks his child, and Margaret, taking Daisy's birthright, announces herself his daughter. She falls in love with his nephew, Philip. Daisy, Lord Lisle's true daughter, joins her foster-sister, and captivates Philip, who Lord Lisle, on his death-bed, makes promise to marry Rita.

CHAPTER XVII.

"I shall not see your triumphs, Rita," said Daisy, "but I shall hear of them. Lady Carlyon must be difficult to please if she is not charmed with you."

Rita stood before the large mirror in her dressing-room, and Daisy, with her gentle hands, was adding some last finishing touches to her toilet. She had never looked more beautiful. Mrs. Wyverne, unable to keep the secret, had whispered to her that Philip was going to ask her a momentous question that evening, and she had prepared for a grand triumph.

The dress chosen was one that enhanced and increased her regal beauty. It was of the richest green velvet, shaded with a delicate white lace and trimmed with golden fringe. Mrs. Wyverne had wished her to wear nothing but diamonds; they circled her graceful head like points of flame; they were clasped round her firm white throat and the beautiful arms; they suited her well.

Daisy had selected her bouquet; it was of scarlet verbenas and white heath.

"It requires just that dash of crimson to make the picture complete," she said, laughingly.

"You are always thinking of pictures, Daisy," said Mrs. Wyverne.

"Because I love them," she replied.

"Now, Rita darling, have you everything? It is growing late."

"She took from the table a beautiful fan. The blade was wrought in pure gold. It was made of rare white feathers, light as down."

"I never saw any one manage a fan better than you, Rita," she said; "you must have a code for it. Hold that open, my dear, and let me look at you."

Rita opened the fan and the delicate feathers touched her white neck. "That will do," said Daisy; "I am quite satisfied with my picture."

"Would not you like to go with us?" asked Rita, complacently regarding herself in the glass.

"Yes, for some reasons; no, for others," replied the young girl. Now, Theresa, the opera-cloak, please; Miss Lisle will be late."

The crimson cloak was thrown over the white, polished shoulders, and Rita swept out of the room, followed by Mrs. Wyverne.

It was a brilliant night. In the dark afterdays Rita looked back to it as the crowning hour of her triumph.

Lady Carlyon's rooms were magnificently decorated; lights shone like stars from costly flowers that rose in tiers, each one more brilliant than the other.

Azaleas and crimson fuchsias, golden calceolarias, magnificent pelargoniums, delicate heath, heliotropes, roses of every kind and hue formed a gorgeous background. Here and there between the bright flowers one caught sight of a white marble statue. The whole suite of rooms were illuminated. Leading into the large conservatory pretty scented fountains rippled there—a large one in the midst, shaped like a huge lily, from which the water fell with a musical rhythm and cadence that soothed and charmed the ear.

Almost the first gentleman who accosted Rita was Captain Darcy. His happiness was complete when he had secured her hand for the first waltz.

She was surrounded by her court of admirers. Never had the beautiful face shone brighter; never had the brilliant wit and quick powers of repartee been shown to greater advantage.

Miss Lisle was undoubtedly the queen of that great throng. Lady Carlyon was charmed with her. Philip could not help feeling proud of her; nor could he help seeing the different way in which she treated him. To others she was charming and gracious in her peculiar, haughty manner; for him her whole nature seemed to change—her face softened, her dark eyes drooped—he could not help seeing how great was his power over that proud, ambitious heart.

As he watched her, the center of all homage and admiration, he felt that she would fill well the place of Lady Lisle. She would do him credit; she would be one of the fairest branches on the family tree; she would receive the homage of all the great world, and it would reflect fresh glory on his name; but, for all that, he sighed when he recalled a fair, sweet face framed in golden hair, and eloquent eyes full of truth and candor.

It could never be—that fair vision must fade from him; he must linger no more by Daisy's side; he must call him elsewhere. Yet that night, when the girl he had promised to marry shone like a peerless queen among her courtiers, he would have given title, wealth, rank—everything save honor—for his freedom.

Those who saw Lord Lisle that evening wondered at the strange, gloomy expression of his face. He had a task before him; the sooner it was accomplished the better; he was to ask Margaret Lisle when she would become his wife.

There was some slight sensation just after supper. A royal duke, a great admirer of Lady Carlyon, "looked in." His grace happened to be in a particularly happy and genial state of mind. He congratulated Lady Carlyon upon the magnificent appearance of her rooms, and put the final stroke to his amiability by requesting an introduction to Miss Lisle.

Lady Carlyon was delighted. It was the proudest moment of Rita's life. Every eye was turned upon her. She stood erect in the pride of her magnificent beauty, and his royal highness bent before her, dazzled by the light of that wondrous face.

He murmured some few complimentary words and then solicited the favor of one waltz. The keenest observer could not have detected one passing gleam of triumph in the dark eyes; the snowy plumage of the gorgeous fan did not flutter as she held it against her bosom.

Accustomed to stately beauties and ladies of high degree, the duke, the cynosure of all eyes, said to himself that the debutante surpassed them all.

Rita saw the envious and admiring glances that followed her every movement; she knew that the homage of her royal partner would give a stamp and seal to her popularity. Even while she was in the whirl of the dance she thought of all these things. One idea was paramount—Lord Lisle would see how others worshipped her, and it might make him more eager in his wooing.

When the waltz ended, and the duke returned with his beautiful partner to the seat, she had left. Lord Lisle was there with Lady Carlyon. Rita's triumph was complete. His royal highness danced no more; during the few minutes that he remained he lingered by her side; when he bade her adieu, it was with a wish, most flatteringly expressed, that he might have the pleasure of seeing her again.

It was a lesson in worldliness to see how she was surrounded then. Yet no one could discern the faintest consciousness of her success. Her smiles were brighter and more charming than usual; nothing else denoted any elation.

Lord Lisle was struck with what he saw. Surely this girl, from whom

he would so gladly have freed himself, must have fascinations that he did not understand. All around him people were talking of her; the men in warmest, most extravagant terms; the ladies, with affected candor and ill-concealed jealousy. How was it that he alone of all the world was untouched by her beauty, uncharmed by her stately grace?

"You look rather tired," said Lady Carlyon to Miss Lisle. "You have danced every dance, I believe. Lord Lisle, where is your gallantry? Miss Lisle would perhaps like to walk through the rooms. A few minutes in the conservatory would be refreshing; it is cool and fragrant."

With a silent bow, Philip offered his arm to Rita, and they walked through the long suite of rooms.

"Opportunities are given to most men," said Philip. "I had better make the most of mine, as I have a question to ask to-night. I will ask it now and here."

There was no one in the conservatory. Philip placed a chair for Rita near the pretty lily-shaped fountain.

"There could not be a more pleasant place to repose," he said. "It is cool, fragrant and quiet; the sound of this falling water lulls one to rest."

She was gazing dreamily into the rippling water; the music of it took her back to Queen's Lynne. She saw a gorgeous evening sky, a stretch of golden sand, and a sunlit, smiling sea. She saw a dark, handsome face looking in her own; her hands seemed to burn where those passionate kisses had fallen; words such as she would never hear again sounded once more in her ear.

"How he loved me," she thought; "and I never cared for him!"

"Rita," said the low voice of Philip Lisle, "can you spare me a few minutes? I have something very particular to say to you."

She raised her eyes from the rippling water and looked anxiously at him.

But Lord Lisle was puzzled what to say. Had Daisy been sitting there he would have simply said:

"Tell me, Daisy, when will you be my wife?"

He was too honest to feign a love he did not feel, yet he wished to be kind and affectionate to the young girl his dying kinsman had confided to him.

"Do you remember the evening your father died," he asked, "and what passed then?"

A crimson blush covered her face. Could it be that the one passionate hope of her heart was to be gratified at last?

"I could never forget it," she said, gently; and then a deep silence fell upon them.

"Rita," continued Lord Lisle, arousing himself at last, "I am but an awkward wooer—so awkward that I am astonished at myself. Can you overlook that—will you pardon my abruptness, and tell me when you will consent to be my wife?"

For the first time that evening Rita lost her self-possession; the jewelled fingers trembled, the rich color faded from her cheek and lips.

"That is an important question," she replied.

"Yes," said Philip, gravely. "Do not let me hurry you, Rita. Take time to think it over. Give me your answer when you like."

"I do not require time for thinking," she said; "it is not that."

All that was womanly and tender in her seemed to be aroused; the pride and hauteur died from her face; a light, soft and beautiful, came into it; the dark, lustrous eyes were

A Strong Statement.
When a mother puts a thing emphatically it is because she knows what she is talking about. Mrs. J. F. Harrigan, Huntingdon, Que., says: "I have used Baby's Own Tablets in our house for over a year, and I can say that they are all that is claimed for them."

Strong Endorsement.
Mrs. Walter Brown, Milby, Que., says: "I have never used any medicine for baby that did him as much good as Baby's Own Tablets. I would not be without them."

A Mother's Comfort.
"I have found Baby's Own Tablets a perfect medicine for children of all ages," writes Mrs. H. H. Fox, Orange Ridge, Man., "and I would not be without them in the house. They are truly a comfort to baby and mother's friend."

Just The Thing for Baby.
Mrs. Ed. Jones, 55 Christie street, Ottawa, says: "Have used Baby's Own Tablets and find them just the thing for baby."

Satisfactory Results.
Mrs. Hunt, Dumfries, N. B., says: "I am glad to say that I have used Baby's Own Tablets with satisfactory results."

Free to Mothers Only.
To every mother of young children we will send us her name and address plainly written on a postal card, we will send free of all charge a valuable little book on the care of infants and young children. This book has been prepared by a physician who has made the ailments of little ones a life study. With the book we will send a free sample of Baby's Own Tablets—the best medicine in the world for the minor ailments of infants and children. Mention the name of this paper and address The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

A Great Help.
"I have found Baby's Own Tablets a great help for my little ones," writes Mrs. James Clarke, 60 Conway street, Montreal, "and I think so much of them that I would advise mothers to keep them in the house all the time."

An Experienced Mother.
"I am the mother of nine children," writes Mrs. John Hanlan, of Mackay's Station, Ont., "and have had occasion to use much medicine for children, and I can truthfully say I have never found anything to equal Baby's Own Tablets. They are prompt in their action and just the thing for little ones."

A Cure for Constipation.
Many little ones are troubled with constipation and it is a dangerous trouble. Mrs. John Hanlan, Sylvan Valley, Ont., says: "My baby has been badly troubled with constipation and I have never found any medicine to equal Baby's Own Tablets. They soon put baby all right."

Surprising Results.
Mrs. William Fitzgibbon, Steenburg, Ont., says: "My little baby, six months old, was very sick. I gave him Baby's Own Tablets and was surprised to find the change they made in him in a few hours. I shall always keep the Tablets in the house after this."

dimmed with happy tears. "It is not that, Philip," she said, rising and placing her hand on his arm. "I am ready to redeem my promise whenever you will; but do you love me—tell me, do you love me?"

Lord Lisle felt an uncomfortable sensation, as if being placed in the greatest difficulty any one had ever been in. He could not look into that beautiful face, and say bluntly he did not love her; nor could he feign a lover's rapture that he did not feel. He evaded all reply by raising her hand and pressing his lips upon it.

"There are times," she said, with rare and graceful humility, "when I feel unworthy to be your wife. My life has not been all happiness."

"I will do my best," he said, gently, "to make you happy, Rita. Tell me—when will you be my wife?"

On arriving home on that eventful night, Rita hurried to her own chamber. She required no attendance—she longed to be alone. During the whole evening she had exercised marvelous self-control. She had seen herself queen of the most brilliant throng in London. Men whose names were historical had vied with each other who should pay the most flattering homage to her—royal lips had complimented her; and then

MARITIME METAPHORS.

Maritime expressions, used metaphorically, are, in fact, very common. We say a couple are "spliced"; a young man is the "mainstay" of his family, an intruder "puts his oar in," the member from Wayback "steers through" a man is "hard up" sometimes "taken aback," or has "the wind taken out of his sails," a toper is "slewed," a loafer "spins a yarn," sometimes "tries the other tack," and a ruler "steers the ship of state" through "troublesome times." This last metaphor is extremely ancient, by the way. Horace refers to Rome as a ship at sea, and Plutarch says the Delphic oracle referred to Athens in the same way, says a writer in the United Service. A Tamil saying embodies a like metaphor. "The soul is the ship, reason is the helm, the oars are the soul's thoughts, and truth is the port." An old collection of English proverbs contains this one: "The tongue is the rudder of our ship." A Malay maxim says, "The boat, which is swamped at sea may be baled out, but the shipwreck of the affections is final." Aristophanes, Plautus, and others use an expression which comes down to us as an English saw, "To row one way and look another." An old English proverb (1614) was, "It is not good to have an oar in everyone's boat."

came the crowning triumph—Lord Lisle, whom she loved with all the strength of her ambitious nature, had asked her to say when she would be his wife. All this had happened—the very depths of her heart had been stirred. Now she wanted to be alone to think it over.

The wax tapers were lighted on the sumptuous toilet-table—a cosy easy-chair was drawn up to it. Rita fastened the door, and seated herself before the large mirror.

The future lay before her—one path of roses. There was not a thorn to be seen in it—not a cloud in the bright sky that smiled before her. In a few short months the dearest wish of her heart would be gratified—she would be Lady Lisle.

"He loves me," she said to herself; "and in time to come he will worship me."

There came to her no memory of the deep, passionate love that had once been hers.

"After all," she said to herself, "it has prospered. What an old woman's tale all that nonsense about what evil and good is! I have made the most of circumstances—the most of my beauty. I have trampled under foot all that the world calls honor and truth. What am I the worse? Why need I have feared what fools call retribution? I have prospered. Evil has been my good. There is no more a shadow of danger to fear. Henceforward my life will be a series of triumphs one more brilliant than the other. All the world shall know and talk of the beautiful Lady Lisle!"

Her eyes wandered from her own face to the shining diamonds. Suddenly they fell upon a white, folded paper underneath the mirror. She thought nothing of it at first, and did not move to reach it. Not until her reverie ended did she carelessly take up the little note and open it.

Ah, is there no retribution? Can evil prosper? As she reads the bright color fades from her face—the white lips part with a low gasping cry—the jewelled hands tremble—wild horror comes into the dark eyes. Then pushing far from her the shining gems, she lately so proud and radiant—lay white and crumpled upon the ground. Pile, hope, ambition, love—all crushed for the moment by deadly fear.

Yet they were not terrible words that she read. Some would have glanced over them, heedful of the passionate love they betrayed, thinking of the devoted heart that dictated them.

(To Be Continued.)

A school inspector was talking to a class about the duty of showing their best qualities at home. After giving several instances of the kindness given to and received from his own children at home, he said:—

"Now, children, tell me where I should be most missed if I died?" A little boy raised his hand, and said, "In Heaven, sir."

ICE INSTEAD OF DYNAMITE.

A notable quarrying feat has just been accomplished at the Rubislaw Granite quarries, Aberdeen. A large stone had been drilled ready for splitting, when the thought struck the foreman that nature might aid in the object to be attained, the idea being suggested by the severe frost which prevailed. Water was poured into each of the drill holes, and it was found after a couple of days that the block of granite had completely burst open. An idea of the immense power of the frost will be gained when it is stated that the stone thus detached has a weight of about six tons.

SPRING DEPRESSION.

PEOPLE FEEL WEAK, EASILY TIRED OUT AND OUT OF SORTS.

You Must Assist Nature in Overcoming This Feeling Before the Hot Weather Months Arrive.

It is important that you should be healthy in the spring. The hot summer is coming on and you need strength, vigor and vitality to resist it. The feeling of weakness, depression and feebleness which you suffer from in spring is debilitating and dangerous. You have been indoors a good deal through the winter months, haven't taken the usual amount of exercise perhaps, your blood is sluggish and impure and you need a thorough renovation of the entire system. In other words you need a thorough course of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. If you try them you will be surprised to note how vigorous you begin to feel, how the dull lassitude disappears, your step becomes elastic, the eye brightens and a feeling of new strength takes the place of all previous feelings. Thousands have proved the truth of these words and found renewed health through the use of these pills in springtime. One of the many is Miss Cassie Way, of Pictou, Ont., who says:—"A few years ago I was cured of a very severe and prolonged attack of dyspepsia through the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. After all other medicines I had tried failed. Since that time I have used the pills in the spring as a tonic and blood builder, and find them the best medicine I know of for this purpose. People who feel run down at this time of the year will make no mistake in using Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

These pills are not a purgative medicine and do not weaken as all purgatives do. They are tonic in their nature and strengthen from first dose to last. They are the best medicine in the world for rheumatism, sciatica, nervous troubles, neuralgia, indigestion, anaemia, heart troubles, scrofula and humors in the blood, etc. The genuine are sold only in boxes, the wrapper around which bears the full name "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People." Sold by all dealers in medicine or sent post paid at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 by addressing the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Sufferers From Itching Piles

Who Found Quick Relief and Lasting Cure in the Use of Dr. Chase's Ointment.

If you could read a few of the letters which come to these offices from persons who have been freed from the miseries of itching, bleeding, or protruding piles, you would soon realize the marvellous power of this wonderful preparation. Here are two sample letters which show the heartfelt gratitude of cured ones:

Mr. John Tuttle, expressman, 107 Stewart street, Kingston, Ont., states: "Like most men who do much driving, sitting a great deal, and often exposed to dampness, I have been a great sufferer from piles. As a matter of fact, I had piles for a number of years, and tried nearly everything I could hear of in a vain effort to get cured, but only succeeded when I used Dr. Chase's Ointment. The first application of this grand preparation brought me relief from the dreadful itching, burning sensations, and less than two boxes made a perfect and permanent cure. I am grateful for this freedom from suffering, and desire others to benefit by my experience with Dr. Chase's Ointment."

Mr. H. Kelly, Cobourg, Ont., states: "I have used Dr. Chase's Ointment for itching piles, and can truthfully say that it has entirely cured me. Only persons who have endured the torture of itching piles can have any idea of what I suffered. Dr. Chase's Ointment brought me prompt relief from the misery, and has made a thorough cure. I am thankful for this remedy, because it has made life worth living. I cannot say enough in recommendation of Dr. Chase's Ointment."

Dr. Chase's Ointment has no worthy rival as a cure for piles and itching skin diseases. It is possessed of certain powers over these ailments which imitations are unable to reproduce. You can be absolutely sure of Dr. Chase's Ointment bringing relief and cure. It is backed by the testimony of the best people in all parts of Canada. 60 cents a box. At all dealers, or Edmanston, Bates and Co., Toronto.

The Watchman AND OTTAWA VALLEY ADVOCATE

FRIDAY, MAY 9 1902.

The WATCHMAN will be published every Friday.

J. GILES, Proprietor.

The WATCHMAN will be mailed to subscribers in Canada and the United States for \$1.00 in advance, or \$1.50 at the end of the year.

Notices of Births, Marriages and Deaths inserted free.

All transient advertising matter charged 10c. per line, nonpareil measurement.

Locals constituting 5 lines or less, 25 cents each per insertion.

Address all communications to

The WATCHMAN,

LACHUTE - - - QUE.

TOWN COUNCIL.

The regular meeting of above Council was held on Wednesday last Mayor Hugh Gall presiding. There were also present Councilors McCoy, Garretsee, Lavigne, Gibeau, Kearns and Jousse.

Reports of the Road & Finance Committees were received and payment ordered.

Mr. McLean appeared before the Council for the purpose of ascertaining their intentions regarding the damages claimed by him for the loss of his horse.

Councillor McCoy sympathized with Mr. McLean in his loss, but considered that the only way to establish his claim was by taking out an action against the town, and he moved the claim be not entertained.

It was moved by Coun. Jousse, seconded by Coun. Kearns, that a delay of 10 days be given to all parties in arrears of taxes, and if not paid within that time they will be placed in the hands of Mr. G. E. Bampton, for immediate collection.

Upon motion of Coun. Jousse, seconded by Coun. Garretsee, By-Law No. 62 was declared read for the first time.

AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY DIRECTORS MEET.

A meeting of the above society was held on Saturday last at which were present, R. Watson, President, and Directors Chambers, Hamelin, McOuat, Rodgers, Albright, Matthews, Copeland, Nichols, Morrin, Blais.

In regard to holding the Fall Exhibition the Secretary stated that the Permanent Bldg's Co., had refused the offers made by the Co. at its last meeting.

Director W. Albright presented a subscription list of \$78 and an offer by Mr. Lessard to erect a suitable building for the Exhibition provided it was held in the village of St. Andrews and moved its acceptance.

Directors Chambers, Blais and Nichols stated that very suitable grounds and buildings could be secured at St. Philippe and made motion that the Ex. be held there.

Director Hamelin then stated, (on behalf of the Buildings Co'y.) that he would assume the responsibility of accepting the offers of the Agricultural Society which gives members a free ticket as in former years. Moved by Director Copeland, seconded by Director Hamelin that the Exhibition be held on the Permanent Bldg. Co's. grounds, Lachute. Carried.

Director Hamelin also brought the matter of the Agricultural

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Watchman is a very wrapper.

Society owning its own grounds, and Director Morrin moved, seconded by Director McOuat, that the Permanent Buildings Co. be requested to prepare a statement as to the lowest amount they will accept for their property, which the Board of Directors will consider at their next meeting.

CUSHING

No. 2 school is closed at present owing to the absence of the teacher Miss Hyde, who was called away by the serious illness of one of her brothers at Hull.

Miss Elta Hartley spent a few days recently with friends in Lachute.

Messrs. Geo. Nicholls and Jack Kately were visiting friends in Hawkesbury on Sunday last.

Mr. C. F. Kains was in Montreal for a few days last week.

Mr. Emerson Cooke was in Lachute Sunday.

The cheese factory commenced operations for the season on Monday of this week under the charge of Mr. Graydon of Norfolk Co., Ont.

On Friday morning last as a long train of empty freight cars was going east over the great Northern, a wheel on one of the cars broke just below the curve on the rear of Mr. D. Lindsey's farm, a mile or so north of here. The broken car left the track and tumbled over the embankment dragging five others with it. The rear cars kept the track luckily for the brakeman and conductor who had a narrow escape. It took a gang of men several days to clear away the wreck which during that time was visited by a number of spectators who seized the opportunity which does not often come in our way of viewing a bona-fide railway wreck.

HARRINGTON

Master Herbert Bennett, son of Mr. James Bennett who has been very ill with pneumonia, has taken the turn for the better.

Miss Gertrude Webb of Montreal was the guest of Miss Mary McIntosh Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Dougall McCallum visited friends in Avoca on Monday.

Wedding Bells we believe are to ring out in Harrington shortly.

Owing to the prevalence of measles, No. 1 School has been closed. Miss J. McCallum teacher is to take Rivington school for the rest of the term.

Mr. Peter LeRoy of the Riverton Co. was the guest of Mr. John Dobbie last Tuesday.

Mr. William Arthurs paid a flying visit to Mr. McIntoshes last Monday.

Mr. Murdoch McCulloch who is in the Montreal General Hospital undergoing an operation on his neck, is very sorry to report, in a very dangerous condition.

CORRESPONDENCE.

To the Editor of the Watchman,

Dear Sir,—In connection with the regrettable disturbance some time ago, I wish to say in defence of myself, that I am of a peaceable disposition, but on the occasion in question I was taunted and abused by certain individuals which caused me to lose my temper and control, and if I had not been interfered with no disturbance would have occurred.

Yours truly,
GEO. CAMPBELL.

SUPERIOR COURT.

CANADA.
District of Terrebonne, } No. 403
Ste. Scholastique.

Ex Parte.—EDOUARD MARCHAND, Secretary-Treasurer of the Town of St. Jerome in the said district, requesting the nomination of a curator to the vacant succession of Charles Edmond Testard de Montigny, late prothonotary of the Superior Court of the said district of Terrebonne.

Seeing the said petition, it is hereby ordered to the relations and creditors of the said Charles Edmond Testard de Montigny, to appear before me, the Honorable Henri T. Taschereau, one of the judges of the said superior court for the Province of Quebec, in the district of Terrebonne at the Court House, in the village of Ste. Scholastique, in the said district, on Saturday, the 3rd of May next at ten o'clock in the forenoon to give their advice as to the nomination of a curator to the said vacant succession; and that the present order be published twice in French in "La Nation" newspaper published in the town of St. Jerome, and twice in English in the "Watchman" English paper published in Lachute in the said district. Ste. Scholastique, 8th April, 1902.

(Signed) Henri T. Taschereau, J.S.C.
True copy:—Ch. Ed. Marchand,
Solicitor for petitioner.

NEW DEPARTURE

Bargain Counter on 2nd Floor.

Seeds. | SPRING 1902. | Seeds.

JUST RECEIVED

Timothy Seed; Long Red Vermont, Red Western and Alsike
Clover Seed; Bromo Grass, and Tares.
Flower, Garden and Vegetable Seeds.

We are to-day offering a Cut Price in Flour and Feed.

A SPECIAL DRIVE

In Carpets, Carpet Felt, Floor Oilcloth, Wall Paper,
Alabastine, Mixed Paints, Floor Paints, Pure White Lead,

At J. R. McOuat's

The largest assortment of Cereal Foods in town.

Flaked Wheat
Flaked Barley
Rolled Oats
Oatmeal

Grape nuts
Force
Swiss Food
Postum

Malt Breakfast Food

B. HUGMAN & SON.

Groceries, Hardware, Paints, Crockery,
Enamelled Ware Saucepans at half price.

PINE APPLES
PEARS
PEACHES
LE APPLES

Our Soda Fountain will be in operation next week.

900 DROPS

CASTORIA

Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS & CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old Dr. J. C. FLETCHER

Pain, In Seed -
Ailments -
Rickets -
Worms -
Diarrhoea -
In Childhood -
Worms -
Croup -
Whooping Cough -

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac-Simile Signature of
J. C. Fletcher
NEW YORK.

At 6 months old
35 Doses - 35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

SEE
THAT THE
FAC-SIMILE
SIGNATURE
OF

IS ON THE
WRAPPER
OF EVERY
BOTTLE OF

CASTORIA

Castoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It is not sold in bulk. Don't allow anyone to sell you anything else on the plea or promise that it is "just as good" and "will answer every purpose." See that you get C.A.S.T.O.R.I.A.

The fac-simile signature of J. C. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

COLONIST SPECIAL TRAINS

TO THE
CANADIAN NORTHWEST

for settlers and their effects will leave Carleton Place, at 9 p.m. every Tuesday during

MARCH and APRIL

should sufficient business office. A Colonist Sleeper will be attached to each train.

The object of these special trains is to enable colonists to travel with their effects and stock etc., have good accommodation and make quick time. Ask any Canadian Pacific Railway Agent for a SETTLERS' GUIDE, which will tell passenger and freight rates, times of trains, of Government and railway land regulations and how to procure.

A FREE FARM.

SUPERIOR COURT.
CANADA.
PROVINCE OF QUEBEC } 394
DISTRICT OF TERREBONNE

Donald Alexander Campbell of Copper Cliff, County of Nipissing, Province of Ontario, Miner.

vs.

Mary McRae, widow of the late Alexander Campbell, formerly of the Township of Harrington, said District, and now residing in the United States of America.

Defendant.

The Defendant is ordered to appear within one month.
Ste. Scholastique 16 April 1901.
Grignon & Fortier,
Prothonotary S. C.

Children Cry for
CASTORIA.

CORSETS.

Our stock of the
CROMPTON'S
Celebrated Corsets and Waists is now complete.

We have a nice range of the Latest style in French Girdles, in white, blue, and pink fancy silks

LA REINE

Corsets, erect form - from 50c.
Summer Corsets, erect form " 50c.

We had a large sale for these lines last year; they gave good satisfaction, and we expect to double the sales this year.

Children's, Misses', and Ladies'
Waists from - - - 30c.

HUGH FRASER, Jr.
LACHUTE.

REV. DR. STEWART.

The Degree of D. D. Conferred on the Pastor of Willis Church.

The announcement that the degree of D. D. has this week been conferred by Knox college, his Alma mater upon the Rev. A. Stewart, the loved and highly respected pastor of Willis church, Clinton, will be received by the whole community, but especially by his own flock, with much satisfaction. His name in this community has long been honored for the sincerity of his purpose, the purity of his life and the devotion and ability he has displayed in proclaiming the high and sacred truths of the Gospel. We are among those who are glad that this well deserved honor has been conferred upon him and join with his many friends and admirers in congratulating him, feeling that in his case it is no empty honor, but fully expresses his high character and scholarly attainments. We have every reason to believe that he will wear the honor with credit to himself and to the Institution which confers it, and with satisfaction to the public.

Mr. Stewart was born at Lachute, in the Province of Quebec, receiving his early training and education in that province. After some time devoted to the teaching profession, he pursued his higher studies in Toronto University and Knox College, in both of which institutions he distinguished himself as a student of marked ability. After receiving his license to preach he spent some time as a missionary in the Canadian Northwest doing excellent work amongst the Northwest Mounted Police and in other ways in the days of the early settlement of that country in the region of Prince Albert and neighboring points. In the year 1878 several openings for pastors presented themselves in this province, and from amongst them he accepted the call from Willis church, Clinton, where ever since his induction he has continued to work with good success and singular devotion, disinterestedness and ability, in the course of his long ministry, having refused various offers to go elsewhere, which from a worldly point of view appeared to be better positions. We are certain to express the mind of all classes in this community when we wish for our highly-respected fellow-citizen many years within which to wear his well-deserved honor and to continue his good and self denying labors amongst us.—Ex.

THE PERFECT TEA

MONSOON TEA

FROM THE TEA PLANT TO THE TEA CUP IN ITS NATIVE PURITY.

"Monsoon" Tea is packed under the supervision of the Tea growers, and is advertised and sold by the as a sample of the best qualities of Indian and Ceylon Teas. For that reason they are not true but the very fresh leaves go into Monsoon packages.

That is why "Monsoon" the perfect Tea, can be sold at the same price as inferior tea.

It is put up in sealed caddies of 1/4 lb., 1 lb. and 5 lbs., and sold in three flavours at 40c., 50c. and 60c. If your grocer does not keep it, tell him to write to STEEL, HAYTER & CO., 11 and 13 Front St. East, Toronto

LACHUTE STATION.

GOING EAST:

Mont'l & Bst'n Express 6 2 a.m.
Local Express - 1.45 a.m.
" - 8.57 p.m.

GOING WEST:

Local Express - 9.55 a.m.
" - 7.3 p.m.
"Soo" Express - 11.34 p.m.

Children Cry for CASTORIA.

SUITABLE

BIRTHDAY PRESENTS.

Sometimes it is difficult to select a suitable gift for your friend. We have a nice assortment of Music Cases, Easels, Chairs, and Rockers that make presents that are always appreciated.

LACHUTE FURNITURE FACTORY,
O. B. Lafleur, Prop.

OUR SPRING ANNOUNCEMENT

Wall Papers

We handle the celebrated Watson Foster Co's Wall Papers. House cleaning a pleasure when you have such nice goods to fix up with. All full length double rolls.....

10c to 60c.

Carpets.

We have the largest and best assortment of Carpets and Floor Oil Cloths ever shown in Lachute. The stock comprises Velvets, Brussels, Tapestry, Wools Unions, and Hemp.

Lace Curtains.

New Fabrics, pretty designs, and all the latest line in Art Muslins. Our lace curtains range from.....

50c to \$3.50 pr.

Dress Goods.

All the latest shades and cloths to suit all buyers.

Silks.

A nice line of New Silks, suitable for Blouses, all colors at.....

50c yd. net

Prints and Muslins.

Enormous stock of these lines. See our extra heavy print, fast colors, 32 inches wide, at per yard

10c.

Embroideries and Laces.

We never had such a display of embroideries and laces. Some of the best bargains ever offered in these lines at about half the price of former years.

Ladies Underwear.

An ever increasing demand for these goods, combined with extra floor space, has induced us to stock ladies white underwear. We have Underskirts - from \$1.00 up. Night Gowns - from 80c up. Corset Covers - from 25c up. Drawers - from 50c up.

Hosiery

An extra fine line of Women's Plain Black Cashmere Hose, seamless foot, worth 35 cents for.....

25 cts. pair

Other lines at 35 and 50 cents.

Shirts and Collars.



We keep the celebrated W. G. & R. brand in Men's and Boys' Warranted Fast Colors.

Ready-made Clothing.

Since our store we have added a new stock of Men's Boys' and Y clothing, equal to anything else. Prices low enough to suit every pocket.

Boots and Shoes.

An elegant stock of all the new shapes and styles for the season.

We have about 100 to 200 pairs of sample boots and shoes. Sizes for men 6 1/2, 7, and 7 1/2, for ladies 4 and 4 1/2. These are extra fine goods and will be sold cheap.

A Nice Stock of Trunks and Valises on hand.

McFAUL BROS.

TWO STORES

LACHUTE and BROWNSBURG.

Soft Harness

You can make your harness as soft as a glove and as tough as wire by using EUREKA Harness Oil. You can lengthen its life—make it last twice as long as it ordinarily would.

EUREKA Harness Oil

makes a poor looking harness like new. Made of pure, heavy bottled oil, especially prepared to withstand the weather.

Sold everywhere in cans—all sizes.

Made by IMPERIAL OIL COMPANY.

Canada Province of Quebec } No. 446. District of Terrebonne

Dame Rose De la Vermette, of the village of St. Eustache, said district, duly authorized.

Plaintiff.

vs.

Elbi Spenard, of the same place, gentleman.

Defendant.

An action in separation as to property has been, this day instituted against the defendant.

Ste. Scholastique, April 26, 1902.

J. A. C. Ethier,

Plaintiff's Attorney.

Windsor Salt

Purest and Best for Table and Dairy No adulteration. Never cakes.

FARM FOR SALE.

One farm of 100 acres with good house and farm buildings, sugar bush, orchard and quantity of lumber. The other two about 175 acres, with large quantity of mixed lumber, close to saw mill. Terms will be made to suit purchaser. Apply Sale of effects May 13th. Thomas Dixon, Long Lake, Lakefield.

1902. SPRING. 1902.

SUITINGS. OVERCOATINGS. HATS. CAPS. GENTS FURNISHINGS.

Everything New and Up-to-date

.....Stock Larger and Better Than Ever

See my Hats before you buy for spring, they are all the Latest Styles.

A. D. KENNEDY,

Agent for Montreal Steam Laundry.

DRESS GOODS

We have added some Nice Lines of Dress Goods to our stock, and with these some choice

Tailor-made Costumes

From the well-known house of John Northway & Son of Toronto. FAWN, BLUE and GREY are the Colors.



CLOTHING

New lines in choice weaves and colors for men and boys. These cannot be equalled in fit and finish.

These are not made in sweat shops—that is half-made goods—but are fine tailored suits.

You make a mistake if you forget us.

W. BANFORD.

GENTLEMEN . . .

Come and see my assortment of SPRING GOODS just received. Large variety to choose from including Latest Scotch Stripes and Imported Goods. First-class Workmanship and Best Trimmings on all Suits.

D. LAPOINTE,
MERCHANT TAILOR.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

The best and most popular route to Toronto Niagara Falls, London, Detroit, Chicago, and all points in the United States and Canada.

Fast Express trains leave Montreal, Toronto and the West, as follows—

	Daily	Daily
Lvs. MONTREAL	9.00 a.m.	8.00 p.m.
Arr. TORONTO	4.50 p.m.	6.50 a.m.
Arr. HAMILTON	5.50 p.m.	8.15 a.m.
Arr. NIAGARA FALLS	7.15 p.m.	10.10 a.m.
Arr. BUFFALO	8.35 p.m.	11.45 a.m.
Arr. LONDON	7.45 p.m.	11.00 p.m.
Arr. DETROIT	9.40 p.m.	1.10 p.m.
Arr. CHICAGO	7.20 a.m.	8.45 p.m.

The above trains make close connection at Chicago with the fast express trains for St. Paul, Winnipeg, and all points in the Western States including California, Oregon, Washington, British Columbia, and the Pacific Coast.

*A Cafe Parlor Car is attached to the train, serving luncheon a la carte, at any hour during the day convenient to passengers.

Tourist sleepers leave Montreal every Monday and Wednesday at 10.30 p.m. for the accommodation of passengers holding first or second class tickets to Chicago and West thereof as far as the Pacific Coast. A nominal charge is made for accommodation in these sleepers. Berths reserved in advance.

The Grand Trunk Railway System is also the most direct route to Portland, Boston, and all points in the New England States, also to New York.

For tickets, reservations of space in sleepers, apply to

J. M. DORION, Lachute or St. Philippe
W. H. GARRETTSE, Lachute,

Canada Province of Quebec } No. 2. District of Terrebonne.

Dominion Contested Election Act and Amendments. Election Petition of the Electoral District of Two Mountains.

Joseph Legault, Petitioner.

vs.

Joseph Arthur Calixte Ethier, Defendant.

Take notice that the above petition will be tried at the Court House of this district, at Ste. Scholastique, on the twenty-seventh day of May nineteen hundred and two, at ten o'clock in the forenoon and on such other subsequent days as may be needed.

Dated at Ste. Scholastique this first day of May, one thousand nine hundred and two.

By order Grignon & Fortier P. S. C.

SUPERIOR COURT

Canada Province of Quebec } No. 443 District of Terrebonne.

JOSEPH SEALE, of the township of Morin, in the district of Terrebonne farmer.

Plaintiff.

vs.

JOHN McLAUGHLIN, of Massena State of New York, in the United States of America.

Defendant.

The Defendant is ordered to appear in the month.

Grignon & Fortier, Prothonotary S. C. St. Scholastique, April 26, 1902.

Children Cry for CASTORIA.

TO BE GAY WITH FLOWERS

CORONATION CITY TO BE TRANSFORMED.

Speculators Work Corner on Naval Review, But May Come to Grief.

The Westminster City Council has approved a striking scheme for decorating the streets within its confines through which the coronation procession will pass. At Hyde Park corner a magnificent triumphal arch will be erected. Piccadilly is to be a vista of Venetian masts, joined by wreaths of evergreens and red roses. At the centre of each flower will be placed a small electric lamp.

This scheme of decoration is to be carried out along Piccadilly, St. James' street, Pall Mall, Duncannon street and the Strand to Temple Bar.

The most striking part of the decorations will be a royal triumphal arch opposite the houses of Parliament, which is to represent the British Isles. It will consist of a central arch and two side arches, constructed in the Gothic style. On top of the arches will be figures of St. George, St. Andrew and St. Patrick. The entire route of the procession in the neighborhood of Westminster Abbey will be lined on both sides with countless white standards upon tall masts.

PREPARATION BEGUN.

Coronation preparations are now beginning in earnest. This is particularly to be noticed at Westminster Abbey, where vanloads upon vanloads of timber are being deposited at the entrances. From what I learn, on the very best of authority, there will be at least seven thousand people present inside the Abbey. Quite two-thirds of them will see nothing of the coronation ceremonies, whatever, though, of course, all will hear the music and see the processions. Only three baronets will be present at the ceremony, including the premier baronet of England, Sir Hickman Beckett Bacon.

The determination to hold the naval review on the Saturday following the coronation ceremonies has caused very much annoyance among the general public, but it must be remembered that the people who have entertained to do must be considered. To have prolonged the coronation festivities another week, till after the naval review, would have entailed enormous expense. Therefore, for economy's sake these hard times, it was not considered expedient to put off the naval review for a week.

Besides, the admiralty has, for nearly a year, been making its arrangements, and to put back the programme only one week would have caused a great upset in naval movements all over the world.

SPECULATORS BUSY.

At Portsmouth a great number of American speculators have been going about chartering vessels of all descriptions, which they intend hiring only for review day. But, as a well-known nautical authority said to me, there is very great likelihood of the aforesaid speculators coming a nasty cropper, as it will be simply impossible for many people to get down to Portsmouth for the review unless they go several days before the event, and few would care to give up the London sights, including processions and illuminations, for the sake of the review. An official at one of the railway stations told me that it was considered next to impossible for any great number of people to get to the railway stations Friday night, let alone reach Portsmouth, for millions of people will be in the streets to see the coronation illuminations, and those who have had experience of shows like this know that the streets are impassable except at a snail's pace. I have heard that any number of parties are being made up already by society people to leave London altogether for coronation week, as they don't intend to lose the naval review. Houses are letting fast and furious on the Isle of Wight, from the end of May, or about six weeks earlier than usual.

KILLING THE GOLDEN GOOSE.

As time advances it becomes more apparent than ever that there is going to be a big slump in the business of letting houses, seats and grand stands unless the owners of these get into a more reasonable frame of mind. One would think that the failures of some of those who erected stands on the occasion of the Diamond Jubilee would be too fresh in the memory for such speculators to risk a repetition of that disaster. Boards are appearing all along the route where the processions of both days will pass, but the prices asked are so high that those in charge of the box offices say business is hanging fire terribly.

It is the same with houses. Here is one instance of what owners are doing—According to the statement of a certain house agent, an owner wrote to him saying that his house usually let for the season for \$1,500 but, as this was coronation year, he would take nothing less than \$4,000. It is the same all round with both the larger and the smaller houses.

It is likely that if people wanting houses, seats and grand stands will only hold out prices, will suddenly take a very great drop as the coronation draws near. There is no danger that by waiting they will miss the chance of getting accommodation. There will be found to be plenty of more for all.

WHEN WILL SHE VOTE?

Signs of the Times Say Women Will Soon have the Franchise.

The polar glaciers, it has been declared, do not move, but actual observation by the late celebrated Louis Agassiz proved that they do move. Just so the casual observer declines to believe that the agitation for the enfranchisement for women does anything more than mark time. Yet the student of the reform knows that every year sees a steady advance. The late Dr. Dale, of Birmingham, said it took thirty years to get an idea into the heads of his congregation; short time, too, if the idea be a valuable one.

Custom's bonds loosen slowly. The Empress of China has just issued an edict, by which she directs all officials to discourage the bandaging of the feet of female children, saying that the custom is a barbarous one. A great point gained for the women of China.

We notice that the General Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church of the United States meets in about two years, and will, for the first time, contain women delegates. The Union Signal, of Chicago, says: "The male chorus of that great body will be a thing of the past; the full-throated chorus of voices, male and female, will arise in complete and resounding harmony. By the votes of 8,196 men (the members of the Annual Conference) the door into the General Conference has been opened. This is the result of years of education, hope and prayer. When Francis Willard was elected a delegate in 1888, and denied admission, she then said, 'Women will be admitted to the General Conference, if not now, later on.'"

THE FORCES ARE GATHERING.

Woman herself is only just awakening to the disabilities of disfranchisement. The British Parliament has recently been confronted by a petition signed by 66,800 women employed in the textile factories of Cheshire, Yorkshire and Lancashire, praying for the right to vote. These women have grievances the ballot would help them protest against. The trade unionists are supporting their appeal.

Here is an instance of the unfairness and injustice with which women are often treated. "A system of continued reductions in the salaries of women teachers, by the School Board of London, England, has resulted in the women seeking more remunerative employment, in such numbers that the question of securing enough teachers is now a serious one. A recent advertisement for fifty teachers brought but four applicants. The maximum yearly salary is £80."

Instances like the above are the levers to push conservative and timid women out into the franchise movement.

There was once a man who zealously declared that woman had no right to invade the field of wage earning men; she should stay at home, where she belonged. Finally his four cousins, three sisters, and two maiden aunts, who were without a masculine protector, gathered about him and inquired, "Whose home? Yours?" Whereat he perceived that theory ends where fact begins.

ONE WAY OUT OF POLYGAMY.

African Chief Made Himself Eligible for Baptism.

A missionary returned from equatorial Africa told this story at a minister's club to illustrate his remark that the bringing of heathen into the fold didn't begin to be the biggest job that the missionary had on his hands.

In this man's territory there was a chief who had resisted every appeal to make him a Christian. He was the biggest man in a sort of confederation of savage tribes, and the missionary knew that if the big chief were once converted the effect would be felt by every native within fifty miles. So the missionary kept after him month in and month out, in face of every kind of indifference and rebuff.

At the end of two years the missionary was all but ready to give up, when one day the miracle came to pass—the big chief's heart was touched by the truths of Christianity. The missionary redoubled his efforts, and in two months more the big chief offered himself for baptism. It looked like a great victory won, until, in examining the new convert, the missionary discovered that, according to the chiefly prerogative, he had two wives. The missionary expressed his horror, indignation and grief to the chief.

He explained to him how the state of polygamy was a barrier to any one who wished to become a Christian. Then he prayed with him, and the chief departed, weeping over his unfitness.

But a month later he came again, joyous, devout, and, throwing himself at the missionary's feet, asked for baptism.

"My brother," said the missionary, "I cannot baptise you while you are the husband of two wives."

"No two wives; just one wife now," said the chief.

The missionary raised him to his feet. Here was the true penitent.

"My brother," said the missionary, "you make my heart glad. And what did you do with your second wife?"

"Um," answered the chief, "She no good; me want be Kistian; me eat her."

WAR AUTOMOBILES NOW.

THE BRITISH GOVERNMENT IS EXPERIMENTING.

Powerful Engine Suitable for Work in a Rough Country.

The British Government is about to experiment not only in air ships for war purposes but in armor plated automobiles for coast defence as well.

In fact, a machine of the latter type has been completed, and recently was given a test at the Crystal Palace, London. The car is the invention of Mr. Frederick R. Simms, and was built for Vickers' Sons & Maxim. The construction and experimental work occupied nearly three years.

It is mainly designed for coast defence, but is equally suitable for offensive and defensive work over rough country, keeping open lines of communication, dragging guns into position and hauling stores and men. It is practically an ironclad fort on wheels, with a sixteen horse power motor and a speed of nine miles per hour. It is capable of a load of twelve tons. Fuel for two hundred miles is carried in a tank.

It can be driven and steered by one man and has an armament of two pom-poms, two automatic quick firing Maxims and 10,000 rounds of ammunition. Three or four men can work the guns, but there is sufficient platform room to accommodate twenty. It is

FITTED WITH SEARCHLIGHTS and a rope ladder, which can be drawn up when moving or fighting. Its armor plate, of six mm., is of steel, impervious to small arms, and suspended in such a fashion as to be apart from the car frame, to minimize the effects of vibration. The extreme length of the armor is twenty-eight feet, its width is eight feet and its height ten.

Work on the airship, which Dr. F. A. Barton is constructing for the War Office, is being pushed forward. Dr. Barton is confident that he has solved the problem of aerial navigation. He claims to have experimented twenty years ago with a machine practically identical with the Santos-Dumont VI. He believes the aeroplane holds the solution of the problem of flying in the air, but early experiments have demonstrated the danger of using that principle alone. Dr. Barton combines in his machine both balloon and aeroplane.

The air ship consists of a cigar shaped balloon, 180 feet long and 41 feet in diameter, from which is suspended a framework of tubular steel, 18 feet wide at the top and tapering to the bottom, almost as long as the balloon itself. The latter is of Japanese silk, built in compartments, and contains a balloon-ette filled with air. The whole is covered with a chemise of silk, containing strips of bamboo, and to which is attached the steel framework.

This is constructed on the cantilever plan, with a cantilever keel running the full length like the side of

A BRIDGE INVERTED.

There are three cars, five and a half feet in diameter, placed from bow to stern amidships, with a two and a half foot passage between them.

Three sets of adjustable aeroplanes eighteen feet square, in a similar position to that of the cars, will lift the machine.

The motive power is applied by six sets of double propellers, each having three parallel blades, and so placed at the four corners of the sides of the framework as not to interfere with each other's power. These are driven by petroleum engines in each car. Fuel is carried in thirty-six tanks distributed in the cars.

Dr. Barton expects to develop a speed of twenty-five miles an hour. The balloon will weigh, when complete, six hundred pounds. He calculates that it will be able to develop four times the lifting power necessary. The rudder is a vertical aeroplane at the stern.

DEPLORABLE SUPERSTITION.

So slowly does superstition fade in the face of education that even on September 17th, 1875, an old woman was killed as a witch at Long Compton, in Warwickshire, England, the murderer being, however, a half-insane man; but in Ireland, at Ballyvedhan, in Tipperary County, as recently as March 15th, 1895, a young woman, only twenty-seven years of age, was burned to death as a witch, for which crime, on July 5th following, her own husband was sentenced to twenty years' penal servitude and five others to different terms of imprisonment.

LADY BLACKSMITHS.

The eight daughters of a Leeds, England, blacksmith have all worked at their father's forge. Four of them have married, but the others work five hours a day making water and gas hooks—a sort of broad, bent nail, used by plumbers for fixing gas and water pipes. The blacksmith says he pays his daughters at piecework rates, and that they seem to much prefer the work to the business of a clerk. Much of their "striking" is done by their feet, by which they operate a mechanical hammer. Asked if she could shoe a horse, one of the lady blacksmiths replied: "No, I don't think I could; I should be afraid of its kicking."

THE CARE OF VACCINATION.

When Properly Done There Is No Danger of Disease.

The occurrence of several cases of lockjaw following vaccination has recently alarmed a good many persons, who assumed that the poison was in the vaccine matter; but the disease was really the result of a secondary infection of the vaccination wound with the germ of lockjaw.

A similar, but fortunately less serious, infection occurs when the arms are very sore and inflamed, the germs in this case being those of pus formation instead of lockjaw. In other instances erysipelas microbes have invaded the vaccine wound, with the result that a very serious illness has occurred where at the most only a slight inconvenience was to be looked for.

Smallpox is such a fearful disease, and vaccination, when properly done is in the main so good a protection, that any universal distrust and consequent abandonment of vaccination would be nothing short of disastrous. On this point we must accept the unanimous testimony of the best educated physicians when opposed by the opinions of a comparatively small number of earnest and honest, but not scientifically trained, individuals.

As a matter of fact, since the use of animal vaccine has supplanted the old arm-to-arm vaccination, there is no danger of inoculating any kind of disease with the vaccine. Such inoculation, when it occurs, comes later, usually in consequence of neglect or mistreatment of the vaccination wound.

Shields are useful in their time, but are a source of great danger when worn too long. A shield may be worn for a day or two, but not longer. Then it should be replaced by a little pad of absorbent cotton impregnated with boric acid, a fresh piece being applied morning and night and retained in place by a bandage, sticking-plaster or colloidion. This dressing can be employed just as well from the first instead of the shield, time being allowed for the place to become perfectly dry before the cotton is applied.

If the arm becomes inflamed, especially if matter is oozing from the sore, it should be cleansed frequently by trickling over it a stream of boiled (not boiling) water, and then applying a pad of cotton wet with boric acid solution. The physician who performed the operation should always see the arm within a week in any case, and earlier if the part becomes sore.

If cleanliness is observed and the sore is not allowed to fester for days under a shield, neither lockjaw nor any other serious disease need be feared.

SWITZERLAND'S PLAN.

Making a Highway from That Country to the Sea.

Switzerland is the only important country in Europe, except Serbia, that has no sea coasts. It depends upon other nations for seaports and steamship lines, paying large sums of money to foreign transportation companies to carry all its foreign trade. This is of course a commercial disadvantage.

A young Swiss engineer has submitted a plan to the Government for an all-water route from the city of Basel to the North Sea. Basel, on the Rhine, is about 300 miles from Rotterdam, the nearest port on the North sea. This engineer, Mr. Gelpke, proposes to render the Rhine navigable for freight steamers at all seasons of the year by regulating its water level. He suggests that between Basel and Mannheim, the present head of navigation on the Rhine, fourteen dams be constructed to raise the water level along that entire stretch of the river. Each dam should be provided with suitable locks for the passage of vessels and with sluices for driving turbines for the production of electrical power.

He estimates that the project would cost \$20,000,000 and that the turbines would yield at least 100,000 horse power, which could be utilized by the industrial establishments in Alsace and in the Grand Duchy of Baden.

Germany has larger commercial relations with Switzerland than any other nation and it is thought she would not be averse to adding a practicable water route to the fine railroad facilities which now connect her with the little Republic.

The Swiss Government and people would be glad to encourage any feasible scheme for connecting their country by water with the sea. Mr. Gelpke's plan is therefore receiving considerations as well as another project that is also attracting attention. This plan is to build a canal from Basel to connect with the famous Rhine-Rhone Canal that now enables small Rhine boats to travel all the way to Marseilles. The Rhine-Rhone Canal starts from Mulhausen on the Rhine and extends in a southwest direction to the Doubs River, which is a navigable tributary of the Rhone.

"Mother," said Harry Higgins, "Mr. Trivitt sent his little boy on an errand to get a hundred things, and Jimmy didn't forget one." "That's the right kind of boy to have," replied Mrs. Higgins. "I wish you were like him, because you always forget one or two." "But I could remember all the things," Mr. Trivitt told Jimmy to get. "What were they?" "A hundred postage stamps."

FROM BONNIE SCOTLAND

NOTES BY MAIL FROM HER BANKS AND BRAES.

Many Things Happen to Interest the Minds of Auld Scotia's Sons.

Two hundred and six smallpox patients were under treatment last week in Glasgow.

The death took place recently of Lady Usher, wife of Sir John Usher, of Norton, Mid-Lothian.

Passengers may now travel two and one-third miles for a penny on the Glasgow transportation tram-cars.

It is estimated that the late Mr. James Dick's legacies to his Glasgow employees will absorb about £100,000.

Recently there passed away Mr. D. B. Buglass, governor of East Poorhouse, Dundee, at the age of 62 years.

It has been resolved to establish a Conciliation Board in Dundee for the settlement of disputes in the textile industry.

Mr. Archibald Taylor, inspector of hackney carriages in Edinburgh is dead. He had been in the service of the city for 18 years.

A fire which broke out in a Glasgow cotton warehouse did considerable damage last week. The workers escaped without injury.

At a meeting of the Royal Scottish Academy at Edinburgh, last week four Edinburgh artists and a Glasgow sculptor were elected associates.

Sheriff Fife, of Glasgow, imposed the full penalty last week against two persons charged with failing to notify cases of smallpox in their houses.

Greenock Corporation have decided not to appeal to the court of Session on the point whether the tramway company has powers to run cars on Sundays.

The fishery cruiser Vigilant, after a long stern chase, brought into Stornoway, the steam trawler Arkenes, of Newcastle, charged with illegal trawling.

At the ripe age of 88, the Rev. Dr. Fraser, the venerable minister of the parish church of Colvend, Kirkcudbrightshire, died last week. He was a native of Auchmosnish, Invernesshire.

Paisley Established Church Presbytery approved of the recommendation of the General Assembly's Committee to admit Rev. Julius McCallum, B.D., Paisley, a minister of the Baptist church.

Registrar Hope, at Edinburgh, has "hung up" for four successive years the discharge from Bankruptcy of Mr. John Fraser, who succeeded in squandering between 1890 and last year no less than £43,000.

A recent decision of the Lord Deane of Guild of Glasgow, granting authority for the erection of a theatre at Bath street and Elmbank street was affirmed by the second Division of the Court of Session.

A pauper who died at the Perth Workhouse recently left behind him a locked desk, which, on being forced open was found to contain £1,105. The man had lived alone, and apparently in dire poverty for years.

In celebration of his eighty-first birthday a Driffield octogenarian has just given a party, to which he invited sixteen guests, each older than himself. The united ages of the host and his friends amounted to over 1,400 years.

Lord Malcolm, of Poltalloch, is dead. His lordship, who was in his sixty-ninth year, came of a very ancient Scottish family, who claimed to be the head of the scattered remnants of the Clan McCallum. He was one of the tallest and strongest men that ever sat in the House of Commons.

A HAPPY TIME IN STORE.

"So you are really engaged, dear?" said Elsie, gushingly, to her particular friend, Madge.

"Yes, dear," was the blushing reply. "I am really engaged at last."

"And to that stern, stolid-looking fellow, Alec Wilson?"

"Yes, that is the 'happy man,'" laughed Madge.

"Isn't he inclined to be masterful?" suggested Elsie.

"Oh, yes, dear," replied her friend, quickly; "he often says that after we are married he means to manage the house, look after my personal expenditure as well as his own, and, in fact, have his own way in everything."

"Good gracious! And you seriously tell me you mean to marry a man like that?" cried Elsie, in astonishment.

"Oh, yes, dear; I wouldn't give up the idea on any account. You see it will be such fun to show him how absurd such ideas are—won't it?" and the speaker smiled a wicked smile, which the happy Alec ought to have seen, but luckily didn't.

SULTAN'S THRONE ROOM.

The throne-room of the Sultan at Constantinople is a gorgeous sight. The gilding is unequalled, and from the ceiling hangs a superb Venetian chandelier, the 200 lights of which make a gleam like that of a small sun. The throne is a huge seat covered with red velvet, having arms and back of pure gold.

FOR THE HOME

Recipes for the Kitchen.
Hygiene and Other Notes
for the Housekeeper.

THE APPLE IN COOKERY.

The average cook needs to be taught the different treatment of sour and sweet apples, although for general all-round use in cooking, a sub-acid apple is the best choice where one cannot have several kinds. The sweet apple requires longer and slower cooking; it has more fiber or cellulose, and keeps its form better than the acid fruit after cooking, resembling in this respect the quince. For this reason sweet apples are often used in quince preserve and jams,—"to make it go further," as the economical woman says. It dilutes the strong flavor of the quince without materially changing the consistency or appearance of the sauce.

Hard sweet apples should be cooked slowly a long time, but mellow sour or mild apples should be dropped into boiling syrup and taken up on a wire spoon as soon as tender. The syrup may then be boiled to a thicker consistency.

Baked apples may be dried, shriveled and tasteless, or the reverse. To have them at their best, pare and core without cutting; butter an earthen dish and sprinkle with sugar. Place the apples in it close together, and sprinkle lightly with sugar. Most apples will be better if covered the first 10 or 15 minutes; this keeps the juice from evaporating. Baked apples are better for being basted with the syrup which forms in the dish. Bake sweet apples cored, pared or not as preferred, and covered with a syrup made from brown sugar or molasses and water. Cover the dish and cook a long time. A bean pot is an excellent place for baking apples.

Late in the season apples are sometimes almost entirely lacking in flavor. In this case a few raisins or the grated peel and the juice of a lemon give a distinct taste; but whenever fruit has flavor of its own, it should not be smothered in sugar, or overcome by flavoring extracts. Our delicacy of taste needs cultivating, not blunting by strong flavors made from chemicals.

Dried apple pies and sauce have been ridiculed even in doggerel, but the cook (not the fruit) should be the subject of flippancy. Dried apple or other dried fruit should be rinsed in cold water and then soaked in cold water enough to a little more than cover, for several hours. It will then have absorbed the moisture which it lost in drying. It should be cooked in the water in which it was soaked, because some of its juices have become dissolved and would be wasted if poured off, leaving the fruit tasteless. Cooked without stirring, it will closely resemble fresh apple.

The acid of apples is needed and relished with fat meats like roast pork or roast goose. Our foremothers served fried apples with their fried salt pork, and it was a good combination.

As the apple has considerable pectose and gum in its composition, even the amateur succeeds in making jelly from it. Waste apples will furnish a half dozen glasses at a time with little work and give a pure article for the table in preference to the turnips and glucose of commercial jellies.

In fact, the apple is a most adaptable fruit in cookery. Its possible uses extend from salad to desert; it comes on with the cereal at breakfast and with the roast at dinner. In the sick room the invalid is refreshed with apple tea, and in early convalescence is allowed a baked apple.

Any skilled cook who understands principles and combinations can evolve a long succession of desserts from apples, because they combine well with the starch of rice, tapioca, corn flour and similar preparations, also with eggs, milk or cream, and with batters and doughs from flour and all kinds of meal. The possibilities with gelatine in fancy molds and garnishes is also large. Probably the worst way to cook apples is inclosed in a dough tied in a bag and boiled, or in a pie with a sodden undercrust.

The pie that comes to the modern dinner table is a different affair from those that grandmother used to make. Of a well-made apple pie it is proper to remember that:

All new dishes fade, the newest oft the fleetest;
Of all pies ever made, the apple's still the sweetest.

This of course means a freshly baked, juicy pie, seasoned mildly and with a light, flaky crust. The apple pie deteriorates with keeping. Serve it fresh and not quite cold. It is well to make it sometimes without top crust, cover with a meringue or with whipped cream. Give it the frills and furbelows that are granted to oranges, lemons and bananas when they are cooked, and the result will show that the apple responds to this treatment. In fact, is there another fruit that can be treated so abominably by cooks and yet furnish something eatable?

WINTER CLOTHING.

To put away winter clothing select a sunny, windy day. Put everything out on the line to air, turn pockets inside out, whip free from dust,

brush, and clean off all spots with ammonia and water, or with benzine, but have no fire near if you use the latter. If benzine is used it must be used out of doors, not in the house. Do not leave any dirty spots, for they are what moths revel in.

Blankets, if soiled, should be washed in suds as hot as you can bear your hands in, made with a good laundry soap, and with borax or ammonia in it. Rinse in water of the same temperature, wring flat through a wringer, hang on the line and shake and snap often while drying to raise the nap. Do not put all of them away; keep one out of each bed in case of cold, rainy weather, or sickness through the summer. They may be safely kept if wrapped in newspapers or laid smoothly between the mattresses.

Wrap the smaller articles in fresh newspapers. There is something in printers' ink that moths dislike, perhaps because it is often used in telling how to circumvent them. Tie up and label all articles and pack away in chests and drawers, putting a list of them on top.

Hang dresses, waists and skirts smoothly on dress-hangers, then line an old sheet with newspapers, pinned or basted on, and pin tightly around them and hang up. They will come out in the spring fresh as when hung up.

In folding men's garments use great care to prevent wrinkles. Place newspapers, folded flat the entire length of trousers and sleeves, and wrap in newspapers. The best winter suit had better be treated like your dress, hung on a wire hanger inside of a paper-lined sheet. No ill-smelling camphor balls are necessary if these directions are followed.

HOME HINTS.

Put the forced bulbs from the window garden in the ground with a layer of sand about them to guard against rot.

When a steel gets rusty cover it with sweet oil well rubbed on; next day rub again with finely-powdered unslaked lime until all rust disappears.

Bring the plants out of the cellar and get them ready for their summer's work. The lengthening hours of sunshine will color up the yellow leaves and bring out new ones.

Chicken-pox and scarlet fever both greatly affect the eyes of a patient, so great care should be taken during and after an attack either to shield the eyes from strong light and to avoid straining them, or weak eyes through life may result.

The best cure for intestinal troubles is twenty-four hours of starvation. Do not eat till the tongue grows clean. Quench thirst by drinking all the hot water you can and wrap the bowels lightly in laudages of hot flannel.

An ideal bedroom is provided only with the essentials for healthy sleep and for the air to be kept as pure as possible. The windows are arranged to open at top and bottom, the floors are bare and the rugs used on them so small they can readily be taken out of doors for cleaning and airing. Everything should be washable, the mattress not too soft and the room contain none but necessary furniture.

Save all soot from chimneys where wood has been used and apply it to the peonies at any time of the year, though fall is best. The effect will be seen in the rank growth of the plants and the immense size of the blossoms. It is also useful to sprinkle over squash and cucumber vines to drive away the small striped beetle.

Wherever there is a spring or running water, or even an overflowing water trough, watercress will grow. Sow the seeds and the plants will take care of themselves. Mint will thrive in any rich, moist spot, but must be grown from roots by transplanting from some brookside. Both these plants afford a refreshing and wholesome addition to a meal.

An excellent way to grow early garden plants of kinds such as cucumbers is to plant them in the house in cups made by hollowing out large potatoes. Fill the potato shell with rich earth. When the weather becomes warm enough set plant and cup in the ground. The latter will decay in time to make room for expanding roots.

A seed is a delicate thing. Think of the millions nature uses to raise the plants she needs, and you will not wonder that they do not sprout in the house where the water comes in a deluge, the heat is like that of a furnace and Jack Frost comes stealing in at night to nip the "instinct within it, that reaches and towers."

DANGERS OF CELLULOID.

A heated curling iron will readily start the evolution of dense and highly inflammable fumes if brought in contact with a celluloid comb or hairpin, says the London Lancet. The proximity of a naked light adds to the danger enormously, for the fumes of celluloid will ignite fiercely at some considerable distance from the flame. The manufacturers of these dangerous articles should be compelled to stamp plainly upon them the words "highly inflammable." The danger is no imaginary one. A gentleman with a lighted cigar in his mouth was playing upon an "American organ" furnished with celluloid keys. When some red-hot ash dropped upon the keys they instantly burst into fumes and flame, which could only be extinguished with the greatest difficulty.

FOR FARMERS

Seasonable and Profitable
Hints for the Busy Tillers
of the Soil.

SEEDBED FOR CORN.

The depth to plow varies with the nature of the soil the season of year and the character of previous crop. In general, a coarse, loose, sandy soil should be plowed shallow and a finely divided heavy clay soil deep. The loose soil needs packing in order to furnish the conditions of germination, while the heavy soil must be opened up to the action of the atmosphere and sun.

The plant food in the soil is liberated, for the use by the plants through the agency of soil organisms. These organisms require oxygen in their process of development. Therefore the air must circulate freely in the soil in order that these organisms may carry on their work. In the germination of the seed, oxygen is absolutely necessary so that air must be present for the first process of germination to begin. For instance, it frequently happens that directly after the planting on a clay soil, a heavy dashing rain pacifies the surface soil so that little air can enter. The seed will germinate very imperfectly, even though the other conditions of germination be supplied perfectly.

DEPTH OF PLOWING.

It is never advisable, even in the heavy clay soils, to greatly vary the depth of plowing in any one season. If the soil has been turned to a certain depth during its previous cultivation, and then some one season is plowed several inches deeper than ordinary, a layer of cold soil will be turned up for the young plants to feed upon. If this is done in the fall the action of the weather in freezing and thawing corrects the mechanical condition and puts the plant food in usable form before a crop is grown. However, if this deep plowing is done in the spring, the young plants are unable to use the plant food in this layer of soil and are consequently checked in their growth. This frequently results in an almost complete failure of the crop.

Many of the harmful insects which infest the corn fields live over the winter safely housed in the soil. By fall plowing, their homes are broken up, the insect forms are thrown upon the surface of the soil, where they are subject to the winter weather, and most of them are thus destroyed. So in the case of noxious weed seeds which are brought to the surface by fall plowing. The vitality is weakened or lost by the freezing and thawing, and if the vitality is not impaired by such means, the weeds placed where they germinate the first thing in the spring, to be destroyed by the early disking and cultivation of the seedbed.

PLOWING FOR SEEDBED.

In the care of spring plowing very great progress has been made in the last few years in the methods of handling the soil in order to get the best results. Briefly, the most important points are as follows: Immediately after plowing the soil should be floated. This should be done at the end of every day's work. A convenient and very successful float can be made by splitting an 8 or 10 inch pole 12 feet long. Place the halves two feet apart as split and mortise so that they will be held firmly in place. Arrange a box for weight about the middle of the float and weight as heavily as found desirable. A longer float for two horses can be made in the same manner and the driver can stand on the float. The ordinary plank drags are also used successfully for this purpose. By running the float over the surface of the ground the clods

are easily crushed and the top of the seedbed fined so as to make a perfect mulch. This mulch will prevent the excessive evaporation of water and still allow a free circulation of air.

Plowing under stalks, straw or manure has come to be necessary to the successful culture of corn. In the days of the first cultivation of prairie and other rich soils, the fertility was abundant. Humus was plentiful, and it was not necessary to look to the conservation of soil fertility or to the mechanical texture of the soil. As a result of these conditions stalks were burned, and corn grew year after year on the same fields, as the most profitable rotation of crops. This condition does not now exist. Soils that were thought to be inexhaustible in fertility produce less and less, until the returns are no longer as profitable. It has become necessary to consider the waste in corn culture and to conserve this carefully for future crops.

TIME OF PLOWING.

One of the points in the preparation of the seedbed above all others is to plow the ground when it is in proper condition. If a heavy soil, and too wet, it runs together, and when the seedbed dries out, is injurious to the roots of the corn plant and will not retain soil moisture. The more fully divided the soil the more moisture it is capable of conserving. If the seedbed is caked by wet plowing only a small amount of plant food can be used by the plants and not enough moisture retained for the growth of the crop.

When the soil is too dry, and breaks up in clods and large lumps, a great amount of preparation is needed to get such a field into condition for planting, and by the time the cultivation is finished, the tilth of the seedbed will have been destroyed. There is usually a time in every season when the plowing will leave the field in splendid condition. It is important to wait until that time, as it always results in a saving of time and money and a better prepared seedbed.

THE BROOD SOW.

I advocated a liberal feeding of the brood sow, writes Mr. H. L. Sweet. If she is thin in flesh, a judicious mixture of corn as a part of her ration; if she is excessively fat, I would give her no corn, but would feed her liberally during that time on ground oats, millstuff, etc., and I come now to what I conceive to be a serious problem confronting the breeders of pure-bred Poland-China hogs, who are engaged in the business of selling brood sows at public auction. The buyer's taste seems to demand that these animals, when sold, shall be in high flesh, practically in show condition.

There is no grain which will produce that result so quickly, cheaply and thoroughly as corn. Therefore, a majority of the breeders feed the brood sows which they are feeding for sale into a condition so that they would be classified readily in the stock yards as choice heavy, but are certainly in anything but a condition favorable for the production of healthy, vigorous pigs. A majority of these sows are sold less than 60 days before the time when they are due to farrow, and one cannot hope, by however judicious dieting, to overcome in that time the effects of the heavy and long continued feeding on a corn diet.

But if you cannot sell your sows if they are thin, what will you do? I answer, deny to yourself, if necessary, perhaps so large a margin of profit, and taking a longer time for preparing your sows for sale, feed them more liberally upon soft feeds. A brood sow can be made to look very well upon a diet composed of one-quarter to one-third corn, and two-thirds to three-quarters ground oats, mill stuff, etc., moderately fed for a considerable time; while as a breeder she will be infinitely more profitable to the purchaser and of

much more lasting benefit to your trade, than to feed a much shorter time upon the heavier diet.

POULTRY YARD.

Let the coops face the south. If your broilers weigh three pounds per pair they are just right, provided they are plump and fat. Buyers don't want heavy stock now.

It is not best as soon as you hear a "peep" in the nest, to raise the hen to take a peep. She may proceed to smother the "peep" by putting her foot on the peeper's neck.

In picking ducklings and broiler chicks have a damp cloth, and when the feathers are off dip the cloth in dry salt and rub the carcass with it. Takes off the down and small feathers.

If the hen fly over the poultry yard fence, clip the flight feathers of the left wing next the body. We don't like the idea of mutilating three-day-old chicks by clipping off the first joint of one wing as recommended by some.

Hens will dig. They are born that way. They know no difference between the flowers and the vegetables and the weeds growing wild. Then provide fences around the gardens and preserve your soul in patience. The hen which does not scratch somewhere brings in no eggs.

Variety is all right in many things but when it comes to a mixture of colors in a flock of poultry it is neither advisable nor desirable. A flock of hens of the same color of the breed most desired is more pleasure to the owner and receives more favorable comment than one of a variety of colors.

A STATESMAN'S COMMENTS.

Lord Palmerston Liked Plain Writing and Black Ink.

Lord Palmerston's minutes or memoranda upon public papers were often very amusing. Whenever they were intended to convey a rebuke they were satirical rather than severe, and often then contained a flavor so innocent-seeming that it was difficult to tell whether it was not intended to be humorous.

A minor South African official once made, in a despatch, certain suggestions of which Lord Palmerston disapproved, and which were filed with the written comment, "Goose! goose! goose!"

Again the statesman sent a letter to an undersecretary, with this instruction for a reply:

"Civil answer, meaning nothing." Handwriting was his hobby. Several times he sent circulars to ministers and consuls abroad, asking them to write round, legible hands, and to use black ink.

On one badly-written despatch he left the comment:

"Reading Mr. R.'s handwriting is like running penknives into one's eyes."

"He had the greatest objection to 'backhand,' and when a paper written in that style was sent up for his signature, he returned it with the minute:

"Has the writer of this letter lost the use of his right hand? If not, why does he make all his letters slope backward, like the raking masts of an American schooner?"

Next in importance to handwriting and ink was punctuation. He held a great objection to persons who had the habit of "sowing commas" and still more to those who used no stops whatever. This was his comment on a batch of papers which had not been properly punctuated:

"Write to the stationery office for a sufficient supply of full stops, semi-colons and commas, for the use of the copying clerks of this office. I furnish these things out of my own private stores when I have time to look over despatches for signature; but I am not always sufficiently at leisure to supply these deficiencies."

Pins for the purpose of fastening papers together seemed to him an abomination, and this was a minute concerning them:

"I desire that all the pins in this office be immediately made over to the female branch of the establishment."

STRAIGHT TO THE POINT.

The London street Arab is essentially a practical-minded youth. With him there is no beating about the bush, no wasting of time in fulsome compliments or excessive politeness.

A short while since a number of East-end gamins were being entertained at tea, and a bevy of charitably-disposed ladies were assembled to do the honors. One of these amateur waitresses armed herself with a huge plate of bread and butter, and approached a hungry-looking small boy.

"Will you have some bread and butter, dear?" she inquired, in dulcet tones.

"No!" said the lad.

"No?" what?" she replied, in mild remonstrance at his lack of manners.

"No bloomin' fear, not wen there's plum cyke abart," was the retort.



BABY'S HORSE IS A ROOSTER.

Dogs and cats have been employed to draw baby carriages, but using a rooster for such a purpose is a new idea. Mr. O. J. Plomesen, of Luverne, Iowa, has a flock of Cochin China fowls, among them a rooster that is a giant in the feathered kingdom. On account of his size and breed he is a pet in the family, and has become very tame.

Mr. Plomesen conceived the plan of training him to draw the baby carriage in which his daughter takes her exercise in the air. He made a light harness, and after a few weeks taught him to pull the vehicle along the dooryard path without difficulty. The little one, of course cannot drive, but her sister sometimes gets into the carriage and guides the feathered "horse" about the yard.

The eight muscles of the human jaw exert a force of about 500lb.

Doctor (who has been sent for at 2 a.m.)—"Madam, pray send at once for the clergyman, and, if you want to make your will, for the lawyer." Madam (horrified)—"Good gracious! is it so dangerous, doctor?" Doctor—"Not a bit of it; but I don't want to be the only one who has been disturbed in his sleep for no thing."



DUKE OF ARKLAN

Standard Bred. Rich brown color, black points, good action. Foaled March 19th, 1893; stands 16½ hands, weighs 1300 lbs.; record 2:29½ at 4 years old. Terms: \$10 for the season, single trial \$5. All mares at owner's risk.

MOISE LAFRAMPOISE,
Proprietor. Ste. Scholastique.

ST. CLOUD.

This is the Elliott horse of St. Andrews, which took 2nd prize in the Argenteuil Exhibit last yr. as a general purpose. He is Canadian bred, weighs 1300 lbs and is a sure foal getter. Farmers desirous of raising a good general purpose horse will do well to use him this season. See posters.

GEO. BRADFORD, Cushing.

SUPERIOR COURT.

Canada.
Province of Quebec.
District of Terrebonne.

Victor Lamoureux, of the parish of Ste. Agathe des Monts, said district, farmer.

Plaintiff.

vs.

Benoni Lavallee, heretofore of the same place, and now absent from the Province of Quebec, farmer,

Defendant.

The defendant is ordered to appear in one month.

The said defendant is hereby notified that the claim (creance) which Joseph Lavallee of the parish of Ste. Agathe des Monts, farmer, holds against him, in virtue of a deed of sale passed before J. S. P. Bazin, Notary, the 13th of June 1899, wherein Joseph Lavallee of the parish of Ste. Agathe des Monts, farmer, sold to the defendant all his rights, parts, pretensions, works and improvements in a certain lot of land known and designated upon the official plan and in the book of reference of the cadastre for said parish under the No. 34, of the first range of the township of Beresford, has been sold and transferred to Damase Lamoureux of the parish of Ste. Agathe des Monts, farmer, in virtue of a deed of transfer made before J. S. P. Bazin, notary, the 6th of September, 1901, and that this same claim (creance) has been transferred to Victor Lamoureux, of the parish of Ste. Agathe des Monts, farmer, in virtue of a transfer made before J. S. P. Bazin, notary, at Ste. Agathe des Monts, the 8th of March, 1902.

Ste. Scholastique, April 12, 1902.

GIGNON & FORTIER,

Prothonotary.

F. X. MATHIEU,
Attorney for Plaintiff.

FARM FOR SALE.

A good Farm on the Bethany Road, situated one mile from the Railway Station. Containing about 170 acres. For further particulars apply to

Box 8, Lachute.

BANK of OTTAWA

HEAD OFFICE, OTTAWA, ONT.

Capital, [Fully paid up] \$2,000,000

Reserve - - - - - \$1,765,000

BRANCHES:

ONTARIO.

Alexandria, Amherst, Avonmore, Bracebridge, Carleton Place, Cobden, Hawkesbury, Keewatin, Kemptonville, Lanark, Mattawa, Ottawa, Perry Sound, Pembroke, Rat Portage, Renfrew, Smith Falls, Toronto, Vankeek Hill, Winchester.

QUEBEC.

Granby, Hull, Lachute, Montreal, Shawinigan Falls.

MANITOBA.

Dauphin, Portage la Prairie, Winnipeg.

CHARLES MAGEE, President.
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A General Banking business transacted. Drafts issued on all Banking points in the Dominion, United States and Great Britain.

Notes and Bills collected.

Interest allowed at current rates and payable semi-annually.

No delay in withdrawing deposits.

BRANCH AT LACHUTE.

J. R. PARIS, - - - Manager

BROWNSBURG

Miss Ethel Carpenter and Miss Gertrude Smith spent Sunday last visiting friends in Dalesville.

Miss Mabel Barley has been spending a few days in Lachute.

Mr. H. Routh spent a few days recently in Montreal.

A very interesting game of base ball was played here on Saturday last in the D. C. Co. Park between the Junior teams of Lachute and Brownsburg. The latter team came off victoriously a score of 29 to 14. The play all around was very good and showed a marked improvement over last years playing. The teams were as follows:—

Lachute.—Battie, Burke, Brophy, and Eion, L. Brophy, G. Hampton, H. Hampton, I. Fraser, R. Fraser, W. Fraser.

Brownsburg.—Battie, Vaillancourt, Cooper, and Carpenter, G. Hamilton, D. Hamilton, W. McGibbon, A. Dumas, L. McClusky, P. Dupre.

HANDY WAGGON'S

MADE BY

The Farmer Handy Waggon Co. No. 8.—With Patent wood wheels, 28 inches front and 30 inches rear, 5 inch tires, bolsters only 22 inches from the ground, easy capacity two tons, is a very desirable waggon for those who are looking for the "best cheap waggon made" price \$37.00.

No 9.—Has 6 inch tires, 24 and 30 inch patented wood wheels with bolsters 26 inches from the ground allowing front wheels to turn under the load so that the waggon will turn in its own length, easy capacity two tons, making it the best general purpose farm truck made. Price \$45.00. Either of these waggons fitted with metal wheels at a reduction.

Jas. Cowan, Agent, Geneva, Que.



THE
SHAWINIGAN
FALLS
ROUTE

Trains Leave Lachute

9.18 a.m.—
For St. Canute, St. Jerome, Ste. Agathe, New Glasgow, Joliette, Shawinigan Falls, Grand Mere, Quebec, etc.

6.33 p.m.—
For Stonefield, Hawkesbury, etc.

Trains Arrive Lachute

9.18 a.m.—
From Hawkesbury, etc.

6.33 p.m.—
From Quebec, Shawinigan Falls, and intermediate points.

GUY TOMBS, J. G. SCOTT,
Gen. Frt. & Pass. Agt. Gen. Manager.
QUEBEC.

Jos. Hameel - Agent Lachute.

LACHUTE GRIST MILLS.

Always on hand.....

Ogilvie's Hungarian and Glenora Patents, Dowd's Hungarian and Strong Bakers, Best Feels, Cornmeal, and White Shorts,

At Market Prices.

Call up Telephone No. 44, and our orders will be delivered anywhere in town.

J. D. CAMPBELL & Co.
LACHUTE MILLS - QUE.

TRY

THE WEST-END BAKERY

FOR

GOOD BREAD, ♦ ♦
BEST CONFECTIONERY,
♦ ♦ CHOICE PASTRY.

PROMPT ATTENTION TO ALL ORDERS. GOODS DELIVERED.

HUBERT KEARNS,
PROPRIETOR.

We have just put in stock a number of Cook Stoves in all the latest improved styles by different makers at prices to suit all.



McOUAT & McRAE,
HARDWARE MERCHANTS,
LACHUTE MILLS.

GILES' ADVERTISEMENT.

DRY GOODS

Pasticular Attention is directed to our stock of DRY GOODS which was never larger nor better assorted.

HATS! HATS!

MEN'S and BOYS' FELT—Soft and Stiff—in Black and Colors.
CHILDREN'S TAMS, CAPS, ETC.

SEEDS! SEEDS!

TIMOTHY (different grades), Alsike, Long Vermont,
Clovers, Garden and Field Seeds, etc.

GOODS DELIVERED EVERY MORNING.

Spring Arrivals!

That means that we have now opened up a stock of goods suitable for the occasion, and a stock to select from that is bound to please and give you every satisfaction.

Ladies, ASK To See "Horrackses Madappolans" Specialty in Underwear. This is something extra value in that line.

We are showing in great variety Cottonade, Gingham, Spot and Check and Lawn Muslins.



Corsets

ERECT
FORM,
FRENCH
GIRDLE,
LA REINE,
From
50 cts.
Up.
CHILDREN'S WAISTS - 39c UP.

New Display of
DRESS GOODS, SATEENS,
PRINTS, CORSETS, Etc.

A splendid line of Ladies' Sailor Hats and Blouses.
A choice stock of Ladies' Waists, dark and light colors.

CARPETS and LINOLEUMS.

If you want something to brighten up your home why not treat yourself to a nice new Carpet, or a handsome rug. We have the largest stock in town to select from.

Linoleums can be had from us in pretty patterns. At this time of the year they are the very thing to protect your painted floors from the wet and mud, and are the easiest to keep clean. Prices are very low.

We are showing the Largest Stock, Best and Nobbiest Style of Hats we ever had.

G. L. MEIKLE & Co.

THE J. LACHUTE BAKERY.

ESTABLISHED 1877.

As usual we are still to the front at the old stand where we will be glad to see our friends and customers from town or country.



JOHN HOPE
Baker and Confectioner.

A few pointers

To those who are
wanting anything in

JEWELLRY,
WATCHES,
CLOCKS,
AND FANCY PRESENTS.

We have in a splendid lot of new goods at low prices.

Remember that we have the agency for the Berliner Gramophone.

We shall be pleased to receive a call from you.

WOOD TAKEN IN EXCHANGE.

T. JOYSSER,
Main St. - LACHUTE.

The Watchman

And Ottawa Valley Advocate.

VOL. XXVII.

LACHUTE, FRIDAY, MAY 16, 1902.

NO. 16

Professional & Commercial

J. E. VALOIS,
NOTARY PUBLIC,
LACHUTE, P.Q.
Money to Loan on Security.
Office - BETHANY STREET.

DR. G. CHRISTIE,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
MAIN STREET - LACHUTE, P.Q.

N. FOREST,
NOTARY,
STE. SCHOLASTIQUE - P.Q.

MALCOLM SMITH,
Licensed Auctioneer.
P. O. Box 10. Lachute, Que.
For the District of Terrebonne. Sales conducted in French and English.

J. L. St. JACQUES, L.L.L.,
ADVOCATE,
Office open daily (except Tuesdays and Saturdays) on 1st floor, Roby's Block, Opposite Rodrigue's Hotel
LACHUTE

J. E. W. SIMPSON,
Insurance and Financial Agent,
Fire, Life and Accident Assurance.
Only First-class Companies Represented
LACHUTE, P.Q.

JAS. W. RAITT,
Agent for Leading Fire and Insurance Companies. Apply at n
LACHUTE P.Q.

G. J. WALKER,
INSURANCE AND FINANCIAL AGENT,
LACHUTE, P.Q.
Notes discounted and Loans Made
Only First-class Insurance Companies Represented.

Dr. D. C. McLAREN & Dr. A. QUACKENBUSH
916 Dorchester Street,
MONTREAL.
SPECIALTY: Chronic Diseases.
Write for appointment.

J. A. C. ETHIER,
ADVOCATE,
STE. SCHOLASTIQUE P.Q.
Attends all courts in the district of Terrebonne, and is in Lachute every Tuesday.

STEPHENS & PALLISER
ADVOCATES AND ATTORNEYS,
LACHUTE.
C. H. Stephens, K.C., Joseph Palliser, B.U.L. Montreal.
Offices in Banford's Block.
All matters submitted to Mr. Stephens for opinion and approval.

DENTISTRY.
R. C. McCONNELL, D.D.S., L.D.S.
SURGEON-DENTIST.
Will be in Lachute the last four days of each week.

DENTISTRY.
B. S. STACKHOUSE, Sr., D.D.S. L.D.S.
SURGEON DENTIST,
LACHUTE - PRO. QUE.
Will hereafter be in Lachute the last four days of each week.

THE ELITE.

New blouse waists in large assortment in Print, Muslin, Linen Gingham, and Satin the latest style, buttoned in the back and elbow sleeves; fit guaranteed.

Children's and Infants' dresses. Ladies' summer underwear and white wear at all prices.

Figured muslin, Swiss muslin, Lawns, Dainties.
Organdies in Black, White, and colors.

The latest in Belts, Belt Buckles.

Ladies sailor hats from 20c. up. Trimmings to suit everyone.

CORONATION Novelties and Toys.

H. E. BURWASS

Mr. T. Simpson, veterinary surgeon will be in Lachute every Saturday

Headquarters for best oranges bananas, nuts, dates etc. at John Hope's.

For Sale—Large brick residence in West End. All conveniences. Apply to Dr. McConnel.

Bring us your calf skins we will pay you 65 cts. each. W. Banford.

Black figured and dotted muslins and organdies. W. Banford.

The Place for the New Delightful Drink, ICE CREAM SODA. Kearns' West End Bakery.

House To Let—In the West End. Modern convenience and large garden. Apply to Dr. Stackhouse.

Choice gingham and muslins a large stock beautiful colors. W. Banford.

Ice Cream! Ice Cream!! First of the season on Saturday at—Kearns' West End Bakery.

Have your boys all got their new suits? They are not properly fitted except with our fine fitting goods. W. Banford.

A big drop from last year's prices in—
Cut nails, wire nails, garden rakes manure forks, hay forks, fork handles, at—**J. R. McQUAT'S.**

Another great treat is in store for the public, for next week we will open a luxuriously furnished Ice Cream parlor, and we are convinced that if you once patronize our new velvet ice cream, and ice cream soda you will surely call again. B. Hugman & Son.

Bring us your wool. Price is low enough, but it can't be helped, we will pay the highest price and give you choice goods at low prices. W. Banford.

Say Boys,—We can't all attend the Coronation, but if you are on for a buggy deal, drop in to the McCormick Central Agency, Main Street, and we will make the prices that interesting you can have a celebration right at home.—Roy Dewar, Agent.

Say are you looking for Screen doors or windows? If so come to Headquarters. We have in stock a large assortment of styles to choose from and at prices to suit all. Early comers first choice. McQuat & McRae.

Remember, if you want anything in the Hardware line, Light or Heavy, it will pay you to call. Others have made money by doing so, why not you?
McQUAT & McRAE.

A fine fresh supply of good wall paper including several patterns of ingrain paper with borders to match. All shades in labastine for tinting purposes. G. L. Meikle & Co.

New Supply of Garden Seeds, field seeds, timothy seed, long Vermont clover, alsike clover, short red clover, oil cake feed. G. L. Meikle & Co.

What is nicer than a nice drink of ice cold soda water, direct from a Modern, Up-to-date, Fountain, with pure fruit juice flavouring. The only place to get it is at Hugman's.

Ramsay's Paints. are the right paints to paint right. See new picture ad on inside page. For sale by all dealers in town.

No expense has been spared to install a thoroughly up-to-date Soda Water Fountain, which will doubtless be appreciated and patronized by all lovers of a rich, clean, ice cold drink. B. Hugman & Son



IT'S A FACT!

We have the finest line of Shirts in town, Men's Negligee soft, Men's and Boy's Stiff Bo

Good Quality and prices
G. L. MEIKLE & CO.

LOCAL NEWS

Mrs. Dr. Alexander left on Saturday for a short visit to Cornwall.

Messrs. L. Joniss and A. Aspek spent Sunday in Ottawa.

Mrs. Hamel left on Wednesday for Quebec.

Mr David Miller and Miss Miller left last week for a trip to California

Mrs. Norman Reid of Westmeath, is the guest of Mrs. Harlow Giles.

Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Cain of Grenville were visiting in town on Monday.

Mrs. Walter Smith left on Thursday for St. Ignace, Mich.

Mrs. Edson is spending a short visit in town, the guest of Mrs. Wm. Robertson.

Mr. S. S. Freeman and daughter of Ottawa are guests of Mrs. Henry Giles.

Mrs. A. MacLaren and children were the guests of Mrs. W. Robertson last week.

W. E. Burgess, the popular ventriloquist and humorist of Montreal, is sure to please you on the 24th.

Miss Morrow and Miss Bolvin of Montreal were visiting friends in town last week.

For Sale—Half bred Holstein Bull Calves. Something good. Apply T. Dobbie, Box 61, Lachute.

Mr. A. D. Kennedy has in a new supply of straw hats in latest styles. Call and see them.

The many friends of Mr. Drysdale will be pleased to hear that his serious illness has taken a turn for the better.

Mr. Gilbert Walker, son of Mr. W. V. Walker, who has been for some time in the West, has joined the 4th Contingent.

A confirmation service will be held in St. Simeon's church on May 29th when Bishop Bond is expected to officiate.

The G. N. R. will sell round trip tickets between all their stations on Victoria Day, at one way first class fare, good to return until May 26.

The Annual Convention of the Baptist Association will be held in the Lachute Baptist church on the 17th and 18th of June, for which arrangements are now being made.

Rev Dr. McClure, wife and children of China, arrived in Lachute on Wednesday morning to spend a short visit with relatives and friends in this town.

Our correspondent at 16 Island Lake informs us that visitors are beginning to arrive and anticipation runs high for pleasure seekers this season.

Mr. Omer Paquette, has made another addition to his already elaborate tontorial parlor. Not only will your face be polished but also your boots if your taste runs that way.

Mrs. J. W. Cook of Montreal, after spending a short visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. McDougall in Dunany, left on Monday to join her husband at Bruce, Wis., where they have purchased a farm.

We understand that four representatives of this county, from our Battalion will have the honor of assisting in the Coronation ceremony in London, Eng. on the 26th of June, but as yet no choice has been made.

In addition to Mr. W. E. Burgess who is a host in himself, Miss Craven the violinist and little Wilfred Small, champion drummer will also be heard at Prof. Hume's concert on the 24th.

A MUSICAL TREAT.—The Service of Song entitled "Jessica's First Prayer," will be given in the Geneva School House on Friday next, May 23rd. Admission 20cts.

Coronation Day will be celebrated on the 26th of June with the Oddfellows by a huge excursion to Shawanigan Falls. Keep date open.

Children Cry for
CASTORIA.

Special Bargains in

PIANOS,
ORGANS,
SEWING
MACHINES



AT
BEDARD & SON,
MAIN STREET - LACHUTE.

W. H. GARRETSEE

REFRACTING  OPTICIAN.

A Graduate of the Optical Institute of Canada and member of the Canadian Association of Opticians.

Testing free of charge when spectacles are purchased.

Latest Instruments employed, Satisfaction Guaranteed

Spring Importations



Are all received, and they comprise the choicest goods on the market in—

**SUITINGS,
OVERCOATINGS,
TROUSERINGS.**

Gen's Furnishings

I still lead in these goods and others follow. For strictly up-to-date Hats, Ties, Shirts, and other gent's furnishings stylish dressers patronize.....

A. J. PERIARD,
LACHUTE

THE CENTRAL IMPLEMENT HOUSE,
Main Street - LACHUTE.

We are right in the Implement Business; the best that the Canadians and Americans can produce.

Seeders, Disks, Spring and Drag Tooth Harrows, Plows, Cultivators, Horse Forks, Corn and Grain Binders, Reapers—double and single—Mowers from 3½ to 7 ft. cut, Steel Rakes—all sizes for one or two horses—Concord and Top Buggies, Expresses and Heavy Waggon.

Put your Seed Grain in good condition with a Chatham Fanning Mill. We sell them with or without bagging attachment.

Reserve your Twine order for us. The McCormick Company ship us direct from their factory in car load lots. We can tie you up in good shape with special prices.

We want your trade and will treat you right.

ROY DEWAR - AGENT

The Watchman
ID OTTAWA VALLEY ADVOCATE

WEDNESDAY, MAY 16 1902.

The Watchman is published weekly, except on Sundays and public holidays.

Subscription price, in advance, for the United States, \$1.50 per annum, or \$1.50 at the time of ordering.

Notice of Marriages and Deaths.

Advertisements for marriage matter charged at the rate of 25 cents per line, nonpareil measure.

Local advertising 5 lines or less, 25 cents per line per insertion.

Address all communications to THE WATCHMAN, LACHUTE, QUEBEC.

THE MARTINIQUE DISASTER.

The awful catastrophe which has overtaken the city of St. Pierre on the island of Martinique is one of the greatest calamities of modern days. It is almost impossible to conceive of a city of 40,000 souls being wiped off the face of the earth by a volcanic eruption. The story of the destruction of Pompeii and Herculaneum by the vomiting of Vesuvius nineteen centuries ago had come to be regarded almost on the light of historical romance. During the centuries that have intervened there have been many disastrous earthquakes in which whole cities have been swallowed up with their complements of human lives, but since the days of Pompeii nothing approaching the horrible calamity on the island of Martinique has occurred to startle the world. Universal sympathy will go out to the French nation in the loss it has sustained in one of the oldest and most important of its colonies and monetary assistance is going forward to the relief of the survivors of this awful disaster.

It is with much joy that we learn of the safety of a former resident of our town, Mr. C. C. Evans, a young man who has won the respect and admiration of all with whom he came in contact. Mr. Evans received his early education in Lachute Academy, and after completing his studies in Montreal, entered the services of Messrs. McQuat & McRae of our town and learned to become a machinist. Having served his apprenticeship and being full of ambition (which he turned to good account,) Mr. Evans took a situation in Montreal, afterwards engaging with the Quebec Steamship Co. in which he had steadily risen until attaining the position of 2nd engineer which he occupied at time of accident. Mr. Evans is now in the hospital at Fort de France and says that he saw a cloud of fire, toppling and roaring, sweep with lightning speed down the mountain side and over the town and bay. The 'Roraima' was nearly sunk and immediately caught fire. I never shall forget the fiery, choking whirlwind that engulfed me. We were going to our posts to weigh anchor and get out, but when we came up we found the ship all afire aft and fought it forward until three o'clock, when we were then rescued by the 'Suchet.'

REMEMBER!

Oddfellows Excursion to Shawanegan. Read ad.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The famous signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* is on every wrapper.

NOTICE

Certain evil disposed persons for obvious reasons having circulated a report that the Lachute Grist Mills were to be closed in the near future owing to the necessity of a water supply and that an establishment was being erected in the neighborhood to accommodate the patronage which the Mills have always enjoyed. This is to notify the public that such reports are wholly unfounded in so far as the Lachute Grist Mills are concerned and that there is nothing whatever to justify it, but the profit which interested parties expect to derive from injury done to another's business.

J. D. Campbell & Co.
 Lachute Mills, May 14, 1902.

LAKEFIELD

We are sorry to learn that Mr. Geo. Rogers is again ill but we trust he will soon be up and around again.

Mr. Walter Brecken of Montreal spent a few days at the Methodist Parsonage last week.

Mr. James Robinson is still in Montreal at the Royal Victoria Hospital under treatment for a very sore eye. He has the sympathy of the entire community in his trial.

Rev. Mr. Raney preached in the Methodist church last Sabbath afternoon and administered the sacrament, the pastor, the Rev. Mr. Schagel, occupied the pulpit of the Methodist church Lachute both morning and evening.

Through the efforts of the Rev. Mr. Schagel the property of the Methodist Parsonage is enclosed with a very handsome fence, which adds to the beauty not only to the parsonage and grounds, but to the village as well. Mr. Robert Park-er very materially aided in its erection by giving all the posts that were required. The Quarterly board of the church thanks Mr. Schagel for the deep interest he is taking in the church property.

EMPIRE DAY.

Programme of the concert to be given on 24th May in the Town Hall, St. Andrews.

Instrumental Duet, Dialogue by two little French girls, Whistling Solo, Temperance Paper, French song, by Miss Brophy, Recitation, Three Tableaux, Recitation, Song by a gentlemen, Recitation, Song by Miss Brophy. God save the King. Commence at 8 p.m. Adults 25c. Children under ten, 10 cts.

NEW DEPARTURE

Bargain Counter on 2nd Floor.

Seeds. | SPRING | Seeds.

1902.

JUST RECEIVED

Timothy Seed; Long Red Vermont, Red Western and Alsike
 Clover Seed; Bromo Grass, and Tares.
 Flower, Garden and Vegetable Seeds.

We are to-day offering a Cut Price in Flour and Feed.

A SPECIAL DRIVE

In Carpets, Carpet Felt, Floor Oilcloth, Wall Paper, Alabastine, Mixed Paints, Floor Paints, Pure White Lead,

At J. R. McQuat's

GOOD NEWS FOR ALL.

Our handsome Soda Water Fountain is now in full operation, and all who have tasted our Sodas pronounce them better than any they ever got in Lachute. The Public will no doubt appreciate a nice, cool, clean drink during the hot weather. We have spared no expense to install the most modern and up-to-date apparatus to be had, and with cleanliness and lots of ice we can keep you all cool this summer. Try it once and you will surely come again.

B. HUGMAN & SON.

Groceries, Hardware, Paints, Tin and Enamelled Ware.

Our Ice Cream Parlor will open next week.

TIME TABLE.
LACHUTE STATION.

GOING EAST:	
Mont'l & Bst'n Express	6.2 a.m.
Local Express	1.45 a.m.
"	8.57 p.m.
GOING WEST:	
Local Express	9.55 a.m.
"	7.3 p.m.
"Soo" Express	11.34 p.m.

Children Cry for CASTORIA.

NOTICE

Is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed curator to the vacant succession of the late Chas. E. T. de Montigny, in his lifetime of Ste. Scholastique, prothonotary of Superior Court District of Terrebonne.

All sworn claims should be sent me within thirty days.

St. Jerome, 8th of May, 1902.
 E. Marchand, St. Jerome, Que.

SUPERIOR COURT.
CANADA.
 District of Terrebonne, } No. 403
 Ste. Scholastique.

Ex Parte.—EDOUARD MARCHAND, Secretary-Treasurer of the Town of St. Jerome in the said district, requesting the nomination of a curator to the vacant succession of Charles Edmond Testard de Montigny, late prothonotary of the Superior Court of the said district of Terrebonne.

Seeing the said petition, it is hereby ordered to the relations and creditors of the said Charles Edmond Testard de Montigny, to appear before me, the Honorable Henri T. Taschereau, one of the judges of the said superior court for the Province of Quebec, in the district of Terrebonne at the Court House, in the village of Ste. Scholastique, in the said district, on Saturday, the 3rd of May next at ten o'clock in the forenoon to give their advice as to the nomination of a curator to the said vacant succession; and that the present order be published twice in French in "La Nation" newspaper published in the town of St. Jerome, and twice in English in the "Watchman" English paper published in Lachute in the said district.

Ste. Scholastique, 8th April, 1902.
 (Signed) Henri T. Taschereau, J.S.C.
 True copy:—Ch. Ed. Marchand,
 Solicitor for petitioner.

What is

CASTORIA

Castoria is for Infants and Children. Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It contains neither Opium, Morphin nor other Narcotic substance. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. Castoria cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. Castoria assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels of Infants and Children, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

Castoria.
 "Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."
 Dr. G. C. Cogood, Lowell, Mass.

Castoria.
 "Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."
 H. A. Archer, M. D. Brooklyn, N. Y.

THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE OF

Chas. H. Fletcher.

APPEARS ON EVERY WRAPPER.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

SUPERIOR COURT.
CANADA.
 PROVINCE OF QUEBEC } 107
 DISTRICT OF TERREBONNE }

The Ste. Therese Furniture and Bedding Manufacturing Co. Ltd. in liquidation

&
 Alex. Desmarceau, Liquidator.

Notice is hereby given that by judgment of this court on the 6th day of May instant, all claims against the said Company in liquidation must be filed at the Liquidator's office before the 6th day of June 1902, in order to be collected on the dividend sheet.
 Montreal May 8th 1902.
 Alex. Desmarceau, Liquidator
 1598, 1608 Notre Dame Street
 Montreal.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

Victoria Day 1902.

Round trip Tickets to all Canadian Pacific Rly stations in Canada, Mich., Detroit, and east will be sold at

One-way Lowest First Class Fare,

—ON—
May 23rd and 24th.
 Good to return until May 26th.

CORSETS.

Our stock of the **CROMPTON'S** Celebrated Corsets and Waists is now complete.

We have a nice range of the Latest style in French Girdles, in white, blue, and pink fancy silks

LA REINE

Corsets, erect form - from 50c.
 Summer Corsets, erect form " 50c.

We had a large sale for these lines last year; they gave good satisfaction, and we expect to double the sales this year.

Children's, Misses', and Ladies' Waists from - - - 30c.

HUGH FRASER, Jr.
LACHUTE.

Mrs. Jacob Smith is visiting friends in the neighborhood.

Miss Jessie B. Clelland of Montreal is visiting her cousins, the Misses Edith and Alice Davidson.

Mr. Fred Davidson, formerly of this place, has returned and intends spending the summer with Mr. R. Patton.

Mr. Duncan Smith of Lachute visited friends in this vicinity on Saturday and Sunday last.

Mr. Robert Davidson has sown two kinds of new grain which all appearances will yield a good harvest.

On April 30th our school was visited by Prof. Ada S. M.A., B.Sc. etc., of Glasgow University, Scotland, and Prof. Long M.A. Sc. of McGill University, who stated in the visitors register that they found everything in excellent order.

Mr. Wm. Weir of Montreal was the guest of Mr. H. Goss during part of last week. Mr. Weir taught in Davidson's school about 50 years ago.

David Graham son of Mr. Andrew Graham, of this place, who went to Indian Head, and thence to British Columbia, two years ago, was seized with pneumonia in the early part of the year and was removed to the hospital, where he died last week. His parents have requested that the body be sent home. The family have the sympathy of the entire community in their sad bereavement.

CALUMET.

Owing to the past wet weather, sowing has been retarded, and grain that was up has been frozen by the severe frost of last week.

A raft of timber belonging to J. B. Grier of Montreal was badly broken up on the river near Grenville during the high winds last week.

W. J. McIntyre was home on Sunday last and reports that the drive he is bringing down is delayed by low water but he expects to be in the Rouge this week.

Mr. W. A. Walker will soon have his hand-ome new residence completed.

On Friday last while Edward Anderson was on his way home from Calumet, he fell from his rig and was killed, the funeral took place Sunday.

ST. ANDREWS

Dr. Maude Abbott of Montreal spent the week at Riverview; she is preparing her house for her new tenant.

Mr. Jas. Veitch of Centerville has bought the McMartin farm, where he is now residing.

Miss Harrington has been spending the week at Carillon Hill.

The usual Empire Day concert is now announced. It will be even better than usual it is expected. Among the special attractions are Miss Brophy's solos, Miss Dewar's recitations and Miss Hibbard's whistling.

Mr. R. W. Barclay has leased the house and land of Mrs. F. McMartin, West side, St. Andrews. It is reported that he intends keeping a boarding house there this summer.

We are glad to welcome back Mrs. Wanless and Mrs. Parkhurst who intend spending the summer here.

Mrs. E. D. Jones is the guest of Mrs. Robt. Jones.

Mr. Wm. S. Ladd of River Rouge has bought the farm of Mr. P. Crevier and has now moved in.

WANTED

Wanted to rent a small house, furnished for July and August, in Lachute no children. State number of rooms and rent. Address James Robertson, 738 St. Urbain St., Montreal, Qu.

SUITABLE

BIRTHDAY PRESENTS.

Sometimes it is difficult to select a suitable gift for your friend. We have a nice assortment of Music Cases, Easels, Chairs, and Rockers that make presents that are always appreciated.

LACHUTE FURNITURE FACTORY,
O. B. Lafleur, Prop.

OUR SPRING ANNOUNCEMENT.

Wall Papers.

We handle the celebrated Watson Foster Co's Wall Papers. House cleaning a pleasure when you have such nice goods to fix up with. All full length double rolls.....

10c to 60c.

Carpets.

We have the largest and best assortment of Carpets and Floor Oil Cloths ever shown in Lachute. The stock comprises Velvets, Brussels, Tapestry, Wool Unions, and Hems.

Lace Curtains.

New Fabrics, pretty designs, and all the latest line in Art Muslins. Our lace curtains range from.....

50c to \$3.50 pr.

Dress Goods.

All the latest shades and cloths to suit all buyers.

Silks.

A nice line of New Silks, suitable for Blouses, all colors at.....

50c yd. net

Prints and Muslins.

Enormous stock of these lines. See our extra heavy print, fast colors, 32 inches wide, at per yard

10c.

Embroideries and Laces.

We never had such a display of embroideries and laces. Some of the best bargains ever offered in these lines at about half the price of former years.

Ladies Underwear.

An ever increasing demand for these goods, combined with extra floor space, has induced us to stock ladies white underwear. We have—

Underskirts from \$1.00 up.
Night Gowns from 80c up.
Corset Covers from 25c up.
Drawers from 50c up.

Hosiery

An extra fine line of Women's Plain Black Cashmere Hose, seamless foot, worth 35 cents for.....

25 cts. pair

Other lines at 35 and 50 cents.

Shirts and Collars.



We keep the celebrated W. G. & R. brand in Men's and Boys' Warranted Fast Colors.

Ready-made Clothing.

Since enlarging our store we have added a much larger stock of Men's Boys' and Youth's Clothing, equal to anything in town. Prices low enough to suit everybody's pocket.

Boots and Shoes.

An elegant stock of all the new shapes and styles for the season.

We have about 100 to 200 pairs of sample boots and shoes. Sizes for men 6½, 7, and 7½, for ladies 4 and 4½. These are extra fine goods and will be sold cheap.

A Nice Stock of Trunks and Valises on hand.

McFAUL BROS.

TWO STORES

LACHUTE and BROWNSBURG.

Soft Harness

You can make your harness as soft as a glove and as tough as wire by using **EUREKA Harness Oil**. You can lengthen its life—make it last twice as long as it ordinarily would.

EUREKA Harness Oil

makes a poor looking harness like new. Made of pure, heavy bodied oil, especially prepared to withstand the weather.

Sold everywhere in cans—all sizes.

Made by IMPERIAL OIL COMPANY.

Canada
Province of Quebec } No. 446.
District of Terrebonne

Dame Rose Delina Vermette, of the village of St. Eustache, said district, duly authorized.

Plaintiff.

vs.
Eloi Spenard, of the same place, gentleman.

Defendant.
An action in separation as to property has been, this day instituted against the defendant.

Ste. Scholastique, April 26, 1902.
J. A. C. Ethier,
Plaintiff's Attorney.

Windsor Salt

Purest and Best for Table and Dairy
No adulteration. Never cakes.

FARM FOR SALE.

One farm of 100 acres with good house and farm buildings, sugar bush, orchard and quantity of lumber. The other two about 175 acres, with large quantity of mixed lumber, close to saw mill. Terms will be made to suit purchaser. Apply
Sale of effects May 13th.
Thomas Dixon, Long Lake, Lakefield.

1902. SPRING. 1902.

SUITINGS. OVERCOATINGS.

HATS.

CAPS.

GENT'S FURNISHINGS.

Everything New and Up-to-date.....

.....Stock Larger and Better Than Ever

See my Hats before you buy for spring,
they are all the Latest Styles.

A. D. KENNEDY,

Agent for Montreal Steam Laundry.

DRESS GOODS

We have added some Nice Lines of Dress Goods to our stock,
and with these some choice

Tailor-made Costumes

From the well-known house of John Northway & Son of Toronto.
FAWN, BLUE and GREY are the Colors.



CLOTHING

New lines in choice weaves and colors for men and boys. These cannot be equalled in fit and finish.

These are not made in sweat shops—that is half-made goods—but are fine tailored suits.

You make a mistake if you forget us.

W. BANFORD.

GENTLEMEN...

Come and see my assortment of **SPRING GOODS** just received. Large variety to choose from including Latest Scotch Stripes and Imported Goods. First-class Workmanship and Best Trimmings on all Suits.

D. LAPOINTE,
MERCHANT TAILOR.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

The best and most popular route to Toronto, Niagara Falls, London, Detroit, Chicago, and all points in the United States and Canada.

Fast Express trains leave Montreal, Toronto and the West, as follows—

	Daily	Daily
Lvs. MONTREAL	9.00 a.m.*	8.00 p.m.
Arr. TORONTO	4.50 p.m.	6.50 a.m.
Arr. HAMILTON	5.50 p.m.	8.15 a.m.
Arr. NIAGARA FALLS	7.15 p.m.	10.10 a.m.
Arr. BUFFALO	8.35 p.m.	11.55 a.m.
Arr. LONDON	7.41 p.m.	11.00 p.m.
Arr. DETROIT	9.40 p.m.	1.10 p.m.
Arr. CHICAGO	7.30 a.m.	8.45 p.m.

The above trains make close connection at Chicago with the fast express trains for St. Paul, Winnipeg, and all points in the Western States including California, Oregon, Washington, British Columbia, and the Pacific Coast.

*A Cafe Parlor Car is attached to the train, serving luncheon a la carte, at any hour during the day convenient to passengers.
Tourist sleepers leave Montreal every Monday and Wednesday at 10.30 p.m. for the accommodation of passengers holding first or second class tickets to Chicago and West thereof as far as the Pacific Coast. A nominal charge is made for accommodation in these sleepers. Berths reserved in advance.

The Grand Trunk Railway System is also the most direct route to Portland, Boston, and all points in the New England States, also to New York.

For tickets, reservations of space in sleepers, apply to

J. M. DORRIS, Lachute or St. Philippe

W. H. GARRETT, Lachute,

Canada
Province of Quebec } No. 2.
District of Terrebonne.

Dominion Contested Election Act and Amendments. Election Petition of the Electoral District of Two Mountains.

Joseph Legault, Petitioner.

vs.

Joseph Arthur Calixte Ethier, Defendant.

Take notice that the above petition will be tried at the Court House of this district, at Ste. Scholastique, on the twenty-seventh day of May nineteen hundred and two, at ten o'clock in the forenoon and on such other subsequent days as may be needed.

Dated at Ste. Scholastique this first day of May, one thousand nine hundred and two.

By order Grignon & Fortier

P. S. C.

SUPERIOR COURT

Canada
Province of Quebec } No. 448
District of Terrebonne.

JOSEPH SEALE, of the township of Morin, in the district of Terrebonne farmer.

Plaintiff.

vs.

JOHN McLAUGHLIN, of Massena State of New York, in the United States of America.

Defendant.

The Defendant is ordered to appear in the month.

Grignon & Fortier, Prothonotary S. C.

Ste. Scholastique, April 26, 1902.

Children Cry for
CASTORIA

THE SOUTH AFRICAN WAR

Chronological History of the Thirty Month's Struggle.

1899.

Oct. 11—Time fixed by the Boers for compliance with their "ultimatum" expired at 5 p. m.

Oct. 14—Boers march on Kimberley and Mafeking.

Oct. 15—Kimberley isolated.

Oct. 20—Boer position on Talana Hill captured by the British under Symons.

Oct. 21—White moves out force under French to eject Boers from Flandlaagte. Boers routed.

Oct. 22—Yule retreats from Dundee on Ladysmith via Bethl.

Oct. 23—Death of General Symons at Dundee.

Oct. 30—General sortie from Ladysmith. Naval guns silence Boer siege artillery. Surrender of part of two battalions and a Mountain Battery at Nicholson's Nek.

Oct. 31—General Sir Redvers Buller lands at Cape Town.

Nov. 1—Boers invade Cape Colony.

Nov. 2—Ladysmith isolated.

Nov. 9—General attack on Ladysmith repulsed with heavy loss to Boers.

Nov. 15—Armored train wrecked by Boers near Chieveley. Over 100 British troops captured.

Nov. 19—Lord Methuen's column for the relief of Kimberley concentrated at Orange River.

Nov. 23—Methuen attacks Boers at Belmont with Guards' Brigade and 9th Brigade. Boers driven from their position.

Nov. 25—Methuen attacks Boers in position at Enslin and dislodges them. General Sir Redvers Buller arrives in Natal.

Nov. 28—Methuen engages 11,000 Boers at Modder River. Battle lasting all day. Boers evacuate position.

Nov. 30—Sixth Division for South Africa notified.

Dec. 1—Austrian and Canadian contingents leave Cape Town for the front.

Dec. 10—Gatacre attempts night attack on Stormberg, but is surprised and driven back with heavy loss.

Dec. 11—Methuen attacks Boer position at Magersfontein and is repulsed with heavy loss. General Wauchope killed.

Dec. 15—Buller advances from Chieveley against Boer positions near Colenso. British force repulsed on Tugela with 1,100 casualties and loss of 12 guns. Mobilization of Seventh Division ordered.

Dec. 18—Lord Roberts appointed Commander-in-Chief in South Africa, with Lord Kitchener as Chief of Staff.

Dec. 19—Regulations issued for employment of Yeomanry and Volunteers in South Africa.

Dec. 20—Formation of City of London Volunteer Corps for South Africa announced.

1900.

Jan. 6—Suffolk Regiment loses heavily near Rensburg, over 100 prisoners taken. Boer attack on Ladysmith repulsed.

Jan. 10—Lord Roberts and Lord Kitchener arrive at Cape Town. Forward movement for relief of Ladysmith resumed.

Jan. 11—Dundonald seizes point on Tugela at Potgieter's Drift.

Jan. 18—Buller makes second attempt to relieve Ladysmith. Dundonald, having crossed Tugela, engages Boers near Acton Homes. Crossing of Tugela by Warren and Lyttleton concluded.

Jan. 21—Warren attacks Boers' right flank.

Jan. 23-24—Spion Kop captured and held during 24th, but evacuated on the night of Jan. 24-25. General Woodgate fatally wounded.

Jan. 26-27—Buller's force recrosses the Tugela.

Feb. 3—MacDonald with Highland Brigade marches out from Modder River.

Feb. 5—Buller's third attempt to relieve Ladysmith commenced. Lyttleton crosses Tugela, and delivers attack Vaal Krantz, which he captures and occupies.

Feb. 7—Vaal Krantz evacuated and British force withdrawn across Tugela.

Feb. 9—Lord Roberts arrives at Modder River.

Feb. 11—French, having been summoned from Southern frontier leaves Modder River with Cavalry Division and Horse Artillery.

Feb. 13—Lord Roberts at Dekiel's Drift.

Feb. 15—Lord Roberts at Jacobsdal. Relief of Kimberley.

Feb. 17—Rearguard action between Kelly-Kenny and Cronje en route to Bloemfontein. Fourth attempt to relieve Ladysmith. Buller presses advance on Monte Cristo Hill.

Feb. 19—Buller takes Hlangwane Hill.

Feb. 20—Boers under Cronje, having laagered near Paardeberg are bombarded by Lord Roberts.

Feb. 21—Fifth Division crosses Tugela.

Feb. 23—Buller unsuccessfully attacks Railway Hill.

Feb. 26—Buller makes fresh passage of Tugela.

Feb. 27—Cronje surrenders at Paardeberg. Pieter's Hill, the main Boer position between Ladysmith and the Tugela, carried by Hildyard.

Feb. 28—Relief of Ladysmith. Clements occupies Colesberg.

March 5—Gatacre occupies Stormberg. Brabant again defeats and pursues Boers. Overtures of peace made by Boer Presidents.

March 6—Field Force arrives at Carnarvon to quell rising in North-West.

March 7—Lord Roberts defeats Boers at Driefontein.

March 11—Overtures of peace rejected by Lord Salisbury.

March 13—Lord Roberts, without further fighting, takes possession of Bloemfontein. Boers retire on Kroonstad.

March 27—Death of General Joubert.

March 31—Broadwood attacked at Waterworks. During retreatment R. H.A. and convoy entrapped at Kornspruit. Six guns lost, 350 casualties.

April 3—Detachment of Royal Irish Rifles and Mounted Infantry surrounded near Reddersburg.

April 7—Colonel Dalgety isolated near Wepener.

April 15—Chermside leaves Reddersburg to relieve Wepener.

April 25—Dalgety relieved. Boers retreat northwards, under Botha.

May 10—Zand River crossed. Boers rapidly retreating before Lord Roberts' advance.

May 12—Lord Roberts enters Kroonstad without opposition. President Steyn having retired to Hellbron, which he proclaims his new capital. Attack on Mafeking repulsed, 108 Boer prisoners, including Commandant Eloff, taken.

May 13—Mahon with Mafeking Relief column repulses attack at Koodoosrand.

May 15—Buller occupies Dundee and Glencoe, having driven the Boers from the Biggarsberg. Plumer, reinforced by Canadians and Queenslanders from Carrington's division, joins hands with Mahon.

May 17-18—Relief of Mafeking.

May 24—Advance portion of Lord Roberts' force crosses the Vaal near Parys.

May 28—Annexation of Orange Free State under name of Orange River Colony formally proclaimed at Bloemfontein.

May 30—Flight of President Kruger from Pretoria.

May 31—British flag hoisted at Johannesburg. Surrender of 506 Yeomanry at Lindley.

June 2-4—Futile negotiations between Buller and Christian Botha for armistice.

June 5—Occupation of Pretoria.

June 8—Hildyard takes Botha's Pass. Surrender of 4th Derbyshires at Rooodeval.

June 11—Stubborn fight at Allemen's Nek. Heavy Boer losses.

June 12—Boers evacuate Lang's Nek. Roberts defeats Botha at Diamond Hill, east of Pretoria.

June 14—Boer attack on Sand River repulsed.

July 4—Roberts and Buller join hands at Vlakfontein. Railway to Natal clear.

July 11—Surrender of Scots Greys and Lincolns at Uthval Nek.

July 21—Advance eastwards towards Komati Poort begins.

July 30—Surrender of Prinsloo and 3,000 Boers to Hunter in Brandwater Basin.

Aug. 16—Eland's River garrison relieved.

Aug. 25—Execution of Cordua for conspiracy to kidnap Lord Roberts.

Aug. 26-27—Fighting at Dalmanutha.

Aug. 30—British occupy Nootdacht and release 2,000 prisoners.

Sept. 6—Buller occupies Lydenburg.

Sept. 11—Kruger, flying from the Transvaal, takes refuge at Lorenzo Marques.

Sept. 13—Proclamation issued by Roberts calling on burghers to surrender. French occupies Barberton.

Sept. 25—British force occupies Komati Poort. Many Boers cross Portuguese frontier and surrender to Portuguese.

Oct. 9—De Wet driven across the Vaal out of Orange River Colony.

Oct. 19—Kruger sails from Lorenzo Marques for Marseilles on Dutch man-of-war.

Oct. 24—Buller sails from Cape Town for England.

Oct. 25—Formal annexation of South African Republic, to be styled Transvaal Colony.

Nov. 6—De Wet defeated at Botha-Ville.

Nov. 22—Kruger lands at Marseilles.

Nov. 23—Garrison at Dewetsdorp captured by De Wet.

Nov. 29—Lord Kitchener takes over supreme command.

Dec. 5—De Wet's first attempt to enter Cape Colony, frustrated by Knox.

Dec. 11—Lord Roberts sails from Cape Town for England.

Dec. 13—Clements defeated with heavy loss by Delarey at Nootdacht. Mishap to Botha's horse at Zastron.

Dec. 14—De Wet and Steyn escape through Sprinkhaan's Pass.

Dec. 16-20—Boer raid into Cape Colony.

Dec. 20—Martial law proclaimed over Northern districts of Cape Colony.

Dec. 22—War Office announces despatch of reinforcements to South Africa.

Dec. 28—De Wet falls in attempt to break back into Cape Colony. Cape raiders driven northwards.

Dec. 29—Surrender of Liverpools at Helvetia.

1901.

Jan. 1—Colonial Defence Force called out in Cape Colony.

Jan. 3—Defeat of bodyguard near Lindley by Botha.

Jan. 7—Determined Boer attack on Belfast and other stations on railway to Lorenzo Marques.

Jan. 10—Delarey's force defeated near Ventersburg.

Jan. 28—French enters Ermelo. Smith-Dorrien repels determined attack by Botha. Sweeping movement commences in South-eastern Transvaal, finally resulting in capture of eight guns, 734 prisoners and large quantities of ammunition, transport, cattle, etc.

Feb. 7—War Office announces despatch of additional 30,000 mounted troops.

Feb. 10—De Wet slips through into Cape Colony.

Feb. 13—Botha writes to Kitchener proposing an interview.

Feb. 23—After desperate chase De Wet recrosses Orange river, having lost all guns, ammunition transport and many prisoners. Kitchener meets Botha in response to the Boer commandant's desire to confer with him with a view to peace negotiations.

March 3—Unsuccessful attack by Delarey on Lichtenburg.



FIELD MARSHAL LORD ROBERTS.
Who Changed the Whole Complexion of the Campaign.

March 16—Botha breaks off negotiation.

Mar. 22-23—Babington routes Delarey at Ventersdorp and captures three guns and six Maxim's.

April 8—Plumer occupies Pietersburg.

April 10—Civil jurisdiction resumed in Transvaal.

April 14—Rawlinson captures laager and two guns at Klerksdorp.

April 26—Winter operations in the Bushveldt begin. During following two weeks many small captures are almost daily reported.

May 8—Milner leaves Cape Town for England. Municipal Government started in Johannesburg.

May 24—Milner received by the King and raised to peerage.

May 29—Delarey defeated by Dixon at Vlakfontein.

June 2—Kritzing captures Jamestown, Cape Colony.

June 6—Elliott engages De Wet near Reitz and captures his convoy.

June 12—Disaster to Victorians near Wilmansrust.

June 26—Boer attack on blockhouses along Delagoa railway.

July 4—Train wrecked by Boers near Naboomspruit.

July 5—In reply to Botha's enquiries about ending war Kruger telegraphs to Botha to continue fighting.

July 13—Broadwood surprises Reitz and captures Steyn's correspondence. Narrow escape of Steyn.

July 14—French drives Scheepers' commando with heavy loss out of Camdeboo Mountains.

July 20—Death of Mrs. Kruger.

July 30—W. Kitchener captures one gun, 32 prisoners, from B. Viljoen near Middelburg.

Aug. 1—Kitchener reports shooting of native prisoners by Boers.

Aug. 6—Proclamation by Lord Kitchener of permanent banishment from South Africa of all Boer leaders taken in arms after September 15.

Aug. 8—Commandant de Villiers and two field cornets' surrender at Warmbaths.

Aug. 13—Kitchener reports the largest return of Boer losses yet made in a week. More than 800 prisoners, 700 wagons, and 33,000 cattle.

Aug. 13—Kritzing's commandoes routed near Steynsburg by Colonel Goringe.

Aug. 17—Boer laager near Middelburg captured by S. A. Constabulary with heavy loss.

Aug. 19—Duke of Cornwall lands at Cape Town.

Aug. 21—Kitchener's despatch published commenting on inefficiency of certain reinforcements.

Aug. 27—Lord Milner returns to South Africa.

Aug. 31—Train wrecked by Boers near Waterval.

Sept. 5—Lotter's commando captured by Colonel Scobell. Commandants Lotter and Breedt prisoners.

Sept. 10—Colonel Crabbe routs Scheepers' commando at Laingsburg. Van de Merwe killed.

Sept. 17—British force under Major Gough surprised near Utrecht. Smut's commando surprises 17th Lancers at Eland's River Poort.

Sept. 20—Kritzing fails to force a crossing of the Orange River after inflicting heavy loss on Lovat's Scouts.

Sept. 26—Botha's attack upon Forts Itala and Prospect, on the Zulu border, repulsed with severe loss.

Sept. 30—Delarey's attack upon Kekewich's camp at Moedwill beaten off with heavy loss on both sides. Martial law extended throughout Cape Colony.

1902.

Feb. 19—Canadian Mounted Rifles arrive in Durban.

March 7—Capture of Lord Methuen by party of Boers near Klerksdorp.

March 31—Gallant stand of Canadians in charge of the baggage at Hart's River. Canadians held their post, but lost 14 killed and 40 wounded. In one section every man was either killed or wounded. This brave action elicits much favorable comment.



GEN. LORD KITCHENER.
The Commander-in-Chief Through Whom the Peace Proposals Were Forwarded.



EX-PRESIDENT KRUGER.
The Man Who Was Primarily Responsible for the War.



DUKE OF ARKLAN

Standard Bred. Rich brown color, black points, good action. Foaled March 19th, 1893; stands 16½ hands, weighs 1300 lbs; record 2.29½ at 4 years old. Terms: \$10 for the season, single trial \$5. All mares at owner's risk.

MOISE LAFRANÇOISE,
Proprietor - Ste. Scholastique.

ST. CLOUD.

This is the Elliott horse of St. Andrews, which took 2nd prize in the Argenteuil Exhibit last yr. as a general purpose. He is Canadian bred, weighs 1300 lbs and is a sure foal getter. Farmers desirous of raising a good general purpose horse will do well to use him this season. See posters.

GEO. BRADFORD, Cushing.

I. O. ODDFELLOWS.

Laurentian Lodge No. 14, Lachute.

CORONATION DAY, June 26th.

MONSTER EXCURSION

LACHUTE —TO—

Shawenegan Falls

The grandeur of which is unsurpassed in the world.

The whole route to Shawenegan Falls lies through a district replete with the most delightful and interesting scenery—canyons, water falls, etc., being most numerous—giving the beholder the most wonderful living panorama. The whole distance, 115 miles, will be covered each way in about 4 hours.

If you wish to obtain the greatest enjoyment at the least expense, you cannot afford to miss this picnic, for which will be issued

ROUND TRIP TICKETS FROM HAWKESBURY

Adults - - - \$1.80
Children - - - 95

FROM LACHUTE.

Adults, - - - \$1.55
Children - - - 80

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Capital, [Fully paid up] \$2,000,000
Reserve - - - \$1,765,000

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CUSHING

Mrs. John O. Noyes spent part of last week in Montreal the guest of her mother, Mrs. Roe.

Quite a large congregation filled the Methodist church on Sunday to hear Rev. Mr. Beamish of Pt. Fortune who had exchanged pulpits with Rev. Mr. Lough for that day.

Miss Ethel Watson and Mr. and Mrs. A. Gray of Chute-a-Blondeau, visited the latter's sister, Mrs. O. E. LeRoy at Grenville last Sunday.

We are looking forward with pleasure to the evening of Friday May 23rd when there will be a parlor social held at the residence of Mr. Geo. O'Brien, Cushing. Admission 20 cts. Home-made candy for sale. Proceeds in aid of the Methodist church.

The Women's Missionary Auxiliary held a pleasant and largely attended meeting at the residence of Mrs. J. B. Cushing on Wednesday of last week.

HANDY WAGGON'S MADE BY

The Farmer Handy Waggon Co.
No. 8.—With Patented wood wheels, 28 inches front and 30 inches rear, 5 inch tires, bolsters only 22 inches from the ground, easy capacity two tons, is a very desirable waggon for those who are looking for the "best cheap waggon made" price \$37.00.

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For St. Canute, St. Jerome, Ste. Agathe, New Glasgow, Joliette, Shawenegan Falls, Grand Mere, Quebec, etc.

6.33 p.m.—
For Stonefield, Hawkesbury, etc.

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6.33 p.m.—
From Quebec, Shawenegan Falls, and intermediate points.

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HATS! HATS!

MEN'S and BOYS' FELT—Soft and Stiff—in Black and Colors.
CHILDREN'S TAMS, CAPS, ETC.

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TIMOTHY (different grades), Alsike, Long Vermont,
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That means that we have now opened up a stock of goods suitable for the occasion, and a stock to select from that is bound to please and give you every satisfaction.

Ladies, ASK To See "Horrackses Madappolans" Specialty in Underwear. This is something extra value in that line.

We are showing in great variety Cottonade, Gingham, Spot and Check and Lawn Muslins.



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LA REINE,

CHILDREN'S WAISTS - 30c UP.

From
50 cts.
Up.

New Display of
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PRINTS, CORSETS, Etc.

A splendid line of Ladies' Sailor Hats and Blouses.
A choice stock of Ladies' Waists, dark and light colors.

CARPETS and LINOLEUMS.

If you want something to brighten up your home why not treat yourself to a nice new Carpet, or a handsome rug. We have the largest stock in town to select from.

Linoleums can be had from us in pretty patterns. At this time of the year they are the very thing to protect your painted floors from the wet and mud, and are the easiest to keep clean. Prices are very low.

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The Watchman

And Ottawa Valley Advocate.

VOL. XXVII.

LACHUTE, FRIDAY, MAY 23, 1902.

NO. 17

Professional & Commercial

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New blouse waists in large assortment in Print, Muslin, Linen Gingham, and Sateen the latest style, buttoned in the back and elbow sleeves; fit guaranteed.
Children's and Infants' dresses.
Ladies' summer underwear and white wear at all prices.
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Choice gingham and muslins a large stock beautiful colors. W. Banford.

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Our Ice Cream Soda with pure fruit syrups is a drink fit for the gods. Try it. Ice Cream Parlor now open. cool clean and comfortable.—at Hope's.

A big drop from last year's prices in—

Cut nails, wire nails, garden rakes manure forks, hay forks, fork handles, at—**J. R. McQUAT'S.**

Screen doors, window screens, farm and garden tools, lawn mowers rubber hose, baskets and enamelled ware in great variety at Hugman's.

Bring us your wool. Price is low enough, but it can't be helped, we will pay the highest price and give you choice goods at low prices. W. Banford.

Fishing tackle, rods, trawls, lines, hooks, flies, line baits, sinkers, floats reels, baskets and all the paraphernalia for Anglers at Hugman's. Bamboo rods 20 ft. long 15c. 12 ft. long 10c.

Say are you looking for Screen doors or windows? If so come to Headquarters. We have in stock a large assortment of styles to choose from and at prices to suit a l. Early comers first choice. McQuat & McRae.

A fine fresh supply of good wall paper including several patterns of Ingrain paper with borders to match. All shades in labastine for tinting purposes. G. L. Melkie & Co.

If you want something nice for the holidays in fruit we have it, oranges, bananas, lemons, pine apples, strawberries, [fresh to night] new dates.—At Hope's.

Remember, if you want anything in the Hardware line, Light or Heavy, it will pay you to call. Others have made money by doing so, why not you? McQUAT & McRAE.

New Supply of Garden Seeds, field seeds, timothy seed, long Vermont clover, alsike clover, short red clover, oil cake feed. G. L. Melkie & Co.

The undersigned having purchased the Argenteuil Hotel, wishes to announce that I am not making any advance in former prices. Former patrons of the house will find, that we combine cleanliness and quality and give the best of attention. Every convenience and accommodation. Rates \$1.00 per day. L. Lavigne.

While devoting a great deal of attention, time, and money to make our Soda Fountain and Ice Cream Parlor all that they should be, we are not neglecting the staple lines of groceries and hardware, of which we keep constantly on hand a full supply.—B. Hugman & Son.

BIRTHS

CRESWELL.—At Lachute, Que., on May 17th, 1902, to the Rev. and Mrs. J. R. Creswell a son.

McLELLAN.—At Grenville, Que., on Wednesday, May 14th, a son to Mr. and Mrs. Duncan J. McLellan.

DEATH.

BONHOMME.—At Lachute Road, on Wednesday, May 21st. Mrs. J. B. Bonhomme, aged 74 years.

LOCAL NEWS

Celebrate the 24th by taking in the Grand Concert in Victoria Hall.

Mrs Foster of Montreal is visiting friends in town.

Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Gall of Montreal are spending a short visit in town.

Miss M. Bennett of Montreal was the guest of Mrs. John Cruise last week.

Miss Carr returned home from a prolonged stay in Montreal on Monday last.

Mrs. Parkhurst and Mrs. Wanless were the guests of Mrs. W. J. Simpson over Sunday.

Miss Jessie McAdam has returned from Montreal and intends spending the summer months in town.

Mrs. Scott of Ottawa and Mrs. McGillis of Brockville, with their families, are the guests of their mother, Mrs. Mackie for a few days.

Mr. G. Hay returned last Thursday from his trip to the West, having disposed of his two fine stallions for the sum of \$2,500

W. E. Burgess, the popular ventriloquist and humorist of Montreal, is sure to please you on the 24th.

Rev. W. Baney spent Tuesday and Wednesday in Montreal attending the district meeting at Dominion Methodist church.

Mr. G. Sanderson has been transferred to the Bank of Ottawa in Carleton Place and Mr. Petrie of that town will fill the vacancy here.

Miss Maud Newton of Montreal is in town attending the funeral of her father, Mr. John Newton of Lake Louise.

The G. N. R'y will sell round trip tickets between all their stations on Victoria Day, at one way first class fare, good to return until May 26.

Archbishop Bond will hold a Confirmation in Holy Trinity church on Wednesday the 28th inst., at 2 p.m. After the service there will be tea in the Gibb Hall, followed by addresses by the Rural Dean and others

On Monday morning a horse belonging to Mr. T. McQuat, was seized with lockjaw and had to be shot. An accident which occurred a few days ago in which the horse received injuries in the chest is considered the cause.

The annual meeting of the Bible Society will be held in the Methodist church on Monday evening next. Addresses will be given by Revs. Messrs. Creswell, and McLaren, and the general secretary, Rev. Thomas Bennett. A Cordial invitation is extended to all. Special music. Collection in aid of the work.

In addition to Mr. W. E. Burgess who is a host in himself, Miss Craven the violinist and little Wilfred Small, champion drummer will also be heard at Prof. Bume's concert on the 24th.

Patriotic service will be held in the Methodist church next Sunday. In the morning the Rev. Mr. Raney will speak on: "Some lessons from the life of Queen Victoria," in the evening he will give an address on "Three Canadian Patriots." Patriotic hymns will be sung at both services.

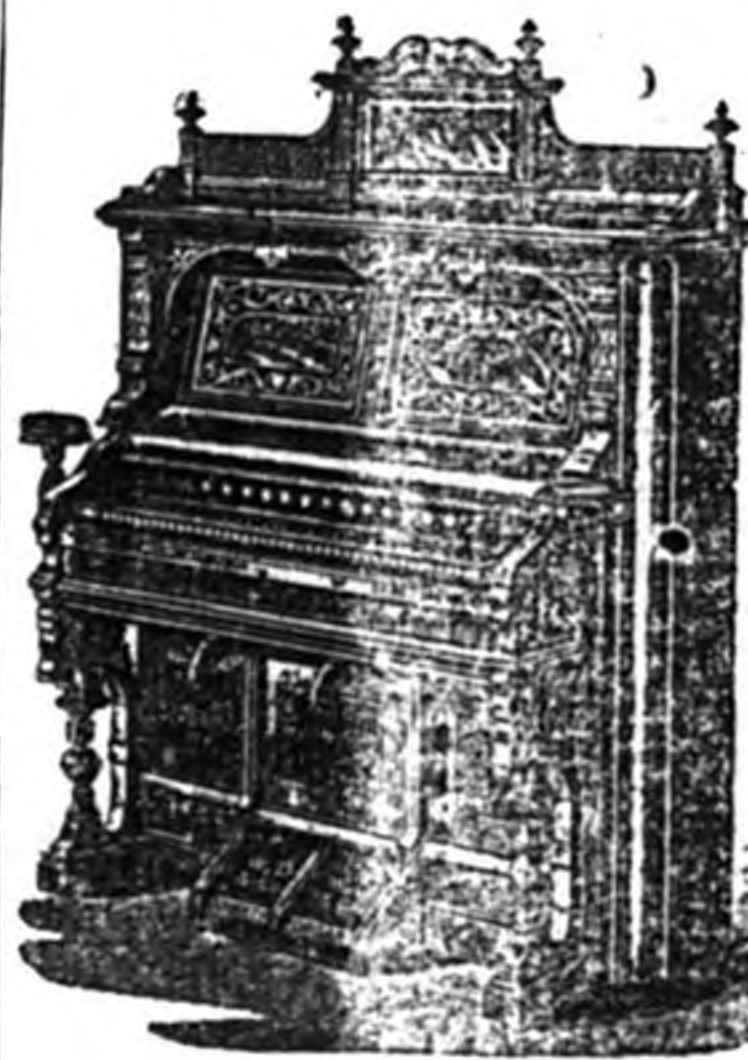
In the course of a few days our Main St will take on a different appearance. By mutual consent the proprietors have decided to fill in and level off the big slope opposite the post office that has existed for some time and has always been an eye sore.

Mr. John Newton, of Lake Louise lost his life in a very painful manner on Monday last. While chopping in the woods his axe slipped, cutting him severely in the foot. Not thinking it serious, he continued work, until obliged through loss of blood to return home, when it was found he was bleeding to death, and before medical assistance could be obtained he passed away. The funeral took place on Thursday from the home of his daughter, Mrs. Arthur Davis of Morin Plains and was largely attended

Coronation Day will be celebrated on the 26th of June with the Oddfellows by a huge excursion to Shawenagen Falls. Keep date open.

Special Bargains in

PIANOS,
ORGANS,
SEWING
MACHINES



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MAIN STREET - LACHUTE.

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Testing free of charge when spectacles are purchased.

Latest Instruments employed, Satisfaction Guaranteed.

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Are all received, and they comprise the choicest goods on the market in—

SUITINGS,
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I still lead in these goods and others follow. For strictly up-to-date Hats, Ties, Shirts, and other gent's furnishings stylish dressers patronize.....

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THE CENTRAL IMPLEMENT HOUSE,

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We are right in the Implement Business; the best that the Canadians and Americans can produce.

Seeders, Disks, Spring and Drag Tooth Harrows, Plows, Cultivators, Horse Forks, Corn and Grain Binders, Reapers—double and single—Mowers from 8½ to 7 ft. cut, Steel Rakes—all sizes for one or two horses—Concord and Top Buggies, Expresses and Heavy Waggon.

Put your Seed Grain in good condition with a Chatham Fanning Mill. We sell them with or without bagging attachment.

Reserve your Twine order for us. The McCormick Company ship us direct from their factory in car load lots. We can tie you up in good shape with special prices.

We want your trade and will treat you right.

ROY DEWAR - AGENT

When Edward Is Crowned . . .

Significance and Antiquity of the Ceremony.

Across the seas in London at the heart of the British Empire our King is making great preparations for his forthcoming coronation, consequently the many ceremonies pertaining to that event will be full of interest even to those for whom a trip to England next June will be an impossibility. There are so many mystic forms and curious customs in connection with the coronation that it would be well to become familiar with a few of them. As a matter of fact, coronation ceremonies are connected with the first establishment of Christianity in England; they also perpetuate some of the earliest British notions of public liberty, and while they proclaim the hereditary rights of the Prince, they are introduced by a recognition of some of the most ancient claims of the people. In these ceremonies, too, is shown the character of each constituent portion of the body politic from age to age, and they are chiefly valuable perhaps as preserving a claim of national identity, unbroken by conquest or by civil war, by changing dynasties, or by the most important revolutions of the empire. Notwithstanding the vast democratic progress of England to-day, she still shows her love of regal rule in the enthusiasm with which she enters into the splendid ceremonial of the coronation.

In the coronation rites there is a great amount of symbolical instruction to which we require a clue. Below are a few explanations of the regalia and royal vestments.

The regalia of England are symbols of a monarchical authority that has been transmitted by coronation ceremonies for upwards of ten centuries. But the incorporation of England, Scotland and Ireland into one United Kingdom has connected the history of the Imperial regalia with some tales of legendary lore of more than passing interest, the truth of which, if the circumstance does not demonstrate, nothing will. Irish records are said to add at least another thousand years of substantial history to the honors of that solid regal seat or coronation chair in which our monarchs are both anointed and crowned, while some of our own "honest chroniclers" assign to it a still more marvelous antiquity.

Holinshed gives us the history of one Gathelus, a Greek, who brought from Egypt into Spain the identical stone on which the patriarch Jacob slept, and "poured oil" at Luz. In Spain Gathelus built a city called Brigantia (Com-

principal parts is supposed to be the same in which Edward I. recased it, on bringing it to England.

None of the crowns now in use are of older date than the reign of Charles II. This monarch issued a commission for the "remaking such royal ornaments and regalia" as the rebellious Parliament of his father had destroyed, in which "the old names and fashions" were directed to be carefully sought after and retained. Upon this authority we still have the national crown, with which our monarchs are actually invested, called S. Edward's, although the Great Seal of the Confessor exhibits him wearing a crown of a very different shape. The present crown slowly advanced from a mere fillet of pearl to its now commanding size and brilliant appearance.

The sceptre is a more ancient symbol of royalty than the crown. Homer speaks of "accepted Kings," and the book of Genesis of a sceptre as denoting a King or supreme governor. There is a very early form of delivering this ensign of authority in the Saxon coronation services, and the coins and seals of succeeding reigns usually place it in the hand of the monarch. Very anciently, too, our Kings received at the coronation a sceptre for the right hand, surmounted by a cross, and for the left, sometimes called the verge, one that terminated in a globe, surmounted by a dove. The two great symbols of the Christian religion are thus professedly embraced, but the monarch never appears with two sceptres except on this occasion.

The Ampulla, or Golden Eagle and the "holy oil," which is poured from it, are connected, like the royal chair, with some interesting historical facts. The three distinct anointings yet retained (i.e., on the head, breast and hands or arms) were said by Becket to indicate glory, holiness and fortitude.

The Royal swords are named Curtana, or the Sword of Mercy, the Sword of Justice to the Spirituality, the Sword of Justice to the Temporality and the Sword of State. Of these the last alone is actually used in the coronation, being that with which the King is girded after his anointing; the rest are only carried before him by certain great officers. Curtana has been honored with a proper name since the reign of Henry III., at whose coronation it was carried by the Earl of Chester. It is a flat sword, without a point; looking to which cir-

of their being but pilgrims on earth— or simply from its being offered with the other regalia at that monarch's shrine, on the coronation of our Kings, we have no means of determining. All the regalia are supposed, indeed, to be in the custody of the Dean, as the successor of the Abbot of Westminster, at the period of each coronation.

The Royal vestments of England are amongst the most gorgeous "makings of a King" known to history. In the robes ordinarily designed to be worn in Parliament, and consisting of a surcoat of the richest crimson velvet, and a mantle and hood of the same, furred with ermine and bordered with gold lace, the King first makes his appearance on coronation day (on which he wears a cap of State of the same materials, and at this time only). These are, therefore, called the Parliament robes, in distinction from his robes of estate, for which he exchanges them in the Abbey at the close of the coronation, and which only differ from the former in being made of purple velvet. These sumptuous external robes are laid aside during the anointing and other parts of the coronation service.

The Armil, or Stole, is the only ecclesiastical symbol now retained in the investiture of our Kings. The ornament in present use embraces the neck—L. C. in Toronto Ladies Journal.

MORPHINE FIENDS.

Ten Per Cent. of Physicians Slaves An Authority Says.

At least 10,000 persons in the United States are victims of morphine and 10 per cent. of American physicians are slaves to opium in some form, according to a statement adopted by the Medical News. All recent estimates, the same authority asserts moreover, indicate that the use of morphine not only as a drug to allay pain, but also as an intoxicant, is daily becoming an increasing evil.

A physician to whom this statement was quoted expressed some doubt as to the extent of the evil so far as the medical profession is concerned, but said that the general estimate was rather under than over the mark.

"The demand for morphine in the drug stores is increasing at an alarming rate," said this physician. "Traffic in the drug is restricted by law, but the law is practically ineffectual. Any morphine fiend who needs a supply knows how to get it, and does obtain it readily enough and apparently one user of the drug makes many more."

"Before long there is sure to be a cry for increased restriction. What is needed, however, is not so much a new law, but the stricter enforcement of the present one and vigorous prosecution of those who connive at the illicit traffic in the stuff."

Whether or not it is possible to cure the confirmed morphine eater after the habit has reached a serious stage is still the subject of debate among physicians. There are also differences of opinion as to the best treatment, although the authorities agree now that institutional treatment or the services of a trained nurse to outwit the cunning aroused in the patient by the craving for the drug are essential to success.

Baths and exercise in the open air form an important part of the newest treatment advocated and it is laid down that there is practically a certainty of a relapse unless the treatment is prolonged to three months, oftener to six.

The sudden withdrawal of the drug by friends or relatives, horror-stricken over the discovery of the disease, has resulted in many cases in a fatal collapse. Substitution of some other opium derivative has now been rejected as unsatisfactory.

Gradual withdrawal of it or tapering the doses is the only choice in a majority of cases, and in some cases lessening it by one-sixteenth is as much as can be effected at first.

Mr. Manley—"Well, darling, I've had my life insured for \$5,000." Mrs. M.—"How very sensible of you! Now I shan't have to keep telling you to be so careful every place you go to."

THE BOY, THE BANK, AND THE DIME.

A Tale With a Moral For Mothers.

Once there was a boy about seven years old, whose parents thought he was flawless. He was petted every day, and by leaps and bounds he grew into the idea that the earth and the fullness thereof was his. He became arbitrary in his methods and not only gave the neighbors, but also his parents, much trouble. Neither his father nor his mother was particularly "keen" on psychology, and so matters drifted along until the time came when the father awoke to a realization of the fact of his offspring's degeneracy. He came, also, face to face with the collateral fact that something would have to be done in the way of child-government, or the time would speedily arrive when even a revolution would do no good. He therefore resolved to begin with the inculcation of the great and basic laws of frugality. If, he reasoned, he could teach his son and heir the value of money and self-denial, a great step forward would have been taken, and the way consequently would be opened for education along other lines toward which the youth had so far manifested the utmost repugnance.

Filled with those thoughts, and others in which his son constantly figured as a bright and shining star, the father bought a toy bank that was constructed that it would receive dimes to the extent of five dollars, but unless the full complement of fifty dimes had been faithfully deposited within the precincts of the bank there was no such thing as withdrawals. Until the aforesaid deposit, the bank was securely locked, but when it held five dollars' worth of dimes it could then be easily opened and the money placed in a real savings bank, there to draw compound interest and to double itself, from time to time, as the years rolled by. The father brought the bank proudly home, thinking of the time when his son should figure among the world's great capitalists and financiers and be able to trace the origin of his wealth to the little bank he was about to give him. It was an inspiring thought, and the reveries into which this father fell because of it were very pleasant indeed. He dreamed, as fathers will, and when he reached home he was not a little disappointed to find that the boy had been put to bed and was sleeping quietly. He explained his ideas to his wife, and wanted to awaken the lad in order to impress the scheme upon him, so that no time should be lost with his new education. His wife demurred, however, and so the father was obliged to wait until the next morning before presenting the matter to the young savage, who was to be the subject of an experiment with which he was destined to be entirely out of sympathy.

At breakfast the father made a rather neat little speech to his son, and gave into his hands the bank and a dime, to put into it, that should serve as a nucleus about which might gather his wealth and capital that was to be. He also promised further contributions if the boy would be good. The young man was engaged in eating his breakfast while his father was talking about the bank, and it must be confessed that the charms of the cereals that were a part of the family menu, together with the accompanying milk, were greater than was the rudimentary system of finance that was parentally outlined. In due time the father went down town to do business. The son remained at home for the same purpose, as it afterward appeared. When the young man had quite finished eating (because there remained nothing else to eat) he turned his languishing attention to the bank that his father had given him. He knew there was a dime therein, because he had seen it placed inside. He could also hear it rattle when he shook the bank.

His mother was a trifle busy, and went upstairs, rejoiced to think that she could leave the young man with the bank and the contemplation of it. When his mother had retired, his interest in the bank seemed to intensify. He shook it, and the rattle of the imprisoned dime was again distinctly perceptible. He shook it more fiercely, and the sound of infinitesimal but hoarded wealth was hollow. He shook the bank a third time, and then it slipped from his fingers and

fell with a crash to the marquetry floor. The bank, which was quite heavy, struck on its sharp corner and broke a piece out of the floor that cost one dollar and fifty cents to have replaced a few days later. The boy picked up the fallen bank and looked at it very hard. He did not even glance at the damaged floor. He tried rather to pry the bank open with a silver fork, the result being that the prongs of the fork were snapped off. He began to be annoyed. He finally struck the iron bank right smartly with his little fist, which bruised him. This made him quite angry. Throwing the offending bank on the floor, and thereby making an additional dent in it, he kicked it with one of the new shoes he chanced to have on, in such a way as to rend a most unsightly hole in the shoe that did the kicking. He realized vaguely that his progress in breaking the bank was something like the progress of most of those who have tried this sort of thing on a larger scale at Monte Carlo.

In a reflective mood he picked up his bank once more and turned it over and over again. Visions of the candy, gum, soda and other edible and semiedible juvenile joys that the dime in that useless bank would buy rose up before him and overmastered him. He went to his father's tool chest, where he had so often been told not to go. He lifted the heavy lid, and there, right on top, lay a hammer. It fairly invited him to use it. Temptation carried him away captive. He grasped the hammer and struck the bank with all his little might. The edge of the hammer was chipped off, and there was a dent in the new bank. That was all. He hammered away at the bank until there were many dents in it, but the run upon the bank was valiantly resisted. The hammer was but a delusion and a snare. He put it back in the chest and closed the lid with a bang. The thought of the dime so near and yet so far was most aggravating. He thought and thought and thought. There was nothing promising that presented itself by means of which he could make that dime negotiable. He took the bank out in the back yard, where the walks were flagged. He threw it several times on the flagstones. The only results were more dents. The bank began to look a trifle battered. Its capital was as yet, however, entirely unimpaired. He took the bank into the house again and put it on the hot kitchen range. Some of the bright paint spluttered up and came off, but there was no further result.

At last an idea came to the child that seemed promising. He took it up the street, and when fairly out of sight of his own house he placed the bank upon the car track and then ran back to wait for a passing car. Presently the car came with a rush and was gone, scattering sparks in transit. The car simply pushed the bank off the track. The boy put it back and possessed his soul with such patience as he could. The four following cars likewise swept the bank harmlessly from the track, but the fifth, a fifteen-ton car, struck it a little on the slant and the bank was left fragmentary. With a shout of triumph the youthful spendthrift snatched the dime from the roadbed where it lay, and with it safely in his hand he ran off to the nearest candy store, where he bought sweets until the dime was gone. Then he went out and enjoyed the confections until they, too, were gone.

There is no need to tell what the moral of this tale is, nor to mention the doctor's charges for attendance on the child because of the candy eaten for which the dime paid. It would be worse than useless to point out wherein the father failed in his application of first-class moral teaching. Nor would anything be gained by tabulating the language of the father when the damage was footed up. These items are familiar to parents with boys in the family and are quite commonplace. So, for that matter, is this little story of the boy, the bank, and the dime.

ODDEST VACCINATION CASE.

Little Girl Carried Latent for Two Years.

The remarkable case of a small girl whose vaccination took after two years' delay should be some consolation to those who have got it over quickly. The case has been reported to one of the medical journals by the child's physician and is recorded as being probably without precedent in medical science.

The child was vaccinated when she was only six months' old and with very slight success. Nothing was thought about that until a few weeks ago, and two years after the original vaccination she had an attack of scarlet fever with complications which puzzled the family doctor. The old vaccination marks seemed to wake up again.

Inquiry revealed that the little girl had not been revaccinated, though all the symptoms might have indicated that she had. Other physicians were called in and watched the case.

When the child's recovery was certain they agreed that the one explanation feasible was that the vaccination had remained latent in the child's system for two years and that the fever had started it afresh.

INDIAN ENGLISH.

An intelligent sepooy one day came to a telegraph office in India and handed in a message to send to a station in Central India. Having read the message, the operator said there was something wrong. "No, sahib; no knows English," he said. Again an attempt was made to explain to him that it was wrong worded. "Me knows English," he declared haughtily and indignantly. "If you no send, me report superintendent Mandalay." This threatened the message was forwarded: "Come quick; father dangerous dead."



THE CORONATION MEDAL, ISSUED IN BRONZE AND SILVER.

postella), where he "sat upon his marble stone, gave laws and ministered justice unto his people, thereby to maintain them in wealth and quietness," and "thereof it came to pass that first in Spain, after in Ireland, and then in Scotland, the Kings who ruled over the Scottishmen received the crown sitting upon that stone, until the time of Robert I., King of Scotland." Another story is that King Simon Brech transmitted this stone to Ireland, about 700 years before the birth of Christ, and that "the first Fergus" brought it out of Ireland into Albion, B.C. 330.

There is an important property of this stone. It is said to furnish a test of legitimate royal descent, yielding an oracular sound when a Prince of the blood is placed upon it, and remaining silent under a mere pretender to the throne.

Apart from these legends, the real history of the Fatal Stone is curious, and has induced the learned Toland to call it "the antientest respected monument in the world." It is to be traced on the best authorities into Ireland, whence it had been brought into Scotland, and had become of great notoriety in Argyllshire, sometime before the reign of Kenneth, or A. D. 834. This monarch found it at Dunstaffnage, a royal castle; he enclosed it in a wooden chair, and removed it to the Abbey of Scone, where for 450 years "all Kings of Scotland war crownit" upon it, or "gihil ye tyme of Robert Bruce." In which time, besides many other cruelties done by King Edward, the said chair of marble was taken by Englishmen and brought out of Scone to London, and put into Westminster, where it remains to the present day.

The ancient Irish prophecy, quoted by Mr. Taylor in his "Glory of Regality," assures us that the possession of this stone is essential to the preservation of royal power. King Kenneth caused the leonine verses following to be engraved on the chair:—

Ni jallat fatum
Scoti quocunque locatum
Invenient lapidem
Regnare tenentur ibidem.
Thus given by Camden:—
Or Fate is blind,
Or Scots shall find
Where'er this stone
A royal throne.

At the coronation of our Kings the royal chair is now disguised in cloth of gold, but the woodwork which forms its

cumstance, and to its being also entitled the Sword of Mercy, some etymologists have traced it to the Latin curto, I cut short. The Sword of Justice to the Spirituality is obtuse, that of Justice to the Temporality sharp at the point.

The King's spurs and orb and S. Edward's staff of the golden ring with which our Kings are invested, as the ensign of royal dignity, and of defence of the Catholic faith, there is yet another miracle of the coronation to relate. A certain "fayre old man," having asked alms of S. Edward, the Confessor, he had nothing at hand to bestow but his ring. Shortly after two English pilgrims lost their way in the Holy Land, "when there came to them a fayre ancient man," with "white hair for age." Then the old man asked who they were and of what region, and they answered that they were pilgrims of England, and had lost their companions and way. Then this old man "comforted them goodly" and brought them to a fair city; and when they had refreshed the morn, this "fayre old man" went with them and brought them in the right way again. And he was glad to hear them talk of the welfare and holiness of their King, S. Edward; and when he was departing from them he told them who he was, and said, "I am Johan the evangelist, and saye ye unto Edward your Kyng, that I grete him well by the token that he gaff to me, thys ryng, with hys one handes." The present ring was the favorite one of Mary Queen of Scots, and was sent by her, at her death, to James I.

The spurs are a very ancient emblem of knighthood; in later coronations the abundance of ceremonies has only allowed time for the King's heel to be touched with them.

The Orb, or Mound (Fr. Monde) is an emblem of sovereignty, said to be derived from Imperial Rome, and to have been first adorned with the cross by Constantine on his conversion to Christianity. This part of the regalia, being indicative of supreme political power, has never been placed in the hands of any but Kings and Queens regnant.

The only remaining member of the Regalia now in use is S. Edward's Staff; but whether so called from any of the pilgrimages of the Confessor—from its being designed to remind our monarchs



"MAMMA IS WAITING FOR US?" WHERE IS SHE?

FOR THE HOME

Recipes for the Kitchen.
Hygiene and Other Notes
for the Housekeeper.

DOMESTIC RECIPES.

Delicious Corn Bread.—One large cup of cornmeal and one small cup of flour; a half cup of sugar; two eggs; two teaspoonfuls of baking powder, three teaspoonfuls of butter, one teaspoonful of salt, milk to make this batter. Mix like cake and bake in a biscuit tin. This recipe is sixty years old and is commended by Harper's Bazar.

Potatoes a la Delmonico.—Hash four medium sized potatoes; put in saucepan, add a half tablespoonful of butter, half cup of cream, a little salt and pepper; stir carefully for five minutes. Turn into a baking dish, sprinkle over ten tablespoonfuls of bread crumbs. Put on bits of butter and leave twenty minutes in a hot oven.

Spanish stew.—Cut in small pieces any cold meats that may be at hand. Place in the frying pan with one tablespoon butter, one small onion sliced, a half-teaspoon of prepared horseradish and a few pieces of red pepper. Fry till the butter is well browned, then add two cups of hot water and one tablespoon tomato catsup. Thicken with one tablespoon flour and cook till the flour taste disappears. Pour into a small, deep platter, sprinkle a few minced pickles over it and send piping hot to the table.

Veal Gatiné.—Trim all the fat from a large veal steak. Make a force meat of a cup of minced ham, a half cup of bread crumbs, a dozen stoned and minced olives, salt and pepper. Moisten this mixture with enough milk to make a thick paste. Lay steak upon board, spread with the force meat, roll up and sew this roll tightly in a piece of muslin. Put into a pot with enough water or stock to nearly cover and simmer three hours. Let meat cool in the liquor, then remove cloth and set in a cool place till wanted. Serve with aspic jelly.

Potato Croquettes.—Two cups mashed potatoes, two tablespoons melted butter, two well-beaten eggs, one-half cup milk, one-half teaspoon salt. Mix well together and mold in oblongs; dent on the tops crosswise with a knife blade. Bake on a greased baking sheet about one-half hour till nicely browned. Have the cream sauce ready; pour into a platter and when the croquettes are baked remove them to the platter, placing them on the cream sauce as artistically as possible. Serve at once.

Little Raisin Cakes.—One-half cup butter creamed, one cup sugar, one-half cup of milk, one egg well-beaten, three-fourths cup chopped raisins, one and one-half cups flour. Beat the batter vigorously, then bake in patty pans and serve warm.

Baked Parsnips.—Boil the parsnips till tender, but not broken. Drain the water and place them in a baking pan; pour over them one-half cup of hot water, add a tablespoonful of butter and sprinkle with salt and pepper. Place in the oven and bake occasionally till nicely browned.

Cheese Salad.—Boil three eggs hard put into cold water, then remove shells, cut crosswise and remove yolks. Mash the yolks fine and rub with them one cup finely grated cheese, season, add dressing and mix well. Heap this roughly upon a bed of lettuce, and garnish with the whites cut in rings and a few slivers of celery. Serve with hot crackers.

Peach Pudding.—One quart well-sweetened peaches, one-half cup butter, one-half cup sugar, one-half cup milk, one egg, one-fourth teaspoonful salt, one teaspoon baking powder sifted with the flour, two cups flour. Put the peaches in the bottom of the baking pan. Make a batter with the other ingredients, and when smooth spread over the peaches. Bake in a very slow oven for one hour. Serve with whipped cream.

ASPARAGUS WAYS.

Cream of asparagus soup.—Cut the tender joints off 3 bunches of asparagus, and break the tough portion of the stalks down into small pieces. Cook the stalks (not the joints) in a little boiling water until perfectly tender. Drain, rub the pulp through a colander, add 3 pts. scalding hot milk. The tips should be soaked until tender (about 15 minutes) in slightly salted boiling water, and then added to the asparagus pulp and milk. Let it all boil up, season to taste, thicken with two tablespoons butter, and serve very hot with croutons.

Asparagus in Cases.—Cut off enough tender asparagus heads in two-inch lengths to make one pint. Cook in a little boiling water until tender, drain, add 1/2 cup cream sauce, season to taste, and fill into hot baking powder biscuit, which have been prepared by cutting off the tops and scooping out the inside.

Asparagus with Cheese.—Cut tender asparagus stalks into inch lengths, and cook in slightly salted boiling water. When done, drain, and place in a well buttered baking dish. Dot with little bits of butter, sprinkle over 1 cup grated cheese, a little minced onion, and some seasoning. Let brown in a moderate oven, and serve very hot. If no outside silver bakin' dish is at hand serve in the

one in which it was cooked, with a white napkin pinned neatly around it.

Asparagus on Toast.—Wash the asparagus, tie in a bundle again, and cook with the tough white ends of the stalks down in slightly salted boiling water until tender. Drain, untie, and spread on very thin slices of nicely browned toast with a cream sauce poured over the asparagus.

Asparagus Croquettes.—Mash 1 cup cooked asparagus tips, add 1/2 cup fine bread crumbs, 1 cup diced chicken or veal (cooked) and season to taste. Mix well and moisten just sufficiently to form into croquettes with cream sauce. Turn into a shallow dish and let get cold. Then make into croquettes, roll in slightly beaten egg, then in bread crumbs, and fry in hot oil or fat. Drain on brown paper, and serve hot.

WHERE MOTHS ORIGINATE.

The distracted housekeeper wages war against the little, white-winged moths that will fly around so industriously in the spring, usually near her most expensive carpets, draperies and furs. She wonders where they can come from in such armies, and she spends a great deal of time and strength in scattering borax, insect powder and naphtha about her carpets, and uses every available newspaper and countless mothballs in stowing away her winter furs, John's best overcoat and numerous other garments that these little pests like to feed upon.

Now, we are quite sure if this same vigilant housekeeper were some day to go on a hunting expedition from attic to cellar, she would be more than likely to run across an old blanket or piece of fur which contained larvae enough to stock a whole neighborhood with these pests. Perhaps a skein of soft white wool might be pulled out of some corner not often peered into, which would literally drop to pieces when she touched it, so industriously had it been preyed upon by these busy workers.

If the search should be very thorough, and everything thus infested should be burned, she would be apt to find the next year when she looked her labor had not been in vain. And if she should continue to destroy all useless woolen garments that prove such prolific breeding-places, she would in time completely rid herself of the troublesome carpet moth.

HINTS TO HOUSEKEEPERS.

When flat-irons do not heat well turn a large dishpan over them.

It is said that if the feet are well soaked in warm water at night and then the corns rubbed with castor oil these troublesome excrescences will disappear.

A housekeeper says that scorched lard is not necessarily spoiled lard. She advises: Put the lard in a kettle and add an equal quantity of water. Let it come to a boil, then cool. The scorched part will settle to the bottom in the water, and the lard will be in a cake on top which can be lifted off. Sausage and fried meat fat can be purified and whitened in the same way.

Those who do not like boiled cabbage or want a new way of serving it, may try this way: Pull off the outer leaves until you come to those that are crisp and white. Pull them off and serve them with a mayonnaise as you would lettuce.

To cook bacon properly cut it very thin, lay the slices on the broiler, rest this on a dripping pan and put in a hot oven. Turn once. You avoid all smoke and smudge, and your bacon is pink, crisp and delicious and easily digested. Bacon is the best possible meat for breakfast.

Fresh orange peel thrown into water before it is to be used imparts a pleasant fragrance and also softens it.

STORY OF MATOPPO HILLS

DEED OF CECIL RHODES AT PLACE OF PEACE.

Mines Show Effects of Smoke From Phoenician Gold-Seekers Torches.

One can easily appreciate the circumstances which induced the dead Colossus to select for his resting place the solemn, peaceful grandeur of the Matoppos Hills. For it was there that the most tragic episodes of his life were enacted, and it was there also that in the dark days of the Matabele rebellion he saw: men willingly sacrifice themselves in the cause of Empire.

But of the many brave deeds performed by the men who took part in what has been described as "the race for the V.C." near the place where he was buried, none surpassed the act of heroism by which Mr. Rhodes brought the war to an end. Unarmed, he rode into the heart of the enemy's encampment, called a great indaba, or conference of the chiefs, spoke to them as a father might to his rebellious children, and did not leave until he had induced them to proclaim peace. The rock upon which Mr. Rhodes sat at this historic assembly is now a tranquil spot, which he always loved, and is the place of his sepulchre—a tomb more enduring than the Pyramids.

The Matoppos Hills stretch in a northeasterly direction from Bulawayo for a distance of a hundred miles, their greatest breadth being forty-five miles. The place of burial is situated about thirty miles from the town.

"THE WORLD'S VIEW."

Near by is a part of the hills which bears the important title of "The World's View." The prospect from any chosen summit makes a deep impression on the spectator. It is impressive without being picturesque. As far as the eye can see there is spread out before him a panorama of treeless mountains of varied shapes, mostly of abrupt outline, suggestive of a turbulent sea stirred by an omnipotent hand. The base of the hills is fringed with trees, and here and there is a clump of thick bush. In places great gorges draw black lines between the mountains, which, moreover, are punctured with giant caves, where the Matabele took refuge during the rebellion, and could have held out for an indefinite period had not the genius and daring of Mr. Rhodes put an end to the outbreak.

The predominant note is massiveness and stability, for the hills are of granite; but the hardness is toned down by the green of the lower foliage and the soft, velvety azure of the sky above. It was the poet in Cecil Rhodes which impelled him to this choice.

In places the traveller comes upon groups of ruins which in this out-of-the-world region strangely stir the imagination.

It is difficult to realize that these habitations were occupied by gold seekers so long ago as 1000 B.C. When one thinks of Rhodesia it is invariably of the great possibilities which the future holds for the country. But what of Rhodesia's past? Three thousand years ago men as gold-hungry as the "greenest" prospector of to-day scoured the Matoppos and the surrounding country for the precious metal. These crumbling ruins once contained the furnaces for the retorting and smelting of the gold. In many quarters huge excavations are found where the ancients dug far down into the bowels of the earth in search of the metal. Several of these mines are still the largest on the earth's surface. The galleries are caked with layers of soot from the torches of the workers. One historian estimates that the ancient miners discovered millions of pounds' worth of gold in Rhodesia.

PHOENICIAN SETTLERS.

These early emigrants are believed to have been Phoenicians, who, as the Old Testament shows, were a great colonizing people. Several writers have lately arisen to proclaim Rhodesia as the veritable land of Ophir, "a land teeming with gold and precious stones." Hitherto India has been regarded as the Ophir of the ancients, but savants now claim that in the light of recent discoveries India must renounce that distinction in favor of Rhodesia.

One writer goes so far as to assert that Job was a Rhodesian, basing his enquiries on the words in the Book of Job:—"Surely there is a vein for the silver, and a place for the gold where they find it." The historian attempts to identify the "place" as Zimbabwe, where ancient ruins abound. The land now known as Rhodesia was, he asserts, in Job's days one of the few civilized countries in the world. For centuries afterward it was overrun by savages, and the man who is to rest in the land that bears his name did more than any other to reclaim it to civilization.

Bulawayo, where the coffin will rest for some time, was until the year 1893 the royal kraal of King Lobengula. It is now a thriving town, reminiscent at each step of the man to whom it owes existence. Rhodes Street is the principal thoroughfare. Government House, with a tree-lined avenue two miles long, was the property of the Colossus.

A few miles away, in the heart of the mountains, "the great white man," as the natives called him, will rest in peace. And round and about his tomb lies a monument the like of which has been raised to no other man, a monument measuring 750,000 square miles—Rhodesia.

A CAMERA'S DISCOVERY.

A novel use for photography has been stumbled upon accidentally by an amateur who made his discovery in a most unexpected manner. He had been amusing himself by taking snapshots of his friends, and on the evening of the day after that on which he had taken them he developed the films. On printing them he was surprised to see that on the face of one of the girls, of remarkably smooth and fair complexion, were to be found a large number of black spots, which appeared only upon her face and hands, the rest of the members of the various groups being free from them. The artist was greatly puzzled over this unaccountable circumstance, studied both the negatives and the prints with and without a microscope, but could find no explanation of the phenomenon. At last he put the pictures in his pocket and started out to show them to the girl herself, desiring to know what she would think of the defects which seemed to be her peculiar property. On his way he was met by the news that the girl had during the night been stricken with smallpox and was already on her way to the hospital.

DOG DWARFERS.

Stunted dogs are very much admired by Parisian ladies. The demand for them is met by at least forty professional "dog-dwarfers," who bring up the pups on an alcoholic diet, which has the effect of stunting them.

FOR FARMERS

Seasonable and Profitable
Hints for the Busy Tillers
of the Soil.

DEVON CATTLE.

The Devon has been in the past, and is to-day, the poor man's cow, writes Mr. J. E. Gifford. We have practically three types of Devons. "The Little Devon" can be found in many places, showing excellent milking qualities. Then we have the larger beef type, which is usually the winner at most fairs, showing practically no milking qualities. And then we have scattered all about sometimes, a whole herd—more often a few head only—that are of good size and show excellent milking qualities. I believe that most of those who breed beef animals claim that among these they often have splendid milkers.

Now I wish to give you my idea of a dual purpose animal, and I believe I am supported by Prof. Shaw and those other admirers and students of this type of animal. In the first place, I believe that the cow should be a good milking animal, of good size. These two qualities must go together. If fresh in milk, or only a few months along she may be rather thin and approaching the wedge shape. As she approaches the time of calving, she rounds out over the shoulders, and takes on more of the beef form. When fresh, she should have a well developed udder, with good milk veins, and milk well, the teats well placed and of equal length. In outline she should be such as goes to make up a well-bred animal, clean cut and well balanced throughout. If she is not a good milker, but large, she must fall into either the beef or no purpose type, and if too small, she must be classed either as distinctly dairy,

OR ELSE A SCRUB.

The bull should be masculine in character, perhaps more of the beef type, on account of the different conformation, but with good rudimentaries and veins.

What is the condition in which we find perhaps the majority of our breeders at the present time. They are scattered all over the country, apparently satisfied with their condition, their calves selling for veal at considerably better than is paid for ordinary calves; believing that there is little call for Devons, and making little or no effort to find customers; or else are selling surplus animals without much effort, as breeders, and making no attempt to enlarge on trade or prices. There is no concerted, co-operative action among breeders, but more often an intense jealousy, which shows itself periodically at the county fairs and elsewhere. If a person goes about with a view to purchasing and seeks to enlighten himself as to what the animal will do in the dairy, he is informed that no attempt has ever been made to weigh or measure the milk, but she will give three-quarters of a pail or a pailful. You are obliged to guess whether the pail holds eight or 14 quarts. In regard to butter no tests have ever been made; possibly the milk from one cow may have been saved at some distant time in her life, but more often it is all sent to the creamery, or all churned together. We often hear such remarks as these: "My milk tests the highest of any sent to the creamery," or "I get the best returns in proportion to number of animals" of any sending to the creamery. The creamery has decided the question of excellence for the breeder who neglected it.

We have then, a breed of cattle which give milk of excellent quality, and a breed which we can develop into large milkers of good size.

THE MILK OF THE DEVON,

as well as the beef, has few superiors in the line of quality. Those who have had an opportunity to study the effect of Devon milk upon children (physicians and others), claim that it is superior to all others.

We have an excellent breed of cows that are capable of being developed along dual purpose lines, but in order for this development, we must start at the very foundation. Our calves should be sired by animals of good size, which are known to have been bred along lines of dairy excellence. They should be kept in thrifty growing condition, but not over-fattened if it is expected that they will develop for the dairy. When they have come into milk they can be fed more concentrated foods, especially if they show a tendency to turn the raw material into milk and to lay aside their flesh.

The demand for cattle of this type is steadily increasing; it is our legitimate field, and why should we not enter upon its cultivation with enthusiastic determination, knowing that success will crown our efforts. Men will have and will breed for the dual purpose type of cattle; if we can supply their needs, we shall find the breed moving forward with tremendous strides.

USE FOR CLOVER CROPS.

Prof. I. P. Roberts, of Cornell University, says:—Clover crops may in a measure, take the place of fertilizers and manures. They are not, however, a universal panacea for all solid deficiencies, neither are they a full substitute in all cases for fertilizers. There is always a wide field for the profitable use of one or all

of the concentrated forms of fertilizers named, and in many cases there is also a special place for the use of fertilizers, therefore the more need of honest goods. Commercial fertilizers furnish available plant food, but no humus. The clover crops furnish both, but it is only fair to say that the plant foods in the former are more available than in the latter. Clover crops improve the physical condition of the soil, lessening the cost of tillage. Physically, fertilizers benefit the soil little or none. The humus furnished by the clover crop increases the availability of the plant food already in the soil.

FERTILIZERS DO NOT.

Clover crops shade the land and conserve moisture. It is impossible to accurately compare the cost of fertilizers with the cost of seeds for the clover crops and the preparation of the soil for them. The cost of increasing productiveness by extra tillage, the use of fertilizers, by clover crops or by all three means, can only be determined in each case by the farmer interested. I give below a single illustration of what a clover crop contains, knowing that another clover crop under other conditions might either be more or less valuable. Second growth of clover, furnished in roots and tops per acre the following:—Nitrogen, 138.86 lbs.; phosphoric acid, 67.35 lbs.; potash, 109.96 lbs. There is removed by 21 bushels wheat and accompanying straw, nitrogen, 43 lbs., phosphoric acid, 20 lbs., and potash 27 lbs. It is believed that most of the nitrogen taken up by legumes is secured from the uncombined nitrogen in the atmosphere. The clover did not add to either the store of phosphoric acid or potash. The plant took them from the soil and made them available.

HIGH PRICE FOR AN EGG.

Product of the Great Auk Sold for \$1,260.

At an auction sale in London the other day an egg of the great auk was offered for sale. The fact has been well advertised and quite a number of persons interested in these rare prizes was present. The egg was knocked down for \$1,260, a very good price, though eggs have been sold in London as high as \$1,500. Not over seventy of the eggs of this extinct bird are known to be preserved in collections. About twenty skeletons and eighty skins are also among the treasures of various museums.

These few remains of the great auk are highly prized because the bird was annihilated by the greed of hunters about sixty years ago. The time was when great numbers of this sea fowl lived along the shores of Iceland and Newfoundland. They fairly swarmed during the years of the early settlement of Newfoundland, and for some generations they were largely used for food by colonists and fishermen. The bird was strictly aquatic in its habits, coming ashore only to breed. Its wings were so small that it was quite incapable of flight.

In was found in time, when its downy feathers were very desirable, and then it began to be killed to supply European markets with this new commodity. As it bred only in a few localities and was helpless when on land, it did not take long to exterminate the species. The last blow came when its most secure breeding place, a small island off the south coast of Iceland, was destroyed by a volcanic eruption. The birds removed to a spot that was more accessible to hunters, who soon made home of innumerable white herons, were taken for their skins.

According to Prof. Horder, a good many other birds are in danger of extermination. He tells of deserted localities in Florida, where forty years ago birds were seen in thousands. The great marsh by the sea in southern California, which a number of years ago was the winter home of innumerable white herons, now sees them no more. According to all reports, the bird of paradise from New Guinea is doomed. The supply is decreasing so rapidly that it is now difficult to get the number required by the European feather markets.

WOULD NOT AGREE.

A gentleman whose garden, to his no small loss of money and peace of mind, adjoins the grounds of a public school, made repeated complaints to the masters as to his tree being literally stripped of their fruit, even before it was moderately ripe. But notwithstanding all his expostulations, the mischief continued.

At last, utterly weary of asking the masters for their protection, he decided to appeal to the boys, and, sending for one, said:

"Now, my good lad, I'm not going to say that you took my fruit, but I have no doubt that you know about it, and I want to make an agreement with you and your companions. If the fruit is only allowed to remain on the trees till it becomes ripe you shall have half."

"Well, sir," the boy replied, quietly, "I am unable to say anything to that proposal on my own responsibility, but I will do my best to make it widely known in the school, and you shall hear the decision to-morrow."

The eventful narrow came, and with it this staggering reply: "The gentlemen of ——— cannot agree to receive so unequal a share of the fruit, since Mr. ——— is only one as they are many."

The WATCHMAN will be mailed to Subscribers in Canada and the United States for \$1.00 in advance, or \$1.50 at the end of the year.

Notices of Births, Marriages and Deaths inserted free.

All transient advertising matter charged 10c. per line, nonpareil measurement.

Locals, constituting 5 lines or less, 25 cents each per insertion.

Address all communications to
 The WATCHMAN,
 LACHUTE - - - QUE.

NOBLESSE OBLIGE.

The feeling has been rising throughout the country that Canada is about to be humiliated in the presence of the whole Empire by the position which the Government is assuming in regard to the question of Imperial Defence. This feeling was voiced in parliament near the end of the session. It is constantly finding expression in the press, in the pulpit, in the meeting of public bodies, like the Toronto League and the Montreal Board of Trade. It is loudly proclaimed by the man in the street. Some leaders of both parties, though not all, claim that this country has done all that should be expected in the matter of the common defence by building the Canadian Pacific Railway. It is true that that magnificent highway from ocean to ocean is of great importance, from the point of view of defence as well as of commerce, and has rendered Canada more than ever necessary to the British Empire, but it was not built for that end. The C.P.R. was constructed for our own advantage and benefit, not only to facilitate intercourse between the Province, but to preserve the integrity of the Dominion and prevent the threatened secession of British Columbia, impatient of the delaying of the railway. Besides the C.P.R. cost the Dominion very little, the bonus given by the government, of immense value indeed, but consisting chiefly of grants of land in the North West which land was, in a sense, "found money" to the Dominion, as it was made a present of to us by the Imperial Government.

The C.P.R. therefore defrays a very small part of our obligations to the Old Country, for the incalculable advantage of our being able to work out our destiny, and develop our resources, and in crease our wealth, in security and peace for the most part, for a century and a half, almost wholly at the expense of Great Britain. Surely if we have any sense of gratitude or of honor, the grand old motto applies to Canada in this connection, Noblesse Oblige.

The other great colonies are doing something besides maintaining their militia. Australia keeps up a small fleet, Natal has built, or is building a Cruiser, and the Cape promises a battleship. Could not Canada, that boasts of being the chief outpost of the Empire, fall in line by offering to build and maintain the proposed great vessel of war that is to bear the name of "The Dominion"?

Oddfellows Excursion to Shawenegan. Read ad.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The famous signature of *Cast H. Fletcher* is on every wrapper.

NOTHING DEFINITE HEARD FROM MR. C. C. EVANS.

A Correspondent of the 'New York World' says:

Among the patients in this hospital I found Charles C. Evans of Montreal, and John G. Morris, Brooklyn, engineers on the Roraima. They were terribly burned but were bearing their sufferings bravely. Both men were badly burned on the arms and the upper parts of their bodies were scarred and scared by the red hot volcanic dust. They will be unable to use their hands for months; possibly they may never recover the use of them. However, they will always have the proud record of having saved the life of little Margaret Stokes. Her nurse says in speaking of these men, that they showed no fear. If the natives had helped as the others did, we would have saved the ship.

Ramsay's Paints are the right paints to paint right. See new picture ad on inside page. For sale by all dealers in town.



IT'S A FACT!
 We have the finest line of Shirts in town. Men's Negligee soft, Men's and Boy's Stiff Bo

soms. Good Quality and prices right. **G. L. MEIKLE & CO.**

EMPIRE DAY.

Programme of the concert to be given on 24th May in the Town Hall, St. Andrews.

Instrumental Duet, Dialogue by two little French girls, Whistling Solo, Temperance Paper, French song, by Miss Brophy, Recitation, Three Tableaux, Recitation, Song by a gentleman, Recitation, Song by Miss Brophy. God save the King. Commence at 8 p.m. Adults 25c. Children under ten, 10 cts.

TIME TABLE. LACHUTE STATION.

GOING EAST:
 Mont'l & Bst'n Express 6 2 a.m.
 Local Express - 1.45 a.m.
 " - 8.57 p.m.
 GOING WEST:
 Local Express - 9.55 a.m.
 " - 7 3 p.m..
 " Soo" Express - 11.34 p.m.

Children Cry for CASTORIA.

NOTICE

Is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed curator to the vacant succession of the late Chas E. T. de Montigny, in his lifetime of Ste. Scholastique, prothonotary of Superior Court District of Terrebonne. All sworn claims should be sent me within thirty days.
 St. Jerome, 8th of May, 1902.
 E. Marchand, St. Jerome, Que.

SUPERIOR COURT.

CANADA.
 District of Terrebonne, } No. 403
 Ste. Scholastique.

Ex Parte.—EDOUARD MARCHAND, Secretary-Treasurer of the Town of St. Jerome in the said district, requesting the nomination of a curator to the vacant succession of Charles Edmond Tasard de Montigny, late prothonotary of the Superior Court of the said district of Terrebonne.

Seeing the said petition, it is hereby ordered to the relations and creditors of the said Charles Edmond Tasard de Montigny, to appear before me, the Honorable Henri T. Taschereau, one of the judges of the said superior court for the Province of Quebec, in the district of Terrebonne at the Court House, in the village of Ste. Scholastique, in the said district, on Saturday, the 3rd of May next at ten o'clock in the forenoon to give their advice as to the nomination of a curator to the said vacant succession; and that the present order be published twice in French in "La Nation" newspaper published in the town of St. Jerome, and twice in English in the "Watchman" English paper published in Lachute in the said district.
 Ste. Scholastique, 8th April, 1902.
 (Signed) Henri T. Taschereau, J.S.C.
 True copy:—Ch. Ed. Marchand,
 Solicitor for petitioner.

NEW DEPARTURE

Bargain Counter on 2nd Floor.

Seeds. | SPRING 1902. | Seeds.

JUST RECEIVED

Timothy Seed; Long Red Vermont, Red Western and Alsike Clover Seed; Bromo Grass, and Tares. Flower, Garden and Vegetable Seeds.

We are to-day offering a Cut Price in Flour and Feed.

A SPECIAL DRIVE

In Carpets, Carpet Felt, Floor Oilcloth, Wall Paper, Alabastine, Mixed Paints, Floor Paints, Pure White Lead,

At **J. R. McQuat's**

Celebrate Empire Day,

By visiting our new, luxuriously furnished Ice Cream Parlor, and also by tasting the cool, delicious, Soda Water with all flavors from our New Marble Fountain.

Cream Soda flavored with	Ice Cream flavored with
STRAWBERRY	VANILLA
LEMON	LEMON
VANILLA	STRAWBERRY
ORANGE	BANANA
PINE APPLE	CHOCOLATE
ROOT BEER	
SARSAPARILLA	
CHOCOLATE	

B. HUGMAN & SON.

What is

CASTORIA

Castoria is for Infants and Children. Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It contains neither Opium, Morphin nor other Narcotic substance. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. Castoria cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. Castoria assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels of Infants and Children, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."
 DR. G. C. Cusgood, Lowell, Mass.

Castoria.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."
 H. A. ARCHER, M. D. Brooklyn, N. Y.

THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE OF

Chas. H. Fletcher.

APPEARS ON EVERY WRAPPER.

THE CASTOR COMPANY, 27 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

SUPERIOR COURT.

CANADA.
 PROVINCE OF QUEBEC } 107
 DISTRICT OF TERREBONNE

The Ste. Therese Furniture and Bedding Manufacturing Co. Ltd.

in liquidation

&
 Alex. Desmarceau,
 Liquidator.

Notice is hereby given that by judgment of this court on the 6th day of May instant, all claims against the said Company in liquidation must be filed at the Liquidator's office before the 6th day of June 1902, in order to be collocated on the dividend sheet.
 Montreal May 8th 1902.

Alex. Desmarceau, Liquidator
 1598, 1608 Notre Dame Street
 Montreal.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

Victoria Day 1902.

Round trip Tickets to all Canadian Pacific R'y stations in Canada, Mich., Detroit, and east will be sold at

One-way Lowest First Class Fare,

—ON—

May 23rd and 24th.

Good to return until May 26th.



CORSETS.

Our stock of the

—CROMPTON'S—

Celebrated Corsets and Waists is now complete.

We have a nice range of the Latest style in French Girdles, in white, blue, and pink fancy silks

Corsets, erect form - from 50c.

Summer Corsets, erect form " 50c.

We had a large sale for these lines last year; they gave good satisfaction, and we expect to double the sales this year.

Children's, Misses', and Ladies'

Waists from - - - 30c.

HUGH FRASER, Jr.
LACHUTE.



A REMINISCENCE OF LORD DUFFERIN.

On a fine summer evening some years since when journeying from Dover to Calais, I had the pleasure and privilege of an interview with the late lamented former Governor General of this Dominion. His Lordship informed me he was travelling from St. Petersburg, where he had been British Ambassador, and was on his way to Constantinople to occupy a similar position of honor and trust. He stated that he had exceedingly disliked the climate of Russia, also that he had enjoyed a conversation with the late Czar Alexander II, ten minutes before he had been blown to pieces.

The great diplomat made earnest far reaching enquiries regarding the state of Trade and Commerce, the crops in Canada, asked very kindly for the welfare of not a few of his Canadian friends, manifested the cherishing of a lovely interest in the land he had so wisely governed, in which his memory at that time, and ever will be held in high esteem. How approachable, genial, affable, pleasant this man of letters, statesman, peer of the realm was, I shall ever deem it one of the bright events of my life to have conversed with one so gifted and eminent, and whom at the present time a nation mourns most deeply.—

T. BURT SUTHERLAND.

MILLE ISLE.

Miss Maggie McCullough returned home from Montreal last week.

Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Swails moved to the Lake Anne Cottage last Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Patterson were the guests of Mayor and Mrs. Strong last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Richard Ryan of Sawyerville paid a visit to their many friends here last week.

Messrs. A. Elliott and Wm. J. Ryan of Lachute paid us a flying visit on Sunday.

Two more cases of scarlet fever are reported in this Township.

Mr. Sellicks of Dunany was the guest of his aunt, Mrs. J. Riddell last Monday.

Mr. W. Good lost some sheep last week, the victims of some unknown dog.

Mr. W. Jordan was the guest of his brother, on Sunday.

Mr. A. B. Watchorn of Morin Flats conducted the meeting in the Movement Church on Sunday.

For Sale—Half bred Holstein Bull Calves. Something good. Apply T. Dobbie, Box 61, Lachute.

THE PERFECT TEA

MONSOON TEA

THE FINEST TEA IN THE WORLD

FROM THE TEA PLANT TO THE TEA CUP IN ITS NATIVE PURITY.

"Monsoon" Tea is packed under the supervision of the Tea growers, and is advertised and sold by them as a sample of the best quality of Indian and Ceylon Tea. For that reason they see that none but the very fresh leaves go into Monsoon packages.

That is why "Monsoon" the perfect Tea, can be sold at the same price as inferior tea.

It is put up in sealed caddies of 1/4 lb., 1 lb. and 5 lbs., and sold in three flavours at 40¢, 50¢, and 60¢.

If your grocer does not keep it, tell him to write to STEEL, HAYTER & CO., 11 and 13 Front St. East, Toronto.

Children Cry for CASTORIA.

WANTED

Wanted to rent a small house, furnished for July and August, in Lachute no children. State number of rooms and rent. Address James Robertson, 738 St. Urbain St., Montreal, Qu.

SUITABLE BIRTHDAY PRESENTS.

Sometimes it is difficult to select a suitable gift for your friend. We have a nice assortment of Music Cases, Easels, Chairs, and Rockers that make presents that are always appreciated.

LACHUTE FURNITURE FACTORY,

O. B. Lafleur, Prop.

OUR SPRING ANNOUNCEMENT.

Wall Papers

We handle the celebrated Watson Foster Co's Wall Papers. House cleaning a pleasure when you have such nice goods to fix up with. All full length double rolls.....

10c to 60c.

Carpets,

We have the largest and best assortment of Carpets and Floor Oil Cloths ever shown in Lachute. The stock comprises Velvets, Brussels, Tapestry, Wools, Unions, and Hems.

Lace Curtains.

New Fabrics, pretty designs, and all the latest line in Art Muslins. Our lace curtains range from.....

50c to \$3.50 pr.

Dress Goods.

All the latest shades and cloths to suit all buyers.

Silks.

A nice line of New Silks, suitable for Blouses, all colors at.....

50c yd. net

Prints and Muslins.

Enormous stock of these lines. See our extra heavy print, fast colors, 32 inches wide, at per yard

10c.

Embroideries and Laces.

We never had such a display of embroideries and laces. Some of the best bargains ever offered in these lines at about half the price of other years.

Ladies Underwear.

An ever increasing demand for these goods, combined with extra floor space, has induced us to stock ladies white underwear. We have Undershirts from \$1.00 up. Night Gowns from 80c up. Corset Covers from 25c up. Drawers from 50c up.

Hosiery

An extra fine line of Women's Plain Black Cashmere Hose, seamless foot, worth 35 cents for.....

25 cts. pair

Other lines at 35 and 50 cents.

Shirts and Collars.

We keep the celebrated W. G. & R. brand in Men's and Boys' Warranted Fast Colors.

Ready-made Clothing.

Since enlarging our store we have added a much larger stock of Men's Boys' and Youths' Clothing, equal to anything in town. Prices low enough to suit everybody's pocket.

Boots and Shoes.

An elegant stock of all the new shapes and styles for the season.

We have left about 100 to 200 pairs of sample boots and shoes. Sizes for men 6 1/2, 7, and 7 1/2, for ladies 4 and 4 1/2. These are extra fine goods and will be sold cheap.

A Nice Stock of Trunks and Valises on hand.

McFAUL BROS.

TWO STORES

LACHUTE and BROWNSBURG.



Soft Harness

You can make your harness as soft as a glove and as tough as wire by using EUREKA Harness Oil. You can lengthen its life—make it last twice as long as it ordinarily would.

EUREKA Harness Oil

Makes a poor looking harness like new. Made of pure, heavy bodied oil, especially prepared to withstand the weather.

Sold everywhere in cans—all sizes.

Made by IMPERIAL OIL COMPANY.

Canada Province of Quebec } No. 446. District of Terrebonne }

Danie Rose Delina Vermette, of the village of St. Eustache, said district, duly authorize I.

Plaintiff.

vs. Eloi Spenard, of the same place, gentleman.

Defendant.

An action in separation as to property has been, this day instituted against the defendant.

Ste. Scholastique, April 26, 1902. J. A. C. Ethier, Plaintiff's Attorney.

Windsor Salt

Purest and Best for Table and Dairy No adulteration. Never cakes.

FARM FOR SALE.

One farm of 100 acres with good house and farm buildings, sugarbush, orchard and quantity of lumber. The other two about 175 acres, with large quantity of mixed lumber, close to saw mill. Terms will be made to suit purchaser. Apply

Sale of effects May 13th.

Thomas Dixon, Long Lake, Lakefield.

1902. SPRING. 1902.

SUITINGS. OVERCOATINGS. HATS. CAPS. GENT'S FURNISHINGS.

Everything New and Up-to-date

.....Stock Larger and Better Than Ever

See my Hats before you buy for spring, they are all the Latest Styles.

A. D. KENNEDY,

Agent for Montreal Steam Laundry.

DRESS GOODS

We have added some Nice Lines of Dress Goods to our stock, and with these some choice

Tailor-made Costumes

From the well-known house of John Northway & Son of Toronto. FAWN, BLUE and GREY are the Colors.



CLOTHING

New lines in choice weaves and colors for men and boys. These cannot be equalled in fit and finish.

These are not made in sweat shops—that is half-made goods—but are fine tailored suits.

You make a mistake if you forget us.

W. BANFORD.

GENTLEMEN . . .

Come and see my assortment of **SPRING GOODS** just received. Large variety to choose from including Latest Scotch Stripes and Imported Goods. First-class Workmanship and Best Trimmings on all Suits.

D. LAPOINTE,

MERCHANT TAILOR.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

The best and most popular route to Toronto Niagara Falls, London, Detroit, Chicago, and all points in the United States and Canada.

Fast Express trains leave Montreal, Toronto and the West, as follows—

	Daily	Daily
Lvs. MONTREAL	9.00 a.m.	8.00 p.m.
Arr. TORONTO	4.50 p.m.	5.50 a.m.
Arr. HAMILTON	8.50 p.m.	8.15 a.m.
Arr. NIAGARA FALLS	7.15 p.m.	10.10 a.m.
Arr. BUFFALO	8.35 p.m.	11.53 a.m.
Arr. LONDON	7.42 p.m.	11.00 p.m.
Arr. DETROIT	9.40 p.m.	1.10 p.m.
Arr. CHICAGO	7.20 a.m.	8.45 p.m.

The above trains make close connection at Chicago with the fast express trains for St. Paul, Winnipeg, and all points in the Western States including California, Oregon, Washington, British Columbia, and the Pacific Coast.

*A Cafe Parlor Car is attached to the train, serving luncheon at 12.30 p.m. for the accommodation of passengers holding first or second class tickets to Chicago and West thereof as far as the Pacific Coast. A nominal charge is made for accommodation in these sleepers. Berths reserved in advance.

Tourist sleepers leave Montreal every Monday and Wednesday at 10.30 p.m. for the accommodation of passengers holding first or second class tickets to Chicago and West thereof as far as the Pacific Coast. A nominal charge is made for accommodation in these sleepers. Berths reserved in advance.

The Grand Trunk Railway System is also the most direct route to Portland, Boston, and all points in the New England States, also to New York.

For tickets, reservations of space in sleepers, apply to

J. M. DORION, Lachute or St. Philippe
W. H. GARRETT, Lachute.

Canada Province of Quebec } No. 2. District of Terrebonne }

Dominion Contested Election Act and Amendments. Election Petition of the Electoral District of Two Mountains.

Joseph Legault, Petitioner.

vs.

Joseph Arthur Calixte Ethier, Defendant.

Take notice that the above petition will be tried at the Court House of this district, at Ste. Scholastique, on the twenty-seventh day of May nineteen hundred and two, at ten o'clock in the forenoon and on such other subsequent days as may be needed.

Dated at Ste. Scholastique this first day of May, one thousand nine hundred and two.

By order Grignon & Fortier P. S. C.

SUPERIOR COURT

Canada Province of Quebec } No. 443 District of Terrebonne }

JOSEPH SEALE, of the township of Morin, in the district of Terrebonne farmer.

Plaintiff.

vs.

JOHN McLAUGHLIN, of Massena State of New York, in the United States of America.

Defendant.

The Defendant is ordered to appear in the month.

Grignon & Fortier, Prothonotary S. C. St. Scholastique, April 26, 1902.

Children Cry for CASTORIA.

A WORD TO DAIRY FARMERS

ADVANTAGE OF DAIRY HERD MILK RECORDS.

Dominion Live Stock Commissioner Gives Some Valuable Hints.

As a means of converting the raw products of the farm into more saleable forms, the good dairy cow is without a peer. The good beefing animal will pay very little more than market prices for food fed from birth to shambles. The sheep, with her fleece and her lambs gives only a very modest profit on food consumed. The pig and the hen, if wisely fed, do much better than either of the above, but it is very seldom that the returns from either of them go beyond one dollar and fifty cents for one dollar's worth of food consumed.

The dairy cow, however, frequently goes as high as two dollars worth of product for one dollar's worth of food, and many a cow has been known to give two dollars and fifty cents worth of product for one dollar's worth of food consumed. Most herds fall far short of such a high return. The reasons may be summarized as lack of breeding, improper or insufficient feeding, and lack of judgment and management.

EVERY DAIRY HERD.

should average over fifty dollars' worth of products per cow per year. If your herd is not giving you such a return you are not doing it justice. Possibly, every individual in the herd is not a number one dairy cow, but do you know which are really doing good work and the relative merits of the different cows?

In order to know your cows you must keep a daily record of the milk yielded by each cow. We would like to see you do this. During the past year a number of dairy farmers, at our suggestion, made an effort along this line. The results were most satisfactory. In our possession are many farmer's letters, emphasizing the importance and value of such records, both as a guide in selecting cows and as an effective means of directly improving the actual herd. The extra outlay required is very small. We would supply you with record forms for a time at least. The keeping of such records takes about one-half minute per cow per day. The outlay for a balance would be from fifty cents to five dollars.

The increased flow of milk due to keeping such a record where ten cows are kept would pay for the balance of the week. Keeping milking records induces a spirit of interest and competition among milkers, and, in the mind of the milker, among the cows milked by the same milker. Rapid, clean, and careful milking will raise the average return from a cow by from two to ten per cent, according to the cow—the better the cow the greater the increase.

IF YOU EVER SELL COWS

the ability to give an accurate milk record will, generally speaking, raise a cow's value, and facilitate the sale. Especially is this true if she is a pure bred. Further, knowing the returns from each cow in any herd, you are in a position to easily select for breeding, besides, in almost every herd are found "boarders"—cows that pay a very low price for their food, leave no profit, and frequently are kept at a loss. They should be detected and fed off for beef. Keeping a milk record is a sure way to discover them. To the breeder of pure bred stock of any of the milking breeds, Jersey, Guernsey, Ayrshire, Canadian, or milking Shorthorn strains, the daily milk record should be quite as important as the breeding record. We venture the assumption that in a very few years, every breed putting forward any claims as a dairy breed, will be making a specialty of milk records.

The reasons are obvious. Beauty of style, color, and conformation are very important, and where the breeder makes his money in some other line than farming, he may be able to keep animals for their looks alone. We, who are farming for money, must look to the profit side of everything. With us, "Handsome is as handsome does."

THE HOLSTEIN MEN.

have made a movement in the right direction with their advanced Registry; the Guernsey breeders are working along similar lines. It would seem to be a good thing for some breeds, and we are sure it would be the most important step for improvement that you ever made do you decide to introduce it.

Let us urge upon you, therefore, the advisability of keeping such a record. We would be most happy to send you forms for keeping the daily record, as well as forms whereon to make a summary to be kept for reference. When you write for the forms, please state the number of cows kept and address all letters to "J. H. Grisdale, Agriculturist, Experimental Farm, Ottawa, Ont." Letters so addressed come post free.

F. W. HODSON, Live Stock Commissioner.

At a meeting where a board of directors was being convened for bad management, a speaker in defence said: "Perhaps you think that in this board of directors half do the work and half do nothing. As a matter of fact, gentlemen, the reverse is the case."



If your Grocer cannot supply write to LEVER BROTHERS LIMITED, Toronto, sending the name and address of your grocer, and a trial sample of Sunlight Soap will be sent you free.

Ask for the Octagon Bar

BAD COMPLEXIONS.

How Cleanliness of the Skin May Be Attained.

There is really no excuse for the girl who goes around with her skin making open confession that she is a rebel against the laws of health.

There are many forms of skin disease, of course, that are beyond the control of those suffering from them. Some of these are exceedingly obscure as to their origin and obstinately resistant to treatment, and all such cases should be under the care of competent dermatologists. We have only reference in this article to those muddy, pimply, uncared-for skins too often shown by girls who should be in the very bloom of youth and freshness, but who, through ignorance, and far too often through uncleanness or laziness or greediness, start and maintain, sometimes through years, a condition of skin that would disgrace an Eskimo.

There is one great prescription, and one only, for a clear, bright complexion, and that is—first, last and always—bodily cleanliness, both external and internal.

Now, cleanliness of the skin is by no means attained by mere surface rubbing and scrubbing, although a certain amount of this is necessary, and many a proud, fastidious and otherwise dainty young woman needs to be told to wash her face properly.

But she needs to be told more than this. The organs of this wonderful body of ours are curiously loyal to each other. If the organ is unable to perform all the work which is put upon it, for instance the others faithfully turn in and labor to do its share as well as their own. This is a beneficent provision for the tiding over of temporary difficulties, but it was never intended in the scheme of things to become a permanent arrangement. When it has lasted long enough, the organ or organs doing extra work begin to show signs of distress. Nature is just, as well as kind, and always takes toll.

When the skin is put to it to perform part of the work that should be done by the liver, the kidneys or other organs, it must soon throw out its signal of distress in the form of sallowness, roughness and pimples. A young woman ashamed of her complexion should try the effect of drinking more water and eating less candy, giving her digestive organs a bath and a rest. Let her then treat the face to an occasional thorough washing in soft water, using one of the good, mild soaps of which there are now so many offered. Let her also breathe plenty of fresh air, and then watch the speedy improvement that will come.

On the other hand, errors of diet, neglected bowels, insufficient bathing and an unventilated bedroom would dim the complexion of a dandy in a week.—Youth's Companion.

The largest serpent ever measured was a Mexican anaconda, found to be 37 feet in length. It was measured by Dr. Gardner.

C. C. RICHARDS & CO.

Gentlemen,—I have used MINARD'S LINIMENT on my vessel and in my family for years, and for every day ills and accidents of life I consider it has no equal.

I would not start on a voyage without it, if it cost a dollar a bottle.

CAPT. F. R. DESJARDIN, Schr. "Storke," St. Andre, Kamouraska.

Torquay and Cork are the warmest places in the United Kingdom. Their mean temperature is 52 degrees. Penzance and Ventnor come next.

For Over Sixty Years

Mrs. Winklow's Soothing Syrup has been used by millions of mothers for their children while teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays pain, cures wind colic, regulates the bowels and howls, and is the best remedy for Diarrhoea. Twenty-four cents a bottle. Sold by druggists throughout the world. Be sure and ask for "MRS. WINKLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP."

Water is the only substance which expands with both heat and cold. It is the heaviest at a temperature 7 degrees above freezing-point.

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff.

PEOPLE WHO EAT CLOVER.

Some of the Indians in Mendocino County, California, use clover as an article of food. They eat it as animals do, leaves, stems, flower heads and all. They can be seen in the clover fields eating the fragrant grass by handfuls. They also make use of many plants, such as seaweeds, fungi, lichens, ferns and conifers, that white people neglect, employing some for their fibres, others for their medicinal properties, and others for the nutritious value of their seeds.

DID SHE TAKE THE HINT?

A distinguished cavalry leader was once at a dinner party to which he had been invited as the guest of honor.

Beside him was a loquacious widow, with hair of raven black, who rudely interrupted the conversation by asking the warrior why it was that his beard was still black, while his hair was turning grey.

With great politeness the old soldier turned towards her.

"I fear I cannot give you a satisfactory answer," said he, "unless, possibly, the reason is that I have used my brain a little more than I have my jaw."

PLASTERS FAILED.

LINIMENTS, OILS AND MANY OTHER MEDICINES DID NO GOOD.

A New Brunswick Postmaster Tells of His Efforts to Cure His Kidney Trouble.—He Suffered for Years and Tried Many Medicines But Only Recently Found the Right One.

Lower Windsor, N.B., April 7.—(Special).—Mr. T. H. Belyea, postmaster of this place, has made a very interesting statement of his experience in his efforts to be cured of Kidney Trouble which has bothered him for many years.

At times he would have very bad spells, and when these came on he was almost laid up.

He tried several doctors and used many medicines, but nothing seemed to help him in the least.

Plasters, oils, liniments on the outside and doses of all kinds and descriptions taken internally seem to have but one result. He was no better.

Finally through reading an advertisement he was led to the use of Dodd's Kidney Pills. He says:

"Dodd's Kidney Pills were so highly recommended for Kidney Trouble that after reading some testimonials, I concluded to try them according to directions.

"I had tried so many things that I was very skeptical and had but little faith that Dodd's Kidney Pills could or would help me. However, I did not use them long before I found that they were all and more than was claimed for them.

"I have received more benefit from them than from any other medicine I have ever used, for they seem to have made a complete cure of my case.

"I feel as well as ever I did and have not the slightest trace of the Kidney Trouble that bothered me ever so long.

"I want to say that I believe that Dodd's Kidney Pills are the right medicine for Kidney Trouble."

Mr. Belyea is very well known to everybody in this neighborhood and there are but few who have not been aware of his serious illness.

Everyone is delighted at his improved health and his published statement has done much to make Dodd's Kidney Pills even more popular in this neighborhood than they have been.

All the strongest animals are vegetarians, the elephant being the most powerful, and the rhinoceros next. The swiftest, the horse and antelope, are also vegetarians. Vegetarian creatures also live much longer than meat-eaters.

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, etc.

The sun's flames spring at times to a distance of 350,000 miles from its surface.

Deafness Cannot be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surface.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that can't be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Thoroughly draining a piece of land raises its average temperature about 3 degrees, thus being equivalent to transporting it 150 miles southwards.

Keeps the Cough and works off the Cold.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, No Pay. Price 25 cents.

LONG-LIVED ENGINES.

A few years ago an engine of James Watt's manufacture, with sun and planet wheel complete, was taken down at a London brewery. It had been continuously working for 102 years, and was not at all decrepit when dismantled. It now forms an archaeological exhibit in the museum of Sydney University. But the oldest engine now at work is said to be a Newcomen engine in a colliery at Rutherglen, near Glasgow. It was built in 1809, and has worked continuously to the present time. Except brasses and one or two spur wheels broken by accident, no important part of the engine has been renewed since it was built.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia.

It's sad to think how much good money is spent on bad tea despite the fact that Blue Ribbon is in every store. Put up Black Mixed & Ceylon Greens.



The Frost 10 Wire and 6 Stay Fence

is the strongest and heaviest wire fence made—good openings for good agents; write us at once for terms. Ask for catalog.

THE FROST WIRE FENCE CO., WELLS, ONT.

MAPLE SYRUP

We are handling large quantities. We can handle yours to advantage.

The Dawson Commission Co., Limited, Toronto.

Consignments of Butter, Eggs, Apples and other Produce Solicited.

HERE'S A PAINT



To make you glad when you see it on your house, and how it wears as paint never did wear before.

RAMSAY'S PAINTS

Are made from materials that do wear, that outlast all others, that stand up clean and bright for years, easy to work, economical, handy cans, and at the right price for the best paint.

Drop us a card and ask for BOOKLET "K" FREE.

showing how some homes are painted.

A. RAMSAY & SON, Estab. 1842 MONTREAL Paint Makers

The average man is at his weakest from a muscular point of view, when he rises in the morning. His strength is greater after the midday meal.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY. Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

The average Scotchman weighs 165 pounds; the Welshman, 158 pounds; the Englishman, 155 pounds; and the Irishman, 154 pounds.

Minard's Liniment is used by Physicians

Thirty-six per cent. of Britain's revenue is from the tax on drink; and 29 per cent. of that of the United States.

In washing woollens and flannels, Lever's Dry Soap (a powder) will be found very satisfactory.

A man of 70 has eaten in his lifetime about 58½ tons of food.

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere

No other people eat so much butter as the British. Thirteen pounds is the yearly portion of every man, woman and child of the country. An average Russian gets two pounds in the same period.

CONSUMPTION Prevented and Cured.

Four marvelous free remedies for all sufferers reading this paper. New cure for Tuberculosis, Consumption, Weak Lungs, Catarrh, and a rundown system.

FREE.

Do you cough?
Do your lungs pain you?
Is your throat sore and inflamed?
Do you spit up phlegm?
Does your head ache?
Is your appetite bad?
Are your lungs delicate?
Are you losing flesh?
Are you pale and thin?
Do you lack stamina?

These symptoms are proof that you have in your body the seeds of the most dangerous malady that has ever devastated the earth—consumption.

You are invited to test what this system will do for you, if you are sick, by writing for a

FREE TRIAL TREATMENT

and the Four Free Preparations will be forwarded you at once, with complete directions for use.

The Slocum System is a positive cure for Consumption, that most insidious disease, and for all Lung Troubles and Disorders, complicated by Loss of Flesh, Coughs, Catarrh, Asthma, Bronchitis and Heart Trouble.

Simply write to The T. A. Slocum Chemical Company, Limited, 179 King Street West, Toronto, giving post office and express address, and the free medicine (the Slocum Cure) will be promptly sent.

Persons in Canada seeing Slocum's free offer in American papers will please send for samples to Toronto. Mention this paper.

Widows in Great Britain outnumber widowers by almost exactly two to one.

W P C. 1126

THE MOST POPULAR DENTIFRICE.

CALVERT'S CARBOLIC TOOTH POWDER.

Preserves the teeth. Sweetens the breath. Strengthens the gums.

TO PRINTERS

FOR SALE.—Two 2-revolution Campbell Presses, bed 40x60 inches. Splendid order. Price \$1,000 each. Terms easy. S. FRANK WILSON, 73 West Adelaide St., Toronto

BOYS BRIGADE

Bugle Band

Instruments, Bugles, Flutes, Drums, Caps, etc.

EVERY TOWN OR SCHOOL

Can have a Bugle Band or Drum and Bugle Band. Lowest prices ever quoted. Illustrated price-list mailed free. Write us for ANYTHING in MUSIC or MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

WHALEY, ROYCE & CO., Limited Winnipeg, Man. Toronto, Canada

CATARRH This nauseating disease is due to neglected cold, causing inflamed membrane. Gileadine cures all INFLAMMATION. No irritation, no pain, soothes immediately. Cures ordinary cases in one week. 25c. Druggists, or Gileadine Co., Toronto. Money refunded if not satisfactory.

FEATHER DYEING

Cleaning and Dyeing and Kid Gloves cleaned. These can be sent by post, 10 per oz. the best place is

BRITISH AMERICAN DYEING CO. MONTREAL.

Dominion Line Steamships

Montreal to Liverpool. Boston to Liverpool. Portland to Liverpool. Via Queenstown.

Large and Fast Steamships. Superior accommodation for all classes of passengers. Saloons and Staterooms are splendid. Special attention has been given to the Second Saloon and Third-Class accommodation. Free rates of passage and all particulars, apply to any agent of the Company, or

Richards, Mills & Co., D. Torrance & Co., 77 State St., Boston. Montreal and Portland.

RELIABLE AGENTS WANTED

We want at once trustworthy men and women in every locality, local or traveling, to introduce a new discovery and keep our show cards and advertising matter tacked up in conspicuous places throughout the town and country. Steady employment year round, commission or salary, \$50.00 per month and expenses, not to exceed \$2.50 per day.

Write for particulars. Postoffice box 337, INTERNATIONAL MEDICINE CO., LONDON, ONT.

WOOD & PHOTO ENGRAVING J. L. JONES ENG. CO. 160 BAY STREET—TORONTO

The Fatal Dower

—OR—
THE DESTRUCTION OF A PROUD SPIRIT.

SYNOPSIS OF PRECEDING CHAPTERS.—Margaret Howard, on the eve of departure to join her secretly married husband, leaves her child with Susan Rivers and is drowned at sea. Susan rears the child, Daisy, as her own, and dies. Her daughter, Margaret, alone knows Daisy's secret. Lord Lisle seeks his child, and Margaret, taking Daisy's birthright, announces herself his daughter. She falls in love with his nephew, Philip. Daisy, Lord Lisle's true daughter, joins her foster-sister, and captivates Philip, who Lord Lisle, on his death-bed, makes promise to marry Rita. Philip becomes Lord Lisle; asks her to marry him. Ralph Ashton, to whom she is engaged, writes asking her to be true to her promise.

CHAPTER XIX.

Next morning brought another letter from Ralph. Mrs. Wyverne passed it to Rita. A dark, angry flush covered her face as she received it; the common blue envelope, the rude style of address, the clumsy seal, all formed so great a contrast with the elegant letters that came with it.

"That looks like a tradesman's bill, Rita," said Mrs. Wyverne, as she passed the envelope to her.

She made some slight remark, then put the letter away. Had she dared she would have torn it into shreds, and stamped upon the pieces; but fear compelled her to read what he had written.

Her heart sickened at the passionate, loving words. "His own Rita," he called her—"his wife that was to be. Yes, he would wait patiently, but only for a short time. He must see her soon, and hear from her own lips when she would become his wife."

It was well for Ralph Ashton that he did not see the bitter contempt on the face of the woman he loved. She trembled with angry indignation; she hated herself for her folly in having ever given such a man power over her.

"I must have been mad!" she cried. "Did I sell myself for a pair of diamond ear-rings and the pleasure of hearing a few flattering words?"

All that day she spent with Mrs. Wyverne, ordering and selecting costly dresses of every description; trying, in the whirl of business and gaiety, to forget all fear.

Never was bride or fiancée so magnificently portioned. Mrs. Wyverne seemed to wish to lay all the treasures of earth at the feet of her beautiful grandchild. Rita's eyes ached with the glitter and sheen of all that was brilliant and rare.

Could anyone be so mad as to think that she would give up all this to become the wife of a man she detested—give up the title she had set her heart upon—give up the position she had longed for—and, more than that, the man she loved?

Yet she awaited Ralph's next step in fear. What would he do? Would he force his way into the house and demand to see her? Would he call and ask for her? Would he write and insist upon a meeting? She knew not; she walked blindly, like one upon the edge of a precipice, who neither sees nor cares to see the brink.

The exhibition of the Royal Academy of that year was considered an unusually successful one. The whole fashionable world went to see Mr. Ferne's wonderful picture, "Condemned." People raved of its simple pathos, its grand execution, its tragical story.

It was the picture of a young and beautiful girl alone in a prison cell; a sunbeam coming in through the narrow grating touched her bowed head with its golden glory. There was a tragical history in the beautiful, despairing face. Love that knew no bounds or measure had played in the beautiful eyes now so haggard and wild; love that had yielded to jealousy and led to crime. She did not look repentant or sorrowful, although the life-blood of the man she had loved stained her hand. There was power and passion capability of endeavor, all expressed in the delicate features. The white hands, heavily chained, were clasped together, but not in prayer.

It was a grand picture; people looked at it and left it in silence. Strong emotion does not always call forth words. There was nothing to be said about it; the story told itself. Lord Lisle called one morning and asked Daisy and Rita to go with him to see the far-famed picture.

"Pray let us walk through the park," said Daisy. "I am quite tired of going everywhere in a carriage. See, Rita, how the sun shines; the birds will be all singing and the chestnut trees in flower. Let us walk."

"I am quite willing," said Rita, indifferently. Provided she were with Philip she cared for little else.

"You had better make a ravishing toilet," continued Daisy, with a smile; and Rita agreed with her.

It was the first time since the announcement of their engagement that she had gone out with Lord Lisle,

and she resolved to do honor to the occasion.

Philip thought he had never seen her looking so beautiful; all details of millinery were lost upon him. He saw a radiant vision clad in rich, sweeping silk, with a cloud of lace falling artistically in all directions. The queenly head was covered with a little gem of a bonnet—white lace again. One crimson flower, glowing like the heart of a pomegranate, lay upon the massive coils of dark hair.

Just as they entered the park, Captain Darcy met them. On hearing their destination he begged permission to join the party. He attached himself to Rita's side, and Lord Lisle walked a little in advance with Daisy.

"This is an unexpected happiness," said Captain Darcy to Rita. "I am leaving England, and may not have another opportunity of saying farewell to you."

"Leaving England?" said Rita, indifferently. "When, and why?"

"In three days from now," he replied. "I have exchanged into a regiment going to India. That is when I wish I dare tell you why."

"You can if you will," she said, interested by the handsome, melancholy face, and the sad, patient voice.

"May I?" he asked. "And you promise not to be angry? Oh, let me tell you, Miss Lisle; give me one kind word and let me take it into exile with me! You cannot help being the most beautiful and noble of women," he continued; "and I cannot help loving you. Do not be angry, Miss Lisle; I loved you the first moment I saw you, and I said to myself then that I would freely give my life to win one kind word from you. I cannot help loving you; but I am a man of honor and a gentleman. They tell me you are going to marry Lord Lisle, and I bow to my fate. I shall go far from you, where I may learn to forget the love that is at once the bane and the pride of my life."

"I am sorry," began Rita; but he interrupted her.

"Do not say that, Miss Lisle; do not let me think I have ever brought one sad thought to you. Believe me, looking upon you now for the last time, I say that I would rather love you, and love you in vain, than be happy with any other woman in the wide world."

He stopped abruptly, and Rita knew not what to say. Once before she had heard words like these—words that seemed to chime with the falling waves and the murmuring winds.

"I ought not to have told you this," he said; "it would have been nobler and braver to have gone away and have let my secret be buried with me. But you will give me one word to cheer my exile. I have light, warmth, and happiness with you; I go out into darkness and cold. Say something to me that I may remember in the years to come."

"I say you are a noble man, Captain Darcy," said Rita, gently. "I predict that there is happiness yet in store for you."

"No," he replied. "I may find peace, but not happiness, Miss Lisle. There comes a thunder-cloud occasionally in the brightest summer sky. Life lies all smiling before you; but trouble may come. If ever it should—if ever you should need a friend with a strong arm and a true heart, will you promise to remember me? I would come from the utmost ends of the world to serve you."

"I will remember," she said.

And the time came when she would have given much for such aid as he could have offered her.

"I shall go away happier," he said. "I am glad I spoke to you, Miss Lisle."

He looked into the beautiful face upraised to his with a sweet smile. Suddenly he saw it change; the brilliant color all faded; the white lips parted and uttered a low cry. She laid one hand upon his arm.

"Hasten!" she said, in a voice he

scarcely recognized—"hasten on!" She walked with rapid footsteps; it was with difficulty he kept pace with her. When they left the park and turned down the broad path she relaxed her speed and turned to him. Her face was still white, and her lips quivering.

"What is it, Miss Lisle?" he asked, anxiously. "What has alarmed you?"

"A resemblance," she said; "perhaps only a fancied one."

"If anyone annoyed you," he said, "I would—"

"What would you do?" she interrupted with a smile.

"Shoot him," replied Captain Darcy, "without any remorse."

She looked almost wistfully at him. Ah! if some brave man like this would but espouse her cause, and free her from the wretched persecution that blighted her life! If she could but tell him all, and ask him to free her from Ralph Ashton? But, no, she could not share her miserable secret. It must be kept at any price.

Margaret Lisle committed many grave crimes during that morning. She had made, perhaps, the greatest mistake of her life. She had converted Ralph Ashton's passionate love into fierce hate—she had changed a devoted lover into an implacable foe.

Walking with Captain Darcy—listening to the warm, eager words, she had, for the moment, forgotten all else save him, when, suddenly, crossing the park at some little distance, she saw Ralph Ashton. Her quick eyes noted the dark, handsome face, grown coarse and sunburned; the vulgar, ill-fitting clothes, the large, ungloved hands, and showy ring. Her heart sickened at sight of him. She felt nothing but the most intense loathing and disgust.

Suddenly she perceived that he recognized her. She saw the start of surprise; the uncontrollable joy that brightened his face; the quick, eager manner in which he hastened to meet her; the outstretched hand extended in greeting. For once self-control failed her; disgust overcame fear; she laid her hand upon Captain Darcy's arm, and turned indignantly away.

Ralph saw it all—the disgust, contempt, and fear that blanched her face; the hasty gesture of avoidance; the hurried manner in which she evaded and avoided him. At first he was stunned as with a heavy blow. The girl who had listened to him on the seashore, who had repeated the binding oath in the sunlit garden at Queen's Lynne, who had promised to be his wife when he should return and claim her—the girl for whom he had worked and toiled day and night, after nearly four years of absence, had coolly looked in his face and passed him by with dislike and avoidance.

Piles

To prove to you that Dr. Chase's Ointment is a certain and absolute cure for each and every form of itching, bleeding and protruding piles, the manufacturers have guaranteed it. See testimonials in the daily press and ask your neighbors what they think of it. You can use it and get your money back if not cured. One box, at all dealers or EDMANSON, BATES & CO., Toronto.

Dr. Chase's Ointment

For some minutes he could not realize it. The shock seemed to have paralyzed him. When he recovered, Rita had passed out of sight, and Ralph's anger was something fearful to witness.

"So," he said slowly to himself, "that is it! She sent me a few sugared words, thinking to put me off—meaning to deceive me. She passed me by; she was afraid to speak to me before that fine officer! She looked as though she hated me, and I—oh, heavens! I have loved her so!"

Was he ashamed of the sharp, stinging pain that rankled in his heart—of the hot tears that blinded his eyes like falling rain? They changed him; love grew into fierce hate. Margaret Lisle committed that morning one of the most fatal errors in her erring life.

There and then, before leaving the park, Ralph meditated long, and formed the plans so fatal to the girl he loved.

"You will not tell me what alarmed you, Miss Lisle?" said Captain Darcy again.

"It was nothing," she said, "but a fancied resemblance to one I knew and dreaded years ago. I have quite recovered from my alarm. Let us speak of pleasanter things. Have you seen this famous picture?"

"No," replied the captain. "And if you will pardon me, Miss Lisle, I will leave you here. I will make my apologies to Lord Lisle. I am

HEART TROUBLE.

THE SYMPTOMS OFTEN MIS-UNDERSTOOD BY THE SUFFERER.

The Trouble at All Times an Extremely Dangerous One—How to Promptly Relieve It.

There are many forms of heart disease, some of which manifest themselves by symptoms which are misunderstood by the sufferer and ascribed to indigestion or some similar cause, when the heart is really affected. The slightest derangement of this important organ is extremely dangerous. It at times the action of the pulse is too rapid and the heart beats violently, resulting in a suffocating feeling, or, if the heart seems inclined to stop beating, the pulse becomes slow and you feel a faint, dizzy sensation, you should take the best course in the world, and that is to take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. You will find that the distressing symptoms promptly disappear and that the heart at all times acts normally. Mr. Adolard Lavoie, St. Pamel, Que., bears strong testimony to the value of these pills in cases of heart trouble. He says: "For nearly three years I was greatly troubled with a weak heart and in constant fear that my end would come at any time. I placed myself under a good doctor but did not get the desired relief. In fact I grew worse; the least exertion would overcome me, and finally I had to discontinue work. While in this condition a neighbor advised me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and I procured a supply. They simply worked wonders in my case and when I had used six boxes I was again enjoying good health. I have had no sign of the trouble since and I can cheerfully recommend the pills to similar sufferers."

Blood troubles of all kinds are also cured by these famous pills. If you suffer from headaches, dizziness, languor, boils or skin diseases of any kind, your blood is in an impure condition, and Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are what you need. These pills are not a purgative and therefore do not weaken like medicines of that class. They are tonic in their nature and make new, rich, red blood with every dose, thus restoring health and strength to hopeless and despondent sufferers. But you must get the genuine, which always has the full name "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People," on every box. Sold by all dealers or sent post paid at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50, by addressing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

not in the mood for looking at pictures."

"As you will," said Rita, gently. "Say those words to me again, Miss Lisle; bid me God speed on my journey!"

For one half moment she hesitated. Surely the lips so steeped in lies should not utter that name.

"Good-bye, Captain Darcy!" she said. "God speed you. I shall always remember you."

He turned away lest she should see the emotion on his face.

"Going?" said Lord Lisle. "Ah, you soldiers are very fickle! I thought you wanted to see the 'Condemned.' Good morning; I shall see you at the club this evening."

"Captain Darcy looks very melancholy," Rita, said Daisy. "Have you been cross, or proud, or inflexible?"

"No," said Rita, with a startled look; "I have been passive, Daisy. That is the most I can say for myself."

(To Be Continued.)

HUGE VISITING CARDS

In Korea visiting cards measuring a foot square are in vogue. The savages of Dahomey announce their visits to each other by sending in advance a wooden board or the branch of a tree artistically carved. When the visit is paid the "card" returns to the possession of its owner, who probably uses it for many years. The natives of Sumatra use for a visiting card a piece of wood about a foot long, decorated with a bunch of straw and a knife.

The Glasgow Exhibition made a profit of £80,000. The Buffalo lost £600,000.

DEVELOPING KIAO-CHAU.

Progress Germans Are Making in Their Chinese Territory

Mr. Andre Brisse, a French visitor to the German colony on the east coast of China gives some interesting facts with regard to its progress. He says that the Germans have made remarkable changes since they occupied Kiao-Chau Bay in November, 1897. They have, for example, transformed the Chinese village of Tsingtau at the mouth of the bay, into a fine modern town, which is lighted by electricity, has a street railroad, a telephone service and other urban conveniences.

The territory conceded to the Germans includes only the lands around the shores of the bay, but extending inland with an average width of about eleven miles all around the bay is the neutral zone which is virtually under German protection. In the concession itself and the neutral zone live 80,000 Chinese, 1,600 German soldiers and some 200 civilians. The Germans have found the climate quite helpful; their hygienic measures have improved the sanitary conditions so that now dysentery and fevers are less prevalent among the European residents.

The Germans were quite disappointed not to find any good harbors in the bay; they have accordingly set to work to make two artificial harbors by dredging and other improvements. The harbor intended for the larger steamers, with a depth of about thirty-five feet, will be completed in 1906. The smaller harbor will have a depth of about twenty feet.

The Germans at home are great tree planters and they have carried the habit to China. They found that the natives had almost denuded the land of trees and that torrential storms had therefore been enabled to wash away a great deal of fertile soil. Tree planting is now in progress on a large scale. In parts of the concession the soil is very fertile and is being carefully tilled.

No evidence has been found of the existence of minerals or coal, but a large coal territory has been discovered along the line of the railroad which the Germans are building from Tsingtau across the Province of Shantung to Tsinan-fu. As the Germans expect not only to make the bay a coaling port, but also to tap the rich resources of the Shantung province which has abundant iron as well as coal and other natural wealth they will make this railroad a great factor in their work of development. As yet the commerce of the colony is not important.

BABY CONSTIPATION.

Can Be Cured Without Resorting to Harsh Purgatives.

Constipation is a very common trouble among infants and small children—it is also one of the most distressing. The cause is some derangement of the digestive organs, and if not promptly treated is liable to lead to serious results. The little victim suffers from headache, fever, pain in the stomach and sometimes vomiting. While in this condition neither baby nor baby's mother can obtain restful sleep. If proper care is taken in feeding the child and Baby's Own Tablets are used, there will be no trouble found in curing and keeping baby free from this disorder. Mrs. T. Guymer, London, Ont., says:—"My baby was a great sufferer from constipation. She cried continually, and I was about worn out attending her. I tried several remedies, but none of them helped her till I procured some Baby's Own Tablets. These tablets worked wonders, and now she is in the best of health. I can now go about my work without being disturbed by baby's crying. I consider Baby's Own Tablets a great medicine and would advise mothers to keep them in the house for they will save baby from much suffering by curing and preventing the minor ailments common to infants and small children."

Baby's Own Tablets are sold under an absolute guarantee to contain no opiate or other harmful drug. They are easy to take, mild in action, promote helpful sleep and will be found a never-failing cure for constipation, baby indigestion, simple fever, diarrhoea, sour stomach, colic etc. They allay the irritation accompanying the cutting of teeth, break up colds and prevent croup. Price 25 cents a box at all druggists or sent by mail, post paid, by addressing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

WHAT CAME OF INTERRUPTION.

"You ought to have seen Mr. Marshall when he called on Dolly the other night!" remarked Johnnie enthusiastically to his sister's young man, who was taking tea with the family. "I tell you he looked fine setting there alongside of her, with his arm—"

"Johnnie," gasped his sister, her face assuming the color of a boiled lobster.

"Well, so he did," persisted Johnnie. "He had his arm—"

"John!" screamed his mother frantically.

"Why," whined the now badly frightened boy, "I was—"

"You boy," roared his father, "get out!"

And Johnnie "got," crying as he went:

"I was only going to say that he had his arm on Dolly, and Dolly knows he had, too!"

A Spring Medicine That is a True Tonic.

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food Builds Blood, Creates Nerve Force, Increases Flesh and Weight, and Makes Weak, Sickly People Strong and Well.

The day of sarsaparillas, sulphur and cream of tartar, and salts as spring medicine has gone by. People are beginning to listen to the advice of their physicians and to build up their systems by the use of such preparations as Dr. Chase's Nerve Food.

The strong point in favor of this great food cure is the fact that it actually creates new, rich life-sustaining blood, and builds up the system gradually and naturally. For this reason it is the most satisfactory spring medicine that you can possibly obtain, and its results are permanently beneficial.

The tired languid feelings that tell of low vitality and an exhausted condition of the system soon disappear before the vitalizing, upbuilding influence of this great restorative. It conquers disease by filling the system with health, energy and vigour.

Mrs. S. Thompson, 240 Munro Street, Toronto, Ont., states:—"I was very much run down in health, and whenever I exerted myself more than usual I had severe attacks of splitting headache, and was very nervous, so much so that I could not rest well at nights. After using Dr. Chase's Nerve Food I found that my nerves were steadier, I could rest and sleep better than I have for a long time, and was entirely free from headaches. I can speak very highly of this preparation for nervous trouble."

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food has the endorsement of the best people in the land—physicians and laymen alike. It is bound to benefit anyone who uses it, because it is composed of the most potent restoratives of nature. 50 cents a box, 6 boxes for \$2.50. At all dealers, or Edmanston, Bates & Co., Toronto.



DUKE OF ARKLAN

Standard Bred. Rich brown color, black points, good action. Foaled March 19th, 1893; stands 16½ hands, weighs 1300 lbs; record 2.29½ at 4 years old. Terms: \$10 for the season, single trial \$5. All mares at owner's risk.

MOISE LAFRAMBOISE,
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ST. CLOUD.

This is the Elliott horse of St. Andrews, which took 2nd prize in the Argenteuil Exhibit last yr. as a general purpose. He is Canadian bred, weighs 1300 lbs and is a sure foal getter. Farmers desirous of raising a good general purpose horse will do well to use him this season. See posters.

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CORONATION DAY, June 26th.

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—TO—

Shawenegan Falls

The grandeur of which is unsurpassed in the world.

The whole route to Shawenegan Falls lies through a district replete with the most delightful and interesting scenery—canyons, water falls, etc., being most numerous—giving the beholder the most wonderful living panorama. The whole distance, 115 miles, will be covered each way in about 4 hours.

If you wish to obtain the greatest enjoyment at the least expense, you cannot afford to miss this picnic, for which will be issued

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Adults - - - \$1.80
Children - - - 95

FROM LACHUTE.

Adults, - - - \$1.55
Children - - - 80

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BANK of OTTAWA

HEAD OFFICE, OTTAWA, ONT.

Capital, [Fully paid up] \$2,000,000
Reserve - - - - - \$1,765,000

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Clydesdale Horse Society of Great Britain and Ireland in the twenty-second volume, color brown, stripe on face, white hind legs. Foaled May 1897 Bred by Hugh Smith, Whitehill, Drougan, Ayrshire. Sire—Ethiopia no. 5750 1st Dam—Maggie of Whit Hill, by Sir Enson, no. 9410, 2nd Dam—Maggie by King Valuable, no. 5927.

Vendors Certificate.—I hereby declare that the above named animal has been sold by me for exportation to Canada to Mr. John Hay of Lachute, Que.

Peter Crawford.

Society's Certificate.—I hereby certify that the foregoing has been registered in the twenty-second volume of the Clydesdale stud book.

Archy MacNeillage,

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The above named animal was imported from Scotland last fall, and is one of the heaviest horses ever brought into this county. He is an upstanding show horse, with grand bone and good feet, and for a heavy horse cannot be beaten for style and action. He will be at Lavigne's Hotel, Lachute for all the coming season.

John Hay, Proprietor.

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The Farmer Handy Waggon Co.

No. 8.—With Patented wood wheels, 28 inches front and 30 inches rear, 5 inch tires, bolsters only 22 inches from the ground, easy capacity two tons, is a very desirable waggon for those who are looking for the "best cheap waggon made" price \$37.00.

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Trains Leave Lachute

9.18 a.m.—
For St. Canute, St. Jerome, Ste. Agathe, New Glasgow, Joliette, Shawenegan Falls, Grand Mere, Quebec, etc.

6.33 p.m.—
For Stonefield, Hawkesbury, etc.

Trains Arrive Lachute

9.18 a.m.—
From Hawkesbury, etc.

6.33 p.m.—
From Quebec, Shawenegan Falls, and intermediate points.

GUY TOMBS, J. G. SCOTT,
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Why wear out your strength, lose your temper, and do a hard day's work with your old-time low wheeled mower when you can get a celebrated high wheeled Woodyatt same as cut for \$3.25.

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MEN'S and BOYS' FELT—Soft and Stiff—in Black and Colors. CHILDREN'S TAMS, CAPS, ETC.

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GOODS DELIVERED EVERY MORNING.

Spring Arrivals!

That means that we have now opened up a stock of goods suitable for the occasion, and a stock to select from that is bound to please and give you every satisfaction.

Ladies, ASK To See "Horrockses Madappolans" Specialty in Underwear. This is something extra value in that line.

We are showing in great variety Cottonade, Gingham, Spot and Check and Lawn Muslins.



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CHILDREN'S WAISTS - 30c UP.

New Display of
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A splendid line of Ladies' Sailor Hats and Blouses. A choice stock of Ladies' Waists, dark and light colors.

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If you want something to brighten up your home why not treat yourself to a nice new Carpet, or a handsome rug. We have the largest stock in town to select from.

Linoleums can be had from us in pretty patterns. At this time of the year they are the very thing to protect your painted floors from the wet and mud, and are the easiest to keep clean. Prices are very low.

We are showing the Largest Stock, Best and Nobbiest Style of Hats we ever had.

G. L. MEIKLE & Co.

We are not trying to force the Season, but we'll "get there just the same."



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To those who are wanting anything in

JEWELLRY,
WATCHES,
CLOCKS,
AND FANCY PRESENTS.

We have in a splendid lot of new goods at low prices.

Remember that we have the agency for the Berliner Gramophone.

We shall be pleased to receive a call from you.

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The Watchman

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VOL. XXVII.

LACHUTE, FRIDAY, MAY 30, 1902.

NO. 18

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Will be in Lachute the last four days of each week.

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Will hereafter be in Lachute the last four days of each week.

THE ELITE.
New blouse waists in large assortment in Print, Muslin, Linen Gingham, and Sateen the latest style, buttoned in the back and elbow sleeves; fit guaranteed.
Children's and Infants' dresses.
Ladies' summer underwear and white wear at all prices.
Figured muslin, Swiss muslin, Lawns, Dimities.
Organdies in Black, White, and colors.
The latest in Belts, Belt Buckles.
Ladies sailor hats from 20c. up.
Trimmed hats to suit everyone.
CORONATION Novelties and ties.
H. E. BURWASH.

See J. R. McQuat's advt. re cut in Boots & Shoes.

Mr. T. Simpson, veterinary surgeon will be in Lachute every Saturday

Headquarters for best oranges bananas, nuts, dates etc. at John Hope's.

Bring us your calf skins we will pay you 65 cts. each. W. Banford.

Try Hope's 5c. Ice Cream Soda's. The Best in town.

For sale cheap 3 factory milk cans, 15 20 and 25 gallons. B. Hugman & Son.

Black figured and dotted muslins and organdies. W. Banford.

The Place for the New Delightful Drink, ICE CREAM SODA. Kearns' West End Bakery.

Choice gingham and muslins a large stock beautiful colors. W. Banford.

Fishing tackle, farming tools and baskets at Hugman's.

Have your boys all got their new suits? They are not properly fitted except with our fine fitting goods. W. Banford.

Our Ice Cream Soda with pure fruit syrups is a drink fit for the gods. Fry it. Ice Cream Parlor now open, cool clean and comfortable. At Hope's.

We have left over, a few pounds of finest mangle, turnip and carrot seed which we will sell at cost. B. Hugman & Son.

A big drop from last year's prices in—

Cut nails, wire nails, garden rakes manure forks, hay forks, fork handles, at—**J. R. McQUAT'S.**

Bring us your wool. Price is low enough, but it can't be helped, we will pay the highest price and give you choice goods at low prices. W. Banford.

A fine fresh supply of good wall paper including several patterns of ingrain paper with borders to match. All shades in labastine for tinting purposes. G. L. Meikle & Co.

If you want something nice for the holidays in fruit we have it, oranges, bananas, lemons, pine apples, strawberries, [fresh to night] new dates. At Hope's.

FARMERS! There is every prospect of a heavy crop of hay this year. Those who want Hay Loaders should speak at once as only a limited number can be got. Prices same as last year.

McQUAT & McRAE.

The undersigned having purchased the Argenteus Hotel, wishes to announce that I am not making any advance in former prices. Former patrons of the house will find, that we combine cleanliness and quality and give the best of attention. Every convenience and accommodation. Rates \$1.00 per day. L. Lavigne.

Please Don't Read This.

Unless you want to know where to get the cheapest and best Lawn Mower on the market. The celebrated high wheel Woodyat, at McQuat & McRae's. Also lawn sprinklers, hose, ice cream freezers oil stoves, screen doors and windows, hammocks, camp beds, Ping Pong etc.

Coronation Day will be celebrated on the 26th of June with the Oddfellows by a huge excursion to Shawenigan Falls. Keep date open.

We are pleased to report the success of a number of our young ladies from this county who have gained their certificates in Model School Exams at Montreal. The numbers given are in order of merit:

ADVANCED ELEMENTARY 6 Gertrude J. Boudreau Grenville, 41 Christina McIntyre Calumet, 46 Robina McIntyre, Calumet. ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DIPLOMAS—5 Hannah M. A. Kyle Cambria, 10 Ethel McAdam, Lachute, 27 Margaret Cooke Arundel, 31 Emma Burwash St. Andrews, 34 Ethel Miller Lachute, 39 Maude Demaree Lachute, 40 Florence McGillivray Lachute, 43 Ida E. Walker Lachute.

BIRTHS

SAUNDERS—At Montreal, on May 27th, a son to Mr. and Mrs. Albert Saunders.

DEATH.

NEWTON—At Lake Louise, on May 19th, John Newton in his 70th year.

LOCAL NEWS

Miss McQuaig was the guest of Mrs. Todd this week.

Mr. John McRae of Ottawa spent the 24th in town.

Miss McGibbon of Hawkesbury is the guest of her sister Mrs. Ross.

Mrs. Weir and Mrs. and Miss Morris spent the holidays in St. Andrews.

Mr. Alex. Stewart of Montreal spent the holidays in Lachute.

Mr. and Mrs. John Calder of Toronto, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. P. R. McGibbon on Sunday.

The Independent Order of Forerunners will attend Divine Service in the Presbyterian church on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Eakin and family and Mr. Garnet Evans of Montreal, were guests at Riverside Cottage this week

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. W. Raitt spent Saturday and Sunday last in Pt. Fortune.

Master Albert G. Giles spent Empire day and following Sunday and Monday with friends in Montreal.

Mr. and Mrs. Slogie and Mr. Fred Blackburn, of Montreal were guests of Mr. John Hope this week.

Mrs. J. W. Boyd and children of St. Canute were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Jno. Earle last week.

Miss Grace Fessenden returned home to Montreal on Tuesday after her visit to her aunt, Mrs. B. Hugman.

Mr. Arthur McAdam, Mr. Greenlee and the Misses McGoran, were the guests of Mrs. McAdam this week.

Revs. Mr. Raney and Schagel and Mr. W. R. Hammond, are attending the Methodist Conference now in session at Sherbrooke.

In the Premium List of the Agricultural Societys Programme, the ages of cattle and grain are incorrect. They should read a year in advance of the printed list.

Mr. and Mrs. Sidney Mitchell left yesterday morning for their future home in Montana, and carry with them the good wishes of their many friends of Lachute.

Our lakes were well patronized last week for the 24th by groups of anxious fishing enthusiasts, whose reports of catches may be taken with a grain of salt.

A special meeting of the County Council was held on Tuesday for the purpose of considering an appeal from the decision of a petition rejected by the local Council of Chatham on the 8th of April. The petition was for the opening of a front road into the property of Wm. Hutchings to proceed as far as the Granite Quarry. The petition was again rejected.

The annual meeting of the Bible Society was held in the Methodist church on Monday evening. Dr. Christie presiding. Owing to disagreeable weather, the meeting was sparsely attended. Interesting addresses were given by Revs. Cresswell and McLaren and by the General Secretary, Rev. Thomas Bennett. The Secretary Treasurer, Chas. Calder gave his report showing that considerable increase had been collected this year by the collectors amounting in all to \$111.

The concert given by Prof. Hume Saturday last was not as largely attended as should have been. All the items were well rendered and the little folk acquitted themselves admirably and reflected much credit upon their instructor. Mr. Burgess kept the audience convulsed with laughter by his witticisms and his ventriloquial acts were exceptionally good.

The Caledonia Society of Montreal is putting up a splendid trophy for competition between tug-of-war teams from the Counties of Argenteuil and Glengarry, to be competed for at their Annual Games on the 2nd of August next. The teams are to be composed of 12 men from each county, and their travelling expenses will be paid by the Society. Any parties interested in accepting this offer, may communicate with Messrs John Hope or A. D. Kennedy, Lachute.

Special Bargains in
PIANOS,
ORGANS,
SEWING
MACHINES
AT
BEDARD & SON,
MAIN STREET - LACHUTE.

W. H. GARRETSEE
REFRACTING OPTICIAN.

A Graduate of the Optical Institute of Canada and member of the Canadian Association of Opticians.
Testing free of charge when spectacles are purchased.
Latest Instruments employed,
Satisfaction Guaranteed.

Spring Importations
Are all received, and they comprise the choicest goods on the market in—
SUITINGS, OVERCOATINGS, TROUSERINGS.
Cent's Furnishings
I still lead in these goods and others follow. For strictly up-to-date Hats, Ties, Shirts, and other gent's furnishings stylish dressers patronize.....
A. J. PERIARD,
LACHUTE

THE CENTRAL IMPLEMENT HOUSE,
Main Street - LACHUTE.
We are right in the Implement Business; the best that the Canadians and Americans can produce.
Seeders, Disks, Spring and Drag Tooth Harrows, Plows, Cultivators, Horse Forks, Corn and Grain Binders, Reapers—double and single—Mowers from 3½ to 7 ft. cut, Steel Rakes—all sizes for one or two horses—Concord and Top Buggies, Expresses and Heavy Waggon.
Put your Seed Grain in good condition with a Chatham Fanning Mill. We sell them with or without bagging attachment.
Reserve your Twine order for us. The McCormick Company ship us direct from their factory in car load lots. We can tie you up in good shape with special prices.
We want your trade and will treat you right.
ROY DEWAR - AGENT

TOO MANY JONESES.

In Wales They Cannot Tell Them by Names Alone.

At a meeting of the Cymydorion society, Mr. T. E. Morris, barrister-at-law, lectured before a representative audience on the inconvenience and confusion arising from the paucity of distinctive surnames in Wales, says the London Chronicle. In Liverpool alone, he said, 430 Welshmen rejoiced in the name of John Jones, and at an inquiry held at Westminster into the county council water scheme sixteen witnesses bore the same simple cognomen. Before the Welsh land commission, out of 134 witnesses in one county who gave evidence, 109 shared 14 surnames between them, and of the 109 as many as 65 bore proportionately the names of Jones, Evans and Davies. Recently at the Corwen board of guardians, owing to the numerous Joneses who are members of that body, it was decided to enter in the minutes each man's house and parish, as his full name was not sufficiently distinctive. To remedy this state of things, Mr. Morris advocated the liberal adoption of the beautiful place names which abound in Wales, as was done in Scotland and Norway, and the revival of the characteristic "Ap" with personal surnames. He pointed out that the law allowed any man to change his surname, provided that it was done honestly and without any fraudulent purpose, and his suggestion was that a short act of Parliament should be passed enabling any person to register a change of his name with the district registrar on payment of a small fee. In this way an authentic and official record of the change would be made at the time.

"Bobby, your mamma tells me you are a very bright boy, and she expects you to be a great man," said Mr. Blossom, as he sat in the parlor waiting for Bobby's sister. "Ma never does 'spect nothin' right. She doesn't know what she's talkin' about. She told pa she 'spected you and my sister would be married 'fore spring, and that was more'n a year ago."

LUMBAGO.

A NOVA SCOTIA MAN HAS FOUND A SURE REMEDY.

Claims That Lumbago Can Be Cured.—He Himself Had Suffered for 25 Years.—Hope for Apparently Hopeless Cases.

Economy Point, N.S.—May 5.—(Special).—Mr. George S. McLaughlin, of this place, claims to have found a remedy which will cure any case of Lumbago.

Mr. McLaughlin himself has been a great sufferer with this disease, and has sought relief in very many treatments and remedies.

At last however he came across a medicine which completely cured him, and which he claims any sufferer from Lumbago should be told of.

He says:—"I was troubled with Lame Back for 25 years or more. Sometimes it was so severe I could not turn myself in bed.

"A slight cold or hard lifting would bring on a fearful attack and give me awful pain.

"I had tried many medicines and treatments, but never found anything to do me any good until I heard of Dodd's Kidney Pills.

"My brother, who kept a small grocery store and sold some medicines, told me that he had heard that they had cured a great many people of Lumbago, and he advised me to try them.

"I commenced a treatment and in a short time all the pain left my back and it became as stout and strong as ever.

"Wonderful to say I have had no return of the terrible Lumbago since.

"It is now some years since I was cured, and I have said nothing about it, for I was afraid it would come back, and that I would have to keep on using the Pills in order to be well.

"But now I am satisfied it is gone forever, and know that I am safe in making this public statement.

"I believe Dodd's Kidney Pills will cure any case of Lumbago or Lame Back, for they helped me out and nobody could have it much worse than I had."

UP-TO-DATE DEFINITIONS.

Wife—A servant who lets her services for life without wages.

Truth—The things women say of each other when they quarrel.

Ambition—A feeling that makes a man want to do something he can't.

Experience—Something everybody gets after it is too late to make use of it.

Faith—The thing that makes a bald-headed man invest in a bottle of hair restorer.

Purity—The acme of perfection, found only in baking-powder and soap advertisements.

Free-Gratis-For Nothing

YOU CANNOT LONG FOOL A WOMAN.

When the white man wants the black man's land he approaches the innocent black with "presents" of beads, colored cloths, ribbons, and other useless trinkets that catch the eye of the poor black—but that are no earthly use to him. These are all "gifts—free—gratis—for nothing!" We all know who soon owns the black man's land.

Yet this system of conciliating the innocent is not practiced alone on the negro. How many women read that they can get a certain "present" with a certain purchase and forthwith they make the purchase to get the "present"—free—gratis—for nothing!!! The present may or may not be useful—but in this twentieth century are there those who believe they have not in the purchase paid for and often dearly paid for the "present"?

When you want a horse you cannot buy his teeth at ten cents a tooth, and get the horse thrown into the bargain.

When you buy a dress you do not buy the buttons, and have the dress thrown in.

And no more than you can thus get the present of a horse or a dress can you get a "present"—free—gratis—for nothing—of diamonds, gold, jewellery, and cutlery, with the purchase of a bar of common soap.

When you buy Sunlight Soap you are presented with pure quality in the soap itself. You do not pay for loading refuse at the price of soap. You don't wear out your clothes in half the time, and ruin your hands with Sunlight Soap, as with common soap.

If you want soap, buy Sunlight Soap—Octagon Bar—and you have paid for nothing but pure soap. If you want something else than soap, buy it independently of the soap, and you know what it has cost you.

"You may fool some people all the time;

You may fool all the people some of the time;

You cannot fool all the people all the time;"

You cannot long fool a woman. 615

PAT WAS UNPERTURBED.

The commanding officer of a corps was much troubled about the persistent untidiness of one of his men. Reprimand and punishment were unavailing. The man was incorrigible and remained as dirty as ever. A brilliant idea struck the colonel.

"Why not march him up and down the whole line of the regiment and shame him into decency?"

It was done. The untidy warrior, who hailed from the Emerald Isle, was ordered to exhibit himself and march up and down the whole regiment, and the men told to have a look at him.

The unabashed Pat halted, saluted the colonel, and said, in the hearing of the whole regiment, with the utmost sang-froid:—"Dirtiest regiment I ever inspected, sorr."

THE FORCE OF CYCLONES.

Careful estimates of the force of a cyclone and the energy required to keep a hurricane in active operation reveal the presence of a power that makes the mightiest efforts of men appear as nothing in comparison. A force fully equal to over 400,000,000 horse-power was estimated as developed in a West Indian cyclone. This is about fifteen times the power that can be developed by all the means within the range of man's capabilities during the same time. Were steam, water, windmills, and the strength of all men and all animals combined, they could not at all approach the tremendous force exerted.

PRISON LIFE HIS IDEAL.

At Bari, Italy, an old man named Gissi Vincenzo, aged seventy-eight, has just been sentenced to five years' imprisonment for manslaughter. Gissi had only been released from prison a few days when he committed the crime. He declared in court that his object in killing the man was to get back to prison. On hearing his sentence, the accused said:—"It is too little. Five years pass quickly. Sentence me for life, otherwise I shall have to kill another man when I leave prison in order to be taken back." Gissi has spent thirty of his seventy-eight years in gaol.

Bizzer—"It makes my wife angry when I refuse to let her have the last word in an argument." Buzzer—"Why don't you let her have the last word?" Bizzer—"Well, then she says I am afraid to argue with her."

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff.

"There ain't much sympathy in this world," said Meandering Mike. "I took that policeman into my confidence. I told him that I had had all the troubles known; that I was just a collection of sorrows." "What did he do?" "He looked me over an' then said it was about time for him to take up a collection."

Pomegranate-wood is the heaviest known. A cubic foot weighs 84 lb.

SENSIBLE YOUTH.

The young man's father had decided that he had led a life of idleness long enough, so the other day he had him put to work in his shop.

Yesterday he asked the manager of the business:

"How is Charley doing?"

"First-rate, sir."

"Is he industrious?"

"Well, you see, sir, Mr. Charley's a very sensible sort of young gentleman. Some young men in his position would want to run the business, and give no end of trouble. But he seems as anxious as possible to keep out of the way."

THE FIRST TO COMPLAIN.

Fair patron—"See here! You told me a horrid story about the way my husband was acting, and I've found on investigation, that it is not true. He's just as good as can be." Fortune-teller—"Very remarkable, madam, very remarkable. I've told that same story to about ten thousand different women, and you are the first one who has made a complaint."

SALADA

Ceylon Tea is the finest Tea the world produces, and is sold only in lead packets.

Black, Mixed and Green.

Japan tea drinkers try "Salada" Green tea.

FEMININE CARD PLAYERS.

The ladies of the town of Arensburg, Russia, are passionate card players. Since they are not allowed to play at the local clubs, they make up games at their friends' houses and gamble all day through. As soon as the cash funds run short they take to various articles, mostly toilet belongings. Thus one lost a bonnet, another some lace and perfumes, and they go even so far as losing their prayer-books.

C. C. RICHARDS & CO.

Gentlemen,—I have used MINARD'S LINIMENT on my vessel and in my family for years, and for every day ills and accidents of life I consider it has no equal.

I would not start on a voyage without it, if it cost a dollar a bottle.

CAPT. F. R. DESJARDIN. Schr. "Storke," St. Andre, Kamouraska.

In a closed room which contains enough air to last one man for an hour a lighted candle will shorten his existence by 15 minutes, but if a gas-jet is burning he will live but ten minutes only.

Deafness Cannot be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound and crisper foot hearing, and when it is entirely closed deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surface.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that can not be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Russia last year produced ten million barrels more oil than did the United States, but the new Texas oil-fields will probably make up the difference during 1902.

Stop the Cough and work off the Cold. Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, No Pay. Price 15 cents.

The latest astronomical photograph, prepared by the joint exertions of the observatories of London, Berlin, and Paris, shows 68 millions of stars.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia.

"I'm surprised that you, who have written so many books, should have married so illiterate a wife." "Well, there's one book of hers that beats all mine put together." "What's that?" "Her bank-book."

Monkey Brand Soap cleans kitchen utensils, steel, iron and tinware, knives and forks, and all kinds of cutlery.

The main wheel of a watch makes 1,460 revolutions in a year, and the number of vibrations or beats is 141,912,000 a year.

PORTRAITS OF THE KING.

The King has ordered the execution of one hundred medallion portraits of himself. These, richly mounted, are intended for presentation to distinguished guests at the Coronation, including the leading representatives of the Colonies and India. His Majesty is being specially photographed for the purpose.

The handwriting has changed but the quality of Blue Ribbon is just as good as ever. Was there ever such a tea! Put up Black Mixed & Ceylon Green

PAINT UP WELL.



Paint up your house, your buildings, your barns, your fences with paint that paints well and looks clean and bright in spite of the hot sun and storm or rain.

RAMSAY'S PAINTS

are made from the best pigments, pure oil and turpentine; wear better than white lead, more economical, easier to work, beautiful colors, handy packages, and at the right price for the best paints.

Drop us a card and ask for BOOKLET "K" FREE, showing how some homes are painted.

A. RAMSAY & SON, Estab. 1842 MONTREAL Paint Makers

Eggs and Potatoes

If you have any to sell let us have your price, f.o.b., stating quantity.

The DAWSON COMMISSION CO., Limited, TORONTO Consignments Solicited.

Non-Sulphurous.

Odorless.

Every Stick—A Match

Every Match—A Lighter

Every body ask for..... Eddy's "Headlight" Parlour Matches

The finest matches in the world, made from soft corky pine, and especially suitable for domestic use—put up in neat sliding boxes, assorted colors each box containing about 500 matches—three boxes in a pack.

For Sale by All First Class Dealers.

ILL FOR THIRTY-EIGHT YEARS.

From Melbourne comes news of a record in the shape of the death of a man of seventy who had been drawing sick pay from his branch of the Manchester Unity Order of Odd-fellows for thirty-eight years without a break. He had received from the sick fund of the order upwards of \$5,000.

For Over Sixty Years

Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used by millions of mothers for their children while teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays pain, cures wind colic, regulates the stomach and bowels, and is the best remedy for Diarrhoea. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Sold by druggists throughout the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP."

In 1909 the Eiffel Tower will become the property of the City of Paris, and be used as its meteorological office.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY. Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. A druggist refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

Silk thread is three times stronger than flax thread of the same thickness.

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, etc.

Eight British commanders have been granted dukedoms.

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere

Man is said to be subject to 1,212 different diseases.

W P C. 1127

THE MOST POPULAR DENTIFRICE.

CALVERT'S CARBOLIC TOOTH POWDER. Preserves the teeth. Sweetens the breath. Strengthens the gums.

TO PRINTERS

FOR SALE.—Two 2-revolution Campbell Presses, bed 40x60 inches. Splendid order. Price \$1,000 each. Terms easy. S. FRANK WILSON, 73 West Adelaide St., Toronto

PUL-MO WILL CURE

difficulty of breathing, tightness of the chest, wasting away of flesh, throat troubles, consumption, coughs, catarrh, colds, pneumonia and pleurisy.

A SAMPLE FREE BY MAIL to every sufferer. PUL-MO is for sale by all druggists at \$1.00 per large bottle, and 75 cents for small bottle, or direct from THE PUL-MO CO., TORONTO, ONT.

BOYS BRIGADE

Bugle Band

Instruments, Bugles, Flutes, Drums, Caps, etc.

EVERY TOWN OR SCHOOL

Can have a Flute and Drum or Bugle Band.

Lowest prices ever quoted. Illustrated price-list mailed free. Write us for ANYTHING in MUSIC or MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

WHALEY, ROYCE & CO., Limited Winnipeg, Man. Toronto, Canada

CARPET DYEING

and Cleaning. This is a specialty with the BRITISH AMERICAN DYEING CO. Send particulars by post and we are sure to satisfy. Address Box 158, Montreal.

Dominion Line Steamships

Montreal to Liverpool. Boston to Liverpool. Portland to Liverpool. Via Queens-town.

Large and Fast Steamships. Superior accommodation for all classes of passengers. Saloons and Staterooms are scrupulously clean. Special attention has been given to the Second Saloon and Third-Class accommodation. For rates of passage and all particulars, apply to any agent of the Company, or

Richards, Mills & Co. D. Torrance & Co. 77 State St. Boston. Montreal and Portland.

WOOD & PHOTO ENGRAVING

J. L. JONES ENG. CO. 168-BAY STREET.—TORONTO

RELIABLE AGENTS WANTED

We want at once trustworthy men and women in every locality, local or traveling, to introduce a new discovery and keep our show cards and advertising matter tacked up in conspicuous places throughout the town and country. Steady employment year round commission or salary, \$50.00 per month and Expenses, not to exceed \$2.50 per day.

Write for particulars. Postoffice box 337, INTERNATIONAL MEDICINE CO., LONDON, ONT.

To Cure Any Sore:

Use Oileadine. This Balm of Oilead preparation is positively the greatest healing remedy known. F. B. Hurley & Co., Druggists, Syracuse, say:—"Oileadine is selling well. A customer recently purchased five boxes at once. Use our name freely. We highly recommend it." 25c. Druggists, or Oileadine Co., Toronto.

DEBENTURES

Coupons Attached.

Our Debentures combine an absolutely safe security with a profitable

return for the money invested. They are issued in sums of \$100 and upwards for terms of one, two, three, four or five years, and interest at the rate of

FOUR PER CENT. PER ANNUM

Accrues from the date on which the money is received by the Company

Write for further information.

THE CANADA PERMANENT

MORTGAGE CORPORATION OFFICES, TORONTO STREET, Toronto

PAGE WIRE FENCE

This is the Page Standard II Bar Fence, made of "Page" wire which is twice as strong as common wire. The continuous coil, note wavy appearance, allows for expansion and contraction which is important owing to Canadian climate. Our upright wires are in one piece and have strength of about 300 pounds. If made of pieces spliced at each horizontal, they would have a strength of only about 200 pounds. We also make gates, ornamental fences, poultry netting, nails and staples. The Page Wire Fence Co., Limited, Walkerville, Ont.

The Fatal Dower

—OR—

THE DESTRUCTION OF A PROUD SPIRIT.

SYNOPSIS OF PRECEDING CHAPTERS.—Margaret Howard, on the eve of departure to join her secretly married husband, leaves her child with Susan Rivers and is drowned at sea. Susan rears the child, Daisy, as her own, and dies. Her daughter, Margaret, alone knows Daisy's secret. Lord Lisle seeks his child, and Margaret, taking Daisy's birthright, announces herself his daughter. She falls in love with his nephew, Philip. Daisy, Lord Lisle's true daughter, joins her foster-sister, and captivates Philip, who Lord Lisle, on his death-bed, makes promise to marry Rita. Philip becomes Lord Lisle; asks her to marry him. Ralph Ashton, to whom she is engaged, writes asking her to be true to her promise.

CHAPTER XX.

They stood before the wondrous picture. Daisy's sweet eyes filled with tears as she gazed upon the beautiful, despairing face and the chained wrists.

"The old story," said Lord Lisle. "Love is at once the greatest good and the greatest evil."

"Abuse of it may be an evil," said Daisy. "Love itself could never be anything but good."

"It is not the master-passion of the world," said Rita. "Ambition is greater."

"Do not say the word!" exclaimed Lord Lisle. "I dislike ambition and ambitious people. No word seems to me more harsh on the lips of a young girl than that. I could pardon much to love—nothing to ambition."

These words haunted Rita. He could pardon much to love—nothing to ambition. Oh, if ever he discovered her secret, there would be no pity for her—nothing to plead on her behalf!

That evening, as Rita, dressed with great magnificence and skill, descended the grand staircase, a footman met her, carrying in his hand a silver salver, on which lay one of those blue envelopes she knew and detested.

"A man called with this before dinner, and desired me, Miss Lisle, to give it to you at once."

Rita took the letter with a gesture of superb indifference. There was no time then to open it; the second dinner bell had rung, and Mrs. Wyverne had one of her grand dinner parties. She placed it carefully in the pocket of her dress. No one who had seen her that night would have believed any secret care or trouble weighed upon her. She threw off the stately reserve and hauteur that usually wrapped her like a mantle.

No smile was so sweet and winning, no voice so musical, no wit so keen, no satire so kindly as hers. Even Lord Lisle was charmed. He lingered by her side, and when the little party broke up, he touched her beautiful face with his lips.

"That is my privilege now," he said, gently. "Good-night, Rita. You shall be proclaimed Queen of Hearts."

She laughed a low, sweet laugh—her heart beat high with triumph. He was beginning to love her as she wanted to be loved—as Captain Darcy loved her; poor Captain Darcy! who had sailed that day for India, and who was never to look upon her face again.

When she was alone in her own room, when her maid had taken away the brilliant jewels and costly robes, Rita opened her letter and read it.

They were fierce, angry words, such as come from the lips of coarse, angry men.

"She was his," he said, "before God and before man; his by a thousand ties—by virtue of an oath she dared not break—and he would claim her. She had passed him by—ashamed of him before her grand friends; but it was useless. She must appoint the time and place for an interview, or he would call at the house and force her to see him. He would wait no longer—she must prepare to keep her promise, and become his wife. He could force her to do so; and if she would see him, and hear all he had to say, she would see how he could compel her to keep her promise."

There was nothing much of love in the letter. He spoke chiefly of force, and as though he had some mysterious power over her.

A sickening fear and foreboding seized her as she read. Ah! could it be, after all, that evil brought its own punishment? Could it be that retribution had already begun?

A thousand different plans suggested themselves to her. She would have shown scant mercy to Ralph Ashton had he been in her power. All night, while others slept, she walked restlessly up and down that sumptuous apartment; all night, while the stars shone and the wind whistled amid the trees, while the flowers rested and drank eagerly of the glistening dew, she, fevered and worn out, raging with impotent hatred, tried to form some plan by which she could free herself from Ralph Ashton.

She could only think of one thing—that was to temporize with him until she was married to Philip. Once Lady Lisle, she would defy the whole world. Nothing could change, alter, or undo that. Ralph might rage and fume; he might persecute and threaten; but if she were Philip's wife, what would it matter? If Lord Lisle should know of this entanglement beforehand, with his keen sense of honor she knew he would never dream of marrying her; but if he heard of it afterward, for his own sake he would hush the matter and shield her.

Once married, she had nothing to fear. If she could keep him at bay until then, all would be well. She must do again as she had done before—temporize with him. Ah! if she could but go away—go to some quiet, out-of-the-way place where he would not find her until the time fixed for the wedding.

To think, with her, was ever to act. When the early sunbeams peeped into her room, when the birds began their morning hymn, and the flowers opened their bright eyes, Rita was seated at her writing-table, composing, with all the skill at her command, a letter that should pacify Ralph Ashton.

She explained her "seemingly strange behavior," and assured him that she was longing to see him. But would he wait? She was so busy engaged in removing all difficulties. Would he, as he valued her love, wait one week? She would, in the meantime, arrange all for their meeting and introduction to her friends. He must write and tell her if he would consent.

It was a clever letter. Pity that such powers should be so falsely applied, every word of it was carefully weighed. When Ralph Ashton read it he smiled a bitter, sardonic smile.

"She writes well," he muttered. "A week can make no difference. As I value her love, I agree to it."

He wrote in reply: "I agree to your arrangement. I will wait a week; at the end of that time, if I do not hear from you, I shall call, and not leave the house until I have seen you."

The excitement, the fear and suspense had proved too much for Rita's strength. Daisy going to her room one hour after Ralph's answer had been received and destroyed, found her lying white and senseless upon the sofa.

Alarmed and anxious, Daisy hastily summoned Mrs. Wyverne and her sister's maid, Therese. When Rita opened her eyes she found the three bending over her, with startled faces.

"My dear child," said Mrs. Wyverne, "what is it—what is the matter?"

"I feel ill," replied Rita—"ill and overdone. Take me away—let me be somewhere quiet and still."

They laid her to rest in a darkened room—they bathed her hot brow in cool, fragrant water, and then retired, to hold an anxious consultation among themselves.

They had noticed a great change in her. Her spirits were unequal. There were times when both had seen a wearied, wan look on her face and a shadow in her dark eyes. There could be but one cause for it, and that was ill-health.

Mrs. Wyverne thought the excitement of her presentation, the continued succession of gayeties, the whirl of pleasure, the never-ending preparations for her marriage, had been altogether too much for her.

"In my opinion, Daisy," said the elder lady, "your sister will have a serious illness, unless some steps are taken at once. I do not like those dead faints; they show great weakness. I must speak to Lord Lisle."

But there was no need. Rita sent for Mrs. Wyverne, who found her lying pale and quiet, with a strange softening of her proud, haughty face.

"I am glad you are better, Rita,"

BABY'S OWN TABLETS.

Mother's Best Help When Her Little Ones Are Ailing.

Every mother needs at some time a medicine for her little ones, and Baby's Own Tablets are the best medicine in the world for constipation, sour stomach, indigestion, diarrhoea, colic, simple fevers and the troubles of teething children. The Tablets have been in use for years and thousands of mothers say that nothing else acts so quickly and relieves and cures little ones so surely. Mrs. R. H. LaRue, Mountain Ont., simply voices the experience of other mothers when she says:—"I can recommend Baby's Own Tablets to all mothers who have cross or delicate children. I do not know how I could get along without them."

Children take these Tablets as readily as candy, and if crushed to a powder they can be given with absolute safety to the tiniest, weakest babies. There is a cure in every Tablet and they are guaranteed to contain no opiate or other harmful drug. You can get the Tablets from any dealer in medicine or they will be sent post paid at 25 cents a box by addressing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

said Mrs. Wyverne; "but I am uneasy about your health."

"It is of that I wish to speak to you," replied Rita. "I have not complained—I dislike complaints, but I do not feel well; I have not been well for some time. I am tired, wearied, longing for rest."

"And rest you shall have," said Mrs. Wyverne, whose heart was touched by the young girl's sad face and plaintive voice. "The best of the season is over now. We will go away for a time—you, Daisy, and myself. Would you like that?"

"Better than anything in the world!" she cried, gratefully. "How kind you are to me! Yes, I should like a few weeks of perfect rest and repose before my marriage—and the time draws very near."

"Yes," said Mrs. Wyverne; "the time draws very near. Where would you like to go? Lisle Court is all in a ferment."

"Let us go to some quiet spot," said Rita; "a place unknown to the great world, where we can be quite alone."

"I know a pretty little watering-place in Wales. I went there many years ago. It is twenty miles from Swansea. It is very quiet and retired. Would you like that?"

"Very much," she replied. "I cannot thank you, but indeed I am grateful. Will you promise me one thing more—promise that no one shall know where we are going except Lord Lisle? Do not allow it to be mentioned before the servants, or we shall have crowds of fashionable friends invading our retreat. If you will promise me that I shall soon be well."

She drew Mrs. Wyverne's face down to her own and kissed it.

"It shall be just as you say, my dear child," said the elder lady; "even Therese shall not know where we are going until she has left the house. Lord Lisle can keep a secret, so can I. But what a strange, nervous fancy it is!" she continued, with a smile. "However, if rest can restore you to health you shall soon be well."

Lord Lisle cordially approved of the plan. He had noticed some strange change in Rita, and thought the arrangement a very sensible one.

Daisy was only too happy to leave gay, crowded London.

Nor was Rita insincere. She was really ill, and worn out with the struggle. She wrote another letter to Ralph, telling him she was ill, and unable to leave her room. His reply did not tend to comfort her.

"Ill or well," he said, "she must see him at the end of the week."

The indisposition of the beautiful Miss Lisle was much deplored by the great world. She had grown so popular; no ball or fete was considered complete without her. It was a sudden eclipse of the brightest star. Condolence and sympathy, in the shape of cards and letters, poured in upon her. Mrs. Wyverne was flattered, Daisy amused, by the sensation.

Her secret was well kept. No one knew anything of the intended journey. Her maid was told that Miss Lisle was going away for a few

days' rest. Mrs. Wyverne humored every whim and caprice, as though Rita had been a sick child.

Lord Lisle promised to join them soon. One fine morning, three days before the time appointed for seeing Ralph, the three ladies, attended by servants, left London for Sunbay, a quiet, retired spot on the southern shores of Wales.

At the first view Sunbay was desolate—a wide sweep of waters, and a clear, vast sky. Grand old hills sloped down to the shore. Every here and there a pretty little villa peeped from among the trees. There was no town, no regular streets—no place could be imagined more silent or unknown. It was hidden altogether from the great noisy world.

A nicely furnished house was taken and the ladies comfortably established therein.

"Will this suit you, Rita?" inquired Mrs. Wyverne, anxiously. "Nothing could be more tranquil or dull."

"I cannot tell you how grateful and pleasant the quiet is to me," she replied.

It was a luxury to sit still, and not tremble at every ring of the bell or step upon the stairs; it was a luxury to walk out in the broad open day, and not fear to meet the man she dreaded at every corner of the road.

To Daisy it was all a mystery—she could not understand so great a change. "What a queer life!" she said. "I was one longing for pleasure and excitement, to shun every one, and seek quiet. She had never quite understood her foster-sister, who was now more of a mystery than ever."

In a few days after their arrival Rita began to recover herself. The panic of fear and dread that had seized her died away. All now seemed safe and secure. Once married, she had nothing to fear, and every day brought her marriage nearer. It was not likely Ralph would find her. No matter what anyone said, she did not intend to leave Sunbay until a day or two previous to the one fixed for her marriage.

She laughed triumphantly to herself. Yes, once more schemes and maneuvers had prospered; once more fate had played into her hands, and just retribution was delayed.

The color returned to her face and the smile to her lips.

"This rest is curing you, Rita," said Mrs. Wyverne. "Lord Lisle will hardly know you."

"I do not feel the same," she replied. "I think coming here has saved my life."

Nothing happened to disturb her. From London and from Lisle Court, daily letters told how nearly everything was prepared for Miss Lisle's marriage. The magnificent jewels were on view at Messrs. Storr & Mortimer's; the carriages were to be seen at Hewson's; the trousseau, one of the most exquisite and elaborate ever prepared, was in the hands of Mme. Cerise.

At Lisle Court all the more modern rooms had been refurnished in the most recherche and luxurious style. From "rosy morn until dewy eve" Rita heard of nothing but the grandeur and luxury prepared for her.

(To Be Continued.)

DR. A. W. CHASE'S CATARRH CURE ... 25c.

Is sent direct to the diseased parts by the Improved Blower. Heals the ulcers, clears the air passages, stops droppings in the throat and permanently cures Catarrh and Hay Fever. Blower free. All dealers, or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Toronto and Buffalo.

WIVES BY PURCHASE.

Wives are still obtained by purchase in parts of Russian Europe. In the district of Kamyschin, on the Volga, for example, this is practically the only way in which marriages are brought about. The price of a pretty girl from a well-to-do family ranges from \$50 to \$100, and in special cases a much higher sum is obtained. In the villages the lowest price is about \$25. It is customary for the fathers of the intending bride and bridegroom to haggle for a long time over the price to be paid for the lady. A young farmer whose father cannot afford to pay for a wife for him need not think of getting married.

Norway is the most healthy country in the world.

PALE AND LISTLESS.

A CONDITION THAT AFFECTS VERY MANY WOMEN.

The Appetite Fails—Strength Departs and the Sufferer Feels That Life is Really a Burden.

From the Topic, Petrolia, Ont.

It is impossible that a medicine can be so widely known and used as are Dr. Williams' Pink Pills without striking results frequently becoming known and the merits of this great remedy for the common ailments of man and woman being published. Mrs. Thos. Kettle, of Petrolia, Ont., is a case in point. Mrs. Kettle is an old resident of this district and is well known. Chatting with a reporter of the Topic the other day the conversation drifted on the subject of medicines, when Mrs. Kettle spoke in the highest praise of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, which, she said, had cured her of a long illness. Our reporter, being naturally interested, made further enquiries, when Mrs. Kettle gave him the following particulars:—"I am the mother of twelve children and in spite of the constant strain and worry the raising of so large a family entailed upon me, in addition to my housework, I was for many years blessed with splendid health. However, after the birth of my last child my strength seemed to fail me, and I felt that my health was gradually going. I consulted a doctor and continued under his treatment for some months, but the only result that I could see was that I grew steadily worse. I could not name any particular ailment that I suffered from, but I was all 'run down.' My appetite failed me, my strength seemed all gone and I became pale and listless, scarcely able to drag myself around, and much of the time in bed. I became alarmed at my long continued ill health and as doctor's medicine had done me no good I determined to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I purchased a box and thought it did me some good, so I got six boxes more, and before I had finished taking the second I felt a lot better, and by the time I had finished the seven boxes I had perfectly regained my health, had gained weight and felt better than I had for some years. I consider the pills a splendid medicine, a real godsend to weak and ailing women, and have frequently recommended them to my friends and used them with my children, always with good results." Judging from Mrs. Kettle's healthy appearance to-day none would imagine she had ever known what a day's illness meant. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are a positive cure for all diseases arising from impoverished blood, or a weak or shattered condition of the nervous system, such as epilepsy, St. Vitus' dance, paralysis, rheumatism, sciatica, heart troubles, anaemia, etc. These pills are also a cure for the ailments that make the lives of so many women a constant misery. Sold by druggists or sent by mail, postpaid, at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for \$2.50, by addressing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

DRAW CORKS EASILY.

If you want to amuse friends at an evening party, tell them that you can draw a cork out of any bottle without a corkscrew. Of course, they will laugh, but very soon it will be your turn to laugh.

Take a piece of sealing wax and hold one end of it over a lamp or gas jet until it becomes soft; then let some drops of the wax fall on the cork in the bottle. As soon as the cork is covered with wax, you must press the piece, which you fold in your hand, against the cork, and you must hold it there until the



wax is quite dry. Then it will be easy for you to draw out the cork by using the stick of wax which adheres to it, in the same manner as you would use a screw.

No matter how firmly fixed the cork may be, it will almost immediately yield to the pressure. You must, however, take care not to wrench the stick of wax away from it while you are drawing it out and you must also see that the cork is perfectly dry before you pour any wax on it.

The new Japanese battleship, the "Mikasa," is the heaviest warship afloat. Her displacement is 16,000 tons.

She Gained Eleven Pounds

And Was Brought Back From Nervous Prostration to Health and Strength by Using Dr. Chase's Nerve Food.

There is no faith cure about Dr. Chase's Nerve Food. You do not need to imagine it is doing good. You can prove it by keeping a record of your weight. This food cure acts in a perfectly natural way. In fact, it is nature's own cure, and is composed of the most powerful restoratives and invigorators that science has yet discovered.

Take the case of Mrs. West, as described in her letter quoted below. She was pale, weak and run down in health. Her blood was thin and watery, and her nerves so starved and exhausted that she was prostrated. Dr. Chase's Nerve Food cured her, and added new, firm flesh to her body to the extent of eleven pounds. You will find her letter interesting.

Mr. S. W. West, Drayton, Wellington County, Ont., writes:—"About two years ago I got terribly run down, and finally became a victim of nervous prostration. I had no appetite, seemed to lose interest and ambition and could scarcely drag myself about. Hearing of good results from the use of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, I used three boxes with great benefit. In a short time I gained eleven pounds, and as I was very thin when I began to use the remedy, I was very proud of the increase of weight."

Then the following spring I became rather poorly, and it again built me up, and gave me such a good appetite that I wanted to eat nearly half the time. I was so pleased with the cure the Nerve Food brought about that I recommended it to others, and they have told me of the benefits they had obtained from this preparation. You may use this testimonial in order that others may learn of the good there is in Dr. Chase's Nerve Food."

If you have been affected as Mrs. West has, if you are not feeling real strong and well, you will be surprised at the good that Dr. Chase's Nerve Food will do you. It puts color in the cheeks, rounds out angular and wasted forms, and brings new hopes, new confidence and new life to take the place of despondency, weakness and disease. 50 cents a box, 6 boxes for \$2.50, at all dealers, or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Toronto and Buffalo.

The Watchman
ID OTTAWA VALLEY ADVOCATE
FRIDAY, MAY 30 1902.
The WATCHMAN will be published every Friday.
J. S. GILES, Proprietor.

The WATCHMAN will be mailed to subscribers in Canada and the United States for \$1.00 in advance, or \$1.50 at the end of the year.

Notices of Births, Marriages and Deaths inserted free.

All transient advertising matter charged 10c. per line, nonpareil measurement.

Locals, constituting 5 lines or less, 25 cents each per insertion.

Address all communications to
The WATCHMAN,
LACHUTE - - - QUE.

THE PROSPECTS OF PEACE.

No official announcement has yet been made public of the decision arrived at on the peace proposals in South Africa. Despite the strict censorship which is very properly being exercised at this juncture over the news sent from South Africa regarding the probable outcome of the negotiations, enough is known to warrant the belief that the end of hostilities is near at hand.

The first hopeful news was an announcement made a few days ago that the War Office had cabled its agents in the United States not to purchase any more horses or mules for South Africa. The correspondent of the London Telegraph, Mr. Bennet Burleigh, is also making arrangements to leave South Africa for home, and the construction placed upon that news is, that the peace proposals have been accepted by the Boers.

The firm attitude of the British Government has been that of Lord Kitchener, who from the first instilled into the Boer mind that no matter how long the war lasted or what the ultimate cost in blood and money, the terms insisted upon would have to be acceded to.

The positive announcement that an amicable settlement of the war in South Africa has been arrived at will be received with feelings of intense relief in every part of the British Empire. No one can help admiring the stubborn courage displayed by the South African burghers, especially those in the Orange River Colony, in the struggle they have made; nor can the fair-minded help admitting that, whatever her mistakes have been, Great Britain has successfully conducted a campaign of the greatest difficulty in a manner worthy of the race, and in a manner which has won the respect of a most implacable enemy.

This respect, and the fair and honorable treatment the Boers have always received at our hands will do much to make Great Britain's work after the war easy of accomplishment.

CUSHING

Mr. F. Cushing of Montreal is visiting his parents Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Cushing.

Mrs. E. Cooke of Lachute, is spending the week with friends here.

Miss Marion Whitehead of Grenville was the guest Miss Hattie O'Brien from Friday to Sunday.

Miss M. Marshall of Montreal who was visiting her cousin Mrs. George

Oddfellows Excursion to Shawenegan. Read ad.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Watchman is a daily paper published every day except on Sundays and public holidays.

Nicholls, last week, is spending this week with friends at Mt. Maple and Dalesville.

Mr. Eddie Keatley who came up from town on Saturday on a visit to his family at Grenville, was visiting his Cushing friends Sunday evening.

The parlor social at Mr. G. O'Brien's on Friday evening was a very successful affair, both financially and socially. A very pleasant evening was spent and a very satisfactory sum realized. (At the present time of writing we have not heard the exact amount.)

A picnic party from Cushing and Stonefield drove to Carillon on Saturday intending to spend the day taking in the sights of that picturesque village. Their plans were considerably marred by the rain which came on at noon, but notwithstanding they report their expedition a most enjoyable one.

The trains of the C. & G. R. have been running their regular daily trips since the 20th inst. The old 'Ottawa' which is one of the oldest engines in use at present in Canada, looks quite jaunty with a new smoke-stack.

The 24th brought quite a number of visitors to Cushing and vicinity, chiefly Montreal people. Among others we may mention Miss Alberta Cleland who is always a welcome visitor in Cushing, and who is spending the week with her aunt, Mrs. Wm. Davidson of St. Philippe, Miss Jessie Cleland and Mr. Geo. Barton, who were guests of Mr. Robert Davidson over the 24th. and Mr. J. A. Dunn who was visiting his cousin, Mr. E. Whelehan, Mr. A. Dunn of Montreal, and O. Olchen of Chicago who were staying at the Queen's Hotel, Carillon, for a few days fishing were also guests of Mr. Whelehan on Sunday.

SUPERIOR COURT.

Canada
Province of Quebec } No. 446.
District of Terrebonne }

Dame Rose Delina Vermette, of the village of St. Eustache, said district, duly authorized.

Plaintiff.

vs.
Eloi Spenar, of the same place, gentleman.

Defendant.

An action in separation as to property has been, this day instituted against the defendant.

Ste. Scholastique, April 26, 1902.

J. A. C. Ethier,

Plaintiff's Attorney.

TIME TABLE. LACHUTE STATION.

GOING EAST:

Mont'l & Bst'n Express 6 2 a.m.
Local Express - 1.45 a.m.
" - 8.57 p.m.

GOING WEST:

Local Express - 9.55 a.m.
" - 7 3 p.m..
"Soo" Express - 11.34 p.m.

Children Cry for CASTORIA.

NOTICE

Is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed curator to the vacant succession of the late Chas. E. T. de Montigny, in his lifetime of Ste. Scholastique, prothonotary of Superior Court District of Terrebonne.

All sworn claims should be sent me within thirty days.

St. Jerome, 8th of May, 1902.

E. Marchand, St. Jerome, Que.

SUPERIOR COURT.

CANADA.
District of Terrebonne, } No. 403
Ste. Scholastique. }

Ex Parte.—EDOUARD MARCHAND, Secretary-Treasurer of the Town of St. Jerome in the said district, requesting the nomination of a curator to the vacant succession of Charles Edmond Tastard de Montigny, late prothonotary of the Superior Court of the said district of Terrebonne.

Seeing the said petition, it is hereby ordered to the relations and creditors of the said Charles Edmond Tastard de Montigny, to appear before me, the Honorable Henri T. Taschereau, one of the judges of the said superior court for the Province of Quebec, in the district of Terrebonne at the Court House, in the village of Ste. Scholastique, in the said district, on Saturday, the 3rd of May next at ten o'clock in the forenoon to give their advice as to the nomination of a curator to the said vacant succession; and that the present order be published twice in French in "La Nation" newspaper published in the town of St. Jerome, and twice in English in the "Watchman" English paper published in Lachute in the said district.

Ste. Scholastique, 8th April, 1902.

(Signed) Henri T. Taschereau, J.S.C.

True copy:—Ch. Ed. Marchand,

Solicitor for petitioner.

CUT PRICES IN Boots & Shoes

During the month of June we will give the following discount of our entire stock of Boots & Shoes. Our stock is well assorted, with up-to-date styles. Prices all marked in plain figures.

In Exchange for Farm Produce 10 p.c. off.
For Spot Cash 20 p.c. off.

Before buying Muslins, Satins, Prints etc. see our assortment.

We are to-day offering a Cut Price in Flour and Feed.

A SPECIAL DRIVE

In Carpets, Carpet Felt, Floor Oilcloth, Wall Paper, Alabastine, Mixed Paints, Floor Paints, Pure White Lead,

At J. R. McQuat's

SCREEN DOORS & WINDOW SCREENS.

Herbageum for Horses, Cattle, Calves & Poultry.

See all the useful premiums we are giving away with "Art" Baking Powder, the best in use.

Have you tried our Rich Black Tea at 20c lb.

Nearly Everything in Hardware.

B. HUGMAN & SON.

Choice Groceries, Hardware & Paints.

Our Soda Water Fountain and Ice Cream Parlor are being well patronized, and all are pleased.

Quick service, cleanliness & quality.

What is

CASTORIA

Castoria is for Infants and Children. Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrup. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other dangerous substance. It is Pleasant. Its gentle use cures Colic, Wind, Worms and allays Feverishness. Castoria relieves Constipation and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves all the troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. Castoria simulates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels of Infants and Children, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly found it of its good effect upon their children."

Dr. G. C. Sargent, Jackson, Mich.

Castori

"Castoria is so well adapted for children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."

H. A. ARCHER, M. D., Rochester, N. Y.

THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE OF

Chas. H. Fletcher.

APPEARS ON EVERY WRAPPER.

THE LINTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

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TO THE
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Strathcona	
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	\$30
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Good going June 3rd, June 24th, July 15th.
Returning Aug. 4th, Aug. 25th, Sept. 16th.

For tickets and full information apply to any Canadian Pacific Railway Agent.



IT'S A FACT!
We have the finest line of Shirts in town. Men's Negligee soft, Men's and Boy's Stiff Bosoms.

Good Quality and prices right. G. L. MEIKLE & CO.

WANTED

Wanted to rent a small house, furnished for July and August, in Lachute no children. State number of rooms and rent. Address James Robertson, 738 St. Urbain St., Montreal, Que.



CORSETS.

Our stock of the

—CROMPTON'S—

Celebrated Corsets and Waists is now complete.

We have a nice range of the Latest style in French Girdles, in white, blue, and pink fancy silks

Corsets, erect form - from 50c.

Summer Corsets, erect form " 50c.

We had a large sale for these lines last year; they gave good satisfaction, and we expect to double the sales this year.

Children's, Misses', and Ladies'

Waists from - - - 30c.

HUGH FRASER, Jr.
LACHUTE.



ST. ANDREWS.

Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Baker of Montreal are the guests of Mr. Hibbard this week.

Mr. W. Drysdale of Montreal spent Victoria Day in St. Andrews the guest of Mr. C. T. Wales.

Bishop Carmichael will be in St. Andrews on Saturday the 31st, when he will hold a confirmation service.

Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Mount of Montreal, were the guests of her parents, "Glen Stream" Victoria Day.

Mr. and Mrs. Alex. Dewar Jr. were in Montreal to spend the holidays.

The Empire Day concert was a great success. Notwithstanding the weather a large crowd was present. The perfect order which was kept allowed the audience to enjoy the programme.

Rev. Jas. McAdo spent Victoria Day with his family here.

A few of our young people attended the hop given in Lachute Friday.

HARRINGTON

Mr. Giatt of McMaster University, Toronto, is to take charge of this field during the summer.

Mr. D. Ward who has been visiting his parents for a few days, returned home on Monday last.

We are sorry to have to report that Mr. Murdoch McCulloch is in a very critical condition, little hope being entertained for his recovery.

Mr. Amos McVicar left last Monday for Pembroke, and is to enter the employ of the Bell Telephone Co. Harrington wishes Amos every success.

Mr. and Mrs. Ward entertained a number of friends very pleasantly last Friday night, prior to the departure of their son to the West.

Mr. Wm. Arthurs, and his sister, Miss Arthurs, visited Harrington on Saturday and Sunday.

The yearly meeting of the Bible Society was held on Wednesday evening in the Baptist church. Mr. James Bennett, President, was in the chair, after the election of officers and other routine business, Rev. Mr. Bennett of Montreal, gave a very interesting lecture. Before beginning the lecture, Mr. Bennett gave an account of the way in which the community of the Montreal Auxiliary Bible Society handled the "free contributions of the people." The meeting was brought to a close by singing the Doxology.

BROWNSBURG

Mr. E. J. Evans spent Saturday last in Montreal.

Mr. T. G. Verity of Beloeil, Que., Mr. W. J. Cleghorn and Mr. H. B. Brainerd of Montreal spent a few days here recently.

Mrs. S. Rousseau and Miss May Gallery spent Saturday and Sunday last in Ottawa.

Messrs. A. McAllister, A. McClusky and Daniel Stewart, are spending a few days very pleasantly in East Hatley.

The D. C. Co. Base Ball team left on Saturday morning for Hull Que., where they played two games with the Hull team, champions of the Interprovincial League, losing both games by a small score.

On Saturday May 31st, the Brownsburg Base Ball Team will play the Nationals of Ottawa an exhibition game on the exhibition grounds Lachute. This team stand second in the Interprovincial League and are a hustling lot of fellows.

ODDFELLOWS EXCURSION
JUNE 26th, TO
SHAWENEGAN FALLS.

Children Cry for
CASTORIA.

OUR SPRING ANNOUNCEMENT.

Wall Papers

We handle the celebrated Watson Foster Co's Wall Papers. House cleaning a pleasure when you have such nice goods to fix up with. All full length double rolls.....

10c to 60c.

Carpets,

We have the largest and best assortment of Carpets and Floor Oil Cloths ever shown in Lachute. The stock comprises Velvets, Brussels, Tapestry, Wools, Unions, and Hems.

Lace Curtains.

New Fabrics, pretty designs, and all the latest line in Art Muslins. Our lace curtains range from.....

50c to \$3.50 pr.

Dress Goods.

All the latest shades and cloths to suit all buyers.

Silks.

A nice line of New Silks, suitable for Blouses, all colors at.....

50c yd. net

Prints and Muslins.

Enormous stock of these lines. See our extra heavy print, fast colors, 32 inches wide, at per yard

10c.

Embroideries and Laces.

We never had such a display of embroideries and laces. Some of the best bargains ever offered in these lines at about half the price of former years.

Ladies Underwear.

An ever increasing demand for these goods, combined with extra space, has induced us to stock ladies white underwear. We have

Under-kirts - from \$1.00 up.
Night Gowns - from 80c up.
Corset Covers - from 25c up.
Drawers - from 50c up.

Hosiery

An extra fine line of Women's Plain Black Cashmere Hose, seamless foot, worth 35 cents for.....

25 cts. pair

Other lines at 35 and 50 cents.

Shirts and Collars.

We keep the celebrated W. G. & R. brand in Men's and Boys' Warranted Fast Colors.



Ready-made Clothing.

Since enlarging our store we have added a much larger stock of Men's Boys' and Youths' Clothing, equal to anything in town. Prices low enough to suit everybody's pocket.

Boots and Shoes.

An elegant stock of all the new shapes and styles for the season.

We have left about 100 to 200 pairs of sample boots and shoes. Sizes for men 6 1/2, 7, and 7 1/2, for ladies 4 and 4 1/2. These are extra fine goods and will be sold cheap.

A Nice Stock of Trunks and Valises on hand.

McFAUL BROS.

TWO STORES

LACHUTE and BROWNSBURG.

AYRSHIRE BULLS FOR SALE.

Breadalbane Chief No. 11562, 4 year old. Sire, the celebrated bull, 'Tom Brown,' 4357, Awarded the sweepstakes prize as best Ayrshire at World's Fair, Chicago, where the best Canadian and United States Herds competed.

Also young bulls bred from good milking stock.

DAVID BODDEN,
M'gr 'Riverside Farm,'
Montebello, Que.

Soft Harness

You can make your harness as soft as a glove and as tough as wire by using EUREKA Harness Oil. You can lengthen its life—make it last twice as long as it ordinarily would.

EUREKA Harness Oil

makes a poor looking harness like new. Made of pure, heavy bodied oil, especially prepared to withstand the weather.

Sold everywhere in cans—all sizes.

Made by IMPERIAL OIL COMPANY.

Windsor Salt

Purest and Best for Table and Dairy
No adulteration. Never cakes.

FARM FOR SALE.

One farm of 100 acres with good house and farm buildings, sugar bush, orchard and quantity of lumber. The other two about 175 acres, with large quantity of mixed lumber, close to saw mill. Terms will be made to suit purchaser. Apply

Sale of effects May 13th.
Thomas Dixon, Long Lake, Lakefield.

1902. SPRING. 1902.

SUITINGS. OVERCOATINGS.
HATS.
CAPS. GENTS' FURNISHINGS.

Everything New and Up-to-date

.....Stock Larger and Better Than Ever

See my Hats before you buy for spring,
they are all the Latest Styles.

A. D. KENNEDY,
Agent for Montreal Steam Laundry.



FINE SHOES.

You are not perfectly dressed unless you have a nice Shoe. We keep the finest goods in the county, and a large assortment of them.

KING QUALITY. J. D. KING & Co. make Boots & Shoes that are known throughout Canada, among all the people who value a fine wearing shoe. We keep a good line of them and also of Jas. McCready & Co's. who are rapidly coming to the front as fine makers.

Men's & Womens' from \$2.50 to \$4.00.
Lots of Cheap Lines \$1.00 to \$1.50.

W. BANFORD.

GENTLEMEN . . .

Come and see my assortment of **SPRING GOODS** just received. Large variety to choose from including Latest Scotch Stripes and Imported Goods. First-class Workmanship and Best Trimmings on all Suits.

D. LAPOINTE,
MERCHANT TAILOR.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

The best and most popular route to Toronto, Niagara Falls, London, Detroit, Chicago, and all points in the United States and Canada.

Fast Express trains leave Montreal, Toronto and the West, as follows—

	Daily	Daily
Lvs. MONTREAL	8.00 a.m.	8.00 p.m.
Arr. TORONTO	4.50 p.m.	8.50 a.m.
Arr. HAMILTON	5.50 p.m.	8.15 a.m.
Arr. NIAGARA FALLS	7.15 p.m.	10.10 a.m.
Arr. BUFFALO	8.35 p.m.	11.53 a.m.
Arr. LONDON	7.42 p.m.	11.00 p.m.
Arr. DETROIT	8.40 p.m.	1.10 p.m.
Arr. CHICAGO	7.50 a.m.	8.45 p.m.

The above trains make close connection at Chicago with the fast express trains for St. Paul, Winnipeg, and all points in the Western States including California, Oregon, Washington, British Columbia, and the Pacific Coast.

*A Cafe Parlor Car is attached to the train, serving luncheon a la carte, at any hour during the day convenient to passengers.

Tourist sleepers leave Montreal every Monday and Wednesday at 10.30 p.m. for the accommodation of passengers holding first or second class tickets to Chicago and West thereof as far as the Pacific Coast. A nominal charge is made for accommodation in these sleepers. Berths reserved in advance.

The Grand Trunk Railway System is also the most direct route to Portland, Boston, and all points in the New England States, also to New York.

For tickets, reservations of space in sleepers, apply to

J. M. DORION, Lachute or St. Philippe
W. H. GARRETT, Lachute,

Canada
Province of Quebec } No. 2.
District of Terrebonne.

Dominion Contested Election Act and Amendments. Election Petition of the Electoral District of Two Mountains.

Joseph Legault, Petitioner.

vs.
Joseph Arthur Calixte Ethier, Defendant.

Take notice that the above petition will be tried at the Court House of this district, at Ste. Scholastique, on the twenty-seventh day of May nineteen hundred and two, at ten o'clock in the forenoon and on such other subsequent days as may be needed.

Dated at Ste. Scholastique this first day of May, one thousand nine hundred and two.

By order Grignon & Fortier
P. S. C.

SUPERIOR COURT

Canada
Province of Quebec } No. 443
District of Terrebonne.

JOSEPH SEALE, of the township of Morin, in the district of Terrebonne farmer.

Plaintiff.

vs.
JOHN McLAUGHLIN, of Massena State of New York, in the United States of America.

Defendant.
The Defendant is ordered to appear in the month.

Grignon & Fortier,
Prothonotary S. C.
St. Scholastique, April 26, 1902.

Children Cry for
CASTORIA.

SUITABLE BIRTHDAY PRESENTS.

Sometimes it is difficult to select a suitable gift for your friend. We have a nice assortment of Music Cases, Basels, Chairs, and Rookers that make presents that are always appreciated.

LACHUTE FURNITURE FACTORY,
O. B. Lafleur, Prop.

FOR THE HOME

Recipes for the Kitchen.
Hygiene and Other Notes
for the Housekeeper.

TESTED RECIPES.

Plain Hasty Pudding—The name is hardly suitable, for it really should not be cooked hastily. Corn meal requires a good full hour's cooking to take away the gritty, raw taste. Allow 1 cup granulated corn meal to 1 qt boiling water, and 1 teaspoon salt. Pour the water on to the meal gradually. Boil rapidly until it thickens, stirring constantly. Then cover closely and cook slowly. A double boiler is best to cook it in.

Orange Cake—Two cups sugar, a small half-cup butter, 2 cups flour, 1 cup water, yolks of 5 eggs and whites of 4 eggs, 1 teaspoon soda, 1 teaspoon cream of tartar, the rind of 1 orange and the juice of 1 1/2 oranges. Beat the butter to a cream, add the sugar, orange and eggs, well beaten, the water and the flour in which soda and cream of tartar have been mixed. Bake in sheets, and when cool, frost.

The Cereal Left Over—That little bit of porridge so often left from breakfast is an addition to Johnny-cake or gems of most any kind, and also to bread. It gives a pleasant flavor, and of course gives considerable moisture.

Protecting Dried Beef—To preserve dried beef from vermin, rub the surface thoroughly with powdered sifted borax, dusting it well into every crevice. Repeat a few times during the season. Packing in bran, hay or oats is unnecessary; simply tie in a paper bag.

Baked Rice Pudding—Allow 1 tablespoon well-washed rice, 1 tablespoon sugar and 1/2 teaspoon cinnamon to each quart of milk. Place these in a buttered pudding dish and in a very slow oven for six hours. Add a little cold milk from time to time as it evaporates, and stir slightly with a fork. Then oven should be so slow that only a moderately brown top is formed. The success of this pudding all depends upon the slow cooking. The latter part of the time it should not be stirred at all. It comes out creamy and delicious, and a delicate salmon pink color all the way through. It may be eaten hot or cold.

Lemon Jelly—One cup sugar, 1 egg, grated rind and juice of 1 lemon, 1 tablespoon water, 1 teaspoon flour. Cook in double boiler until it thickens.

Tomato Custard—One pt tomatoes, stewed and strained, 2 pts milk 4 eggs and one teacup sugar. Bake in small cups quickly. This is a good dish for invalids.

When Cooking Corned Beef for the table, take some of the nice solid meat, pack boiling hot from the kettle in glass cans, and cover with some of the boiling liquor. Shake and in other ways remove all air bubbles as in canning fruit. Examine the cans occasionally, shake, and if air bubbles appear, open and use at once.

SAVORY SALADS.

Fish salad is an excellent substitute for lobster salad, and is especially desirable for the spring season. Most any kind of cold, boiled fish can be used for it, but care should be taken that the fish is thoroughly chilled before using it. Salmon is possibly the most desirable fish for salad. Add to the fish for every pint three tablespoonfuls of oil, one teaspoonful of vinegar and a sprinkling of salt and pepper. Set aside in a cool place to marinate. Just before serving drain the fish and add to it half as much cold boiled potato, cut in small pieces, marinated in oil and vinegar, mix well and heap on a bed of lettuce. Cold boiled peas may be used in place of potato.

An excellent salmon salad is made of one pint of cold fish, and to it add the juice of one-half lemon, one teaspoonful of minced parsley and a drop or two of tabasco sauce. Dissolve one tablespoonful of gelatine and add it to the mixture. Cream two tablespoonfuls of butter, season with salt, pepper, mustard and a little sugar and add three-fourths of a cupful of hot milk. Stir until blended, then pour gradually over it the yolks of two eggs. Place in a bowl and put the bowl in a saucepan of boiling water. When the mixture begins to thicken add three teaspoonfuls of hot vinegar. Mix this with the salmon and put into small molds. When firm and very cold place on lettuce leaves and serve with either mayonnaise or a French dressing.

A delicious salad is made from sardines. Scald first one dozen boneless sardines, drain them and place them on the ice until they become well chilled. Cut two hard-boiled eggs in dice and cut several olives into small pieces. Mix with French dressing, add the sardines and serve on lettuce leaves.

COLLAR IRONING.

Supposing the collars have been washed and starched in hot starch in the usual way, and thoroughly dried. Now see that they are bone dry—this is important.

Dissolve half a teaspoonful of borax in a very little boiling water. Moisten a slightly heaped tablespoonful of starch with cold water. See that there are no lumps. Stir in the

dissolved borax, keeping back any pitchings there may be, and add enough cold water to make the whole one pint.

Dip your collars in this, rubbing each, so that it may be thoroughly saturated. Squeeze as dry as possible, spread flat on a dry towel in single layers—and roll the whole tightly up.

Starch late in the evening and they will be ready to iron early next morning.

Scour your flatirons before using by rubbing on a board on which some bathbrick has been scraped, then wipe with a soft cloth. They must be hot, but not too hot enough to scorch. Pull a collar into shape, lay flat on the table, and iron on the wrong side until about half dry. If the iron sticks, it is either too hot or too cold, or the collar is too damp. Turn over, pull into shape, and iron on the right side until quite dry. If you pulled it properly into shape there should not be a single crease.

A polishing board is one covered with one thickness of muslin only.

Lay the collar on this, wring a clean piece of muslin out of cold water, rub lightly over the right side of the collar, and iron again, pressing hard till it is dry and glossy. A proper polishing iron is much better for this than an ordinary one.

If you have let collars get too dry, sponge them lightly with cold water on the right side before beginning to iron.

HINTS TO HOUSEKEEPERS.

To take paint spots from windows apply hot vinegar until removed.

Alum water will restore almost any faded colors if put into the rinsing water after the goods are washed.

Soiled clothing should not be kept in a closet. It is a fertile source of ill-smelling, malodorous closets—that "old" smell that so unpleasantly suggests unventilated rooms and clothes not properly aired.

A good cement for china is made by putting together equal parts of white glue, white of egg, and white lead or litharge. Paint the edges of the article to be mended, press them together firmly, and tie in place till hard and dry, then scrape off the cement that was pressed out when the pieces were put together.

Brown bread, either whole wheat or graham, makes delicious nut sandwiches. For filling chop equal parts of almonds and English walnuts (our common hickory nuts and walnuts will do), sprinkle with a little salt and moisten with mayonnaise. Lettuce sandwiches call for white bread and are spread with mayonnaise instead of butter.

The rule for soups made from left-over vegetables calls for as much water and twice as much milk as you have of vegetables and one tablespoonful each of butter and flour to the quart of soup. Cook until the vegetable can be put through a sieve; add the hot milk and the thickening. This soup is delicious in summer, when one wants a delicate rather than a strong soup, and when meat stock cannot be kept any length of time.

A FEW POINTS.

A bachelor's advice is wasted on a married man.

The milk of human kindness isn't put up in bottles.

The man who is a failure is apt to think that success is accidental.

An undertaker never has occasion to do the same job more than once.

Why is it that grey hairs are more often respected than bald heads?

Remember that a man may be a dwarf and still be every inch a gentleman.

A man has to make a name for himself. All a woman has to do is get married.

It is better to have a light purse than a heavy heart, but more comfortable to have neither.

It is hard to believe that the good die young when you order spring lamb in a cheap restaurant.

When a fellow is about to propose and the girl is nervous, it is generally because she is afraid some one will interrupt them before he gets it out.

FORGED PASSPORT FACTORY.

A curious business has just been discovered by the Russian police. For some time it has been known that a large number of political prisoners and exiles succeeded in escaping across the frontier when once they were out of the clutches of the police but their method of doing so has been a mystery. By an accident, however, a secret factory for forged passports has been discovered at Odessa. The factory was admirably organized, and did a vast and lucrative business. A big staff of printers and engravers was employed, as well as a secretary who possessed the peculiar qualification of being able to forge the signature of any police official in Russia. The owner also obtained genuine passports from poor citizens in his employ, who had, of course, no difficulty in getting them from the police, and from these the original names were erased by chemical means. A profit of \$32.50 is said to have been made on each passport, and the demand was naturally enormous.

MEANING IN A NAME.

It is curious to note at this juncture that Lord Methuen bears a singularly ill-omened name. "Methuen," as a Welsh word, means "to fail," and in Hebrew, "are dead."

FOR FARMERS

Seasonable and Profitable
Hints for the Busy Tillers
of the Soil.

BROOD SOW AND HER FAMILY.

More care is required to save the spring litter of pigs than the fall litter. The nest should be prepared at least two weeks before the sow farrows. She will become satisfied with her nest and surroundings. The sow if left to herself, will have selected the location at least two weeks ahead of time and any attempt to change her nest after she commences to prepare it will result in loss to the owner, writes Mr. T. J. Miller.

The nest should be made double and the space between the walls filled tight with straw. The inside measurements should be 8x8 feet and the outside 9x9 feet or thereabouts. The one object is to keep the air from blowing over and around the young pigs. The roof should be made of boards so as to furnish ventilation. Never cover with straw or fodder, as a heavy rain would soon soak through and keep the nest damp and unhealthy. Your pigs would soon become scurvy and dirty, the pen wet and foul smelling and the pigs stunted.

If the nest is made warm, the sow will not collect a great pile of stuff and then crawl under it. Instinct has taught her that cold drafts of air are death to her pigs and she crawls under to protect her young. If the pen is tight and warm, she knows it as well as you do, and no matter how much bed you give her, will lie on top of her nest.

LEAVES MAKE THE BEST NEST.

If the owner would prepare a lot in the fall and save for his brood sows he would be pleased with the results. There is no danger of the little pigs getting tangled up in them and smothered. The sow should be handled frequently by the owner. At farrowing time he can then be with her and ready to help if needed. A little attention just then may save a part of the litter. It ought to be the ambition of the owner to save all. Negligence is our worst enemy. The sow ought to be fed all she will eat just before farrowing. She will get along better and won't need feed so soon afterward. Never call your sow out of the nest just after farrowing to feed her. She won't need feed for at least eighteen hours. If she don't come out after 24 hours you had better see after her. In all probability caked udder or milk fever is her trouble, but if well she will come out for her feed. Do not disturb her.

For the first feed give about one-half as much as she will eat of bran or chop mixed with water and slightly warmed. Increase from day to day until two weeks, when she can have all she will eat of good thick slop and some corn. By this time the pigs will begin to eat. Then make a pen for them. In it place a shallow trough, not over 2 inches deep. Give them feed often with some boiled hominy once a day. Put salt and ashes where they and the brood sows can get it whenever wanted. Always keep clear water before them. This care will insure quick growth, healthy hogs and profitable money returns.

THE DAIRY CALF.

Now, suppose this is a heifer calf descended from a good dam and a better sire, and we place it in the hands of the dairyman who can make out of it all that nature intends it to be. It should never be stunted for a moment from the time it is dropped until it goes into the dairy. A few hours after it is born, if it cannot stand, gently support it and proceed to give it its first milk. Nature has provided that the first milk taken from the mother is the best food for it, but we must be the judges of quantity. A safe way is to take a pint of milk and an equal quantity of water, and never give this at a temperature of less than 98 degrees. To teach the calf to drink put two fingers into its mouth instead of one, as the milk will flow more freely between them and display all your good nature and some of your Job-like patience and success will be the result. The reason why water is added to the milk is because by high breeding we have increased the quality of Guernsey and Jersey milk until it is not safe to

FEED THE YOUNG CALF.

It is safe to say that there will be no trouble if the milk is not given cooler than 100 or 98 degrees, and the calf is not overfed. Like the human family, more harm is caused by overfeeding than vice versa. Don't let the calf become chilled and the bowels congested. When the cow's milk is fit for use the calf can be fed on skim milk and a small portion of cake meal. The fat calf is not the calf to make the dairy cow, hence the cake meal with skim milk makes the best food. Four to five pounds of food daily for the first week is a safe quantity. Afterwards increase to such a quantity as the calf can take safely. The bucket should be thoroughly cleaned after each feed; clean enough for a person to drink out of.

The calf's compartment should be well littered and well ventilated, and there should be plenty of light and sun. The caretaker should be able to see the condition of the calf readily at any moment. To prevent the little calf from getting sore and scabby around the mouth and nose, squeeze or clean the milk off when it is through drinking.

MEDIUM EGGS BEST.

It is not always good policy to select the largest eggs for hatching and usually it is bad policy. The egg of medium size will bring as strong and vigorous a chicken as the large egg, and usually one that will grow faster and mature early. The active hen that is always scratching and foraging for food is always the one most productive of eggs. It is because she is producing eggs that she needs more food. She seldom lays a very large egg, but usually one of medium size. This productive ability as well as her propensity to hustle for a living she will transmit to the chickens especially if mated to a male that inherits the same traits. The sluggish hen, too lazy to eat only when the food is put in the trough, that will not scratch up a worm, or chase after a grasshopper, will be apt to get too fat, lay about two eggs a week at her best, and while her eggs may be larger, they are more likely to be infertile, and she is poor stock to breed from, because if any chickens hatch they will lack that energy and vital power which would enable them to grow up rapidly, and which makes the pullet lay early and often.

WALKED FOR DEAR LIFE.

Alaska Prospector's Tramp to
Keep From Sleeping.

One of the most thrilling experiences which has ever befallen a hardy prospector in the frozen wilds of Alaska and the British Yukon befell Gus Thompson on an exploring expedition from which he returned to Dawson only three weeks ago. Foodless and sleepless, Thompson was compelled to keep walking for three days and three nights in order to save himself from freezing to death. This is his story:

"It is harder to do without sleep in a cold country like this than anywhere I ever lived. Dave Jordan, Selby Jordan and I have been prospecting on one of the side streams 100 miles up White River, which we reach by a circuitous route, starting from West Dawson. Three weeks ago just before the break in the winter weather, I and Selby came to town for grub, and Selby was taken sick. I was unable to secure anyone to return with me, but as we had got the trail fairly well broken, I did not hesitate to start out alone with a small sled load of provisions.

"Three days out the snow had drifted until I could drag the sled no more. I had the option then of taking my bed and bedding along or of packing some provisions. I chose the latter, under the mistaken idea that I could make it into camp on two forced marches, and sleep at a campfire. At the start next day I found I had to lighten again, and divided my pack. In loading up again I took the wrong bundle, leaving all my matches in the bundle under a tree. It was not until night I discovered my mistake, and, as I thought it as near to the camp as to the cache, I determined not to go back.

BUT TO PUSH ON.

It was not easy to keep the covered trail, and so I broke a path around a tree and walked around it all night. I struck out next day, lost the trail several times, and at night made up my mind that I did not know how far it was to camp at all. I had grown stupid and did not recognize the landmarks when I saw them—or, at least, could not gauge distance or locality from them.

"I had an awful night walking around a tree that night. Several times I fell down from going to sleep walking. The shock of the fall would arouse me and I would start out again. I never had such a struggle in my life and think I was half delirious. Each time I fell I was tempted to stay down and sleep a bit, but the love of life proved yet strong, and I hoped to tumble into camp early in the morning.

"I don't know how far I went next day, for the recollection is all a haze. It seems as if I walked a year, nibbling occasionally at the frozen food in my pockets. Some pan-cakes I had put in my shirt to thaw probably saved my life, for I was able to walk all that day and all that night. That last night was terrible. I worked sums in mental arithmetic until I found I was getting the extraordinary results of a man in a dream. I repeated poetry until I found I could not make the lines rhyme. I declaimed aloud all the little things I learned at school, all the time walking round and round a tree, first one way until I fell down, and then the other way until I fell down. It was a night of agony, though I learned afterward it was not cold.

"All I remember after that is so fanciful I know it was unreal—simple waking dreams. Dave told me that next morning—or the day after—I cannot tell—I staggered into the camp and fell down the moment I entered the cabin. He tells me he roused me and fed me soup occasionally all day, but I know nothing of it. I slept twenty-four hours, and after a few hours of moving around went to sleep again and stayed at it until next morning. Yes, it is the hardest country to do without sleep I ever lived in. Even now it makes me sleepy to remember that trip."

So late as the year 1650 silver and gold were equal in value in Japan.

SMOKING IN CHURCHES.

GRACE AND HEALTH FROM
ST NICOTINE.

Advantages of the Weed as a Microbe Killer Find Exponents Also.

The permission given to the workmen who are preparing Westminster Abbey for the coronation to smoke during religious services which are held there every day for their benefit, has created more disputation than one would perhaps imagine, says a London letter. What is to be the outcome of it many people ask, while the prime old lady holds up her hands in horror.

It cannot be said that the silly season has yet set in, but the papers are opening their columns to correspondents, who argue that there is no reason why smoking should not be permitted in any church during service, or that, at any rate, there might be smoking services.

Time was, it is quoted, when smoking was fairly general in churches. Early in the seventeenth century smoking in churches did exist. For instance, on the occasion of a visit of James I. to Cambridge in 1615, the Vice-Chancellor, knowing the King's objection to the "stinking weed," issued a regulation "that none do presume to take tobacco in St. Marie's Church or Trinity College hall during the abode of His Majesty here upon pain of final expelling from the universities."

The eccentric Archbishop Blackburn, of York, in the eighteenth century, was wont to smoke during intervals of the service.

LONG PIPES AND LONG HYMNS.

Another well-known instance quoted is that of Dr. Parr, of Hutton, who smoked before his sermon in church while the congregation was singing, for the doctor remarked: "My people like long hymns, but I prefer my long clay."

Sir Walter Scott, who is considered historically correct in his novels, devotes considerable space to a description of smoking in the church in "The Heart of Midlothian."

These are a very few of many instances of smoking in church days gone by, but the matter hasn't as yet gone so far as to provoke a question in the House of Commons.

Talking about tobacco, the remarkable persistency with which the smallpox clings to London, notwithstanding the confidence of the medical profession that mild weather would see a marked decrease, has revived discussion of the virtues of tobacco as a disinfectant.

It has been noticeable all through this epidemic that many more women than had ever before been the case, took to travelling in the smoking carriages on the suburban railways, not that the women's taste for tobacco was growing any stronger, but because they had confidence in tobacco as a disinfectant, believing that they were less likely to contract the disease in the smoking carriages than in any others. This week I have noticed that certain newspapers have been opening their columns to correspondence from those who desired to air their views on disinfectants, and most of the space was certainly taken up with such letters as dealt with tobacco as a means of preventing smallpox.

It was recalled that at the time of the great plague in London every child was ordered to take a pipe of tobacco to school and that at intervals during lessons, both master and children lighted up.

ADVICE NOT DISINTERESTED.

Another correspondent says that he has held positions in various cigar and tobacco manufactories since 1844 and has never known of the death of a cigar or tobacco maker from cholera or smallpox, or even any other infectious disease. He advises persons who don't smoke to burn a little tobacco in their rooms every morning before leaving home for business. Travelling in smoking carriages, he says, serves much the same purpose.

Another correspondent begs the Lancet to spare a moment from its pursuit of microbes to give some sort of authoritative decision on the

WINTER IN JAPAN.

The Japanese winter is most trying on account of its continual dampness, but the Japanese are content to remain cold. They make almost no effort to overcome it. The old "Bushido" (chivalrous) idea of the "samurai" (knights) was that it was effeminate to feel cold and such is their severe training that they do not really feel it as we do. The wearing of some extra "kimonos" and the use of a "hibachi" or brazier in which are a few tiny sticks of lighted charcoal are the only concessions to winter weather. With the "hibachi" they never pretend to heat more than their finger tips, which they hold over the coals. It is used when the house is entirely open. The houses, as everyone knows, are built of thin, light wood, and the sliding panels which serve for doors and windows have paper panes. They are as apt to be open as closed during the day. The coolies wear thin blue cotton clothes and are always padding through the mud. The storekeepers sit out in their open booths and the women go barchanded about the streets. In the houses of the rich the still cold behind the closed panels is often more intense than that outside in the

ALFRED BEIT

The Richest Man
In the
World.

Now that Cecil Rhodes is dead the richest millionaire in Europe, and, perhaps, in the world, is coming out from under cover. His name is scarcely known to the general reader and his remarkable personality has been quite overshadowed by that of the Colossus, although he was far richer than Rhodes. But he will be in many respects Rhodes' successor, and the fierce light that beats upon a throne will soon make him one of the most talked-about men of the time, writes a London correspondent.

His name is Alfred Beit. Short and ugly as it is, that name could make an otherwise worthless bit of paper into a check that might be used to shake Wall Street and Lombard Street to their foundations. Whether he is really richer than John D. Rockefeller, is a question Beit himself probably couldn't answer. Two men who have been closely associated with him in widely different ways have told me in the last few days that this financier probably could not scrape together more than a hundred million dollars or so just now, although it has been stated in print that he has that many pounds—or, half a billion of dollars. Both of these authorities agreed, however, that the end of the war in South Africa where this vast fortune has its roots, would assuredly bring a prodigious increase in the Beit wealth.

TO BE A BILLIONAIRE.

If he keeps on at the rate of the last ten years the world will not have to wait much longer before getting its first sight of a billionaire.

Heretofore he has been content to worship Rhodes and to pick up millions, but an Englishman who has been conspicuous in the operations of the Chartered Company ever since the first Matabele war said to the writer: "I venture to predict that Beit, who has been known only as a financier up to now, will be found before long taking up and carrying to completion some of the empire-building work Rhodes left well begun but only half done. I have reason to believe that Beit caught some of Rhodes' enthusiasm for Imperialism to such an extent that he will eventually put money into it without thought of getting it back, just as Rhodes did. So far as investments in the De Beers company, Johannesburg, and in Rhodesia go, Beit is the big man in Africa already, and if he shows administrative power equal to his financial ability his future is going to hold the world's attention. His friendship for Rhodes was something more than an alliance for business purposes. He fairly worshipped Rhodes."

LIKE RHODES IN MANY WAYS.

This mysterious multi-millionaire was born in the same year, 1853, as the man into whose shoes he is expected to step. Like Rhodes, he is a bachelor, and for the same reason that Rhodes and Kitchener got the credit of being woman-haters—because they were too much engrossed in their ambitions to have time to give attention to domestic affairs. Like both of these men, he cares little for society, although there is a plenty of exclusive peers who seem glad to accept an invitation to dine with him at his beautiful house in Park Lane, England, and although many a titled mamma is said to have tried to capture him for a son-in-law.

Like Rhodes, again, he gave no indication in youth of being anything unusual. He was born in Hamburg forty-nine years ago, coming of an old, solid Hebrew family, not vastly wealthy, but rich enough to give him a good education in the German schools and get him a good place in a banking-house. His luck began when he was 22 and was drawn to South Africa by news of the diamond discoveries. He got there a little before Cecil Rhodes arrived in the hope of keeping out of the early grave to which his physicians had surrendered him.

Beit made money as a diamond merchant at Kimberley and invested it in diamond mines, which brought him in touch with young Rhodes, who was laying the foundations of his portion by his scheme for consolidating the diamond interests—a scheme that proved to be a lucky one to Beit. In fact, Beit seems to have been Rhodes' chief helper in the business.

LEADER IN SOUTH AFRICAN MINES.

Beit branched out into the banking business, becoming a partner in the firm of Jules Forges & Co., predecessors of the present great firm of Wernher, Beit & Co. When gold was discovered in the Transvaal Beit was on the ground floor again, and with his Johannesburg partner, Hermann Eckstein, soon became one of the great captains of the South African gold industry. He is credited with having transformed South African gold mining from a speculation into a steady, well organized, conservative business. He had the wit to import the highest quality of machinery and to pay prodigious salaries to such mining engineers as John Hays Hammond, Hennen Jennings, and Louis Seymour to advise and superintend this huge enterprise, which before the war was putting out \$90,000,000 worth of precious metal

a year, and which, besides paying heavy taxes to Kruger, turned \$20,000,000 a year of profit over to its shareholders.

This lucky son of Hamburg was grubbing along with only a meagre two or three millions in 1900. Most of the stream of wealth that has poured into his coffers ever since came from the gold of Johannesburg and the diamonds of Kimberley.

Some of the diamond fortune was pure luck. When Rhodes, Beit, and poor Barney Barnato became life governors under the original De Beers charter they stipulated, without dreaming that much would come of it beyond making an impression on the shareholders, that they should have a fourth part of the profits after the company had paid 30 per cent to the shareholders. But the diamonds were so astoundingly plentiful that this fourth of the surplus turned out for the ten years before the war about a million dollars a year. When it is considered that Rhodes and Beit were likewise the chief shareholders, with their 30 per cent, and their three-fourths of the surplus profit, one can understand how it is that they didn't run short of pin money.

SUFFERED BY AFRICAN WAR.

Of course the war cut off most of this income—and Mr. Beit doubtless feels the pinch of poverty severely. It is hard to have to live on the interest of \$100,000,000 or so when you have formerly had an additional income of maybe a million or two a year for current expenses.

The Beit interests are not limited, however to Johannesburg and Kimberley. He helped to originate the British South Africa Company, and has huge interests in the Chartered Company, paying his share of the company's annual deficits with a steady confidence that showed his loyalty to Rhodes. The De Beers Company got a grant of 400 square miles in Rhodesia, too, in return for their help at the time of the Matabele war. Beit is a director in the Rhodesia railways, limited, and was so much in sympathy with Rhodes that he had a hand in the Jameson raid. Through his firms he controls companies having a nominal capital of \$100,000,000, and as most of the stock is listed at high premiums it may be imagined how great is the influence he exercises. Like Rhodes again, he doesn't speculate, and the confidence in his judgment and financial integrity are so great that there is a whole swarm of little fellows with only \$10,000,000 or \$20,000,000 apiece ready to put as much as he asks for into any scheme he has on hand.

ONE OF THE QUIET KIND.

What manner of man is it who has the grip on more power over human fortunes than even the Autocrat of all the Russias?

He seems to be chiefly remarkable for negative qualities. He has none of the slap-dash, devil-may-care ways that distinguished Barney Barnato, none of the taste for bluffing that made Hooley celebrated, none of Rhodes' commanding individuality, no fads, no taste for ostentation, and no niggardliness. You could not find a better example of polished, courteous, reticent, well-balanced man in the world.

A man who has dined occasionally in Beit's Park Lane house says he is an admirable host; not effusive, certainly but simple and cordial and genuine. The house itself has been furnished with an eye to the avoidance of display. Perhaps its most striking feature is a rockery just off the dining-room, which, with the pressure of a button, becomes a beautiful series of waterfalls, delighting the eye and cooling the air. Choice dinners are given there occasionally, and high and mighty folk are often among the guests but most of them are business connections of the host in one way or another, and women are rarely included.

Alfred Beit.

It is dramatic to picture a multi-millionaire as working harder than any of his employees, and as being obliged to live like Rockefeller on crackers and milk—providing one can't go to the other extreme and have him light his cigars with thousand dollar bills and have his pet poodle's teeth filled with gold—which last manifestation is a matter of record in the history of Hooley. But, unfortunately, this quiet, courteous little German Jew does not come up to any of these requirements. He does not even work hard nowadays, and spends a good deal of time riding, a recreation of which he is as fond as Sir Charles Dilke. He has succumbed to the fascinations of golf, too, and although by no means a bon vivant, he seems to get a good deal of quiet enjoyment out of life.

CAN'T GET NEAR HIM.

Reticence seems to be the Beit motto. It is harder to get into his business offices in Bishopgate Street—the finest business offices in the city—than it is to get into the sanctum sanctorum of the Bank of England; and as for seeing the man himself on any business short of a million or so for some personal reason, you cannot even approach his private secretary's private secretary without

an introduction. The clerks in his employ include several members of the aristocracy, and nearly all of them are Oxford or Cambridge men. Even the office boy is cultured.

Although this South African potentate is not as lavish in his gifts as Andrew Carnegie and Pierpont Morgan and has even got the credit of being rather cold toward charity, I am told by a man who ought to know that his personal gifts in the name of his firm have exceeded those of the Rothschilds in the last ten years. An intimate associate credits him with having given half a million dollars to broken down South African friends since the war began. It is also said that he pays the best salaries of any employer in London.

Almost the only unusual thing about this plutocrat is his passionate fondness for the theatre. He has no country house and never leaves London except on business trips.

A TRAGEDY OF WAR.

Dramatic Incident of the Peninsular War.

After Sir Charles James Napier had been wounded in the jaw at Busaco, during the Peninsular War, in 1810, he seems to have been a patient most difficult to be suppressed. When the shot took effect on him he was carried into the convent of Busaco, and finally, tiring of inaction, he got up from the pallet where he had been laid, and with blood flowing freely from his wound, went to the door to look for his horse. One of his comrades seized him and led him back, saying:

"Are you mad, Napier, to think you can go back to fighting in this state? Be quiet!"

So he yielded and was carried away to Lisbon, where he rested some months in great suffering from his wound.

"It is said that my sight may be lost," he wrote. "But if it goes, why, Hannibal had but one eye!"

But when his division began to pursue Massena, and one combat followed another, he could no longer bear to remain inactive. With his wound still bandaged, he rode ninety miles to rejoin the army. He found his corps, and pushed forward to support the Light Division. Then occurred one of those tragic happenings which are the commonplaces of war.

He knew that fighting was going on in front, and hourly he asked for news of his two brothers. He did not then even know that they were living. Thus advancing, he met a litter of branches borne by soldiers and covered by a blanket.

"What wounded officer is that?" he asked.

"Captain Napier of the Fifty-second. A broken arm."

Another litter followed.

"Who is that?"

"Captain Napier of the Forty-third, mortally wounded."

Charles Napier looked after the litters, and passed on to the fight in front. Captain Napier of the Forty-third was seriously wounded, but he lived until 1860.

A SMART YOUTH.

A bright youth of fourteen or thereabouts walked into a certain grocer's shop one morning.

"Do you want a smart boy, sir?" he asked.

The tradesman, who wasn't exactly in need of a boy, smiled at the youngster's business-like air.

"So," he remarked, "you consider yourself a smart boy, do you? Do you think you could run this business as well as myself?"

The youngster glanced round the shop and calmly replied:

"I think I could do some things a little better than you, sir!"

"Indeed!" gasped the grocer.

"Yes. Now look at that butter, for instance. Don't you think it would be better to label it 'Can't be beaten,' instead of 'Can't be approached,' as you have it? Some folks'll think it's scarcely fresh, you know!"

That youngster wasn't long out of a berth.

QUEEN'S TRAIN BEARERS.

Part of Two Pretty Children in the Coronation.

All conversation here ultimately turns to the King's coronation. One of the latest and most interesting details of that royal spectacle is the selection of the two little daughters of Lord Burghclere, pronounced "Bur-clair," to attend Queen Alexandra at the ceremony. They will serve in the capacity of train bearers, and two prettier children for the distinguished task could not be found in all England, says a London despatch.

The Ladies Juliet and Althea Gardner, for their father is better known as Mr. Herbert Gardner than as Lord Burghclere, are especial favorites of the Queen. She is fond of having them around her, and it was this desire together with her eagerness to delight the childish mind, that dictated their selection for posts of honor in the coronation procession.

As Herbert Gardner, Lord Burghclere, sat in the House of Commons as Liberal member for Saffron Walden for many years. He was president of the Board of Agriculture during the whole tenure of office of the last Liberal Government. His wife is the eldest sister of Lord Carnarvon. They have one other daughter besides the two who have been honored by the Queen.

Coronation echoes are heard from all directions. We read of children who have been born in these early days of coronation year being named Coronius and Corona. And, referring to this subject of names, a daughter of Sir Francis Knollys, private secretary to the King, bears the name of Louvima, which is formed from the letters of the names of the Princesses Louisa, Victoria and Maude.

Sir Francis' sister, the Hon. Charlotte Knollys, has been Queen Alexandra's companion for twenty years and will act in an important capacity at the coronation.

CURES FOR RHEUMATISM.

There Are 1,437 Remedies for It Up to Date.

The latest computation of the number of distinctly rheumatism cures puts it at 1,437. It is one of the peculiarities of rheumatism that the cures prescribed for it are more numerous than the varieties of the ailment itself.

A brief enumeration of remedies includes horsechestnuts, wintergreen tablets, electric rings, magnetic watch charms, red flannel bandages—white flannel is considered of no efficacy—goats' milk, calisaya, horse hair poultices, raw onions carried in coat pockets, and ice cream soda.

These are only a few of the best known remedies, and do not include several which owe their fame to combinations of sundry ingredients. One old-fashioned cure is made up of a pint of old ale and a small measure of grated horseradish put in a jar or demijohn and allowed to stand over night, after which a glass is drunk before each meal.

In favor of many of the established whimsical rheumatism remedies, it is to be said that they are usually palatable, can be bought cheaply and are generally harmless, recalling in this particular the case of the patient for whom rock-and-rye was prescribed and who declared that it did him great benefit—even with the rock candy left out.

Rheumatism appears in so many forms, it affects or afflicts so many persons, it is so readily connected with weather conditions and the knowledge of its causes is so indefinite and on some points so much disputed, that the provocation to give remedies for rheumatism is readily understood, though this fact does not moderate the general conviction of acute sufferers from rheumatism that the remedies so freely offered them constitute an aggravation of the disease.

The chronometers made for the warships of the U.S. navy cost \$400 apiece.

ROYALTY'S LOVE AFFAIRS

HOW AND WHERE SOME OF THEM PROPOSE.

Interesting Gossip About Kings and Queens of Europe.

Many people are possessed of the idea that, as royal marriages have generally to be arranged as affairs of State, the prospective bridegroom has no occasion to woo his bride as the average man would do. This, however, is a totally erroneous idea, as will be found on reading the following authentic accounts of how and where some royalties proposed to those who ultimately became their wives, says Tit-Bits.

It was at Rosenberg, the palace of the Danish royal family, that King Edward VII. proposed to and was accepted by our gracious Queen. His Majesty—then, of course, Prince of Wales—first saw his wife in the cathedral of a Continental town, and was so impressed with her beauty that he determined to secure an introduction on learning who the Princess was. The result of that introduction was that a short time afterwards the Prince went over to Denmark and made a formal claim for the hand of the Princess.

A charming story is that told regarding the manner in which the late Emperor Frederick of Germany, then Crown Prince, proposed to the Princess Royal (the late Empress Frederick). The two became separated from the rest of a royal party, who were taking a walk over a Scotch moor in the vicinity of Balmoral. Suddenly the Crown Prince spied a bit of white heather, and picking it up gave it to the young girl beside him—for the Princess was barely eighteen years of age at the time. She knew, however, the meaning of the simple gift, and whispered "Yes" loud enough for her companion to hear. During the remainder of their lives Balmoral always had great attractions for the

EMPEROR AND EMPRESS.

White Lodge, Richmond Park, was the place where our present Prince of Wales wooed and won the heart of Princess May. The Prince went on a visit for a few weeks to his sister, the Duchess of Fife, who lived at Sheen House, near the Park gates. Every day His Royal Highness could be seen strolling down Sheen Lane, leading to White Lodge, and it was in the gardens round that mansion that he put the all-important question.

In describing how the Marquis of Lorne, now, of course, the Duke of Argyll, proposed to Princess Louise, one cannot do better than quote the record made of the event by Queen Victoria in her "Leaves from the Journal of Life in the Highlands." Our late Queen wrote:

"This was an eventful day. Our dear Louise became engaged to Lord Lorne. The event took place during a walk from the Glassalt Shiel to Loch Dhu. We got home by seven o'clock, and returned some time after, told me that Lorne had spoken of his devotion to her and proposed to her, and that she had accepted him, knowing that I should approve."

It was at the same place, i.e. Rosenberg, the seat of the Danish royal family, where our King proposed to the "Daughter of the Sea Kings," that the present Czar asked Princess Alix of Hesse in 1894 to be his wife. He had made up his mind long before that if he married it would be to whom he pleased rather than one commended to him by his counsellors for State reasons. His choice fell upon Princess Alix, and his party was arranged at Rosenberg to allow Nicholas to meet this royal lady. Accounts differ regarding the actual spot where the proposal took place. Some say the Czar proposed during an evening party; others that he did so in the garden room of the palace whilst out for a walk with the Princess. The latter account, however, is generally regarded as correct.

DIAMOND CUT DIAMOND.

A doctor, who was somewhat of a wag, met one day in the street a sexton with whom he was well acquainted.

As the usual salutations were passed the doctor happened to cough.

"Why, doctor," said the sexton, "you have got a bad cold. How long have you had that?"

"Look here, Mr. Sexton," said the doctor, with a show of indignation, "what is your charge for interments?"

"Three dollars," was the reply.

"Well," continued he, "just come into my surgery and I will pay it. I don't want to have you calling round and so anxious about my health."

The sexton was soon even with him, however.

"Ah, doctor," he replied, "I cannot afford to bury you yet. Business has never been so good as it has since you began to practise."

Since the above conversation neither party has ventured to joke at the expense of the other.

FARTHING BANK NOTES.

Bank notes for about a farthing each circulate freely in Paraguay. It takes two notes to get one's boots blacked and eight to pay the postage of a letter to England. Yet one of them will buy in season fifteen oranges, three bananas, or a water melon.



THE MEXICAN IS LOOKING FOR HIS BURRO. WHERE IS HIS BURRO?



DUKE OF ARKLAN

Standard Bred. Rich brown color, black points, good action. Foaled March 19th, 1893; stands 16½ hands, weighs 1300 lbs; record 2.29½ at 4 years old. Terms: \$10 for the season, single trial \$5. All mares at owner's risk.

MOISE LAFRAMPOISE,
Proprietor - Ste. Scholastique.

ST. CLOUD.

This is the Elliott horse of St. Andrews, which took 2nd prize in the Argenteuil Exhibit last yr. as a general purpose. He is Canadian bred, weighs 1300 lbs and is a sure foal getter. Farmers desirous of raising a good general purpose horse will do well to use him this season. See posters.

GEO. BRADFORD, Cushing.

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—TO—

Shawenegan Falls

The grandeur of which is unsurpassed in the world.

The whole route to Shawenegan Falls lies through a district replete with the most delightful and interesting scenery—canyons, water falls, etc., being most numerous—giving the beholder the most wonderful living panorama. The whole distance, 115 miles, will be covered each way in about 4 hours.

If you wish to obtain the greatest enjoyment at the least expense, you cannot afford to miss this picnic, for which will be issued

ROUND TRIP TICKETS FROM HAWKESBURY

Adults - - - \$1.80
Children - - - .95

FROM LACHUTE.

Adults - - - \$1.55
Children - - - .80

Further Particulars later.

BANK of OTTAWA

HEAD OFFICE, OTTAWA, ONT.

Capital, [Fully paid up] \$2,000,000
Reserve - - - - - \$1,765,000

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Clydesdale Horse Society of Great Britain and Ireland in the twenty-second volume, color brown, stripe on face, white hind legs. Foaled May 1897. Bred by Hugh Smith, Whitehill, Drougan, Ayrshire. Sire—Ethiopia no. 5750 1st Dam—Maggie of Whit Hill, by Sir Enson, no. 9410, 2nd Dam—Maggie by King Valuable, no. 5927.

Vendors Certificate.—I hereby declare that the above named animal has been sold by me for exportation to Canada to Mr. John Hay of Lachute, Que.

Peter Crawford.

Society's Certificate.—I hereby certify that the foregoing has been registered in the twenty-second volume of the Clydesdale stud book.

Archy MacNeillage,
Sec. Clydesdale Horse Society.
The above named animal was imported from Scotland last fall, and is one of the heaviest horses ever brought into this county. He is an upstanding showy horse, with grand bone and good feet, and for a heavy horse cannot be beaten for style and action. He will be at Lavigne's Hotel, Lachute for all the coming season.

John Hay, Proprietor.

HANDY WAGGON'S

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The Farmer Handy Waggon Co.
No. 8.—With Patented wood wheels, 28 inches front and 30 inches rear, 5 inch tires, bolsters only 22 inches from the ground, easy capacity two tons, is a very desirable waggon for those who are looking for the "best cheap waggon made" price \$37.00.

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Trains Leave Lachute

9.18 a.m.—
For St. Canute, St. Jerome, Ste. Agathe, New Glasgow, Joliette, Shawenegan Falls, Grand Mere, Quebec, etc.

6.33 p.m.—
For Stonefield, Hawkesbury, etc.

Trains Arrive Lachute

9.18 a.m.—
From Hawkesbury, etc.
6.33 p.m.—
From Quebec, Shawenegan Falls, and intermediate points.

GUY TOMBS, J. G. SCOTT,
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Always on hand.....

Gilvie's Hungarian and Glenora Patents, Dowd's Hungarian and Strong Bakers, Best Feeds, Cornmeal, and White Shorts,

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TRY THE WEST-END BAKERY FOR GOOD BREAD, BEST CONFECTIONERY, CHOICE PASTRY.

PROMPT ATTENTION TO ALL ORDERS. GOODS DELIVERED.

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TAKE IT EASY.

Why wear out your strength, lose your temper, and do a hard day's work with your old-time low wheeled mower when you can get a celebrated high wheeled Woodyatt same as cut for \$3.25.

LAWN MOWERS
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Pasticular Attention is directed to our stock of DRY GOODS which was never larger nor better assorted.

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MEN'S and BOYS' FELT—Soft and Stiff—in Black and Colors.
CHILDREN'S TAMS, CAPS, ETC.

SEEDS! SEEDS!

TIMOTHY (different grades), Alsike, Long Vermont,
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GOODS DELIVERED EVERY MORNING.

Spring Arrivals!

That means that we have now opened up a stock of goods suitable for the occasion, and a stock to select from that is bound to please and give you every satisfaction.

Ladies, ASK To See "Horrackses Madappolans" Specialty in Underwear. This is something extra value in that line.

We are showing in great variety Cottonade, Gingham, Spot and Check and Lawn Muslins.



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CHILDREN'S WAISTS - 30c UP.

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New Display of
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A splendid line of Ladies' Sailor Hats and Blouses.
A choice stock of Ladies' Waists, dark and light colors.

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If you want something to brighten up your home why not treat yourself to a nice new Carpet, or a handsome rug. We have the largest stock in town to select from.

Linoleums can be had from us in pretty patterns. At this time of the year they are the very thing to protect your painted floors from the wet and mud, and are the easiest to keep clean. Prices are very low.

We are showing the Largest Stock, Best and Nobbiest Style of Hats we ever had.

G. L. MEIKLE & Co.

We are not trying to force the Season, but we'll "get there just the same."

Our Soda Water Fountain is now in full operation. Everything good, and the public may rely on vining a pure, healthful summer drink. The choicest of fruit syrups will only be used, and the service will be clean and prompt. Our Ice Cream Parlor will also open up when the season demands it. The choicest oranges, lemons, bananas, new dates, fresh roasted peanuts, filberts, walnuts, almonds and the best collection of fine confectionery in the district.

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